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## THE SUVEDISI CYPRUS <br> EXPEDITION

FINDS AND RESULTS OF THE EXCAVATIONS IN CYPRUS

1927-1931
COL. IT.
BY
EINAR GJERSTAD
JOHNLINDROS ERIK SJOQVIST


ALFRED WESTHOLM


THE SWEDISH CYPRUS EXPEDITION
STOCKHOLM

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The Expedition has derived much benefit from the work of many collaborators in the publication of this second volume. Some of these collaborators have assisted with the first volume.
Miss Joan du Plat Taylor has revised the language of the MSS. and Miss Kathleen M. Kenyon has read the proofs.

Mrs. Vivi Gjerstad and Miss Margareta Sjöqvist have assisted in various branches of the work as before. Niss Lisa Rügheimer has prepared the diagrams of the Idalion excavation and Miss Gull Roberg those of the Ajia Irini excavation and she has also participated in other painstaking work. Miss Maj Sandman has undertaken to publish a study on the typology of the scarabs (Appendix III); Miss Clla Linder has assisted in reading proofs, checking diagrams, and preparing the Lists of Plates, assisted in the latter part of the work by Miss Sandman.

As mentioned in the introduction to the first volume, Prof. Newberry and Dr. Pieper have deciphered and described the scarabs found during the excavations (Appendices I-II).

Mr. A. Westholm has done a great deal of valuable photographic work: all the illustrations of finds allotted to Sweden and published in this rolume are reproduced from photos taken by him.

Mr. Bror Millberg has carried out the bulk of the fair copies of the plans of this volume, and many of the drawings of finds from Amathus, Marion, and Idalion are hy him. His work in controlling the plans has been invaluable and proved to be very exact and reliable.

Messrs. H. Gelin and 'Tooulis Sridos have done the work of conservation as before.
I wish to express to everybody the sincere gratitude of the Expedition for their collaboration.

In Appendix IV is gixen a typology of the shapes of the imported Black Glazed and Red Figured wares, and this typology is used for the description of the wares in question in the Object Registers.

In Appendix $V$ are published the inscriptions and graffiti.
Thanks to financial support by the vast number of subscribers and the grant of $5,000 \mathrm{Nw}$. crowns from "Fonden för tryckning av lärda verk" and 5,000 $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{w}}$. crowns from "Human'. tiska fonden" it has been possible to reproduce the groups of finds on a somewhat lar: scale than in the first volume.

The reproductions are by the same firms as in the first volume.

## $\begin{array}{llllllll}C & \mathrm{O} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{N} & \text { T } & \text { S }\end{array}$

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1. Amathus, Tomb 7. Minor objects.
2. Anathus, 'Iomb 7. Puttery. First burial stratum.
$221,254,226,224,238,140,219,197,207,248,225,125$
$261,211,232,246,223,175,234,200,181,202,195,255$
$240,199,151,204,218,241,203,245,235$
$193,220,259,237,236,247,217,239,167,209,210,212,208,198,214,194$

## PL. X.

Amathus, Tomb 7. Pottery. Second hurial statum.
$174,124,110,143,129,46,119$
$43,278,114,153,180,173,222,183,158,87,59,250$
92, 1OI, 115, 66, 155, 99, 152, 86, 85, 147, 177
$123,44,132,117,118,146,176$, III, $215,139,83,8$ I
133, 249, 229, 131, 228, 142, 253
$62,6 \mathrm{I}, 93,138,106,148$

PL. NI.

1. Amathus, Tomb 7. Pottery. Second burial stratum, continued.
$137,88,41,213,45,163,127,128,227,164,171,170,96,169,150$
$103,162,161,160,154,105,172,157,156,230,252,179,206,89$
$141,97,159,98,196,120,233,178,126,144,42,205,91,84,102,130,216,90,25 \mathrm{I}, 100$
2. Amathus, Tomb 7. Pottery. 'Third burial stratum.
$33,3,29,104,2,11,12$
$5,107,58,60,4,6,1,30$

## PL. XII.

Amathus, Tomb 7. Pottery. 'Third burial stratum, continued.
$113,17,63,32,37,7,25,24$
$109,14,52,16,35,19,15,26,108,31,27$
38, 74, 136, 75, 71, 21
$77,53,149,10,8,40,72,94,28$
$18,57,68,36,95,112,9,13,20,23,51,69,55$
$54,65,64,134,73,34,22,49,145,67,39,135,76$

## PL. XIII.

1. Amathus, Tomb 7. Pottery. Supplementary vases.
$276,263,282,280,269,264,284,268,267,266$
2. Amathus, lomb S. Pottery

36, 39, 46, 41, 1II, 19, 112, 83, 87, 107
$68,29,8,32,75,38,11,77,66,26,129,110,17,90$
$54,104,18,5,105,69,45,27,76,40,44,89,44,43,22,119$
$106,78,135,24,101,108,4,55,10,60,9,96,138,72,37,33,100,103,51,70,14,120,20, \mathrm{H}_{4}, 23$
$125,64,95,98,62,65,140,7,136,99,124,102,42,53,126,115,56,34,12$
93, 82, 31, 116, 6, 109, 118, 13, 71, 79
$21,74,30,35,85,113,92,88,25,52,73,16$
$15,58,137,97,91,117,86,59,63$

## SVIII

PL Xily
1 Amathus, ' 1 'umb S Minor objects.

- Amathus, 'ㅁomb o. Minor objects

PR XV.
Amathus, Tomb a Pottery
$58,1,8,26,48,86,42,177,176,23,36$
$112,18.155,4+113,62,45,46,27,131,87,53,108,85,57,51,1+$
14 6, 162, 124, 138, 90, 80, 12I, 38, 116, 164, 55, 148, 79, 73, 32, 37
+1, 94, 165, 127, S9, 140, 159, 61, 111, 88, 110, 54, 120, 133, 154, 172, 125, 137, 31, 28, 35
10א, 40, 少, 76, 122, 10, 115, 1,30, 81, 93, 25, 117, 29, 96
$33.1+7,77,102,105,30,157,20,39,75,1+5,153,161,82,34,170,139,166,15,156,52,129,171,83,163,60,167,135$
$126,43,95,74,109,50,169,+9,8+1+2,91,119,104,118,132,56,103,47,13+21,114$ 12 ㅅ, 123, 22, I4t, 24, 59, 144, 78, 160, 136, 99, 92

PL XVI.
Amathus, Tumb 1o. Pottery
3 3, +1, 3h, +0, 59, 35
33, 30, 53, 21, 51, 34, 42, 26
$54,27,29,24,58,52,26,43,15$
+7, fr $^{\mathrm{N}}, 22,16,23,31,20$
$32,49,+5,17,19,13,14,9,11,18,25,30,10,50$

## II NVII

I Amathus, Tomb 9. Terracotta statuettes.
2. Amathus, 'Iomb io Minor objects
3. Amathus, Tomb is. Terracotta statuettes.

+ Amathus, Timb ir. Bronze bowl.
5 Amathus, 'l'mb if Minor objects.


## PL. SVIII.

I. Amathus, Tomb in Pottery.
$35,34,32,51,3,63,39,30,31,26,38$
+4, $8,5+, 1,50,+5,4+$
ソ०, 6, $0,85,22,65,53,55,52,4 \mathrm{f}, 59,12,46,33$
$64,5,88,7,70,67,9,42,47,29,37,40,13,20,27,23,36,38$
$4,61,10,9$, , +i, 68, 24, it $_{4}, 19,25,80,95,28,56,21,9 \neq 62,14$
2 Amathun, 'lumb ar. \inor objects.
3 Amathus, 'Tomb in Minor objects.
4 Amathus, 'l'omb iz. Potters.
[L. XIX.
1 Amahum, 'lomid 13 Potters.

$$
-\cdots-\quad-\quad 36,+0
$$

$4.3,2,3^{\text {K }}, 39,37,41,42$
2. Amathus, 'lumb 13. Speathed and busis of bronze
$\therefore$ Amathus, Tomb is, Minor ubjects.

## 1' NX.

1 Amathun, 'Jomb iq. Potters.
$12,53,7,47,37,33$
$23,54,3,9,36,4,8,49,14,61,1_{3}$
5\%, 2f, 15, it, 10, 6, t, +f), 21, 2t
$67,35,20,60,22,75,30,28,39,55$

```
    11,75,52,74,50, 51, 16
    73,66, 38, 18,68, 32,63
    79,40, 17, 57,62,78,69,45,4, 29,70,19,43,44,56,6,39,72,42, 27,77, 25
2. Amathus, T'omb i4. Ninor objects.
3. Amathus, Tomb is \inor objects.
```


## PL. NXI.

Amathus, Tumb i6. Pottery.
37, 34, I53, II5, IIt, 60, 35
16, 117, 151, 18, 8, 103, 94, 58, 92, 23, 24, 48, 44, 25, 109, 56
$12,64,79,76,6,105,70,89,66,102,7,10,71,31,83,27,74,85,15,81,61$ $90,100,29,49,106,40,28,17,51,21,47,42,77,69,120,111,136,1,35$ $75,45,80,26,84,86,30,68,9,41,110,91,43,73,107,108,46,113,72,133$

## PL, SXII.

Amathus, Tomb i6 Pottery, continued.
$149,67,122,63,123,32,88,121,132$
152, 142, 148, 134, 55, 141, 33, 140, 98, 118
$20,99,112,13,65,137,126,50,59,138,127,125,124,119,116$
$53,146,150,97,145,131,96,57,139,19,14,22,5,39,14+93$
$52,54,129,130,147,62,104,95,101,57,143,78,128$

## PL. XXIII.

I. Amathus, Tomb 15 . Pottery
$26,30,25,4,17,10,15,1,11$
$6,7,22,27,18,43$
$44,28,53,34,24,35,8,16,45,51,55,21,32,13,52$
$39,23,33,38,5,20,48,49,9,19,54,50,12,14,37,36,92,40,41$
2. Amathus, Tomb 15. Minor objects
3. Amathus, Tomb i6. Objects of ron.
4. Amathus, Tomb I7. Portery.

14, 15
5. Amathus, Tomb if. Glass bottles

## PL. NXIV.

1. Amathus, Tomb 18. Pottery.
$49,5,8,6,27,25,21,23,38,24,37$
$41,40,22,4,48,35,7,47,2,26$
9, 10, $28,1,3,31,30,36,44$
2. Amathus, Tomb 18. (ilass bottles.
3. Amathus, Tomb is. Bronze bowls
4. Amathus, Tomb 18. Minor objects.
5. Amathus, Tomb is. Bronze shovel.
6. Amathus, Tomb ig. Iron knife and spindle-whorl of stone.
7. Amathus, Tomb 21. Objects of bronze.
8. Amathus, Tomb 20. Potters.

## PL. NXV.

I. Amathus, Tomb ig. Pottery.
$8,10,1,17,7,4,16,32$
13, 24, 9, 3, 5, 2, 27, 23
20, 14, 15, 21, 25, 12, 26, 1K, 19, 30, 29, 6, 28, 11
2. Amathus, Tomb 2 I . Objects of iron.
3. Amathus, 'Tomb 21 Minor objects.
4. Amathus, 'Iomb zi. Bronze bowls.

## PL. NXVI

1 Amathus, Tomb 2r. Pottery.
44. 4.3, 4, 7. 37, こ1

2, 30, 2K, =7, 52, +1, 20,6, 23, 15
$8.1,3,24,10,24,33,34,36,16$
$45,18,5,14,17,22,35,31,32,54,26,25$
2. Amathus, Tomb 22. Ninor objects and bronze bowl (restored).

```
            PL. NXVII
1. Amathus, '\omb 22. Pottery.
    10,15,30, 19, 12, 13, 11, +2, +5,5
    21, 27, 35, 20, 36, 16, 26, 46, +1, 23
    22, 25, 1S, 34, 53, 8, 40, 48, 38, 3, 2
    37,17, 14, 24, 2S,47,50,44,43, 49, 39, 1
2. Amathus, Tumb 24 Pottery.
    1, 3, 7, S, 13, 12,6,10,5,9,4, 11
            lL. XXV゙III.
Amathus, 'Jomb 23 Pottery.
    3rd Burmal Laver. 1.3, 12, 14, 11, 10, 9, qth Burial Layer: 1, 6, 3, 8, 4, 5. 2, 7
    2nd Burmal Laver: 25, 21, 27, 22, 39, 46, 42, 43, 59, 44, 4r, 48, 53, 38
    2nd Burnd Iayer to. 23, 24, 51, 31, 50, 33, 49, 52, 2S, 32
    Ist Burmal Layer: 20, 79, 57, 1S, 34, 73, 74, 60, 6S, 72, 54, 47, 71, 55, 65
    Ist Burbal Layer. 66, 30, 57, 69, 64, 70, 35, 36, 37, 56, 19,67, 75, 45
```

        PI. XXIX.
    1 Amathus, Tomb 23. Gilyptics.
2. Amathus, Tomb 23. Objects of yron, bronze, and silver.
3. Amathus, I'omb 23. Bronie Jbula.

+ Amathus, T'omh 25 Minor objects.

5. Amathus, I'omb 26. Pottery.
6. Amathus, 'Tomb 26 Stone scarab.

- Amathus, Tomb 26. Alabaster vase.

8. Amathus, 'lomb 2s. Pottery.
$8,10,1 \mathrm{~S}, 9,10,5$
$17,6,16,7,20,13,12,15,14,11$
PL, XXX.
I Sityll, Iomb 2. Potters.
$16,2,1,13,4,5,11,15$
$12,17,7,1+, 3,9$
ㄷ. ro, 6
2 sitslli, Iomb 3. Pottesy
$8,7,2,1$
6, +, 5, 3
PL XXXI.
9. Sityll, Tomb + Pottery.
$2,5,1,4,3$
2 Stylli. Pomb 5 Pittery.
3, 2,1
10. Stylli, lomb of Pottery
$\therefore, 17,4,1+$
I, 9. 15, 2, 16, 12, 7
18, 13, $2 \mathrm{I}, 19$, (h, 6, II, 20, 5
11. Stylli, 'I'omb 7. Pottery.

$$
3,4,1,2
$$

## PL. XXXII.

1. Stylli, Tomb S. Potters.
$1,5,8$
$4,7,3,9,2,6$
2. Stellı, Tomb 9. Pottery:

5, 1, 3, 7, 2, 4, 6

## PL. XXXIII.

1. Stylli, Tomb io. Pottery.
$16,6,12,5$
II, $8,7,22,20,2,1$
Dromos Cupboard 2: 1, Chamber. It, Dromos Cupboard 2: 2, Chamber: 21, 13, 10, 9, 3, 17, 19
2. Stylli, Tomb in. Pottery.
$4,1,3,6,5,2$,
3. Stylli, Tomb 12 . Pottely.

$$
6,3,2,1,5,7,4
$$

## PL. ズXXIV.

1. Stylli, Tomb 13. Pottery.
———Chamber: 2, Dromes Cupboard 2, Chamber: 9, 3
Chamber: 10, 5, 8, 1, 7, 4, Dromos Cuphoard: 1, (hamber: 6
2. Stylli, 'Iomb I4 and 14 A. Pottery

If $\mathrm{A}: 2,8,14: 1,14 \mathrm{~A} .7,3,5$
14 A: 10, 9, II, 1, 6, 4
3. Sitylli, Tomb 15 . Pottery.

I, 2
4. Stylli, Tomb i6. Pottery.
$2,1,3,6,8,7,5,4$

## PL. XXXV.

1. Stylli, Tomb if. Pottery.

2, $1,3,5$
7, 17, 39, 29, 6, 30, Dromos C'upboard 3, Chamler 16, 25, 11, 20
10, 24, 23, 22, 31, Dromos Cupboard 2, Chamber 12, 34, 41, 19
$32,28,38,15,27,37,21,9,33,13,18,14,36,35,26$
2. Stylli, Tomb 6. Iron knıfe.
3. Stylli, Tomb 2. Spindle-whorl of terracotta.

4 Styll, Tomb 17 . Minor objects.

PL. XXXVI.

1. Narion, 'Tomb 2. Alabaster sase.
2. Maion, Tomb 4. Potters.
$9,2,6,3,5,10$
$8,7,4,1$
3. Marion, Tomb 5. Pottery.

20, I8, 13, 1, 2, 16, 10
$8,5,12,17,1+, 11,6,9,3$
7, I9, 4, I5

## PL. NXXVII.

1. Marion, 'Tumb 6 A Pottery.

Dromos Niche: i1, 4, 13, 1, 7, 8, 6, 14,9,5, 12, 10, 3
2. Marion, Tomb 6 B. Pottery

26, 23, 'lomb 6A, Dromos' 1 , Tomb 6 B: in, i8
$8,20,14,33,2,3,13$
$10,6,17,29,22,21,15,27,9,36,1$
+, 12, 19, 24, 25, 3+, 30, 31, 2S
$7,37,35,32,39,35,5,16$
3. Marıon, Tomb 6.A. Iron knife.
4. Marion, Tomb 6 B Iron knife.
5. Marion, Tomb 7. Pottery.

I, 2
6. Marion, Iomb 7. Glass amphoriskos.

## PL. スXXVIII.

1. Narion, 「omb 8. Pottery.

I romos $3,5,6,1,4,2$, Nide-Chamber: $1,2,8,5,6,7$
Chamber: $1,2,6,7,5,4,3,8$, Side-Chamber: $3,9,10,4$
2. Marion, 'lomb 9. Puttery.
$6,7,22,23,26$
9, 13, 5, 2, 15, 14
$3,8,4.1,16,24$
$3^{8}, 4+, 39,40,3^{6}, 4^{8}, 37,47,45,4^{2}$
3. Marion, Tomb 9. Objects of ron and bronze.
4. Marion, 'Iomb 9. Objects of salver and gold.
5. Marion, Tomb 9. (ilass buwls
6. Marion, Tomb 9. Minor objects.

## PL. XXXIX.

Marion, 'Tomb io. Pottery.
32, 35, Dromos: 1, 22, 21
$26,34,20,23,24,28,29$
$4,10,13,9,19,6,7,33,27,30,15$, Dromos Niche: 2
Chamber. $1,14,8,16,25,2,31,12,3,5,18,17$
PL. XL.
1 Marion, Tomb io. Supplementary pot No. 36.
2. Marion, Tumb r2. Puttery.
3. Narion, Tomb 13 . Pottery.

$$
2,1,3,4
$$

4. Marion, 'Tomb 14. ()bjects of mon and bronze.

5 Marion, Tomb 15 Terracota statuettes.
6. Narton, Tomb 15 . Pottery.
$3,11,17,10,21,2,19,9,26,8,4$
$6,14,13,25,15,7,18,16,24,22$

## PL. XLI.

Xarion, 'lomb i4. Puttery.
17, $1,5+, 53,9,15$
$4^{6}, 14,43,18,30,20,36,7,13,50,49,47,19$
$3,33,3+, 52,29,4^{2}, 6,25,45,40,41,39,3^{8}$
$10,31,37,56,24,51,5,28,44,27,2,4,16,26$
$8,35,48,32$

## Pl. XLII.

1. Marion, 'Tomb 16. Potters.
$15,27,4,31,21, \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{I}$
$5,24,18,5,3,22,23,7,2,6,20,26,16$
$30,12,13,28,14,9,19,1 \%, 10,29, \mathrm{II}$
2. Marion, Tomb 16. Bronze nalls.
3. Marion, Tomb 18. Pottery.

5, 9
+. II, $8, \mathrm{I}=$
10, 7, 13, 6, 1
4. Marion, Tomb i8 Terracotta statuettes.
5. Marion, Tomb 19. Pottery.

2

## PL. XLLIII.

1. Marion, Tomb 20. Pottery.

29, 2, 8, 19, 6
11, $9,23,20,24,7,10,12,18$
$28,25,5,3,13,4,22,14,27,15,16,1,17,21$
2. Marion, Tomb 20. Terracotta head.
3. Marion, Tomb 21 . Pottery.

Chamber: 19, 15, 20, 17, 8, 4. 18, 9, 10, 21, 7, 16
11, 6, 12, 3, 5, 14, 1, 2, Dromos Niche 2: 1, 6, 7, 4, 8, 5
4. Marion, Tomb 21. Objects of gult bronze, silver, and terracotta

## PL. XLIY.

I. Alarion, Tomb 23. Pottery.

39, 33, 3, 1, 31, 13
$28,36,38,5,2,20,11,6$
14, 37, 4, 32, 27, 30, 29, 22, 21, 19, 18, 7, 34, 16
2. Marion, Tomb 22. Terracotta heads.
3. Marion, Tomb 22. Objects of iron, bronze, silver, and alabaster.

## PI XLV.

1. Marion, Tomb 22. Objects of bronze.
2. Marion, Tomb 23. Pottery.
$7,18,6,10$
12, 9, 13, 15, II
$8,16,19,1,4,17$
14, 5, 3, 2
3. Marion, 'Tomb 24 Pottery.

3, 1, 2
4. Marion, Tomb 25. Bronze objects.

## PL. XLVI.

1. Marion, Tomb 25. Pottery.

Chamber: 2, 32, 33, 14, 31, 34, 17, 7, 26, 11, 22, 10, 15, 3, 23, 5, 25, 8, 19, 27, 29, 13
12, 9, 6, 20, 21, 24, 18, 4, Dromos: 1, 2, 3, 5, 4, 6
2. Marion, Tomb 26. Pottery.

Chamber: 9, 13, Dromos: i, Chamber ${ }_{4}$, 8
$6,3,2,5,14,12,7$
3. Marion, Tomb 26. Mhnor objects.
4. Marion, T'omb 27 . Potters.
$+, 6,2,10$
5, $3 \mathrm{a}, 3 \mathrm{~b}, \mathrm{I}$
5. Marion, Tomb 27. Objects of aron and bronze.

PL. XiNif.
1 Marmo. Tomb 2S. Terracurta statuettes.
2. Marmon, 'lomb 29 Pottery and aron hnife

Iromes. I. (hamber: $1,3,4,2$
3. Marion. Tomb 30 . Potters.

4, 5. 3
4. Marion. Tomh 30 . Terracotta statuettes.

5 Marıon. Tomb 3i. Pottery
5. 3

Dromus Niche 3: 4, Dromos Niche 2:1, 2, Dromos Niche 1: 1, Chamber: 10, 4, 13. ; 6. Dromos Niche 3:3,2, 1, Chamber: $1 \mathrm{r}, 12,9$

6 . Larion, Tomb 3i. Objects of iron, silver, and glass.
PI. XLJilt.

1. Maroon. 'Tomb 3z. Pottery.

Dromus Niche 3 3. Niche $1: 3$, Niche $2: 1,2$, Niche 3.6
Niche 3: 5, 1, 2, Nache 1: 1, 2, Niche 3:4
2 Manon. Tomb 34. Potter:
36, 59, 3, 7, 1
14, 52, 47, 26, 23, 12, 34, 46
$35,45,5,51,50,54,55,=, 24,49,4,42,22$
$58,9,25,39,37,21,20,32,33,60,15,41,44$
$17,38,29,28,18,31,30,40,27,19,16$

## PL. XLIK.

I. Marion, Tomb $3+$ Ohjects of iron, bronze, silver, and gold.
2. Marion, Toml 35. Potters.

$$
3,5,1,4,2
$$

PL. I.
3. Mation, Tomb 3t. Pottery
$17,7,21,8,3,6$
11, 9, I, 10, 2, 20
18, 19, 4, 25, 22, 24, 23, 5
2. Narwon, Tomb 36. Terracotta statuette.
3. Marion. Tomb 36. Terracotta statuette.

+ Marmon, Tomh 36. Ohjects of iron and alabaster.

5. Marion, 'lomb 37. Objects of aron, bronze, and terracota.

6 Marion, Tomh 37. Pottery.
$8,4,15,14,21,1,3,6,5$
$24,23,17,18,19,10,12,13,11,2,9$
PI. II.
Marion, Tomh 39. Potters.
Chamber: $4,38,2$, Dromos: 1, Chamber: 1, 18, th
16, 4, 22, 35, 45, 9, 29, 15, 17, 19
31, 20, 25, 23, 34, 27, 32, 26, 33, 44, 24, Dromos. 2
$43,8,42,3,6,11,10,30,40,7,39$

## PI. LII.

1 Marwn, Tomb 38 Potter
3. 4 , 2
= Xlarwn. Tomb 38 Har-rings of gilded Dronce.
3 Narwon, Tomb is objects of brones and silver.

+ Marion, Tomh in Objects of aron, silver, and terracotta

5 Marion, Tomb +0 B. Objects of silver.
6. Narion, T'omb 40 A and I . Pottery

Chamber $A: 1,2$, Chamber B: ,
I6, $2,1, I 4, I I$
S, 4, 5, 12, 10, 9
6, 3, 13, 15

PL. LIII.

1. Marion, Tomb fi. Pottery
$34,24,4,15,25,45,27,23,1,3$
$3 \mathrm{I}, 6,7,17,28,16,29,2,9,35,30,13,10,36$
5, 18
19, 12, $14,43,42,11,20,44,21,41,8,40$
2. Narion, 'Iomb 42. Puttery.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20,12,5,23,10,16,11,2,7,4,1,21,17,22,26,9 \\
& 15,14,13,18,3,25,19,24,8
\end{aligned}
$$

PL. LIV.
Narion, Tomb 43. Potters.
Dromos: 2, 3, 1 , Chamber: $40 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{f}^{6}, 27$
$48,24,26,22,49,23,47,30,11,16$
I7, $51,30,50,4+12,41,53,25,34,40 \mathrm{~b}, 3,36,42,2$
10, 8, I, 4, 6, 5, 9, 7, 38, 35, 43

## PL. LV

I. Marion, Tomb +r. Objects of iron, bronze, sulver, and mided bronze
2. Marion, Tomb +3. Objects of 1 ron and bronze.
3. Marion, Tomb 4. Objects of mron, bronze, silier, and ghded bronze

## PL. LYI.

Marion, Tomb +4. Pottery
Dromos. 3, 1, 5, 4, 6, 2
(hamber: $13,29,36,52,14,50,1,41,49,42,4^{6}, 47,48$
I5, $43,4,51,3,53,3^{8}, 45,54,8,59,35,5,40,5 \mathcal{S}, 44,9,31$
$17,32,20,28,6,25,30,2,7,18,11,24,55,10$
$34,37,22,33,21,23$

PL. LJII.

1. Narion, Tomb 45 Pottery.

I, It, 9 II, 6, 8, 7, 5, 10, 15, 3, 13, 12
2. Marion, Iomb 46 . Pottery.
$6,24,25,19,26,15,10,22,5,28,27$
20, 32, 4, 16, S, 12, 29, II, IS, 14, IT, 21, 7, 30, 23, 9

## PL. LVIII.

1. Marion, Tomb 47. Pottery.
$50,51,53,22,57$
39, 18, 20, 14, 19, 4, 3, 59, 21, 52, 23, 5, 49, 17, 8, 12, 6, 10
46, 33, 27, 36
16, 41, 48, 15, 47, 42, リ, 11, 35, 34
$28,29,45,7,43,44,32,31,56,55,62,57,1,63,61,58$

XXVI
2. Marmon, Tomb $4 i$ Pottery. 4, 1. 2. 3, 5, 6
3. Xarwn. 'I'omb + . Potters. $6.4,5,1,7,3,5,2$

IT.. I.IX.
1 Marmo, Tomb +5 Objects of aron and bronze.
2. Maron. Tomb 46 . Objects of aron, bronze, and silver.
3. Namon. Tomb 4 . Objects of aron, bronze, silver, and alabaster.

4 Marion. Tomb 49 siler hair-ring.
5 Marion, 'lomb 50 . Silver hair-ring and amulets of faience.
PL, LN
I. Marion. Tomb so Potery.
$I=6,8$
5.1, 19, 14

II, 10, 15, 9

$$
+, 7,3,13,2,17
$$

$=$ Marton, Tomb 5 . Obiects of terracotta and cold.
3. Marion, Tomb 52. Objects of mon, bronze, silier, and gold.
4. Marion, 'lomb 51. Pottery.

11, 10, $9,6,7,5,2,3,1$
5 Marion, Tomb 52 Pottery.
Dromos. 1 , , 2, 3, 1 b, Chamber. 3, 5, 2, 9
II, IO, $7,8,12, I, 4$
PL. IAI.
1 Narion, Tomb 5.3 Pottery.
$10,4,26,3, \mathrm{I}, 20,15,16,29,14,8,2,18, \mathrm{II}, 13,9,12,17$
2. Marion, 'I'omb 53 Objects of lead, bronze, alabaster, and terracotta.

3 Marion, Tumb st Pottery.

$$
1,4,3
$$

+ Naroon, 'romb s5. Objects of bronze.
5 Warion, Tumb 56 . Objects of irnn, bronze, silver, and gold.
PL IXII.
I Matun, Tumb 55. Pottery.
$25,38,21,37,32,30$
24, 20, 26, 28, 34, 31, 33
$22,48,47,23,10,27,15,6,35,30.36,12,46,8,7$
II, 16, 4, 19, 13, 17, 14, 44, 42, 4, 3, 2, 41,5, 18

2. Marmon, 'I'omb 56. Potters.
+1, 10, $36,1,18,16,34,28$
$39,19,17,13,25,35,37,20,32$
$30,2,33,15,40,27,4,24$
$5,26,31,6,29,23,7,8,3,22$
I', INill.
Narmon, 'Tomb si Bronze morror and monor objects of gold.

## P1. LXIV

1. Maman, Tomb 57 Pottery

Chamber $5,4,2,3$

1) iomos: $1,3,6,4,5.2$
(homber. 1. $9,10,16$, 17, 11, 7, 6
2. Marun, Tomb 5 S. Objects of aron, bronze, silver, yold, and glass.

## PL. LXV.

```
Marion, 'Tomb 58. Pottery.
    67, 69,66, 58,47
    59,60,70,68, 56,64, 63, 52
    53,61,54,77,49,65,8,50,71,5r,57,12, 21,34,48
    75,9,20, 10, 74, 23,73,62, 15, 19, 14
    72, II, 35,13, 26, 25, 24,7,6, 29, 16, 27, 28
```


## PL. LNVI.

r. Marion, Tomb 58. Statuettes of terracotta and stone.
2. Marion, Tomb 59. Jewellery, objects of aron and bronze.
3. Marion, Tomb 59. Puttery.

Chamber: 1, 2, 20, 2r, Dromos: $1,6,3,5,4,2,8,7$, Chamber: 28, 25 $15,13,11,26,12,8,19,14,10,24,30,9,7,27,16,23$

## PL. LXIII.

i. Marion, Tomb 6o. Pottery.
$69,4^{2}, 43,65,36,64,22,57,13$
$23,37,77,16,41,39,81,63,32,35,38,31,21$
$72,20,24,40,82,79,14,18,33,19,34,15,17,62,58,78,30$
$4^{8}, 4^{6}, 5^{6}, 45,4+, 12,27,25,26,5^{2}, 5 \mathrm{r}, 11,49,5^{0}, 28$
2. Marion, Tomb 6i. Pottery.
$5,4,16,2$
12, 1+, 9, 8, 6, 1, 13, 15, 3, 7

## PL. LXVIII.

1. Marion, Tomb 60. Objects of gold, silver, glass, and cornehan.
2. Marion, 'Tomb 6o. 'Terracotta statuettes and bronze objects.

PL. LNIN゙.
Marion, Tumb 62. Pottery.
28, 26, 45, 1, 49, 48
$37,38,17,46,14,15,13,16$
$32,31,27,25,35,36,34,4,8,2,12,47,29$
$11,5,44,19,22,20,9,7,3,6,10,41,33,23,24,21,43,30$
PL. LXX.

1. Marion, Tumb 62. Objects of iron and silver.
2. Marion, Tomb 62. Impression of scarab No. 40
3. Marion, Tomb 63. Pottery.

Dromos: 4, 2, 1, 3, Chamber: +
$3,6,8,2,13,17,19$
$7,1,16,18,15$
Io, 14, 9, 12, 11, 5
4. Narion, Tomb 64. Pottery.

$$
4,6,2,3,1,5
$$

PL. LXXI.

1. Marion, Tomb 65. Pottery.
$7,6,9,3,8,5,4,1,2$
2. Marion, Tomb 66. Pottery.
$8,10,16,9,1,13,15,11$
$6,12,14,4$
$5,7,2,3$
3. Marion, 'Tumb 67. Objects of bronze and silver.

## XXVII

## P＇L LXXII．

r Mann．Tumb 6－Puttery．

9，$\because \div, 3$ ， 1 ， $17,41,33 \cdot 2,35,40,16,23,5$
＋2，19，24，25，＋，20，15，2ば，d゙，I，3
コリ，Э1，フh，27，22，21，14，13，32，30

## PL LXXIII

1．Matom，Tomb 6 ．Iron spear－head and spmalle－whorl of tufa．
2 Marmon，Tomb 69．Minor chjects
3．Marion．Tomb 68．Puttery
IS，！，It，I
22，Iラ，16，17，20，I3，19
7，25，S，5，23，2
（1，I 2，11，3，4

## PI．I．N゙NIT

1．Narion，Tomb og Pottery．
14,15
24，6，33，10，31，7，25，1
$犬, ~ 19,2,29,13,9,29,32,26$
17，11，35，5．30，15，12
3，20，2S，34．23，10， 4
2 Marwn，Tomb $\%$ Potter
2， 1
PI．LXXV．
1 Marum，＇lomb 71 Putters．
7.4

3．6， 8
1．2，5


## PL．LAXII

Marwn，Tomb 72 Poticry
1）romms： $4,2,1,3,5,6$
（1，4mb：6， $30,10,15,35,36,9,14,11$
$13,1,31,20,14,32,16,22,24,3,27,17,18,5,7,4,21,23$

## PL．LXAVII．

1 Matom，Tomb 73．Puttery．
is，22，26， 20
19，2，23，9，11，3，15，25，14，16，1，8，21
$7,12,5,17,13,2+6,10$
2 Marmon．Tamb 74 ．Pottery．
Dremon 3． 4 ，Chamber 7,8
$3,4,6,5,1,2$
3 Marwn，Tomb 73．Bronze bowl．
I＇I INXVIII．
I Marwon．Tumb 75 Pottery．
9，21，If，15，7，17，4，13，19 18
3，2，12，11，22，5，$B, 6,20,1,10$
2 Xanwn，Tumb 75 Iun Inile．
3. Marion, Tomb 77. Pottery.
$7,2,8,4,9,1,10,6,5,3$
4. Marion, Tomb 76. Pottery.
5. Marion, Tomb 78. Pottery:

3, 5, 4,
$6,7,2,1$

PL. IXXIX.

1. Narion, Tomb 79 Pottery.
$19,22,17,13,6,7,23,24,20,21,14,16,18,15$
9, $10,11,12,8,3,1,2,4,5$
2. Narion, Tomb 80. Pottery.

I5, 2, 10, 3, 6
I2, 11, 9, I, 17
$14,8,13,16,4,5,7$

PL. LXXX.

1. Marion, Tomb 8i A. Pottery.

$$
2,4, I, 3
$$

2. Marion, Tomb 8 I B. Pottery.

$$
2, I
$$

3. Marion, Tomb 82. Pottery.

32, $31,2,13$
11, 5, 17, 36, 1
$16,19,23,25,29,30,4,35,3$
$28,20,21,14,27,34,26,24,22,15$
$33,8,10,9,12,6,7,18$

## PL. LXXXI

1. Narion, Tomb 83 . Pottery.
$4,7,10,6,8,5,16,20,18,13$
$3,12,1,21,17,11,9,2,15,14$
2. Marion, Tomb 83. Minor objects.
3. Marion, Tomb 84 . Pottery.
$10,12,13,18,23,9$
19, $20,7,21,6,4,3$
$16,14,17,15,2,1,22,8,11,5$

## PL. LXXXII.

1. Marion, Tomb 85. Pottery.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8,7,9 \\
& 5,6,2,4,3,
\end{aligned}
$$

2. Marion, Tomb 85 Earrings of bronze.
3. Marion, Tomb 87. Potters'.

$$
2,1,3
$$

4. Marion, Tomb 86. Pottery.

$$
3,1,2,4,5
$$

5. Marion, 'Tomb 88. Pottery.

$$
10,12,21,1,20,15,13,9,16,4,11,3,5
$$

$$
-\cdots-2,14,8,17,6,19,18,7
$$

6. Marion, lomb So. Pottery.
$12,11,13,8,14,16,15$
10, 6, 2, 9, 4, 5, 1, 7, 3

PL. LXXXIII

1. Marion, Tomb 90. Pottery.

2, 1, 7
10, $8,3,12,6,5,4$
13, 9, 1 I
2 Marion, Tomb gi. Pottery.
Dromos: 2, 4, 3, 6, 5, 1
Chamber: 6, $5,7,8,1,2,9,3,4$

## PL. LXXXIV.

I. Marion, Tomb 92. Pottery.
$1,3,6,5,2,12,16$
$17,25,8,9,15,11,4,20,1+$
19, 22, 18, 21, 13, 10, 7
2. Marion, Tomb 92. Minor objects.
3. Marion, Tomb 93. Pottery.

$$
2,5,3,4,5
$$

4. Marion, Tomb 94. Pottery. $5,4,3,1,2$

PL. LXXXV
Marion, Tomb 95. Potters.
I2, 10, I9, II, 20, I
I5, $14,4,2,18,8,13$
$21,22,24,25,16,23,6$
5, 17, 7, 9, 3, 26

## PL. LANKTI.

I Marion, Tomb 96. Pottery
14, II, 10, 9
$2,3,6,7,13,4,1$
2. Marion, Tomb 97. Pottery.

13, $10,2,14,17,4$
7, $6,18,6,1,3,19,9,11,5,8$

## PL. LXXXVII.

1. Marion, Tomb 97. Bronze bowl.
2. Marion, 'lomb 98. Bronze bowl and stone pyxis.
3. Marion, 'I'umb g8. Pottery.
$6,8,45,5,1$
$0,3,39,10,44,31$

13, 29, 21, 42, 7, 25, 33, 32, 12, 36, 26
$16,17,15,18,23,27,38,43,4,2$
$22,28,19,24,37,14,34,11,30,35,20$
PL. LXXXYIII.
i. Idalion, Tomb i. Pottery.
$16,7,11,9,14,12,13,6$
$4,8,5,3,15,1,17$
2. Idalion, Tomb 3. Minor objects.
3. Idalion, Tomb 2. Objects of fatence, slass, and cornelian.

+ Idahon, Tomb 2 Bronze coin=.

5. Idalion, Tomb 2. Pottery.
```
    PL. LXXXIX.
Idalion, Tomb 3. Pottery.
    78, 97, 17, 11, 30, 28,37,61, 83,82,19
    74, 6, 41, 46, 96, 51, 55, 10, 104, 65
    3I, 86, 20, 35, 36, 68, 2, 69, 22, 1II
    42, 48, 3, 9, 107, 103, 113, 60, 102, 21, 95, 18, 49,67
    53,54,70,44, 112, 80, 15, 43
    72, 27, 73, 34,64, 81, 7, 13,62,71, 57, 14, 98, 84, 92, 38,4
    47,79,88, 16,33, 99, 39, 87, 110, 105,40,45,91, 1, 66, 100, 59,32,56,76
    26, 85, 108, 89, 109, 90, 8, 75, 23, 24, 106, 77, 63
        PL. XC.
```

White Painted I Ware.

PL. XCI
White Painted I Ware.

PL. XCII.
I: White Painted I Ware; 2-II: White Painted II Ware.

PL. XCIII.
White Painted II Ware.

PL. X゙CIV.
White Painted III Ware.

PL. XCV .
1-5: White Painted III Ware; 6-9: White Painted IV Ware.
PL. XCTI.
White Painted IV Ware

PL. XCVII
White Painted IV Ware.

PL. XCVIII.
1: White Painted IV Ware, 2—q: Whate Painted V Ware.

PL. XCIX.
White Painted \ I Ware.

PL. $C$.
White Painted VII Ware.

PL. C'I.
I-4: Bichrome I Ware; 5-11: Bichrome II Ware.
PL. CII.
Bichrome III Ware.

PL. CIII.
Bichrome III W゙are.

## XXXII

PL. C15.
Bichrome III Ware.
PL. CV.
Bichrome IV Ware.
PL. CVI.
Bichrome IV Ware.
PL CVII.
Bichrome IV Ware.
PL. CVIII.
Bichrome If Ware.
PL. CIX.
Bichrome IV Ware.
PL. CK.
ェ-2: Bichrome IN-TVare; 3-11: Bichrome V Ware.
PL. CXI.
Bichrome Vare.

PL. CNII.
${ }_{1-5,7}$ : Bichrome V Ware: 6, 8• Bichrome VI Ware; 9: Bichrome V'II Ware.

PL. CXIII.
Black-on-Red I (III) Ware.
PL. CXIV.
1-5: Black-on-Red I (III) Ware, 6-15: Black-on-Red II (IV) Ware.
PL CXV.
Black-on-Red II (IV) Ware.

PL. CNTI.
Black-on-Red II (IV) Ware.
PL. CXIII.
Black-on-Red 1 II (V) Ware
PL CXVIII.
1-4: Black-on-Red IV (V゙I) Ware, 5: Black-on-Red IV (VI) - V' (VII) Ware; 6-7: Black-on-Red V' (VII) Ware; 813: Bichrome Red I (IV) Ware.

PL. CXIN.
1-5: Bichrome Red I (IV) Ware; 6-12: Bichrome Red II (V) Ware.
PL. (NX)
Bichrome Red II (V) Ware.
PL. CNXI.
1-6: Buhrome Red II (V) Ware and White Slip V Ware; 7-11: Bichrome Red III (VI) Ware.

## PL．CXXII．

I－7：Bichrome Red III（VI）Ware；8：Bichic ne Red IV（VII）Ware；9．Rlack Slip White Fainted I Ware，io－az：Black Shp Bichrome III Ware

PL．CXXIII．
Polỵchrome（I－VII）Wares

PL．CNIIV゙
 Slip V W゙are

PI．CXXV．
I－4：Black Slip VI Ware；5－13：Red Slip I（III）Ware．

PI．CXXVI．
－－5：Red Shp I（III）Ware；t－ry．Red Shp II（IV）Ware．

PL．CXXVII．
I－5：Red Slip II（IV）Ware；6－I6：Red Slip III（V）Ware．

PL．CXXVIII．
ı－9：Red Slip IV（VI）Ware；ı－－16：Red slip V＇（VII）Ware；ı7：Red Loustrous Wane．

PL CXXIX
1－4：Grey and Black Polished Ware，5，6．Blach Lustrcus Ware：7－10．sitoke Polished I（VIt Ware，im－17： Stroke Pulished II（VII）Ware．

PI．CXXX．
I：Plain White I Ware；2—8：Plan White II Ware； $9:$ Plan White III Ware；ic－it．I lan Whit IV Wiate．

PL．CXXXI．
Plain White IV Ware．

PL CXNXII
I，2•Plain White IV Ware： $3-16 \cdot$ Plain Whate V Ware．

PL．CXXXIII．
$1-5:$ Plan White V Ware，6－16：Flain White VI Ware．

PL．（XXXIV．
Plain White VI Ware

PI．（XXXV．
I－5：Plain White VI Ware：6－9：Plam White VII Ware．

PL．CXXXVI．
Plan White VII Ware．

PL．CXN゙XVII．
Plam White VII Ware．

III

PL. CNXNTII.
1-S' Conarse Ware, 9-12: Foremg Ware

PL CXXXIN.
Foremg Ware

PL. (XL
Foreman Ware

PI. (XI.I
Blach G lazed Ware, Bow 1

PL. (XLII
Red Figured and Black Cilazed Wares, 1-6. Bowl. - - 10 Kins
PL. CXLIII.
Red Firured and Black (ilazed Wares, i-S: Lekythos; ¢-15: Guttus
PL. CNLIV.
i Blak I'gured Ware, 2-6: Red Figured Ware
Pl (XLV.
I-9: Red Finured Ware, 10, if Blach Glazed Implessed Ware.
PL CXLT.
Hellenstic Pottery Buchtrme, Blacl-en-Red. Blach and Red Shp, Red Lustrous, Plain White, and Cnarse Wares.

PL CXLNI
Ifellenistic Pottery Red Lustrons, Plan White, and Cuarse Wares
PL. (XLVHI
1-3. Hellenstac Potters Plain White Ware f-il: Roman Potters. Red ship and Plan Whate Wares.
PI (NLIN.

PL. (1.
Iron. Splint armour. Amathus. Trmb 2, No. 57
Pl. ( 1.1
Fron 1. Fibula, 2 Stimi, 12 Chivel, 13 Lampstand; it: Finger-ring Lead 15: Pyxis Bronze. 3-6: Spear-heads;


- PL (EII
 22, 28: Earrings. 20 Finger-ring. 23. 24, 29, 33 . Mountings, 25-27 Nails, 31 : Bracelet; 30,32 Handles

PL CLIII
Bronze 1-7. Mirrors, + Lamp, 5. 8-10: BowIs, 6-7 Palfets

PL. CLII:
Bronze. 1-4, 7, 8: Bowls; 5: Ladle; 6: Jug.
PL. $\mathrm{CLV}^{\prime}$
Objects of silver. 1-2: Hair-rings; 3-5: Earrings, 6-12: Finger-rings, 13, 14, 16, 17: Pendants, 15: Cylinder, 18: Fibula; 19-20: Bracelets, 21 : Plaque Objects of gold. 22, 23, 29: ILair-rings; 24, 25, 27, 31, 32. 34- Farmus; 26. 30, 33: Pendants; 28, 35, 36: Beads.

PL. CLVI.
Objects of gold. 1-5: Finger-rings, 6-7: Plaques, 9. 13: Diadems; 8, 10 Necklaces; 11-12: Mouth-preces.
PL. CLVH.
Terracotta. 1: Spudle-whorl; 2-13: Lamps; 14-19. Statuettes; 20: Chariot.
PI. CLJIII.
Terracotta I -I 8 : Statuettes
PL CLIX.
1-28: Objects of faience. 29-42: Objects of ulass.
PL. (LX.
1-5: Objects of glass. 6-13: Objects of bone and wor! 16-18, 23: Sem1-precious stone beads i4, 15, 19-22, 24-26: Objects of stone.

PL. CLAI
Stone. i: Alabaster vase, $2-3$ : Lamestone capital, $4-6$. Limestone sculptures.
PL. CLXII.
Idahon. Pottery from Deposit. isquares (;-H. 6-7
PL CLENHI
Idahon. Pottery from Deposit, Sipuares (;-II 6--7
PL. CLXIV.
Idahon. $1-2 \cdot$ Bucchero Hand-made Ware; 3: White Panted Hand-made Ware; 4 : Bucchero Wheel-made Ware; 5 : Black Slip Wheel-made Ware; $6-7$ : Plan White Wheel-made Ware; 8 . Whate Panted Wheel-made Ware, 9 : Coarse Wheel-made Ware.

PL. CLXV.
Idahon. I: White Panted II Ware; 2—6. White Panted IV Ware; $7 \rightarrow-9$. Whte Panted VV Ware, $10-12$ Buchrome IV Ware PL. CLXII.

Idalion. Bichrome IV Ware.
PL. CLATH
Idalon. I-II: Bichrome IV Ware, 12. Btehrome IV--V Ware
PL CLXVIII
Idalion 1 -S: Buchrome V Ware: $9-13$ Black-on-Red II (IV) Ware: $4+$ Black-on-Red III (V) Ware. PL. CLAIN
 11-15: Gres Polnhed Ware: fo-19. Plan White III Ware

PL. CLXX.
Idalan 1-6. Phan White IV Ware; 7-19: Plan White V Ware; 20-23 Coarse Ware; at Foremen Ware.
1'L. CLXXI.
Idalton Iron 1: Sword; 2-8: Spear-heads; 9: Pike, 10: Dagger; 11-15: Arrow-heads

PL. CLXXII.
Idalom. Iron 1: Armour No. 236, reconstructed; 2. Types of bronze splints; 3: Types of aron splints; 4 : Fragments of armour: 5 : Lacing of armour, reconstructed.

PI. CLAXIII.


## PL CLNXIV'

Idalion Letal. 1: Cover, z. Boss, 3-6: Mountings: 7-9: Welghts. Bronze. 10-13: Spear-heads: 14-23: Arrow-heads.
PL. CLNXV
Idalion. Bronze a-6: Sheld bosses and peripheric bands.
PL. CLXXVI.
Idahon. Bronze $1-4$ : Helmets; 5-6: Knives; 7 : Awl; S: Tweezer; 9-10: Needles; if-If: Pins; 15: Hammer; 16: Chisel, 17. Strigil; 18-19: Spatulie: 20: Harr-ring; 21-24: Earrings; 25-29: Finger-rings.

PL CLSXVII.
Idalion Bronze 1 -7: Fibule, S-12: Bracelets; 13. Clasp; 14: Hinge; 15: Chain.

## PI. (CLANVIII

Idalion. Bronze 1-15 Mountings.

## PL (LAXIS

Idalion Bronze, 1-15: Mountings; 16. Cylinder; 18-19: Lamps; 17: Shovel.

## PL CLXXX.

Idalum. Bronze. i-7: Bowls; 8, if: Stands; 9, 10, 12: Handles; 13-16: Weights. Sulver-lead. if: Finger-ring Silier. 18-19. Hair-rings; 20-21: Earrings, 22-23: Finger-rings; 24: Pendant; 25: Bracelet.

PL CLXXXI.
Idalinn. Silver. $1-4$ : Mountings. Gold. 5: Earring; 6: Bead. 7: Pendant; 8-9: Mountings. Terracotta. 10-14: Spindlewhorls, 15-18. Loom-weughts; 19-22: Lamps, 23: Incense-burner, 24: Weight.

I'L. CLXXXII.
Idahon. 'Rerracotta. 1-3: Bull statuctter, 4: Buck statuette, 5 Ram’s head; 6 Ram statuette, 7 Bull's head; 8-Io Ruders, 11-12 Nale figures; 13-14. Female figures

PL. CLAXXIII.
Idalum. 1:arnce 1 - 6 Beads, 7 -S. Pendants, 9 Spout, 10 Necklace Glass. 11 - 20 Beads, 21 Ring. Stone. 22 Axe-heall; 23-27 Mace-heads, 24 (innder; 24-33 Pestles; 34-35 Whetstones; 36 Polisher

PL CLXXXIV.
 prectors stone $20-27$ Beals.

PL. CLXXXV.
Idalion. Bone and Ivory. I-4. Pms; 5. Pulshet; 6-S. Handles; 9 Bebbin; 10-12. Buttons; 13-14 Discs; $15-16$ Bull statuette. (ileptics. $17-20^{\circ}$ SeaIs.

PL CLEXXVI.
Idalion. 1-22 Glyptus: $23-31$ Coms

PL. CLXXXVII.
I Ajia Irini. Pottery of Pericd 1 2774, 2773, 2768, 2772
2 Ajia Irini. Pottery of Period 2 2042
3. Ajla Irını. Pottery of Period 3 2746, 2026
4. Ajia Irıni. Pottery of Perrod 5. 2414, 2007, 2406, 2173, 2006, 2407, 217I, 2747, 961
2004, 2397, 201, 2416, 2415, 2738
$70,76,202,2715,2582,204,966,207,464,203,67,2574,2716,963,206,2576,962,1002,2005,2009,65,2581,2583,68$ 1003, 2577, 2578, 1001, 2575, 2008, 1004, 2417, 205, 965, 2412, 2410, 2413, 2411, 74, 87, 78, 75, 72

PL. CLXXXYHII.

1. Ajia Irın. Pottery of Period 4.
$967,2741,956,2748,970,969,468,957,95^{8}$
581, 1972, 1974, 1768, 952
212, 213, 211, 2396, 2655, 210, 1188. 1973, 2652, 209
2166, 459, 582, 583,2742
951, 953, 955, 954, 950
2. Ajia Irini. Pottery of Period 6

2056, 45, 46, 2654, 1671
2651, 923, 2743, 1rif, 2740, 27.39, 918, 2579, 2744
47, 49, 50
2745, 2055, 2653. 2660, 2650,6+

PL. CLXXXIX
Apia Itins. Terracotta sculpture, Style I

PL. (XC)
Ajn Irinn. Terracutta sculpture, stele I

PL. CXCi.
Aya Irini. 'Terracotta sculpterte, style I.

PL. CXCII.
Apra Irin. 'Terracotta sculptures, Style I.

PL CXCII.
Apa Irini. Terracotta sculptures, Style I.
PL. (XClV.
Aja Irims Terracottal sculptures, Style I

PL. CXCV .
Aya Irıni. Terracotta sculptures, Style I.

PL. CXCYI.
Ajaia Irın1 'Terracotta sculptures, style I.
PL. CXCYII.
Ajıa Irni. Terracutta sculpture, Style II.
PL. CNCVIII.
Aj1a Irını. Terracotta sculpture, Style II.
PL. CXCIN.
Ajna Irini. Terracotta sculptures, Style II
PL CC.
Aj1a Irini. Terracotta sculptures, Style II.
PL. CCI.
Ajad Irım Terracotta sculptures, Style II.
PL. CCII.
Ajad Irını. Terracotta sculpture, style II.
PL. CCIII.
Ajra Irmi. Terracotta sculptures, Style II.
PL. CCIV.
Ajlic Irın. 'I'erracotta sculpture, Stsle III.
PL CCT.
Ajna Irini Terracotta sculptures, Style III.
PL. CCVI.
Aj1a Irin1 T'erracotta sculptures, Style III.
PL. CCTII.
Ajla Irın. 'lerracotta sculptures, Style III.
PL. CCVIII.
Ajia Irmi. Terracutta sculpture, ityle III.
PL. CCIX.
Ajld Irını. Terracotta sculptures, style III.
PL. CCS.
Ajra Irını. Terracotta sculpture, Style IV.
PL. CCXI.
Ajia Irinı. Terracotta sculpture, style IV.

PL. CCNII.
Ajıa Irım. Terracotta sculptures, Style IV:

PL. CCXIII.
Ajra Irini. Terracotta sculptures, Stele IV.
PL. CCXIV.
Aja Irini. Terracotta sculpture, Style IV.
PL. CCXV.
Ajua Irmi. Terracotta sculptures. r-2: Style IV; 3-4. Style V.
PL. CCNTI.
Ajia Irini. Terracotta sculpture, Styie VI.
PL. CCXVII.
Ajia Irini. Terracotta sculpture, Style YI.
PL. CCXIIII
Ajia Irini Terracotta sculptures, Style VI.
Pl. CCNIS.
Ajıa Irini. Terracotta sculptures, Style VI.
Pl CCXX.
Ajıa Irini. Terracotta sculpture, Stsle VII.
PL. CCXXI.
Ajıa Irini. 'Terracotta sculptures, Style VII.
PL. CCXXII.
Ajia Irini. Terracotta sculptures, Sityle VII.
Pl. CCXXIII.
Aja Irini. Terracotta sculptures, Style VII.
PL. CCXXIV.
Ajia Irini. Animal statuettes, Type 1 (1-2); Type 2 (3-4); Type 3 (5-6).
PL. CCXXV.
Ajia Irini. Animal statuettes, Type $+(1-2)$; Type 5 (3-4); Type 6 (5); Type 7 (6).
PL. CCNXVI.
Agra Irmı. Animal statuettes, Type 7 (1); Type 8 (2); Type 9 (5); Type 10 (3, 4, 6, 7).
PL. CCXXVII.
Ajia Irin. Ninotaur statucttes, Type 1.
PL. CCXXVIII.
Ajia Irini. Minotaur statuettes, Type $2(\mathrm{r}-\mathrm{t})$; Type 3 (5)

KL
PL. CCXIIX.

PL CCXXX
Ajaa Iran small human idols, Type 5
PL. CCXXXI.
Aya Inni Small human dols, Type 5 (if-iol, Type 6 (if-ig)
PI CCXXXI
Aja Irını Small human idoh, Type 6 (1-5): Type 7 (6-15)
PL. CCXXXII.
Aya Irını. Small human dids. Type S (1-5), Type y (7), Type 10 (9), Type if (S); Type 12 (10, if): Type 13 (6).
PL. CCNXXIV.
Aya Irani Small human dols. Type if (1), Type 15 (2-6).

PL. CCXNXI
Ajra Irini Small human idols, Type 15.

PL CCXXXYI
Ajia Irini Large human idols. Type 1 (I-2), Type $2(3-8)$.
PL CCXXXYII.
Aya Irmi. Large human idols, Type 3
PL CCXXXYII
Ayia Irimi Large human idols, Type 4.
PL CCNXXIX
Ada Irını, Stone sculptures, i Style I, z-6 Style II
PL CCNL
Aja Irms Stone sculptures i-3 Style Ill, \& Stele IV, 5-S Bronze sculptures
PL CCNLI
 I2 Lamp, is Handle silver-lead if Enrone. Terracota 16 Spande-whori, if Pendant, ist-ig Lamps fance 20-24 Bead; 25-32. Pendants.

PL CCXLII.
 Grinders; is Pestle, it Spindle-whorl; $15-18$ Beads, $19-23$ Pendants and Amulcts. $24-20$ Vases.

PL. CCMLIII
 20-21 Cylinders

PL CCNLIM.
Ajı Irins Gilyptics

PL. CCXLN.
Ajia Irini. Glyptics.

PL. CCXLVI.
Aya Irını Glyptic:

PL. CCXLVII.
Ajta Irını Glyptics
PL CCXLVIII
Ajea Irmi Glyptics
PL. CCXI.IX.
Ajra Irmı, Glyptics
PL CCL.
Ajra Irini and Amathus Cilyptics

## 

Amathus，Tomb i．
Type：Pl．CLVI，a．
Amathus，Tomb 2．Groups：Pls．V；VI，i， 2.
Types：Pls．CV゙，$;$ ；CXVIII， 5 ；CXXVI， $11,13,1 \neq$ CNL，
3；CXLIX，1，2，4，6，9，12，19；CL，1－5；CLI，12； CLYII，9；CLIX，15，24－28；CLX， $11-13$ ，22；CLAI， 2， 3.
Amathus，Tomb 3．Group Pl．VII，i
Amathus，Tomb＋．Groups：Pl．VII， 2,3 ．
Types：Pls．CLII，17；CLVII，14，15；CLX，19，20， 25
Amathus，Tomb 5．Groups：Pls．VII，4；VIII， $1,2$. Types：Pls．XCII， 4 ；XCV， 9 ；XCVI， 7 ；CXIII，6；CXLIV， 1；CLI，J7；CLII，13， 18 ．
Amathus，Tomb 6．Groups：PI．VIII，3， 4.
Types：PIs CLI，6；CLII， 1 ；CLIII， 7 ；CLIV， 2 ；CLVI， 9
Amathus，Tomb 7．Groups：Pls．VIII，5；IX，1，2；X，XI， I，z；XII；XIII，I．
Types：Pls．XCII，2，7；XCIII，5，6；XCIV， $1,2,5,9$ ； XCVII， 8 ；CI，5，if；CII，10；CIII，II；CV，3；CVI，5； CVII，I；CVIII，6；CXIII，2，3，4，12；CXV， 1,11 ；CXIX， 1；CXXII，10，11，12；CXXIV，9；CXXV，7－10，12，13； CXXVI， 4 CXXX， $2-4,7,8 ;$ CXXXI， 1 ；CXXXYIII， 2，4，9；CNLIX，13，18；CLII，5，6，10；CLIX，i．
Amathus，Tomb 8．Groups：Pls．XIII， 2 ；XIV，i．
Types：Pls．XCV，7，8；XCVI，3，6，13；CV， 4 ；CVI， $2-4,6,12 ; \mathrm{CN}, 4 ; \mathrm{CNII}, 3 ; \mathrm{CXIII}, 10 ; \mathrm{CXX}, 7$ ；CXXIII， 6．7；CXXVI，9；CXXX， 10 ；CXXXI，2－6；CXXXII， 1 ； CLVI，6；CLX，7， 9.
Amathus，Tomb 9．Groups：Pls．XIV，2；XV；XliI， 1. Types Pls． $\mathrm{XCVI}, 4,12 ; \mathrm{XCVIII}, 2, \mathrm{CVI}, \mathrm{If}_{1}, \mathrm{I}_{3} ; \mathrm{CVIII}$, 2，5；CIX，5；CXIII，8，9，11；CXV，3，7，8；CXVI，5； CXVII，7；CXX，9；CNXI，4；CXXIII，, $3 ;$ CXXXI， 7；CXXXIX，7，10；CLV，13，18；CLYII，19，20；CLJIII， 1，5，6；CLIN，2，13，16，21－23．
Amathus，Tumb ro．Groups：Pls．XVI；XVII， 2.
Types：PIs．XCII，ro，ir；XCIII．4，8；XClili， $3 ;$ CXXIII，8；CXXXVIII， 1 ；CXXXIX， 13,14 ；CLII， 16 ； CLIV， 3 ；CLSV，2，6，15，2i；CLVI， 13.
Amathus，Tombii．Groups：Pls．XVII，3－5；XVIII，i， 2. Types：Pls XCII，6；XCIV， 7 ；XCVIII，6；CI， $6 ;(11,8$ ； CIII，ro；CYI，7；CXI，s；CXXIII，\＆，5；CXXVI，5，10， CXXIX， 2 ；CXXX， 15 ；CLYIII， 4 ；CLIX，8，if．
Amothus，Tomb 12．Groups：Pl XVIII，3， 4. Type：Pl．CLIX，iz．

Amathus，Tomb i3．Groups：Pl．XIX，I－3．
Types：Pls．CIV，3；CXXV，if CXXVI，-3 ；CNL， 1 ， CXLIN，S，10，11；CLI． 3 ；CLII， 7, II；CLIV， 7 ；CLV， 28 ； CLX，6， 16 ．
Amathus，Tomb i4．Groups：PI．XX， $1,2$.
Types：Pls．XCII，5；XCIII，1，3；XCl゙， 5 ；CII，7；CIII， 4，13；CXIN，1，5；CXXIV，6，10；CXXV，5；CNXIX， 3 ； CXXX，5；CLII，9；CLV， 3 ，
Amathus．Tomb 15 Groups：Pls．XX，3；XXIII， $1,2$. Types．Pls．XCI， $1,5,9$ ，XCII， 3 ；XCIII，2，7；XCIV， 8；Cl， 4 ；CII， 2 ；CXXIV， 5 ；CXXXIX， 2 ；CLI， I ；CLII， 12；CLIX，10；CLX， 26.
Amathus，Tomb 16．Groups：Pls．XXI；XXII；XXIII， 3 Types：Pls．XCVI， $1,2,14 ;$ XCVII， $1, ~ 4$ ，CI，io；CII， 9，CV，5，6；CVI， 10 ；CVII，3；CXII，7；CXIII，$, 5,7$ ； CXIV， $12 ;$ CXVII，9；CXX，8；CXXVI， 12 ；CXXVII， I，4；CXXXI，
Amathus，Tomb ri．Groups：Pl．XXIII， $4,5$. Types：Pls．CXLV゙III，1о，ı；CLIX，36， $3^{8-40 .}$
Amathus，Tomb 18．Groups：PI．XXIV，1－5．
Types：Pls．XC＇V， 3 ；CIII，6， 9,12 ；CXXIV，8；CXLVIII， 7，9；CLII，14；CLV， 21.
Amathus，Tomb ig．Groups：Pls．XXIV，6；NXV，i． Types：Pls SCI，2：XCII，8；CI，7， 9 ；C＇II，1，3，4，CXXII， 9；CXXXIX， 4.
Amathus，Tomb 20．Group：Pl．XXIV， 8.
Amathus，Tomb 21．Groups：Pls．XXIV，7；XXV，2，3； SXVI， 1.
Types：Pls．NCI，3，6，10；CI，2，8；CXXIV， 7 ；CXXXIX， 1，5，6；CNLVIII， 5,8 ；CLI， $4,5,16$ ；CLIS， 4 ；CLYI， 7 ； CLIX， 7,9 ；CLX， $8,10$.
Amathus，Tomb 22 Groups：Pls．XXVI， 2 ；XXVII，i． Types：PIs．XC，x－4，12；XCI，4，7，8；CI，3；CXXIII， 2；CXNIV，1；CXXXVIII，12；CXXXIX，3；CLIII，Io： （LX，1\％， 24.
Amathus，Tomb 23．Groups：Pls．XXTIII；XXIX，1－3． Types：Pls．XCY，4；XCVI，5，15；XCVII，3；CVI，i； CXVI，2，8；CXXVII，2；CXXXI，I；CLII， 15 ；CLV， 12
Amathus，Tomb 24．Group：PI．XXVII， 2.
Types：PIs．XC， 15 ；NCII， 9 ；CI， 1 ；（XXXIIII， 10.
Amathus，Tomb 25．Groups：PI NXIX．4， 8 Types：Pls．CX，8；CLX， 2.3.
Amathus，Tomb 26．Groups：PI．XXIX，5－7． Types：Pls．CNLYI，7，CLXI．i

Styll, Tomb 2. Groups: Pls. XXX, 1, NXXV, 3.
Types: Pls. (X, 3; CXXXIX, if ; CLNII, 2,3 .
Stylli, Tomb 3. Group: Pl. XXX, 2.
Type: Pl. CIV, r.
Stỵll, Tomb \&. Group: Pl. XXYi, r
Types: Pls. XCVI, y; CVII, g.
Stylli, Tomb 5. Group. Pl XXXI, 2
Stylli, Tomb 6. Grours: Pls. XXXI. 3, XXXV, 2.
Types: Pls. XCIV, 6; XCV, 1; Clli, 2, 8; CV, 1 о.
Stylh, Tomb 7. Group Pl. NXXI, 4.
Types. Pls. CII, 6; ClVII, 4.
Stylli, Tomb 8. Group Pl. XXXII, i.
Types: Pl. CIII, i, 7.
Stylli, Tomb 9. Group: PI XXXII, 2.
Types: Pls. XCIV, iI; CIII, 3 ; CIV, 4 ; CXIV, 4.
Stylli, Tomb io. Group. Pl. XXXIII, i.
Type: Pl. CXXXVII, 3.
Stylli, Tomb in. Group: PI. XXXIIl, 2.
Types: Pis. CV, 12 ; CVII, 5 ; CX, 7 .
Stylli, Tomb 12 . Group: Pl. XXXIII, 3.
Type: Pl. CVII, 6.
Stylli, Tomb i3. Group: Pl. XXXIV, 1.
Types: Pls. CIV, 2, 5; CV', 9 ; CVII, 8.
Stylli, Tomb it and if A. Group: PI. XXXIV, 2.
Type: PI. CIX, 4.
Styll, Tomb 15. Group: Pl. XXXIV, 3.
Stryli, Tomb 16. Group: PI. XXXIV, 4
Stylli, Tomb 17. Groups: Pl. NXXV, i, 4.
Types: Pls. CIII, 5 ; CV, 7, 8; CVIII, 4, 10, CIX, 1, 3 ; CXV, 12; CXXIX, 4; CLVII, I.
Marion, Tomb 2. Group: Pl. NXXVI, I.
Marion, Tomb 4 . Group: Pl. XXXVI, 2.
Types: Pls. XCY, 6; XCTI, 10; CXIV, 13.
Nlarion, Tomb 5 . Group: Pl. XXXVI, 3.
Types: Pls. CV, 13; CXII, 1; CNX, 6; CXXIV, II, CXXVII, $\mathrm{I}_{3}$; CXXXIII, 2.
Marion, Tomb 6 A. Groups: Pl. XXXVII, 1,3
Types: Pls. XCIV, iz; CVII, 7 ; CXXVI, 6, CXXXVIII, 7.
Marion, Tomb 6 B. Groups: Pl. XXXVIII, $2,4$.
Types: Pls. XCIV,ı; XCTI,s; XCVIII, 1 ; CIX, 2 ; CXIV, 10; CXVII, 4; CXVII, 8; CXIX 3,5 ; CXXVII. 3; CXXXII, 4, 9, 16.
Marion, Tomb 7. Groups: Pl. NXXVII, 5, 6. Type: Pl. CLIN, 42.
Marion, Tomb 8. Group: Pl NXXVIII, 1. Type: Pl CXVIII, it.
Marion, Tomb 9. Grouns: Pl. XXXVIll, z-6. Types: Pls. CXLVI, 2-6, 11, 12, 14, 15; CXLVII, 4-6, 8, 10, 12; CNLVIII, 2, 3; CLIII, 4; CLV, 27, 34; CLVI, 2 ; CLVII, 10,11 ; CLIX, 3, 4-6; CLX, $1,2$.
Marion, Tomb 10. Groups: Pls. NXXIX; XL, 1. Types: Pls. XCVII, 5, 7, 9; CVII, 2; CXIV, 2, 3, 9: CXV, 5 ; CXVI, 7 ; CXXV, 6; CXXVII, 5 .
Marion, Tomb 12. Group: Pl. XL, 2.
Marion, Tomb 13 . Group: PI. XLa, 3.
Marion, Tomb if. Groups: Pls. XL. 4; NLI Types: Pls. XClX, 2, 9, CXX, 5; CXXI, 8; CXXII, 4 ,

7, CXXIX, 5; CXXXII, 14; CXXXIV, 12; CXLI, 1, 3 , 11, 12, 16; CXLIII, 4, 9; CXLV, 9; CLII, 2, 4.
Marion, Tomb 1 s. Groups: Pl. XL, 5, 6. Type: PI. CXLIII, 10.
Narion, Tomb i6. Groups: Pl. XLII, $1,2$. Types: Pis. C, ir; CXVIII, 6.
Marion, Tomb 18 . Groups: Pl. XLII, 3, 4. Types: Pls. CXVIII, 5; CXXII, i; CXXV, 3; CXLIII, 8; CXLIV, 6; CXLV, I; CLVII, 17.
Marion, Tomb 19. Gruup: Pl. XLII, 5.
Marion, Tomb 20. Groups: Pl. XLIII, $1,2$.
Types. Pls. XClX, 3; CXII, 8; CXVI, 3; CXXV, 2; CXXXII, 8; CXXXIII, 9, 16; CXXXIV, 5; CXXXV, 2.
Marion, Tomb 2r. Groups: Pl. XLJII, 3, 4. Types: Pls. CXXIX, 14, 15; CXXXIV, 11 ; CXXXV 5 , 6. 16, 17; CXLI. 5; CXLIV, 5 ; CLII, 22; CLV, 14.

Marion, Tomb 22. Groups: Pls. XLIV, 1-3; XLV, 1.
Types: Pls. C, 4, 9; CXXXV, 9; CXXXVI, 3, 8, 18, 20, 2x; CXXXYII, 5, 6; CXLI, 6; CLI, 2; CLII, 25-27, 30, 33; CLIV, I; CLVIII, I4, 15 .
Marion, Tomb 23. Group: Pl. XLV, 2.
Types: Pls. CXVIII, i; CXXI, 7, 10; CXXIV, 12; CXXVIII, 6 ; CXXIX, 1 ; CXXXIII,8,11,15; CXXXIV,4; cixivili, i.
Marion, Tomb 24. Group: Pl XLV, 3. Types: Pls. CXXVII, 9; CXXXIII, 14.
Marion, Tomb 25. Groups: Pls. XLV; 4; XLVI, 1. Types: Pls. CXVIII, 4; CXXVIII, iq; CXXIX, 13 ; CNXIVII, 8; CXLI, i4; CXLII, 4.
Narion, Tomb 26. Groups: Pl. NLTI, $2,3$.
Types: Pls. XCIX, 5; CXX, 3; CXXIV, 13; CXXXII, 13; CXXXV, 1; CXLII, 8; CLV, $;$; CLIX, 29; CLX, 18.
Marion, Tomb 27. Groups: Pl. XLVI, 4, 5.
Types: Pls C, Io; CXLI, 4.
Narion, Tomb 28. Group: Pl. XLVII, 1. Type: Pl. CLTIII, 3.
Marion, Tomb 29. Group: Pl. XLVII, 2.
Marion, Tomb 30. Groups: Pl. NLVII, 3, 4. Type: Pl. CLVIIL, $\mathrm{I}_{3}$.
Marion, Tomb 3r. Groups: Pl. XLVII, 5, 6.
Types: Pls. CXXI, 9; CXXXII, 5; CXLIN, 15; CLY, 3.
Marion, Tomb 32. Group: Pl. XLVili, 1.
Types: Pls. CXXVIII, 8; CXXXIV, 3; CXLIII, 5.
Marıon, Tomb 34. Groups: Pls. XLV'ili, 2 ; XLIX, 1.
Types: Pls. CXXVIII, 13, 17; CXXXV, 8; CXXXVI, 4, 7,1 1, 12; CXXXVII, 1, 2, 7, 10; CXLI, 9, 17; CXLII, 3, 6; CXLIII, 11; CLI, 13 ; CLIN ${ }^{+}, 5,6 ; \mathrm{CLV}^{\top}, 7$; CLVI, 3.
Marion, Tomb 35. Group: PI. XLIX, 2.
Type: Pl. CXXVIII, 3.
Marion, Tomb 36. Groups: Pl. L, $1-4$.
Types: Pls. CXXIX, 16; CXLII, i; CXLIX, 16; CLVIII, 8, 9.
Marion, Tomb 37. Groups: Pl. L, 5, 6.
Types: PIs. C, 7; CXXII, 3; CXXVIII, 12, 16; CXXIX, 17; CXXXVII, 11 ; CLVIII, 2.
Marion, Tomb 38 . Groups: Pl. LII, 1 -3. Types: Pls. CXXIX, 8; CXLIII, 2.

Marion, Tomb 39. Groups Pls. LI, LII, + Types Pls. CXVII, з, CXXII, 2,$6 ; \mathrm{CXXV}, \mathrm{i} ; \mathrm{CXXVIII}$.

Marion, Tomb 40 A and B Groups. Pl. LII, 5, 6. T'ypes- Pls CXLII, 9; CXLIII, 3
Narion, Tomb fi. Groups Pls. LIII, i: LV, i. Types. Pls. XCIX, 6. CXVIII, 2; CXLI, 19, CXLIV, 2.3. CXLV, 6; CLII, 19, CLV, $5 \%, 24,26$.
Marion, Tomb t2. Group. Pl Lili, 2 Types: Pls. CXXVIII, 5, CXXIX, 9
Marion, Tomb +3. Groups: Pls. LIV; LV, 2. Types Pls cXil, 6, CXVIII, , CXXIII, 1 ; CXXVIII, 7; CXXIX, $7,10,11$, CXXXV, $6:$ CXXXVI, 2 ; CXXXVII, 3; CXLI, 10; CXLV, 10, 11: CXLIX. 5, 7, 14; CLI, --10; CLII, \&
Marion, Tomb +4. (iroups. Pls. LV, 3; LVI.
Types: Pls. XCIX, $;$, CXIX, 8, in; CXX, $;$ CXXVIII, 4 ; CXXXIII, 12; CXXXIV, 8; CXXXYI, $13 ;$ CXLV, 4 , CLI, if, CLIII, g; CLV. 9.
Marion, Tomb +5. Groups Pls. LVII, i: LIX, r. Type. Pl, CXLIII, iz.
Marion, Tomb 46 . Groups: PIs. LVII, 2 ; LIS, 2. Types: Pls. CXIN, 6; CXLIII, 6 ; CXLV, 3 ; CNLIN, 17, CLII, 21
Marion, Tomb ${ }_{4} 7$ Groups: PIs. LVIII, 1, LIX, 3. Types. Pls NCIX,, , 10, CXXI, 1 ; CNXV, $;$; CXXXIX, 12; CXLI, 15; CNLII, 5.
Marion, Tomb 48 . Group: Pl. Llilil, 2. Types Pls. CNI, 5; CXXXVI, 9.
Marion, Tomb 49 Groups. PIs. LVIII, $3 ;$ LIX, + Types: Pls. CXXVIII, 2 ; CXXXVI, it; CXLII, 2
Marion, Tomb 50 Groups: Pls. LIX, 5 ; LX, i. Types. Pls CXVII, 6; CXX, 4, CXXI, 2; CXXVII, 1 , CXXXII, 7 ; CNLII, 7 ; CLIX, $14,17-20$
Marion, Tomb 51. Groups: Pl. LX, $2,4$. Types: Pls. ACIN, 7, CXXXIII, 6; CLV, 25; CLVII, 16
Marion, Tomb 52 Groups: Pl LX, $3,5$.
Types: Pls. C, i; CXVII, 2; CXXIX, 12; CXXXIII, m; CXXXIV, 7; CXLI, 2; CLII, 3 ; CLV, 36.
Marion, Tomb 53. Groups: Pl. LXI, $1,2$.
Types: Pls. C, 12; CXXVIII, 15 ; CLI, 15 ; CLIII, 1, 6; CLXI, 5
Narion, Tomb 54. Group: Pl LXI, 3.
Marion, Tomb 55. Groups Pls. LXI, 4, LXII, 1. Types: Pls. CNXII, 8; CNXXVI, 10 ; CXLIII, 13, I4; CLII, 2.
Marion, Tomb 56. Groups: PIs. LXI, 5, LXII, 2. Types: Pls. NCIN, 8; CXXII, 5 ; CXXVII, 16 ; CXXVIII, r, ro; CXXXIV, 6, CXLI, is, CXLIII, is, CLI, i4.
Marion, Tomb 57. Groups. Pls. LXIII; LXIV, i. Types Pls CXXIIl, 9 ; CXXXIV, 2 ; CXXXVI, 1,19,
 11
Narion, Tomb 58 . Groups: Pls LNIV, 2; LXV; LXVI, i. Types: Pls. CXXXIII, , , CXXXIV, $;$; CXXXV, 3-5.7. CXXXVIII, 8, CXLII, io; CXLIII, i; CXLV, 8; CXLVI, 10; CLII, 23, 24, 32: CLIII, 2, 5: CLIV, S, CLV, 5, 32;
 $\therefore 6$.
Marion, Tomb 59. Groups. Pl. LXVI, 2, 3. Types. PIs C, 2, 8; CXII, 9; CXXXIII, ro.
Marion, Tomb 6o. Groups: Pls. LXVII, i: LXVIII Types: PIs. CXLIII, 7; CXLIV, 4; CLII, 29, CLV, zo. 23, 30, 33, 36, CLVI, 5, 10, 12; CLVHI, 10-12, 18
Narion, Tomb 6i. Group: Pl LXVII, 2.
Types: Pls. C, 5, 6, CXLV, 2; CXLVI, 8, 9, 13; CXLVII, 1, -, 9, CXLVIII, 1.
Marion, Tomb 62. Groups: Pls. LXIX; LXX, $1,2$.
Types: PIs. XCIV, 3; XCVIII, 4 : CVI, 9; CVIII, 9 ; CX, I: CXIV, 7; CNIX, 10, 12: CXX, 2; CXXVII, 14; CLV, 16, 19.
Marion, Tomb 63. Group: Pl. LXX, 3. Types: PIs. XC, 5, 6, 8; CXXIV, 2 ; CLII, 3
Narion, Tomb 64. Group: Pl. LXX, 4. Types: Pls. CYIII, 8; CXV, 4 ; CXXX, it
Narion, Tomb 65. Group: Pl LXXI, I Types: Pls. XC, 9, 10; XCII, i.
Narion, Tomb 66. Group: Pl. LXXI, 2. Type: PI. CXXVII, 6.
Marion, Tomb 67. Groups: Pls. LXXI, 3; LXXII Types: Pls. CXXIX, 6; CXXXVII, 4 ; CXLV, 5 ;CXLVI, , CLV, +
Marion, Tomb 68. Group: Pl LXXIII, i, 3. Types: Pls. XCI, if, CXIV, 6, ir, iq: CXVIII, 9; CXXIV, 3; CNLIX, 3, CLX, 14.
Marion, Tomb 6g. Groups: Pls LXXIII, 2; LXXIV' Types: PIs. $\mathrm{XC}, 13,14 ; \mathrm{XCIV}, 4 ; \mathrm{CII}, 5 ; \mathrm{CXXIV}_{4}, 4,14$, CXXVII, 8; CXXX, i, 6; CXXXIX, 8; CLII, 20
Marion, Tomb 7o. Group: Pl. LXXIV, 2 Types Pls. XC, if; CXXXVIII, 6
Narion, Tomb 71 Group: Pl. LXXV, i. Types: PIs. CXI, , 6; CXIX, 9 ; CXXXI, 8 ; CXXXII, 3
Marion, Tomb 72. Groups: Pls. LXXV, 2; LXXVI Types: Pls.C.3, CXXXII, 6, $\mathbf{o}$; CXXXVI, 5 ; CXXXVII, 9, CLJiII, 6.
Narion, Tomb 33 . Groups: Pl. LXXVII, $1,3$. Types: Pls. XCVIII, 8; CXI, 2; CXVII, 3, CXXVII, ; CXXX, 17; CNL, 2, 4.
Marion, Tomb it. Group: Pl. LXXVII, 2. Types: Pls. CXXVII, iz; CXXX, in.
Marion, Tomb 75. Groups: Pl. LXXVili, i, 2. Types: PIs. XCYII, z; CVI, 8; CX, 5,$11 ; \mathrm{CXII}, 2 ; \mathrm{CXV}$, 6, CXVIII, 12; CXIX, 7; CXXVI, \&.
Narion, Tomb 76 Group: Pl. LXXVili, + . Type: Pl. CXXX, 9.
Narion, Tomb 77. Group: Pl. LXXYIII, 3. Types Pls. XCVIII, 7 ; CXIV, 8 ; CXIX, 4; CXXX. 12, 13
Marion, Tomb 78 . Group: Pl. IXXVIII, 5. Types: Pls. CX, 9; CXXXI, 13 ; CXXXII, 12.
Marion, Tomb 79 Group Pl. LXXIX, i.
Types: Pls CVIII, 3; CXV, 10; CXVI; 4 . 6; CXIX, 2 ;
Marion, Tomb 8o. Group. Pl. LXXIX, 2.
Types Pls. CXXXII, 15 ; CXXXIV, 10

Marion, Tomb 8i A and B. Groups: Pl LXXX, 1 , 2 'Type: Pl. CXXXII, 2.
Marion, Tomb 82. Group- Pl. IXXX, 3 Types. Pls. XCVI, ia, XCVII, 6; CVI, i4; CVII, 4,
 3; CXXXIX, 15.
Marion, ${ }^{\text {Tomb }} \mathrm{B}_{3}$ Groups. Pl LXXXI, 1,2 Types-Pls. XC, $;$ CV, 2; CX, ro; CXV, 2; CXXXII, II, (CIV, 10, rı.
Marion, Tomb st. (iroup: Pl. LXXXI, 3 . Types Pls XCVIII, 5 ; CXI, 3,9, CXXVII, io, CXXXIII, 5.

Marion, Tomis $\delta_{s}$. Groups: Pl. LXXXII, $1,2$. Types Pls. CX, 2; CXXX, 16; (CLII, 2S.
Marion, Tomb S6 Group: Pl LXXXII, 4.
Marion, Tomb $8_{7}$ Group: Pl LXXXII, 3
Marion, Tomb 88. Group Pl LXXXII, 5.
Marion, Tomb 89. Group: Pl. LXXXII, 0 Type Pl. CXXVII, ij
Marıon, Tomb go. Group: Pl. LXXXIII, i Type: Pl. CXII, 5
Narion, Tomb 91. Group' Pl. LXXXIII, 2.

Narıon, Tomb 92. Groups: Pl. LXXXIV, $1,2$. Type: PI. CLIX, 30.
Marion, Tomb 93. Group: Pl. LXXXIV, 3.
Marion, Tomb 94. Group: Pl LXXXIV, + 'Type: PI. CXVII, \&.
Marion, Tomb 95 Group: Pl. LXXXV.
Types: Pls. XCVIII, 9; CX, 6; CNII, 4; CXXI, $, 3,6$. CXXVII, s; CXXXIII, 4.
Marion, Tomb g6. Group: Pl. LXXXVI, 1. 'rypes. Pls CXI, 7, CXXI, 5; CXXXIII, ; (XXXIX, $)^{\prime}$ CLVII, 5.
Marion, Tomb 97. Groups: Pls. LXXXVI, $2 ;$ LXXXVII, 1. 'Type. Pl. CNVII, i
Marion, 'Tomb 98. Groups: Pl. LXXXVII, 2, 3. Types. PIs. XCV, 2; CV, if; CXIV, $15, C \times V, 9 ; ~ C X V I, ~$ 1; CXXVI, 7; CXXXI, 12; CLIII, 8; CLX. 21.
Idahon, Tomb i, Group: Pl. LXXXVIII, 1. Types: Pl. C.ILVII, 2, 3. II, 13.
Idalion. Tomb 2. Groups: Pl, LXXXVIII, $3-5$. Types: Pls. CXLVIII, 4, 6, CLVII, 12, 13; CLIX, 31-35, 37; CLX, 3, 4, 5.
IdaIion, Tomb 3. Groups: Pls LXXXVIII, 2; LKXXIX 'Type: Pl. CLX, 15.

## THE SWEDISH CYPRUS EXPEDITION




Fig. 1. Amathus. View of tumulus, Tomb 26, from S. E.

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { A } & \text { T } & \mathrm{H} \\ \text { The } & \text { Necropolis }\end{array}$
H


S

## INTRODUCTION (Plan I)

TThe aneient site of Amathus has repeatedly attraeted the attention of arehaeologists and amateurs. The site was visited several times during the 18 th and 19 th eenturies by travellers. General Luigi Palma di Cesnola made some rather extensive excavations in the neeropolis, which inter alia resulted in the finding of the remarkable sareophagus, now in the Metropolitan Museum in New York', and the famous silver patera, recently bought for the British Museum and studied by Prof. J. L. Myres ². A romantie exeavation report is given by Cesnola in his Cyprus, its cities, tombs, and temples, London 1877, p. 249 ff .


Fig. 2. Amathus. Tomb 2, ist chamber with doorway into the 2nd chamber.

All the statements and records published there should not, however, be taken too seriously. In reality they have proved to be rather exaggerated in many respects, especially as regards the great difficulties in excavation of the tombs. It certainly is an exaggeration, too, that Cesnola examined nearly a hundred of the large built tombs. These were situated $N$. of the acropolis, and two of the tombs opened by Cesnola were still accessible in 1930. As no plans or drawings are published of them the tombs were drawn by Mr. Lindros (Fig. 47). According to Cesnola the built tombs were of two different types: 'one with a flat roof and square walls; and the other having a roof in the form of what we call in the American army, a field-officer's wall-tent" (!). Tombs i and 2 described below correspond in general to these types. That the large sarcophagus mentioned above, was really found at Amathus is confirmed by old people in the village of Ajios Tychonas, who still remembered this event. As to the Amathus origin, however, of the L. C. chariotvase (Cyprus etc. p. 268), doubts must be raised as no Late Cypriote pottery has ever been found at Amathus. It certainly originates elsewhere. Cesnola mentions the necropolis along the sea shore, too, (Cyprus, etc. p. 283) and that there were many tombs yet to be


Fig. 3. Amathus. Tomb 2, ist chamber, right part.
opened in his time. The tombs excavated by Cesnola in this necropolis were situated just W . of the acropolis hill, on the sea side of the road. This is according to old people in the village of Ajios Tychonas who worked under Cesnola.

Of less importance are the excavations carried out by Ohnefalsch-Richter in $1885^{\circ}$. He mentions two sanctuaries in the old town and publishes plan and sections of a tomb, with a monolithic roof.

Other occasional finds and trial excavations are to a great extent made by the villagers and others. The most magnificent finds are supposed to be the colossal statue of Bes, in 1873 removed to Istanbul from its place close to the road below the acropolis hill, and the large stone bowls found on the top of the acropolis, one of which was transported to the Louvre.

The necropolis examined by the Swedish Expedition is situated on both sides of the acropolis on the low hill-slopes which rise only a short distance from the shore. It was partly excavated by the English Expedition to Cyprus in 1894 (Excavations in Cyprus, London 1900 p. 89).

The site A (op.cit.) is situated some 800 m . west of the acropolis on both sides of the
main road from Nicosia to Limassol. The site B also extends on both sides of the road, but is situated nearer the acropolis, about 100 m . west of a small river, which runs past the acropolis hill. Between these two sites investigated in $1893-94$ there is an area of about +00 m . length, where apparently other tombs could be found. As a matter of fact some large holes were dug there by treasure-seeking villagers, who thus had emptied one or two tombs of their contents.

This area was investigated and 25 tombs were found on both sides of the road. Another tomb (No. 26) of entirely different type was excavated just west of the site A (op. cit.), c. 400 m . east of the 48 th mile post. This seems to be the extreme western limit for the whole neeropolis. Rather a lot of damage was done to this necropolis when the road was laid out, and subsequently repaired. Then the roof slabs of many tombs were taken away and used as foundation material for the road. Possibly some trial diggings in the deeper layers in some of the tombs, were made by the same labourers (cf. below) on that occasion. Similar diggings were also made in Roman times, when the necropolis partly was re-used as a cemetery.

Nost of the tombs excarated are grouped around the 48 th mile post on both sides of the road, which cuts off some of them entirely, as a part of the cemetery was situated just below the road. The site is known by the villagers as "Loures tous Anemous" probably because the shore is so exposed to the south winds. The place slopes gently towards the sea where dark sand-dunes are blown up into a large barrier. Abore these dunes the land is cultivated, the fields being sheltered by beautiful carob-trees. The rock is found at a depth of $0.50-2.00 \mathrm{~m}$. below the surface, and the soil close to the rock consists of the characteristic dark red earth. Above this, the earth is red, but considerably lighter. This layer extends up to the cultivated surface layer, which is of a grey, or black colour. The two lower layers have in all cases been cut through by the tomb-builders, a circumstance which was useful when finding the tombs.

The excavation was carried on during the months April-May, 1930.

## TOMB I (Fig. 6: 1 )

SIZE AND SHAPE
The dromos of this tomb was never excavated, so that complete measurements and drawings could not be made as regards the lower parts. As far as could be seen, however, the dromos is of about the same shape as that of Tomb 2 (cf. below); it ends in a small restibule, built of ashlar of the same technique as the chambers described below. The restibule, $1.22 ; 2.00 \mathrm{~m}$. in square, was closed with a large door slab, the upper parts of which could be seen from the inside of the tomb. The entrances to the dromos and to the middle chamber are built with monolithic jambs and lintels. The roof consists of one large flat slab. - The interior of the tomb is rectangular, and tripartite with the longer axis at right angles to the dromos axis. The middle-chamber is slightly larger than the


Fig. 4. Amathus. Tomb 2, dromos with door slab in situ.
side-chambers. The right-hand chamber had been destroyed and its roof stones removed. The floor of the tomb consists of large slabs. The walls are built of large, carefully cut ashlar, to a height of I m . above the floor. On these walls the corbel-vaulted roof rests, running from the right to the left side-chamber. The projecting corners of the stones in the vaulted part of the roof are worked off. The vault is closed by huge, long, rectangular slabs, placed in the same axis as the dromos, across the tomb. Thus the upper part of the corbel roof is flat.

The chambers are separated by ashlar walls, 0.55 m . thick. The side chambers are connected with the central one by doors, 1.50 m . wide, in the partition walls near the rear wall of the tomb.

## STRATIFICATION

According to old people in the village of Ajios Tychonas, the interior of this tomb was accessible some 50 years ago and it was described as a large rectangular hall, where the oldest people of the village used to play as children. When the roof stones were removedaccording to the villagers, at the time when the road was built - the tomb slowly silted up and was filled with earth as described below. According to another story, a Latin priest at very remote period, made excavations in the tomb, which since that time is called '"Tafos tou Patera".

As the tomb, apparently, was very much disturbed, and an entire excavation of it would be very expensive, only a part of the right side-chamber was examined. Here the chamber was filled with infiltrated earth and sand from a small stream, which passes over the tomb. On the bottom of the chamber a burial stratum, 0.20 m . thick, was found, consisting of dark earth. In this earth were numerous human bones and some Hellenistic and Roman potsherds. In this stratum the finger-ring of gold was found.

> FIND (PL. CLVI, I)

1. Finger-ring of plated gold string with rectangular bezel in which is fitted a green stone. Diam, 2.0. Floon.

## CHRONOLOGY

In spite of the fact that the contents of the tomb are of a late date, there can be no doubt that the tomb was built in earlier times and must be compared with Tomb 2 (cf. below). As many other of the tombs of this necropolis, it was used for subsequent burials in Roman times when probably all the original tomb-gifts were removed. - Fig. 6: y shows the tomb as far as it could be planned without removing the earth which had filtered into the other chambers to within about 1.0 m . from the roof slabs.

TOMB 2 (Figs. 2-4; 6:2-4; 7)

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos |  | 13.0 | 3.10 | 7.00 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.72 | 1. 42 | - | 1.70 |
| ist Chamber |  | I. 90 | $3 \cdot 30$ | - | 2.68 |
| Door between chambers |  | 0.66 | I. 37 | - | 1.70 |
| 2nd Chamber |  | 2.30 | $3 \cdot 30$ | - | 2.68 |

SHAPE
The dromos is cut in the soft dromos rock with not very carefully hewn floor and sides. The floor slopes towards the entrance of the first chamber. In the upper part, there are some traces of steps. The dromos widens downwards, a fact noticeable both in plan and section. About 1.0 m . from the floor of the dromos, and 0.30 m . from the rear wall, a small niche or cavity was found cut in the walls, on both sides of the dromos. These niehes are explained, as being remains of the building of the tomb. Probably wooden supports were placed here for a winch when the huge door slab was lowered into its place. The front wall above the door is carefully built with ashlar, smoothed on the outside.

To build the tomb itself, a rectangular shaft was excavated in the rock. In this the tomb was built and closed with the vault, described below. The space over the roof stones was filled with earth, which was prevented from falling into the dromos, by the above mentioned front wall.

The entrance was found closed by a huge slab, leaning against the wall on the outside. The right upper corner of the slab was pierced by a circular hole, which widens towards the inside. Probably there was a similar hole through the left side, too, though this part of the slab had been smashed by some treasure-seeking visitors in later time (cf. below). These holes are supposed to have served some purpose when the door was placed in its final position. At the foot of the door two square pieces of ashlar were found leaning against the door. A similar piece of ashlar was found placed as cover to a small shaft on the right side of the dromos, just outside the door (cf. below). The tomb is entered through a door, 1.42 m . wide and 1.70 m . high, built with a threshold, jambs and a lintel, the latter $2.5^{\circ}$ m . long. The lintel and the jambs are simply moulded on the outside.

The interior of the tomb consists of two chambers, the one behind the other, both in an extraordinarily good state of preservation. The floor of the first chamber is 0.10 m . below the threshold, and consists of irregular slabs of stone. The walls are vertical up to a height of 1.45 m . above the floor. On these walls a barrel-shaped roof rests, corbelvaulted and running in the long axis of the tomb. The projecting corners of the roof stones are worked off so that the inside is smooth and slightly concave. The vault is closed by flat slabs so that the section of the roof is like that of a truncated cone with slightly convex sides.

The second chamber is like the first one, but of slightly larger size. Here, however, the floor was found destroyed in the inner parts of the tomb. The slabs were removed and the rock below them uncovered.

The chambers are separated by a wall, 0.65 m . thick. Exactly in the middle of this wall, a door leads from the first to the second chamber. This door, which is of exactly the same size as the entrance, is provided with orthostatic jambs and a lintel which extends over the whole width of the tomb. The opening between the two chambers has apparently been closed by wooden doors. The iron pegs for fixing these are still to be seen on both sides on the façade to the first chamber between the lintel and the block next below.

On the left side wall of the first chamber, there is a green patch, the trace of a bronze rosette which was fixed as an ornament on a block, 0.95 m . above the floor.

The whole tomb is built of finely cut ashlar stones kept together by gypsum mortar. The blocks fit each other so well that the point of a knife cannot be inserted between them. The walls on the long axis of the tomb are built in regular layers of ashlar, alternating headers and stretchers.

The cross-walls of the tomb, especially the rear wall, are built in a somewhat different technique. Here the layers are irregular and large ashlar blocks are mixed with small.

The blocks of the corbel-vault are all of about the same size. Some stones of the upper layers show a trapezoid shape in the façade.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of homogeneous black or brown earth, the surface layer of which had the usual dark colour. Close to the rear wall of the dromos, in the


Fig. 6. Amathus. Tomb 1, Plan (1). Tomb 2, Door slab (2); Plan (3); Section A-A (4). Tomb 3, Plan (5); Section A-A (6).
left corner, these layers were dug through by a vertical shaft down to 0.50 m . below the upper part of the door slab. Apparently the tomb-robbers here made their way into the interior of the tomb. This hole was found filled with rubble and loose, black earth. The visitors had cut off the corner of the door slab and thus entered the tomb and through the opening sand and earth had silted into the tomb. This infiltrated layer was found close to the door, covering only the central part of the first chamber. On the bottom of the tomb a layer of dark, sandy earth, c. 0.40 m . thick, was found. This burial layer was entirely worked through by the tomb-robbers. Fragments of the once very rich tomb-gifts were scattered over the whole tomb, and the bottom earth was full of fragments of pottery, iron weapons and bronze objects etc. Evidently, it was useless to make any in situ plans of these thousands of fragments.

Leaning against the walls, and lying on the floor, the roughly cut slabs of two sarcophagi were found; to judge from the situation of the pieces one of the sarcophagi was placed in the second chamber and the other close to the right wall of the first chamber, where four depressions for the stands were noted in the floor (Fig. 3). In the middle of this first chamber a stone table of 1 m . in square, once was placed just between the two doors. The table was found leaning against the left side wall of the chamber, but its original place was marked on the floor by the traces of the four stands, probably wooden. On the upper side of this table a circular green patch, probably the traces of a bronze vase once placed on the table, was noted.

If the interior of the tomb thus was in entire disorder, the strata outside the door at the bottom of the dromos were untouched. Near the door slab a thin layer of hard compressed earth was found containing fragments of faience objects. On the right side of the dromos a small shaft was dug into the rock floor, $1.0 \times 0.78 \mathrm{~m}$. sq., to a depth of 0.60 m . The shaft was partly covered by a square ashlar block of the small kind like those leaning against the door. The shaft contained large half-burned pieces of charcoal from olive wood. Among this charcoal, the bronze disc No. 5 was found.

Among the loose stones thrown down in the subsequent shaft above the entrance, a large limestone capital (No. 78) was found. The capital must have come down when closing the pit but nothing can be stated with certainty as to its date. The capital cannot be explained as belonging to any building in the neighbourhood. Probably it must be connected with the subsequent burials, noted in several tombs of this necropolis. As regards this tomb, it could not be ascertained if the Romans visited the tomb for any burial purpose.

## BURIALS

As the tomb-robbers had done their work so carefully it proved to be very difficult to say how the dead were originally buried. Fragments of sarcophagi were found in both chambers, and, judging by their positions, both chambers were presumably used for burials. The sarcophagi were probably placed close to the side-walls of the chambers, and were not cut out of one stone, but built of big, flat slabs. One of the sarcophagi was certainly placed to the right of the entrance, along the side wall. Therc the four depressions


Fig. 7. Amathus. Tomb 2, Sections A-A-G-G ( $1-7$ ).
described above mark the place of the sarcophagus. The tomb-gifts indicate that the buried was male; the splint armour, the enormous masses of arrow-heads and spearheads, and the swords rather pointing to a warrior. None of the minor objects indicate the burial of a rich female. The square stone table placed in the centre of the first chamber must have been used in connexion with the burial, probably for libations. The circular green patch on the upper side of the table shows that a bronze vase, and probably other vases too, had been placed on it. -- The bottom layers outside the door had not been disturbed. The small shaft in the floor on the right contained a lot of charcoal originating from a fire either inside the tomb or in the dromos. To the left on the dromos floor, two or more faience bowls were placed as offerings.

The objects attributed to the third century were all found in the upper layers in the dromos. Possibly there had been a later burial in the dromos in the same epoch, subsequently destroyed by Roman intruders. The Hellenistic and Roman finds were all mixed up in the earth of the pit close to the rear wall of the dromos.

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. V, VI; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Sack-shaped aryballos of alabaster with round base; vertical string-hole projection on shculder. Profiled knob inside the bottom. Rim and several pieces of body missing. Height 20.5. Found in dromos.
2. Aryballos of alabaster; shape as No. I, but without string-hole through the projections; several pieces of rim and body missing. Height 22.0. Found in dromos.
3. Small fragment of fluted faience bowl. Found in dromos.
4. Alabaster vase, as No. 2; rim missing. White or yellow alabaster with almost horizontal stripes. Height 14.0 . Found in dromos.
5. Fragments of a bronze disc with moulded edge, where traces of small holes for fixing the object are visible. Diam. c. 4.5. Shaft in dromos.
6. Fragments of bronze plaque. One of the fragments has a straight side decorated with a row of dots along the edge. Length 4.9. Found below the door in dromos.
7. Fragment of amulet in bluish-white faience representing head of Bes. The head is carefully worked and wears a crown, an elaborate variety of the atef-crown. Three shocks, flanked by two plumes, occupy the centre, standing upright on the combined horns of the bull and the ram. Erect on either side are uraei. Head broken just below mouth. Height 2.6. Chamb. 1 .
8. Amulet of ivory, shaped as a woman's body. The head, which was made separately and fitted into a square depression in the body, is missing. The breasts are hemispherical; the circular, prominent, hanging belly is supported by the woman's arnis. Hollow back with moulded edge, probably for the purpose of keeping bits of cloth belonging to pregnant women. Length 4.0.
9. Amulet of faience shaped as the head of Bes with buck horns between the upright, pointed ears. The face is grotesque with a wide mouth showing two rows of
teeth; a short, flat animal nose; oblique, small eyes. back with darkened patina. The head is pierced through the temples. Flat, plain back. Length 2.3. Chamb.i.
10. Amulet of blue faience shaped like a monkey sitting on its tail and eating. Upright body; elbows resting on the drawn-up knees, hands holding the object which the monkey eats. At the back of the head is a socket, pierced through by string-hole. Length $4 \cdot 5$. Chamb. I, right side.
1i. Semi-circular whetstone of grey sandstone. The round edge is cut away. Length 4.9. Thickness 1.1. Chamb. 1 , left side.
11. Two lumps of sulpher of irregular shape. One of the lumps is covered by bronze sheet. Length 1.4; 2.2. Chamb. i, right side.
12. Wzat eye amulet of greenish-blue faience with black iris and eyebrow. Conventional type with tears. The amulet is pierced by string-hole. Plain back. Length 5.4. Chamb. I, right side.
13. Biconical bead of gold with out-turned, small edges around the string-hole. The bead is decorated with impressed lines. Diam. o.8. Chamb. I, left side.
14. Plain bead of gold, pierced by a large, worn string-hole. Diam. 0.7. Chamb. i, left side.
15. Lump or bead of dark red, lustrous amber. Length 1.0. Chamb. 2, right side.
16. Fragment of oval bronze mounting, with one short end straight; pierced by holes in the middle. Length 3.1. Chamb. I, right side.
17. Bronze coin, almost entirely worn off and illegible. Obverse: Roman emperor, possibly Tiberius, can still be distinguished. Diam. 2.6. Dromos pit.
18. Thick bronze ring, belonging to bronze mounting. Diam. 2.6. Thickness 0.9. Chamb. I, right side.
19. We1sht of hard, dark stone broken through middle; worn on [wo sule Lenurth 23 . Weight $11.58^{\circ}$. Chamb. 1 , right sule.
20. 13心e with feet of statuette of white, blue glazed farence. The ban $1 s$ mate hike a seal with traces of worn designs. Base braken Lenerth $1 .+$ Chamb. i, right side.
$2 \cdot$ Thece prerect berats of glass; two dark blue and one hasht ereen Diam. i.o. Chamb. i. right side.
$\therefore$ Irimment if tron ace-head with shaft-hole. Length ir 5.
$2+$ Lamp of red terracotta; crecular base and body. Near the am an incised, encircling line Large horizontal norzle, frugmentary. Length 6.7.
25 'luo prece of small bowt of white faience with brown glaze 'The bowl was globular with small, flat base and bent-1n, plan 1 mm 'Ibe pieces are fragments of rim and ard bottom. Bottom dama.c. 3.0. Chamb. i, right side.
21. Fragment of farnce dise or plaque with green patina. Leneth 5.5 Chamb. 2. left sicle
22. Iramment of bowl of greensh fatence with parr of a horizuntal honde; up-turned, and crowned by a lotus flower. Around the base of the handle shaft is $\dot{a}$ ring in telet. decorated with transverse incoed lines, and between the shatts is a small band of incosed heiringbone pattern. Chamb. 2, lefit side.
2s. Two preces of small, depressed, globular bowl of greenish white tatence, crrcular, plain rim. Around rim short, transverse lines in relief between the edge and an enurcling hine, also in relief. Body cosered with sealepattern Fractures of a handle; base missing. Heighr $1 .+0$ Chamb 2 , left side.
23. Fragments of small bottle of blue and yellow variegated ghan, bacering. angular shoulder-line, and two projections on shoulder. Only the lower part of the body up to shoukder preserved. Heluht c. 4.8. Chamb. 2, left side.
30 liraments of spherseal, greenish fasence bowl; well marked natk-line; out-turned, plan rim. Chamb. i, right sule.
24. liraments of amulet of white faience with brown glaze representine fish only one side of the head and parts of the body presersed. The head has a round, open mouth, white glazed circular eye with black ors; a hole presed dt the junction between head and dorsal fin; hde of body decorated with incised scale pattern burdeted with straght lines. Length of head +9. Length of body -7.7 . Chamb. I, right side and Chamb. 2, left -ate.
25. Varnous framments of ivory; part of cylinder; conical button perced through middle, mushroom-shaped head uf pin Flows
3.3 a Eieht lutus buls of wory with one side flat, the other cunsex. triancular incised calys Four of the buds ne purced by a bole at the base, and have a small ped at the tup of the bud. Length 33 .
b 'IWe botw flowen of wors; one side flat, the other conver small per at the top of the flower. Length 2.8. Wulth :
26. Fragments of glass bowl. Diam. c. ${ }^{1+.0}$
27. Fragments of glass bottle.
28. Fragment of thin, plain gold sheet.
29. Bichrome IV plate with flat base; angular outline; flat rim. Encarcling hack and red bands inside. Diam. 15.7.
30. Bichrome IV hd with curved sides: concave central boss Encarcling black and red bands. Dram. is.o
31. Bichrome IV shallow bowl with flat base; angular outline; flat, horizontal rim Red lustrous, black bordered band on rim; encircling black lines around base. Diam. 22.8 .
32. Bichrome Red I (IV) bowl with flat base; curved sides; plain rim; two horrzontal handles below rim. Encircling white and black lines outside and inside; black handles. Diam. 15.4.
4I. White Panted III shallow bowl with flat base; curved sides; wary handle on rim. Dotted line on rim. Diam. 20.2.
33. Red Slip II (IV) plate with flat base; flattened rim. Red polished slip. Diam. $23 . \mathrm{S}$
+3. Black-on-Red II-III (IV-V) bowl with flat base; curved sides; plain rim; two horizontal handles below rım. Encircling black lines outside and insıde. Handles missing. Dram. 21.0.
34. Red Slip II (IV) plate with flat base, and flat, horizontal rim. Pohshed slip. Diam. 24.5.
35. Red Slip II (IV) plate, as No. 44. Dıam. 25.4 .
36. Rlack-on-Red II-III (IV-V) amphora with basering; short, splaying neck; two large, rertical handles on shoulder. Encircling black lines on shoulder and neck; a wary line on neck; black lines on handles. Height 26.0 .
37. White Painted III amphora with base-ring; cylindrıcal, wide neck; flat rim, two vertical handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around body, shoulder, neck, and rım; a bordered zigzag line on handles. Height 45.4 .
38. Black-on-Red II-III (IV-V) oval amphora with basering; short wide neck; annular rim; knobbed, horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines on base-ring, body shoulder, and neck; below shoulder a frieze consisting of tree-ornaments alternating with vertical lines consisting of groups of small concentric circles; on neck, groups of small concentric circles; black handles. Height 51.S.
39. Red Slip II (IV) deep bowl with base-ring; curved sides; inwards-bent plain rim. Height 255.
40. Red Slip II (IV) plate with base-rinc; Hat, horizontal rim. Darkened slip. Diam. 32.0 .
41. Black Varnished lid with central boss. White, concentric circles on the upper side. Hard grey clay Fragmentary. Foregn ware. Diam. 9.4.
42. Red Slip, deep bowl (foreng ware) with flat hase-ring; plain rim; horizontal handles below rim. Brown, horizontally polished slip, four encircling grooves below rim. The core of the clay is grey or esen black. Fragmentary. Diam. c. 21.0 .
43. Circular terracotta lamp with rased base; moulded rim, thick nozzle. Inside varnished. Length 9.o.
44. Circular terracotta lamp, as No. 53. Nozzle missing. Diam. 5.6.
45. Plain tear-bottle with high foot; oval body. Parts of neck and rim missing. Height 13.5 .
46. Alabaster vase, as No. 2, but with strıng-hole handles. Rim missing. Height 23.0 .
47. Pieces of iron splint armour*. The armour was composed of rectangular splints with the angles rounded off at one end (c. r. $o+3.0 \mathrm{~cm}$.). The splints are pierced by two holes, one at about the middle of the splints, the other at the rounded end. Between these holes there is a small oblong longitudinal knob. The splints are arranged in parallel, horizontal rows, and held together by horizontal platts of thin leather strips. Each plait consists of five strips plaited together as shown in Pl. CL, the edge strip being always threaded through the holes of the splints, so that each plait laces the lower holes of an upper row of splints to the upper holes of the next row below. All the rows of splints seem to have been kept together in this way. The arrangement can be studied on many pieces of armour of various sizes, some containing as much as six rows of splints rusted together and still held by their rust-covered plaits. Not only are the rows of splints overlapping each other, but the several splints in the same row also overlap, so that each hides half the next. The oblong knob between the holes, mentioned above, prevents the splints from sliding further. It may be said that the plaits need not necessarily be so complicated as to contain five strips. Three or four strips should be enough to make the armour sufficiently strong. Attempts to copy the armour, however, showed that plaits of three strips would not keep the various rows of splints closely together. If, on the other hand, four strips were used in the plaits, the splints of the upper row would come straight above those of the lower row, thus leaving the joints in the armour comparatively weak. This is avoided by the use of five-strip plaits, which just make the splints of the lower row cover the joints between the splints of the row next above. The five-strip plait makes the armour very pliable, as only every sixth splint is fixed by the same strip (cf. Pl. CL, 4). The use of horizontal plaits as the only means of holding the several rows together also facilitated bending when the armour was worn. The problem whether the splints were pointing up or down must be discussed, as well as the question which side was the outside and which the inside. Seen from one side, the lacing of the armour was not visible; nothing can be seen of the holes or the plaits, as the splint-rows overlap. From this side the rows are marked only by the sequence of straightly cut short splint ends. But

[^0]from the other side the whole construction is easily distinguished, the plaits being visıble as projecting lines just at the joints between the splint rows. In no case could the rounded ends of the splints be seen as they were hidden by the plaits. If this side of the armour had been the outside, all its weak points would obviously have been very much exposed, the plaits could easily be cut etc. It would also have been almost impossible to bend the armour. It therefore seems necessary to assume that this was the inside of the armour. The other side, on the contrary, shows no weak points, the whole surface being closely covered by the overlapping splints. This side is thus very suitable as the exterior. If this is correct, the cut-off corners at the ends of the splints are explaned as facilitating bending, and as avoiding all superfluous material in connexion with the plaits. The straight-cut ends of the splints were presumably directed downwards. In specimens from other places, in which the splints were directed upwards these are always fixed by holes and strings at both ends, and not - as here - at the middle and at one short end only ${ }^{5}$. If the splints had been directed upwards, they would certainly not have fitted close together on certain curved parts e. g. across the shoulders etc., which arrangement would have been inconvenient. Splints directed upwards would also have let in rainwater and dust, and made the armour uncomfortable in many ways. The proper reconstruction of the armour thus seems to be with the plaits on the inside and the straight ends of the splints directed downwards. If similarly arranged all over the armour, there must have been a joint across the shoulders. One of the pieces found seems to indicate that that joint was laced with a slightly thicker leather strip, sewn in a simple way. On many pieces it was observed that the rows of splints had been covered with leather bands, c. I .2 cm . broad, running between the overlapping ends of the splint rows and fixed to the plaits (cf. Pl. CL, 2, 3, 5.). These leather bands probably served to protect the splints from water and dust. Actually, nothing of the iron construction could thus be seen from the outside. The armour looked like a series of horizontal leather bands lying the one partly above the next. In some cases fragments of cloth had been preserved by the rust on that side of the armour which we have here supposed to be the inside. The cloth has been examined by Miss Agnes Geijer, who described it as two-ply*. Probably it is linen.
The detailed shape and size of the armour cannot be stated with certainty, but assuming it to have been of about the same size as that found at Idalion (No. ${ }_{23} 6$ p. 538), the following material would be needed for its manufacture:
c. 16,000 iron splints.
c. $\quad 700 \mathrm{~m}$. leather strips for the plaits.

* I wish to thank Miss Geijer also for her suggestion how the plaits were made.
c. So m . leather bands for covering the splints on the outside.
c. 115 m . thin leather strips for fixing the bands to the plats.

58. Ahout fifty arrow-heads of aron rusted together to a large bundle. The arrow-heads are all of the same type: lancet-shaped; with tang. Tangs and points usually missing. Length 11.5 .
59. Thirteen arrow-heads of iron, as No. 58. Length 10.5.
60. Three arrow-heads of iron, as No. 58. Length 13.0 .
61. Six arrow-heads of 1 ron, as No. 58. Length 12.5.
62. Chisel of 1 ron, wedge-shaped with rectangular section; worked out head. Length 8.o.
63. Pickaxe of iron: axe-head widening towards the cutting edge: shaft-hole in the middle; straight pointed end. Length 12.5 .
64. Spear-head of iron; lancet-shaped; with socket; midrib. The point bent closed to the socket. Point missing. Original length c. 22.0.
65. Fragment of 1 ron spear-head, with leaf-shaped blade; socket. Length 13.3 .
66. Iron spear-head, as No. 65. Fragmentary. Length 8.5.
67. Iron spear-head, as No. 65. Fragmentary. Length 8.o.
68. Iron dagger with lancet-shaped blade; two cuttingedges; midrib. Point and handle missing. Traces of the wooden sheath still visible on blade. Length 29.3 .
69. Iron dagger, as No. 68, but with pointed end. Length 32.5.
70. Fragment of an iron dagger with rhombic section. Traces of the wooden sheath still visible on blade. Length 36.0 .
71. Fragment of an iron knife with parallel sides; one cutting edge; flat back. Length 23.8 .
72. Iron knife with curved cutting edge; flat back; pointed end. Handle missing. Length 350.
73. Fragment of iron sword, rhombic section; with parallel cutting edges. Point and handle missing. Traces of the wooden sheath still visible on blade. Length 32.2 .
74. Fragment of aron sword with flat blade; two parallel cutting edges. Only the middle part preserved. Length 27.0. Width 6.7.
75. Fragment of a sword, as No. 74. Pointed end. Length 4o.6.
76. Three fragments of the blade of iron sword with moulded ornaments on both sides; parallel cutting edges. Traces of the wooden sheath still visible on blade. Width 6.6.
77. Several preces of an iron cuirass covered by a thick bronze revetment. All pieces are curved, and some provided with a moulded ridge. On one fragment there is a bronze staple through the iron cuirass; another piece is provided with small holes through the bronze sheet, possibly for rivets; on other pieces rusted cloth (two-ply) is clearly distinguished. The entire shape of the cuirass can not be stated, as only few pieces fit together. Size of pieces varying from $2.0-15.0$.
78. Corinthian capital of limestone. The arched tops of the 24 flutes partly chipped. Tips of some of the leaves missing. Above the base-line 16 alternately large and small acanthus leaves grow almost straight upwards, with slightly curved ends. Above these leaves the four angles of the capital are marked by heavy, moulded acanthus stems, of which the spiral ends are broken off. The spaces between these stems are decorated differently:
79. The front side has a short fluted bundle column in relief, above which two acanthus leaves are seen. The capital of this bundle ends in volutes held together by ribbons. The whole column is surrounded by conventionalized vines with symmetrically arranged flowers and buds.
80. The back of the capital is decorated with two acanthus volutes turned outwards.
3 and 4. The sides of the capital are both decorated in the same way: in the middle one acanthus leaf framed by two volutes turned inwards. - The decorations have been made with careful technique, the edges between the flutes being very sharp. The drill has not been used on the deeper parts. Total height 73.5. Base diam. 52.5. Upper width 62.0 .
Apart from these numbered finds a large amount of iron fragments were found in the bottom layer of the tomb. The majority of these are arrow-heads of the same type as described under Nos. 58-61. At least 600 arrow-heads must have belonged to the tomb-gifts. Fragments of a great number of swords and daggers also were found in the same layer. The daggers and knives sometimes had ivory handles, none of which, however, was complete. Other iron fragments eridently, are parts of clubs or pickaxes sometimes of considerable size. A great number of bronze fragments, too, were found, but it was impossible to state whether they belong to the cuirass No. 77 or to other bronze objects.

The distribution of the finds is shown in the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

As a comparatively small number of sherds collected from the tomb was used for the restoration of the pots the remaining sherds have to be examined. The Archaic pottery consisted of Types III-IV, and a few specimens of early Type V. Type III was represented by sherds of some White Painted III jugs, a few sherds of Black-on-Red I (III) jugs, and sherds of a large Black Slip jug. The deep Red Slip bowl No. 52 probably represents a still earlier period. Its clay is grey in the middle and brown near the surface, owing to the firing. It is of the same ware as No. I in Tomb 21, but has a lustrous polished surface. This bowl was certainly imported. Other foreign ware should be dated later than the ware of Type III, and consists of 12 sherds from different vases, most of which were bowls. These sherds belong to the same ware as the bowls Nos. 76 and 122 in Tomb 9. A lid (No. 5I) also put together from sherds, is of foreign origin.

The bulk of the pottery, however, is of Type IV. The Red Ware dominates both among the large and the small vases. Sherds of some large amphorae of the same type as No. 48 were found, and bowls of the same type as Nos. $42,44,45$ were common. Sometimes the surface of the Red Ware sherds is very lustrous, as on plates Nos. 44-45, but usually the sherds have the dull surface characteristic of Type IV. Some sherds with a rather darkened surface (No. 50) point to a late stage of Type IV, or even to Type V, but in these cases the shapes assign the vases to Type IV. As regards the Bichrome Ware of Type IV, most of the vases were flat bowls or plates of angular outline and with flat horizontal rims, or globular jugs. These shapes never vary very much. The ware is of two different types: one mat painted, and one with a brilliant polished red colour giving it a high lustre. The same lustrous red colour is seen on several Bichrome IV vases found in the other tombs (cf. below). Besides this painted ware a great many examples of plain ware were found. These could only be approximately classified. There is, however, no reason why they should not be assigned to Type IV.

Some Hellenistic and Roman pottery was also found in the tomb. Apart from Nos. 53 and 55, sherds of several plain, covered lamps with volute nozzles, handles and moulded
upper side were found. Sherds of lamps of earlier date may be assigned to the third century B. C. These lamps were varnished black inside. Sherds of some pinched lamps of Hellenistic type might be ascribed to the same period. The upper part of a plain Roman jug with tubular narrow neck, splaying rim, and an elevated handle from neck to shoulder was found. Two sherds of Lustrous Red Slip plates must be ascribed to the Roman pottery. The bottom of one of these sherds has incised concentric circles and a moulded edge.

Summing up the result of these notes it seems to be reasonable to suggest that the tomb was used on at least two separate occasions in Archaic times. The earlier pots of Type III, or early Type IV, represent the first burial period, and date from the transitional period between the Cypro-Geometric III and Cypro-Archaic I periods. This date may also be accepted for the construction of the tomb. This was probably used as a family tomb throughout the whole Cypro-Archic I period. The latest pottery from these burials may be ascribed to the transitional period between the Cypro-Archaic I and II periods. There was probably a subsequent burial in the dromos in the third century B. C. The large stone capital, the alabaster vases, and the lamp No. 53, should be connected with this burial. At a still later time, probably during the first century A. D., the tomb has been visited and robbed by Romans, who threw the arrangements of the Hellenistic dromos burial into disarray.

## TOMB 3 (Fig. 6: 5-6)

size

|  | Length | Width | Depth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 5.65 | r. 60 | - |
| Stomion | 0.55 | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| Chamber | 3.00 | 4.00 | 1. 65 |

## SHAPE

The dromos floor slopes steeply down to the stomion, the floor of which is situated 3.30 m . below the surface. The dromos widens towards the entrance of the tomb, but the sides are perpendicular. The stomion is of square section and was closed with a door slab, 1.12 m . wide and 1.35 m . high, which was found slightly moved back.

The chamber is of rectangular shape with rounded corners. The walls were vertical up to 0.88 m . above the floor, which slopes slightly towards the rear wall. The roof is a little curved and well preserved.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos filling consisted of a homogeneous, hard, brown or grey earth contrasting against the natural red chazara, which covers the rock of this field. The dromos filling
was dug through by a vertical shaft made by some previous visitors just over the entrance. The shaft was filled with dark earth. Through the opening between the moved door and the upper part of the stomion, the same kind of earth had silted into the chamber, covering parts of the floor. The original burial soil, containing scanty pottery, was worked through by the robbers and thrown up against the rear wall.

## BURIALS

As no remains of the skeleton were preserved, nothing can be said as to the burial custom.

FINDS (GROUP: PL. VII, I)
I. Plan White IV juy with flat base: depressed body ; narrow neck with handle ridge, stilted rim. handle from neck to body. Height 9.5. Dromos.
2. Murex. Length I $+.5 .+45$.
3. Plain White IV plate with flat, rased base; slightly outturned rim. Diam. 19.0. $\ddagger 35$.
4. Plain White V plate with Hat base and Hat rim. Diam. 17.8. +15.
5. Plain White V plate, as No. 4. Diam. $200 .+10$.
6. White Painted V hd with concave central boss. Encircling lines on upper side. Diam. 20.5. +35 .
7. Plain White IV jug with Hat base; almost spherical body, wide neck, handle from rim to shoulder. Rim chipped, handle missing. Height 8.5. +40 .
8. Bichrome V" amphora with base-ring, slightly depressed shoulder; short, slightly splaying neck, flat rim, and two handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red bands around body and neck; groups of small concentric crrcles on shoulder combined with vertical lines: winged lozenge crossed by a vertical line on the handles. Height 3+.o. Put together from sherds.

The distribution of the finds is shown in the following diagram:


This diagram shows that the pottery of the tomb consisted of Types IV-V. As Type V are rather advanced, this combination assigns the tomb to the later part of the CyproArchaic II period.

$$
\text { TOMB } 4 \text { (Fig. 8: } 1-5 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.00 | I. 20 | I. 35 |
| Rock shaft | 6.65 | 1.85 | 1. 60 |

## SHAPE

This tomb consists of a dromos in connexion with a rock shaft excavated in the rock. - The dromos has almost parallel, straight sides, and is provided with two steps at the beginning. - The stomion was probably built with orthostatic jambs and a lintel, but


Fig. 8. Amathus. Tomb 4, Plan (1); Sections A-A-D-D (2-5). Tomb 5, Sections A-A, B-B (6, 7). Tomb 6, Sections A-A-C-C (8-10).
these have been removed in later times. Probably also a threshold was placed in a specially excavated cavity which crosses the dromos floor, 0.60 m . from the entrance into the tomb.

The shaft is of long rectangular shape with rounded corners, the floor being 0.25 m . below the floor of the stomion. The sides of the shaft are regularly excavated in the rock, and it widens downwards with a slightly concave line. The width of the upper part is 1.15 m . and that at the floor, 1.90 m . in the same section (D-D). Probably the whole shaft once was covered with a roof, which must have been of wood, as no traces of a stone roof could be observed like that in Tomb 15 (cf. below).

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos and the shaft was filled with the same kind of homogeneous brown or grey earth. On the bottom of the shaft a stratum, c. $0.10-0.70 \mathrm{~m}$. thick, of dark burial earth was found.

Through the filling of the dromos, and part of the tomb, a shaft had been dug to the bottom of the dromos. This shaft had made only a little disturbance in the burial layer just below the door-opening.

## BURIALS

The tomb-gifts were found scattered all over the shaft floor without any noticeable order. No skeletons or remains of bones were found, but possibly the dead were placed along the sides of the shaft on both sides of the dromos. In front of the entrance many of the finds were piled up in the middle of the tomb, but even there, they seemed not to be in their original places, but brought there by the infiltrated earth and water. As the content of the tomb is rather homogeneous, it is likely that it was used only once, or at least during a very short period.

The terracotta lamp No. 46 must be explained as belonging to the pit made subsequently, over the stomion. It was found close to the wall to the left of the door, within the chamber. Probably it was carried into position by water from the pit mentioned.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PL. VII, 2, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

[^1]8. Scarab of white steatite. On base, incision representing 12 lotus flowers emerging from the middle of the scarab. Encircling line. See Appendix I. Length i.3. Found in the sieves.
9. Scarab of blue paste. On base, incision representing five lotus flowers, emerging from one side of the scarab. Encircling line. See Appendix 1. Length 1.5. +36 .
ro. Scarab of white steatite. On base, incision representing a horse with a running man before it. Over its back a cartouche with the name Men-kheper-re (Thutmes III). Encircling line. See Appendix I. Length r.6. Found in the sieves.
iI. Circular, bent silver ring with overlapping ends; evidently hair-ring. Diam. 1.3. +30 .
12. Phan Whate $V$ sack-shaped jug wath flattened base: depressed body narrowing upwards; well marked neckline handle from rim to shoulder. Handle and pat of mouth missing. Surface white washed. Herght g.o. - 50.
13. Brchrome Ill sphencal jug with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridee; funnel-mouth with moulded rim: handle from neck to shoulder. A vertical encirching red band, simmetrically placed on sides with three small concentric cucles in the centre; two groups of blak small concentric circles as front ornament; black encreing limes around nech. Red parited rim, and black handle. Bufl day Hewht $7 . S .-40$.
1+ Black-on-Red I (III) smatl depressed jug with wade, Hat base: short body, rounded shoulder; narrow neck wath hanclle-ndge; tunnel-month; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round body, neck, and 1 mm , three swasticas on shouldel. transterse lines on handle. Red clay. Heght 6.0. -40.
1 (ilmdracal bead of blue fatence pierced through the longitudinal axis. Length i.6. Diam. 0.85. -- 50.
16. Black-on-Red II (IV) spherical jug with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neek to shoulder. Encircling lines round shoulderline and rim; transverse lines on handle. Red clay. Herght S 2. -40 .
17. Plan White open lamp with flattened base and pinched 1 mm . Broken. Diam. I4.O. -+2 .
If Plan White IV flat plate with flat base; rim slightly up-turned. Buff, grıtty clay. Diam. io.8. - +1 .
19. Fragment of straght, thin iron knife with one cutting edge. Length $8.3 . \div 48$.
20. Leaf-shaped arrow-head of iron with low madrıb; flat section through head; long point. Tang missing. Length S.I. $-4 \mathrm{~S}^{\prime}$.
21. Fragment of iron knife. Length in.35. - 50 .
22. Bichrome IV globular jug with flat base, narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth with moulded rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Vestical, black bordered, red, concentric bands symmetrically placed, on either side; encorcleng black and red lines around neck and rim; lattice-lozenges as front ornament; vertical, black line on handle Height $9.0 .+45$.
23. Three fragments of iron arrow-head. +50 .

2f Oblong, bobern-shaped werght of haematite with flat ends and one flat side. Length 3.85 . Weight 8.29. +50 .
25. Frasment it arrow-head of iron, as No. 20. -42 .
26. Rectangular weight of haematite. Length 2.8. Weight $116 .-42$.
27. Framment if arrow-head of iron, as No. 20. +2.
=8. Fragment of arrow-head of 1 ron, as No. $20 .+42$.
29 Llach-on-Red II (IV) oval, slightly depressed jug; flat base, cylindrical neck; vertical handle to shoulder. 'Fwo vertual encirching lines on body symmetrically placed on eather side: smaller concentric circles on the maddle. Wouth masing, red clay. Height 6.5. i. 40.
30 Buchrome lll jug, of the same shape as No. I3. Two
vertical, red panted crreles with black borders; concentric curcles on body, symmetrically placed on either side: three groups of small concentric, black circles as front ornament on shoulder; black panted handle. Neck and mouth missmg. Height 6.8. +40.
31 Plain White V flat plate with small, fat base; slightly cursed sides; wide, flat rim. Buff gratty, white washed clay. Dram. 20.0. $\div+0$.
32. Bichrome Red I (IV) deep bowl with small, Hat base; cuived sodes; plain rim; small, horizontal handles below rim. Encircling white line round rim outside: concentric black and white carcles inside. Half of bowl missing. Buff, or grey, gritty claỵ; darkened red, nat slip. Dian. I5.s. - +0.
33. Fragment of double-edged iron dagger with midrib. Length i4.6. +29 .
34. Plain White V sack-shaped jug; flat base; slightly concase sides: budy narrowing upwards; wide, slightly curved neck; large, pinched rim; vertical handle from rim to shoulder. Buff clay, white washed. Height S.9. $+31$.
35. Fragment of arrow-head of iron, as No. 20. Length $6.5 .+38$.
36. Arrow-head of iron with square section through head; short, straight tang. Jeength 6.2. - 38 .
37. Plain White IV oval jug with fat base; thick, convex neck; stilted rim; small handle from neck to shoulder. Grey, gritty clay, Meight 8.0. - 38.
$3^{\circ}$. Scarab of white steatite. On base, incision representing four lotus flowers, emerging from a ring in the centre of the scarab. Encircling line. Length $1.2 . \perp 28$.
39. Amulet of blue faience, female: seated. Egyptian headdress. On back of throne a cartouche with illegible signs. Height $2.8 . \div 30$.
40. Scarab fitted into a ring. Inscription sllegible. Length 1.9. +42.
41. Fragments of two arrow-heads of iron, as No. 20. Length 6.4. -30.
42. Fragment of iron knife. ++0 .
43. Terracotta buck standing on four short legs; straight, uproght neck. Ears and horns modelled in snow-man technique, the short tail bent upwards orer the back. Black and red paint in bands on hody and neck; black painted eyes, red nose and tall. Buff, pink clay. Length 9.5. Height io.o. -i 48 .
44. Terracotta animal, standing on four short legs. Taıl hangs straight down; slightly hent forward. Traces of black and red paint on body. Right hind leg and nose broken; white, gritty clay. I, ength io.o. Herght $+5 .-50$.
45. Plain White IV biconical jug with flat hase; short neck wadening upwards; straight rim; handle fron rim to shoulder. Rim chipped; huff clay. I Ieight 6.2. - 36 .
46. Plan, covered lamp with Hat hase and nozzle, no handle. On the pierced $l_{1} d$ is a relef ornament representing bird sitting on hranch with three leaves, and a fower. Buff clay. Length 8.8. - 44 .
47. Plain White V jug, as No. 12. Yellow clay, traces of stroke polish on shoulder. Height io.o. $\perp 25$.
48. White Painted IV sack-shaped jus with fat base; tapering body; well marked shoulder; short, convex neck; handle from rim to hody. Vertical stripe near handle. Gritty, grey clay. Height II.5. i 25.
49. White Painted IV spherical jug with flat base; short, wide neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round shoulder. IFandle mossing. Grey, gritty clay. Herght 8.8. $\frac{25}{}$.
50. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 20; short, straight tang. Length 7.7. 30 .
51. Seal of white steatite; oval shape. On base, two scrollsigns on either side of an indecopherable sign. Encircling line. See Appendix I. Length 1.3 . -40 .
52. Scarab of white steatite. On hase, a cartouche with meaningless hieroglyphs surrounded by signs for "Freshness" (waz), Horus, and IIorus-eye. See Appendix 1. Length 1.7. -40 .
53. Fragment of strabght pin of bronze, evidently the pin of fibula. Length $5.5 .-52$.
54. Lower part of Plain White $V^{\circ}$ jug with round body. Height c. Io.o. $\perp+2$.
55. Bichrome Red II (V) depressed amphora with baserıng; wide neck-line, two large horizontal handles on body. Body carelessly washed with black slip. Over this slip, on shoulder and neck are encircling black and white lines; on shoulder, broad, white horizontal zigzag band; black neck-line ornamented with small,
white dots; hlack handles. Neck missing. Greenish, gitty clay. Height 14.0 . - +0 .
56. Plain White IV depressed jug with round body; flat base; short neck, widening upwards; handle from rim to shoulder. Handle missing. Greenish, gritty clay. Height iI.5. - 32.
57. Plain White IV depressed, biconical jug with flat base; straight shoulder; cylindrical neck with handle-ridge; wide, stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 3.5. . 44.
58. Piece of blue, twisted glass. + ı.
59. Circular, disc-shaped stone weight; slightly convex sides. Diam. 2.2. Weight 8.27. Found in the sieves.
60. Cylindrical bead of hight blue faience, pierced by hole. Length 1.35. Diam. 0.6. Found in the sieves.
61. Two fragments of a silver plaque. Found in the sieves.
62. Biconical weight of steatite. Length 1.8 . Weight 6.63. Found in the sieves.
63. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 20. Length 5.5. +50 .
64. Bichrome III pilgrim bottle, symmetrically depressed on both sides; prominent side-knobs; cylindrical, neck with funnel-mouth; two handles from neck to shoulder. Red encircling bands round side-knobs; black vertical groups of concentric lines on body; encircling lines round neck; ladder-pattern on handles. White clay. Height ro.i. Found in the dromos.
65. Flat bowl of white alabaster, put together from five pieces, round base, angular outline, flat, stalted rim. Diam. 12.5. Height 5.5.

The distribution of the finds is shown in the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The comparatively long series of pottery from this tomb indicates that it has been used for burials sereral times though the different burials could not be distinguished. The pottery consisted of Types III-V. Types IV and V are in majority. This combination of pottery types assigns the burials to the end of Cypro-Geometric III and the CyproArchaic II period. The terracotta lamp No. 46 may be dated to the Roman epoch, which probably indicates the time when the stomion pit was dug.


Fig. 9 Amathus. 'lomb 5 seen from the North.


Fig. ro. Amathus. Tomb 6. Interior view.

The searabs found in this tomb may be discussed from chronological point of view. Professor Newberry ascribes Nos. 8-io to a group which might be dated to the time of Thutmes III, but more likely to the XXVIth Dynasty (see Appendix I). A similar date is given to the scarabs Nos. i and 6, which have the style of the XVIIIth Dynasty, but, to judge from the material, they probably date from the XXVIth Dynasty, too. These five scarabs may be a terminus post quem for the tomb. The scarabs, Nos. 51 and 52 are both assigned to the Middle XVIIIth Dynasty and are of less interest from chronological point of view.

TOMB 5 (Figs. $5 ; 8: 6,7 ; 9 ; 11: 1$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | I. 96 | 1.00 | 0.80 |
| Stomion | 0.40 | o. 88 | 0.90 |
| Shaft | 3.93 | 1.33 | 1.30 |

## SHAPE

The dromos makes a right angle with the tomb-shaft. It slopes slightly towards the entrante into the tomb, without any steps. The sides of the dromos are almost parallel and straight. C. 0.80 m . from the entrance, a row of stones was found at the bottom of the dromos. They make a sort of threshold, but are not connected with the door.

The stomion seems to have been built with orthostatic jambs, the left one of which is still in situ, measuring $0.30 \quad 0.40: 0.90 \mathrm{~m}$. The right jamb and the lintel were absent.

The tomb-shaft is excavated in the rock. It is of a rectangular shape with rounded corners and long sides slightly narrowing upwards. Nothing was preserved of the roof. Probably the tomb was covered in the same way as was suggested for Tomb 4. In the inner-


Fig. I 1 . Amathus. Tomb 5, Plan with finds in situ (1). Tomb 6, Plan (2); Finds in situ (3). Tomb 7, Plan (4); Sections A-A, B-B (5, 6). Tomb S. Finds in situ (7).
most left part of the tomb, a low ledge of pebbles was found. One short side was marked with a raised ashlar block. The innermost part of the ledge was damaged by a shaft, dug down in subsequent times from the surface through the tomb-filling.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of homogeneous, brown and grey earth and was intact. A similar filling was found inside the tomb. Here, however, a layer of black burial earth, 0.05 m . thick, was found on the bottom and on the bench of pebbles. The tomb had been visited by tomb-robbers, who made a shaft through the filling close to the western short side, as described before.

## BURIALS

No remains of skeletons were preserved in this tomb, but to judge from the situation of the fibulae, a burial was placed on the pebble bench. The two deposits in the interior seem to be almost contemporary.

The pots Nos. 32-35 were found standing absolutely in situ to the left, inside the door. The other deposit in the northern corner of the shaft was also preserved more or less in situ though the pots were not standing in the same upright position. Some of the objects found in connexion with this deposit, as Nos. 18, 19, 23, 25, indicate that the tomb was used as burial place for a man.

The potsherds found in the dromos, however, were all of Types II-III and may be explained as remains from an earlier burial which had been cleaned out to give place for a more recent burial in the chamber.

## FINDs (GROUPS: PLS. VII, 4, VIII, I, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Black Figured lekythos with wide foot; body widening towards the shoulder-line which is sharply marked; concare shoulder; narrow neck; elerated handle from neck to shoulder. Mouth missing. Foot and lower part of body black varnshed. On front of body representation of Theseus and the bull. Theseus stands on his left knee keeping the head of the bull to the ground. Detarls of bull carelessly sketched. Behind Theseus, his arms hanging on a branch; the shoulder of the lekythos decorated with vertical lines. Height 13.I. Upper layers, not belonging to the tomb proper.
2. Black ship II depressed, oval jug on foot; marked shoulder-line; tapering neck; pmehed rım; handle from rim to shoulder. Body vertically grooved. Kım and handle missing; foot chipped. Heıght in.8. - 82.
3. Black Slip II jug, a No. 2. Herght iz.o. - 90.
4. Bichrome III depressed, oval Jug with flat base. Black and red encarching lines round belly; black latticetrangles on shoulder. Neck and handle missing; grey, uritty clay. Height 11.0 . -- 100.
5. Red Ship I (IlI) flat bowl with base-ring; curved sides; flattened rim. Buff, gritty clay; red lustrous slip. Diam. 21.0 . +80 .
6. Black-on-Red I (III) wide, barrel-shaped jug, depressed on the sides; narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnelmouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round body and neck, wavy line round neck; narrow, concentric spirals symmetrically on both sides; winged lattice-lozenges as front and back ornament; ladderpattern on handle. Finely silted, red clay; red lustrous slip. Height 9.5. $\div 80$.
7. Bichrome III jug, as No. 4. Encircling red band bordered with three black lines round belly; black and red inverted M-ornaments with lattice mid-triangle as front ornament on shoulder; vertical, bordered black zigzag lines on both sides of handle; swasticas between the zigzag lines and the M-ornaments. Neck and handle misong. Height 11.5. 1.75 .
8. Black-on-Red I (III) depressed, oral jug with flat base; soft neck-line; narrow neck with handle-ridge; out-
turned rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round neck and rim; groups of small, concentric circles as front ornament on shoulder; black handle. Red clay; grey, rather red slip. Neck and handle missing. Height 5. $8 .+58$.
9. Scaraboid of white steatite. On base, cartouche with the name of Men-kheper-re (Thutmes III). Below, indecipherable sign. Encircling line. Sce Appendix I. Length r.i. Found in the sieves.
10. Scarab of white steatite. On base, incised signs of which can be deciphered two signs for the crown of Lower Egypt. Encircling line. See Appendix I. Length r.6. Found in the sieves.

1I. Scarab of white steatite. On base, is incised a lying animal and orer it a sign for "Beauty" and pillar-sign. Encircling line. See Appendix I. Length i.5. Floor.
12. Scarab of white steatite of Type $A_{3}-C_{3}$. On base, uncision representing two walking animals. The uppermost with its tall lifted over its back, the lower one with outstretched tail. Encircling line. Length 1.6 cm . Floor.
13. Seal of blue faience in shape of a lying lion. On base, indecipherable signs. See Appendix I. Length 1.7 . Floor.
14. Scaraboid of blue paste. On base, meaningless hieroglyphs. Length I.3. Floor.
15. Fragment of a thin, plain gold sheet. Length 4.o. Floor.
16. Small uron fibula with high bow; thickened at the middle, two collars; coiled spring; stranght pin, and slightly Hattened socket. Length 3.1. Floor.
17. Black Slip II jug, as No. 2. Height $13.0 .+25$.
18. Lancet-shaped spear-head of iron with two cutting edges and wide socket. Iength ry.o. +30.
19. Cylindrical bronze sceptre, open at both ends; moulded edges; six eqg-shaped projections in the middle; each projection with an encircling, incised line at the base. The central ornament is bordered b $\wp$ ridges. Length $9.4 .+28$.
20. Black Slip Bichrome III large plate; slightly convex base; flat base-ring; curved sides; up-turned rim; two wish-bone handles below rim. Naltese cross outside, bottom encircled by a wide, red band, on each side bordered by three fine, and one broad black concentric line. From bottom-decoration radiate four bordered black zogzag lines, alternating with black and red Mornament, with lattice mid-trangle. Close to the basering encircling black line; on base-ring black zigzag line. Vartical flutes covered with a black rather grey slip on sides. Two groups of black concentric circles inside bottom. Buff, цritty clay. חiam. $38.0 .-20$.
21. White Painted IV globular jug with base-ring; well marked neck-line; narrow, cylindrical neck; handle from upper part of neck to shoulder. Black, encircling line and wary band round neck, two groups of vertical, concentric circles symmetrically placed on either side; group of concentric carcles as front ornament on shoulder, ladder-pattern on handle; rertical line with oblique, black cross below handle I Ieight 16.5 . +30 .
22. Black-on-Red I (III) depressed, oval amphora with base-ring; almost horizontal shoulder; well marked neck-lıne; cylındrical, wide neck with flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round shoulder, neck-line, outside and inside rim; groups of small, concentric circles on neck; transverse lines round rim; bordered zigzag lines on handles. One handle and part of neck missing. Grey, rather buff, gritty clay; red, lustrous slip. Height 33.3. +20 .
23. Fragment of iron knife with one cutting edge. Length 6.0. +20.
24. Bronze fibula, as No. 16, but with three beads on bow. Length $3 \cdot 5 . \div 22$.
25. Fragment of iron knife, as No. 23. Length 5.2. - 20.
26. White Painted III wide, oval, barrel-shaped jug with projecting side-knobs; handle from neck to shoulder. Two groups of vertical, concentric lines symmetrically placed on either side. Mouth missing. Height 7.0. +15 .
27. Black-on-Red I (III) kylix on foot with wide, cylindrical stem; slightly curved sides; plain rim; horizontal handles below rim. Black band round foot; two groups of encrciing lines on lower part of bowl; between handles below rim, an oblique double cross, bordered with five vertical lines; groups of concentric circles inside bottom; black rim and handles. One handle missing. Buff, gritty clay; red, lustrous slip. Diam. 21.5. Height 12.6. 广 15 .
28. White Painted lentoid plgrim bottle with splaying mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Two bands of concentric circles symmetrically placed on either side of body; transverse lines on handles. Nuch damaged; neck and handle missing; buff, gritty clay. Foreign Ware. Height 9.8. $\quad 15$.
29. Bronze fibula, as No. 24. Pin missing. Length 4.7. - 10.
30. White Painted II bowl on foot; slightly cursed sides; straight, cylindrical mouth with plain rim; hormontal handles below rim. Encircling black lines round foot and sides; between handles, a frieze consisting of a lozenge filled with smaller lattice-lozenges, alternating with plain ones; large, oblique crosses bordered with vertical lınes, and bordered vertical zigzag lines; black rim and handles. White washed, buff, gritty clay. Diam. 19.5. Height 17.0. T 5.
31. White Painted pilgrim bottle, as No. 28. White, gritty clay, white washed and polished. Foreign Ware. Height 12.2. $=0$.
32. Plan White IV oval amphora on small foot; well marked neck-line, neck narrowing upwards; plain rim; below rim broad, impressed line round neck; horizontal handles on shoulder. Buff, white washed clay. Height $42.0 . \div 10$.
33. Black-on-Red I (III) open bowl with high base-ring; straight, splaving sides; curved mouth; plain rim; small, horizontal handles below rim. Encircling bands and lines round body outsıde; groups of encarcling, fine lines at sides; concentric lines and bands on bottom inside, black rim and handles. Red, finely silted clay; red, lustrous slip. Diam. 29.4. $\div 48$.
34. White Panted III large, depresed, wal amphora with small foot, horizontal shoulder, wide, cylendrical neck; flat hurizontal rim; wade handles from im to shoulder. Encircling lines round belly, shoulder, and neck-line; desenerate wayy band round neck; black rim, and bordered \%hous lines on handles. White, gritte clay. Height +2.0. - 5 .
35. Blach-un-Red 1 (111) deep bowl with high base-ring, curned vdes; plun rim: small, horizontal handles below rim. Encirching lines on lower part of body; below rim groups of small, concentric arcles; groups of encircling lines on side and bottom inside; black handles and rim. Red clay; red, lustrous slip outside, mat slip inside. Dlam. 15 \%. - 5 .
36. Black-on-Red I (1II) depressed, oval jug with flat hase: gentle nech-line; narrow neck with handle-ridge; out-turned rim, handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling linen round neck and rms; groups of small, concentric circles as front ornament on shoulder; handle missing. Red clay, grevish red slip. Height 8.8. т 10.
37. White Panted IV deep bowl with small, concave base; cursed sides; plan rim; small projection at centre of bottom inside. Red bottom decoration with concentric, encircling lines; red rim. White, finely silted clay. Diam. 11.2. 10 .
35. Buchroune IV flat plate with small, flat base; slightly curved sides; flat rim. On both sides of the red rim, are black encirching lines. At the bottom one broad, red, and three black encirclong lines. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. 12.8. - 10.
39 small bronze fibula with high, thick bow with square transserse section; four beads; coiled spring, straight pin, and slightly flattened socket. Length 3.3. - 10. fo. Plan, rectangular plaque of wory: Length 3.1. - $\mathbf{1 0}$. +1. Fragments of hemispherical bronze bowl; plain rim. $工 \boldsymbol{0}$. +2. Black-on-Red I (III) Jug, as No. $3^{6}$, but with three groups of concentric lines on shoulder. Laght red, lustrous slip. Height 9.3. T 18 .
43. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No. 42. Height 9.3. +17 . 4+. Fragment of plain sheet gold. Floor.

The distribution of the finds is shown by the following diagram:


* Found in the upper lavers.


## CHRONOLOGY

The majority of the pottery is of 'Type III, but a few specimens of Types II and IV also occur. It may be suggested that the earliest types should be connected with the earlier burial, the remains of which has been traced in the dromos. The pots of Type IV, however, show rather early features, and assign the later burial to the Cypro-Archaic I period. It may be pointed out that the Black Figured lekythos (No. i) has no connection with the tomb proper, as it was found in the filling above the chamber. The scarabs, however, are of a certain chronological value: Nos. 9, io are dated by Professor Newberry to the time of Thutmes III (see Appendix I) and may here be omitted as being of little interest for the dating of the burials.

The scarab No. if, however, according to Professor Newberry probably dates from
the XIXth to XXIIth Dynasties (see Appendix 1). As this is the latest scarab, it may be connected with the pottery of the tomb from a chronological point of riew as it gires a terminus post quem for the pottery.

$$
\text { TOMB } 6 \text { (Figs. 8:8-10; } 10 ; 11: 2,3 \text { ) }
$$

size

| Dromos | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Length } \\ 2.80 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Width } \\ 0.65 \end{array}$ | Heich 1.30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stomion | 0.30 | 0.58 | 1.00 |
| Tomb shaft | 2.5 | 1.38 | I. 40 |

SHAPE
The tomb is entered through a comparatively long and narrow dromos with parallel, vertical sides and sloping floor without steps. The stomion once was built with orthostatic jambs and a lintel which was found, fallen inside the tomb. The door slab was still standing in situ. The left jamb had been removed.

The shaft-tomb is excavated in the rock and makes a right angle with the dromos. The sides of the tomb are vertical. Extending along one long side, there is a niche in the wall at about 0.70 m . above the floor of the tomb. Below this niche there was a bench of pebbles the edges of which was marked by raised flat stones. Close to the western short side the remains of another bench were found piled up in a heap of stones and pebbles.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos and the tomb were filled with homogeneous, grey earth. On the floor of pebbles a layer, 0.15 m .thick, of black burial earth was found containing finds Nos. $3-7$. Among the stones of the removed bench, in the western part of the tomb, Nos. 8-13, 16, 17, i9 were found together with human bones and Skull III. The skeleton with Skull I belongs to the stratum on the bench. In connection with this burial the knife (No. If) was found. The niche in the long side above this bench contained a laver of black earth, c. 0.15 m . thick, with remains of two skeletons, Nos. II and IV, and the rivets (No. 15). Close to the right short side of the tomb, remains of another burial were found together with No. 18.

The chronological order of the burials is as follows:

1. Skeleton II and IV (with the finds Nos. 1, 2, 15)


## BCRIALS

Skeleton $I$ was found on the pebble bench in a dorsal position with the head to the E . Apparently this was a male, as the iron knife (No. 14), and possibly, the spear-head (No. 3) could be attributed to this skeleton. The iron knife was placed at his right side, probably in his belt.

Skeleton $I I$ was not found on its original place, which was probably in the niche. As only the skull was preserved, nothing could be stated as to its position. If the bronze pallet (No. I), and the bronze spatula (No. 2), are to be attributed to this skeleton, it doubtless was a female.

Skeleton III. Probably this skeleton was originally placed on the pebble bench where Skeleton I was found. It had, however, been removed, and the bones and fragments of the skull were found piled up against the wall in the $W$. part of the bench. Among the bones, the tomb-gifts belonging to this burial were found. The spearhead (No. 13) indicates that the skeleton was a male one. The bronze bowl (No. 12) is also to be attributed to this burial, as also pots Nos. 8, 16, 17, and possibly Nos. 9 -II.

Skeleton II was placed in dorsal position on the floor of the niche in the northern long side of the tomb. The head was placed to the $E$. The ribs, and the left arm bones were entirely destroyed, but the rest of the skeleton was comparatively well preserved. At the feet of the dead, a box or something similar was placed, the iron rivets of which were found (No. $\mathbf{I}_{5}$ ). No other finds could be attributed to this skeleton.

Skeleton $I$. At the E. short side of the tomb the much destroyed remains of a fifth skeleton were found (femora). This skeleton, too, had probably been removed from its original place. The jug (No. 18) is attributed to this skeleton.

## finds (GROUPS: Pl. VIII, 3, 4; TyPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Bronze pallet of circular shape with slightly up-turned edge. Dam. 9 3. . 60.
2. Long, flat bronze spatula with concave sides; widening towards the rounded end, towards the top of which it 1s provided with two harbs. Below the barbs on the long, straight tang is a moulded bead, surrounded by two rudges in releef on each side. The handle ends in an oval thichening Length of spatula 7.5 . Total length 20.0. -- 55.
3. Leaf-shaped spear-head of iron with two cutting edges; midrib; pointed end, and conical socket provided with circular bronze mounting around edge. Length $33.0 .-26$.
t. White launted II kylix on low foot; raised sides; horrzontal handles on sides. Enerrcling lines outside and in. Diam. 10.5. - 25 .
4. White Painted II jug on low foot; oval body; slighty wncase neck; punched im; handle from rom to shoulder. Encircling lines on foot, hody, and neck-line; ladderpattern on handle. Height 29.0 : 15 .
5. White Painted II amphora on low foot; slightly depressed body; concare neek; flat rim; two handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling black bands on foot, belly, and neck; on shoulder, lattice-lozenges bordered with three vertical lines, alternating with band of lozenges and chequers bordered with parallel lines; groups of transverse Ines on rim; ladder-pattern on handle. Height 28.0. -- 15.
6. White Painted II barrel-shaped jug. Damaged. Height c. $20.0 .+20$.
7. Bichrome pilgrim bottle; slightly depressed on the sides; narrow neck; narrow funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical black and 1 ed circles symmetrically placed on etther side. One handle missing. Foremen Ware. Height 12.3. - 20.
8. White Panted II plate with slightly convex base; curved sdes, flat rim; horizontal, knobhed handles below rim. Base decorated with five concentric circles in centre, and alternating latticed and hatched, bordered
triangles with swasticas between the trangles; red rim; black handies; concentric circles on bottom. Diam. $18.9+15$.
9. Bichrome lentoid bottle with body slightly depressed on the sides; narrow funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical black and red circles symmetrically placed on ether side. Foreign Ware. Height 11.7. • 20.
10. White Painted II amphoriskos on low foot; slightly curved sides and neck; flat rım; handles from rım to shoulder. Encircling lines on foot, body, and inside neck; wary line around neck. Height ro.9. - 33.
11. Bronze bowl with round base; erect, plain rim. One side damaged. Diam. $\mathbf{I}+5 .+35$.
12. Spear-head of bronze; leaf-shaped blade. Length 25.5 . +25 .
13. Blade of iron knife with one cutting edge; a bronze rivet belonging to handle preserved. Length $16.7 .+22$. 15. Fragments of bronze rivets attached to fragments of
ivory; seven small ring-mountings of bronze, probably belonging to an ivory box. Length of rivets 2.2. Diam. of rings 1.0 . - 50 .
14. White Painted bottle with almost spherical body; narrow neck; high funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical concentric curcles symmetrically placed on either side; transserse lines on handles. Foreign Ware. Height 13.7 . 22.
15. Bichrome lentord bottle with narrow neck: funnelmouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical black and red circles symmetrically placed on etther side; transverse lines on rim and handles. Foreign Ware. Herght 13.4. $亠 20$.
16. Plain White II jug on low foot; oval bodỵ; slightly concave neck; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder; low ridge around neck-line. Height 32.5. - 20.
17. Elliptical diadem of gold pierced at the ends. Dotted lines along edges, and at the middle. Length 12.9. +30 .

The distribution of the finds between the various burials is shown by the following diagram:

|  | Pottery |  |  |  | Iron |  | Bronze |  |  |  |  | Gold |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wh. P.II | Pl.Wh.II | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wh. P. } \\ & \text { (foreign) } \end{aligned}$ | Bichr. (forelgn) | Knife | Spearhead |  | Mount ing | Bowls | Spatula | Spearhead | Diadem |
| ist burial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ -1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 2nd burıal | : |  | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ | 8.17 -2 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ -1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}13 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 3rd burial | $\|$4. 5 6 <br> 7.9 .11   <br>  -6  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -3 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ burial |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |

## CHRONOLOGY

As is shown by this diagram there is practically no difference as regards the pottery from the various burials. The pottery is of Type II. The pots Nos. 8, 10, 16, 17 are foreign, and closely related with the Polychrome White ware known from the earliest layers of several tombs. No pottery could be attributed to the first burial. The three latest burials, however, must all be dated to the Cypro-Geometric II period and the tomb may be considered as a family tomb used during a comparatively short period.

## 'ГOMB 7 (Figs. II: 4-6; 12-14)

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 0.60 | 0.90 | . 65 |
| Stomion | 0.42 | 0.90 | 0.65 |
| Tomb-shaft | 4.60 | 1.40 | 0.90 |

SHAPE
The dromos to this tomb is very short, just like the rudiment of the usual type of dromos.

Of the stomion and the original door opening only the left orthostatic jamb is still in situ. The door and the right jamb were removed.

The tomb shaft is excarated in the rock and makes a right angle with the dromos. The floor is rather rough. The long sides of the tomb widen slightly towards the bottom. On the bottom, a bench of pebbles bordered with rubble was found along the left long side. Nothing of the roof stones could be seen, but the whole tomb shaft and the dromos were covered with a layer of hard stamped earth. This layer must have been placed as a floor over the tomb after the last burial, and cannot belong to the first period: the tomb has been opened and re-used several times so that the tomb shaft at last was filled to the edge with burial-gifts (cf. below).

## STRATIFICATION

The extraordinary density of the burial-gifts in the western part of this tomb made it very difficult to distinguish the layers in that part. The stratification could, however, easily be studied in the eastern half of the tomb where the layers and the various burials were perfectly clear. Below the dark surface layer (i), about 0.20 m . thick, a layer of homogeneous brown earth follows ( 2 ), 1.60 m . thick, apparently accumulated since the tomb was covercd for the last time. At the level of, or slightly above, the rock surface a thin hard layer was found (3), which as far as could be stated covered the whole tomb and the dromos. It covered not only the tomb proper, but extended over the rock at the sides of the tomb, where it was possible to follow it to about 0.5 m . from the edge of the shaft. The layer consisted of a hard, light clay very easily distinguishable from the surrounding earth. The layer is explained as a final covering of the tomb after being filled with burial gifts (cf. below).

Below this layer the strata of the tomb proper begin. Some of the pots, belonging to the uppermost burial layer (4), were found just below the hard covering stratum. This layer consisted of brown earth or clay. At the level of +60 , some burials indicated a floor level. The second burial layer (5) extended from level +60 to level +50 or +40 . The earth was of a similar composition as Layer 4. Layer 5, too, was limited by a burial
floor at the level +40 . The bottom stratum (6) from level +40 to +15 was of a similar composition, but more mixcd with clay.

At the middle of the tomb the pebble bench was found along the southern long side. The bench was bordered with rubble.

## BURIALS

At the floor-level +60 , a comparatively well preserved skeleton (IV) was found in dorsal position with the head to the $E$. The head was placed on a flat stone and the arms along the sides. East of the head, pots Nos. 49, 5 I and 69 were found, evidently in connexion with this burial. The scarab No. 48 was found just close to the left shoulder, and the bronze pin No. 78 seems to have had its place in the hair of the dead. It seems impossible to ascribe with certainty any of the other pots of this stratum to the skeleton. South of this skeleton IV, the lower parts of another were found along the wall, placed in the same position. The bronze tweezer No. 47 may belong to this burial, as also the iron knife No. 50. In the same layer plenty of human bones were scattered among the pots in the western part of the tomb. Most of the bones with at least four skulls ( $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{III}, \mathrm{V}$ ) were found in entire disorder. At the middle of the tomb, however, the remains of some arm bones seemed to be undisturbed. All these bones evidently were the remains of earlier burials, which had been removed to give place to the last one (Skel. IV) on the same floor.

A second burial floor was found at the level $+50-40$. Here the circumstances were rather similar to those above described. The more or less preserved remains of at least three skeletons could be cleared at the middle of the tomb, while the western part was filled with pots piled up on the floor. Two pebble beds were noted in the middle, both with comparatively well preserved skeletons. The one along the southern long wall was placed in dorsal position with the head to the $E$. (all remains of the skull had vanished). The remains of the skeleton consist of some of the ribs and parts of arm bones and femora. To this skeleton the arrow-head No. 82, the scarabs Nos. 184, 185, the finger-ring No. 186, the beads Nos. 187, 188 and possibly the fibula No. 189 may be attributed, as they were found around the skeleton. Whether the pots Nos. 81 and 83 , belong to the same skeleton or not, remains uncertain. Parallel to this skeleton and along the northern wall, another interesting burial was noted. Here the lower parts of two skeletons were found, both in a dorsal position, the one placed exactly above the other. The upper parts, with ribs and skulls of both skeletons were missing as well as their feet. About on the knees of the uppermost skeleton, the plate No. 88 was placed. Though it was impossible to distinguish the sexes of these two dead, the burials eridently must be explained as androgynous. Among the pots in the western part of the tomb many fragments of human bones were found, and five badly destroyed skulls (VI-X). All these and most of the other finds are explained as remains of earlier burials on the same floor, piled up there to give place for the later burials describcd abovc. Similar circumstances were noted on the bottom of the floor though all remains of skelctons had vanished there. On the pebble
bench, however, was prohably placed a burial, as on the upper burial floor. The finds on the bottom of the floor must all be ascribed to this burial.

The chronological order of all the finds in this tomb is given by the burial floors:
I. The burial at the bottom, no remains of the bones preserved (all finds up to level +45 ).
2. The burials at the floor level $\div 45$. A. Here the skeletons which had been removed to the western part of the tomb (Skulls VI-X) represent the earlier burials with most of the finds in that part of the tomb. B. The three skeletons in the middle represent the later burials of this stratum.
3. The burials on the floor level +60 . A. Here, too, the skeletons removed to the western part of the floor represent the earlier burials (Skulls I-III, V), while the skeleton with Skull IV represents the latest burial in the tomb (B).

Within the various strata it seems impossible to separate with any certainty earlier and later deposits. As a matter of fact each burial floor was used during a relatively short period, which is shown by the diagram.

## FIND: (GROUPS: PLS. VIII, 5, IX—XII, XIII, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Bichrome IV amphora with base-ring; depressed body; short, cylindrical neck; flat rim, slightly turned down; handles from rım to shoulder. Encircling black lines around belly and shoulder; red band on shoulder; alternating black and red bands on rim and handles. Height $3^{8} 0 . \quad 70$.
2. White Painted III oval amphora with base-ring; slightly depressed shoulder, wade, tapering neck; flat horizontal rum; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around belly, shoulder and neck-line, degenerate way line around neck; on rim, four groups of transserse lines, burdered zigzay line on handles Buff, mrutty day Height to o. $\quad$ o.
3. l'ain White IV long oval amphora with base-ring; hoort, narrow neck with collar-rma; horizontal handles on houlder. Helght +i.5. - 70
4. Whate l'anted iv amphora wath base-rine; wightly depresed shoulder; ulindrical neck; flat, horizontal rim, horizontal handle: on shoulder. Encircling lines on hody, shoulder, and neik; around shoulder-line, a degenerate wasy line, tour aroups of bordered, transerse lines on rim; hlack handles. Height 31.5 . so
5 White Panted III depressed jue with flat base; hightly wnes, wade nech; pinched rm. Groups of encareling, fine lines on houlder; neck-lone marked; degenerate way line around neck; black ram; bordered zigzag lines on handle. Rim chupped. Height 155 . 75.
5. Buchrome IV amphora, as Co. 1, but with stalted rim. (;roup of encrreline blat and red lines around hody and shoulder; black neck-line; around neck a deqenerate red line; blach encurcline lenes around mom, erosed hy
red transverse lines; red and black vertical lines on handles. Height 26.0. - So.
-. Black-on-Red II (IV) flat bowl with base-ring; plain rum; small, horizontal handles below rim. Dark slip decorated with two lines on outside; inside concentric circles. D1am. 278 . + 82.
6. Red Slip II (IV) bowl, as No. 7, but without handles. Red lustrous, rather worn slip. Diam. 29.5. +72 .
7. Bichrome III deep bowl on low foot; curved sides; moulded, out-turned rim; horizontal handles on sides. Thin, encircling lines bordered with bands on sides; alternating black and red lines on rim outside and in; black handles with long sertical stripes Diam. I4.5. - эо.
8. Red she II (IV) bowl with base-ring; almost straight sides; flat, horizontal rim. Mat, light red slip. Diam. to $0 . \quad \div 75$.
ir. White Painted IV oval amphora with base-ring; slightly wodening neck, flat rim, slightly turned down; handes from rim to shoulder. Encircling line on belly, neckline, and rim; encircling lines on shoulder; degenerate wavy line around neck; bordered zigzag line on handles. Herght + rio. -8 o.
12 Bichrome IV oxal amphora with hase-ring; short, c:lindrical neck; Hat rim, handles from neck to shoulder. Encircling hack and red lines on belly and shoulder; groups of small, concentic circles on shoulder and neck, ladder-pattern on handlo. Incomplete. Height 40.0. - ioo.
9. Whate Panted III flat bowl with base-ring; plan, thickening rim; horizontal handles helow rim. Rim decorated with a hlack line, with two sertical stripes
hanging down on either side of the black handles; inside at bottom group of concentric circles. Diam. 23.5 : 100.
10. Coarse cooking pot wath spherical hody; vertical handles. Height 16.5 - 70.
11. Red Slip I (III) jug with Hat base; oval body; well marked neck-line; long neck widening upwards; wide, panched rm; twin-handle from neck to shoulder; knobs on rims, on both sldes of the handle. White, gritty clay Herght $15.5 . \quad-90$.
12. Bichrome Red I (IV) jug with base-ring, almost spherical budy; cylindrical neck; pinched rim; handle from rin to shoulder. Encircling groups of black lines on shoulder and neck; groups of vertical, concentric cirches symmetrically placed on either sude; a triangle filled with horizontad zigzag line, a small, Iatticetriangle, and a lattice-rhombus as front ornament; a horizontal zigzag line, and vertical hlack line as back ornament. On rim, eve ornament filled with white paint; bordered zigzag lines on handle. I Ie1ght $232 .-70$.
13. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl with base-ring, curved sides; plain rim; horizontal handles on sides. Groups of concentric encirchng lines outside and in; black rim and handles. Diam. 22.3. - -0.
14. White Panted IV bowl with flat base; vertical sides; plain rim. Black band around rim. (ireenısh, finely silted clay. Diam. 9.5. -- yo
15. Red Slip II (IV) jug with flat base: spherical body; slightly concave neck with handle-ridge, stilted rim, handle from neck to shoulder. Red lustrous slip with taaces of the polishing tool. (irey, gritty clay. Height 17.3. 7 7 7.
16. White Painted IV jug with flat base, almost spherical budy; narrow, cylndrical neck with dmmotive handleridge; stalted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling brown lines around belly and neek. Height II.+. - 88.
17. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl with flat, slightly raised base; upwards slightly tapering sides; flat, plain rim, horizontal handle on sade. Enarchag groups of black lines outside and in. Dam. 12.0. -- S8
18. Black-on-Red II (IV) shallow bowl with flat base; plain rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encircling groups of black lines outside and in, hack rim; vertical strokes on handles. Diam, 18.7. -78 .
19. Bichrome IV jug with tlat base; spherical body; narrow. çlindrical neck with handlc-ridge, flat, out-turned rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Three vertical hands of small concentric carcles on shoulder and belly; encircling lines on neck; red rim; black crossed lines on handle. Height 10.6. - - -8.
2f Black-on-Red II (IV) open bowl with base-ring, plain, thickening rma small, horizontal handle helow rim Groups of encircling lines vutside and in, black rim and handles $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{tam}}$ 328. 70.
20. Red slip II (IV) bowl wath hasc-ring; almost straight sides; flat rim. Thick, mat slip. Diam. 360 . 70
21. Blach-on-Red II (1V) juer with Act, lightly raned hase; almost spherical budy, short, concare neck with pinched rim; handle from rme to shoulder lincircling black lines around body and neek; on shoulder, groups of small, concentric urcles. black rim, on sides of handle, hlack lines. Hetght $12.5 \quad 78$.
22. Plan White IV Jug with flat, sloghtly rased base, depressed shoulder: wade, shghtly chaed neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Iterght Iュ 3. - 70.
23. White Panted IV depressed jug with flat base, concave neck with pinched rim. Rim missing. A conventionalized tree as front ornament; on both sides, an oblique double cross; encircling line around neck; hordered zagzag line on handle Ifeight :o.5. 7o.
24. Plain White IV oval amphora with hase-ring; depressed shoulder; short, narrow neck with collar-rim, horizontal handles on shoulder. Height +3.0. - 75.
25. White I'anted IV oval amphora with base-ring, depressed shoulder: cylindical neck; flit, down-turned rim; handles from rm to soulder. Encincling lines and bands on belly, shoulder, and rim; groups of small, concentric cincles on shoulder, bordered zigzag lines on handles. Incomplete. Ileight +i.0. - 75.
26. Plain White IV jug, as No. 147. Ileckht 13 4. - 75.

3: Black-on-Red I (III) deep bowl wath base-ime whed sides moulded, out-turned rim, horizuntal handles on sides (iroups of encircling, concentric lines wutside and in; black rim and handles. Jat slip with trates of the polshing tool; rather worn surface. Diam. 21.0. - 70.
33. Plan White IV amphora, a N No 29. 1Ieraht 28.0. - 65
it. Red Slip II (IV) Hat bowl with Hat, sharhtly rased base, flat, horizontal rim. Jat slip with tates , of the polishing tool Dum. 20.0 --- 70.
35. Black-on-Red I (III) jug wath base-1my, obal body, short, narrow neck; pinched rim: twin-handle fiom rim to shoulder. Ilorizontal groups of encurblane lines on shoulder and nech; two groups of combentric circles, symmetrically plated on either bude with an inscrabed maltese eroms. liront decoratimil hanaing, double crossed hnes between somp-circles an houlder; group of concentric emale un belly bach ormament. groups of concentric carcles Black ram and liandle Hempht 23.0. 65
 37. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl with basermat curved sades; plain rum, emall, horrzontal handes below ram Groups of concentric. enercling limes outside and in, black rim and handles. Diamr 23 8 6s
$3^{8}$ Black-on-Red II (IV) bownl, as No. 21 1 lam 11.5 . ; 75
39. Plan White III plate with Hat base and curved sades Dlam 18.5. 0.5
to Red silip II (IV) bowl, ds No. Io. 1) 1 am 3 , $60-70$.
4. Red Slip I (III) bowl with that, shuhty ramed base, cunved sudes; plain rinn. Red, lustrous shp. I ${ }_{1}$ am . 23.0. 60.
+2 Red shp II (IV) hemispherical bowl with plain rim. Recl lustious shp with traces of the polishing tool. Grey, gratty clay. Diam. 13.5. - 60.
43. Buhrome IV spherical jug with base-ring; short, concare neek: pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encirclne. horifontal lines around shoulder and neckhane: degenerate was line around neck; vertical groups of alternating black and red concentric lines, symmetrically placed on ether side; groups of small, black and red concentric circles as front and back orna-ment-; vertical black and red lines on handle; black rmm. Height 20.5 - 58 .
+4. Bhack-on-Red I (1II) deep bowl with base-rıng; curved sudes; phan rim, horizontal handles on sides. Eight horizontal proones below rim; encircling lines outsude and in, black rim and handles. Diam. 20.5. +58 .
45 Black-on-Red I (III) Hat bowl with base-ring; curved sties, plan rim: horizontal handles below rim. Concentuc, encircline hlack lines outside and in; black rum; black handles with vertical strokes. Mat, red $-\operatorname{lip} \mathrm{I}_{1 \mathrm{am}}$ 26.0. - 55.
th. $^{\text {b }}$ Buchrome III oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical, narrow neck; out-turned, moulded rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Groups of black and red encircling lines on belly, shoulder, and neck; black and red lines on handle. Height $33.5-60$.
47. Bronze tweezer with a small, circular ring attached to top; two radges below ring, and slightly widening arms with in-bent, straight edges. Length 5.4. +68 .
$+i$. Sicarab of white steatite of Type $\mathrm{A}_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{4}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base, incision representing the goddess of Truth and an uracus Encircling line. See Appendices I and II. Length I. + . Height 063 . -70 .
4) Buchrome IV flat lid with small, raised knob; almost straight sides; flat, horizontal rim. Small depression made. Encircling red and black lines outside. Diam. 20.0. - 75 .
so lancet-shaped, long ron knife with one cutting edge; thick back; flat tang prerced by two rivets. The knife 1s slightly hont; pornt and top of tang missing. Length 19.5. - 70.
51. Buchrome IV jug, as No 23. Height 10.3. - 75.
32. (warse cooking pot, as No. 14. Herght 20.0. $\div 70$.

53 White Painted IV sack-shaped jug with flat, slightly ruled banc, hods narrowing upwards; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Band of alternating wade and narrow encircling lines on body; black line encircling neck; eye ornament below black rim; bordered, crossed lines on handle. Ileught 10.0. +70.
i.t. Black-on-Red I (III) jug with flat base; depressed bode, prominent handle-ridge; funnel-rim; handle from neck to thoulder. Encircling lines around body and neck, three $-w a s t i c a s$ on shoulder; ladder-pattern on handle. Iterght $8.5 . \quad ; 72$.
55. White Panted IV Jues with flat base; almost spherical bedy. colndrical neek with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle trom neck to shoulder. Encircling Ines around
shoulder and neck; ladder-pattern on handle. Height 12.5. +65 .
56. Iron knife with blade narrowing towards the point; one cutting edge; thick back; flat, forked tang, pierced by a rivet. Point missing. Length $18.5 . \div 70$.
57. White Painted IV bowl, as No. 18. Diam. 10.3. 82.
58. White Painted III oval jug with base-ring; slightly depressed shoulder; short, convex neck, narrowing upwards; pinched rim; twisted handle from rim to shoulder. Lines encircling belly, shoulder, and neckline; degenerate wavy line around neck; black rum and handle. Height 30.5. +70.
59. Bichrome IV jug with rased base; almost spherical body; long cylindrical neck with handle-ridge; funnel mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Groups of concentric black and red lines, symmetrically placed on either side; red neck-line with perpendicular, rhombical front ornament; two red strokes on handle very thick clay. Height $21.0 .+60$.
60. White Painted IV oval amphora with low foot; narrow, short neck; plain rim; small, vertical handles on belly. Encircling lines around belly, shoulder, and neck; degenerate wavy line around belly. Height $31.5 .+70$.
61. Red Slip I (III) flat bowl with base-ring; slightly curved sides; flat, horizontal rim. Nat, red slip with traces of the polishing tool. Diam. 35.0. Inside No 62.
62. Red Slip I (III) bowl, as No. 61. Diam. 35.0. - 50.
63. Black-on-Red I (III) deep bowl with base-ring; curved sides; plain rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encircling groups of lines outside and in; black rim and handles. Deformed in the kiln. Diam. 33.0. +85 .
64. White Painted IV bowl with flat base; flat, horizontal rim. A group of concentric circles inside; black rim. Diam. 12.5. +70 .
65. White Painted IV bowl, as No. 64. Diam. II.6. +75.
66. Black-on-Red I (III) deep bowl with base-ring; curved sides; plain rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encircling lines; black base-ring, rim and handles with vertical strokes. Lustrous, light red slip. Diam. 23.0. $+55$.
67. Red Slip II (IV) hemispherical bowl with plain rim. Dark, red slip; rather worn. Diam. 12.5. +70 .
68. White Painted IV hemispherical bowl with flat base; plain rim, red painted. Diam. ir.8. - 70.
69. Bichrome IV oval jug with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Red encircling lines bordered with black lines below shoulder; red band around belly; on shoulder, three groups of concentric circles; encircling black and red lines around neek; red rim. Handle missing. Height 10.0. +70 .
70. Cylindrical, grooved bead of light blue faience; a hole through the longitudinal axis. Length i.6. Diam. 0.65 . - 50 .
71. Bichrome III plate with flattened base; curved sides; plain rim; horizontal, knohhed handles helow rım. The bottom is decorated with two crossed bands,
one consisting of a zigzag line bordered with four parallel lines, the other is bordered with three black lines, and in the middle consists of two black lattice-triangles on both sides of black lozenges filled with latticed, small lozenges alternating with lozenges with red dots; in the triangular interspaces on both sides of the lozenges, are red lattice-triangles; in the four triangular interspaces between the cross arms are black swasticas. Black concentric carcles on the side, and inside the bottom. Grey gritty clay; rather worn surface. Diam. 27 .o. +70 .
72. Plain White IV depressed jug with flat base; wide, short neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Rim missing. Height 13.0. $\dagger 72$.
73. Red Slip I (III) flat bowl with flat base; curved sides; flat horizontal rim. Light red, lustrous slip. Diam. 14.1. +68 .
74. Black Slip Bichrome III plate with flat base; curved sides; plain rim; thick horizontal handles below rim. The base is decorated with alternating concentric, narrow black, and wide red circles. From this central decoration radiate alternating black zigzag lines bordered with black lines, and red M-ornament with black lattice-triangle. The edge of the base is decorated with a black zigzag line. Black sides and handles. Inside the bottom are encircling black lines. Diam. 42.0. + 70.
75. Black Slip Bichrome III plate, as No. 74, but with knobbed handles, and groups of transverse lines, around edge of base. Diam. 37.o. +65 .
76. Polychrome White pilgrim bottle with traces of concentric, white, black, and red circles on either side. Neck and handle missing; paint much worn. Foreign Ware. Height 9.o. +65 .
77. Bichrome II oval jug with flat base; neck widening upwards; basket-handle; spout on shoulder. Encircling black and red lines on belly and neck; encircling, bordered zigzag lines on shoulder with groups of short vertical lines hanging down over shoulder; black lines on spout; black bordered zigzag line on handle. Rim missing. Height $12.0 .+65$.
78. Straıght bronze pin with pointed end; a spiral twisted head of flat bronze. Point missing. Length $12.3 .+70$.
79. Bronze fibula with high bow with three collars; once coiled spring; pointed pin. Catch missing; pin broken. Badly corroded. Diam. 4.5. +48 .
8o. Bronze fibula, as No. 79, but smaller, and with three beads above catch; a thrice coiled spring. Catch and pin missing. Diam. 2.9. +52 .
81. Bichrome IV jug with flat base; depressed body; cylindrical neck; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Decoration worn off. Height 9.0. +50.
82. Fragment of an arrow-head of iron with square transverse section. Length c. $10.6 .+55$.
83. Bichrome IV jug with base-ring; almost spherical body; neck widening upwards, mid-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling red and black lines around neck and rim. Height 11.0 . -52 .
84. Red Slip II (IV) bowl with Hattened hase, curved sides; plain rim. Dark, mat slip. Dam. 14.'. 52.
85. Plain White IV oval jug with flat hase; whort, wide neck; plain rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Hewght 14.5. - 50.
86. Plain White IV jug, as No. 85. IItight 15.0. - 50.
87. White Painted IV depiessed jug with that hase, wade, short neck; pinched rim, handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black lines around shoulder and neck-line, eye ornament on either side of rim; black rim and handle. Height 155.4 . 5 .
88. Red Slip I (III) plate with Hat base; curved sides; flat, horizontal rim. Light red, lustrous slip. 11am. 26.0. - 53.
89. Plain White IV bowl; shape as No. 73. Diam. 13.8. 50 . 90. White Painted IV bowl, as No. I8. Diam, is.6. 50. 91. Red Slip II (IV') bowl, as No. 42. Red, lustrous slip. Incomplete. Diam. if.o. -35 .
92. Red Slip II (IV) deep bowl with base-ring; curved sides; plain rim; four, vertical strıng-hole projectıons below rim. Nat, darkened slip. Diam. 28.0. - 56 .
93. Red Slip I (III) bowl with base-ring; slightly cursed sides; flat, horizontal rim. Light, father worn slip. Diam. 39.0. +50 .
94. White Painted IV depressed jug wath tlat base; short, wide neck; pinched rim; handle from rm to shoulder, Encircling lines around helly and neck-line; on shoulder seven double crosses; eye ornament on ether sade of rim; ladder-pattern on handle. Height io 8. -65. 95. White Painted 1 V bow, as No. 18 . Dam 13 4. - 65. 96. Bichrome IV jug wath fiat base: almost spherscal body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; out-turned rmm, handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red liné on body, neck-line, and ram; ladder-pattern on handle; three hangıng, winged lozenges on houlder. Hérght 9.5. +50.
97. Bichrome IV jug with raised hase; hathly deptessed body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder Concentric, sertical, red and black lines symmetrically placed on eather side of body; four groups of small, concentric carcles as front ornament; black encircling line around neck; red rim; black handle. Height 11.2. -- 50,
98. Black-on-Red I (III) jue with that hase; slightly depressed body; narrow neck with handle-ridge, stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder Fncircline lines on body and neck; two groups of small, concentric carcles on shoulder; black lines on handle. Height in o. 'so.
99. Red Slip I (III) jug with Hat base; \&lohular body; narrow neek with sloghtly promment hande-ridere; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Light, slightly lustrous slip with traces of the polishines tool Height $16.5 .+50$
soo. Bichrome IV Alat bowl with Hat hase; sharhtly turved sides; flat horizontal rim. Encircling, concentric hlack and red lines as bottom decoration; an interrupted red line around rim. Diam $12.8-58$.

101 Blah-on-Rad l (11|) deep bowl with base-ring; curved sules, plan rim; and two horizontal handles below rim (eroups of encordine lines outside and in; black rms, back handles wath vertical strokes. Light red. Lustrous ship. One side missing Dian 22.0. - 5 S .
ro = Buchrome IV busl, as No. 100. Dram. 12 S . +60 .
1os Red Slıp 1 (III) Hat bowl with Hat base; slightly curved uldes, thatened rim. Red, lustrous slip. Duam ig.o. 50
10t White Panted II amphura with base-ring: sloghtly depressed shoulder: well marked neek-line; slightly oplasins. cursed neck. Hat rim; handles from rim to ,houlder Groups of encircling lines on belly and -houlder: arouph of vertical parallel lines on neek, between the handles, on either side, lozenges filled with smaller phan, and latticed chequers; bordered zurzag line on handles; rim decorated with thin, transberee lines. Iteight q6.0. - 70.
105 Red $\therefore$ llp I (III) Hat bowl wath that base; curved sides, Hat rim Light, red lustrous slap on outside; mat slip made. Dlam 20.0. - 52.
100 Blak-on-Red I (III) bowh. shape as No. 24. Diam 195. - 5 ※。

10- White Panted III jug with base-ring; slightly depresod shoulder; short, wide neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around shoulder and neck-line, degenerate wary line around neck, hack rim; bordered zigzag line on handle. Height 22.3 62
108. Whrte Panted III jug with flat base; almost globular bods, narrow neck, wadening upwards; stilted rim; handle from neck to slooulder. Band of encirching lines on shoulder, entircling wayy lines on neck; decoration of crossed lines on shoulder as front ornament. 'The decorations are in red colour. Height $13.9 .-60$.
10y. H3ack Slip If jug on low foot; slightly depressed shoulder; tapering neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to thoulder 'l'wo encircling, horizontal grooves on -houlder; body vertıcallỵ grooved. Heıght $16.5 .-70$.
110. White l'unted Il oval amphora with base-ring; slightly depressed shoulder; neck gently widening upwards; tlat, horroontal rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encirclener lines and bands on belly, shoulder and neck: a degenerate wary band on shoulder-line; bordered latice-lozenges on shoulder; crossed lines on rim; blak handle's with rertical strokes. Height 34.0. - 35 .
111. Bichrome III kylix on low stem; angular outline; plun rum; horizontal handles on sides. Encircling black lines on foot; a red line insode the rim; rertical bancls of thin lines between concentric semi-circles alternating wath buatreds, on sides. Diam. 20 3. Ileight 17.0. - 50.
112. White l'anted 111 bowl with flat, raised base; curved - Ides: plam ram, perced, horizontal handles with ode knob Encorcling black lines outende and in. Datm 15 K. - 65
If: Black-molRed II (IV) bewl with base-ring: curved
sides, plan rim; horizontal up-turned handles below rım Encircling hlack lines outside and in: black handles. Light red, Iustrous slip. Diam. 19.5. -- 60 .
114 Black-on-Red II (IV) jug with base-ring; almost globular body: well marked neck-line; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth, twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Group of horizontal, encircling lines on shoulder; vertical, concentric carcles on either side of body: black rim; Iadder-pattern on handle. Dark, red lustrous slip. Height 205 - ho.
115. Black-on-Red I (III) deep bowl with base-ring. curved sides; plan rim; horizontal up-turned handles on sides. Encircline red lines outside and in, black painted base-ring, rim, and handles. Light red, lustrous ship. Diam. $245 .-50$.
116 Hemspherical bronze bowl with flat rim. Dram. is.o. - 55.
117. Black Slip II amphoriskos on low foot; gently curved neck; flat rim; vertical handles from rim to shoulder. The body is vertical grooved. Height 14.9 . - +5.
11\%. White Panted II barrel-shaped jug with neck narrowing upwards; stilted rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Groups of vertical concentric curcles, symmetrically placed on either side; two winged lattice-lozenges as front ornament; encircling lines on neck and shoulder; zigzag lines on handle. Height is.o. +50 .
119. White Painted II barrel-shaped jug; almost spherical in shape; wide neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; flat rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Groups of concentric circles around a maltese cross; symmetrically placed on either side, wanged lattice-lozenges as front ornament, upper one filled with four small lozenges; horizontal bands of lattice-lozenges bordered with three parallel lines from the lower of which perpendicular, short lines hang down as back ornaments; encircling lines around neck and mouth; bordered zigzag lines on handle. Height 25.0. +45 .
120. Black-on-Red I (1II) jug with Hat base; depressed shoulder; narrow neck with prominent handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black lines around shoulder-line and neck; one group of small concentric circles as front ornament; ladder-pattern on handle. Height s.o. - 62.
121. Fragment of an iron knife with flat handle. Length 12.1. - 65.
122. Iron knife; slightly curved with a narrow blade; one cutting edge; thick back; pointed end. The tane is fiat, rettangular; thickening towards the blade; the top 1 s forked. Between tang and blade it is hollowed out, serving as gronve for a finger. Large pieces of wood on both sides of the tang. Pont mussing. Length 15.2. - 65.
123. Black-on-Red I (1II) deep bowl with base-ring; curied side:: plain rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encorcling lines outside and in, black foot, rim and handles. Mat, light red slip. Diam. 21.3-42.
124. White Painted III deep bowl with base-ring; curved,
in-turned sades; plam, thack rim: horizontal handles on sides. Encircling line around lower part of body and insule: belus am band conssting of winged lattice-lozengen between fields. croosed line and a vertical band of lattice-lozenges bordered with four, parallel, sertical lines. Dam 25.0. Height in 5 - +5 .
125. Whate Punted II jue with hane-raner: shehtly depressed shoulder; narrow neck, wdening upwards: handle from neck to shoulder. Bands of coneentric lines symmetrically placed on ether sude: chequers filled with small lattice-chequers an tront ornament: horngontal lader-pattern with perpendicular short lines d. back ornament, encircline line around mouth: hordered gigzag lines on handles. Rim missing. Herght 15.5 +o.
126. White Panted II howl wath Hat have. cursed sider; plan rim; horizontal handles on ram. Encircling lines outmide and in Dtam. 12555.
127. Bichrome III pilgrim botle with narrow neck: funnelshaped mouth; handles from nek tushoulder. Enemeding vertical black and red lines simmetrically placed on either sade: ladder-pattern on handles: dists doond rim Henght ifto. - 50.
12S. Bichrome III buttle, is No. 127. llenght $1+2$. 55. 129. Polychrome White harrel-shaped jue of almost globular shape; narrow neck and funnel-mouth; handle from nech to shoulder. Groups of vertical black, whate, and red concentric carcles, symmetrially placed on either side of body; three crossed lines as front and back ornaments; encircling black, white, and red lines around mouth, transtemse black lenes on handle. Yellow wash; gritty clay. Foremgn ware. Height 37.0. - 50 .
130 White Painted II bowl, shape ds Ňo. 126, but with narrow grooves helow the rim. Diam. 120. - $5+$. 131. Bichrome III plate with low flat basc-ring: shachtly curved sides; plain rim; horizontal knobbed handles below rim. At the madle of the base, a lattucechequer encircled by black and red lines; from this ornament radate alternating red X-ornaments, bordered with hlack parallel lines, and latticed maltriangle; latice-lozenges bordered with alternating parallel lines and zarzate lines: the base-ring in decorated with a zogzag line ; encirchene lines on lower part of sides, upper part, and landles black Insale, groups of coneentric circles. Diam. 39.5. - 50 .
132. Black hip 11 amphoriskos with that base; wenty curved shoulder; flat, forizontal rmm; handles from rim to shoulder. Black, rather reddish mat slip; rather wom Heicht $1+0$. - 50.
1:3.3 Bichrome IIl plate with that base, curveal uden: one presersed knobbed handle below rim. Base decoratted with two crossed bands: the one with ied. black bondered X -ornaments with a mad-triangle filled with lattue-lowenges; the other band combsts of black lattice-lozenges, alternatine with triangles filled with recl paint. In the spaces between the cross arms
are black chevrons filled with red paint; enorching lines on side, and inside plate. l'iecer misomg. Inam. 190. $\quad 50$.
134. Buchrome IV howl with hach bae-rine; curved sides; tlat, horizontal rmm. Red rmm; red patel as bottom ornament insule, enemetel by black lines. Dam. 12.5. - 6+.
1.3. Buhrome 11 pilerim bottle, depresed on the sides; side knobs splaying funnel-moutb; handles from neck to whoulder lertical red and black lines semmetrically rlaced on either side: encircling black and red linc on mouth, ladder-pattern on handles Rimchapped. Herght 122. - 62.
136. Black Silip Bichrome $11 I$ plate with flat base, cursed sades: plann rim; handles helow rmm. In the middle of hase. concentre alternating red and black carcles; from the omament radate alternatine red $\quad \mathrm{l}$-omaments bordered with black lines, the mid-trangle of which is decorated with one lattice trangle, one lattice-luzenge, and black zis\%ag lines burdered with parallel lines The edge of loace is deconated with encreling band, and a zuszay Ime. Black painted sides and hamdle?; mode, eoneentric urclen Diam $39.0-6+$
137. Plain White 111 bew with that base: slughtly cursed ades; plan rim. Reddlosh washed surface. Diam. 18.0. 57.
138. Black Shp Bichrome III howh wath slightly convex, raised boree, curtad sudes; plan rim, lonobbed handles helow rmm. As base ornament, there is a black maltese cross, encircled by a red band and red lines; from this centre radate thee red $\quad 1$-ornaments bordered with black lines; the mad-trianole filled with plan and lattue-elogences in the space between these ornaments, there are other ornaments of three hands: two zigzay lines, boidered wath parallel lines, whe transerse zagzag hene hordered wath parallel lines and transserse linc. band of lattice-hecpuces bordered with parallel lines; edge of base decorated wath black pay\%ag line, black wile and hander, made. (one antric cirle Diam. 450 . 55 .
139 Plan Whate $1 I$ woblet with harh foot; colandrical stem with mud-ridec, bishty curved beten, that rmm. Buff, gratty clay. Duam. 150 . Ilerght 13.0 . - 0.
$1 t^{\circ}$ White lanted II owal amphora with base-ming, condave neak: flat rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Belly. shoulder, and neak decorated with encirchang bands and lines, one degenerate wave line on body; on shoulder, four vertacal whater lines borelered with parallel lines: four eroups of thansverse hacs on ram: back handics lhaght +35 . 30 .
if1 Red silp II (IV) bowl with Hat base: shartly curved sules; flat, horiontal rim. Lasht red, mat slap, somewhat polishecl. Dam 17.5 - so.
1+2 Blak Shap Buchrome lli plate with flat base: hightly cursed. veitically urooned uder, plan rim: knobbed horizontal handle: below rim. Base decorated with
a blah maltene cross entircled by a red hand and black line. from tbis centre radate black M-ornaments with latticed mad-trianerle, atternating with black higzag lines, burdered whth parallel lines. Sides covered by hakk slip. Insole decorated with black, concentric lines. Diam, 26o. - 50.
+.3 Whate lainted II amphora w:th base-ring; oval hody with shghty depuessed shoulder; shohtly concave neck, out-turned. that 1 m , handles from rim to shoulder. Belly, shoulder, neck-line, and rim decorated wath encircling lines, on neek, two degenerate wasy lines: transserse lines un rim, bordered ziggater lines on handles. Heluht 45 5. 30
t+4. Red Shp I (III) bowl with Hattened base; slightly curred sicles; plan rim Buff, gritty elay; red lustrous, polished slop Dlam rus. $\quad$ - 32.
145. Red Slip I (IIJ) bowl, as No. I4+. Diam. 12 8. -65.

14'. White Panted II barrel-shaped jug with almost spherical body: narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; Hat rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Groups of circles symmetrically placed on either side: two winged lattice-lozenges as front ornament, and one similar as back ornament; encircling lines around neck and rim; bordered rigzag lines on handle Height $16.5 \quad+45$
147. Plan White III jug with Hat base; oval body with slightly depressed shoulder; ridge at neck-line; wade mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 13.0 . $-45$.
I ${ }^{8}$ Black-on-Red I (III) bowl with base-ring; slightly curved sides; plain rim; horizontal string-hole handles on rim. Encircling black lines outside and in: black rim and base-ring. Height $300 .-45$
149. Plan White II goblet, as No. 139. Stem missing Diam. 17 2. - 75.
150. Plan White II deep bowl with flat base; curved sides; plain rim. Diam. $136 .-50$.
151. Black-on-Red I (II I) bowl with base-ring; curved sides; plan rim; knobbed horizontal string-hole projections at rim. Encircling black lines outside and in. Dian $240 .-38$.
152. Plan White III jug, as No. I4\%, but without ridge at neck-line. Height i+.0. - 50.
153 Black Slip II jug with base-ring; oval body; neck narrowing upwards: pinched rim, handle from rim to -houlder. Thin, black slip, somewhat reddish. Height $260 .-35$.
154. Red Slip 1 (lll) open bowl with Hat base; curved sides; plan rim. Buff claỵ; red lustrous slip, polished at outside. D1am. IK $1 . \div 60$.
155. Black-on-Red I (III) Jug with that base, spherical hody; eylindrical neck; funnel-nouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encireline black lines around shoulder and neek, ladder-pattern on handle. Red lustrous, polished $\rightarrow$ lip Ileight 24.3.
${ }^{156}$. Plan White III fat howl with flat base, and curved side's. Dlam. $18+\cdots 53$.
157. Plain White IlI bowl, :4 No. 156. Dram. 18.8. $\cdots 5$
158. White Painted IV jug with ond body; Hat base; short, shghtly convex neek; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. lincircling lines on shoulder and neck-line; wary band around neck; black rim; bordered zigzag line on handle. Height i8.5. +50.
159. Black-on-Red I (III) amphorıskos with Hat base; oval body; narrow neck; handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Fnearcling black lines around hody and neck; four groups of four concentric corcles on shoulder; black vertical lines on handles. One handle, and prece of mouth missing. Height ${ }_{11} 8$. + 50. 160. Ked Slip I (III) plate with Hat, slightly rased base; Hat, horizontal rim. Dark, red lustrous slip, polished on outside. Diam. 22 5. t 45 .
161. Red Slip I (III) plate, as No. 160 Diam. 26.8. +45.
162. Red Slip I (III) bowl with flattened base; curved sides I.ight red, lustrous, polished slip. Diam. I4.2. +45

163 Real Slip I (III) Hat bowl wath base-ring, curved sides, flat horizontal rmm. Light red, polished slip. Diam. $29.0 . \div 50$.
164. Bichrome II pılgrim bottle; slightly depressed from sides; short neck; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical black and red lines symmetrically placed on either side. R1m and handles missing. Nuch damaged. +50 .
165. Bronze fibula, as No. 79, but with thrice coiled spring; catch preserved. Complete. Diam. 4.r. $\div 58$.
166. Scarab of blue paste of Type $A_{4}-B_{+}-C_{4}$. On base, ineision representing standing man with outstretched arm before an uraeus. Encircling line. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.5. Height $0.75 .+35$.
167. Black-on-Red I (III) jug with base-ring; almost spherical body; long, cylindrical neck; pinched rim; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Band of encircling horizontal lines around shoulder; two vertical bands of concentric lines symmetrically placed on either stide; three crossed lines, and tight small groups of concentric circles as front ornament; concentric semı-circles, and two groups of concentric circles as back ornament; encircling line on neck; ladder-pattern on handle. Height 20.5. $+35 \cdot$
168. Axe-head of iron. Nuch rusted. Length 18.0. +35 .
169. Bichrome III Jug with Hlat base; depressed body; narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black line around body; red mouth. Height 8.5. +50 .
${ }^{7} 70$ Biehrome II harrel-shaped jug with prominent sideknobs; narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical, concentric circles symmetrically placed on either side; red mouth. Height $8.5 .+50$.
171. Bichrome II jug, as No. 170. Height $85 .+50$.
172. Red Slıp I (III) plate with base-rıng; plan rım; horizontal string-hole handle below rim. Iaght red slip polished on outside. Diam. 21.5. +50 .
173. Red Slop II (IV) oval jug with low base-ring; cylındrical neck, wide, pinched rim with a straner perced by four rows of holes; handle from rim to shoulder. Jug covered by a very than, reddish dark, mat slip; rather worn. Height $280 . \div 50$.
174. White Panted III deep bowl with base-ring, cursed sides, gently contracted rim: horizontal up-turned handles on sides. Concentric circles above hase and around rim; black handles. Diam. 25.5. - 40 .
175. Red Slip I (III) jug on low foot; almost spherical body; long neek widening upwards; handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Below base of handle on shoulder, there is a slightly prominent knob. Grey, gritty clay; light, lustrous slip. Rim missıng. Height 17.0. +40 .
176. White Painted II kylix on high foot, gently curved sides; contracted rim; horizontal handles on sides. Encircling bands on foot, sides, rim, and inside; below rim there is a border of a different kind on either side: on one side vertical bands of chequers bordered by parallel lines, and dotted zigzag lines, bordered with parallel lines, alternatıng with fields decorated with crossed lines; on the other: vertical bands of chequers bordered with parallel lines, and a double zigzag line bordered with parallel lines alternating with fields as first side; black handles. Diam. 20.0. Herght 16.2. Inside Nio. 174
177. Coarse jug with Hattened base; curved sades, tapering upwards; plain rim; large, vertical handle below rim. Darkened surface. Height 120 . Inside No. 176.
178. Black-on-Red I (1II) jug, as No. 208. Heıght $80 .-55$.
179. Plain White III bowl with flattened hase; in-bent rim. Buff, gritty clay, reddish wash. Height 14.5 . Insude No. 174.
180. Black Slip III oval jug with hase-ring; short, wide neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Jug covered by a thin, reddish, dark mat slip. Height 24.0. Inside No. I43.

18r. Plan White Ill jug, as No. i47. Prece of rm and handle missing. Height $14.0+30$.
182. Fragment of a plain, thin bronze pin. Length 2.5. i- 5.5 .
183. White Painted III oval jug with base-ring; short neck narrowing upwards; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Two bands of encircling lines on belly and shoulder; encircling line around neck-line; degenerate wavy line around neck; bordered zigzag lines on handles. Rim chipped. Height 19.5. - +0.
184. Scarab of white steatite of Type A2-B2-C'2. On hase, hieroglyphic inscription with the blundered name of Amon. Rest meaningless. See Appendices I and II. Length i.3. Height 0.75. + +50 .
185. Scarab of white steatite of Type Az-Bz-C2. Double elytra. On base, a cartouche with the name of Men-kheper-re (Thutmes III). Over it a flying hird (falcon?) wath outstretched wings. Encircling line. Sice Appendices I and II. Length 1.7. Height 0.75. $1-50$.
186. Plain finger ring of sılver; circular section. Diam 2.1. +50 .
187. Oblong head of amber with one side flat; trangular transverse section; pierced by a narrow hole through Iongitudinal axis. Broken. Length 2.3. +58 .
188. Oval bead of amber depressed on the sules, pereed by a narrow hole through longitudinal axis. Length $1.3 .+50$.
189. Bronze fibula, as No. So, but with only two beads. Diam. 2.7. -48 .
I 30 Bronze fihuld, ds No. 79, but with thinner bow, and two beads and one collar. twice twisted spring Pin and catch miseng. Diam 46. -. 50 .
191. Bronze tibulı, as Nio 79. Pın missmy. D 1 am 3 3. - 50
192. Bronze fibula, as No. Fg, but imaller. Diam. 3.2 - 41 .
193. White Panted 11 barrel-shaped jug with sule-knohs; slightly depressed from the sides; narrow neck, wdenng upwards; funnel-mouth; hande from neck to shoulder. Vertical bands of concentric bands symmetrically placed on either side, encireling line on neck. Rim missing. Height II.5. +33 .
194. Black-on-Red 1 (IH) amphoriskos with flat, small base; almost globular hody; narrow neck; handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handles from netk to shoulder. Cnerreting lines on body and neek; four groups of small, concentric circles on shoulder: black handles. Laght red, lustrous slip. Height 12.0 - 37.
195 Plan White 1 II flat bowl with flat base; curved sdes; plan rim Diam. $185 .-40$.
196. Black-on-Red 1 (II1) owal juy with Hat hase; narrow neek; funnel-mouth; handle from neck tos shoulder. Encirclong lines and bands on shoulder and neck; one group of small, concentric eircles on shoulder as front ornament; hlack handles Hewht $88-47$.
197. Buchrome If oval juge with flat base; short, cilindrical neck; stilted rim: handle from neck to shoulder. Red band hordered woth black linc- tnencling body, black encircling the around neck; four swaticas on shoulder; ladeler-pattern on handle Husht 203.35
198. Black-on-Red I (III) depressed jue with flat hase; narrow neck. handle-rilge; wide funnt l-mouth, handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines on helly and neck, one swasteat as front ornament on shoulder, ladder-pattern on handle. Red lustrous shp. Hemeht S.O. - 35 .
199. Black-on-Red I (1II) flat bowl with Hat base; plan rim; horizontal strong-hole handle with wele-hnob on rmm. Encracling lines on hase and sides. Danl 192. - 35.
200. Plan White 111 jus, as Nio. it7 Hemetht $1+525$

20I. Shightly bent iron knife with blade tapernerg towards the end; one cuttines cdese; theck bach; flat tane with forked top; pierced hy a bronze and an tron riset. Point misome; broken. Lensth 18 s. . 3.3
202. White Paunted III that bowl with flat bast cursel sides; plan ram; horbontal hande helow rim. l:nerelone lines outside and 1 n ; black rim and handle Dam. 17.8. 〒 31 .
203. Bichrome If that bowl with Hat base; curvel sude; phan rim; horizontal strins-hole handle on rmm. Red band bordered be three black lines encireling the wutside; coneentric circles inside; red rim and handle. Diam. 22.2. 34.
204. Bichrome Il open bowl with flat, rased base; slightly cursed sides; plan ram; horizontal handles below rim. Base decorated with concentric red and black lines;
on cdere of base, transerse lines; encorclenge base there are one red band and a blak zeleage line altarnating with thin, hlack encirchnes lines insude Black rim and handles. Diam 22 S . - 37
205 Red alp II (IV) flat howl with small, hat base; curved -des; Hat, horizontal rmm I.ight red slip, polished on outrade. Dlam. 130. -- $4+$.
20t. Plan Whate III flat bowl wath flatened hase: curved sules Dianl 135 … 4.
207. Buchrome III wal jug with hasi-ring; narrow neek, tapering upsards: stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Red hand bordered with black lenes enereling hells. black lines encircling neck; black hird, walking right, on shoulder as front ornament. At one sode of shoulder a tree ornament: on opposite side a vertical zarzag line, bordered with parallel lines; zrozay lines on handle Heaght 20.0. - 33 .
208. Black-on-Red I (III) depressed jug with flat hase; narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Bands of encircling lines on shoulder and neck; three groups of small, concentric circles on shoulder; black handle. He1ght 8.5. - 33.
209. Black-rn-Red I (III) jus, as No 208, hut with swaticas instead of concentric eircles; ladder-pattern on handle Light red, somewhat partly darkened, lustrous slip. Herght 1 +.0. --- $\quad$ 。
210. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No. 209. Mat, darkened $\checkmark$ lip Hereht 12.0 . +0
211 Black-on-Red I (III) bowl with Hlat, rased base, curved sdeb; plan rim; horizontal, waw strine-hole handles on rim. Dam. $1++$ - +2.
212 Black-on-Red I (III) jug with flat hase; slightly depressed bode, narruw neck; handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines on belly and neck; ladder-pattern on handle. Height 96.40
213 Black-on-Red I (III) flat bowl with basc-ring: cursed sides: plan rim; horizontal string-hole handles with side-knobs below rim. Eincircling lines outside and in: black rim and handle. Light red, shghtly lustrous, polished slip Diam. $255 .+45$.
214. Black-on-Red I (III) jug with flat base; narrow neck; handle-ridec; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines on body and neck, three swasticas on shoulder; black handles. Height 8.0 - 38.
215. Plain White II goblet, as No 139, but without mid-ridge on stem. Herght 15.5 . - 38 .
216. Plain White II deep howl with curved sides; flat hase; contracted rim; horizontal string-hole handles below rim. Dianı. 13.5. - 45 .
217 Black-on-Red I (III) plerrm hottle with spherical body; narrow neck; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical concentric lines symmetrically placed on both sides.
 Heaght 115 - 35.
218 White lanted II that bowl wath low base-ring; cursed sides: plan rim; knohhed handles helow rim; on bare, lattice-lozenge with filled triangles on the angles.
encarcled by black hand, hordered with lincs. From this centre, radhate alternating black M-ornaments with lattoce mad-trangle and double zigzag lines, hordered wath parallel hine The bacering is decorated with a zigzag line; black rim and handle. Encircling lines mande. Diam. 370. . 30.
219. Corrse cooking-pot, as Liu. 238. Herght 16 5. . fo.

220 . Whate Panted II barrel-shaped jug: depressed on the wdes; whout wde-knols; narmow neck with funnelmouth; flat imm; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical hands of encircling lins semmetrically placed on both sides; encarcling lines around neck: ladder-pattern on handle. Hetght $122 .-35$.
221. White Panted III bowl with flat base; plan rmm; horizontal handle on rim One encreling hand round side Dtant. 10.5 - 35 .
222. White Painted III oval juṭ inth flat base; neck widening upwards; pinched rum; handle from rom to shoulder. Encircling lines around belly; shoulder, and neek-line; degenerate wary line around neck; eye ornaments below the rim: ladar-pattern on handle, Heaght 20.5 . -45 .
223 Plan White III deep bowl with low hase-ring; curved sdes: plan fim; two herizontal handles on sides Diam. 22.0 - 32.
224. White Panted II kylix on a low foot gently cursed sades; plain rim; horizontal handles on the sides. Below rim, band decorated in the midde with a lattece-hezenge, bordered with parallel lines; on both sides of this, a field filled with crossed lines and vertical zigzar lines, hordered with parallel lines. Black panted fout, rim, and handles. Inside, concentric circles. Diam. if 5. Helght 130 . - 30.
225. White Painted Il jug with base-ring; cylindrical neck with med-ridge, stilted rim: hande from neck to shoulder Belly, shoulder and neck decorated with encircling lines; one lattice-lozenge bordered with three parallel lines an front ornament on the shoulder; two swasticas and a chequered band on the sides of shoulder. Cpper part damaged. Heipht 16.0 -. 38.
226. White Panted If kylix on low foot; slightly curved sides; plain rim; two horizontal handlea on sides. Upper part decorated with alternating vertical zyzag lines, bordered with parallel lines and croseed lines; hlack foor, rim, and handle Inside, concentric carcles. Diam 15.0. Height 12.0. - 40.
227. White Painted III pilgrim bottle, depressed from the sides; narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Yertical bands of concentric lines symmetrically placed on eather side; encircling lincs around mouth. fadder-pattern on handles. Height 16.0. 40.
228. Bichrome III open bowl with flat, low base-ring; curved nder: plan rim, twohorizontal handes below rim; on base, black and red eoneentric carcles: on base-ring, zagzag line; around the base, at red earcle hand burdered with blach lines, from thin centre radate red M-ornat
ments with lattice mid-triangle, alternating with vertical zigzag lines, bordered hy two parallel lines. Concentrie circles inside. Black rim and handles. Dram. 27.8. + to.
229 Bichrome III bowl, as Nis 228. Base decorated with concentric black and red lines with inscribed black maltese eross; enerreling line on the base-ring, traversed by cross lines. Lower part of sudes encircled by black and red lines; from this centre radate red $\mathbf{~ M}$-ornaments with hlack mid-triangle, alternating with vertical bands of red, black hordered lozenges. Inside, concentric carcles; hlack rim and handles. Diam. $27.8 .+38$.
230. White Panted III bowl with base-ring; curved sudes; bont-in rim; one horizontal handle betow rim. Black dots on rim and handle Diam i7.3. + + 0 .
231. Black-on-Red I (III) flat bowl with flat base; curved sides; plan ram; two horizontal string-hole handles at the rim. Encircling concentric lines outside and in; black rim and handles. Laght red, partly darkened slip: polished outside and in. Diam. 192. + 4o.
232. Bichrome II deep bowl with base-fing; curved sides; plain rim; two horizontal handles on sides. Encircline bands on belly and inside; below rim, a band of alternating bordered zigzag lines and vertical parallel lines. and fields filled with crossed lines and a lattice-lozenge. Dtam. 15.5. +30
233. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No. 208. Henght 7.8 - 49.

234 Black Slip II amphoriskos on low foot: curved sides: wade neck; flat rim: two vertied handles from rim to shoulder; body vertıcally rıbbed; thın, dark slıp Heıght 15.6. + + 0 .
235. White Panted III howl, as No. 230. Dlam. 176. - 33
236. White Painted pilgrim bottle; slightly depressed from the sidts; narrow neek with large mouth; large handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical groups of concentric lines symmetrically placed on both sides; transverse lines on handles. Forelgn ware. Helght 12.5. - 30.
237. White Painted bottle, as No 236. Height 12.5. - 30.
$23 \%$. Coarse cooking-pot, slightly depressed from above: plan rim; two vertical handles on the sides. Height $170-35$
239. Black-on-Red I (III) Jug with globular body, neekline ridge and handle-ridge; gently curved funnelmouth; handle from neek to shoulder. Vertical concentric lines symmetrically placed on etther side. Light red, nat slip with rather worn surface. Height 18.5 Found in No. 238.
2 fo. Black-on-Red I (III) howl with flat base; curved sides, plain rim; horizontal string-hole handle on rim. Encireling black lines outside and in. Nat, light red slip. Diam. 19.0. : 32.
2+1. Black Slip Bichrome III Hat bowl with flat base and curved sides; plain rm, knobbed handles below rim On hase, two white, crossed hands: the first decorated with red panted, black bordered II -ornaments with black lattice mad-triangle, the other band is bordered with black ladder-pattern and has a red zogzag line in the midelte: the trangles in the angles are black latticed.

The sides are covered by a thin, hlack slip; inside, concentric carcles. Dam. 25 5. - 35 .
242 Hemıspherical bronze bowl. Found inside No. 213.
243. Fragments of a bronze bow 1 . Found inside Nio. 242

24+. Arrow-head of iron with nudrib; two edges; short sold tang. Nuch rusted. Length 7.7. - 45 .
245. Plain White III bowl, as No. 230. Diam. 18.5 -- 35.
246. White Painted II bow 1 , as No. 232, but with chequered band instcad of the zigzay line. Diam. is.8. - 35.
247. Plan White II jug with pointed base; cylindrical sides; well marked shoulder-linc; short, narrow neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to below shoulder-line. Grey, gritey clay. Height 9.5. - 35 .
248. Bichrome II jus with base-ring; slightly depressed shoulder; cylindrical neck with handle-ridge; outturned rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling red band, bordered with two lines around body; encireling black bands around belly and neck; lattice-lozenge bordered with three parallel lines as front ornament on shoulder; swasticas and vertical lines on the shoulder; bordered, blach zigzag lines on handle. Height 17.0. +30 .
249. Bichrome III bowl, as No. 228. Diam 282. - 40.
250. Bichrome II jug, as No. 248. Hught 16.0. - 45 .
251. Plan terracottal lamp with flat, rased hase; flat pinched rim. Rim chopped. Length 13.8 . -52 .
252. White Panted III bowl, as No 230. Diam. 165 - 52. 253. Bichrome Il plate with flat hase; curved sides; plan rım : two horizontal, knobbed handles below rim. (in base, concentric red and black lines; from this eentre radate four red, black-bordered M -ornaments with lattice midtriangles, alternating with four band of lattice-squates, encircling lines on the sides and inside, black rins and handles. Diam. 19.5. - 45.
254 Whate Panted II kylix on low forot; gently cursed sider; plan rim: two horizontal handles on sides. Below rim, the side is decorated with a band of alternating, bordered zigzag lines, crossed lines and vertical, chequered bands; black panted foot, rim, and handles. Dlam 13.5. - 35.
255. Plan White II bowl with flattened base; curved sides; plan rim; pieces misang. Dlam, 15.2. - 35.
256. Hemispherical bronze bowl. Diam. 12.5. - 25
257. Fragments of undecorated sheet-gold Lenath 25 : 4.0. - 27 .
258. Scarab of white steatite of Type $A_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{4}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Elỵtra marked by double linc. On base inctision representing a kneeling man shooting a lion with bow and arrow. Encircling line See Appenelices I and II. Lenyth 18. Height 0.85. - 27 .
259. Bichrome pilgrim hottle with body shaghtly depressed on the sides; neck widening upwards; two handes from neck to shoulder. Vertical red and hlack lines symmetrically piaced on either sude; dots on handles. Thick clay; lustrous surface. Foreign ware. Height 11.0. 25.

2 tho 1 Fratgment of a blade of an iron knife, thack hack; one cutting edge. Length 6.5. - 25 .
261. White Painted Il bowl with flat base; curved sides; plan rim; tuo horizontal string-hole handles at the rim. Base deceration worn off; around base, encircling lines and four radiatong, plan Xlornaments wath lattice mad-trangle. Height 13.0 . -25 .
Aupplementary catalogue
262. Black-on-Red I (IIl) bowl with base-ring; curved sides: plan rim; two horizontal handles helow rim. Encircling lines above base-ring on sides, outside and in; black handles and rim. Diam. 29.5.
263 Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, as No. 264. Diam. 27.5.
264 Black-on-Red II (IV) howl with Hat hase; curved sides; plan rim: two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling black lines outside and in; black rim and handles. Diam. i8.5.
265. White Painted IV deep bowl with flattened base; straght sides. Wide, black band on rim. Grey, finely silted clay. Diam. If.5.
266. White Painted IV bowl, as No. 265 , but with red painted rim. Dlami i3.o.
267. White Panted IV bowl, as No. 266, but with tlat base. Diam. I3.2.
268. White Painted IV bowl, as No. 266. Diam. 18.7.
269. Black-on-Red I (III) bowl with Hat base; curved sides; Hat rim; two horizontal handles helow rim. Encircling lines outside. Light red, polished slip. Diam. 19.4. 270. Bichrome IV Hat bowl with base-ring; raised sides; flat horizontal rim. Encırcling black and red lines outside and in. Diam. 24.0.
271. Plain White III open bowl with flat base; curved sides. $\mathrm{D}_{1 \mathrm{am}}$ 18.5.
272. Plain White III bowl, as No. 271. Diam. 19.0.
273. Plan White III howl, as No. 271. Diam. 18.3.
274. Plan White IV plate with flat hase; almost straight sides; wide, flat rim. Damaged. Diam. 2i.z.
275. White lainted IV flat howl, as No. 49. Encircling lines on base and sides. Diam. 20.0.
276 Red Slip 1 (11I) Jug with high foot and oval body with depressed shoulders; long neek wadenıng slaghtly upwards; panched rim; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. At the sides of the handle base on the rim, are small knobs, a smular knob at the shoulder helow handle.

Metal imitating shapes. Buff gritty clay, covered by red lustrous, fine polished slip. Height 32.8 .
277. Black slip II amphoriskos on low foot; gently curved sides and neck; flat rim; two vertical handles from rim to shoulder; sides of body carelessly rıbbed; thın, black slip. Height if.o.
278. Black-on-Red Il (IV) globular jug with base-ring; narrow, cylindrical neck; pinched rim; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Around shoulder, horizontal band of encircling lines; vertical bands of lines symmetrically placed on both sides; on the belly, groups of small, concentric circles; on the shoulder, four groups of small, concentric circles on both sides of three crossed lines, as front ornament; encircling lines on neck; vertical lines on handle. Light red, lustrous slip. Neck chipped. Height 22.0 .
279. White Paınted III jug with base-rıng; almost globular body; short, wide neck; pınched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling bands of lines on neck and belly; degentate wary line around neck. Black rim and base-ring; bordered zigzag line on handle. Height 22.0.
280. Bichrome IV amphora with base-ring; curved sides; well marked shoulder-line; very short, wide neck; two horizontal handles on sides. Encırcling black and red lines on belly, shoulder, and neck; below shoulder a frieze of three lotus flowers alternating with buds painted in red; black ladder-pattern on handles. Height 22.6.
281. Bichrome IV depressed jug with flattened base; cylindrical neck with handle-ridge; slightly stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Upper part of neck decorated with encırcling black and red lines. Buff, finely silted clay. Height 15 .o.
282. White Painted IV depressed jug with flat, raised base; short, slightly concave neck; cursed handle from rim to shoulder. Two tree ornaments as front decoration on shoulder; on both sides of shoulder, two flying birds with hatched bodies; encireling line on neck; hordered zigzag lines on handle. Finely silted clay. Rim missing. Height 13.5.
283. Fragments of two jugs, as No. 282 but with pinched rim. On the shoulder, six tree ornaments; neck-line marked by encircling line; eve ornaments below the rim.
284. Bichrome IV bowl with flat base; straight sides; flat rim. Encircling black and red bands and lines outside and in. Red, short lines on rim. Diam. 13.5 .

The distribution of the finds between the various burial layers is shown by the following diagram:



Fig. 12. Imathus. Tomb 7, Finds in situ, 3rd burial stratum (1); 2nd hurial stratum (2); ist burial stratum (3); Section $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{t})$.

## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery found on the first burial floor dates from the Cypro-Geometric II and III periods, the bulk, (cf. Wh. P. Ware) however, being of 'Type II. The eomparatively large number of rases of the Black-on-Red I (III) Ware found in this layer is worth notice. Possibly some of these pots, all small bottles, are imported and the suggestion may be made that this class is partly to be dated to the true transition between the Cypro-Geometric II -III periods, or even to the Cypro-Geometric II period and contemporary with some of the White Painted II Ware; especially as most of the pots were found among the earlier deposits of the layer in the $W$. part of the tomb. The few pots of Type III belonging to this layer all represent very early types within the class. This burial floor has thus been used during the true transition between the Cypro-Geometric II and III periods, or possibly the beginning of Period III.

The pottery found on the second burial floor shows ${ }^{r}$ Types II-IV. Type II are still common; Type III are well developed; Type IV are comparatively few, and generally early. It may be true that some of the earlier pots found in this layer have been taken from the lower layer at the time when the second floor was levelled. Otherwise it seems difficult to explain the great variation of vase classes in this layer. As is shown by the pottery on the second floor it must have been used during the Cypro-Geometric III, and early Cypro-Archaic I periods.

The bulk of the pottery found in the uppermost layer consists of fully dereloped Type IV, but there is also plenty of Type III. The Wh. P. II amphora, No. iot, may be explained as being removed from some of the lower layers. Type III are comparatively few in number. This is especially noted as regards the Black-on-Red and the Red Slip wares. As the latest burial on the second floor could be dated to the beginning of the Cypro-Archaic I period it is necessary to date the uppermost burials to the end of the same period.

As to the absolute chronology, the scarabs of this tomb may be diseussed here. Two scarabs (Nos. 166 and 258) were found in the first burial stratum. According to Professor Newberry scarabs as No. 166, are rery common and range from the Ramesside period onwards. The specimen is "jedenfalls ror-Saitisch" according to Dr. Pieper (see Appendices I and II). The other scarab from this layer, No. 258 , according to Professor Newberry dates from the Ramesside period. According to Dr. Pieper, too, it should be assigned to a period before the Saite period. - The two scarabs found in the second burial layer (Nos. $188_{+}$and 185 ) are, as is shown by the Appendices, to be dated to the same period, or slightly later (No. 185, Appendix II). - In the uppermost, third burial layer only one scarab (No. 48 ) was found. It has in both Appendices been assigned to the Ramesside period (before iooo B. C.). For the chronology of the tomb, the scarabs from the first layer, however, are important as a terminus post quem for the whole tomb.


Fig. I3. Amathus. Tomb 7 seen from the West.


Fig. If. Amathus. Tomb 7, and layer with finds in situ.

$$
\text { TOMB } 8 \text { (Figs. II: } 7 ; \mathrm{I}_{5} ; 17: \mathrm{I}-3 \text { ) }
$$



SHAPE
The dromos of this tomb is rather rudimentary. It slopes steeply towards the entrance. At the beginning of the dromos, there is a roughly marked step. The stomion evidently was built with orthostatic jambs, which, however, had been removed, as also the lintel. The jambs could be traced by depressions in the rock on both sides of the entrance. In these holes or depressions, some rubble was found, remains of the wedges for the jambs. The door slab, too, had been removed and was missing. The chamber consisted of a rectangular shaft excavated in the rock. It makes a right angle with the dromos. The shaft sides are slightly curved and the corners rounded. The long sides are overhanging, while the short sides are perpendicular. The floor was levelled out of the rock. All the roof stones were missing.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos and the chamber were filled with a homogeneous earth up to the surface layer. At the bottom, however, the E. part of the floor was covered with a layer of pebbles.


Fig. I5. Amathus. Tomb 8, E. part.


Fig. 16. Amathus. Tomb 9 seen from the East.

To the E., the pebble layer was bordered with large rubble at about the middle of the tomb. Along the S . wall of the chamber a pebble ledge of the usual type bordered with rubble was found partly embedded in the pebble layer described above. The ledge was covered by flat slabs. Along the N. wall, in the W. part of the tomb, a row of four raised ashlar blocks. Between this row of ashlar blocks along the $N$. wall and the pebble ledge along the $S$. wall, there is a narrow passage which had been covered with a large slab. The earth filling below this slab consisted of very loose, dark soil.

## BURIALS

The stratification described above seems to indicate the existence of various burial periods. On the pebble ledge along the S . wall, the very much destroyed remains of a skeleton (No. I) were found. A skull and fragments of the arm bones could be distinguished. Prohably the body was placed in outstretched, dorsal position on the ledge. Close to the skull, the scarabs Nos. 1, 2 and 48 were found, possibly once fixed on a necklace, or string around the neck. The pots Nos. 9 and ro, placed closed to the head, must be ascribed to this burial, too. At a subsequent period, the ledge was built over with the layer of pebbles. Then the Skeleton I was covered with the large slabs mentioned above. The floor of the $W$. part of the tomb was thus heightened. The pebble floor was bordered with some rubble. On this floor, evidently, several corpses were buried, the remains of which were found scattered all over the floor. As no skulls were found there, it was impossible to state how many corpses were placed on this floor. Most of the pots found on the pebble floor should be connected with these burials. The large accumulation of pots to the $W$. short side indicate that some burials have been removed to give place to others, in the same way as was noted in Tomb 7. Another removed skeleton (No. II) was piled up against the $N$. wall behind
the row of raised ashlar blocks. There some parts of the skeleton were found, ineidentally two femora. A third burial, evidently later, was noted between Skeleton I and II (Skeleton III). This was placed on a bier direetly on the rock floor, thus being at a lower level than the burials mentioned abore. The skeleton evidently was in an outstretehed, dorsal position. Only the fragmentary skull, the tibiae and femora were preserved. At the feet, the iron nails Nos. 49 and 50 were found, being the only remains of the bier. The small deposit of vases Nos. 6-8 may be aseribed to this burial. The lower part of the body was covered with a large limestone slab whieh rested on one of the raised ashlar bloeks at the N. end, and on the slabs of the pebble ledge at the S . end.

The ehronological order of the burials is as follows:
I. Skeleton I with finds Nos. I, 2, 9, Io, 48 .
2. Skeleton II and burials on the pebble floor at the W. part of the tomb.
3. Skeleton III with finds Nos. 49, 50 and possibly Nos. 6-8.

As the attribution of the finds to the rarious burials is more or less conjectural, all the finds are treated as a unit in the diagram.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XIII, 2, XIV, I; TYPES: L. OF PL.. II)

1. Scarab of blue paste. On base, incised figure of the goddess of 'Truth ( $\backslash$ aat) and uraeus. Encarcling line. See Appendix I Length r.3. - 20.
2. Searab of white steatite. On base, incised cartouche with the name Men-kheper-re (Thutmes III); on one side of it, a figure of the goddess of Truth. Encircling line see Appendix I. I.ength 12.20.
3. Fragment of Plan White IV gug. Surface layers.
4. Bechrome IV deprensed globular jug with tlat hase, narrow, cylindrical neck with handle-ridge; flat, flaring rim; handle from neek to shoulder Encircling lines around belly and neck Hepht $8.5 .-65$.
5 White Panted $V$ shobular jug with that base, narrow neck, tapering upwards: panched rim: high handle from rim to shoulder. Encorther lines on neak, encireling way line aound nech; sertieal, enereling lines and binds on either sode of body; tree ornament in tront; hand alone handle, transerse line at hase of handle; hakk rim. (ireen, gritty clay. Ileaght ib.0. -' 50
5. Buhrome $1 f$ deep plate with base-ring, shghtly curved sides, that rin. Red, enorcling band on rm, concentrie arcles on base encircling fines insale the bottom. 13dm. $235-25$
T Bhehrome Red 1 (IV) sick-hhiped gus with tapering, stringht sides, short, consex neek, pinehed rim; handle trom rim to shoulder Buse mosong Encireling black and white lines around hody; three groups of small, concentric arcles belost shoulder; blath line on rim, ladder-pattern on handle Pink, finely ulted clay; red, lustrous lip flempht $110 \quad 25$.
S. Bichrome IV jug, as No. 24, but with red hand on rim, Herght 8.5. -- 28.
6. Black-on-Red I (III) depressed oval jug with flat base; narrow, convex neck; handle-ridge; splasing funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encarcling lines on neck and shoulder; groups of small, concentric carcles as front ornament on shoulder; black handle. Red, lustrous slip. Height 9.3. - 22.
to Black-on-Red I (III) jue. shape as No. o. Encirelang lines around neck; three encircling, vertical bands Wath small central earcle on siden of body: two groups of small concentric areles in their interstices, on ,houlder; black ram and handle. Hearht ifo. 22.
1 I White Painted IV depresued globular jueg with flat hase; short, concate neck, plan rim: high handle from rim to shoulder; short spout opposite handle, on helly. 'Ton groups of vertical, concentric carcles on each side of hody; around base of spout, sesen groups of small, concentric circles; lines along spout; black rim; lalder-pattern un handle. White, gratty elay. Heaght 10.0. 30.

12 Brehrome IV long oxal jug with flat hase: concave neck with mad-ridge: out-turned, Hat rim; small, vertacal handle on nect. Encircling line around neck and shoulder. Height ros. -+5
1.: White Panted if hat boml with small, flat base: angular outlone, plain rim: small horizontal handles at rim. Encircline line around tm , outhde and inside hottom. Buff, gritty clay Dram. is.o 42.
$1+$ Plan Whate lV sack-shaped juer with that hase; body
tapering upwards; short, concave neck; out-turned rim; raised handle from rin to body. White, gritty clay. Height 8.5. - 35.
15. Red Slıp II (IV') depressed oval jug with concave base. Neck, rim, and handle missing. Buff, gritty clay; polished, dark ed slip with traces of the polishing tool. Height ro.0. +40
16. Plain White IV Hat bowl wath flat base; curved sides; plain rim. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. ro.7. +38 .
17. Bichrome IV depressed oval jug with Hat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; wide, out-turned rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines on neck; on sides, and below handle, groups of small concentric circles; vertical row of three groups of concentric circles as front ornament; red rim. Height $8.5 .+30$.
18. Polychrome White (V) depressed jug with flat base; concave neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Two red, encircling lines around neck; encircling red band bordered with two black lines around belly; on shoulder, red tree ornament separated by two vertical yellow lines. Yellow, gritty clay. Height 9.8. +35 .
19. Bichrome IV depressed globular jug with flat base; short, narrow neck with handle-ridge; wide, splaying rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines on neck and shoulder; red rim. Height 13.5. -30 .
20. Plain White IV squat small jug with flat base; concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Part of neck missing. White, gritty clay. Height 5.5. +35 .
2r. White Painted IV deep, hemispherical bowl with plain rim. Only half of the bowl preserved. Encircling broad band outside and inside rim. Diam. II.5. +35 .
22. Plain White IV depressed, ovaI jug with flat base; short, wide, concave neck; plain rim; handle from rim to shoulder. White, gritty clay. Height $12.0 .+30$.
23. Plain White IV depressed globular amphora with flat base; wide, cylindrical neck; flat, out-turned rim; vertical handles from rim to shoulder. White or buff clay. Height 9.0. $\ddagger 30$.
24. White Painted IV oval jug with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; wide, flat rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; four groups of small, concentric carcles on shoulder. Greenish white, fine clay. Height 7.7. +33 .
25. Plain White IV flat bowl with flat base; slightly curved sides; erect rim. White, gritty clay. Diam. 14.6. $\div 30$.
26. Bichrome Red II (V) biconical amphora with basering; short neck, splaying upwards; plain rim; vertical handles on shoulder. Encircling black and white lones on neck, shoulder, and body; a degenerate wary, black line on a wary, white band around shoulder; black line on handles. Red, gritty clay. Height 27.0 . 30 .
27. Bichrome IV depressed oval amphora with flat base: short, wide, cylindrical neck; flat, out-turned rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling Iines around neek; wavy lines around neck and rim; six groups of
small, concentric earcles on shoulder; bands along handles. Green. gritty claỵ. Height 166 -- 52.
28. Fragment of a Blach-on-Red 11 (IV) jues -40.
29. Bichrome $V$ depressed owal amphora wath base-ting; wide, eylindrical neck, widening upuards, stilted rim; horizontal handles on shoulder Encirclinir black lines around neck; on belly, crossed lines bordered with encorcling wasy line. and grey and black lines; black handles. Buff, gritty clay. litarbt 230 . - 35 .
30. Plain White V plate with small, Hat base; slightly curved sides; Hat, sloping rim. Parts of plate missing Buff, gritty clay Bram. 17.0. 50.
3I. Polychrome Red (IV) Hat plate with that base, shightly: curved sides, wide, borizontal, sligbtly moulded rim On base, a central white, filled circle with blue concentric lines bordered by white dotted. black bands, on sides, white concentric lines bordered with black bands; on rim, encircling, red way! lines on blue bands alternating with black encircling lines. Light red slip. Buff. gritty clay. Five colours. 1 Light red slip; 2. black; 3. blue, 4. white; 5. dark red. Diam. 20.3. $\div 75$.
32. Bichrome Red II (V゙) depressed amphora wath flat base; neck widening upwards; stilted rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling black and white lines around neck, shoulder, and belly: black wary line with white dots on white band around neck; black handles. Buff, gritty clay. FIeight 225. - 75
33. Plain White IV sack-shaped jug with that basc; curved sides; short, concave neck: handle from rim to body. Rim missing. White, gritty clay. Lerght 13 s. -- 75.
34. Plann White IV sack-shaped jug, as No 51 Ileaght 11.5. +63 .
35. Plain White IV bowl with mall, Hat base, cursed sides; ridge around sades; plan rmm. Butf, gratty clas. Diam. 16.0. - 72.
36. Bichrome Red II (V) depressed amphora with basering; short neck, widening upwards; sulted rmm; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encarcling lback and white lines around neck, shoulder, and belly, a wasy, white band around lower part of neck; white dotted black lone at base of nech; encrolines wow of black dots on shoulder below neck, hlack handles. Buff, gritty clay; red slip. Height 30.0. -75.
37. Plan White $V$ oval jug wath Hat hase; short concave neck; plain rim; handle from rim to shoulder. White, gritty clay. Height $11.8 .-75$.
38. Bichrome Red II (V) amphona, shape ds No. 26. One handle missing. Encurcline black and white lines around neck, shoulder, and body; black and white wavy lines around shoulder Ileight 350 . +5.
39. Bichrome IV depressed mlobular jug wath fat base, narrow neck; handle-radge, handle from neti to shouller. Rim massing. Encircling lines and bands around hody, a red flower as tront ornament, a vertacal row of short. horizontal lines on shoulder, two transterse lines on handle. Buff. rather vellow clay. Ileight 8.s. . 35 .
40. Plan Whate 1V depressed elohular jug with flat h.se, shghtly concase neek; annular rmo inctad line around shoulder; handle from rmm to shoulder. Buff, grity clay. Height $125 . \quad \cdots 45$.
4i. Bichrome IV depresed globular jue wath that base; narrow, eylindrical neck with handle-ridge; wade. out-turned rim, handle from neck to shoulder. Three encircling aed lines around shoulder: upper part of neck red with white line between two encircling rows of white dots: insule of rime red. on im three encircling lines bordered with sections of emeles; upper part of handle red; on lower part, two diagonal crosses separated by three transuerse lones: plan trangle at base of handle. Finely silted, white washed, greensh clay. Herght 14.0. -48.
42. White Panted 1 V deep bowl with flat basc; curved sides; slightly out-turned rmm ; horizontal handies below rim. Encarcling lines on body outside; concentric carcles made'; black rm. Sellow, gritty clay. Diam. i4.0. - 50.
43. Plan White IV jug, as No. 22. Height 12.5. - 50.
44. Plain White IV juy, as No 40, but with depressed body, and wathout incised Ine. Whate, gritty clay. Height 12.4. - 55.
45. Bichrome 1V depressed. globular jug with base-ring; cylandrical, narrow neck; handle-ridge; wide, outturned rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Eneircling lines on neek Red, fincly solted clay, white wahed Helght 19.0. +60.
46. White Panted IV biconical amphora with base-rıng: eylindrical neck; stilted rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines around neck, shoulder, and helly; degenctate wavy lene around shoulder: black handles with short, vertical strokes on body White, or yellow, gritty clay. He1ght 32.0. -+0 .
47. Stralght hronze pin. Broken. Length 74. -i 65
48. Scarab of whate steatite On base, inseription: "Horus living eternally" (Her ankh zet). Encircling line See Appendin I Length i 6 .. 20
49. a) Iron nal with large head, sharply bent. Irobably belonging to a wooden coffin Length 5.0. h) Fragment of aron nall, smmar to No. 49 a Length 3.2. +20.
50. Fragment of iron nall wath large, circular head. Lemeth $50 . \quad 20$.
51. Plan White IV sack-haped jug with flat base; hody tapering upwards; concave neck; plan rim: handle from rim tu bods. White, gritty chy. Helght io 3. -35 .
52 Plan White IV howl with small, flat base: slightly cursed udes; erect, plann rim White, grattẹ clas. Dtim. 138 - 28 .
53 Red .hlop Il (IV) bowl with flat hase: slightly cursed sades; plan rma: hoteontal handle helow rinn Gere, gritty clay, dark, mat slip. Diam. i2 8 - 26
54. Bichrome $V$ bell-shaped hal Central knob missine. Alternatine black and red stroke radiating from the knob. Diam. 6.5 25.
55. Black-on-Rul I (III) Jug. as No 9. Height 8.7. $\div 20$. 56 Whate Panteal IV duep bowl with Hat base, straight sudes; plan rim. Buff, gritty clay. Broad, encireling bind, outside and insde rim. Dram. $7.5 .+25$.
57. Framment of a globular elepressed bead of blue fatence; picrecd. Length I $1 .-22$.
58 Plan White IV bowl, as No 52 . Yellow, gritty clay. $\mathrm{D}_{1 \mathrm{am}}$ 16.9. $\vdots 20$
59 Red Ship II (IV) fat bowl with small, concase hast; currad base, flat rim. Buff, gritty clay: red lustrous slip; traces of the polishing tool sisble. Diam. it. 2. 120.
60 Black-on-Rud I (III) jug, as No. 9 Encircling lines aroumel nech: band of tine encirelines lines around body: three groups of small, concentric circles on shoulder: black rim and handle Finely silted, red clay. Henght $90 \quad 25$.
6I. Fragment of aron nall with square section. Only pointed end preserved. I ength $5.7 \geq 30$.
62 Blath-on-Red I (1II) juE. ds No. 60. Neck and handle missing. Helght 5.8. -28 .
63. Plain white III glohular jug with low foot; neck narrowine upwards; erect, plan rmm; hande from neck to shoukler. Handle missing. Fine, white clay. Height 132. - 40.
64. Red Slip II (IV) long, oval jug with small base-ring; handle and neck missing Buff, badly silted clay; red lustrous slip. Héght 7.7. i 30 .
65. Black-on-Red I (III) barrel-shaped jug wath splaying neck; handle-ridge; funnel-shaped mouth; plan rim; handle from nock to shoulder. Encircling lines around neck and rim; wavy line around neck; a spiral at each sode of body; a chain of winged lozenges with central cros-lines, hordered by sertical encireling lines as front ornament and below handle. Height 5.0. +24 .
66. Bichrome IV depressed globular jug with flat base; short, wade, concave neck; plain rini handle from rim to shoulder; tubular spout opposite the handle. Encircling lines around neck, shoulder and belly; way lines around shoulder and neck; hlack rim, spout, and handle. Grey, gritty elay. Height 9.0. - 30.
67. Fragment of a terracotta rider. Height in.o. +23 .
68. White Panted IV squat jue wath tlat base, angular outline: short nech; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. lineirclang line around neck; four groups of simatl, concentric exrcles on shoulder; blatk rim and handle. Height 5.6. +28.
60 Bichronce IV owal jug with base-ring; long, narrow, shghtly consex nock; wade, moulded rim: small handle from lower part of neck to shoulder. Encirching line and band around upper part of neck, and rim. Buff wathed, finely silted clay somewhat polshed. Height 17.1. - 24.

7o. Plan White IV Jug, as No 51. Ikiuht $100 \quad 26$.
7 I Whte Panted IV bowl, ds No. 13 Diam 20.0. 30.
72. Coarse jug wath flat hase, elobulat bode ; wade, cylandrical nech; plan inm; handle trom ram to houlder Itenght $150 \div 25$
73. Plan White IV lid with flat cdeces, and carcular, concave, central knob. White, gritty clay. Diam. in 8. -1 30
74. Plan White IV flat bowl wath flat base; plain rim. White, gritty clay. Diam. 16.5. - 40 .
75. Bachrome IV depressed slohular jug with flat base; long, narrow neck with handle-ridge; wide, out-turncd rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Fncirchene lines around neck; red mouth; group of encircling black and dark red lines around shoulder. White, hard clay. Hetght 9.4 - 32.
76. Fragment of a Bichrome Red II (V) amphora with short neck, splaying upwards; stılted rim. Only neck preserved. + 35.
77. Bıchrome Red II (V) amphora. shape as No. 26. Encircling black and white lines around neck, shoulder and body; two white, wavy bands around hody; white dotted line on neck-line; black bands along handles. Height 25.o. +27.
78. Bichrome IV jug, as No. 39. Encircling lınes around belly. Rim mıssing. Heıght 8.3. - 36 .
79. White Painted IV bowl, as No. 13 Concentric, encireling lones inside bottom, hlack rim and handles. (ireen1sh, white, gritty clay. Diam. 17.5. - 30 .
So. Fragment of an iron knife with one edge. Broken. Length 9.0. - 29.
8i. Fragment of an iron knife, similar to No. 80. Length 6.6. $\quad 30$.
82. Bichrome IV Hat plate with small, flat base; sliehtly curved sides; flat rim. Concentric circles inside hottom. Butf, gritty clay. Diam. $15.8 . \quad-25$.
83. Bichrome IV globular jug with Hat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; out-turned mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircline lines around nedk; encircling bands and lines around belle; vertical row of short, horizontal, transverse lines on shoulder; ladderpattern on hande. Yellow, gritey clay. Height it.z. $\div 25$.
84. Plain White IV sack-shaped jug with flat base; hody taperngy upwards; short, concale neck; plain ram; handle from rim to body; on belly, an almost horizontal, tubular spout opposite the handle. Handle missing Buff, gritty clay. Height io. $2-40$.
$8_{5}$. Plain White $V$ plate with flat base; slightly curved sades; flat, sloping rim Part of bowl missing. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. 18.2. +35 .
86. Plain White $V^{r}$ plate, as No. 30. Whıte, gitty claỵ. Dtim. 18.2. $\div 35$.
87. White Painted IV depressed amphora with base-rine; short, cylindrical neck; stilted rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines around neck, shoulder, and belly; degencrate wary line around shoulder and rim; black handles Buff, gritty clay. Herght $30.0-30$.
88. Plain White IV bow-1, as No. 74. D1am. 177. '- 6o.
89. Plain White IV depressed, globular jus with flat base; encircling ridec around neck; splay ing mouth with plan rime handle from neck to body. White, gritty claỵ. Height $12.3 .+65$.
90. Bichrome Red II (V) depressed amphora with flat base; short neck, widening upwards; plain rim; rertical handles on shoulder. Encircling black and white lines around neck and upper part of shoulder; two black, encircling bands on belly: eight groups of small, concentric carcles around shoulder; black bands along handles. Gircy, gritty clay; red slip. Part of neck missing. Height 17 o . -20
91. Plain White IV depressed oval jug with flat base; neck, slighty widenong upwards; plan rom; handle from neek to shoulder. White, gritty clay. Damaged. Height 16.0 . 35.
92. Plain White $V$ plate, as No. 30 , but with horizontal rim. Red, rather butf, gritty clay. Diam. r90. T 38 .
93. White Painted IV flat, open bowl with angular outline; small, Hat base; flat rim. Encircling lines at rim and sides; central circle inside bottom. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. 13.6. $\perp 35$.
94. Plain White IV jug, as No. 4o. White, gritty clay. Height $15.0 . \quad \div 65$.
95. Red Ship II (IV) pear-shaped jug with flat base; sıdes narrowing upwards; handle from body. Neck and handle missing. Buff clay; dark red, lustrous slip. Height $53 .-65$.
96. Black-on-Red II (IV) depressed ovord jug with flat base; concave neck; splaying mouth with pinched rim; handle from rom to shoulder lincorcling lines around neck and rimp on sides of body three vertical, encircling bands with central concentric circle; three groups of small. concentric circles on shoulder as front ornament; ladder-pattern on handle. Finely silted, red clay; red, lustrous slip Height 9.2. -25 .
97 Brehrome IV depressed jug on low foot; vertical handle from shoulder. Part of body, neck and handle missing. Eneircling hlack and red lines around belly; black foot. Herght c. 15.0. - 25.
98. Red Ship II (IV) Jug, as No. 95, but with long, cyindrical neck. Rim massine. Herght $10.0 \neq 23$
99. Polschrome Red (IV) deep howl with flat hase; slightly curved sides; slightly stilted rim; horizontal handles below rim Outside on liaht red, thin slip, encircling white band bordered bey two black lines below handles; concentric white, blue, and black circles on dark red slip inside. Butf, gritty clay. Diam. 15.3. +25.
100. Plan White IV sack-shaped jug with curved sides; short, cylindrical neck; splaying mouth; plain rım; hanclle from rim to body Base mussing. White clay. Height $132 . \div 25$.
roi. Gres Polished depressed jue with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; splaỵing rim; handle from neck to body. Herght 6.8. -25 .
102. White Panted IV deep bowl with small, flat base; curved sodes: plan rm; hori\%ontal handles below rim. Decoration as No. $4^{2}$. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. is.0. - 30.
103. Plan White IV sack-shaped jug with curved sades; short, cylindrical neck; splaying mouth with plan rim;
hundle from fim to body. Base missing. White clay. Hewht 112 -- 32.
104. White Panted 1 V depressed globular jug with slightly concave bass: short, wide neck with pinched rim; hamde from rm to shoulder Handle missing. Encircling line around neck and rim; on ether side of hody triple crosed line forming a diagonal cross; two bertical tree urnaments on sboulder as front ornament; ege urnament on rim. He1ght $11.5 .+27$.
105. Polychrome IV depressed ural jug with small base-ring; short, narrow. concave neck: concave, funnel-shaped mouth, handle from neek to shoulder. Encircling lines on neck and mouth; wertacal. concentric carcles on both sudes of body; red encircling band below rim; transverse lines on handle. Greenish, gritte clay. Height 19.2. +20.
106 Plan White IV jue, as No. 22. Neck and mouth missing White clay. Height ro 6 . -35 .
107. White Panted IV globular jug with flat base; narrow neck; vertical handle from shoulder. Encircling lines around shoulder and belly. Neck and handle missing. Buff and grey, finely silted clay. Height 7.8 . +25.
108 Buchrome Ill barrel-shaped jug with side-knobs; narrow eylindrical neck; splaying, funnel-shaped mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around mouth; red encircling band below neck; vertical groups of eoncentric lines on ether side of body. Handle missing. Butt, gritty clay; white washed. Height 8.6. - 25 .
109. Black Slip Bichrome III plate with flat base; horizontal knobbed handles below rim; fluted sides. Decoration on base almost entirely effaced Diam. 24.0. +30 .
110. Black-on-Red Il1 ( $\mathbf{V}$ ) depressed amphora with base-ring; vertical handles on shoulder. Encircling lines on shoulder. Xick and part of hody missing. Buff, gritty clay; very dark, red shp. Height 23.0. - 35 .
111. White Panted IV depressed oval amphora with baserine; short neck, slightly splaying upwards; stilted rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around neck, shoulder, and belly; degenerate way y line around shoulder; zigzag hand on rim; black handles Greensh, gritty clay. Height 40.0. +30 .
112 White parnted IV amphora, as No. 111. Buff clay. Height 39.0. $\div \mathbf{2 5}$.
113 Rod silıp IlI (V) plate with small flat base; stratght sode's; wide, Hat rim. Buff, gritty clay; red slip. Dam. 23.4. -- 25.
114. Fragments of iron. Length 5.0. - 25.

11s. White lunted IV bowl, as No. 21. Complete. Diam ${ }_{11} \mathrm{~h}$ In No 110.
i16. Bichrume V plate, simular to No. 6, but with flat base. Two encircling lines around base outside; red band bordered bs black lincs around rim; three concentric circles on bottom. inside. Diam. $200 . \div 30$.
II 7 Plam White V plate with flat base; stranght sides; flat, hightly mouldul rim. White, gritty clay. Diam. 245. 30
118 Bicbrome IV flat bowl with flat hase; curved sides; plan rimi small, horizental handles below rim. Con-
centric black and red circles outside and inside; black rim. Diam. 19.0. +30 .
119. Plain White IV jug, as No. 22. Buff, gntty clay. Height 12.3. +30.
120. Plain White IV jug, as No. 20, but with wide, cylindrical neck; pinched rım. Buff clay. Height 7.3. -40 .
121. Bronze fibula with high, arc-shaped, beaded bow with angular fore-end; flat catch. Pin and spring missing. Length $3.5 .+25$.
122. Upper part of bone pin, moulded with two groups of ridges. Length 2.6. +25 .
123. Flat tang of iron, belonging to a knife, pierced by one rivet. Length 7.4. +25 .
124. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl with flat base; curved sides; plain rim; horizontal handles below rim. Two encircling lines outside body; encircling lines inside; black rim and handles. Dark buff clay; thin, mat red slip. Diam. 16.5. +25 .
125. Red Slip II (IV) amphoriskos with globular body; splaying neck; handles from neck to shoulder. Height c. $10.0 .+25$.
126. Plain White IV deep bowl with small, flat base; curved sides; plain rım. Parts of bowl missing. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. 14.5. +25 .
127. Finger-ring of bronze, spiral-shaped. Diam. 2.2. $+25$.
128. Bronze fibula, similar to No. 121. Pin missing. Length 4.5. +20.
129. White Painted IV depressed globular jug with rounded hase; narrow neck; funnel-shaped mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical spirals in two groups on each side of body; encircling lines around neck; black mouth; bordered zigzag line on handle. Green, gritty clay. Height $10.5 .+20$.
130. Fragment of a gold plaque, rectangular in shape. The plaque is decorated with an embossed representation of a female, naked figure, standing in frontal position with arms lifted up in pose of adoration. Upper and lower part with head and feet missing. Length 2.2. +20 .
131. Cylinder of bone, pierced hy a hole through the longitudinal axis, decorated with four groups of incised, encircling lines with three parallel zıgzag lines between. Length 3.9. +20 .
132. Scarab of white steatite with slightly convex upper side; head and wing-cases carelessly cut; wings divided by three lines; no legs. On base, two female figures sitting on chairs with three legs; symmetrically facing each other; between heads a divided branch. Length 1.5 . Found in the sieves.
133. Fragment of an ron knife with one edge. Broken. Length 8.3. +20.
134. Fragment of an iron tang, belonging to a knife, flat in shape with one rivet hole. +20 .
135. White Painted IlI globular jug with round base; narrow neck; slightly profiled, funnel-shaped mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around neck
and mouth; two groups of concentric circles wath whte chequered cross in centre on ether stde of body; ladderpattern on handle. Hard, butf clay. Herght 95. - 20保 11 (IV) detp bowl with Hattentd base; sides widening upwards: plain rim, horizontal handles; five groosed lines around rim Black, fincly solted clay, red lustrous slip. Diam. io.9. - 20
137. Black Slip III depressed amphoriskos with Iow foot; whe neck; flat, out-turnced rim, handles from rim to shoulder. 「luted bods: horiaontal eroosed lines around shoulder. Green, gritty elay. Height 15 5. - 20. 138. Bichrome Red II (V) globular jue with Hat, rased base; narrow neck with hamde-radere: splaing funnel-shaped mouth; hamble from nock to shoulder. Encircling black and white lines around mouth and neck; encircling bands and lines around body; four aroups of small, conCentric carcles on shoulder, black band alone handle Buff, gritty clay : sleghtly lustrous, red slep. Herght in 2. - 35 .
139. Fragment of a bronze howl. In the steve.
ito Black-on-Red I (IIl) Jug, as No 0 , but without lozengeornament below handle. Complete Meaght 7.6 . Floor.
141. Fragment of an ron tang, smalar to No 134. Floor.
142. Gold plaque, as No. i 30 , but with preserved, triangular head, high head-dress, the har falling in two plate aloner sodes of neek. Feet missing, incomplete. Iength 3.3. In the sieves
14.3. Searab of white steatite. On base representation of two anmals, one on the top of the other 'The uppermost has its tall bent oser its body, the lower one has an outstretched tal Enercling line. See Appendix 1 . length $1+$ In the sueses.
44. Weashe of black hatmatate of artegular shape, worhed off on several sdes. Iength 25 . Weight $78 \%$. In the sicses
145. Fragment of a eylinder of bone, perced through the longitudinal axis. Length i 4 . In the sexes.

The distribution of the finds is shown by the following diagram:



Fig. 17. Imathus. Tomb 8, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B (3, 2). Tomb 9, Plan (4); Sections A-A, B-1 (6, 5); Finds in situ (7).

## CHRONOLOGY

As is shown in this diagram the pottery consists of Types III-V. Vases of Type IV are by far in majority. The vases (Nos. 9 and io) attributed to Skeleton I are both of Type III which may indicate that this burial should be dated to the transition between CyproGeometric III and Cypro-Archaic I periods. The bulk of the pottery is connected with later burials and the combination of pottery dates these to the middle of the Cypro-Archaic II period.

As regards the scarabs (Nos. 1, 2 and 48 ) attributed to the first burial, No. 2 has been ascribed to the XVIIIth Dỵn. in Appendix II. The scarab No. I43, though found in the sieves, with some certainty also can be attributed to the first burial. It has been dated to the XIXth or XXth Dyn. which thus constitutes a terminus post quem for the whole tomb, or, in any case, for the later burials of the tomb.

TOMB 9 (Figs. 16; 17:4-7; 18; 19; 20: 1)
size

|  | Length | Width | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.00 | 1.05 | 1.00 |
| Stomion | 0.50 | 0.65 | 1.04 |
| Chamber | 3.30 | 1.80 | c. 1. 80 |

SHAPE
This tomb is excavated in the rock. The chamber and the dromos are partly built of roughly cut stones in the rock shaft.

The dromos is very short and cut short by a crossing wall of later date (cf. section). The left side of the dromos is built with three lavers of laid ashlar. 'The right wall of the dromos consists of the vertically cut rock.

Of the stomion only the two orthostatic jambs are preserved. The lintel had been remored together with the roof stones of the tomb. The tomb shaft makes a right angle to the dromos. The floor consists of levelled rock. The long sides of the chamber are built of roughly cut ashlar blocks of which three layers are preserved. The upper part of these walls is gone but some of the stones were found in the upper filling of the tomb. The walls taper slightly upwards as a corbel-vault.

The short sides of the tomb have no built walls, but consist of the vertically cut rock. In the W. wall of the tomb, there is a niche, which partly extends behind the N. wall. The niche, the floor of which is about 0.20 m . higher than the floor of the tomb, is 0.45 m . deep and is provided with a slightly curved back wall.

The tomb has evidently been covered with large slabs, one of which was found in the filling.


Fig. IS'. Amathus. Tomb $y$ seen from the $S$. E.
Fig. 19. Amathus. Tomb of seen from the North.

STRATIFICATION
Below the surface layer (Layer i) follows a stratum (Layer 2) of homogeneous brown earth which partly extends down into the tomb. This earth has evidently come down since the destruction of the tomb, as fragments of the roof slabs were found at the bottom of the layer. Laver 3 is the rest of the original filling which was partly dug through when the roof was clestroyed. The earth consisted of homogeneous brown earth which rested on a horizontal layer which makes the uppermost burial floor of the tomb. Below this level (c. - 50) the carth was mixed with clay. This layer (Layer 4) contained some of the upper pots resting on the lower burial floor, on the bottom or slightly above it. At the bottom of the tomb, a layer of dark burial earth was found (Layer 5) which could be noted almost over the whole tomb floor.

## BL゙RIAL:

The earliest burial of this tomb must be sought for among the pots piled up against the walls at the W. part of the tomb. All these tomb-gifts are remains of the earliest burial at the floor. Among these pots some scattered human bones were found and Skull IV close to the S. wall. In the $\mathcal{N}$. E. corner of the tomb the remains of two other skeletons were found, one of which evidently was placed in dorsal position. Skull II and parts of the ribs were preserved. This burial certainly was female as the necklace (No. Ioo, see detail plan, Fig. 20: 1) was found more or less in situ around the neck. The terracotta mask No. 106 and the terracotta statuette No. 107 were found as burial-gitts above the head. Most of the surrounding pots probably belong to the same burial. The very scanty remains of another skeleton with Skull III are noted N. of the female skeleton. - In the upper laver the circumstances are similar. Here, too, some human bones were found anong the pots at the W. part, evidently removed remains of earlier burials on this floor. At about the middle of the tomb just inside the entrance, the remains of a skeleton in dorsal position were found. It was placed with the head to the S . (Skull I). Except for the skull only
some of the ribs, the left armbones and femur were preserved. Some of the pots close to the head might be ascribed to this burial. The accumulation of objects Nos. 1-2, 4-8, seems to indicate the previous existence of another, now totally ranished burial in the middle of the tomb.

The chronological order of the burials thus must be as follows: --
I. Removed skeletons with Skull IV in the bottom stratum, with the finds piled up in the W. part of the tomb.
2. Skeletons II and III.
3. Removed skeletons at the level +50 .
4. Skeleton inside the door with Skull I.

FINDS (GROCPS: PLS. XIV, 2; XV; XVII, 1 ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Horus falcon of green glazed farence with rectangular hase, and prerced by hole through neck. Height r.6. - $\mathbf{4}^{8}$.
2. Scarah of steatite. Damaged. +50 .
3. Sipherical head of yellow and white variegated glass paste, plerced. Diam. I 45 - 50 .
+. Amulet in green faience representing the lion-goddess Sekhmet, standing upright; feet isolinear; arms along body; roughly made lion's head. String-hole through neck. Height 2.3. +50 .
5 statuette of Bes in green glazed faience; square hedd with large projecting eyes, nose and ears The arms fall heside the projecting belly, with the umhulica marked by dot. Back plan. String-hole through neck. Height 1.85 T 48 .
4. Scarah of green fatence of Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double breast-line. On base, incision representing sphinx with the signs for "God" (neter) and "Favour" (hes). Encircling line. Sce Appendices I and II. Length 1.z. Heirht 0.6. +50.
5. Terracotta statuette representing ruder sitting on horse with straight legs; long neek; tall along left hind leg. The rider has very short legs, and holds his hand on the neck of the horse. He is looking stratght forward and wears a small conical cap The har is divided in two plats on the nape of the neck. The horse decorated with hlack hordered, red cross lines on the sides of neck and on legs; three black and red triangles as front ornament; the rider has black harr, eyes, and beard; red ears and cap. The rider's right arm missing. Helght $11.9 .-42$.
$8+9+70$. Terracotta charıot with two solid wheels; flat, horizontal hase which has two knohs turned downwards at the back comers. In the maddle of the front, a hole for fixing the pole; above this hole a disc-shaped plaque on the upper part of the chariot. Thes is decorated with parallel red and black hines in the moddle of black bordered, red triangles. The edges of the charot are
decorated with black bordered, red cross hnes. Length 12.0. T 42 .
io. Statuette of red terracotta. The crippled legs and the position of the arms show resemblance to the Egyptian child-god Pateke, hut the head is the one common to the Egyptian grave statuettes [ushabti]. The statuette is hollow and has flattened back. Traces of red hands on the breast. Height 14.3 . -- 65 .
II. Amulet in green faience representing the moon-god Thoth, standing upright, left foot advanced; arms along hody, this head. String-hole through neck. Height 2.3. - 50 .
6. Small amulet of white faience in the shape of an wat eve. Conventionalized tepe with the tear. String-hule through the longitudinal axis. Length 1.25. - 60
7. Small circular earring of silver with orerlapping ends. Dam. I.35. $\rightarrow$ 54.
8. Plain White IV jug with flat base, depressel, softly curved body; plan rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 12.5. -72.
9. Black-on-Red I (1II) jug with flat base; depressed body. Bands of encireling lines on the hody: three uroups of small concentric cireles on shoulder Niek and handle missing. Height 5.x. - 63 .
16 Fragments of Black-on-Red I (11I) amphoriskos with narrow neck, hande-ridge, funnel-mouth, and two handles from neck to shoulder Enerreling lines on neck. - 68 .
10. Pendant of silver in shape of a stiple with pinched legs. Incomplete. Heught I.X. - 50.
11. Buchrome [V jug with flat, rased hase; sudes narrowing upwards; well marked shoulder-line, short neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling band of hlack and red lines around bell! ; back neekline and rim; eye ornament on rim; black bordered zigzag lints on handle. Hewght $14.0-68$.
19 Foregen howl with Hat base; curved sales; slightly contracted rim; two handles on body. Lower part
concred by mat slip. Below the rim, horder of groups of alternating sertical and horizontal lines. The inside ${ }^{14}$ cosered by mat shp; clay hard and finely solted. Dam I25. 75
12. White Panted Ill gug with base-ring: almost spherical body. nurrow neck with handle-radge: stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertacal groups of cuncentric, encirchnes lines symmetrically arranged on ether stde, groups of small concentric carcles as front and back ornament; encircling black lines around neck and rim 'The edge of the rim is decorated with black crescents. Height 6.9 - 80 .
21 P'ann Whate IV sack-sbaped jug with plain base, body narrowang upwards, handle from rm to shoulder. Height $118-85$.
22 Plun White IV howl with flat hase; curved sides with plan rim. Half of the bowl missing. Diam. c. $12.5 . \div 82$.
23 Black-on-Red III (V) jug on low foot; oval body; nurros neck tapering upwards; pinched rim; a raised twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Groups of vertical encircling lines symmetrically arranged on sides of bod! The body is covered hy mat, rather worn slip. Helght 22 5. - 83.
24 Bichrome IV lid wath flat hase, curved upper side with a cintral, that knoh. The upper sude is decorated wath black and red concentric lines. Diam. 19.0. - 83 .
13. Bechrome IV open bowl on flat hase: rased rum; two horizontal handles below rim. 'The sides decorated with a black, encircling line and a red, degenerate way lince, inside, group of black and red. concentric circles; black rim and handles. Diam. $1+3 \div 85$.
2 f) Plan White IV amphora with flat base; almost biconmeal hody, short, wicle neek with stilted ram; two handle's from rim to shoulder. Heirht 10.5. ifs.
14. Plann White IV Jug with Hat base; almost oval hody. Neck and part of hody missing Height 138 - So.
2S Buchrome IV amphormbos with flat hase, almost alohular body: untly cursed neck, widening upuards; two small borimontal handles on the sides Encricling black and ted hines around belly and neck, one red, degenerate waw line atound body. Height 8.5. -78 .
20) White l'anted Ill bowl with flat base; rased sudes; plan rim and two horizontal handles on the sides. Fincircling lines outsile and in Dam. 10.7. - 80
so Buchrome V buwl with Hat base, blughty contracted rim. Vertical red and black bands around hody. Diam. 7.7. 78
it Buchrome IV mphoriskos, a No 28. Heaght 86. - 79.
32. Plan White IV oval jug with flat hase: plain ram; h:indle from rinn to shoulaler. Height 13.5. - 70.
3.3 Polschrome White (iv) Hat bowl wath Hat base, curved sades: a central boss inside. Encircling black and red lines. some of which are decorated with white dots outuck and in Dam 132 . 72.
If Black-on-Red I (III) oval jug with flat hase: narrow, hert neck. proched rim; handle from rim to shoulder Bund of encreling lines around belly; three groups of
small concentric circles on shoulder. Black neck-line, rim, and handle. Height 7.0. + 73 .
33. Bichrome V jug with Hat base; almost spherical body; short, narrow neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. lincircling hand of red lines around body; groups of small concentric circles on shoulders; two red encircling lines around neck; black rim and transverse lines on handle. Height $10.5 .+70$.
34. White Paınted Voval jug with flat base; narrow neck; pinched rim; raised twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines on body and neck. Height $22+.+72$.
37 Plain White IV jug with flat base, depressed body and wide neck with plain rim. Height in + +65 .
35. Black-on-Red I (III) open howl with base-ring; curved sides; two string-hole handles on the rim. Encircling lines outside and in; black rim and handles. Diam. $3 \mathrm{r} .4 . \quad \div 0$.
36. White Painted III jug; shape as No. 20. Encircling lines around body and neck; groups of small concentric circles on shoulder and a wary line below the handleridge. Mouth and handle missing. Hcight 7.5. +65 .
40 Black Slıp IV amphorıskos with basc-ring; dcpressed body; wide, short neck; flat rim; two handles from rim to shoulder. Mat, dark reddish slip. One handle and preces of neck mossing. Height 12.o. +68 .
+I. Red Slip II (IV) globular jug with flat base; cylindrical neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder Red, lustrous slip Height $16.4 .+15$.
37. Plain White IV amphora with base-ring; oval body; short, narrow neck with collar-rm; two large horizontal handles on helly. Pieces of the neck missing. Height $23.8 . \div 20$.
+3. Plan White IV elliptical Jug with flat hase; eylindrical neck; stulted rum; one vertical string-hole handle at the neck. Height ro.3. +50.
38. Buchrome IV amphoriskos with Hat hase; glohular body; colindrical neck; stilted rim and two large horizontal handles on the hody. Around the helly, crossed lines alternating with two vertical lines; hack and red encirclang lines around shoulder and neck; black rim and handles. Height if.5. - 4o.
39. Plan White IV jug with flat hase; globular body; narrow neck; stilted rim and handle from rim to shoulder. Around the shoulder, three encircling grooves. Height 1+5. : 65.
to Plain White V jug, as No. +5 , but with rased handle and narrower neck. Heleht 15.7. - 0.50 .
40. Plain White IV sack-shaped jug with Hattened base; bodv narrowing upwards; handle from rim to shoulder. $\mathbf{H}_{t} \cdot \mathrm{~g}$ ght 10.0. - 50.
41. Bichrome $V$ amphora with hase-ring; biconical hody; short neck widening upwards; flat rım; two handles fromi rem to shoulder. Fncircling hlack and red bands around body, neck-line and rim; degenerate wavy line on shoulder, and groups of red concentric circles on neck; hlack and red lines on handles. Height 29 5. -15 .
42. Bichrome IV jug with flat base; depressed body; narrow neck; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines around shoulder. Mouth missing. Height 6.5. + to.
43. Plan White $V$ jug with flat base; depressed body; narrow neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 7.2 . +40 .
44. White Panted V jug with bast-ming; glohular body; narrow neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Vertical encircling lines symmetrically placed on either side, one of which is decorated with supplementary white dots; a black line on handle. Height 18.8. + 50 .
45. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No. 15. Height $50 . \div 52$.
46. White Painted V jug with flat base; oval body; narrow neck with pinched rim; rased twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Vertical circles symmetrically placed on both sides of body; encircling lines around neck; vertical and transverse lines on handle. Height 17.5. + 50 .
47. Bichrome IV globular jug with flat base; cursed neck; plain rim; handle from rim to shoulder; pierced spout on shoulder. Encircling black and red lines around body, and neck; red panted spout. On the shoulder above the spout, two black eyes. Height so.3. +38 .
48. Plain White IV oval Jug with flat base. Neck and handle missing. Height in.o. +36 .
49. Bichrome V jug with flat base; oval body; narrow neck; pinched rim and rassed handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling red and black lines on body and neck; on the shoulders alternating double crosses and tree ornaments; vertical red lines and black transverse lines on handle. Height 1 i.5. -55 .
50. White Painted V oval jug with flat base; narrow neck; pinched rim; twin-handle from fim to shoulder. Encircling lines around belly; groups of small concentric circles on shoulder. Neck and handle damaged. Height 17.0. +50 .
51. Bichrome Red II (V) amphora with flat base; rather biconical body; neek widening upwards; stilted rım: two large, horizontal handles on the belly. Encircling lines outside and unside the neck. Body is covered by reddish dark slip on which the following decoration is applied in white supplementary colour: below the shoulder, large zigzag band encircling the body and bordered with encircling lines. Height zo.0. +60 .
52. Bichrome IV lid with flat base; curved upper side: central slightly concave boss. Encircling red and black lines on upper side. Diam. 16.4. +50 .
6o. Black-on-red I (III) jug with flat base; depressed body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Band of encircling lines around body; three groups of small concentric curcles on shoulder; ladderpattern on handle Mouth missing. Height 8.1. +50 .
6x. Bichrome V oval jug with flat base; narrow neck; pinched rim; raised handle from rim to shoulder. Black and red encereling lines around helly and neck; vertical red stripes hanging down over the shoulder;
red painted rim; red transverse lines on handle Hewht ${ }_{11} 1 . \div 45$
53. White Panted IV oval jug with flat base. Encircling lines around helly; tree ornament on shoulder as front decoration Upper part of jug missing. Heqght 135. $-56$.
54. Scarah of white steatite of Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{2}$. The space between the two lines marking leso striated. Filetra marked with three lines. On base, incision, representing a crocodile and dhove it a sun-disk and a pillar-simn (wn) Encorcling line. See Appendices $I$ and 11 . Length 1.5. Height 0.75 Found in the steves
64 Scarah of white paste of Type $\mathrm{A}_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{4}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base incised crocodile and beneath, meaninuless heroglyph. Encircling line. See Appendices I and II Length i.z. Height 055 . Found in the sleses.
55. Scarab of white steatite in the form of a mouse with chequered back. On base, incised hird and antelope ${ }^{-}$ Oer the back of the antelope, the sugns for "(iod" (neter) and "Beauty" (nefer). Encricling line sice Appendices I and II. Length 1.45 . Height $0.65 .+42$.
56. Amulet of white paste with remans of green glaze, representing the cruppled child Pateke. The statuctte has a square base and very short legs; prominent helly. and back. The head has two faces, one looking backwards the other forwards. String-hole through neck. Height $31 .+45$.
57. Scarab of blue paste of Type $\mathrm{A}_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double breastline. On base, incision in two fields. In the upper field, sphinx with upright wings. In the lower field is the goddess Sekhmet recieving a sceptre from the king. Behind him a man. See Appendices I and II. The scarab is fitted into a ring of silier. Length i.f. Height 0.6. +45 .
58. a) Four fragments of sheet-gold decorated with impressed rosettes. Diam, of rosette 1.7.
b) Gold leaf with edges hent up, decorated with impressed female figure standing uprighr with lifted hands. One side damaged. Length $36 . \quad$. 50 .
59. Fragments of sheet-gold, as No. 68 b-32.
60. Wheel of a terracotta chariot (sce No. 8 ). - 48 .
61. Fragment of bronze fibula, badly corroded; incomplete. - 45 .
62. Bronze fihula, as No. 71. +52 .
63. Plain White IV jug with flat base; depressed body; plain rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height iz.o. +68 .
64. White Painted IV jug with Hat base: oval body; loner, thick neck; stilted rim; vertical string-hole handle on neck. Encircling lines on shoulder and neck. Heweht 8.2. $\div+9$.
65. Bechrome III plate with flat basc; curved sides: two horizontal handles below rim. Black and red conee ntric carcles in the centre at the bottom; from this decoration alternating parallel lines and latticed bordered triangles; encircline black lines on sides and mesde the bowl; black rim and handles. One handle missing. Diam. 16.4. $-4^{\circ}$
-t Foregn bowl with Hat hase; curved sides: contracted rim, two large horizental handles on sides. The lower part of bods 1 b black: symmetracally placed on both sudes are two birds facing each other, altemating with vertecil lines: encircliner lanes below the rim. The handles and the made of the howl are covered by a black $l_{1 p}$ beces of rm and base mussing The clay is findy silted and reddish. Diam in.i. - 27
77 Whate Parital IV Hat bowl wath flat base, and wade

7S. Bichrome IV hd wath flattencd base; slightly curved upper sude; convex eentral buss. Fincircling black bordered bands on upper sale Diam iso -- 40.
66. Plan White IV jug, as No. 73. Height 13.0. -- 32.
so Bicheome IV gus with flat hase; depressed hody; narrow neek, handle from neek to shoulder. Black bordered band ancireling the body. Mouth nussing. Helght s 6. -- 5.
Si. Bichrome IV open bowl with flat base; raised rim; two horizontal hancles below rim. Encireling black and red lines outside and inside the rim. Black rim and handles. Diam $15.6 \div 70$.
67. Black-on-Red I (III) oval jug with Hat base; narrow nuck with handle-ridere and funnel-mouth, and handle from neck to shoulder. Encirchng lines around belly and neck; three groups of small concentric circles on bods, black rim and handle Herght 9.0. - 45.
8.3. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No. 82. Herght 9.0. - 50.
68. Plain White IV jug with flat base; stilted rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Henght $60 . \cdots-{ }^{4 .}$.
$8 \mathbf{5}$. White Painted $V$ fragments of jug, probably as No. ios Vertical, encircling lines symmetrically placed on both sides Around shoulder two horizontal circles; a lotus flower on high stem in the maddle of two lotus buds as front ornament -45 .
69. Bichrome Red II (V) amphora with base-ring; biconical body, wade, splaying neck; stilted rim; two large horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling white and black lines around belly, shoulder and neck; large tree ornaments on the shoulder; below the neck line, three rows of white dots; black handles. Height 265 . - 30

87 Bichrome V jue with flat base; depressed body; narrow neck; pinched rmm; twin-handle from rmm to shoulder. Vertical bands of red and black lones symmetrically placed on both sides of body; similar bands encircling the houbler, encorcling lines around neck; black panted rim and handles. Height 14.5 i 30.
88. White Panted IV jug with base-ring; globular body; tuhular neck, wath large funnel-mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Vertical lines symmetrically placed on both sides of body; encreling lines around neck and mouth; three crossed lines as front and back ormament on booulder, transurse lines on handle Hewht i, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{H}} \quad-\cdots$ to
Si) Black-on-Red II (IV) jug with central knob within the bast-ring; sack-shaped bodr, slightly consex
neck: widely staited rim and handle from neck to shoulder. Fincircling lines around shoulder and neck; red rim and band on neck. Height 15.8. - 30.
90. Bichrome IV jug with flat base; globular hody; narrow neck with handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical, red encirchng lines symmetrically placed on either side, crossed by encircling red bands around shoulder. In all the spaces, groups of small, black concentric circles: transserse lines on hanclle. Mouth missing. Height 10.8. I 35.
91. Plain White IV depressed jug with flat base. Neck and handle missing. Henght 8.8. - $3^{8}$.
92 Plan White V hd with flat base, flat central boss. Dianı. 17.1. - 30.
93. Bichrome IV open buwl, as No. 8r. Dannaged. -- 50

94 Red Slip $1 I$ (IV) sack-shaped jug with Hat base; body narrowing upwards; narrow neck; stilted rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Buff, finely silted clay. Height $7.7+30$.
95. Plan White IV jug, as No. 43. Herght 88. 30.
96. Plain White IV deep bowl with flat base; slightly inbent rim; horizontal handle below rim. Four encircling grooves below rim. Dam. $150 .+30$.
97. Fragments of a bronze bowl. Diam. c. 12.0. +30.
98. Polychrome (IV) bowl wath flat base; slightly in-bent rinz; and two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling black and brown band outside and inside the bowl, supplemented in white. Diam. 13.2. - 32.
99. Plain White $V$ flat, open bowl with flat base and outturned rim. Diam. $178 .+30$.
roo. Necklace consisting of various small beads of fatence and bronze (cf. Fig. 20. I). The faience beads are blue, green or yellow and of two types as regards their shapes: a) rounded; b) that, disc-shaped. The bronze beads are plain and Hat. In the maddle of the necklace there is a large bead of green faience On one side is represented an wat-eye. On the other side can be distinguished an or standing before an altar. Upper half of the bead missing. +45 .
101. Bichrome III Jug with depressed hody; narron neck; handle from neck to shoulder. Fincircheng black and red lines on lower part of body; on shoulder, a border of lotus Howers and buds directed downwards Lower part of the body, mouth and handle misming. - 30 .
102. Polychrome (IV) open bowl with that hase; plan rim. Encorcling hlack and red lines outside and in, one of which is decorated with white dots. Diam 132 . $+25$
IO3. Plan White V sack-shaped jug with flat base: body narrowng upwards, and handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.6. -36.
104 White Panted IV flat bowl with Hat base; raised rim. Encircling lines inside. Dram. $82 .+40$.
ios. Bichrome $V$ deep bowl with flat base; contractud rim. Body decorated with alternating black and red seithal lines. Diam. 8.o. $\perp 35$.
106. Terracota mask with stranght basc; fantls beulptured
face; slightly projecting base of the nose. On the forehead circular disc; ears marked by similar dises, harr and eyes painted black; cheeks, mouth and nose painted red. Holes for attachment below the ears and on the crown of the head. Height ro.8. - 36 .
10\%. Terracotta statuette made in snow-man technique with conical base, cylindrical body. Left arm is holding plate, probably with fruit, the right arm is bent towards mouth; the statuette is prohahly intended to he eating the food. The hair is combed from middle in two plaits behind the disc-shaped ears. Traces of black and red ornaments on body and arms; eyes and harr painted black, fruit painted red. Hetght 13.3. ;-35.
108. White Panted V jug with flat base; oval body; narrow neck; pinched rim; and raised twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Vertical circles symmetrically arranged on both stes of body; groups of small concentric circles as front and back ornament; encircling lines on neck, and crossed lines on handle. Height 19.3. +45 .
ro9. Plan White IV depressed jug with flat base; narrow neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 8.5. +28 .
ino. Bichrome IV jug with flat base; almost globular body; narrow neck; stilted rim; handle from rim to shoulder; short spout on body. The spout is painted red, with black eyes and arched eyebrows on sides; red patches below eyes. Black and red lines encircling the neck; vertical red line on handle. Height in.o. +45 .
iII. Bichrome IV oval jug with flat base; narrow neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines around body and neck; vertical black lines on handles. Height $12.5 .+43$.
112. Polychrome (IV-V) globular jug with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; wide, stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Black and red encircling lines around shoulder and neck; rim painted red. On handle-ridge dots in white supplementary colour. Height $15.2 .+25$.
113. Plain White IV sack-shaped jug with flat base; body narrowing upwards; stilted rim; handle from rom to shoulder. Preces of one side missing. Height $15.2 .+25$.
114. Plain White IV oval jug with flat base; out-turned rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height II.2. $\div 35$.
115. Bichrome V open bowl with flat base; down-turned rim. Black and red encircling bands and lines outside and in; rim decorated with alternating black and red filled triangles. Diam. 20.8. + 62.
116. Black-on-Red I1 (IV) open bowl with Hat hase and plain rim; two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling lines outside and in. Light red, mat slip. Diam. 19.7. +40 .
117. White Painted III deep bowl with flat base; slightly concave sides; Hat rim and two horizontal handles below rum. Encircling hands outside and in; black painted handles. Diam. 11.8. +50 .
118. Bichrome IV jug; shape as No. 89. Lower part mıssing. Height 12.5. +42.
119. Bichrome V open bowl with flat base; flat down-turned rım. Encırcling black and red hands outside, and on rım, the inside covered by a dark slip. Diam. 17.7. • 4 .
120. White Painted IV" depressed jug with flat base; short, wide neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Two flying birds with hatched bodes symmetrically placed on both sides of body; tree ornament as front decoration. Encirclong line around neck, eve ornament below rim; ladder-pattern on handle. Hught 13.2. - qo.
121. Black-on-Red I (III) open howl on low foot, wently curved sides; plain rim and two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling lines outside and in; hlack handles Diam. 25 5. - 40.
122. Foreign bowl, as No. 76. Diam. 110 . - 30.
123. White Painted IV bowl with flat hase; rased sides; string-hole handle helow rim. Three grooves encrecling the sides. Diam. 10.0. - 28 .
124. White Painted IV depressed jug with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encrecling lines around belly and neck. Height 10.3. +40 .
125. Bichrome IV jug with flat base; depressed body; cyIndrical neek with handle-ridee; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines around neck. Herght 14.6. - 32 .
126. Red Slip II (IV) elliptical jug with long narrow neek; stalted rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Handle missing. Height $12.5 .+4 \mathrm{I}$.
127. Bichrome IV jug; shape as No .89 , but without encircling line around shoulder. Heght 14.5 . $\cdots 4$.
128. Plain White 1V bowl, as No .123 , hut without grooves below rim. Diam. in.3. - $4^{8 .}$
129. Black-on-Red II (1V) jug with flat base; body narrowing upwards; narrow neck with handle-ridere; stilted rim; handle from neck to hody. Groups of encircling lines around body: vertical lines on handle Height 10.5 - 40 .
130. Bichrome V bowl, as No. 119 lincireling black and red lines outside and in; transterse black strokes on rim. Diam. 16.1. -45 .
131. Bichrome $V$ oval jug with Hat hase; narrow neck; pinched rim, handle from rum to shoulder. leneireling black and red lines and wary lines around body, shoulder and neck Black ornaments helow rim. Heaght 1 z.o. $\div 56$.
132. Bichrome V amphoriskos with flat hase, almost glohular body; wide neck and flat rim: two rertical handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red line around body and neek. Height 8.o. - +5.
133 Plan White IV jug, as No. iri. Herght iz.1. - 45. 134. Plan White $V$ sack-shaped jue with flattened base: handle from rum to shoulder. Heaght 105.28. 135. Black-on-Red I (III) jug with flat base: narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-shaped rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Groups of encireling lines on shoulder and neek; three swasticas on shoulder. Henght 10.2. -- 25.
136. Plain White V plate with flat base; flat rim. Diam. 18.2. : 30.

13: B Bhame 111 erthbular gle with that hise; narrow neek wth hande-rulec: itted rim, handle from neek to whoulder fincretene blach lines around body and mech, red panted rim and hande; three group of amall wnecntric carch on houlder. Heaght 99 -. 30.
: B Blaheon-Rad II (IV) , lug with Hat bane; oval body; narrew nech: ponched rom, handle trom rom to shoulder. (irnuph ot bertail circtes sommetracally arranged on both ude of budy: in all the spaces, umall sroups
 we ormane nt, below rime and ladder-pattern on handle. Hewhe 107 - 30
to Bahrome IN jue with that bise; alightly depressed hody; tone neck, widening upwards; mid-ridge; funnel--haped mouth, hunde from neck to houlder. Handle massung. All decoration i, worn, but wertical black and red ureles dre dentimuanhed on one rede. Henght in.5. - 20.

1t2 Buhrome V' bowl, :is No. 105. Dum 7.5. ... 28
t+3 White Panted i open bowl with flat hase and plain rim lineireling red lincs outside and in. Diam. 80. - 30
1++ Buchrome V had with eoneave ecentral bon Eneareling black and red line around upper stde Dham. 15 3. i- 30.
$1+5$ Red She II (IV) mmature crater with low foot ; depressed bedy, hlehtly coneare neck; flat rim; two handes from rem to shoulder. Once nde damaged Hemght 52 . . 30
Ifts Bucherme IV P! w with that bate, well marked shoulderline, plan ram; two horroontal handle below houder I'ncotilne black and red lenes around shoulder; below the soulder-lime acd erowed lenes, alternating with black wertecal henco ladder-pittern on handles I Iempht $72 \quad ; 28$.
${ }^{1}+7$ Irament at hrones tibula, badly corroded 25
 natrowine upward. Ran and handle manine. Itepht 130 Found imble $\lambda_{0} 4^{*}$.
 13 lanuth 22 Innde No $4^{K}$.

 lemgeth it llatht of Found in No +8.


153 13ach-on-Red I (1ll) jug with that bast: depresued bods, narrow neek with handle-ridee, funnel-mouth; horndle trom neak to throulder. lincereling lines on bods, neck and mouth, wertos dheted hine a front ornument on theulder, lader-pattern on handle. Hoveht wis foum invale Vio iz3.
rat Plam white 15 fue with flat bate: haghty deprewed thoulder, plan rime handle from ram to shoulder. Hatht 110 - 2 K
15: White Pranted バ jug with tlat bave, deprened hods. burt. wde neck: pinched rim, handle from rim to theolder fincireting line on shoulder and neck; three sertical hanco on handle IEeght $1+5$. - 35
156. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No 15. Height 60. + to.

157 White Panted III depressed jue with round hase; narrow neck, stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Waltcse cross hordered with three vertical lines as hottom ornament; encircling lines around shoulder and neck: ladder-pattern on handle. Height 6.1. - 25 .
15x. Scarah of white paste of Type At-B2-Ct. On hase, inctsion representing runneng anmal with uplifted tail. Fincircling line See Appendices $I$ and II. Length 1 4. Herght 0.75. - 20.
159. Bichrome IV jug, as No. Ifo, but with base-ring, and small knoh helow handle. Vertical hlack and red circles symmetrically arranged on either side, winged lattice-lozenge as front ornament; three crossed lines helow knoh; encircling red lines around neck. Nouth and handle missing Height 15.5 . i 22.
160. Plan White IV oval boul with flat base and plain rim. Diam. 192. + 25.
16i. Black-on-Red I (III) Jug, as No. 15. Height 79 - 20.
162. Bachrome $V$ oval jug with flat hase; body narrowang upwards; short neck; pinched rim; handle (probably arched) from rim to shoulder. Enearclang blach and red lines on bods; three hlack crossed lines hangong down over helly, as front ornament Handle misang. Hegght 12.3. ; 20.
163 Black-on-Red I (III) Jug, as No. 15. Height 90. :- 22.
164. Bechrome IIl jue with Hat hase; oval body, straght, plan rim; basket-handle on rma; spout on shoulder. Enemeling black and red hates around belly, shoulder, and neek, eross lines on handle; black vertical lines on spout lleight 130.30.
165. Red Shlp II (IN) jug, whape a No. Xo. Hersht 12 3. - 30.
166. Black-on-Red III (V) jug with Hat rased bane; bods narrowinis upuards: short neek, pinched rim, rabed hande from rim to shoulder. (iroups of encircling lines around body and neck; on shoulder three groups of small, concentris ercles; ese ornament on rmp ladder-pattern on handle. Heruht $125 .-$ - 30.
167. Black-on-Red I (1II) Jug, as No 15. Henght 1 5 25 .

I6S Black $\mathrm{Sl}_{1 \mathrm{p}}$ ) III amphora with low foot; shathty depressed shoulder; slightly concase neck. Hat rim. two handles from rim to shoulder Buff, gritty eldy, cosered by reddish dark slip. Heruht $150 .-25$.
160. Plan White III jue with that hase: depreseed hody: straurht neek; plan rmp handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 6.0. --- 20.
170. Black-on-Red II (IV) jue with tlat hase; oral hody; short neck; ponched rim and handle from rom to shoulder. Fincoreling lines around body and neck; eve ornaments below the rim; threc groups of small concentric carcles on shoulder: bordered zigzag lines on handle Homeht $8.8 \quad-\quad 20$.
171. Black-on-Red I (III) Jug with Hat hasc: depressed body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; funncl-rim and handle trom neek to shoulder. Fincireling lines on loody, neck, and mouth: rippled Ine on neck: three vertical dotted lines on shoulder; ladder-pattern on handle. Hegght 6.4. - 22.
172. Plan White IV jug with flat base; depressed body; wide neek. Handle missing. Height 10.3. - 22.
173. Bobbin-shaped bead of corncalian, pietced through longitudinal axis. Length $1.75 . \quad 30$.
174. Three that finger-rings of shleer with moulded surface kept together by a small bow fibula with three beads on bow; thin lip; well preserved spring and pin. Length of fibula 3.0. Diam. of rings 2.0. Floor.
175. Licarab of Type $\mathrm{A} 2-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$. On base, incised conventionalized Hower. Encircling line. Iength i.5. Height o.6. In the sieves.

> Supplementary eatalogue
176. Bichrome Red II (V) amphord with Hat base; depressed body; short, wade neek with Hat rim; two horizontal
handles on shoulder. Encarcling black and white lines around body and shoulder; on shoulder, groups of smadl coneentrie carcles. The black nuch-line is decorated with white dots; bertical white and black lines on the handles. Helpht 2 i.o.
177. Bichrome $V$ amphors, as No. 176. Fincircling black and red lines around body and neck; groups of small coneentric circles around shoulder; three vertical lines on handles Height 200
178. Bichrome Red II (V) amphora with Hat base; hiconical body; short neck, widening upwards; handles trom rim to shoulder. 'I'he whole amphora is covered bye dark, mat slip; black and white encirting linte around body and neck: groups of smalf concentric, black circles on shoulder Height 200

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds between the burial strata:

'The diagram shows that the pottery from both layers consists of Types III-V. In the bottom laver, however, Type III and especially Type IV dominate, while the Type V are in minority, though comparatively common as regards the Bichrome Ware. Type III of Black-on-Red Ware is very common, but the later stages of the same ware are only represented by a few specimens. This is still more evident as regards the second burial layer, where only Type III is represented by the Black-on-Red Ware, while Type III are entirely missing as regards all other wares from this layer. The second burial stratum contains some Type IV, and fully developed Type V: White Painted, Bichrome and Plain White wares. Three specimens of foreign ware, generally known as "Ionian", were found in this tomb, two in the first layer and one in the second. This indicates that this kind of foreign ware may be considered as contemporary with the Cypriote Type IV. This combination of pottery assigns the first burial layer to the beginning of the CyproArchaic II period, and the second burial layer to the end of the same period.

Six scarabs were found in the first burial layer and the latest of them may be of interest as to the absolute chronology of the tomb. Nos. 63, 64, 67 and 150 date from the Saite period ( 7 th-6th Cent.), while No. 158, though not Egyptian, can be compared with the Naucratite scarabs (see Appendices I and II). One of the scarabs from the second burial layer (Layer 6) could be ascribed to the Saite period, or even the XXVIth Dynasty (cf. Appendices I and II).

## TOMB 10 (Fig. 20: 2-6)

|  | Length | Width | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.00 | 0.87 | 0.90 |
| Stomion | 0.50 | 0.70 | 0.72 |
| Chamber | 3.25 | 1. 55 | I. 70 |

SHAPE
The dromos of this tomb is rather short, with straight, steeply sloping floor. The sides are vertical and almost parallel.

The stomion is well preserved with both orthostatic jambs and the lintel still in situ. The jambs are comparatively well cut. The door slab of irregular shape was found, fallen backwards on the floor of the dromos.

The chamber, which is excavated in the rock, makes a right angle with the dromos. The shaft is of regular rcctangular shape with rounded corners. The bottom is slightly concave, on a lerel 0.30 m . below the floor of the stomion. The long sides of the rock shaft are slightly concave, and narrow upwards. The short sides are vertical.

The rock shaft has been covered by large slabs resting on the edges of the rock. Two of these slabs were found in situ, the largcst one measuring 2.10 m . in length. The slab over the western part of the tomb had been removed, apparently in connexion with a later burial
in the niche in the short wall. For the same purpose the upper edges of the S. E. corner of the tomb had been damaged, excavated as a sort of short dromos into the niche-tomb. The niche itself is very deep and oriented in N.-W.S.E. Its floor is 0.35 m . above the tomb floor.

## STRATIFICATION

The stratification of this tomb is comparatively simple as the various burial periods are not marked by different layers. Below the surface earth follows a layer of homogeneous brown earth to a depth of about 3.0 m . At the bottom of the tomb, a layer of dark burial earth about 0.10 m . thick was found. Here most of the finds were lying, partly piled up to the level of the layer above. The W. part of the tomb floor was covered with pebbles, which were probably the remains of benches for the first burials. Some of the usual margin stones, too, were found in the middle of the floor. At the W. part of the tomb, a vertical shaft was subsequently dug, to a level c. 0.35 m . from the floor. Through this shaft the burial in the niche had been lowered into position. The niche itself was filled with dark earth infiltrated through the shaft mentioned.

## BURIALS

At the W. part, and the middle of the tomb some scattered human bones with Skull I were found, but no entire skeletons survired. The finds themselves, however, and especially their position, make it perfectly clear that the tomb was used for burials in two different periods. At the N. W. corner, a group of pots were piled up against the wall. At various points, other deposits are noted on the E. part of the floor. On examining these piles of pots, it becomes clear that they belong to different burials. The first large pile contained Types I-II only, while the two E. piles contained Types IV-V only. Close to the N. wall, a group was found where pots from both burial periods were noted. The finds in the middle of the tomb (Nos. 2-6, 12, 56 etc.) are ascribed to the later burial period. These finds, evidently, come from both male and female burials. - The burial in the niche was apparently of subsequent date. It was found in a dorsal position with the head to the N.W. With the exception of the skull, the skeleton was comparatively well preserved. Around the skull, a wreath of gilded bronze leaves had been placed (No. $5_{7}$ ).

## FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XVI; XVII, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Gold diadem with almost parallel sides, pierced at the short ends. Inmpressed palmettes. Length i4.5 -45 .
2. Plain, circular finger-ring of silver. Diam. 2.1. +30 .
3. Crescent-shaped earring of bronze. Part missing. Diam. r.6. +25 .
4. Thick spiral hair-ring of silver. Diam. I. $+\frac{+}{}$.
5. Long, narrow, plain cylinder of silver with ridges at the edges; hole through longitudinal axis. Length 3.8. -30 .
6. Bronze handle belonging to bowl No. $46 . \div 30$.
7. Small fragments of than gold-sheet. th 50 .
8. Fragment of iron spear-head. Length $13.0 .+75$.
9. Plain White IV open bowl; fat base, and plain rim. Diam. $100 .+30$.
10. White Panted $V$ open bowl with flat, base; flat, downturned rim, decorated with transverse lines; encircling lones inside. Diam. $10.8 \div 30$.
11. Plain White IV bowl, as No. 9. Diam. 10 o. - 30.
12. Circular bronze button, with one convex side with Hat centre. Probably a nall head. Diam. 3.3 - 30.
13. Bichrome Red II (V) jug with base-ring; oval body; narrow neck with pinched rom and twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Vertical white and black cireles, symmetrically arranged on either side: groups of small
concentric circles as front and back ornament. Encirclthe black and white lines around neck; ladeler-pattern on hindle Heisht $217 . \quad r-30$.
14. Black-un-Red III (V) juis. as Vo. I3 but without white colour. The gue has been menaled in ancient times. Herght 220 - 30
15. Black Varnished tareion bowl on low foot; finely curred sides; two horizontal handles belon rim. The outside decorated with red and hack enereling lines in lustrous paint The inside corcted by a black varnish slip. on which white bordered red circles are appled; black barnished handles. Buff, hard, finely silted clay. Diam. 133-28.
16. Polychrome Whate (IV-V) amphora with Hat base, owal body, narrow neck with flat down-turned rim; two large horizontal handles below shouldir. Encircline hlack and red lines around belly, shoulder and neck; double crossed lines on shoulder: neck-line marked by white dors, black handles with vertical strokes. Height $22+\quad 30$
17. Plan White [V' jug with Hat base: almost spherical body; short neck with outwards turned rim; handle from rim to shouldur. Rem chipped. Heught in.8. +30 .
18. White Panted IV, flat bowl on flat hase, rased plan rim. Encirclang black lines outside and in. Diam. 115. - 30.

19 Plan White IV jug as No. 17. Herght 125 . - 30.
20. Bichrome V amphora with base-ring; biconical body; short neck widening upwards; stilted rim; large horizontal handles on belly. Fncircling black and red lines around belly, shoulder and neck; crossed lines around belly; black handles with vertical strokes. Height 23.5 - 25 .
21. White Panted II oral jug wath loase-ring; slightly depressed shoulder; long cylindrical neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines on base-rine, shoulder and neck; hordered gagzag lines on handle. Heught 26.2. - 28.
22. Bichrome Vjug with hase-ring; almost globular hody; short neck narrowing upwards; ponched rim and rased twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Firrtical hlack and red circles symmetrically arranged on both -des; hlack and red encircling lines around shoulder; black tree ornament as front decoration; encorcling hlack lines and was line around neck, transterse lines on handle. Height $240 .-22$.
23. White-on-Black (V) amphora with Hat base; depressed body, short, wadening neck; stilted rim, large horizontal handles on shoulders; hody covered by a mat, black slip; encircling white lines and zigzag lone around brody and nuek. Heasht i95. + 26 .
24. Black slip II amphorrikes on low foot with depressed shoulders; short cylindrical neck; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Body vertically groosed Henght $158 .-18$.
25. Plan White $Y$ bowl with that base, rassed sidec. One plece musing. Diam. iI 5 : 30 .
26. White Painted II jug on low foot; slightly depressed shoulder; cylindrical neck; stilted rim; handle from rim to shoulder On shoulder, a short spout with a straner in body. Encircling lines around foot, body, and neckline; two wary lines around neck; vertical lines on spout and ladder-pattern on handle. Henght 18.5. $-27$.
27 Black Slip II jug on foot; slightly depressed shoulder; concave neck; ponched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Threce enereling grooves around shoulder; lower part of body vertically groored. Height 16.5. - 30 .
28. White Panted pulgrim bottle with funnel-shaped mouth, handles from neck to shoulder. ()ne stele has knob; vertical circles, symmetrically arranged on hoth sides; encircling lines around neck; ladder-pattern on handle. Foreggn Ware. Height 12.7 . -- 22.
29. Black Slıp I amphoriskos on low foot; slightly depressed shoulder; concave neck; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Lower part of body carelessly grooved. Reddish dark slip. Height $12.3 .+30$.
30. Bichrome V Hat bowl with flat base; down-turned rim, decorated with black and red coarse lines. Diam. io. 5 . +30 .
31. Bichrome $V$ amphora with base-ring; almost biconical body: short neck widening upwards; stilted rim; two large horizontal handles on belly. The same decoration as No. 20. Height 22.5. +30 .
32. Black slip IV jug with flat base; long, tapering body; concave neck; splaying mouth: handle from neck to shoulder. Handle missing. Traces of dark, reddish black slip; surface nuch worn. Height 10.3. +27 .
33. White Painted 11 globular jug with concave base; narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical circles symmetrically arranged on both sides; two winged lattice-lozenges as front ornament on shoulder; winged lozenges filled with small lozenges as hack ornament; encircleng lines around mouth; ladderpattern on handle. Height $175 .+25$.
34. Bichrome II harrel-shaped jug with globular body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; wide funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Black and red vertical circles, symmetrically arranged on exther side; three lozeneses filled with lattice-lozenges as front ornament on shoulder; double crosed lines as back omament; encircling hlack and red lines around neek, black dots on rim; ladder-pattern on handle. Height 202. +25.
35. White Panted II oval jug with base-ring; slightly depressed shoulder; short neck with stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and neek; douhle wasy lines around neck; ladderpattern on handle. Height 32.5 . +35 .
36. White Painted 11 amphora with hase-ring; oval body; slightly concave neck with flat rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircline lines around body and neck; four groups of transverse lines on rim and black handles. Herght 47.0. $\div 30$.
37 Bronze ring, very damaged. -35 .
38. White Painted II amphora on low foot; slightly depressed shoulder; wide, conease neck; flat rim; bandles from rim to sboulder. Encircling lines on shoulder and neekline; rippled line around neck; groups of cross lines on rim; bordered zigzag lines on handle. Height 37.o. $\therefore 42$.
39. White Painted Il harrel-shaped jug; almost globular body; well marked neck-line; handle-ridge; wade mouth with stilted rim; bandle from neek to shoulder. Vertical spiral, bordered with black encircling hand; vertical circles symmetrically arranged on either side; two winged bordered lattice-lozenges as front ornament on shoulder: latticed winged lozenge as back ornament below handle. Encircling lines around mouth and bordered zigzag line on handle. Height 30.0. +63 .
fo. White Painted II amphora with base-ring; slightly depressed body; wade neck, with Hat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and shoulder; around the neck, squares with double crossed lines alternatine with vertical bordered, chequered and latticed bands; groups of transverse lines on rim; bordered zigzag lines on handles. Height 39.5 . - 30.
41. White Panted II amphora with base-ring; oval body; slightly concave neck; flat rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling bands and wary lines around body, alternating bordered chequered bands and lattice-lozenges around shoulder; encircling bands and lines around neck; groups of transverse lines on rim; black painted handles with vertical strokes Herght 43.0. +48 .
42. White Panted II barrel-shaped jug with almost spherical body; narrow neck; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical groups of circles, symmetrically arranged on both sides of body; winged, bordered latticelozenges as front and back ornament; encircling lines around neck and mouth; bordered zogzag lines on handle. Herght $17.2 .+25$.
43. Plain White II bowl with flat raised base; curved sides; plain rim; wave handle below rim. Diam. 18.8. .t. 35.
+4. Plan, carcular finger-ring of bronze; broken in tho. Diam. 2.5. - 37.
45 Plan White IV depressed jug wath Hat base; narrow neek with mid-ridge; stilted rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 8.8 - 38 .
46. Bronze bowl of skyphos type (cf. No. 6). Herght S.o. $+40$.
47. Bichrome $V$ globular jug, as Nio. 22, but with Hat base. Height $15.5 .+30$.
48. White Painted IV globular jug with base-ring; narrow
neck with handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling red lines around shoulder. Nouth missing. Height $\mathrm{I}_{5}$. -30.
49. Plan White IV jue, as No. if. Height 8.8. - 30 .
50. Bichrone V' bowl, as No. ıo. Encircling black and red lines outside and in; red strokes on rim. Diam. 16.5. -30 .
51. Bichrome II barrel-shaped jug with slightly projecting sade-knobs; narrow neek with handle-radge; hande from neek to shoulder. Enesrcling black and red lines, symmetrically arranged on either side of body; bordered lattice-lozenges as front ornament; double erossed lines as back ornament below handle; encireling black and red lines around neek; ladder-pattern on handle. Rim missing. Herght 18.5 . Found inside No. to.
52. White Panted I kylix on low foot; softly curved sides; plain rim; horizontal handles on sides. Encircling bands outside and in; black painted handles. Heigbt 14.5. Dram. 16.8. + 30.

53 Polychrome White jug with round hase; ovoid body; cylindrical neck with mid-rıdge; slightly splaying rim; handle from neck to shoulder; small projection below handle. Body covered by slightly polshed, buff slip on which vertical black, blue, red, and white circles are symmetrically arranged on both sides of body; three black crossed lines as front and back ornament; neck undecorated. Black, transterse lines on handle. Foreign ware. Height 34.0. - 30 .
54. Red Slip amphoriskos on low foot; slightls depressed body; wide, concave neck; flat rma; handles from rim to shoulder; body covered byy a mat reddeh-lilac paint, usual in Bichrome Ware (Foremg:). Hewht 7.5. +25.
55. a) Sheet-gold, with edges hent up, deeorated with mopressed female figure standing upright with lifted hands. b) Five fragnients of similar sheets. Length a) 4.5. +20 .
56. Leat-shaped spear-head of aron with socket; tho edges; rim of socket is surrounded by a that bronze ring. 'l'races of wood still visible inside the socket. Broken. - 15 .
57. Wreath of gided myrtle leares of hronze; tued on a Hat bronze rod. Damaged. Dlim. e 20.0. Around bead of skeleton in the nacbe.
supplementary catalogue
58. White Panted l lisha, as No. 52. Heagbt 13.5. Dam. 17.5.
59. White Panted II jug as No. 35, but without lines on neck. IIerght $3^{8} \mathrm{o}$.


Fig. 20. Amathus. Tomb 9, Necklace No. 100 in situ (1). Tomb ıo, Plan (2); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C (3-5); Finds in situ (6). Tomb If, Plan (9); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C (10, 7, 8); Finds in situ (13). Tomb 12, Plan (II); Section A-A (I2).

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds between the various burials:


## CHRONOLOGY

This diagram shows clearly the different burial periods in this tomb. All the pottery from the first period is of Type I-II with Type II dominating. Nos. 28 and 53 are foreign, as probably also the small amphoriskos, No. 54 . This combination of pottery assigns the burial to the end of the Cypro-Geometric II period. The second burial is characterized by Types IV and $V$. The distinction of this burial from the first, is thus very clear as no Types III were found in the tomb. The vase classes are as follows: White Painted IV and V, Bichrome V, Black-on-Red III (V), Polychrome White (IV), Black Slip IV, Plain White IV and V, and a specimen of an imported ware (No. 15 ), known as "Ionian". This combination of pottery assigns the burial to the Cypro-Archaic II period. The subsequent burial in the niche can only be dated by the wreath No. 57. As such wreathes are very common in tombs of ancient Alexandria dated to the 3rd Cent., it is reasonable to date the burial to that period.

TOMB 1 (Figs. 20: 7-10, 13; 21-23)
SIZE

| Dromos | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Length } \\ & 2.4^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Width } \\ 1.05 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Height } \\ & 0.80 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stomion | 0.40 | 0.70 | 0.75 |
| Chamber | 3.50 | I. 75 |  |



2I. Amathus. Tomb II. Interior view.


Fig. 22. Amathus. Tomb if seen from above.

SIIAPE
This tomb is of the same character as Tomb 9, though the orientation of the tomb and the dromos is different (cf. Plan I).

The dromos widens slightly towards the entrance. At the beginning, the floor slopes very slightly, but after about 1.0 m . there is a high step from whence the floor slopes down to the stomion. This is carefully built with a large threshold and orthostatic jambs. On the right side, there were two. The lintel had been removed, but the choor slab was found in situ with a small packing of rubble on the outside.

The tomb is of rectangular shape and makes a right angle with the dromos. It is excavated in the rock. In this shaft, walls are built along the long sides on the inside covering the rock. The walls are built of roughly projecting ashlar of rarious sizes. Four courses of ashlar blocks are preserved. The walls narrow upwards. Probably the roof stones were placed on the walls, but none were found in situ. In the filling, however, two large slabs were found, possibly remains of the roof.

Along the short wall just in front of the door there was a small bench of pebbles, bordered with large rubble. To the right of the entrance, too, three similar blocks of rubble were placect, apparently as a shelter for the burials.

## STRATIFICATION

Below the surface layer a rather heterogeneous layer was found, consisting of dark earth mixed with large stones and some of the roof slabs of the tomb. At the level where these were found, a burial layer was noted containing inter alia Skulls I-III. This layer slowly became harder, and more homogeneous towards the bottom of the tomb. There the dark burial earth was found, c. 0.40 m . from the rock floor. As regards the earth, it was impossible to distinguish any different strata in this layer, cxcept for a patch in the middle of the tomb, where a layer of pebbles separated two burial layers (cf. below). Along the S. short
wall, a pebble bench was found bordered with rubble. These pebbles were found more or less over the whole floor, even in the interior of the tomb.

## BCRIALS

Various burials could be distinguished in this tomb, and their chronologieal order could be established on account of their position and the finds connected with them.

On the pebble bench, in front of the entrance, a skull (No. VI), with some rery much corroded remains of the skeleton, was found in connexion with an intact deposit of burialgifts along the wall. Probably the corpse was placed in dorsal position with the head near the entrance. This burial may have been a male one, as the iron knife (No. 86) is attached to it.

In the middle of the tomb, different burial strata were noted. The lowest was on the rock floor close to the door, but here it was not possible to find any skeleton. Over this layer other burials were found. Here two skeletons were cleared (skel. IV and V) lying the one over the other in an androgynous position. Both were placed with the head to the door. The lower, male skeleton was lying in dorsal position. Its skull was in a rery had state of preservation. Originally it must have rested on a rubble block placed on the floor. On the left side of the male, a small terracotta rider (No. 16) was found, and over his pelvis a bowl (No. $1_{4}$ ) was lying, upside down. The female skeleton was lying partly covering the male. Its right leg was slightly bent over the right leg of the male. The skull (No. V) of the female, which originally had rested on the rubble, had turned over and was found nearer the door. The female wore a bronze ring (No. 15) on her right hand and a neeklace (No. 72). In connection with her left hand, a scarab (No. - $\delta$ ) was found. Between the chests of the two skeletons, a tambourine-player of terracotta (No. 6g) was found, apparently the female pendant to the rider (No. r6) of the male skeleton. The pottery-gifts connected with these burials are to be found in the diagram p. 76 , where it shows the pottery of the third burial. The fourth burials were found on a much higher level along the E. wall. Here three well preserved skulls (Nos. I-III) were found in connexion with remains of human skeletons in dorsal position. No burial-gifts could be connected with these burials.

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FINDS (GROUPS: PLS XVII, 3-5, SVIII, 1, 2; TYPES: L. OF P'L. II)
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I. Btehrome II large plate with flat bottom and base-rine; slightly concex sides; flat rum; two wh-bone handers on rim Outside the bottom bhack maltese eross. encircled by black tine; red encireling bimd bordered with black tines; encirching band of black bordered red triangles and enercling red band bordered with black lines in the centre. Between the bilce-ring and this central decoration, an encitchng band consisting of black trangles filled with smaller lattice-lozenges. alternating with black bordered, red trangles fillect with a smaill hattice-triangle. In the spaces between these triangles, black crosses with dots in the ancles, bordered with three radiating hines; on base-ring, four groups of
transwerse lines: encirchine black hands and lines around sides. Inside, black spral, bordered with wede encurchne bhack band in the centre: two concentric black linew between the rimand the bottom. Black rim and handles. Yehow, gritty clar. Dham. 38.0. Found in dramos.
2. Plann. rought circular head of bronge nall. Dam 13. Found in dromos.
3. Bhack thp II orill jug with hase-rms: narrowner neck; wade, pinched rim: handle from rim to shoulder. Vertically thuted body: there, almost hastrous herizontal rdges around shoulder. Height 220 . Found in dromos
4. Bichrome III sack-shaped jur with flat hase; tapering body, short, narrow neck with small encircline ridge;
deeply pinched rim; handle from rim to body. Encircling, black bordered, red band on helly; black neck-line, rim, and handle. Height 9.5. Found in dromos.
5. Bichrome III globular Jug with flat base; well marked neek-line; narrow neck; handle from neek to shoulder. Vertical black bordered, red, concentric bands symmetrically arranged on both sides; black encircling lines on neck-line and round the upper part of neck; black transserse lines on handle: red painted rim. Height 9.8. Found in dromos.
6. Bichronie IV amphoriskos, which crumbled entirely in the air. Found in dromos.
7. Bichrome IIl amphoriskos with flattened base; round bods: ohlique shoulder; tapering neck; stılted rim; two horizontal handles on body. Black, encircling lines round body, shoulder and neek; dark red, encircling band below the black painted rım. Yellow clay, white washed. Herght 10.8. T I. 20.
8. Bichronve III open howl with flat base-ring; slighty curved sides; stilted, in-turned rim; two horizontal handles below rim. Red, encircling band, bordered with hlack concentric lines as base ornament; black transverse lines on base-ring; around the sides, a red encircling band bordered with black lines; from this ornament, radiate black zigzag lines bordered with three lines, alternating with black bordered, red Mornaments with mid-triangles filled with chequers. Black circle at the bottom; two black, concentric lines between bottom and rim, inside. Black rim and handles. Large piece of the bowl missing. Diam. 30.5. $\div 90$.
9. Red Slıp II (IV) oval jug with flat base; slightly depressed shoulder; gently curved neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle with circular transverse section from neck to shoulder. Pink, gritty clay; light mat slip. Height 17.0. - 95 .
10. Plain White $V$ circular lid with flat, knobbed handle; curved sides and flat, out-bent rim. Buff clay, white washed. Diam. is.6. +55.
11. Bronze fragment. Length 9.8. ' 45.
12. White Painted IV round jug with flat base; spherical hody; cylındrical neck with handle-ridge; wide, handle from neck to shoulder. Encırcling lines round neck. Green, gritty clay. Height $146 .-40$.
13. Plan White IV globular jug with flat base; short, tapering neck; stilted rim; handle from rim to shoulder. White, gritty clay. Height $15.0 .+45$.
14. Bichrome IV small, open bowl with flat base, sharply curved sides and plain rim. Encorcling black and yellow bands outside and in. Diam. 8.8. - 50 .
15. Plain eircular finger-ring of hronze with overlapping ends. Dam. 2.4. - 52.
16. 'Terracotta statuette representing rider in snow-man technıque, sitting on a horse which looks straight forwards; the four lexs are slightly curved and the short tall falls along left hind leg; the forelock is straightly cut The rider is sitting without leqs on the front of the horse's back; he places his hands behind the ears
of the horse. The head is large with projecting nose; cırcular ears; har falling down behind the ears. Bichrome paint. Height II.5. +48 .
17. Slightly hent bronze pin with square section at the top, and circular section at the point. Length ir.5. +37 .
18. Thick bronze fibula with high bow; one collar and two beads on the bow. Spring and pin missing. Length 5.0. +37.
19. Black-on-Red II (IV) flat bowl with flat base; slightly curved sides; up-turned, plain rim; small horizontal handles on rim. Encircling black lines outside and in. Green, gritty clay with dark red, mat slip. Diam. 2i.5. $+35$.
zo. Plain White $V$ long oval sack-shaped jug with sides slightly narrowing upwards; short convex neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Yellow, gritty clay. Height 18.0. -30 .
21. Red Slip II (IV') deep bowl with flat base; curred sides; slightly stilted rim; small horizontal handle below rim. Incised lines around rim Red gritty clay; light, mat slip. Diam. II.5. +40 .
22. Bichrome III pilgrim bottle depressed on the sides; projecting side-knobs; narrow neck; mouth widening upwards; straight rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Two groups of black concentric circles symmetrically arranged on both sides; red band round side-knobs, encircling black lines round neck; transverse lines on handles. Rim missing. Buff, gritty clay. Height 15.0 . -35 .
23. Plain White V sack-shaped jug with flat base; slightly concave sides; short, convex neck; handle from rim to body. Rım missing. Grey clay. Height 12.5. +38 .
24. Bichrome $V$ deep bowl with flat base; sharply angular outlıne; stilted, out-bent rim. Encirclıng black lines round the vertical sides; red slip below rım; concentric black and red circles, inside. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. 15.0. +60 .
25. Grey Polished (V) globular bottle with low, narrow, base-ring; high, somewhat biconical neck with handleridge; flaring funnel-shaped mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Dark, grey lustrous surfacc. Height 7.5. +35 .
26. White Painted $V$ globular, slightly depressed jug with large, flat base; slightly marked neck-line; narrow neck; pinched rim; high twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Groups of vertical, encircling bands and lines symmetrically arranged on both sides; three stripes hang down from neck-line radialing over the hody; encırcling lines, degenerate wary line around neck; transverse lines on handle, at the root of the handle is a triangular field with the two upper angles prolonged with strokes. Black rim. White washcd, yellow, gritty clay. Height 17.2. +38 .
27. Plain White IV sack-shaped jug. Buff clay. Height 22.4. +30 .
28. Bichrome IV flat bowl with small flat hase; well marked side; flat horizontal rini. Black encircling line outside the rim; alternating black and red concentric circles
inside; groups of five transverse strokes on rim. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. 14.0. +20 .
29. Plain White IV oval jug with flat base; soft shoulder; convex neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Rim missing. White, gritty clay. Height i3.0. +45 .
30. Bichrome Red II (V) depressed amphora with flat base; short neck widening upwards; stilted rım; large, horizontal handles on body. The pot is covered by black slip on which is painted large, oblique, white crosses on body; around shoulder, a white encircling line and below, a rippled line; a row of white dots below the neck-line; around the white painted neck, eight groups of small,black, concentric circles; black encircling lines around rim. Grey, gritty clay. Height $20.5 .+40$.
3I. Polychrome White (V) long, oval jug with base-ring; curved sides; narrow neck with wide mouth; deeply pinched rim; high twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Three groups of encircling, black lines round body; encircling black line with white dots round neck-line; a red, short rippled line and encircling black lines round neck; eight groups of small concentric circles round shoulder; eye ornaments on each side of rim; black painted rim; transverse red lines on handle. Fine, white clay. Height $23.5 .+50$.
32. Bichrome IV oval jug with slightly depressed body; flat base; narrow neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black lines round body and neck; short rippled band round shoulder; black rim; red transverse strokes on handle. Greenish, white, gritty clay. Height $\mathbf{1 2 . 5}+50$.
33. Bichrome $V$ depressed biconical jug with flat base; straight neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines round body; two encircling lines on neck; red painted rim and handle. Brown clay. Height 10.5. +50.
34. Polychrome White (V) oval jug with flat base; depressed shoulder and body; narrow neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and yellow lines around the body; a degenerate red, wavy line and encircling black lines around neck; a group of three red stripes hanging over the shoulder as front ornament; conventionalized branch ornaments on the shoulder; red painted rim; transverse red strokes on handle. Yellow, gritty clay, white washed. Height 13.0. +50.
35. Bichrome V oval jug with flat base, slightly depressed shoulder; narrow neck; pinched rim. Three groups of vertical, concentric circles, the innermost black, symmetrically arranged on both sides; encircling black lines and degenerate wavy line around neck; conventionalized branch ornament as front decoration; black painted rim. Handle missing. Buff clay, yellow washed. Height $13.5 .+48$.
36. Plain White V sack-shaped jug, as No. 20, but with sides tapering upwards. Brown, gritty clay. Height 10.0. +50 .
37. White Painted III jug, similar to No. 13, hut with oval body and neck narrowing upwards. Encircling lines on body. Height $\mathbf{4} 4.5+50$.
38. Plain White III jug, as No. 37. Handle missing. Buff, gritty clay. Height in.o. +48 .
39. Bichrome $V$ slightly depressed, oval amphora with hase-ring; well marked neck-line; short neck widenıng upwards; slightly stilted rim; vertical handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red bands and lines around body, shoulder, neck-line and rim; vertical strokes on handle. Greenish gritty clay. Height 31.o. +60 .
40. Plain White III globular jug with flat base; cylindrical neck; handle-ridge; slightly stılted rim; wide bandle from neck to shoulder. White, gritty clay. Height 14.0. +58 .
41. Black-on-Red I (III) deep bowl with flat base-ring; curved sides; well marked shoulder-line; contracted, plain rim; small horizontal ribbon-handle below shoulderline. Encirclıng lines on body. Buff, gritty clay with red, mat slip. Diam. 17.0. +4.
42. Plain White III oval jug with flat base; short, wade neck; slightly stilted rim; thin handle from rim to shoulder. Buff, gritty clay. Height r4.8. Found in No. 41 .
43. Hemispherical bronze bowl with small, circular, discshaped base fixed to the bowl with four bronze rivets; gently widening, flattened ram. Diam. $15.6 .+35$.
44. Bichrome III plate with slightly convex base; curved sides; up-turned rim; horizontal handles below rim. Red, encircling band bordered with black, concentric lines; radiating hlack and red M-ornaments with latticed mid-triangles alternating witb black bordered zigzag lines outside the bottom; encircling black lines and bands round sides. Concentric black circles inside the plate; black rim and handles. Half of plate missing. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. c. 25.5. +45 .
45. White Painted III flat, wade bowl with base-ring; widening, slightly curved sides; stılted, slightly bent-in rim; horizontal handles below rim; spiral at the centre of base; transwerse lines on base-ring; two groups of concentric circles around sides. Inside, spiral and two encircling lines; black painted rim and handles. One handle missing. Yellow, gritty clay Diam. 260 - 40.
46. Bichrome II oval jug with round base; rounded shoulder; very narrow, short, neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Black maltese cross at bottom encircled by black bordered, red hand; an encircling black bordered, red band below shoulder; three radiating black stripes of hordered hatehed bands around shoulder; black painted rim. Handle missing. Butf, gritty clay. Height $15.0 .+52$.
47. Coarse cooking-pot with flattened base; depressed body; plain rim; vertical handles on body. Black, gritty clay. Height $14.5 . \quad 1.42$.
48. Bichrome III Hat howl with Hat basc: stalted rim and horizontal handle on rim. Traces of red paint on handle. Diam. 19.0. 广 40.
49. Black Slip Bichrome II plate with flat base; slightly curved sides; two horizontal bandles below rim. Fluted
vidn small mattere crons a noreled bs alternating red and thak concentrie arcles, from these carcles three burderel atene limes and three batek and red Mi-ornaments with hattied madetraneles radate. Inside, Whak porsil and three coneentric tines, black ship on -uden and harndlen Buff clat. Dam. 21.5 . - 35 .
₹o Buchrome Itf upen bowl with that base; flat baterenge,
 handles on the sudes (on base, a red, encireling hand burdered with blatk eoncentric lines; a black zagyag hand round hase-ring; a broad, red, encircling band, bordered by black eaneentre lines round sudes close to bhe-ring, black zrgaag lines, bordered by three hlack line alternatinis with black hordered, red M-ornaments With lateiced med-triangle radhating from the circles, outude the bottom. Inside hottom, black circle and two encereling black lines Rim and handes painted black. Butf. gritty clay. Dam 28.5. - 30 .
§t Blach hien IlI oral amphoriskos with base-ring: splaymg, wheas neck, flaring rim; angular hanclles from rim tor , heutder Decoratuon, as No. 3. but wathout horifontat rudere Plece of rim mosinge. Heqht $\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{O}$-- 50 .
Sa Blakhon-Rud I (III) dece bowl with hase-ring; curved nde', homantal handles helow rim. Incised encircheng lime , around rum, encorching black lines around sude and rim, made, black handles. Hard, rud elay. Dam. $1 \mathrm{~K} 2 \quad 40$.
 huhth cursad udes; plan rom welenng upwards;
 lati, blaw rim, black eirele male the hotem; black lomidlen Rad elat conered hy red, luteroun slip with hartantal tratio of a polshing toxd Datur 200 : + 0.
if Buhame llt loowl. a No 50 Dam. $310 \quad 30$
 plan rian, horvontal handles on the vede, black chucluge bonds atound foot, bods, and rma, panted
 Butf., ertets clay, white wathed Dawn 167 - 35
F" Blach-on-kod 1 (lll small, owal jug with Hat base; deremed houlder, hart, nirrow, consex neck; stilted :un, lumild foom ran to shoulder encorctine black
 atwle on boutder: black hander Mat, black pant on deop rad. hatrous stap. Surface worn Heteht 7 ;

$$
4=
$$


S. Buhrome He ehoblar lug with bace-ring. narrow. whendeal neck, tububar upout with struner with sesen hilde tiratralune. back bordered. red band round bells, when merk-the, frece round shoulder constating of withat batk chergured hand, and trangular ornamont. hordered, and tilled with hatehed lozenges. blah itrohe on wout Yellow. gritty clac. Neck and homille momen fiche 165.
Fo Whte Phuntal 11 , hehth depressed, owal jug with Hitt h.as well markel neek-line, wade, hort neck,
puched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round body and neck-line; hlack rim; transverse lines on handle Buff, gritty clay. Heıght $1+2$. 35 .
6o Statuette of blue fallenec. I amaled. String-hole through neck. Hewht $22 . \quad \cdots 35$
6r. White Panted if bowl with flattened hase; splaying side. Black rim. Daim. 121. 30.
62. Phan Whate if bowl wath flat base; cursed udes: straght rim; very amall horizontal h.ndte helow rim. Around rum are carcless incisons. White gritty clay Dram. 9.5. $\div$ so.
63. Bichrome Y giobular amphora with flat base; suftly marked neck-line; large, horizontal handles on body. Around hody, frieze of small, concentric circles bordered hy two encireling bands; whte wavy line on a brown encireling band; encircling lines, and two brown bands with white dets round shoulder; brown handes with iertical strokes on belly. Neck missing. Grey, gritty clay. Herght 16.0 . 50 .
$6+$ Bichronce $1[1$ small, slightly depressed jug with flat hase: lone. cylandreal neck with hander-ridge; funnelmouth: handle from neck to shoulder. Encireling red and hlack lines round hody; three groups of small, concentric crates round shoulder; encireling hatek and red lines round neek; black ram and handh. Height $92: 20$.
65. Bachrome 111 pilgrim hottle, as No. 22. Height 170-20
66. Bichrome 1 ll pilgram bottle, as No. 22. Heaght 17.0. 35.

67 Biehrome IV globular jue with haterenge, nesh wideneng upwards: handte-tidge: funnel-mouth; handle from neak to shoulder linearaling black and red lines around 1111 bellow clay. Herght 12.530.
os L3lack-on-Red I (ILI) Jur, in Vo. sh Rim chapped, surface much worn Helght $\delta_{5}: 30$
(6) Terracota stathette reprenenting a tamhourine player, conciase base, eslmadrual body, upright hadad with promment nose, lone haur fulline ower shoulders. Buth hands hold tamhourne close to the breast The statuette is decorated with black hordered, red crons lines on the sudes and along the arms; ilternating black and red, ohligue line on the front of bocts, blach haur and eyes; red heard, cars, nose, and turban Heaght $1+5$. it 40 .
7o. Bichrome $1[I$ gebular jus with flat base; narrow neck with a small handle-ridge; stalted rim; thin hamotle from neck to shoulder. Encoreling black and red haes in two group around body. Rim chupped. Pink ctas. Heaght 11.5 . 35.
it Searab of black steatite of Type A. 3 -C'3 (on hase incibion representeng stag; in front of 1 t, a hranch. l.ength 13 : +1

72 d) Sis mobhen-shaped luad of thac fancere, perced by holes through lonettudinal ays Two broken. Lengeth ©. 2 I. b) Six earrings of hronze Dram. r.z. $4+$
73 Sicarrib of white steatite (on hase neamingless heroslyphs. Sue Appendix I. Length 1.7. $\div 30$.
74. Elliptical bead of red cornclan with hexagonal seetion and slightly curved sides; an inclsed line on the flat sides, and bule through the middle Length y.85. +30 .
75. Bobbin-shaped bead of cornclain, with hole through longitudinal axis Length 12 . $-3^{-}$
76. Conical seal of blue fanence, with perced top and an encircling line near base of seal. On hase, incision representing walking man wearing a high head-tress On both sides of the man, scorpoons with up-turned tals. Height i.4. Dram. 1.7. In the steres.
77 Scarab of black steatite. On base, incision representing two oxen, symmetrically turned with their backs to each other. Encurcling line. Lenpth 1.5 In the suces.
78 Scarah of white steatite. On base, incision representing two walking lions, one on top of the other. Before them an Egyptian tj-sign. Encircling line. Length I 6. - 60.
79 . Scarab of white stonc. On base, incision representing walking hons, one on top of the other. In front of them a feather. Encircling line. Length i $6 .-20$.
80. Biconical, black stone bead with a large hole through centre. Diam. 1.0. +20 .
81. Statuctte of blue faience, as No. 6o. Much damaged. Length 2.6. +20 .
82. Two beads of blue fanence; a) cylindrical and pierced by a hole through the longitudinal axis; b) Hat and circular, peereed by a hole through the centre. a) L.ength 1.3 . b) Diam. 0.7. +20 .
83. Flat finger-ring of blue faience. Diam. 20. +25.
84. Bichrome lll wide, barrel-shaped jug with softly curved sides; projecting slde-knobs; narrow neck widening upwards; funnel-shaped mouth; plain rm; handle from neck to shoulder. Fncircling black lines round neck; vertical, concentric, black lines symmetrically arranged on both sides. Red rim and black handle. Height g.0. -25 .
85. Bichrome pilgrim bottle, depressed on the sides; narrow neek; straight rim; vertical handles from nech to body. Vertical concentric circles in two groups, on both sides of body. Yellow, gritty, lustrous clay. Forcign Ware. Height i4.0. +25 .
86. Cursed iron knife wath one slightly concave cuttung cdge; flat, thack back; pointed end; flat tang, pierced by two rivets. Length $2 \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{I} . \div 30$.
87. Conical, low spindle-whorl of hard, blue fanence; hole through centre. From the top, radate small projectung squares in relief; plain base. Dram. 2.7. -- 30.
88. Polechrome White (III) spherical jue with small basering; well marked neek-line; long neck wale ning upwards, funnel mouth; stilted rum; handle from neck to shoulder Vertical, concentric black, red, and white eircles summetrically arranged on both sides of budy; encireling black line around neck; red mouth: transverse black lines on bandle. Yellow clay; white washed. Height if.7. -- 20
Sy Bichrome III open bowl with flat base: concave sides. straght, almost horizontal rim; horizontal handes: below rim. Outside, hlack maltese cross in the modde of the bottom; eneircling hlack and red lines atound sides; black panted rim and handles. Inside, black and red encircling lines. Buff, gritt! clay, slightly: white washed. Diam. $138 . \div 20$.
yo. White Painted pigrom bottle, depressed from the sudes; concave neck; straight mouth widening upwards; stilted rim; handles from neck to bods. Two groups of enerreling lines summetrically arranged on both sodes of hods: transverse strokes on handle, and rim Buff, white Iustrous clay; neck and mouth shased. Foresen Ware Herght $1+2$. -25 .
91. Bronze fibula with low bow, slaghtly moulded mmaldle, two beads on bow, smople sping. I'al and sochet missing. Length 50 . +15 .
92. Fragment of aron knife; tany plereed by bronze risets. Length ro.0. -is.
93. Small fragments of hronze bowl with plan run. Length $86 .-\dot{15}$.
94. Bichrome III jug, as No. 4 IIempht g.2. .. Is
95. Red Sip I (IIl) miniature amphoriskos on toot; de puesed body; wide, concase neck; flat, profectine rim, handls from rim to bode. Red clay ; polshed surtace, lustrous slip. Height $65 . \quad \div 15$.
90. Bronze fibula with high, trapezond bow: thres slightly moulded collars; a twice-twisted spring; pomed pin and small socket. lenstly 4.0. . 20.
97 Bronze fibula with hagh bow; three beade near hprong, one near socket; twice-twsited spring and strught pin; socket mossing. Length $43 . \quad \vdots 15$.
98. Bichrome IlI oval, suall jug with that hate, wide, short neck; penched rim, hande from rim to shoulder. lincucling red hands, bordered witb black line riund bells: encircling black line around neck-lint; black eye ornaments on the black rim; transserse, and sertical black lines on handle. Yellow clay. Hewght 8.5 . 15.

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds between the various burials:


## CHRONOLOGY

As the first deposit in the dromos contained pots of Type II and the second deposit those of Types III—IV, it seems reasonable to suppose a distinct difference between the two deposits as regards the chronology. This is, too, in accordance with the circumstances in the tomb, where various burials were distinguished. The first burial was placed on the pebble bench, close to the S. wall. The pottery ascribed to this burial consisted of Types II -III and the small bow No. 6I which must be ascribed to the White Painted IV Ware. This combination of pottery assigns the burial to the end of Cypro-Geometric III or the rery beginning of the Cypro-Archaic I period. The second burial can for similar reasons


Fig. 23. Amathus. Tomb if. Idol (No. (oy) and beads (No. 72) in situ.


Fis. 24. . Imathus. 'Tomb 12. View from the North.
be assigned to the first part of the Cypro-Archaic I period: Type III are still paramount, but four specimens of Type IV are noticeable. As to the third burial, however, the presence of Type $V$ assigns the burial to a later period. The comparatively large amount of Type $V$ assigns the burial to the middle of the Cypro-Archaic II period. Though the pottery of the fourth burial shows early types, it must, for stratigraphical reasons be dated to a still later time, possibly the end of the Cypro-Archaic II period.

Unfortunately none of the scarabs from this tomb can be dated with certainty and they may therefore be omitted here in connexion with the discussion of the chronology.

$$
\text { TOMB } 12 \text { (Figs 20: } 11,12 ; 2 \downarrow \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Lenuth | Width | Heraht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | $3 \cdot 40$ | 0.80 | 0.92 |
| Stomion | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.75 |
| Chamber | 2.60 | I. 35 | 1.72 |

SHAPE
This tomb has an unusually long dromos, slightly wider in the middle. On the left side, the dromos wall had been repaired at a place where the soft rock is damaged. Possibly, part of the dromos was once covered with large roof slabs, one of which was found in situ about the middle of the dromos.

The stomion is rather narrow. It is well built with the threshold and two orthostatic jambs in situ. The lintel was removed.

The chamber is of rectangular shape and makes a right angle with the dromos. The Hloor of the chamber is on a much lower level than the dromos. The difference in height between the stomion threshold and the chamber floor, is 0.77 m . Along the right long side, there was a bench, bordered with large raised rubbles.

The sides of the rock shaft are vertical. In front of the entrance there is a long niche in the northern long side. This niche is probably not intended to serve any purpose connected with the burial: probably the soft rock here is accidentally damaged.

The rock shaft was covered by large slabs, one of which is preserved in the easternmost part of the tomb.

## STRATIFICATION

This tomb had been investigated by tomb-robbers, who had dug a shaft through the original filling, and partly destroyed the layers at the bottom of the tomb. The filling of the dromos consisted of homogeneous brown or grey earth, which, as far as could be seen, was of the same kind as the original filling of the tomb. At the bottom of the tomb shaft, a layer of pebbles was found on which the burials had been placed. The filling of the robbers' shaft consisted of loose brown earth mixed with rubble.

## BLRIALS

Most likely the pebble bench along the $S$. long side was used for a burial, but no remains of a skeleton were preserved there, or in any other part of the tomb. The iron knife No. 6 seems to indicate that the corpse placed on the bench was a male. It is difficult to state whether the other objects found were lying in situ or not.

The aecumulation of beads and other minor objects in front of the entrance (Nos. 9-12) may probably be interpreted as a closed group in connexion with a burial there.

## FIND: (GROUP: : PL. XVIII, 3, 4)

1 Blak-wn-Red 1 (lll) wal jug with that base; splayiner mouth; handle-ridec; handle from neck to shoulder. lontrehing lones on body and neck. Black handles. Husht $\mathrm{K}_{2}$. Flowr
2 Comud wimdle-whorl of stone with Hat hase; plerced throbish wentre blam 32. Flour.
3 (smbular beod of tamence with hole through centre. 1) 1 dint 1.3 Floor.

+ Bead of hlue fatence, as No 3. Diam 1.2. Floor.

5. Frasments uf small bronze howl. Floor.

6 Blale of aron knife with one cutting cdege Point missing. Leneth $8:$ Width 20 Flowr
7 Branze thata with huth. angular bow wath three collars. Pin mosing Leneth $c .+5$. Floor.
\& Bronze tibula, ds No - Frasmentary Ianeth c. +5 . Floor.
9. Flat, broad finger-ring of bronze with small, bordered wreath ornament on the outside. Half missing. Diam. 2.9. Thickness o.8. Floor.
ro. Scarah, of green stone with head, wing-cases and legs carelessly marked. Bise indecipherable. String-hole through longitudinal axis. Length I 8. Floor.
ri. a) Two beads of hone, one of conical shape, with large string-holes. Diam. I.2; i.o.
b) Two beads of cornelian, with narrow string-holes. Surface worn. Diam. 0.9; i.o.
c) Two heads of hlue faience art with large stringholes. One hroken. Diam. 0.5. Floor.
12. Blue farence bead, consisting of three parallel cylinders, attached to each other, and each pierced by a stringhole. Length I.7. Width 1.5. Floor.

The distribution of the finds is shown by the following diagram:

| Pottery | Iron | Bronze |  |  |  | Stone |  | Bonce | Fatence |  | (ilsptus |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bl,-on-R. I <br> (III) | Knife | Bowl | Fibulat |  | cer-ring | Spindle- <br> $\therefore$ horl | Head | Bead |  | 13cods | Scarat |
| I | 6 | 5 | 7. 8 | : | 9 | 2 | 11 b | If ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | $4110 \cdot 12$ | 10 |
| - I | - I | -1 | -2 |  | - I | - I | - I | - I |  | -4 | $-1$ |

## CHRONOLOGY

As only one pot was found in this tomb, it is rery difficult to fix the date of it. The jug No. I, however, is of Black-on-Red I (III) ware, which may assign the tomb to the CyproGeometric III or Cypro-Archaic I period. The scarab is not datable with certainty.

TOMB ${ }_{13}$ (Figs. $25: 6,7 ; 26$ )
size

|  | Length | Width | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1. 20 | 1.28 | 1.00 |
| Stomion | 1.58 | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| Chamber | 3.20 | 2.00 | 1.30 |

SHAPE
This tomb is provided with a comparatively wide dromos leading down to one of the short sides of the rock shaft. The dromos sides are almost parallel and vertical.

The stomion is marked by an orthostatic jamb on the left side; possibly there was no jamb on the right side. The lintel, which was found in the dromos, had been placed on the left jamb, and the rock edge on the right side of the stomion. The door slab was found moved back on the dromos floor.

The interior of the tomb is of irregular shape with a small recess, along the left long side. The chamber floor is slightly lower than the stomion floor, and runs through the whole tomb at the same level. The sides of the rock shaft are almost vertical, or slightly tapering upwards. Along the left long side, the edge of the rock is levelled with two courses of laid slabs. This is made for the roof stones to rest on a level base. All the roof stones, however, had been removed, probably, as in the other tombs, in connexion with the building of the road close to this tomb.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a homogeneous, brown earth, which was also found inside the tomb. At the bottom, a layer of dark burial earth, c. 0.18 cm . thick, was found extending over the whole tomb. In this layer, finds Nos. $1,3-7,20-23$ were lying scattered over the whole floor. In the innermost left corner, a bed of pebbles was found,

 Sation, $1-\lambda, B-B(5,4)$. Tomb $1_{5}$, Finds in situ (3).
of which the edge towards the tomb was damaged. On this bed, finds Nos. 18, 19, and 34 were found. Just inside the door, to the right, a small shaft was dug down in the tomb floor to a depth of 0.54 m . 'This shaft, measuring $0.50-0.75 \mathrm{~m}$. was filled with dark earth, mixed with ashes and charcoal. The small shaft contained finds Nos. 8-rip.

## BURIALS

No remains of skeletons were preserved at the bottom of the tomb. Probably, however, the finds in the small shaft belonged to an earlier burial, which had been removed to make room for the later burial, the gifts of which were found on the floor of the tomb. The pottery collected on the tomb floor was found in the dark burial layer. All the sherds were mixed together, and the pieces of the Argive crater (No. 2) were scattered over the whole floor, the base being found near the stomion, other parts in the middle and the innermost right corner. The vases described in the supplementary catalogue were made up of sherds found in connexion with the crater sherds. These circumstances seem to show that the whole deposit of vases once had been placed just inside the stomion. From this position, they were scattered all over the floor, by the earth infiltrated through the stomion. It is of special importance to note that some of the sherds were found above the small shaft in the N.E. corner at floor level. This makes the suggestion certain that the objects from the shaft belong to an earlier burial. Most of the finds of this tomb are peculiar to male burials, but the earring of gold (No. 12) indicates that both a male and a female were buried during the earlier period.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XIX; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Straight hronze pin with spherical head, narrowing towards the point. Length 0.7 . Floor.
2. Large crater of Argive type; thick stem, with horizontal encurcling ridges, widening downwards to a flat, conical base; deep body, with hulging sides, narrowing helow rim; no neek: small, upright out-bent. Hattened rim, two horizontal handles on the widest part of the body combined with two vertical handles from the rim to the top of the horizontal ones. The paint is dark brown, sometames black on the homogeneous fields, and light brown in the line ornaments. Glazed, shiny varnish. Inside of bowl, stem and lower part of body is panted entirely dark except for three outspread bands around body. Around the edge of the base run two bands, separated hy double lines, the outer with small, filled triangles, the inner with filled dots. Between the horizontal handles, is a horizontal hand of similar, filled triangles. The man decoration on the shoulder is an oblong metope with hatched meander as central ornament, surrounded by broad frames consisting of parallel zigzags, herringbone-pattern, straight lines and concentric lozenges. In each upper corner, a framed star of crossed lines. Below the rim runs a herrmebone band, and on the rim are groups of parallel, transverse
lines. The horizontal handles are harched, and the rertical ones are decorated with two bands of oblique, parallel lines. The crater has been repared and put together from several pieces Haight to 6. Width at rim 33 5. Bottom stratum.
3. Leaf-shaped arrow-head of aron with stragght, pointed end; moulded short tang. Length 8.5. Floor.
4. Fragment of handle of wory, very much destrosed; an elliptical section throurh the modde mas be distimgurshed. Length 51 . Floor.
5. Various bronze fragments among which are to be noted, a tang of a small knife, edge of plaque, rings and mountings. Floor.
6. Hemospherical bead of ewory beloneme to pin; a umall hole pereed in the Hattened base. Diam, z.I. Floor,
7. Globular bead of rock erystal; slightly depressed at the sides; hole through centre. In the hole, traces of a silver pin. Dum $2+$ Floor
8 Hemesperical bronere bowl with slishtly flattened, in-turned rim and two horizontal, bent-up handles on the sides. On the top of the handle-bow, upright lotus flowers reaching abowe the edge of the bowl: handles fixed be means of a 8 -shaped mountine, prereed by six large risets. Diam. 160 Floor hatt.

9 Plam, hemspheracal bronze bowl with plan, slightly an-bent rm Diam 13.5 Floor shaft
10. Long, narrow spear-hed of bronze wath two edges; narrow ponted end; broad, rounded madrib; Iong conncal socket with a that band with radges in relief around edere Leeneth 535 Floor shaft.
II Framments of bronze. Fluor shaft.
12 Small earring of gold with thick lower part, and four small balls suggesting grapes. Length 1.9. Floor shaft.
13. Fragments of tho bronze fibulae of the same type; one can be recorntructed as follows: A low bow consisting of two rode, tixed tosether by two hronze revets, hammered note square beads in the meddle. The pin is thick and consists of a double rod, once twisted spiral; large, propecting catch. Length 75 . Floor shaft.
14. Four square plaques of bone, scratched on both sides whth a sharp tool. a) Square $2.4 \%$ +.o. b) Square 21 4.1 © Square 2.7. 29 d) Square 2.1. '4.3. Floor.
15. Plan iron tang of a knife. Length io.2. Floor shaft.
16. Fragment of iron knife with two cutting edges, and elliptical section. Point and tang missing. Length 15.1 . Floor shaft
1\%. Narrow, shghtly curved iron knife with one cutting cdge; Hat tang plerced by four aron rivets. Point missing Length 157 . Floor shaft.
18. Plain White $V$ sack-shaped jug with rounded base; curved sides, narrowing upwards; concave neck with pinched mouth; high handle from rin to hody. Buff, gritty, white washed clay. Iength $10 \&$ Floor.
I9. Iron arrow-head, as No. 25. Length 7.5. Floor. Incomplete.
20. Iron arrow-head, as No. 25. Length 9.0. Floor.
21. Arrow-head of aron with rhomhic shape; blade moulded with small sode-knohs at hase, just ahove the tang; pointed end. 'Tang broken 1 engeth 70 . Floor.
22. Iron arrow-head, as No. 25 length 87 Floor.

23 Lancet-shaped arrow-head of aron with midrib; blade Wedening towards the tang; traces of wood around the tang. Pornt missing. Length 7.5. Floor.
24. Arrow-head of iron, as No 21 Tang missing. Leneth $7+$ Floor.
25 Leaf-hhaped arrow-head of aron with thick blade, usntly consex edece; elliptical section through blade. Traces of wood around the thick, short tang. Iength 7.7 Floor
26. Arrow-head of mon with thin blade; edees stranght, narrowing towards the point, but concase towards the tane Craces of wood attached to the tang, by a thin wire. Lemeth リ5. Floor.
27. Arrow-head of 1 ron, as No. 26. Length 8.7. Floor.
28. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 26. Length 65 . Floor.
29. Arrow-hed of 1 ron, as No. 26. 1, ength 7.0 Floor.

30 Arrow-hedel of 1 ron, as No 26 I.ength 92 Floor.

3r. Lancet-shaped arrow-head of iron with pointed end; at the muddle, wider blade. Lencth 1i.2. Floor.
32. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 23, but with slightly convex edges. Length 7.0. Floor.
33. Iron knife, as No. 17, but with carcular section through tang. Traces of wood attached to the tang. Length 12.0 . Floor
34 Blade of ron knife, as No. 17. Pointed end and tang missing. Length 17.1 . Floor.
35. Biconical bead of gold with fluted sides. Length o.8. Floor.

## supplementary catalogue

36. Red Slip I (III) deep howl whth low foot; curred sides, hent-in, wide rım. Below rım, encirclıng ridge. Grıtts. buff clay: polished, red, lustrous slip. Height 28.0.
37. Red Slip I (III) globular jug with rasted base-ring; long, tubular neck with mid-ridge and stilted rim; handle from neek to shoulder; dark, red, lustrous slip. Height 20.5 .
38. Red Slıp I (III) jug with low foot; almost biconical body and neck; pinched rim; raised handle from rim to shoulder. On each side of the base of the handle at the rim there is a knoh, and another knoh is to be seen below the handle on the body; light red, lustrous, polished slip. Height 18.5 .
39. Red Slip I (III) jug with low foot; oval body; high, tubular neck; pinched rim; rased twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Knobs at the sides of the handle base, on rim; metal-imitating shape. Light red, lustrous, polished slip. Height 26.5 .
40. Bichrome III amphora with base-ring; depressed body and collar-rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling black and red lines around body and neck; round shoulder a horder consisting of alternating small groups of concentric circles, and three crossed lines. C'rossed lines on handle. Height 275.
41. Bichrome Red II (V) amphora with Hat base; depressed shoulder; wide short neck widening upwards; plain rim; rertical handles on shoulders. Encircling black and white lines on boder, shoulder and neck; black lines on handles. Mat, red slip. Height 22.4.
42. Bichrome IRed II (V) amphoriskos with flat base; depressed body; short, concase neck widening upwards; horizontal handles on neck. Encircling black lines round hody, shoulder and neck; black handles. Thin nat, red slip. Height if 5.
43 Bichrome II bird-shaped cult-ressel with bobbinshaped body; three feet; spout on back; tall, wings, neck and handle broken The body is decorated with hlack bordered, red bands of lozenges with central dots running from neck to tall. The wings were painted red. On the brealnt back tassels. Length igo Dromus.

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds between the various burials:


## CHRONOLOGY

No pottery was found in connexion with the earlier burial so that there is no fixed point for the date of the objects found in the shaft. They must, however, be contemporary with, or earlier, than the finds on the tomb floor. The finds there, however, must be dated in accordance with the pottery found on the floor. On making a survey of these pots, it becomes evident that they must be referred to two different burials, the first with pots Nos. $36-40$, which can all be ascribed to a late stage of Type III. Nos. 4 I- 42 show a fully developed Type V and are the gifts of the later burial. It is evident that the Argive crater No. 2, should be connected with the first group. We thus obtain three burial periods:
r) with the finds in the small shaft.
2) with the pots of Type III and the Argive crater (No. 2).
3) with the pots of Type V, and possibly most of the other minor objects on the floor. As the crater was found together with late Type III only, it seems reasonable to place the Cypro-Geometric III period contemporary with the crater.

The first two groups can, judging from the combination of pottery, be dated to the end of the Cypro-Geometric III period and the third group for similar reasons to the middle of the Cypro-Archaic II period.


Fig. 26. Amathus. Tomb $1_{3}$. View from the West.


Fig. 27. Amathus. Tumb if. Interior view.

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\text { TOMI }{ }_{1}+(\text { Figs. } 25: 1,2,4.5 ; 27)
$$

| Dromos | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Length } \\ \text { I. } 20 \end{array}$ | Width 0.80 | Height <br> I. 00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stomion | 0.35 | 0.70 | - |
| Rock shaft | 3.77 | 1.40 | 1.90 |

SHAPE
This tomb is of a usual Amathus type with a short dromos, which makes a right angle with the rock shaft. The dromos floor slopes steeply down to the stomion. The sides are almost vertical and widen slightly near the tomb.

The stomion is solidly built with a stone threshold and orthostatic jambs which are placed in carities specially excavated in the rock. The lintel was remored and missing. On the dromos floor, the door slab was found moved back.
'The rock shaft is of long rectangular shape with rounded corners. The long sides slightly widen towards the floor, which is on a level 0.60 m . lower than the stomion threshold. Close to the right short side, there was a large upright stone, the meaning of which is diffi-
cult to explain. In the innermost part of the tomb there was a ledge of pebbles extending over the whole of the floor. The bench is divided into two halves by a row of upright stones.

## STRATIFICATION

Below the black surface layer the filling of the tomb consisted of homogeneous brown earth which extended down to the bottom layer. This was rather dark in colour and c. $0.15-0.30 \mathrm{~m}$. thick. Close to the W. short side, a rertical shaft had been dug by tombrobbers. This shaft had cut through the filling and extended down to the rock floor of the tomb. Fortunately most of the burial gifts were placed at the other end of the tomb so that the shaft had caused but little damage.

## BLRIALS

Only very scanty remains of skeletons could be identified in this tomb. One skeleton, however, apparently a female one, had been placed on the $N$. ledge. Judging from the position of the necklace (No. 3I) it was placed with the head to the E. The corpse was adorned with ear pendants, too, one of which (No. 2) was found close to the necklace. Probably the other ear pendant had been previously found by the tomb-robbers. On either side of the head, pots Nos. 3-4 had been placed, and the jug, No. 40 at the feet of the dead.

On the S . ledge no remains of a skeleton were found, but a small deposit of pots, Nos. $32-35$, at the E. end of the ledge suggests the previous existence of a skeleton there too. The bulk of tomb-gifts was gathered into a large deposit close to the N. wall, in front of the entrance on the pebble floor. Evidently these pots date from various epochs, but it was impossible to separate the early vases from the late, from deductions from their position in the heap.

A fourth group of objects was found just inside the door (Nos. $65-70$ ). This was placed directly on the rock floor and was partly covered by the pebble layer on which the large deposit rested. To judge from the circumstances, these vases seem to have been placed there earlier than the large deposit. Summing up the facts we get the following groups:
I Nos. 2-4, 31, $40 \quad$ III Nos. 65-70
II " $32-35$

## FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XX, I, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

i. Small, ornamental plece of bronze vessel shaped like bird with long, vertical neck; vertical loop on the back of the neck; small peg for fixing the bird on to the vessel. Length 2.5. Surface find.
2. Earring of gold with lower part thicker: upper part pinched; snall gap between the ends; long pendant of grapes. Length 4.2. $\div 25$.
3. White Painted II depressed jug on high foot; well marked neck-line; cylandrical neck; pinched rim; handle from rom
to shoulder. Encircling lines around foot, shoulder, and neck-line; wavy line around neck; black rim, ladder-pattern on handle Greenish, washed clay. Height 17.5. -25 .
4. White Painted Il depressed jug with sphencal, flattened base; oblique shoulders; soft neck-line and narrow neck with funnel-mouth. Groups of vertieal, concentric circles symmetrically arranged on etther side of body, Encircling lines around neck and mouth; ladder-pattern on handle. Yellow, finely silted clay. Height 7-4. -28 .
5. Fancence amulet representing the lon-godedess tekhmet sitting on a throne, wearnge a high crown. Heght 2.0. -25 .
6. Bichrome 111 uval barrel-shaped jug with projecting side-knobs: narrow neck with splaying funncl-mouth; handle from ntek to shoulder. Black spirals around stde-knobs simmetrically placed on exther side; groups of vertical, concentric, encarcling lines round body: black encarcling lines round neck; red rim; black ladder-pattern on handle. Rim chipped. Yellow, entety clay Height 8.7. -57.
7. Whate l'anted II slightly depressed oyal amphora wath base-ring; well marked neck-linc; slaghtly curved neck widening upwards; Hat out-turned rim and two horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling bands round belly and shoulder: four bordered lattice-triangles, alternating with four vertical, bordered, chequered bands round shoulcler; black neck with two groups of white, encircling lines; four groups of transterse lines on rim, inside the rim, two encircling lines; black handles with oblique strokes, Height +5.0. - 32 .
8. White Painted III depressed oval jug wath base-ring; well marked neck-line; shghtly convex, short, wide neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Black hase-ring and rim; eneireling lines round shoulder and neck-line; degenerate wayy line around neek, bordered zigzag lines on handle. Rim chipped Height 23.0 . -+5 .
9. Bichrome II oval jug with base-ring, gentle neck-line; slightly convex neck; handle from neck to shoulder, Red encircling lines bordered with hlack lines, black lozenges filled wath smaller lattice-lozenges as front ornament, hordered with black, vertical lines, bordered black zigzag lines symmetrically arranged on both sides of handle; encircling hlack lines around neck, and bordered oblique transterse lines on handle. White Washed clay. Herght 2 i. $0 .-+3$.
io Brehrome 111 deep bows on low foot, curred sides, well marked shoulder-line; conves out-turned rim; two horizontal handles on sides. The lover part of bowl is black with encircling red lines, sis vertical zigzag lince round upper part of sudes, hlack encirclines line belows ram; red panted ram; mosde the boov, a red bottom eirele and black, concentric arcles in two groups, black handles. Herght 116 Dam $175 .-43$.
II. Black-on-Red I (III) flat bowl with base-ring; slightly curved sades: plan rim; two small horizontal handles below rim. (iroups of concentric circles and bands outude and made the bowl, hack panted handles with ohlique strokes. Red clay with light red, lustrous slip. 1 bam. 237 - to
12 White Panted III amphora with base-ring; slightly depresed shoulders; sleghtly concave neck, narrowing upwards, Hat, out-turncd rmm, handles from rim to hosulder. lincircline bands around shoulder, neckline, and mosde the rim; two short rippled lines round neck; sis eroups of transverse lanes on rim; bordered zogzag lines on handles. Buff gritty clay Helght 34 5. -60
13. Black slip IlI depressed amphora with small foot; wde neck; flat, out-turned rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Yellow, gritty clay with well preserved black slip. Height ri.7 -+9 .
If Black Slop 111 oval jug with flattened base; well marked neck-lıne; cylindrical neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Fluted body. Yellow clay with black slop. Handle and rim missing. Height 15 5. - 50 .
15. Plain White H11 depressed oval jug with tlat base; short, whe neck, widening upwards; plain rim; handle from rim to shoulder. White washed, gritty clay. Height 12.2. $\div 8$.
16. Red Slip I (111) flat bowl with tlat base; slightly curved sides; flat, annular rım. Buff clay, covered by a red lustrous she with traces of the polishing tool. Diam. 21.3. -35.
17. Grey Polished (IIII amphorrskos with foot; depressed body; wide shoulder; well marked neck-line; wide, cylindrical neck; flat out-turned rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Grey, finely silted clay. Height 6.4. -45 .
18. White Painted lentoid bottle with short, clumsy neck; handles from neck to shoulder. Two groups of vertical, concentric circles, symmetrically arranged on both sides of body. Rim and one handle mossing. Foreign Ware. Height 130 . T 35 .
19 Bichrome III slightly depressed, oval jug with fiat base; softly concave neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Red, encircling bands bordered wath hlack lines round hody; hlack neck-line and rim. Handle missing. White gritty daly. Height $102 . \div 30$.
20. Black slip Bichrome II plate with wade, flat base; eurved sides; up-turned rim; two wish-bone handles on rim. A red, broad basc-circle outside, from which radiate three hlack M-ornaments with mid-triangles filled wath smaller lattice-lozenges, alternating with bordered chequered bands; shes and handles covered by a black slip. A hlack bottom-spiral inside, and three cencentric lines betieen bottom and rim. Buff gritty clay. Diam. 18.5. - 33.
21. Red Slıp 1 (I11) deep bow 1 with flat base-ring, curved wles; plan, straght ram, horizontal handles on sudes. Six encereling, impresod lines below rim. Red clay slop as No. 16. Diam 2א.0 Herght 9.3. +55.
22. Bichrome III flat bowl with flat hase-ring; slightly curved sdes; up-turned rim; horizontal handles below rim. Two black bordered, red encircling bands round bottom and sides; six eroups of vertical, short lines hanging down from two black enerreling lines round sides; black coneentric corcles mside; black painted rim and handles. Diam 18.8. - 35 .
23. White Painted Il almost globular, barrel-shaped jug; sheghty depressed at the seles; short, narrow neek; ondented tunnel-ram; handle from neek to shoulder. Two groups of vertical, concentric careles symmetrically placed on both sides of body; winged lozenges filled with smaller lattice-lozenges as front and back ornament, on shoulder; encircling lines on neck-line and round
am; ladder-pattern on handle. Buff, gritty clay. Height 17.4. - 33.
24. Coarse depressed owal amphora with rounded base; no neck; plain, in-turned rim: vertical handles on shoulder. Black or dark brown, gritty clay. Heaght $175 . \quad$; 24
25. Black-on-Red I (III) oval, mmature jur watb Hat base; short, concase neck; pinched rim: handle from rim to shoulder. Fincircling lines round shoulder and neck. Rum chipped; handle missing. Red clay. Herght 5.5. :- 24
26. Plan Whate 111 jug, as Nor 15 Hemph 122 . - 25.
27. Black-on-Red 1 (1II) small, oral jur with Hat base. narrow neck; bandle-ridge, funnel-mouth; bandle from neck to shoulder. Encircling groups of lines around shoulder; three groups of small concentric circles round shoulder; encircling lines round neck; black handle. Height 9.7. +24 .
28. Bichrome II flat bowl, as Mo. 22. Concentric black and red circles outside bottom, and round sides; black zigzag line on base-ring; black concentric lines, a black bottom circle, inside the bowl; black rim and handles. lellow washed, gritty clay. Diam. 18.6. - 25.
29. White Panted II Jug, as No. f, but with rertical zigzar lines as front ornament. Heıght $8.5 .+20$.
30. Bichrome III bowl, as No. 22, but with five groups of transverse lines on base-ring. Diam. i8.9. $\div 36$.
31. Necklace consisting of 90 circular, flat, blue farence beads pierced by wide string-holes. +25 .
32. Biehrome lentord bottle with gently rounded body; short neek; straight, plan rim; two bandles from neck to body; one of the sides is provided with a side-knoh. Red and black concentric circles, symmetrically arranged on both sides of body. Buff, gritty clay; surface worn. Foreign Ware. Heaght 14.I. +25 .
33. Black Slip II oval jug with flattened base-ring; cylindreal neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Fluted body and two groored lines round shoulder; oblique crosses incised on handle. Grey, gritty clay; the black or grey slip is worn Height 25.8. +23.
34. White Painted II deep bowl with flat base; plan rim; two horizontal handles on sides. Fincircling bands and lines around lower part of body; helow the black rim, a frıeze consisting of vertical band with lattice-lozenges, bordered with vertical lınes; oblique crosses and zıgzag lines bordered with vertical lines on one side of the bowl. On the opposite side are two fields with oblique crosses, and one field with latticelozenges, alternatıng with bordered cross lines and zigzag lines; encircling lines between bottom and rim inside the bowl; yellow, white washed, gritty clay. Handles missing. Height 9.5. Diam. 15.0. +20.
35. Black Slip Bichrome II plate, as No. zo, but the N1-ornaments are $t_{1 l l e d}$ with red paint, and the vertical bands with red lozenges. Diam. 18.5. +20.
36. White Painted III jug, as No. 8. Height 23.0. -40.
37. Bichrome III oval jug with base-ring; depressed
shoulder; well marked neek-line; celindrical, slightly concave neek; wide indented mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling red and black bands and lines round belly, shoulder, and neek; a wasy band round neck; black conventional tree ornament starting from hatched tridngles, the madde one latticed; between the trees are two black maltese crosses filled with oblique transwerse lines, and with short lines from the edges of cross arms. Red mouth, and black botdered zigzay lines on handle. Grey, gritty clay. Height 35.0 . +35 .
38. White Panted 11 lentond bottle, as No. 18. Height 12.1. $-25$.
39. Bichrome III jus, as No. 6, but with red bands instead of the side spirals. Height 8.4. - 30 .
+o. Imported, plan depressed oval jug with flattened base, marked shoulder and neck-line; narrow neck wadening upwards, funnel-rim; handle from neck to sboulder. Handle missing (irey, finely slted clay. Height $6.8+25$.
4r. Iron knife with one concave cutting edge; thick back. Tang and point missing. Length $15 . \mathrm{r} . \nmid 30$.
42. White Panted III lentord bottle, as No. I8, but with splaying funnel-mouth; ladder-pattern on handles. Herght $92 .+23$.
43. White Panted II jus, as No. 4. Heisht $78 . \div 50$.
44. Bichrome III oval jug with depressed shoulder; flat base; narrow neck widening upwards; wide, plan rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical red bands bordered with black lines encircling the body, symmetrically arranged on both sides; encorcling blaek lines around neck; ladder-pattern on handle. Buff, white washed clay. Height $102 .-50$.
45. Bichrome III jus, as No. 6. Height $90 . \div 47$.
46. Black-on-Red I (III) deep bowl with base-ring; slightly curved sides; plan rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encircling, black lines around body, rim, and inside the bottom; black base-ring and handles. Buff clay. with light red slip, carelessly polished. Diam. 2 I.o. Height if.o. $\div 30$.
47. Black-on-Red I (IIl) oval amphora with base-ring; slightly depressed shoulder; wide neck, narrowing upwards: gently out-turned rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines on base-ring; bands of encircling lines around shoulder; short rippled line round neck; four groups of transverse lines on rim; hordered transverse lines on handle. Buff, gritty clay with red lustrous, polished slip. Height 34.0. +30 .
48. Black-on-Red I (II1) owal jug wath base-ring: long cylindrical neck; out-turned rim; handle from lower part of neck to shoulder. Vertical groups of concentric circles symmetrically arranged on both sides of body: intersecting circles on hodr; encircling lines around neek and rim, vertical lines on mouth; ladderpattern on handle. Buff, pritty clay woth red lustrous, polished slip Height 25.0. +23.
49. Black Slip III jug, as No. 33, but with tapering neek; five grooved limes around shoulder. Height 21.2. $\div 24$.
50. Plan White 111 flat bowl wath flat basc; slightly curved sıdes; plain rım and horizontal handle on rım. Didm. 20.4. - 45 .
51. Red Slip 1 (1Il) Hat howl with hasc-ring; slightly curved sides, plann rime. Buff clay covered by a red lustrous slip with traces of the polishing tool. Diam. 26.7. $\quad 35$.
52. Black-on-Red 1 (Il1) bowl, as No. 11, but with two strıng-hole projections on rim. Diam. 27.8. -40.
53. White Painted Ill amphord, as No. 7, but with more cylindrical neck. Two encircling bands round belly; encircling lines and four bordered vertical zigzag lines round shoulder from the neck-line; neck and rim decorated as No 7. Height 44.0. T 20.
54. White Painted II jug, as No. 23, but the front ornament is filled with net-work. Greenish clay. Height 18.4. - 25 .
55. Bicbrome 111 bowl, shape as No. 28 , decoration as No. 30 , but instead of the vertical stripes, bordered hands of ladder-pattern on sides. Inside, black bottom-spıral. Diam. i6.0. +30.
56. White Painted II jug, as No. 4. Rim missing. Grey, gritty clay. Heıght 7.5. +22 .
57. Foreign, depressed jug with wide base; almost horizontal sboulders; well marked neck-line, with a small ridge; narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handle from neek to shoulder. Four vertical, encircling purple bands bordered with black, concentric circles; encorcling black lines round neck; bordered, transverse lines on handle. Red clay, red washed. Height 7.3. - 22.
58. Plan White 111 jug, as No. 15. Greenish clay. Rim missing. Height 10 9. -- 20.
59. Bichrome II flat bowl with small that base; slightly curved sides; plain rim; two horizontal handles on rım. A black maltese cross, encircled by a black band in centre of bottom, outside; a red encircling band bordered by several black, eneircling lines round sides; groups of concentric circles mside the bowl; hlack rim, handles with short, oblique strokes. Yellow clay white washed. Diam. 18 I. -30 .
6o. Bichrome II bowl, as No. 59. Handles missing. Diam 17.I. - 25 .
61. Black Slip IIl amphora, as No. 13 Helght $15.4-22$.
62. Black-on-lked 1 (111) jug, as No 27, but with only one group of small concentric circles on shoulder. Height 9.4. In No. 63.
63. Plain White 111 jug, as No. 15 . Incomplete. Height 13 5. - 12.
64 White lanted II large kylix on low foot; cursed sides; plan rim; only one vertical handle on side preserved. Black foot; hlack encireling lines round sides. Between those and the black rim, a frieze consisting of vertical lattice-lozenges hordered with three vertical lines, alternating with bordered zigeag lines; in their interstices, large oblique crosses. Encircling lines on botton and sides, inside. Height $1 \times 0 .-30$.
65. Bronze fibula with high bow with three collars; conled spring and a thin, flat catch. Pin missing. Length 4.O. -25 .
66. Plain White II small kylix with clumsy foot wathout stem; marked shoulder-line; convex, splaying, plain rim; two horizontal handles on shoulder. Yellow, gritty clay. Height 6.5. D1am. 9.5. +25.
67. Black-on-Red bowl with base-ring: curved sides; upturned rim. Encırcling black spiral lines on body; well smoothed, red, lustrous slip. Foreign Ware. Diam. c. 28.0. - 30 .
68. White Painted lentord bottle, as No. 18. Height 12.2. $-22$.
69. White Painted II jug, as No. 4. Height 4.9. - 25.
70. White Painted II oval jug with flat base; short, convex neck; out-turned rim ; conical spout on shoulder; hasket-handle. Two encircling lines round body; encircling lines round neck and base of spout; strokes on spout. Height $98 . \div 25$.
71. Bronze pin with square section. Length 6.6 . T 26 .
72. Bichrome III barrel-shaped jug, as No. 6. Handle missing. Height 8.7. +25 .
73. Red Slip I (III) hemispherieal bowl with flattened base; curved sides; plain rim. Buff clay, covered by a red, lustrous, somewhat darkened slip, with traces of the polishing tool. Diam. 14.7. +30 .
74. Plain White III flat bowl with flat base, straight, splaying sides; flat out-turned rim. Buff, gritty clay, Diam. 25.5. - 30 .
75. Black-on-Red I (III) flat bowl with basc-ring; slightly curved sides; plain rim; two small horizontal handles below rim. Red clay with light red, lustrous slip. Diam. 24.0. - 20 .
76. Bichrome III bowl, as No. 28. A red base-circle encircled by black lines outside the bowl, around base-ring, groups of black transversc lines; a red, encircled band bordered with black concentric lines, and three black, radiating MI -ornaments wath latticed mid-triangle alternating with three bordered, zigzag lines round shoulder, encircled by two concentric black lines; hlack handles and rim. A black bottom-circle inside the howl and encorcling black lines round sides. Diam. 24.0. -32 .
77. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No. 27, but with two groups of small concentric circles on shoulder. Height $8.8 . \div 32$
78. Black-on-Red I (111) jug, as No. 27. Height 9.2. +30 .
79. White Panted Il fish-shaped vessel with rounded belly; horizontal ridge along back suggesting dorsal fin; divided caudal fin and a small, pierced, oblique, spout instead of head. Ladder ornament on both sides of dorsal fin; lattice-lozenges hordered with filled triangles symmetrically arranged on hoth sides. Yellow, white washed cliy. Length 14.7. Surface find.

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds between the various groups:


CHRONOLOGY
As is shown by this diagram, the three first groups contained pottery of Type II only: White Painted, Bichrome, and Black Slip Ware. This combination of pottery assigns the earliest burials of the tomb to the end of the Cypro-Geometric II period. The large deposit of vases must be partly referred to a later period. Here, Type III are paramount, though vases of Type II still are numerous. This combination of pottery assigns the latest burial to the end of the Cypro-Geometric III or the transitional period between this and Cypro-Archaic I period.

TOMIB ${ }_{15}$ (Figs. $25: 3,5 ; 28 ; 32: 1,2$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.15 | 0.70 | o.8o |
| Stomion | 0.60 | -- | - |
| Chamber | 2.20 | 1.60 | 1.90 |

SHAPE
In this tomb the dromos and the chamber are on the same axis. The dromos is rather narrow, with almost parallel and perpendicular sides. It slopes down to the stomion without any steps. The original stomion is indicated by enlargements in the rock on both side,


Fig. 28. Amathus. Tomb 15. Roof slabs in situ.


Fig. =9. Amathus. 'Tomb ito seen from the North-West.
where apparently the usual orthostatic jambs were placed. They had both been removed before the excaration. The lintel was found in the filling inside the tomb (cf. the section). The dromos leads down to one of the short sides of the almost rectangular rock shaft. The floor of the tomb is 0.60 m . lower than the stomion floor. The sides of the shaft are perpendicular. Along the left long side and back wall, there was a bench of pebbles bordered with raised flat stones. The shaft was well closed with three long slabs resting on the rock edges. The slabs are slightly cut to fit close to each other. All the remaining spaces between the slabs all of which were found in situ were wedged with smaller rubble.

## STRATIFIC.ATION

The roof stones of this tomb were found just below the surface earth. The interior of the tomb was filled with infiltrated brown earth which also filled the dromos. At the bottom a laver of dark burial earth, $0.10-0.30 \mathrm{~m}$. thick, was found. This layer partly extended up over the ledges, where most of the tomb-gifts were found. A certain differentiation as regards the layers of the pebble ledges was also noted (cf. below).

## BURIALS

The earliest burial was found at a level of $+30-+20$, among the pebbles of the left ledge. Here the scanty remains of a skeleton (III) was cleared. It had been placed in a dorsal position with the head near the entrance. Around the head of this skeleton some minor objects (Nos. $59-63$ ) were found. A second burial (I) was found on the same ledge, but at a higher level ( $\div 50-40)$, where the remains of a skeleton, also in dorsal position, were found. The skull was partly preserved together with few fragments of ribs, femora and tibie. This skeleton rested on a bed of flat stones, and the head was surrounded by rubble. Some pots were placed around the corpse as burial-gifts, (Nos. $4-9$ ). The very scattered remains of a third skeleton (II) were found on the ledge close to the rear wall. Here a heap of pots were piled up over the bones and, over the whole, a huge lump of rubble was placed. This
rubble stone cannot have fallen from above as the roof was covered, and the only possible explanation of the stone seems to be that it was placed on the skeleton to prevent the dead rising. The rubble had caused some damage to the pots, which had partly fallen on the floor.

The following chronological order of burial, seems to be correct:

1. Skeleton III with finds Nos. 59 -63, Dromos No. i.
2. Skeleton II. Possibly it was originally placed on the pebble ledge, but wiss removed to the interior of the tomb, together with all the gifts, to give place for the third burial. Possibly the short ledge against the rear wall was laid out in connection with these alterations.
3. Skeleton I was placed on the left pebble ledge together with gifts Nos. 4-9.

FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. XX, 3, XXIII, I, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I. Bichrome 1 globular jug with base-ring; marked necklane; convex, narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handle with ridge from neck to shoulder. Enerceling lines on neck-line and around rim; degenerate wavy line around neck; black bordered, red, concentric, vertical circles symmetrically on either side of body; star of crossed lines as front and back ornament, on shoulder. Yellow, gritty clay Height 32.5. Found in dromos.
2. Small green statuette of faience representing Bes standing in the usual, frontal position with short, bent legs, large head with projecting ears, and the hands folded on the promment belly. The back is Hat with a horizontal ridge; string-hole through neck. Height 2.9. Found in the sleves.
3. Diadem of thin gold sheet, decorated with five impressed rosettes. Damaged at the edges. Length 7.5. - 20 .
4. White Painted III oval, slightly depressed jug with base-ring; wide, concave neck and deeply pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder Groups of encoreling lines around belly, shoulder and neck-line; desencrate wavy line around neck; panted rim; rertical zigzag band on handle. Rim and neek chipped. Buff clay. Helght 27.0. +52.
5. Plan White III open bowl with small, flat base; curved sides; straight rim. Buff, gritty clay. Heqght 5.3. Damm. 136 . -52.
6. White Painted 11 goblet with moulded stem; straght sides widening upwards; two vertical handles from rm to sides. Encircling lines and bands around foot, stem, and lower part of body. From the painted rim, groups of bordered crossed, hatched bands, alternationg with triskeles. Inside, encireling lines in the madale of the bottom; panted handles; grey clay. Height $125 .+50$.
7. Black Slip Bichrome II plate with flattened base and up-turned rim; horizontal handles helow rim. A red maltese cross on black ground encircted be red bands and black lines on the centre of the bottom, beneath the plate; radiating, bordered black zigzag lines alternating with black and red $\ 1$-ornaments with latticed mud-triangles; in the interstices close to the encircling lines, a zuezag tine above which are swasticas. Black
painted sides and handles. Concentric lines inside; buff, sritty clay. Diam. $28.0+$ so.
8. Black Slip I depressed amphord on foot, wde shoulder, concare neck widening upwards; flat rim, handles from rım to shoulder. Grey, gritty clay. Height $17++50$.
9. Bichrome III lentord buttle with side-knobs; narrow neck with funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder Vertical groups of black and red, concentric circles symmetrically on either side of body; encircling black and red lines around neck and mouth; ladder-pattern on handle. Greensh, grey clay. Hetght 15.2. +45
10. White Painted II large, oval, shightly depressed amphora with bascerine; wall marked neck-line, sliehtly convex neck, and tlat rim; horizontal handles on shoulder lincireling bands around befly and shoulder; two way hands around body between the handles; two vertical, bordered zigzag lines alternating with two hordercd lattice-trangles around the shoulder; black panted neck with two groups of encircling white lencs, four groups of transwerse lines on rim White, gritty clay. Heaght $47.5 .-45$.
1I. White Panted I slightly depressed amphora on low foot; gentle neck-line; concare nock; out-turned rim; larese, horizontal handles on belly. Vencireling bands around belly, borderine a carelen was hand. Bhack painted neek with enerehage white lincs; four groups of vertical strokes around shoulder; black panted handles. Green, gritty clay. Herght 13.5 . - 20
12. Bichrome lentold bottle with shont, clumsy neck; mouth with gentle outlone and wdennes upwards, handles from neek to shoulder. Vertical groups of black and red, concentric erreles, symmetrically on thther side of bock; transverse lines on handles. Buff, eritty clay. Foreign Ware. Height 13.0. $\div 15$.
13. White Panted lentoid bottle with narrow neck; mouth wodenine upwards; handles from neek to shoulder. Concentric circles on bordy Decoration much worn. Buff gritty clave Foremen Ware. Heght 130. -- 15.
14. White Panted II barrel-shapel jug with shertily projecting side-knobs, gentle neck-line, neck wadening upwards; handle from neck to shoulder: four greups
of concentric circles around body ; uncircling lines around neek-line and rim; ladder-pattern on handles. Height II.O. - 29 .
15. White Panted II oval, slightly depressed jug with base-ring: wide, tapering neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder; ridee around shoulder Groups of enerchene lines arvund belly, shoulder and neck-line; degenerate waw hand around neek; painted rim; vertical zlgzag bands on handle. Height 28.0 . - 30 .
16. Bichrome I depressed, oval amphora on low foot: gentle neck-line; concase neck; out-turned rim; hor1zontal handles on belly. Black, enercling lines on foot, belly, and neck; dark red, encoreling line around shoulder; four groups of transverse lines on rim; black painted handles. Green, gritty clay. Herght 15.8. - 30.
17. White Panted I jug, as No. 25, hut with narrow, neck. Rim chipped. Height 27.0. - 30 .
i8. Bichrome II plate with flat hase; up-turned rim, horizontal handles below ram. Around the damaged centre, alternating, bordered black lozenges and black and red $\lambda$-ornaments with latticed mid-triangles. Black sides and handles. Inside, concentric circles. Buff clay; decoration much worn. Diam. 27.5. $-45$
19. Bichrome bottle, as No. i2, but without transverse lines on handles. Nouth missing Foreign Ware. Height 13.0. -30.
20. Bichrome II bottle; shape as No. iz. Concentric hlack and red circles around a vertical, bordered band with latticelozenges in black paint on one sade of the hody; the other side 1 s decorated with concentric black and red circles around two lattice-trangles; plan neck and handles. Buff, gritty clay. Height $13.7 .-40$.
2r. Black Slip I depressed, biconieal jug on low foot; well marked neck-line; narrow, cylindrical neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Fluted hody. Girey gritty clay. Height ir.5. T 35 .
22. Bichrome II flat bowl with flat base-ring; slightly. conves sides and up-turned rim; horizontal handles helow rim. Concentric black and red base-circles; zigzag line on hase-ring, bordered, vertical, double zigeag lines alternateng with black and red Weornaments with lattieed mad-triangles eneireled hy black and red bands. Concentric bottom-circles inside; black handles. Diam. 32.0. - 25 .
23. White Panted II Hat bowl with flat hase; straught sides; plain rim; two piereed strone-hole projections on rim. A black mattese eross on base; encireling lines around shdes and rim. Groups of concentric eircles, inside. Buff cldy. Dram. if.8. - 35 .
24. Polychrome White globular jug with spherical base; narrow neek with handle-ridge, plan rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical coreentric eareles in red, black and white, ssmmetrically placed on sades of body, transserse lines on handle; front ornament too much worn to be described Buff elay. Foremg Ware. Height $152 .-45$.
25. White Painted I oval depressed jug wath base-ring, soft outline; short neek; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around the base-ring, belly, neck-line and rim; wary band around neck; vertical strupes on handle. Greenish grey clay. Height $16.5 .+43$.
26. White Panted II biconieal, spherical jug on foot; gentle outline; short neck; plain rinn; sertical handle from rim to shoulder; snall spout near handle, on shoulder. Encircling lines around foot, body, neck-line, and base of spout; transverse lines on handle. Buff clay. Height 13.5. - 40.
27. Bichrome II bowl, as Xo. 22, but the inside decoration worn out. Grey, gritty clay Diam. $340 .+30$.
29. Bichrome lentoid bottle, as No. 12. Height $13.5 .+32$.
29. Small statuette of faience, representing Bes; same shape as No. 2. Height 2.6. $\ddagger 25$.
3o. White Painted I spherical jug with foot; concave neck; plan rim; hasket-handle; opposite handle, an oblique spout on shoulder. Foot and lower part of the body painted black; two encircling lines around neck and shoulder; encircling line around base of spout; four lines along spout; rim painted black, transrerse lines on the handle. Vellow, gritty clay. Height $17.0 .+15$.
31. Finger-ring of hronze with elliptical section; one side slightly thicker than the other. Dram. 2.7. +20 .
32. White Panted bottle, as No. I3, but with transverse lines on handles. Herght $14.8 .+15$.
33. Whate Panted II plate with flat base; rery low sides; up-turned rim; two wish-bone handles on ram. Latticed, diametrical hands between two latticed triangular fields, encircled by bands on base; coneentric bands inside. Light grey clay. Diam. 12.8. - 55.
34. Polychrome White jug, as No. 24, but with funnelshaped mouth. Oblique double cross as front decoration on shoulder. Foreign Ware. Height $175 .-45$.
35. White Painted I bottle shaped like a truncated cone with shghtly convex basc; well marked shoulder- and neck-line; narrow, cylindrical neck; wide, out-turned rim, two small string-hole projections below shoulder-hne. The body is divided in an upper and a lower part by an encircling line; around body, latticed and chequered lowenese arranged in vertieal bands; vertical stripes over neck in front. White washed, buff clay. Height 17.0. +40.
36. White Painted II bowl, as No. 23, but with convex sıdes. Dramı 10.3. +40.
37. White Panted II bowl, as No. 23. Diam. 8.4. +40.
38. White Panted Il bowl, as No. 23. Diam. in 4. it 40.
39. White Panted II bowl, as No. 23. Diam. 9.7. $\ddagger$ fo.
40. White Panted II bowl, as No. 23. Diam. 9.7. +40 .
41. White Painted II bowl, as No. 23. Diam. 9.2. +40 .
42. White Panted II bowl, as Nio. 23, but flatter and more plate-shaped. Dram. $108 .+40$
43 Bechrome II basket-shaped bowl with flattened base; straight sides, widening upwards; plain rim. Lozengeshaped openıngs cut through the sides to imitate openwork in basketry. Red and black concentric circles
on bottom outside and in; around that central design, band of irregular lines imitating plait-work; red sides. Diam. 12.5. $\div 40$.
44. Bichrome Il small barrel-shaped jug with narrow neck and splaying mouth; vertical handle from neck to shoulder. Black bordered, red, encircling lines around rım; rertical, black bordered red, concentric circles on sides; black lattice-lozenges as front ornament on shoulder; Black transverse line on handle; belon handle, an oblique cross. White, gritty clay. Height 10.2. +48 .
45. Red Polished I oval amphoriskos with flattened base; convex sides; short neck; splaying mouth: two small vertical string-hole handles. Buff, or grey clay, surface slightly damaged with black parts. Height 13.0 . 48 .
46. Hemspherical spindle-whorl of white farence; flat base; vertical rihs radiating from two concentric circles in relief around central hole. Diam 4.i. +48 .
47. Irregular disc-shaped bead of green stone, pierced through the middle. Diam. 1.7. - 48 .
48. White Painted II bottle; shape as No. 13. Decoration obliterated. Height $13.0 .-48$.
49 Bichrome II bottle; shape as No 12, but with glohular hody, slightly depressed on sides. Decoration worn. Yellow clay. Height if. $8,-48$.
50. Bichrome bottle, as No. 12. Yellow clay. Height a3.0. -48 .
51. White Painted I rather depressed amphora on foot; almost horizontal shoulder; marked neck-line; wide, cylindrical neck; flat ram; handles from rim to shoulder. Four encircling lines around shoulder; encircling line around neck and rim. Black painted foot and handles. White, gritty clavi; one handle missing. Height II.5. $\div 48$.
52. White Panted II lentoid bottle whth clumsy neck widenng upwards; handles from neek to shoulder Vertical, chequered band hordered with two lines around
sides from neck to neck; wheel ornament encircled by two concentric circles on side. Encircling lines around neck; ladder-pattern on handles Height $13.5 \div 48$.
53. Bichrome bottle, as No. 12. Buff clay. Height i6.6. -- 48.
54. Bichrome bottle, as No. 12, but with transserse lines on handles. Nouth chipped. Yellow clay. Height 13.0. $-4^{8}$.
55. White Painted I spherical amphora on foot; gentle outline; concase neck; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encireling lınes on foot, belly, neck, and rım, Ladder-ornament on handles. Buff clay. Height 10.7. $\div 48$
56. Hemispherical hronze howl with flattened, in-bent rim. Diam. 14.0. - ${ }_{4} 8$.
57. Bronze bowI, as No. 56. Diam. 18.0. -48 .
58. Bronze bowl, as No. 56. Diam. 20.0. +48 .
59. Cylinder of black stone, pierced through the longitudinal axis. Encircling, incised lines at both ends. The representation is arranged in two rows and is rather worn. In the lower row are four amphorae on small feet; neck-lines marked by a deep incised lines; long necks; two vertical handles seem to run from rim to shoulder. In the spaces between are deep dots Ahore one of the amphorae in the upper row is a buchamum surrounded hy three deep dots; close to the buranmum are two stars; one on each side, and two figures, possibly birds, facing each other. Length 2.4. Diam. I.05. - 20 .
60. Narrow iron knife with one cutting edge; thick hack. Pointed end; tang missing. Broken into three pleces. Length 13.4. -30 .
OI. Bronze fibula with gently curved, low how with two beads, simple spring and thin socket. Pin missing. Length c. 7.0. - 25 .
62. Fragment of bronze fibula with low how. Length $+8 .-20$.
63. Iron fibula with high angular bow; small. flat catch; pin with carcular disc Length $132 .+18$.

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds between the various burials:


Among the objects ascribed to the first burial no pottery is found. This makes the dating of the burial almost impossible. The large iron fibula No. 63 points, howerer, to the very beginning of the Iron Age. A similar fibula was found in Tomb +17 (No. 99) in Lapithos where it could be dated to the Cypro-Geometric I period (see Vol. I; Pl. LI, i). The pottery connected with the second burial layer consisted of Types I and II. Type II are in majority. This combination of pottery assigns the burial to the end of the Cypro-Geometric II period. The Red Polished I amphoriskos, No. 45 , is cspecially intercsting. This is extraordinary as no Bronze Age settlement or necropolis is known in the neighbourhood of Amathus. A small Neolithic settlement was, howerer, discovered on the top of one of the hills W. of the acropolis of Amathus. The possibility still exists that there might be some Early Cypriote tombs in this connexion, from whence the pot originates; and was found by some of the Iron Age inhabitants of Amathus, who placed it in the tomb together with the other tomb-gifts. The gifts of the third burial contained together with Types I-II, also pottery of Type III. This burial thus can be dated to the Cypro-Geometric III period.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { TOMIB } 16 \text { (Figs. } 29-3 \mathrm{I} ; 32: 3,4 ; 37: 1,2) \\
\text { SIZE }
\end{gathered}
$$

|  | Length | Width |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.75 | 1.05 |
| Chamber | 3.75 | 1.70 |

SHAPE
The dromos of this tomb has almost parallel and perpendicular sides, and slopes down to the stomion without any steps. The upper part of the stomion is damaged. The lintel was removed, but the two orthostatic jambs were found in situ. The opening was blocked up by two erect stone slabs.

Originally the interior of the tomb was built with walls of laid ashlar along the long sides of the rock shaft, but these walls have later been considerably damaged, partly by a subsecuent burial (cf. below). On the southern side, four courses of the wall are preserved, where an upper course extends a little outside the lower one making a sort of corbel-vault. Probably the tomb was covered by large slabs, as Tomb $\mathrm{I}_{5}$. Onc of these slabs was found in the upper filling close to the southern wall. Other stones and ashlar blocks have probably come from the northern wall.

## STRATIFICATION

At the bottom of the tomb a layer of pebbles was found in the innermost part of the tomb. Probably this layer extended over the whole of the tomb floor, but it was subsequently destroyed by the burial in the northern wall. On the pebbles, a layer of dark brown burial

earth was found. It was rather thick in the innermost part of the tomb where the large heap of pottery was piled up along the wall. Over these bottom strata the tomb was filled with grey earth. This layer was dug through by a shaft in the $N$. E. corner, where the stones of the wall had also been removed, down to a level $0 . \mathrm{q}^{\circ}$ above the tomb floor.

## BLRIALS

On the pebble layer at the bottom, scattered remains of at least two skeletons could be made out. Their original position, however, could not be defined as the bones had been removed by infiltrated water and sand. At about the middle of the tomb, fragments of a skull (No. II) were found close to some femora and arm bones. Along the S . wall, the jaw possibly belonging to the same skeleton was found. It may be suggested that these skeletons once were placed as usual along the walls, but it was not possible to distinguish any different layers or groups. The pottery connected with these burials was found piled up in the W. part of the tomb. A comparatively well preserved skeleton (No. I) was found in the N. E. corner of the tomb. Here the blocks of the wall had been removed down to the rock floor. Just where the wall once ran, the skeleton was found in dorsal position with the legs slightly bent to the right; the head was turned to the right; the arms were placed along the sides with the hands over the pelvis. The feet, tibia, and left femur were rather well preserved, as was the upper part of the body with spinal column, ribs, and arm bones. The skull could be cleaned, but its bad state of preservation prohibited exact measurements. No burial-gifts could be conneeted with the skeleton directly, but above the burial the four cippi (Nos. 1-4) were found (see Fig. 32:3), and bowl, No. 5, which, however, should be explained as a stray find in the filling.

## FIND. (GROLPs: PLA. XXI, XXII, XXIII, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Stone cippu, with circular flat bottom with central square depression, moulded base and capital, cylndrical stem. Length 506 .
2 Stone cuppus, as Nio 1 . Length 505.
3 Stune cippus, ds No. I I.ength to.8.
2. Stone eippus, as No. i. Length so.r.
3. Black Slip IV busil with flattened base, raised sides. Dam 122. Stray find in the filling.
6 White Panted iV jus with flat base; depressed hody; wade netk; handle from rm to shoulder. Fneireling lines around body and neck, bordered zigzag lines on handle. Neck and part of handle missing. Height in.7. 125 .
4. Plan White $1 V$ sack-shaped jug with flat base; depressed body; concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Henght 8o. - 20.
8 . Buchrome V' siobular jug with flat base; neck narrowing upwards; pinched rim; elevated twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines on body and neck; wavy red line around neck; vertical lines on handle. Height 21.6. - 15 .
5. Black-on-Red I (III) jug with flat hase; depressed body; narrow neek with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and neck, line on handle. Red, lustrous slip. Height $92 .-18$.
io. Bichrome IV depressed jug with flat base; narrow neek, stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encrecling black and red lines around body and neek. Height 9.4 - 40 .

II Sharply curved iron knife with a broad, tapering blade with one cutting edge; thick back; pointed end; small, Hat, stragght tang, perced by two bronze rivets, ending in two points; point missing. Length 16.2. - 25 .
12. Bichrome IV゙ globular jug with flat base; neek wdening upwards with mad-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertucal black and red circles on hody, red, transrerse lines on rim. Handle missing. Height ra.i. -- 20.
13. White Panted IV bowl with Hat hase; down-turned rım. Rim painted red. Dam ra.4. - 30 .
if. Bichrome V' minature howl with flat base; contracted rim. Encircling black and red lines around body. Diam. 5.0. +20 .
15. Bichrome II harrel-shaped jug with side-knobs; narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertieal, black eircles symmetrically arranged on either sde of body, encircling black and red lines around mouth. Height 9.3. - 4o.
16 Whate Painted V globular jug with flat base; concave neek; pinched rim, arched handle from rim to shoulder. lincireling black lines around bods and neck; vertical hane un handle. Height 17.0 . -15
17. Plann White IV depressed jug with flattened hase; short neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to body Height $98 \rightarrow 15$
18. White Panted IV jug with flat base; oval body; short, wide neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around body; wave line around neck. Three vertical lines on handle Height 200. + to.
19. Plain White IV flat bowl with flat base; plain rim. Diam. 9.8. - 25 .
20. Black-on-Red II (IV) open bowl with flat base; raised plan rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encircling lines outside and in. Diam. 19.4. + 30 .
21. Bichrome IV depressed jug with flat hase; short neck with stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines on neck. Height 8.0. - 25.
22. Black Slip IV deep bowl with flat base; curved sides; plain rim, three horizontal grooves below rim; horizontal handle belons rim. Diam. 12 5. - 30 .
23. White Painted IV depressed jug with flat base; short, wide neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Three crossed lines on the sides and tree ornament as frontal design on shoulder; encircling line around neck and rim; hordered zigzag lines on handle. Height 11.3. +30 .
24. White Painted IV jug, as No. 23. Two flying birds on the sides and a tree ornament as frontal design; encircling lines around neck and rim; eve ornaments below rim; ladder-pattern on handle. Height iri. +30 .
25. White Panted IV jug with flat base; biconical body; neck narrowing upwards; pinched rim; large handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and neck; vertical lines on handle with curved strokes on body. Height $13.5 .+30$.
26. Black-on-Red I (III) amphoriskos with flat base; oval hody; narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder Encircling lines around hody and neck; four groups of small, concentric carcles on shoulder; black painted handles. One handle missing. Height $11.8 . \div 22$.
27. Plan White IV sack-shaped jug with flat base; body narrowing upwards; concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height in.t. $\div 32$.
28. Plain White IV depressed jug with flat base; cylindrical neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.4. +32 .
29. Plain White IV amphoriskos with flat base; depressed hody; concave neck with stilted rim; two small hori\%ontal handles on body. Height in.o. $-\cdots 25$.
30. Black-on-Red I (1II) oval jug with flat base; narrow neek with handle-ridere; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and neek; two groups of small, concentric circles on shoulder; black painted handle. Height it.o. +22 .
31. Bichrome IV depressed jug with flat base; narrow neck with stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encureling red and black lines around body and neck; three vertical bands of transrerse lines on shoulder. Height ir.o. +22.

32 Bichrome Red II (V) amphora with base-ring; biconical body: short neck widening upwards; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Enercling black and white lines around body; vertical short, wide lines on shoulder: hordered black zizzag lines on handles. Height 30.0 - 50 .
33. Black-on-Red I (III) open bowl with flat base; eurved sides; plan rim; horizontal handles on rim Encirclong black lines outside and in. Brown, polished slip. Diam. 20.7. - 75.
34. Bichrome V amphora with base-ring; depressed shoulder; well marked neek-line; short, wide neck; flat, downturned rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encireling black and red bands around body and neck; red, wary lines around the shoulder and below rim; groups of small, concentric circles around shoulder and neck; three lines on handles. Height 49.0. +65 .
35. Polychrome (V) amphora with hase-ring; depressed body; short neck wadening upwards; flat rmin; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red bands around body and ram; red, encircling, wavy line around neck; white dots around nech-line; groups of small concentric circles around shoulder; bordered, black zigzag lines crossed by a red vertical line on handles. Height 27.5. +57.
36. Fragment of the blade of an aron knife with long, narrow, pointed end. Length 7.0. -20.
37. Bichrome $Y$ amphora, as No. 34. Herght 34.0. - 70.
38. Fragment of a conical iron socket length 7.5. - 25 .
39. Plain White $V$ flat bowl with flat base and plain rim. Dian. 17.8. - $_{5}$.
40. Bichrome IV almost globular amphoriskos with Hat base; narrow neck with funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines around body and neck; black line on handles. Height if.o. +15 .
fr. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No 9. Handle missing Height 9.2. $\mathrm{H}_{5}$.
42. Bichrome $V$ depressed Jug with flat base; narrow neck with pinched rım; arched handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines around body and neck. Height 7.0. +23 .
43. White Painted IV pear-shaped bottle with flat basc; long, narrow neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; vertical handle on neck. Fincircling line around body and neck; oblong dots on neck. Height $11.0 . \perp 15$.
44. Plain White IV jug with flat base; globular body; wide neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height $12.0 .+25$.
45. Red Slip II (IV) glohular jug with flat base; cylindrical neek with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neek to shoulder; mat, red slip. Height $169 .+15$.
46. Red Slip II (IV) jug with Hat base; depressed body; straight, wide neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Red, somewhat darkened slip. Handle missing. Height 13.6. +20 .
47. White Painted 1V depressed jug with flat base; narrow neek with handle-ridge; stalted rim; handle from neek to shoulder. Three crossed lines on shoulder. Heght $78 .-30$.
48. White Painted IV depressed jug with small flat base; short wide neck with pinched rim; projections on the rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Three vertical hordered zigzag lines on shoulder alternating with three short, crossed lines; encircling line around neck; eve ornaments below rma; bordered zigzag lines on handle. Height $97 .+30$.
49. Plain White IV jug, as No. 44. Neck and handle missing. Herght 8.5. - 40.
50. White Painted IV bowl with flat base; raised plain rim; horizontal handle on the side. Encircling lines outside and in. Diam. 14.2. -35 .
51. White Painted IV slobular jug with flat hase: neck with handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder; encircling line around neck. Mouth missing. Height 9.6. +35
52. Plain White III bowl with flat base; curved sudes and plain rmm. Diam. 19.7. +30 .
53. Black-on-Red II (IV) open bowl with flat base; curved sides; plan rim, and two small horizontal handles below rım. Encırcling lines outside and in. Diam. 18.7. +25 .
54. White Painted III open bowl with flat base; curved sides; horizontal handle below rim. Encircling lines outside and in. Diam. 19.4. $\perp 15$.
55. Red Shp 1I (IV) flat bowl with base-ting; curved sides; Hat horizontal rim. Light red, lustrous, polished slip. Diam. 32.0. $\dot{+15}$.
56. Plan White IV゙ jug, as No. 44. Height in.9. +25.
57. Red Shp II (IV) open bowl with flat base; almost straight sides; flat rim. Nat, light red slip Diam 19.0. +22.
58. Plain White IV jug, as No. 44. Height 13.6. - 65.
59. White Painted IV deep bowl with flat base; curved sides; plan rim; horizontal handes below rim. Encircling, red lines outside and in. Diam. 14.8. - 50.
60 White Panted $V$ amphora with hase-ring; depresed shoulder; short neck widening upwards; stilted rim; large horizontal handles on body. Encircling lines and bands around hody and neck; degenerate wavy line around shoulder; zigzag line on rim; black lines on handles. Height 33.0. +30.
6f. Bichrone III lentoid pilgrom bottle wath narrow neck and straght funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines vertically. arranged on either side; black transverse lines on handles and rim. Height $13.5 .-70$.
62. Plain White IV flat bewl with up-turned rim. Dam. 19.3. -70.
63. Black-on-Red I (III) deep bow 1 with base-ring: curved sides with plain rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encircling black spiral outside and in. Black panted handles. Dian. 22.5. $\div 68$.
64. White Panted IV glohular jue wath flat base; colindrical neek with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encirclang lines around neck. Height 14.5 .--60.
65. White Panted IV howl, with flattened base and rased, plan rim Rim painted black. Diam. 10 0. - 58.
66. Bichrome IV globular jug with tlat hase; cylindrical neck; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder Encircling black and red lints around body and neck; ladder-pattern on handle. Herght 10.6. - 50.
67. Black-on-Red I (III) bowl, as No 63. Diam 21.3 $\rightarrow$ º.

68 Black-on-Red 1 (HI) Jug, as No 3o. Herght $10.8-60$.
(o) Brehrome IV globular jug with Hat base. Encircling black and red lines around body and neek. Mouth and handle missing. Height 7.1. -72.
7o. Bichrome IV jug, as No. ro. Height $10.0 . \div 60$.
71. Bichrume 1V jug, as No. 31, but with seven bands of cross-lines on shoukder. Height 9.1. -i 60.
72. Black Slip Il amphorisios on low foot; globular body; wide, concave neck with flat rim, handles from rim to shoulder. Height 13.o. - 30 .
73. Red Slip II (IV) depressed jug with Hat base; splaying neck; handle from ram to body. Height 7.1. - + .
7+ Plan White IV sack-shaped jug with rounded base; bobbin-shaped body and well marked neek-line; large handle from rim to shoulder. Height 14.5 . + 42.
75. Red Slip II (IV) pear-shaped jug with base-ring; well marked shoulder-line; conve. neck wath out-turned rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Red lustrous, polshed slip. Hught $16.7 .+35$.
76. Plan White IV jug, as No. $4+$ Herght $13.0 .+34$.
77. Bichrome IV globular jug with Hat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; out-turned rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines around body and mouth, three groups of small concentric carcles on shoulder; black ladder-pattern on handle. Herght 8.5 - +5 .
78 Plan White IV plate, with flat base and flat horizontal rim. Diam. 19.7. - 50.
79. White Panted IV juer with glohular body; flat base; celindracal neck wath handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Fincircling lines around neek Height 12 5. - 50.
So. Red Slip II (IN) jug, as No. 45. Height 16.3. - 20.
8r. Bichrome II lentoid bottle with narrow neck; straight funncl-nouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical black and red carcles symmetrically arranged on tither ude Herght $15+$. 18.
82. Fragment of a large mon socket. (fi No. 3i. Length 9.5. -- 35.
83. White Panted IV sack-shaped jug; shape as No. 27. Flandle misting. Heteht 9.7. --. 35.
Sf Black-on-Red 1 (lli) jug, as No. 30 , but without conecentric circles Height $11.5 . \quad$ : 26 .
$\mathrm{K}_{5}$. Bichrome 11 barrel-shaped jug with sude-knobs; narrow neck with funnel-mouth, handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical spirals and encircling Ines symmetrically arranged on esther side of body; encircling black and red lines around neck. Helebt 9.7. - 35.
8t. Black-on-Red I (IH) Jug, as No 8+. Heaght 10 o. -28.
87. Brchrome IV Hiat bowl wath Hat base; horizontal, Hat rmm. lincircling black and red lones inside, and red bands on rm. Diam. 13.1. $\div 55$.
88. White Painted V amphora, as No. 6o. Height 4r.5. +20. 89. Bichrome IV globular jug with flat base; narrow neck. Vertical black and red circles, symmetrically arranged on either side of body; tree ornament as front decoration. Mouth and handle missing. Height 11.5. + 50.
yo. Plain White IV depressed amphora with flat base; concave neek; stılted rim; horizuntal handles on body. Height 10.0. +30.
91. White Painted IV sack-shaped jug with flat base; long body narrowing upwards; short neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and neck; three small groups of small concentric circles around shoulder; bordered crossed lines on handle. Height if.o. $\quad 30$.
92. Bichrome IV depressed jug with flat base; short, wide neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Hatched maltese crosses alternating with crossed lines in red paint, on shoulder; encircling lines around neck and rim; eye ornaments below rim; black bordered zigzag lines on handle. Height 12.0. +30.
93. Plain White IV bowl with flat base; raised rim. Diam. 16.8. + 50 .
94. Bichrome Red II (V) amphora with flat base; depressed body: short cylindrical neck with stilted rim; horizontal handles with knobs, on body. Encircling black and white lines around body and neck; white lotus flowers with black concentric circles in the centre on the body; white dots on neck-line, black concentric circles on neck; oblique cross lines on rim; black handles. Height 20.0. +20.
95. Whate Panted IV open bowl with flat base; stilted rim and two horizontal handles on rim. Encircling lines inside and on rim. Diam. 17.2. +25 .
96. Bichrome IV bowl, as No. 87. Diam. 13.8. +25.
97. Bichrome V lid with a central knob. Encircling black and red bands on the upper side. Diam. 20.4. + 40 .
98. Black-on-Red I (III) open bowl with convex base; curved sides; Hat horizontal rim; two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling black lines outside and in. Dtam. 20.8. +50 .
99. Black-on-Red I (III) bowl with base-ring; curved sides; contracted rim; hormzontal handles on sides. Encircling black lines outside and in. Girey, gritty clay covered by a light red, lustrous, polished slip. Dian. $15.0 .+35$.
100. Plain White IV amphoriskos, as No. 90. Height $10.3 \cdot \div 35$.

1or. Plain White IV plate, as No. 78. Diam. 18.0. $\div 20$.
102. Bichrome IV depressed jug with tlat base; narrow neck with rim out-turned; handle from neek to body. İncircling black and red lines around body and neck; trangles with dots around shoulder combined with vertical lines; black ladder-pattern on handle. Height $10.8 . \div 35$.
103. Bichrome II kylıx with wide foot; slightly curred body; two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling black and red lines around foot and body; below ram, alternating bordered vertical zigzag lines and bordered inverted filled trangles; black painted handles; encircling lines inside. Diam. 20.8. Height i6.0. 120.
10.4. Plan White IV bowl, as No. 93. Diam. 15.5. +20. 105. Plan White IV jug, as No. 64. Height in.o. Found inside No. 60.
106. Bichrome IV glohular jug with base-ring; ç̣lındrical neck with mod-ridge; Hat out-turned rom; handle from neck to shoulder. Three groups of small concentric circles on shoulder; eneircling black and red lines around mouth; handle missing. Herght 12.0. $-\frac{10}{} 4$
107. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as Ňo. 30. Neek and piece of handle missing. Height $9.8 . \div 47$.
108. Black-on-Red I (III) (ımitative fabric) Jue with Hat base; depressed body. Greenish grey, gritty clay covered by a dark grey, mat slip on which are parallel encorcling lines on the body, and three swasticas applied in black, lustrous paint. Neck and handle missing. Hcight 6.6. - 38 .
109. Bichrome IV jug, as No. 64. Encırcling black and red lines around body and neck; bordered, black zigzag line on handle. Height 19.5. +22.
110. Black-on-Red I (III) amphorıskos, as No. 26. Nouth missing. Height $9.5 .+55$.
III. Black Slip Bichrome III plate with flat base; plan rim; knobbed handles on rim. A black maltese cross encircled by black and red bands; from this centre, radiate three bordered, black 2 igzag lines alternatıng with three black, bordered MI-ornaments with latticed triangles; sides and handles covered by a black slip. Encircling black lines inside the plate. Diam. 28.2. -20 .
112. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl with flat base; curved sides and plain rim. Three encircling flutes below rim; small handle below rim. Diam. I4.8. +25 .

## Supplementary catalogue

113. Black Slip II jug on foot; glohular hody; cylindrical neek with pinched rim, handle from rim to shoulder; body vertically fluted. Height 15.5 .
114 White Panted IV amphora with base-ring; slightly depressed shoulder; short, cylindrical neck with stilted rim; horizontal handles on body. Encircling bands and lines around body and neck; wavy line on shoulder; zigzag line around rim. Heıght 34.4.
114. White Painted IV amphora, as No. I It, but with encircling lines around rim instead of the zigzag line. Height 38.5 .
115. Bichrome IV bowl with flat base; depressed body; short wide neck with plain rim; horizontal handles on body. Encırcling black lines around body and neck; vertical, red zıgzag lınes crossed by a vertical line on the body. Height 13.8 .
116. Bichrome V globular jug with flat base; neck narrowing upwards; pinched rim; elevated twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Vertical black and red circles symmetrically arranged on either side of the body, crossed by horizontal black and red, encircling lines on shoulder; groups of small concentric circles as front and back ornament; red lotus Howers on shoulder below neck; two lines on neck and ladder-pattern on handle. Height 21.0 . i i8. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl with fla t base; slightly rased
rim; handles below rim. Encircling black lines inside; darkened slip. Diam. I 9.0.
117. Bichrome IV bowl, shape as No. 99. Encırcling black and red lines outside and in. Diam. if.o.
izo. Black Slıp Bichrome III plate wath flat base; curved sodes; knohhed handles below rim. Black lozenge's encireled by red and hlack lines, from whicb centre radiate four bordered black zigzag lines, alternating with four black and red M-ornaments with latticed triangles; sides covered bỵ black slıp; encircling black lines inside. Dtam. 26.5.
118. Black-on-Red III (V) crater on short foot; curved sides and contracted, plain rim; vertical handles on hody. On each side of handles, small projections. Encircling black lines around foot and body: on shoulder, tree ornaments. Grey, gritty clay covered by light lustrous, partly darkened slip. Height 35.o.
119. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl, as No. 20. Diam. 22.0.
120. Black-on-Red I (III) bowl, as No. 63. D1am. 24.o.
121. Bichrome IV bowl, as No. II9. Diam, 16.5 .
122. Bichrome IV bowl, as No. II9. Diam. I7.o.
123. White Painted IV bowl with flat base; curved sides; plam rim. Rim panted red. Diam. 123.
124. Bichrome IV borvl, as No. I26. Black bordered, red band around rim. Diam 157 .
125. Plain White IV plate with flat base; rased, plain rum. Diam. 16.0.
126. Plain White IV plate, as No. 128. Diann. 18.2.
127. Plain Whitc IV plate, as No. i28. Diam. 15.0.

13I. Bichrome V lid, as No. 97. Diam I8.3.
132. Plan cooking-pot with contracted rim, two vertacal handles on body. Herght 16.5
133. Plain cooking-pot, as No. 132. Height 13.0 .

I34. Red Slip II (IV) flat bowl with base-ing; curved sides; flat horizontal rim. . Iat, light red slip. Dlam 307.
135. Red Slip II (IV) fiat bowl with base-ring; stranght sudes and flat horizontal rim. Nat, light red slip. Diam. 36.7 .
136. Black Slip Bichrome III plate with flat base; curved sides; knobbed handles on rim. Black maltese cross encircled by black and red lines; from thas centre raduate three black bordered zigzate lines alternating with threc black and red M-ornaments with hlack latticed triangles; sides covered by mat, black slip; encireling black lines inside. Dram. 28.5.
137. White Paınted IV howl with Hat base; raised sides. Encircling red lines outside and in. Rinı chıpped. Dianl. c. 12.5 .
138. Plan White IV deep bowl with flat base; curved sides; Hat rim; two small, flat horizontal handes helow rim. Diam. I 4.8.
139. Plain White IV bowl, as No. 138, but with only one handle. Diam ili.z.
140. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, smmar to No. ys but with mat slip. Diam. 20.o.
I4I. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, as No. i4o. Diam. 22.4.
142. Red Slıp II (IV) bowl; shape as No. ifo, but without handles, and with base-ring. Diam. 29.6.

I 43 Plan Whate 15 plate with that base and flat rim. Dam. Iy 5.
14+. Plan White IV flat bowl with flat base: curved sides and plan rim Diam. 205
145. Buchrome V hid, as No 97 Diam. 20.8.

14t Brchrome V Hat bowl with Hat base; Hat rimn. Encircline black and red lines outsde and in, groups of transterse lines on rim. D 1 dm. 21.5.
147 Plan White IV bowl; shape as No. if6 but with horizuntal rim Diam. 20.2.
i4 R Red Slıp II (IV) bowl, as No. i34. Diam 20.0.
If9. Black-on-Rud II (IV) bowl on high base-ring; contracted, rased rim: way handles at the sades. Encorcling black spirals outside and in. Nat, red slip, inside darkened. Diam, 22.3.
150 Bichrome III open bowl with base-ring; slightly curved
sides, plan rim; handles on rim. Encircling black and red lines on base and sıles; black zigzag line encircling the sides; cross-lines on base-ring, and encircling black lines inside. Diam. 22.0.
151. White Panted III otal jug with base-ring; slughtly depressed shoulder; neck narrowing upwards; pinched rim; handle from rom to shoulder. Encircling black lines around body and neek; bordered zigzag line on handle. Rim chipped. Height 21.2.
152. Black-on-Red II (IV) amphora with basc-ring; depressed shoulder: well marked neck-line: short neck narrowing upwards with moulded, flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encireling black lines around body and neck, bordered zigzag lines on handles. Light red, hard clay covered by a dark slip. Height 38.5 .
153. Bichrome V' amphora, as No. 34. Height +3.0 .

The distribution of the finds is shown in the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

Unfortunately it was not possible to separate any layers in this tomb, though the contents indicate that the tomb had been used twice, probably with a certain intermediate period between the burials. The pottery must thus be described as a unit. It consists of Types III-V. As regards the White Painted, Bichrome and Plain White wares the Type IV are in a great majority, while Type III are paramount as regards the Black-on-Red wares. This combination of pottery assigns the last burial on the tomb floor to Cypro-Archaic II period while the earlier burial should be assigned to the end of the Cypro-Geometric III period. - The subsequent burial in the S. wall is dated by the cippi, Nos. I-4, to the Roman period.


Fig. 32. Amathus. Tomb 15 , Plan with roof stones in situ ( 1 ), Section A-A (2). Tomb r6, Plan (3); Finds in situ ( + ). 「Tomb 17 , Plan with finds in situ (5). 「omb as, Plan with finds in situ (6, 7).


SHAPE
This tomb had an almost rudimentally dromos with slightly sloping and perpendicular sides. The stomion was built with one orthostatic jamb on the left side. On the other side, no traces of a jamb could be found. Probably the lintel there rested on the rock edge. The chamber constitutes a right angle to the dromos. The floor is situated about 0.30 m . below the stomion floor. The chamber is of rectangular shape, slightly irregular and with vertical sides. The floor is levelled out of the rock.

## STRATIFICATION

The layers of this tomb, evidently, had been disturbed and mixed up at two different periods. The chamber seems to have been emptied almost entirely on one occasion and re-used as a burial place. The filling of the tomb was of a very loose consistency and mixed with rubble. Through this filling a pit had been dug in the W. part of the tomb, just in front of the entrance.

## BURIALS

On the floor, remains of four skeletons were cleared. The upper parts of the skeletons were destroyed by the pit mentioned but the lower parts were in all cases comparatively well preserved, from the pelvis downwards. Skeleton I was placed along the N. wall in outstretched, probably dorsal position. Femora and tibiz were preserved in situ. At the knecs, remains of a cranium were found which, however, not should be assigned to any of the other skeletons. 'The badly destroyed remains of the cranium of Skeleton I were found in situ. Skeletons II and III were found close together, the one on top of the other. Judging from the size of the femora etc. the uppermost skeleton (No. II) was a male one, while the lower was female (No. III). The skeletons consequently were buried in androgynous position. Skeleton IV was placed in the same position as Skeleton I. Evidently, all these burials make a closed group together. The skeletons at the sides of the androgynous burial in the middle may be explained as being servants or slaves slain in connexion with these burials. The whole group was surrounded by burial-gifts in glass and terracotta concentrated along the N. and E. walls.

FINDS (GROLPS: PL. XXIII, 4, 5; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
. Glass bottle. Fragments. Floor. ' 12. Glass bottle, as Vo. 2. Upper part of neck missing.

Glass bottle with slightly concave base; bulging shoulder; long cylındrical neck with stilted ram. Broken in many pieces. Parts of side and neck mıssing. Height IS.i. Floor.
3. Glass bottle, as No. 2, but with tapering neck. Height 17.3. Floor.
. Glass bottle, as No. 3. Height 16.6. Floor.
Glass bottle, as No. 2. Height 13.8. Floor.
Glass bottle with Hattened base: curved sides; concave neck with splaying rim. Height iz.o. Floor.
7. Glass bottle, as No. 3. Part of neck missing. About the same size as Yo. 3. Floor.
8. Glass bottle, much broken. Floor.
9. Glass bottle, much broken. Floor.
10. Glass bottle, as No. 2. Height 17.5. Floor.
11. Glass bottle of generally the same shape as No. 2, but with rather conical sides. Neck partly missıng. Height 6.5. Floor.

Height 7.5. Floor.
13. Gilass bottle. Nuch broken Floor.
14. Roman Lustrous Red Slip jug with rased base-ring, rather biconical body; tapering, narrow neck; flat, hor1zontal rim. Twin-handle from neck to shoulder. Incised grooves encircling neck and shoulder. Height iz.o. Floor.
15. Roman Lustrous Red Slip jug, as N゙o. 14, but with wider neck, and handle from rim to shoulder. Height i6.8. Floor.
16. Glass bottle, as No. 2. Height 17.5. Floor.
17. Glass bottle, as No. 2. Part of neck missing. Height 8.3. Floor.
18. Glass bottle, as No. 3. Height 13.o. Floor.
19. Small pear-shaped bottle with, high cỵlindrical neck; splaying rim.* Height 9.3. Floor.
20. Glass bottle, as Nio. 2. U'pper parts of neck missing. Height 9.2. Floor.
21. Glass bottle, as No. 2. Height i1.9. Floor.

* The bottle contained a blue pigment.


## CHRONOLOGY

As regards the finds, this tomb should be dated to the Roman period. The pottery is of the same kind as the pottery belonging to the subsequent burial in Tomb 18. There, the pots were found together with a bronze coin, probably of the Antonine period. The burials described above may therefore be dated to this period. Doubts may, however, be raised whether the tomb was excavated at the same time or if it was constructed in Archaic time and subsequently cleaned and re-used in Roman time. The fact remains, however, that not a single potsherd of earlier periods was found in the tomb.

$$
\text { TOMB } 18 \text { (Figs. } 32: 6,7 ; 33-35 ; 37: 4,5,7 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.65 | 0.68 | 0.55 |
| Stomion | 0.50 | 0.55 | 0.55 |
| Chamber | 2.48 | 1.25 | 1. 60 |

SHAPE
The dromos to this tomb has parallel sides and slopes very slightly to the well-closed stomion. This is built with two orthostatic jambs and a huge lintel, which was found in situ. The entrance was blocked by an upright door slab, on the right side wedged with small rubble. The rock shaft makes a right angle with the dromos and is of rectangular shape with slightly curved sides. The long sides widen towards the bottom.

The roof of the tomb was well preserved and consisted of three large slabs resting on
the edges of the rock shaft. The holes between the large, only slightly cut, slabs were closed by rubble of various sizes to prevent earth and sand silting into the tomb.

The eastern rock wall of the tomb was in a subsequent period damaged. Here the rock had been cut away, and the tomb had been opened by means of a dromos from the E. A subsequent burial had been pushed into the tomb and the hole closed again by upright, flat stones.

## STRATIFICATION

The earth filling the dromos consisted of a homogeneous brown or grey layer, which was found intact. It contained a deposit of vases which was found close to the W. wall of the dromos and in front of the door slab (Nos. $1-8,47-49$ ). Inside the tomb rarious strata could be distinguished. The $W$. part of the floor was covered by a layer of pebble stones (Laver 7). The space just in front of the entrance was left uncovered. The edge of the pebbles was marked by a row of some large rubble. The whole bottom of the tomb was covered by a layer of dark burial earth, c. 0.10 m . thick, in which the burial-gifts were found (Nos. $17-46,50-53$ ). This layer (Layer 6) was thicker towards the W. Above these bottom strata the filling consisted of infiltrated grey, homogeneous earth (Layer 5 ) up to level + i 40 . Here another burial floor was noted. The floor consisted of earth mixed with clay. The filling above the upper burial floor was of a rather loose consistency and dark in colour. Above the roof slabs the surface layer (Layer 1) and a grey, hard laver of earth (Layer 2) were noted. E. of the tomb shaft a dromos had been excavated in the rock, evidently in connexion with the subsequent upper burial floor, as the lower of the two raised stones, described as door slabs, rested on a stone threshold at the floor level mentioned. The earth outside the slabs, viz. in the dromos, was of a rather loose consistency and mixed up with small rubble. Below the floor level mentioned the dromos filling grew harder.

## BCRIALS

No intact skeleton could be found at the bottom of this tomb, but there is certain evidence which allows us to draw conclusions as to the arrangement of the burials. Inside the large amphora No. 25, a skull (No. I) was found together with some femora and armbones. Evidently, this is the remains of a burial which had been removed, probably to give place for another. This must be sought for along the N. wall. There no bones or remains of the skeleton were found, but only at this place there is space for an out-stretched body. The large deposit of vases on the other side of the tomb prevents the supposition of a burial there. Along the N. wall, too, innumerable small faience beads, collected as No. 43 , were found (Fig. 35). The beads should be explained having been applied on a dress or garment, in which the corpse was dressed.

The bronze bowl (No. i8), the small iron knife (No. 51 ), the bronze fibula (No. 50) as well as the plaque and the ring (Nos. 42 and 45 ) and the faience seal (No. 17 ) are probably all to be attributed to this burial. As regards the deposit in the S . W. corner, it seems impossible to separate pots belonging to the earlier burial from those of the later on account of their


Fig. 33, Amathus, Tomb I8, Dromos with fïnds in situ.


Fig, 34, Amathus. Tomb 18. Roof slabs in situ.
position. The pots are all together piled up partly on top of each other. Certainly, however, the small objects of bronze and iron on the floor as Nos. 19, 20, 29, 33, 34, 46 and 52 must be referred to the earlier burial, as their positions are otherwise difficult to explain. Judging from the position of finds Nos. $38-41,4+$ and 53 they may be aseribed to the later burial on the tomb floor. On the upper tomb floor remains of two bodies were excavated. Both were placed in dorsal position with the head to the E. but only fragments of the lower extremities were preserved (femora and tibia).

The bodies had apparently been pushed into position from the entrance in the E. part of the shaft, the roof stones never being removed. The bodies had been adorned with some gifts: the two jugs (Nos.9,10), the glass bottles (Nos, 12-15), and the bronze coin (No. 11). The gold fragments (No. 16) too, come from this layer and were found in the sieves. All these finds apparently had been pushed to their final places on both sides of the corpses, from the same entrance as the bodies. After the funeral was finished, the entrance was closed by means of two upright slabs, of which the lower one rested on a stone threshold at the same level as the burial floor.

## FINDS (GROLPS: PL. SXIV, 1 - 5 ; TYPES: L. OF PL, II)

a. Plan Whate II depressed owal jug wath poonted base, short, concase neck; deeply ponched ram; handle from rim to body. Handle misang. White washed, eritty clay. Herght 13.5. In dromon $\therefore 1.35$
2. Buchrome Il small, wade, barrel-shaped juer wath adeknobs; long. natrone nech, funnel-mouth, twin-handle from beek to houlder. Encirchnes, vertad red bind,:
black curles around sule-huob symmetacally on eithes side of body"; encreling black line below the red painted mouth Ifard, butf or white clay. Itemgt 10.2. In dromos. - I. ${ }^{\circ}$.
3 Bhach-on-Red 1 (III) wade, asal barrel-shaped jug wath sade-knobs: narrow neck: sharply bent handle from neak to body. Groups of concentric lines sym-
metrually on either side of body. Nouth missing. Hard, buff chay covered by a very thon, light slip. Height 7.7. In dromom. - 130.

4 Black Silep Brchrome It plate wath flat base; slightly comex sdes, up-turned rim; wish-bone handles on im Eincricling red hand bordered with concentric blak lines, on base; three black bordered zigzag lines alternatine with red and black M-ornaments with latticed tratngle, radating from the centre ornament; sides blak and decorated with vertical, carelessly drawn Hutes, touching neither base nor rim. Concentric black and red circles inside. Buff, fragile clay. Diam. 22.8. In dromos. - If 8 .
5. Bichrome III oval jug with base-ring; well marked neckline; narrow, celindrical neck with funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines on neck; intersecting errcular lines on body; concentric circles on shoulder. Height 35.0. In dromos. + 95.
6. White Panted II oval depressed amphora with base-ring; marked neck-line; cylindrical neck; flat rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines around bellyand shoulder; hetween handles, a degenerate wavy line; black painted neck with two groups of white encircling lines, black painted handles with vertical strokes. (irey or white, gritty clay. Height 42.0. In dromos. +95 .
7. Bichrome II small plate with Hat base; up-turned rim; horizontal handle at rim. Concentric black and red lines outside and in; red rim and handle. Dark, buff, gritty clay. Diam 12.7 . In dromos. $\div 105$.
勺. Bichrome III oval jug with a dıminutive base-ring; well marked shoulder-line: short, concave neck; wide, pinched rim; handle from rum to shoulder. Encircling hlack line around belly; encircling black bordered, red hand below the shoulder; three vertical lines as front ornament and black triangles as side ornament on shoulder, black neck-line and handle. Grey, gritty clay. Hewht 15.2. In dromos. +102.
0. Ruman Red slıp depressed globular jug with base-ring; conical shoulder; neck tapering upwards; out-turned, tlat, horizontal rim; narrow mouth, sharply bent twinhandle from neck to shoulder. Encircling horizontal hands of vertical and ohlique, incised lines bordered by horizontal, emerclines, incised lines; thin, fine, lustrous slip; hard, huff clay. IJeight $207 .+150$.
10. Roman Red Slip jug with high base-ring; depressed sule: well marked shoulder-line; concave shoulder; cslindracal neck with a groove; stilted, flat rım; twinhandle from upper part of neck to body. Nat, light red slyp. Buff, grutty ehas. I Ieight ig.4. ' 120 .
11. Roman bronze com (Antoninus Pius). Too much worn to) be legihle. Wiam. 2.7. Weight 13.52 . + 133 .
12. Small bottle of glass with flattened base; tapering wlev, helighty convex, cylindrical neck; flat out-turned rim Hecght g.6. - 140 .
13. Amall bottle of glass with conical body; contracted neck-line, lung, cylindrical neck with out-turned rim. Heraht - 6. -140 .
14. Long bottle of glass with spherical bottom; stranght, tapering sides; narrow neck-line; cylindrical neck, with out-turned rim. Henght $12.8 \div 140$.
15. Bottle of glass, as No. If. Herght 7.3. +140 .
16. Gold sheet shaped as a myrtle leaf. Length c. r.o. Found in the sieves.
$1_{7}$ Seal of blue faience. On base, the prenomen of Amenophis III, Men-mat-re. Encorcling line. See Appendix I. Length 2.4. +35 .
18. Hemispherıcal bowl of than bronze with slightly flattened rin. Much broken. Diam. i6.4. +15 .
19. Fragment of an iron knife, which seems to have had two edges; one straight, the other slightly convex; mid-rib, and pointed end. Length 16.8 . -15.
20. Fragment of an iron sword with only a piece of the double-edged blade preserved. The tang is zigzag hammered and has rectangular section. The handle was fixed by iron rivets, of which two are preserved. Length $15.7 . \div 15$.
21. Black Slip II oval, depressed amphoriskos on foot; gentle outline; short, wide neck; flat out-turned rim; handles from rim to shoulder. One handle missing. Black or grey, partly worn slip. Height $15.5 .+10$.
22. Black-on-Red I (IlI) flat bowl with hase-ring; convex sıdes; straight rım; two small string-hole projections on rim. Black concentric circles outside and in; black painted base-ring, rim, and handles. The red slip is dark and polished; lustrous outside; mat inside. Buff, gritty clay. Diam. 20.2. - 20.
23. White Painted III slightly depressed, oval amphora with base-ring; marked neck-line; slightly concave, wide neck; flat, out-turned rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Groups of encircling lines around belly and shoulder; six groups of small concentric circles on shoulder. On neck, from rim to neck-line six vertical, bordered zigzag lines alternating with groups of concentric circles. The frontal zigzag lines are provided with dots in the triangular interspaces. Encircling and transrerse lines around rim, bordered zigzag lines on handles. Height 4i.0. +15.
24. Bichrome I large oval harrel-shaped jug with projecting side-knohs; short, wide neck with handle-ridge; funnelmouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Groups of vertical, concentric lınes symmetrically arranged on either side of body. Encircling black bordered band around sideknobs; encircling black line around the neck-line; hlack panted handle-ridge; encircling hlack and red lınes around mouth. A winged lattice-lozenge with latticed swallow tail as front and back ornament; ladder-pattern on handle. Buff clay. Height 35.0. +25 .
25. White Painted 11 amphora, as No. 23, but wath more depressed body. Encircling lines and hands around body, shoulder and neck-line, vertical hands of bordered lattice-luzenges around neck; transverse lines around rim; vertical wavy bands on handles. Decoration worn on one side. Buff, fragile clay. Height 45.5. +15 . 26. Bichrome III barrel-shaped jug, as No. 2, but more
depressed on the sides; mouth widening upwards; no red paint on body; ladder-pattern on handle. Height II. o. +25 .
27. Bichrome III biconical oval jug with base-ring; marked neck-line; cylindrical neck; out-turned rant; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black lines around helly; encircling, black bordered, red band around hody; vertical hordered black zigzag line on shoulder. Inrerted M-ornaments with filled mid-triangle as front ornament; encircling black band and lines around neck and mouth; black painted handle. Yellow, gritty clay. Height 17.0. +20 .
28. Black-on-Red I (III) deep bowl with base-ring; slightly curved sides; straight rim; handles on sides below rim. Encircling lines outside and in; black painted base-ring, rim, and handles. The bowl is covered by a sometimes darkened, thick, red, lustrous, slip with traces of polishing tool. Surface worn. Imcomplete. +20.
29. Thin fibula of bronze with softly angled bow; centre thicker with three collars; spring and pin missing. Length 4.4. +20 .
30. Black-on-Red I (III) small jug with wide, flat base; narrow neck; wide funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around shoulder, neck, and mouth; ladder-pattern on handle. Polished, red, lustrous slip with traces of polishing tool. Height $7.5 .+20$.
3I. Red Silip I (III) small depressed, oval jug with small flat base; short, wide, neck; a ridge around neek-line. pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Red, hard, finely silted clay with light red. lustrous slip. Height 7.4. +20.
32. Fragments of an iron knife with thin blade. Traces of wood still visible, attached to the blade. Length 6.5 . Found inside No. 25.
33. Small finger-ring of bronze with one end broken. Night have been a spiral ring. Diam. 2.2. +20 .
34. Thick fibula of bronze with four beads on bow; rectangular section through bow; coiled spring; straight pin. Socket missing. Length 4.0. +20 .
35. Plain White II bowl with slightly flattened base; convex sides; straight rim; below rim, two encreling incosed lines; small handle below rim. Light buff, gritty clay. One side damaged. Diam. 15.0. +20.
36. Black-on-Red I (III) wide, oval, barrel-shaped jug with side-knobs; narrow neck; sharply bent handle from neck to body. Groups of vertical, concentric circles, symmetrically arranged on either side of body. Very thin, light slip. Height $7.7 .+20$.
37. Bichrome, lentoid pilgrim bottle with narrow neck; widening mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical, black and red concentric circles symnetrically arranged on either side of body. Yellow, hard clay. Foreign Ware. Height $11.5 .+20$.
38. Black Slip II amphora, as No. 21. Better preserved slip. Height $14.8 .+30$.
39. Bronze bowl, as No. 18, but with in-hent, hammered rim. Nuch broken. Diam. 13.3. +20 .
40. Red Slip I (III) deep plate with small, flat base, slightly convex sides; flat rim. Polished, dark red slip with traces of the polishing tool. Buff gritty, clay. Diam. $20.4 . \therefore 20$.
41. Black-on-Red I (III) flat howl with small, flat base; slightly curved sides and straight rmm, two small stringhole projections on rim. Encircling hlack bands and lines around base and sides outside; black concentric bands and lines, inside; black painted rim. Red. lustrous, polished slip. Diam. 17.9. +15 .
42. Rectangular plaque of silver sheet, decorated with two impressed stags standing upright, symmetrically arranged on each side of a conventionalized tree. Around the edge is a rope ornament. The plaque was pierced at the corners but only two holes are preserved. Edges chipped. Length 3.8. Width 2.3. +I 5 .
43. Hundreds of circular, flat beads of white or blue faience; pierced by large holes through the centre. They were probably fixed on garments. Diam. o.5-0.8. +20 .
44. White Painted III depressed, globular jug with short, convex neck; widening mouth: handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical groups of concentric circles symmetrically arranged on either side of body. Buff, gritty clay. Height 7.5. + Io.
45. Finger-ring of bronze with a bronze wire complicatedy tied like a knot, instead of the ring stone. The ends of the ring visible below the knot with a small gap between them. Diam. 3.I. +10.
46. Bronze shovel; rectangular with slightly concave edge; the long sides are bent upwards and their back corners pinched; long, straight, twisted handle. The top of the handle bent to a loop, in which a plan, circular ring with overlapping ends is attached. Length $68^{\circ} 7$. Diam. of ring 4.6. Width of shovel $124 .-10$.
47. Bichrome lentoid bottle, as No. 37. Nuch damaged. Height II.5. Found in dromos. - II 5 .
48. Bichrome II flat bowl with flat base-ring; slightly conrex sides; up-turned rim; two horizontal handles below rim. Concentric, black and red base-circles, groups of transverse lines on base-ring; groups of verticall lines bordered with encircling black and red bands around sides; concentric black circles inside; blakk rim and handles. Diam. 20.0. In dromos. 115.
49. Bichrome lentoid bottle, as No 37. Nouth chipped. Buff clay. I Ieight i4.0. In dromos. -- 115
50. Bronze fibula, as No. 29. Damaged. Length $+3 . \quad 20$.
51. Fragment of a tang of iron belonging to a knife. Traces of wood risshle. The wooden handle was fixed to the tang by small bronze rivets, of which three are preserved. Length $\mathbf{5}^{\circ}+15$.
52. Bronze fibula; type as No 29. but with double twsted spring and straight pin Lengtl 46 . 125
53. Circular, central boss of bronze with stranght hase: projecting centre: peg massing. No holes or risets for fixing the boss to the shield can be noted. Diam. 11 s . +15 .

The distribution of the finds between the tarious burials is shown by the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY

The deposit of the dromos contained pottery of Type II mainly, but also two early specimens of Type III. The group is by this combination of pottery assigned to the very beginning of the Cypro-Geometric III period, and may be connected with the earlier of the two burials stated, as regards the interior of the tomb (cf. above). The pottery from the tomb floor contained Types II-III. This combination of pottery assigns the tomb to the middle of the Cypro-Geometric III period. The increasing number of Type III in relation to the dromos deposit may be explained by the two burials noted in the tomb. The earlier deposit of vases in the tomb probably contained only Type II and early Type III; the late 'Types III were certainly connected with the second burial on the tomb floor. - The objects found on the upper burial floor consisted of pottery (Nos. 9, 10), glass bottles (Nos. 12-I5) and the bronze coin (No. II). As this kind of pottery is not yet datable the coin may fix the date of the burial. It was very much worn but after a careful cleaning it could be ascertained that it dates from the time of Antoninus Pius. This may also be the approximate date for this subsequent burial.

As to the absolute chronology, the faience seal (No. 17), too, may be of interest. The prenomen of Amenophis III is engraved, but according to Professor Newherry (see Appendix I) the style is certainly later (XIXth Dynasty:). This means only the terminus post quem for the tomb.


Fig. 35. Amathus. Tomh 18. Faience beads covering the pebble floor.


Fig. 36. Amathus. Tomb i9. Interior view with section remaining and finds in situ.

TOMIB 19 (Figs. $36 ; 37: 6,8-9$ )
SIZE

| size |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Length | Width | Heught |
| Dromos | 1.75 | 0.85 | - |
| Stomion | 0.35 | 1.20 | 0.85 |
| Rock shaft | 2.25 | 1.25 | 1. 65 |

## SHAPE

This tomb has an unusual dromos with sides narrowing down towards the stomion. Its walls are perpendicular. At about the middle of the dromos floor there is a semicircular step.

The stomion has no orthostatic jamb as is the rule in the other tombs. The vertically cut rock forms the sides of the stomion. A long, roughly cut lintel was preserved in situ, resting on the edges of the rock just over the stomion. Instead of the usual flat door slab, the stomion of this tomb was blocked with two huge stones extending out into the dromos.

The dromos comes down into the tomb shaft at south-eastern corner, which imparts a slightly irregular shape to the tomb. The floor is quite level, about 0.30 m . lower than the stomion floor. The sides of the rock shaft are almost vertical. In the W., one of the roof stones was preserved in situ resting on the rock edges of the shaft.

Along the S. long wall of the tomb there was a roughly built ledge of flat stones. In the innermost corner of the tomb this was continued by a layer of pebbles.


Fig. 37. Amathus. Comb i6, Sections A-A, B-B (1, 2). Tomb i7, Section A-A (3). Tomb i8, Plan "ith roof stones in situ ( 1 ); Sections A-A, B-B $(7,5)$. Tomb 19, Plan with finds in situ ( 6 ); Sections A-A, B-B (8, 9). 'Tomb 20, Plan (11). Tomb 21 , Plan (If), Sections A-A, B-B (10, 12); Finds in situ (13). 'Tomb 22, Section A-A (15).

## STRATIFICATION

At the bottom of this tomb a layer, $0.10-0.15 \mathrm{~m}$. thick, consisting of clay mixed with pebbles was found. This layer contained all the finds on the bottom of the tomb. Most of them were piled up along the N. wall, where the floor filling changed into a layer of clay. At the S . side of the tomb the bottom stratum continued also around and partly above the stone making the ledge mentioned above. The dromos filling was of a similar character.

## BURIALS

Remains of four skeletons with comparatively well presersed skulls (Nos. I-IV) were found. None of these skeletons, however, was preserved in situ: they had been removed and piled up in the W. part of the tomb, in the characteristic way known from other tombs. The other parts of the skeletons were found in entire disorder. Just in the N. W. corner some badly preserved fragments of arm bones and femora were noted, but it was impossible to make any further examinations as to the skeletal material. Apparently these skeletons were all removed to their final places to make place for the last burial, which, it may be supposed, was placed on the stone ledge along the S. side. Nothing, however, was preserved of this burial. As regards the burial-gifts, it is impossible to make any distinctions about the position of the pots. The bulk of the finds was piled up against the N. wall. To the E. of this main group some pots (Nos. $1-5$ and 21) make a small separate group, but there is nothing which allows us to attribute these pots to any of the skeletons mentioned. The pottery is therefore classified all together as a uniform group, though the four crania indicate several burials and, consequently, possibly several burial periods. The jug No. 32 was found at the entrance of the dromos.

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XXIV, 6, XXV, I ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
I. White Painted II kylix on foot with wide stem; plain rim; small, vertical handles below rim. Encircling lines around foot; below rim, a frieze consisting of bordered vertical zigzag lines and cross lines on either side of a central decoration, which on one side consists of a winged lozenge filled with two lattice-lozenges, and on the other side of a bordered lattice-lozenge. Black painted rim and handles. Diam. 25.3. Height $23.0 .+25$.
2. Black Slip Bichrome II plate with flattened base; plain rim; knobbed handles below rim. Black maltese cross, inscribed by black and red encircling lines at the centre of the bottom. From this centre radiate alternating bordered, black zıgzag lines, and red black bordered M-ornaments with black latticed midtriangles; sides covered by mat, black slıp. Encircling black lines inside the bowl. Diam. 24.0. +23 .
3. Bichrome II open bowl with flat base-ring; slightly contracted rim and two horizontal handles below rim. The same decoration as No. 2, but without the maltese cross, and with transserse lines on base-ring. Diam. 29.8. +20.
4. White Painted I barrel-shaped jug with oblong body; slightly depressed from the sides; projectung side-knobs; wide neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical circles on either side; two winged lattice-lozenges as front and back ornament; encreling spirals around neck and mouth; black painted handle. Herght 32.5. -- 18.
5. Black Slip Bichrone II flat bowl with flat base-ring; vertically grooved sides; horizontal knobhed handles below rim. Decoration as No. 2t, but with a zagzag line on base-ring; sides covered by a mat slip. Diam. 27.0 . +13 .
6. Bichrome II barrel-shaped jug, slightly depressed fiom the sides; side-knobs; narrow neek with funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircline black and red, vertical lines symmetrically arranged on etther side. Encircling black and red lines around mouth; ladderpattern on handle. IIeight 8.6. : 17.
7. White Painted I barrel-shaped jus, as. No. 4, but with only one lozenge as front and back ornament. Height 35.5. +20 .
s. Black Slip II jug with base-ring: owal body; cylindrical neck, pinched rim; handle from rm to shoulder. 'Two encreling grooses on shoulder; body carelessty vertically fluted. Height 25.0. - 16.
0. Buchrome II open howl with flat bdse-ring; plain rim; handles on rim. Encircling blatk and red lines on the outside; black circles inside; base-1ing decorated with transverse lines Diam 31.5. - 20.
10 White Panted II kyhx on foot with low stem; softly curved sides. plain rim; two vertical handles on the sides. Encarcling lines around foot and body; below rım, a band consisting of alternating bordered zigzag band and crossed hnes. Encircling lines inside: ladderpattern on handle. Diam. Ig.S. Height 1 , $6 .-13$.
Ir. Plan White II sack-shaped jug with flatened base; short, concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder; body vertically pohsbed. Height 12.8. - 20.
12. Bichrome II flat bowl with flat base-ring; curved sides; slughtly contracted rim and two horisontal handles below rim. Black spirals as bottom ornament outside and in; encircling black and red lines outside and in; black painted rim and handles. Diam. 27.0. -15 .
13. Black Slip Bichrome I plate with flattened base: curred sides; plain rim; two horizontal linobbed handles on rim. Black maltese cross encircled by black and red lines on base. From centre radiate alternating black chevrons with filled mid-triangle and bordered ladderpattern in black paint; sides carelessly grooved and covered by a black slip; black concentric circles inside, and black painted handles. Diam. 25.5. $\div 15$.
14. Bichrome II jug with base-ring; globular body, narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical black and red circles on either side of body; encircling black and red lines around neck and mouth; black ladder-pattern on handle. Height 18.5. - 18.
15. Polychrome Red lentoid pilgrim bottle with narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Encireling black and white vertical lines symmetrically arranged on either side of body, covered by a red, mat slop on which the ornaments are appled. Forelen ware. Hewht 12.3. +15 .
16. Bichrome II jug on low foot; almost globular body; narrow, neck widenong upwards; plan rim; handle from neck to shoulder. (On shoulder, a long open spout in connexion with strainer-holes through the body. Band of encircling black and red bands around body, and neck. On sboulder, alternatine bordered, sertical latticed bands and black bordered, red band; black ladderpattern on handle; parallel black and red lines on spout. Henght 23.5. -- 20.
17. Whate Panted I barrel jug, as No. 4. Hereht 350 . --- 45 .
18. Black Slap White Panted I amphorrsos on low foot, rather depressed body; wale eylindrical neck with Hat rin, twin-handles from rim to shoulder. Two enearcline grooses on shoukler: body earefully wertically fluted. lower part of body conered by blach slip; encircline
band, and wasy hne around neck, transserse lines on rom: ladder-pattern on handles. Ileight $17.9 . \quad \therefore 15$. Black shp F amphoriskos on raised base-ring, otal body wath neek-hne radge, neck narrowng upwards; Hat rim; handles from ram to boulder. Lower part of body obliquely fluted; black, mat, partly worn slop. Heaght $15.5 . \quad 22$.
20 Bichrome II oval jue with rased base-ring, narrow neck with mad-ridge and stilted rim; handle from neck to shoukder. Encircling blach and red lines around body and neck; three sertical, black bordered. red lines around shoulder; black ladder-pattern on bandle. Heaght 20.3. - 18
21. Foreign Red Shp bowl wath flattened base; curved sides; plain rim. \etal imitation; surface covered by a red lustrous slip, partly somewhat darkened and horizontally pohshed in distinct spirals outside and in. Diam. 13.7. - 20
22. Small, biconical bead of grey steatıte. Strıng-hole through centre; body decorated with small carcles with a dot in the middle. Diam. 1.7. T I3.
23. Plain White I-II open bowl, as No. 21, but with a horizontal handle below rim. Dram. I4.2. - 20.
24. Black blip Bichrome II plate with flattened base; curved sides; two horizontal knobbed handles on rim. Encarcling black and red lines in the centre of the bottom. From this decoration alternating black zigzag lines and black bordered red Mornaments with latticetrangle; sides cosered by black slip; encircling black lines inside; black handles. D1ann. 24.6. +20 .
25. Bichrome II plate as No 24, but with maltese cross in the centre; encoreling black hones instead of the black slop. Central spiral inside the plate. Dlam. 20.0. - i 8 .
26. Biehrome I flat bowl with flattened base; cursed sides; plan rim; handles at rim. Black maltese cross encircled by red band and black lines with cross lines as central decoratoon on the bottom. Around this central decoration, black bordered lattice-triangles altornating with wonged lattice-lozenges; encarcling black lines around the sades and insade; black painted handles. One

2- White Painted II kylis on low foot; slightly curved sules; plan rim; hormontal bandles on the sides. Encorchine black lines outside and in. 1) 1,mm. 100 . - 20.
28. Buchrome Il barrel-haped jus as No. 6 , surface covered bỵ a wash shoghtly polblied. Height \& $1 . \quad 30$.
20) Ihchrome lentord pilerm bottle with narrow neck; slightly stilted rim; bandles from neek to shoulder. Surface sery much worn, hut traces of black and red encircling lone swoble, 'The surface seems to have been conered by a white, polished slip Foreign ware. Ifenghtit3 ' 20.
30. Buhrome pilerm bottle, as No. 2y, but better presersed. Surface white washed and horhtly polshed: vertical encirclong lines sommetrically arranered on either sade of body: blak crose lines on handles foremgn ware Henght 16.7. 20.

31．Curved iron knife with one cutting edge；thick back； pointed end；flat，short，tang pierced by two rivets． Length $15.3 .-20$
32．Black Slip White Painted I jug on low foot；slightly depressed shoulder；concave neck；pinched rim，handle
from rim to shoulder．Three encircling grooves around shoulder；belly and foot covered by a black ship；en－ cincling black lines around neck－line and rim；ladder－ pattern on handle．Heıght 20．5．Found on dromos floor．

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds：

| Pottery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Iron | Stone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - $=$ <br> $\sim$ \＃ <br> E  |  | － | $=$ E E | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\vec{x}} \dot{\vec{E}} \\ & \overline{\mathrm{n}} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{x} \\ & \bar{m} \end{aligned}$ | ¢ $\stackrel{i}{\text { m }}$ $\bar{m}$ | 7 $\stackrel{7}{2}$ E | 家突 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 至 } \\ & \text { 気 } \\ & =0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{E}{E}}$ | تِّتِّ |
|  | 18 $32^{*}$ -2 | 26 -1 | $\begin{array}{cccc} 3 . & 6 . & 9 . & 12 \\ 14 . & 6 . & 20 . & 25 \\ 28 & -9 & 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}13 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2． $5,2+$ | 19 -1 | 8 -1 | 11 23 -2 | 29 30 -2 | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ | 31 -1 | 22 -1 |

＊In dromos

## CHRONOLOGY

This diagram shows that the pottery contains Types I－II．Besides the Cypriote wares some interesting Foreign wares are represented：Bichrome，Polychrome Red， Red Slip Wares．This combination of pottery assigns the last burial to the Cypro－Geometric II period．Judging from the shapes of the foreign pots they should be ascribed to a rather early stage of the Cypro－Geometric period．Probably they are more or less contemporary with the Cypro－Geometric I wares．The Polychrome Red Ware，represented by the bottle No． $\mathrm{I}_{5}$ ，and the Polished Red Slip Ware，represented by the bowl No．21，are interesting as they are the fore－runners to the Black－on－Red and Red Slip wares of the Cypro－Geo－ metric III period．The Foreign Bichrome Ware represented by Nos． 29 and 30 should be compared with the Polychrome White Ware known from several other tombs．This ware is of the same character，but the white colour is omitted．

## TOMB 20 （Fig．37：11）

## SIZE



SHAPE
This tomb has its dromos in the same axis as the length axis of the tomb itself．The dromos was never excavated entirely as the tomb had been completely robbed and destroyed．The chamber floor is 0.37 m ．lower than the stomion．The tomb was built as Tombs 9，11， 16 with ashlar walls along the long sides，but only the lowest layers of laid ashlar were preserved in situ．Evidently the tomb had been used as a quarry．In the short back wall of the tomb there was a small bench excavated in the rock， 0.15 m ．above the floor．

## STRATIFICATION

All the layers in the chamber were mixed and had evidently nothing to do with the original tomb. Three cippi were found just in the stomion. In the upper filling a jug (Nu. r, Pl. xyiv, 8) was found.

$$
\text { TOMIB } 21 \text { (Figs } 37 \text { : } 10,12-\mathrm{I} 4 ; 38,39 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

Rock Shaft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \begin{tabular}{r}
Width <br>

$2.10 \quad$| Height |
| ---: |
| 1.80 |

\end{tabular}

SHAPE
As this tomb to the great part was situated below the main road from Nicosia to Limassol, only a part of it could be excavated and examined. It was necessary to leare the rest of the tomb, which still remains unexplored below the road. The part excavated seems to be the innermost corner of a built tomb, the other half and dremos of which is situated to the $S$. just below the road. The tomb is of a considerable size. It consists of a large shaft excarated in the solid rock. The sides of this shaft are lined with walls of roughly cut ashlar. The blocks are arranged as a corbel-vault, on the W. side preserved up to a height of 1.50 m . with a difference in plan of 0.50 m . from the base of tault up to this uppermost preserved course of ashlar. The E. wall is not preserved to such a height and does not allow any certain conclusions as to its closing. These two walls together, apparently, form the long sides of the tomb. The $\mathcal{N}$. wall, too, which consequently is the interior short side of the chamber is badly damaged. It is preserved up to a height of 0.80 m . from the tomb floor level. It is reasonable to suppose that this wall was straight as is the case with the short sides of other built tomts of this kind (cf. Tombs 9, 11 and 16). Along this N. wall there is a ledge excarated in the rock, the upper part of which is situated on a level 0.60 m . above the tomb floor. The ledge is 0.85 m . wide. The problem how the tomb was covered may be solved in accordance with other tombs. The corbel-vault was probably not pointed as no such roofs are known as regards tombs in this necropolis. In accordance with Tomb r, which is the most elaborate specimen of tombs of this kind, a flat roofing may be the most probable suggestion. There are evidences for similar arrangements as regards other built tombs and also the pure shafts. The tomb was probably closed by means of large rough slabs like Tombs 15 and 18.

## STRAT1FICATION

Several layers could be distinguished in the filling of this tomb. Below the road filling (Layer 1) a layer of sandy earth (Layer 2) rather light in colour was found. This filled most of the tomb. About $0.10-0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. above the level of the ledge a floor of pebbles (Layer 3 ) was found which extended over the whole area excarated in the tomb. This layer is to be


Fig. 38. Amathus. Tomb 2 1. Necklace (No. 49) with beads remaining in situ.


Fig. 39. Amathus. Tomb 2I. Necklace (No. 50) with beads remaining in situ.
explained as a real floor separating upper layers from lower ones. Below the pebble stone floor the filling consisted of dark, hard clay (Layer 4), in horizontal layers. This clay extended down to the tomb floor. In the E. part of the tomb partly above the ashlar wall on this side Layer 2 had subsequently been dug through down to a level c. 0.75 m . abore the tomb floor. This pit was on the W. side lined by two rows of raised ashlars resting on the pit floor mentioned, where a burial could be noted. At the bottom of the pit, evidently in connexion with this burial, the bottles Nos. 25, 26, 53, and 54 were found. Layer 4 contained the finds Nos. 1-24, 27-29, 32-37, 45, 47, 49, 50, and 52. On the pebble floor Nos. $30,3 \mathrm{r}, 38-44,46,4^{8}$, and $5^{1}$ were found.

## BURIALS

As already has been pointed out the stratification gives evidence for separate burial periods: the tomb-gifts belonging to the various periods are separated by the pebble layer mentioned above. It seems as if the area excavated constituted the interior part of the tomb into which earlier burials had been removed or pushed to give place for a more recent one near the entrance (cf. Tomb 7). This explains why no entire skeleton was found in situ and why all the skeletal remains in both bottom layers gave clear evidence for being moved and secondarily placed among the pottery in the N. half of the tomb. As regards the bottom layer the skeletal remains were scanty and badly preserved. Some fragments of femora, tibiae and arm bones could be distinguished in the clay on the tomb floor, but no cranium. Two crania were found in Layer 2, resting on the pebble floor. Both crania had been placed in large amphorae (Nos. 4 and 7) together with fragments of other human
bones: femora, ribs and arm bones. In the same layer many femora and other human bones were scattered among the pottery. All these remains were in an entire disorder. U'nder such circumstances it is difficult to explain how the necklaces (Nos. 49 and 50) could have been preserved in a way which clearly shows that the strings still were preserved at the time when they were remored (Figs. 38 and 39). If the corpses to which they belong were removed from the other half of the tomb it must be supposed that the alterations were made shortly after the burials, before the strings decayed. The finds show that burial-gifts from both male and female corpses were gathered in this part of the tomb. - The subsequent burial in Laver 5 was badly destroyed. No remains of the skeleton were preserved. The shape of the shaft or pit, however, indicates that the corpse was placed in out-stretched position, evidently along the rows of raised slabs mentioned above. As burial-gifts the small bottles Nos. $25,26,53$ and 54 were placed close to the corpse.

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XXIV, 7, XXV, 2-3, XXVI, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Foreign Red Slip deep bowl with base-ring; plain rim; two horizontal up-turned handles below rim. Five encirching grooves around rim, above handles. Brown clay with a grey inner core. The colour is reddish brown with a waxy surface. Diam. 24.6. $\div+3$.
2. Bichrome II oval jug with base-ring; narrow neck with wide, stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black and red bands around body and neck; alternating bordered zigzag lines, winged latticelozenges and lattice-triangles in black paint around the shoulder; bordered zigzag lines on handle. Height I7.0. - 43.
3. Bichrome II flat bowl with base-ring; slightly curved sides: plan rım; two horizontal handles on rım. Enerreline black and red lines on base and sides; on base-ring, and below the upper encircling lines, groups of transverse lines; black spıral as inside bottom ornament, black rim and handles. Diam. i8.o. +55 .
4. White Painted I amphora with high base-ring; depressed shoulder; slightly concave neck; flat rim; two handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around shoulder and neck-line; two wasy lines around neck; groups of transierse lines on rim; bordered zigzag lines on handles. Heaght fo.o. +20 .
5. Black Slip II Jug with foot; almost globular body; gently eursed neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder Three encircling grooves around shoulder; hody vertically grooved. Mat, rather worn, slip. Heıght 16.0. - 40
6. White Panted II open bowl with Hattened base: plan rim; two horizontal handles on rm. Encreling bands outside and in Diam. 19.0. - +o.
7. White Panted I amphora, as No. 4, but with low foot; straught tapering neck; one side and the upper part mowing Henght 450 . т 40 .
S. Foremgn Red slip oval jug with hase-ring; short. narrow neck, wath a small ridge just above the neck-
line; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Four encircling grooves around shoulder; vertical grooves on body. Red or brown, finely silted clay covered by a lustrous slip. The core of the clay is grey at break. Height 17.5. - 20.
8. Hemıspherical bronze bowl. Diam. 15.0. + +0.
9. Bichrome II flat bowl with flat base; plain rim; hor1zontal knobbed handles on rim. Black maltese cross, inscribed with black and red circles at the centre of the bottom. From this radiate bordered triangles filled with lattice-lozenges, and bordered zigzag lines with dots in the corners, all in black paint. Encircling black lines on the sides and inside. Black painted rim and handles. Diam. 23.4. - 40 .
10. Iron spear-head; leaf-shaped with socket. Bronze band around socket. Point broken. Length c. I8.o. +30.
11. Spear-head of bronze of the same trpe as No. 39 . Around socket a flat bronze band is wound. Length 18.5. +30.
12. Fragments of a bronze jug wath beaked mouth; only the rim is well preserved. - -4 .
13. Black shep II jug on foot; almost spherical body; straight neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to sboulder. Three encircling grooves on shoulder; body carelessly, vertically grooved. Mat, partly worn shp. Herght $16.8 .-35$.
14. Plan Whate I howl with Hattened base; contracted rim. One side deformed in the kiln Dram. 1+.0. +35 .
15. White Panted lentoid plegrim hottle with narrow neck; plain ram; handles from neck to shoulder. The body is reddish washed, and sleghtly polished. Vertical, encureling lones symmetrically arranged on either sale of body. Foreign Ware. Height $12.5 . \quad$ - 35.
17 Black She II Jue wath hase-ring; almost oval body; cylndrical neck; prnched rim; twisted handle from rim to shoulder. Body vertically grooved. Nat, black slip Height is.o. +65
16. Black Slip II amphoriskos on low foot; wide, concase neck; tat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Body vertically groosed. Helght 13-2. - ұо.
19 Leaf-sbaped iron knife with one cutting edge; thick back; pointed end; solid tang. Incomplete. Length 19 2. - 60.
17. White Painted I kylix on low foot; softly cursed sides; plain rim; horizontal handles on sides. Encircling bands around foot and body; below rim, bordered fattice-lozenges between bordered, vertical zigzag lines with swasticas in the interspaces. Encrrcling lines, inside. Dium. 25-0. Height 22.0. +30.
2I. Bicbrome I barrel jug with oblong shape and projecting side-knobs; narrow neck with slightly marked midridge; wide funnel-mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and red lines symmetrically arranged on either side; winged lattice-lozenges as front and back ornament. Encircling red and black lines around neck and mouth. Handle missing. Herght 22.2. - 30.
18. White Painted II amphoriskos on low foot; softly curved neck; that rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and neck; transcerse lines on rim and handles. One handle missing. Heught $1+5 . \div 65$.
19. Plain White II open bowl whth tlat base; plan rim; wary handle on rim. Diam. 15.5 . Found inside No. 20.
20. Bichrome II plate with tlat base; plain rim; two knobbed handles on rim. Black maltese cross encarcled by black and red lines. From this centre, radiate bordered lattice-triangles alternating wath black bordered latticed bands. Encircling black lines on the sides, and inside the bowl. Black painted handles, Diam. 22.5. - 30 .
21. Roman Red bottle with flattened bottom and pearshaped body; cylundrical neck with flat rim; neck red Varnished Height 9.3. - 60
22. Roman Plam Red jug, shape as No 25 but without varnish. Height ri.o. +60 .
23. White Painted II jug with flattened base, almost globular body; narrow, tapering neck, plain rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical encircling lines symmetrically arranged on either side of body; three wonged, filled lozenges as front ornament; winged lozenge with a dut in the middle as back ornament; encracling lines around nourh; ladder-pattern on handle. Height 10.8. - 60
2S. White Painted II lentond barrel-shaped juer with projecting side-knobs; narrow neck widening upwards; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical carcles on either side, encircling lines around mouth; lader-pattern on handle. Heqght $125 . \quad:-55$.
24. Bichrome I open bowl wath low base-ring: cursed sides; plan rina; two horizontal handles below ram. Encorcling blach and red lones on bottom and sides, black zigzag line un base-ring; around the sides, band of black bordered, red filled trangles; black enemeling lines insode, black rim and handles. 1 bam. 19.1. -- 55. 30. Whate Panted 1 oxal jue wath low foot, narrow, cylindrual
neck: pinched ram: handle from rim to shoulder. Encarcling lines around belly and shoulder; black neckline with sertical, hort lines, way line around neck: bordered zageay lines on bandle. Height 29.0. - - o.
25. Bichrome II barrel-shaped jug slightly depressed on the sides; narrow neck with handle-ridge; stalted rim, handle from neck to sboulder. Crossed lines and black and red vertical, encircline lines on either side of body; two winged lattice-lozenges as front and back ornament; encircling black and red lines around neck; ladderpattern on handle. Height 23.0. - 10.
26. Polychrome White globular jug with raised base-ring; narrow neck widening upwards; mid-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Around neck-line, encircling ridge; projecting knob below handle. Surface, reddish washed and somewhat polished. Encircling black, red, and white, vertical circles on either side of body; black, double crossed lines as front ornament and black transwerse lines on handle. Foreign Ware. Height 27.3. - +0.
27. White Painted I flat bowl with base-ring; vertically grooved sides; plain rim: two horizontal knobbed handles on rim. Inside the base-ring, bordered latticelozenges arranged in a band between thin transwerse lines; sides covered by black slip. Encircling lines anside. Piece of rim and one handle massing. Diam. 21.7. - 40.
28. Bichrome II plate with Hattened base, horizontal handles on rim Encircling black and red lines on base: groups of black concentric circles inside bottom; black painted 1 im and handles. (One handle missing. Diam. 19.7. - +o.
29. White Painted I amphoriskos on foot; slughtly depressed shoulder: concave nock; that rm; handles from ram to shoulder. Encorcling lines around body and rim; wave line around neck; transterse lines on handles Heisht $14.5 \div 35$.
36 Plain White II bowl, is No. 23 1) 1 1am. 17.0. 30.
30. White Panted I barrel-shaped Jue with oblong body, projecting side-knobs; short neck with hande-ridge, funnel-mouth: stilted rim; handle thom neck to whoulder. Vertical black circles on enther wale of body, two winged lattice-lo\%enges ds front and bake ornament, entureling black lines around neck and rim, black pannted handle. Henght $:_{2} 5^{5} \quad \therefore 20$.
31. Central boss of a sheld; bronze: dive - bhaped base wath a curied boss in the madile, puereed by a rivet. Dam. 120 . $\quad 15$.
32. Leaf-shaped spear-head of bronte mel-ridere and socket. Lenerth 25.0. - 15.
33. Cyhander of bone wath ane shde Hattened - fround the edgen are lattied bands boadered with merned hate 'The colinder is hollow and has probbibly been ubed as a

34. Behrome 1 open bowl, as $\operatorname{Nos} 29$, but with a central maltese eross, and transerse hines on the base-rme

35. Henispherical bronze bowl with horizontal up-turned handle near the edge, crowned by a lotus flower. Dainı. Ig.o. In No. 43 .
43 White Panted I amphora on low foot; slightly depressed shoulder, wide, cylindrical neck; Hat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling bands around body, double zigzag lines around shoulder, two degenerate wasy bands around neck; groups of transverse lines around rim and bordered wasy lines on handles. Height $42.0 . \pm 0$.
36. White Painted I oval jug with base-ring; slightly curved neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and shoulder; wavy line around neck; bordered wayy line on handle. Herght 39.3. $\pm \mathbf{o}$.
37. Black slip II amphoriskos with low foot; oval body; slightly concave neck; flat rim. Body carelessly grooved. The black slip entrely worn off on one side; both handles missing. Height $15.0 \div 40$.
38. Iron rod with large traces of wood around the pointed end, probably a tang. Length 6.4. +20.
39. Circular sheet-gold with impressed rosette. Diam. I.9. $\therefore 0$
40. Ivory handle of an iron knife. The handle is fixed to the tang by means of iron rivets. The handle ends with an animal's head probably that of a roe-buck, on which the ears and some designs on the crown are clearly distinguished. Length 13.7. +20.
41. About 8 oo blue or green farence beads; flattened and pierced by a large hole. Diam. c o.5-r .o. Floor.
42. Necklace consisting of 124 flat, circular beads of hight blue faience; pierced through centre. Diam. of beads $0.5-$ $0.7 .+25$.
43. Central boss of a shield, of the same trpe as No. 38 . Diam. 12.0. Floor.
44. White Painted II open bowl; shape as No. 4 1. Encircling lines outside and in; transverse lines on base-ring; black painted handles. Diam. 27.0. $\div 30$.
45. Glass bottle with flattened base; pear-shaped body; cylindrical neck; stilted rim. Height 6.o. +60 .
46. Plain White Roman bo'tle, as No. 26. Height 16.2 . +60 .

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds between the various burial layers:


## CHRONOLOGY

The diagram shows the difference between the various layers. As regards the pottery of the first burial layer, Type I are paramount: White Painted I and Bichrome I wares.

As two of the pots, Nos. 3 I and 41, represent a very late stage of Type I, and even Type II this combination of pottery may assign the layer to the very end of the Cypro-Geometric I period, or even the transitional period to the Cypro-Geometric II period. The pottery found in the second burial layer consists of Types I-II and Foreign Ware. This combination of
pottery assigns the burial to a more advanced period, or the middle and end of the CyproGeometric II period. In this connexion the foreign wares are interesting. The Polychrome White Ware, represented by jug No. 32, is known from other tombs, too, where it always occurs in early layers. The Red Slip Ware, represerted by Nos. I and 8, is similar to the bowl No. 52 in Tomb 2 but quite different to the Cypriote Red Slip Ware known from the Cypro-Geometric III period. The shape of the bowl (No. i) agrees with forms of that period and may be interpreted as the immediate fore-runner to the Red Slip I (III) bowls of the Cypro-Geometric III period. The shape of jug (No. 8), however, agrees more with Cypro-Geometric I shapes and should probably be assigned to that period.

The finds of the third burial layer assign this burial to a much later period. The pottery consists of Hellenistic-Roman Varnished and Plain Wares, which may assign the burial to the transitional period between the Hellenistic and Roman periods. To that time the small glass bottle (No. 53) also points.

ТОМВ 22 (Figs. 37: $15 ; 40 ; 41 ; 46: 1,2,6$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.50 | 0.88 | - |
| Stomion | 0.35 | 0.85 | 0.45 |
| Shaft | 2.60 | 1.50 | 1.70 |

## SHAPE

The dromos is of the usual passage type and has almost parallel sides. It slopes down to the stomion without steps. The sides are perpendicularly cut in the rock, on the N. side strengthened by a lying block ashlar. The entrance was found blocked up with a large flat slab, preserved in situ, leaning against the lintel and resting on the dromos floor. The stomion was roofed over by a roughly cut lintel preserved in situ and resting on the rock edges on both sides of the dromos. The lintel measured 1.27 m . in length and was levelled on the upper side. No jambs were used for supporting the lintel. The interior of the tomb is excavated in the rock with the usual shaft form and makes a right angle with the dromos.

The tomb floor is situated at a level about 0.50 m . below that of the stomion floor. The shaft is rectangular with rounded angles and slightly curved sides. The walls taper upwards on all sides. Along the W. side a ledge of pebble was laid out. It was rectangular in shape with the exterior corner rounded. The ledge was bordered with flat rubble which constituted a well preserved edge to the ledge. The N. part of the rock floor was covered by pebbles (cf. below). The roof of the shaft was comparatively well preserved. It was laid with large, long slabs, three of which were still in situ above the N. part. The easternmost slab was removed so that the edge of the shaft could be seen there (Fig. 40). The largest of the roof slabs measured 2.40 m . in length.


Fig. 40. Amathus. Tomb 22. Evterior view from the dromos.


Fig. +1. Amathus. Tomb 22. Interior view with finds and skeletal remains in situ.

## STRATIFICATION

The layers in this tomb were found entirely undisturbed. The roof slab removed had caused no damage to the layers in the tomb. The filling in the dromos consisted of homogeneous brown or grey earth. In the filling a large stone slab was found, nearly of the same width as the dromos. The measurement of this will be discussed below. - Inside the tomb the floor was covered with a layer of pebbles which extended only over the N. half of the shaft. The space in front of the entrance had no pebbles, but instead of these, a layer of dark earth mixed with clay was found (Layer 5). In this layer were most of the pots; some of them, however, extended up into the next layer (Layer 4), which also was dark in colour but not so hard in consistency, as Layer 5. These two layers are both to be ascribed to a period shortly after the burials. The rest of the tomb was filled to the roof slabs with heterogeneous earth, grey and brown in colour (Layer 3). A similar kind of earth was noted
above the slabs (Layer 2) where the colour was grey. The surface layer was, as usual, dark (Layer I).

## BURLALS

Two separate burials could clearly be distinguished in this tomb. The first skeleton was found on the pebble ledge along the W . side of the tomb. There, a cranium and some badly preserved remains of the other parts of the skeleton were found. No certain conclusions as to the position of the body could be made, but it is likely that the corpse was placed in a dorsal, out-stretched position with the head to the N. As the ledge measures only 1.60 m . in length it may be suggested that a child or a small woman was buried there. The corpse was provided with vases Nos. $1-3,5$ and 8 . At the side of the head, the bronze bowls, Nos. 6 and 7 , were placed, one inside the other. In connection with the head, too, the bronze fibula No. 9, the faience plaque No. 4 and the steatite bead No. 32 were found. The fingerring No. 33 was found in situ at a place which makes it probable that the right arm was stretched along the side.
E. of the pebble ledge with Skeleton I, a second skeleton was found (Skeleton II). Only very mouldered remains were left. Probably the body was placed with the head to the $S$. as some fragments of femora and tibiae could be distinguished at the opposite side. This skeleton, too, was placed on a bed of pebbles at a slightly lower level than that with Skeleton I. This bed, too, was bordered with rubble at the $S$. end; there is no doubt that it was laid out later than the $\mathbb{W}$. ledge. If the two ledges really represent two different burial periods it must be supposed that the large deposit of vases in the S. E. corner of the tomb were piled up there in connexion with the later burial as some of the pots (Nos. in-i 8 ) are lying above the ledge. The deposit mentioned may, however, contain pots from both burials. Because of that, the whole content of the deposit is treated as a closed find in the diagram, p. 123. The jug No. io, and the bead No. 31 may, however, certainly be ascribed to the second burial. - The large stone slab in the dromos (cf. above) may need some explanation (Fig. fo). Its position implics its connection with the burials in the tomb. As the layers in the dromos were intact it is impossible that it derives from some subsequent disturbances at the site. Possibly the slab has some sacrificial meaning.

FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. XXVI, 2, XXVII, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
I. White Painted I bird-shaped vessel on three stands, oval body with horizontal, triangular tall; plerced sertical spout and handle on back; long, cursed neek with pierced, trangular head. On the sides, wans were fixed, now missing. The body is decorated with borders of ladder-pattern; parallel lines on tal and concentric circles on spout. Length is.o. - 50.
2. White Painted I bowl with flat base; sleghtly contracted rim; two horizontal handles on the sides. Enereling bands on the sides. Diam. 8.o. - fo.
3. White Painted I amphorrskos with Hat base; depressed body; wide, flat rim; two handles from rim to shoulder. On bottom black maltese eross: four encrecling bands

[^2]7. Bronze howl, as No. 6. Only parts of rim preserved. D1am 222... 45 .
8. White Panted I flat bowl with flat base; curved sides; two horizontal handles on the sides. Black maltese cross as buttem ornament; encircling black lines on the sule's outside and in; black rim and handle. Diam. 158. $+5$.
9 Fragment of a hronze fibula with low, moulded bow, two beads on how and twace twisted spring. Pin and catch mussing Length c. 4.8. - 45
Io. Polychrome White I globular jug with base-ring; narrow neck wath mid-ridge and funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical black, red, and white carcles s!mmetrically arranged on either side; winged lozenges as front ornament on shoulder; encircling black and red lines around neck and mouth; black ladderpattern on handle. Cypriote Ware. Height $17.5+30$.
11 White Painted II oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encarcling black lines around body; wavy line around neck, bordered zigzag lines on handle. Height $19.6 .+30$.
12 Bichrome I globular jug with base-ring; narrow neck with mid-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical black spirals and black and red bands symmetrically arranged on either side; three winged, black latticed lozenges as front ornament on shoulder; bordered, crossed lines as back ornaments below handle; encircling black and red lines around mouth; bordered black zigzag lines on handle. Height 25.0. - 30 .
13. White Painted I jug on low foot; concave neck with pinched rim. Three deep grooves encircling the neckline; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling black lines around foot and body; ladder-pattern on handle. Height 22.8. -25 .
14. White Painted I oval amphora with low foot; slightly depressed shoulder; narrow, concave neck; stilted rim; horızontal handles on shoulder. Encircling black lines around body and neck; four groups of vertical lines on shoulder; black lines on handles. Height $20.0 .+25$.
15. Bichrome barrel-shaped jug with long, narrow neck; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder; body rather asymmetrical. Vertical, black and red circular bands on sides; hlack painted mouth. Foreign Ware. Height 225 - 25
16. White Panted I open bowl with flat base; flat rim and two horizontal handles on rim. Bordered, winged lozenge filled with latticed, small lozenges as bottom ornament; encircling black lines outside and in; black panted rim and handles. Diam. 23 2. +50 .
17. Black hlip I jug with low foot; depressed shoulders; concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Body vertically grooved. Height $18.0 . \div 55$.
18. Bichrome I flat bowl with flat base: slightly contracted rim, two horizontal handles below rim. A black maltese cross encircled by black and red lines. From this centre radiate bordered latticed bands alternating with bordered
bands with filled lozenges; black cross lines at the edge at the base; encircling black lines at the sides and inside the bowl. Diam. 21.7. +30 .
19. White Painted II oval jug with base-ring, narrow cylindrical neek with stalted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encarcling black lines around body and neck; wavy line around neck; bordered zıgzag lines on handle. Height 34.0. -25 .
20. Bichrome I flat bowl with flat base; flat rim; two horizontal knobbed handles on rim. Black maltese cross encircled by black and red bands; from this central decoration alternating bordered latticed lozenges, and triangles filled with latticed lozenges, or filled lozenges; encircling black lines on sides and groups of concentric black and red circles inside. Black rim and handles. Diam. 29.5. +40 .
21. White Painted I amphoriskos on foot; wide, concave neck with flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and wary lines around body and neck; groups of transverse lines on rim; ladder-patterns on handles. Height $15.4+30$.
22. Black Slip I bowl with low foot; wide mouth with contracted rim; two horizontal handles on the sides; lower part of body vertically grooved. Thick, black slip. Diam. 13.9. † 45.
23. White Painted I amphoriskos, as No. 21. Height 140 . $\div 30$.
24. White Painted I amphora, as No. 14. Height $18.5+35$.
25. White Painted I straner pierced, by many large holes; sides widening upwards; contracted flat rim; two horizontal handles on rim. The side is decorated with vertical latticed bands, a bordered triangle filled with latticed lozenges, bordered band of lattice-lozenges, and bordered triangles with filled lozenges; encircling black lines outside and in; crossed lines on handles. The pierced part is covered with a black slip. Diam. 20.2. +40 .
26. White Painted I amphora, as No. 2I. Height I8.o. $\ddagger 30$.
27. White Painted I amphora, as No. 21. Height $13.5 . \div 20$.
28. White Painted I amphora, as No. 14. Height $16.5 .+25$.
29. Fragments of a White Painted I jug. +25 .
30. White Painted II amphora with oval body; rased basering; cylindrical, or slightly concave neck; flat rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling bands and wavy line on body and around neck. The shoulder is decorated with a bordered triangle filled with latticelozenges, alternating with bordered band of latticelozenges, and a triangle with filled lozenges; groups of transserse lines on rim; black handles with vertical strokes. Height 45.5. - 20.
31. Globular depressed melon bead of cornelian; hole through the centre. Diam. i.2. +30 .
32. Small biconical bead of black steatite; large hole through centre filled with a prece of a bone pin. Length 1.5. +40 .
33. Circular, plain, flat ring of bronze. Slightly deformed. Diam. 3.6. +40 .
34. White Painted I open bowl with base-ting; curved
sides flat rim；horizontal knobbed handles on rim． The bottom is decorated with a bordered band of bordered lattice－lozenges in the maddle of alternating bordered latticed triangles，triangle filled with black lozenges；cross－lines on the base－ring and concentric circles on the sides．Inside，spiral ornament at the bottom and encireling band on the side．Black painted rim and handles Dram．20．7．+20 ．
35．White Panted I amphoriskos，as No．21，but without wary line on body．Height 14．7．－ 25 ．
36．White Painted I open bowl with flat base；curved sides； stilted rim；knobbed，horizontal handles on rim．Base decorated with band of latticed chequers in the middle of bordered bands with filled triangles；encircling lines on the sides and spiral ornaments inside；black rim and handles．Diam 25．2．+22 ．
37．Black Slip I jug，as No．17．Height $18.5 .+25$.
38．White Painted I flat bowl with flat base；curved sides； horizontal handles below rim．Bordered lattice－lozenge at the bottom；encircling lines outside and in．Below rim is one small cross；black rim and handles．Diam． 12．0．+25 ．
39．White Painted lentord pilgrim bottle with narrow neck； funnel－mouth with stilted rim；handles from neck to shoulder．Vertical circles symmetrically arranged on e1ther side of body；transverse lines on handles and rim． Foreign Ware．Height $135 .+25$ ．
fo．White Painted I bowl，as No．8．A maltese cross as bottom ornament encircled by black lines；side decorated with a bordered latticed band；bordered zigzag line， and two bordered triangles with filled lozenges；encircling lines inside；black handles and rim．Diam．14．3．+20 ． fi．White Painted I amphoriskos，as No．21．Height i4．0． +20 ．

42．White Painted I jug with foot；slightly depressed shoulder，concave neck，stilted rim，handle from rim to shoulder；a tubular spout with straner on the shoulder． Encircling bands and lines around foot and body． A wary line around neck ladder－pattern on handle； vertical lines on spout．Height $182 \div 30$ ．
43．White Panted pilgrim bottle，as خio．34，but without transverse lines on rim Heaght $125 . \rightarrow 20$ ．
44．White Panted pilgrım bottle，as No． 39 I Ienght 13．5．－ 20 ．
45．Plain White I jug with that base；depressed shoulder； concave，wide neck；handle from rim to shoulder． Height 12．7．$\dagger 20$.
46．White Panted I amphoriskos，as No． 21 ．Height $13.0 .+20$.
47．White Painted I amphoriskos，as No．I4．Height 16．5．－ 20.
48．Bichrome I flat bowl with two handles below rim． Black maltese cross encircled by black and red lines； from this centre radate bordered，latticed triangles； encurcling lines inside．Dlam．12．6．+20.
49．White Painted I pulgrim bottle，as No．39．Height 12.3 ． T 20 ．
50．White Panted pilgrim bottle，as No．39．Height 13.5 ． +20 ．
51．Bronze fibula with high，moulded bow with three beads；narrow，up－turned catch and straight pin． Part of pin missing Length $55 .+25$ ．
52．Plain，Hat，circular bronze ring with overlapping ends． Diam．3．0．+25 ．
Supplementary catalogue.

53．White Painted I bowl，as No fo，but more ralsed Bottom is decorated with five black trangles instead of the maltese cross，encircled by black lines．On the sides，two bordered triangles filled with lattice－lozenges； encircling lines inside；black handles and rim．Diam．as． K ．

The distribution of the finds between the groups is shown by the following diagram：

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{Pottery} \& \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{Bronze} \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Stone，ratence} \\
\hline \& Wh．P．I \& \(=\)
\(=\)
\(=\) \& － \&  \& \(\bar{\sim}\) \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { F } \\
\& \text { 二 } \\
\& \text { 玉 }
\end{aligned}
\] \& c気
氝㤩 \& 契 \& 会 \& \& 皆 \& \(\stackrel{\text { 令 }}{\underset{\sim}{2}}\) \& 会 \&  \\
\hline 1st burial \& 1．2，3，\({ }_{-5}\) ， 8 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 6.7
-2 \& \& \begin{tabular}{c}
9 \\
-1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 33
-1 \& \(\begin{array}{r}32 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
4 \\
-1 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 2nd burial \& 13,14
-2 \& 11
-1 \& 12
-1 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 10 \\
\& -1
\end{aligned}
\] \& \& \& \& 15
-1 \& \& \& 51
-1 \& 52
-1 \& \(\begin{array}{r}31 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& ； \\
\hline Common large deposit \& \[
\begin{array}{cccc}
16, \& 21, \& 23, \& 24 \\
25, \& 26, \& 27, \& 28 \\
29, \& 34, \& 35, \& 36 \\
38, \& 40, \& 41, \& 42 \\
46, \& 47, \& 49, \& 53 \\
-20
\end{array}
\] \& 19
30

-2 \& 18
20
48

-3 \& \& 17
22
37

-3 \& $$
45
$$

- I \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 39 \\
& 43 \\
& 4+ \\
& 50 \\
& -4 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ＇

$\vdots$
$\vdots$ <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

The diagram shows the difference between the rarious burials. The tomb-gifts attributed to the first burial contain as regards the pottery, Type I only (White Painted Ware). Though the pots are rather few it may be right to assign this burial to the Cypro-Geometric I pcriod. Among the pottery attributed to the second burial, Types I and II are represented. The White Painted II Ware is represented by one jug only (No. II). This is of a very early type, a transitional form between Types I and II. Examining the large deposit of rases, partly certainly connected with the second burial, a similar relation is noted. This deposit of rases contains Types I and II. Type II is here represented by the jug No. 19 and the amphora No. 30 , both showing early features. The bulk of the pots, however, are of Type I. This combination of pottery assigns the second burial to the very transitional period between the Cypro-Geometric I and II periods. Nothing was found in the tomb which should be dated later. - The Polychrome White jug (No. io) is of a special interest as it, evidently, not is imported, but of pure Cypriote clay like the rest of the pottery. The shape is known from the Cypro-Geometric I period but the decoration is unique. It is probably a local variation influenced by the foreign Polychrome Ware.

As to the absolute chronology, the faience plaque No. 4 may be mentioned (see Appendix I). It has been dated by Professor Newberry to the Ramesside Period or latet, which may be considered as a terminus post quem for the first burial.

$$
\text { TOMB } 23 \text { (Figs. } 42 ; 43 ; 46: 7-12 \text { ) }
$$

size

| Dromos | $\begin{gathered} \text { Length } \\ \text { I. } 35 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Width } \\ 0.80 \end{gathered}$ | Height I. 00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stomion | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.88 |
| Rock shaft | 2.65 | 1.35 | I. 60 |

SIIAPE
This tomb resembles Tomb 5 in general outline. The dromos slopes gently down to the entrance, without any steps. The sides are perpendicular and diverge slightly towards the entrance. On the right sidc, there is a small irregularity of no importance to the whole. The entrance was found blocked by an upright door slab which was standing in the dromos, about 0.20 m . from the stomion. The slab was wedged at the right side. The stomion was built of two orthostatic jambs of parallelepipedic shapc. Between the jambs a rather well eut threshold was prescrved in situ. 'The jambs measured nearly 1 m . in height; the threshold 0.57 m . in length. The lintel had been removed and was missing. The tomb was of the usual shaft type and was oriented at right angles to the dromos. The general outline was rectangular in shape with the angles slightly rounded. The short sides of the rectangular shaft were perpendicular, but the N . long side is slightly leaning inwards. The S. W. corner
of the shaft had been cut off obliquely (cf. Fig. 42). This may have been done in connexion with the $f^{\text {th }}$ burial period (cf. below). No roof stones were preserved in situ. Possibly they had been removed at the time when the $\varsigma$. W. corner was cut off, or in connexion with the $f^{\text {th }}$ burial pcriod.

At the bottom of the shaft a well built pebble ledge was found along the S. and W. sides. It consisted of pebbles to a height of $0.1_{5} \mathrm{~m}$. The pebbles were bordered with flat rubble of irregular shape. This ledge is to be attributed to the first burial period, contemporary with the building of the tomb.

## STRATIFICATION

In this tomb various layers could be distinguished, some of which represent various burial periods. Below the dark surface earth (Laver i) follows a layer of homogeneous brown or grey earth to level $\div 105$, where the uppermost burial layer was met with. The floor at this level consisted of a layer of clay originating from innumerable fragments of human bones (Fig. 42). On this floor some pots were found (Nos. 1-8). This layer being removed another layer of grey earth was found (Layer 3) extending down to level -60 , where a second floor could be noted. On this, the pots Nos. 9-I $4,80,8 \mathrm{I}$ and the scarab No. $I_{5}$ were found. If the finds on these two upper floors were comparatively few, a large number of pots were found on a floor, at level c. - fo. The earth above this floor (Layer 4), consisted of horizontally laid clay which, evidently, had infiltrated from the roof like the layers mentioned above. The original burial layer (Layer 5) was found below level -- $4^{0}$ at the bottom of the tomb. This layer consisted of dark, hard clay and contained a certain number of pots, and the large spear-head (No. 61), the knife (No. 62), the fibula (No. 63), the seal (No. 78) and the scarabs (Nos. 76, 77). The pebble ledge embedded in this laver has already been described; as all the earth in this tomb has slowly silted in from abore or from the entrance, it is certain that the lower strata must represent earlier periods of burial. The chronological sequence of the strata is thus:
I. Burial stratum at bottom; Finds Nos. 17-20, 30, 34-37, 47, 54-57, 59-79.
2. Burial stratum at level +40 ; Finds Nos. 16, $21-29,31-33,38-46,48-53$.
3. Burial stratum at level +60 ; Finds Nos. 9 -15, So, 8ı.
4. Burial stratum at level +105 ; Finds Nos. $1-8$.

## BURIAL

It is natural to suppose that the earliest burial in this tomb was placed on the pebble ledge along the $S$. wall of the shaft. There, some very badly destroved remains of a skeleton with just the outlines of a cranium (No. SVI) were found. 'The body seems to have been placed in an outstretched position with the head to the E. 'This being so, the scarabs Nos. 76 and 77 and the seal, No. 78 should be connected with this burial having been fixed to the dress. 'The bowl, No. 5t, was placed at the feet. Possibly the pots Nos. 17--20, too, should be ascribed to this burial, being placed just outside the ledge near the head. The


Fig. 42 Amathus. Tomb 23. fth hurial layer with finds and skeletal remains in situ.


Fig. 43. Amathus. Tomb 23. Finds from the ist and 2 nd burial layers in situ.
same might be supposed as to the spear-head No. 6I, the knife No. 62 and large fibula No. 63 at the feet of the skeleton.

It seems impossible to draw any certain conclusions as to the rest of the finds from this first burial laver, and their connexion with the skeleton mentioned. No other skeletal remains were found in this laver. The contents, however, give evidence that there are repeated burials on the tomb floor to be accounted for.

The second burial layer gives a quite new aspect. There, no bed or ledge of pebbles could be found. The lower parts of a large skeleton was cleared in the N. E. part of the tomb: the tibiae, femora and pelvis with part of the spinal column were preserved in situ. This body had apparently been placed in a sitting position with its back leaning against the wall. The upper parts of the corpse have fallen, the fragments being scattered over the floor. The cranium was found close to the remains of the pelvis (Cranium XIV). The badly destroyed remains of an other cranium (No. XV) were found not far from Cranium XIV. Whether more than two corpses were buried on this floor or not, remains uncertain. Some pots are clearly to be connected with these burials. Nos. 21-26 were found in the immediate ricinity of the skeletal remains mentioned, and Nos. 27-29, 33 were placed around the lower extremities. The deposit of pots in the N. W. corner of the shaft may be explained either as belonging to the same burial, or as burial-gifts, being removed from an earlier burial and pushed against the wall.

In the third burial layer, no complete skeleton could be cleared. All the remains were scattered about around the whole floor. The number of burials could only be counted
by means of the crania (Nos. XII, XIII). All other remains of the skeletons were mixed together.

A similar state was noted as regards the fourth burial layer, where a comparatively large number of crania and human bones were found entirely mixed together. Eleven crania were counted (Nos. I-XI). They were all in a very bad state of preservation.

The chronological order of the burials is as follows:

1. Skeleton XVI; Finds Nos. 17-20, $76-78$, 54, 61-63.

Probably other burials in the same layer; Finds Nos. $30,34-37,47,55-57,59,60,6 \not-79$.
2. Skeletons XIV and XV; Finds Nos. 16, 21-29, 31-33.

Probably other burials in the same layer; Finds Nos. $38-46,48-53$.
3. Skeletons XII, XIII; Finds Nos. 9-15, 80, 81.
4. Skeletons I-XI; Finds Nos. 1 - 8 .

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XXVIII, XXIX $1-3$; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. White Painted IV amphora with base-ring; biconical body; depressed shoulder; short, cylndrical neck; stilted rim; large horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines around body, shoulder, and neck; degenerate wavy line around shoulder; black handles. Height 34.5. +110 .
2. Bichrome IV deep bowl with flat base; curved sides; plain rim. Wide, red band bordered with black lines outside and in, below rim. Diam. 13.0. +105.
3. White Painted IV sack-shaped jug with flat base: short convex neck; handle from rim to body. Black duts on handle. Height 10.9. - IIo.
4. Plain White III-IV plate, as No. 5. Dum. ri.5. - ino.
5. Plain White III-IV bowl with flat base: plan rim. Greenish, white washed clay. Diam. ri.4. +105.
6. White Panted IV globular jug with flat base; short, narrow neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim, handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling brown lines around neck; transverse lines on handle. Height 17.5 . +100 .
7. White Painted IV゙ bowl with flat base, plan rom. Encircling black line outside, and inside the rim. Diam. 9.1. + 120.
8. Bichrome IV globular jug with flat base; convex neck widening upwards; handle from rim to shoulder; short horizontal spout on belly. Red tree ornaments around shoulder; encircling black lines and zigzag line around neck; alternating red and black lines on spout, and black transserse lines on handle. Height 9.0. +115
9. White Painted IV globular jug with flat base; neck and handle missing. Vertical bands of small concentric circles on shoulder. Height 7.6. $\div 90$.
10. White Painted IV depressed jug with flat base, short. narrow neck with handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling line around neck. Height ro.o. $\div 90$.
II. White Painted IV depressed jug wath flat base; wide. short neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder.

Two tree ornaments as frontal design on shoulder, and three crossed lines on either side; encircling lines around neck and rim; eye ornament below rim; bordered zigzag lenes on handles. Height 13.0 . --70.
12. Plain White III-IV torpedo-shaped pithos with pointed base: slightly concave sides. Upper part missing. Height 55.0. - 90.
13. Black-on-Red II (IV) oval jug wath base-ring; tapering neck; pinched rim, twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Vertical concentric carcles, symmetrically arranged on ether side; encircling lines around shoulder, neek-line and rim; five crossed lines as front ornament on shoulder; vertucal lines on handle. Height 42.0. - - -o.
14. White Panted IV amphora with raised base-ring: depressed shoulder: short cylindrical neck; stilted rim, horizontal handles on shoulder. Encurcling bands and lines around body, shoulder and neck; derenerate wary line below shoulder, zugas lines encirchne rim, and black panted handles. Heeght 39.0. -- 70.
15. Scarab of white steatite of 'Type A5-B4-C4. Duuble bredst-line; elytra marked by double line. On base, a cartouche with meanngless signs, Hanked by a wzat ese on either side siee Appendices $I$ and $I 1$. Lenath I 8 . Herght og. i- 60 .
16. Two finger-rings of silver with onal bezels in which are fitted small searabs of lapes lazuh. Diam. 2.3. $-\cdots+5$.
17. Buchrome II barrel-shaped jug wath oblong body and side-knohs; narrow neek tapermg upwards; handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical concentric circles summetrically arranged on either side; encircling black lines on neck; vertical red lines below rim; black ladder-pattern on handle. Herght $11.8 .-25$.
18. Black slop I jug on low foot, slightly depressed shoulder: neek-line ridse, slightly concase neck, pinched rmm: handle from neek to shoulder; body vertically groosed; mat, black shp. I Ierght $17.7 . \quad 15$.
10. Whate Panted I jue with low foot, sliehtly deprosed buds: short concate neck wath plan ram. probably pronded with a busket-handle. On shoulder there is a poul. Lowser part of body covered with a black ship, encircling lines around neck, black lines on spout. Height 12.0 . - 25 .
20. Black stip I amphoriskos on luw foot; oval body: wide. cylandrical neck: flat rm: handles from rim to shoulder. Belly vertically grouved Height I+4-22.
21. Whate Painted 111 amphora wath base-ring; slighty depressed body: eylindrical neck: flat horizontal rim: horizontal handles on shoulder. Decoration almost entirely worn off Put tusether from many pieces. Herght $500 .-45$.
22 White Painted IV owal jue with flat base, wide, concave neck, handle from rim to shoulder. Two cross lines on handle. Height $1+5 .-35$.
23. Red Slup II (IV) open bowl with base-ring; flat rim. Bowl covered by a mat, partly dark, red slip. Diam. $27.2-45$.
24. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl with base-ring: curved sides; stilted rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encircling hlack lines outside and in: mat, light red slip. Diam. 2 I 8 . - +5 .
25. Black-on-Red Il (IV) oval amphora with base-ring: short cylindrical neck with flat rim: wide handles from rim to shoulder. Groups of encircling Ines around belly. shoulder, and neck: black lozenges crossed by vertical line on handle. Rim chpped. Height $322-25$.
26 Sherds of a White Panted IV jug. - 35 .
27. Plan White III-IV oral jug with flat base; short, concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder Height 19.0. - 35
28. White Painted IV bowl, as No. 2 but without black lines. Very much damaged Dham i. 19.5. - 25.
29. Blak-on-Red II (IV) howl, shape as No 23. but with twoo horizontal handle, below rim. Encircling black lonen outside and in One side damazed Diam. 29 8. - 30.
30. Polyehrome White globular jug, as Nio. 66. All the decoration worn off. Foresg Ware Height $26.0 \therefore 10$.
31 Red Slip II 1V゙) plate wath flat base; flat horizontal rim. Latht red, polnhed lip. Dlam. $2+4 \cdots 35$.
32. White Panted $\mathrm{N}^{\circ}$ bowla as No. 28. Diam. 19.1. -- 35
33. Red ship Il (IV) plate, as No. 3 I . Some picces misonge. 1314m. 230. - +5 .
34. Rod silp 1 (111) bowl with flat hase; shaghtly up-turned, flat rim Mat, red slip. polished on fine concentre carcle sutnde and in Dam. is.O. -- 20.
3.5 Whate Painted IV wal jus with base-ring: narrow neck narrewing upwards; stilted rime handle from rim to whoulder. IEncure line black lines around body and neeh: bordered gig\%ay lines on handle. Itemght 280 . - 15
36. White lounted 111 oral jug with bewe-rine, shehtly concase nech, pinched rim: handle from rim to shoulder. Einating black lince erround bae-ing, shoulder, and nech. bordered zugrag line on handle Henght 275.10
37. White Panted 111 jue whe base-rme: oal body. hert. ©lindride nech. pind hed am: handle from rim
to shoulder. Fincarcling lines around body and neck; bordered zagzag lines on handle. Ilenght 25.5. Floor.
si Plan White III-IV flat bowl with flat base; plain rim. Didm. 15.9. - 30.
39. Bichrome IV globular jug with flat hase; narrow neck with mad-1 idge: stulted rim, handle from neck to shoulder. Encorcline black and red lines around neck. Height 16o. -- so.
+0. Red Shp II (IV) bowl, as No. 23. Diam. 27.3. +30.
+1 Whute Painted IV open buwl with flat base; raised. slughty stited rim, horizontal handle below rim. Greenish, white washed clay. Group of concentric, grey circles inside; grey painted rim and handle. Diam. 24.o. - 45 .
42. Plan White III-IV jug with flat base; short neck wodening upwards: handle from rim to shoulder. Helght ${ }^{1}+5 .-15$.
+3 White Panted IV jug with flat base; depressed body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling red lines around budy and neck; red line on handle. Height 10.3. +35 .
4+. Bichrome III oval jug with fat base; missing neck and handle. Traces of red paint below handle. Height 73. - 35 .
45. Whate Panted III pilgrim bottle with lentoid shape; narrow neck. Rim and handles missing. All decoration is worn off. One side missing Height 140 . - 39 .
${ }^{6}$. Red Slup II (IV) jug with flat base; almost globular body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Buff, gritty clay, covered he a leght red, mat slip. Height 15.5 . - $t^{2}$.
47 White Panted IV jug, simılar to No. 39. Height $1+\mathrm{S}$. - 20.

49 Open lamp with flattened base and out-turned, pinched rim. Buff, sritty clay covered by a red, mat slip. Diam. 12.5 - 50.
so. Red Slip II (IV) plate with small flat base; flat downturned rim. Buff, gritty clay, covered by a mat, red 4lp. Dlam. 2+.3. - +2.
51 Black-on-Red II (IV) deep howl with flat base; stilted rim; two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling black lones outside and in. Mat, light red, partly darkened lip. Dam. 160 . - 30.
52. Whate Painted IV flat howl wath flat base-rine; flat, alinont horzontal rim. Outside and inside the rim, a red encircling band. D1am. 2\%.6. - 30 .
53. Plan Whate IlI-IV bowl, as No. 5. Diann. 18o. +35.

5t Plan White 111-1V bowl, as No. 5. Diam. $77.8 .+25$.
55. Plan White III-IV jus with flat base, wide, concave neck, handle from rim to shoulder. Ifeight 1 t.o. Floor.
56. White P'unted 11 Jus on low foot; slightly depressed shoulder: concase nech; basket-handle; short, conical spout on shoulder Black panted foot: encirclaner lines around bods and neck, ladder-pattern on handle; tour lines on wout Ifandle missing I Height $1+7$. Floor.
st Blach ship 1 Jug with font, hightly depresed body;
concave neck with pinched rim handle from rim to shoulder. The hody ohliquely anooved. Height i4.o. Floor. 58. Bead of variegated glass: hole through centre. Diam. 1.o. Found in the sieves.
59. White Panted IV depressed jug wath flat base: narrow neck; handle-ridge; funnel-mouth: handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling brown band around body and neck; black painted handle. Height 9.9. - 25 .
6o. White Painted I kyltx on low foot; curved sides; plain rim; two horizontal handles on the sides. Encircling bands outside and in. Diam. 95 . Floor.
61. Lancet-shaped spear-head of bronze: broad mid-rib; circular socket wath an iron band around the end. Pieces of 1 ust-covered wood in the socket. Length 28.5 . Floor.
62. Fragment of an iron knıfe with one cutting edge; thick back; flat tang pierced by a bronze rivet; tang covered by wood fragments on both sides. Length 10.5. Floor.
63. Large bronze fibula with high bow; two beads with moulded ridges on each side of bow; a twice twisted large spiral; straight pin; large, flat catch. Length if.z. Height 8.o. Floor.
64. Bichrome II open bowl with base-ring; plain rim; horizontal handles on rim. Black maltese cross encircled by three concentric carcles inside the base-ring: encircling red and black lines outside and in. Black painted handles. Diam. 20 7. Floor.
65. Plain White III-IV jug, as No. 55. Height i2.9. Floor.
66. Polychrome White globular jug with narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth, handle from neck to shoulder. Vertical black, red and white circles symmetrically arranged on either side; four crossed lines as front ornament on shoulder. Foreign Ware. Height 24.7. Floor.
67. White Panted III amphorıskos with low foot; depressed shoulder; wide neck; Hat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around body and neckline; groups of small concentric circles on neck; groups of crossed lines on rim; ladder-pattern on handles. Height I3.r. Floor.
68. White Painted III open bowl with Hat base; slightly contracted rim; small, horizontal handles below rim. Fncircling black lines outside and in. Diam. 17 4. Floor.

69 Bichrome III oxal jug with flat base; narrow neek with handle-ridge; funnel-shaped mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling hlack and red lines around body and mouth. Handle missing. Ileight iog Floor.
7o. Plain White III--IV deep bowl with flat base; plam rim. Diam. 13.3. Floor.
71. Plain White III-IV jug, as No 55. Henght 13 7. Floor.
72. Plaın White III-IV bowl, as No. 5. Dtam. 16.2. Floor.
73. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl with f.at base, rased plain rim; small, horizontal handles below rim. Encarcling lines outside and in. Diam. 18.6. Floor.
74. White Panted IV bowl with Hat base; rased, plain rim. Black panted rim. Diam. Ir.1. Floor.
75. White Paınted II lentoid pilgrim bottle with side-knobs; narrow neck; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical circles on either side; ladder-pattern on handles. Rim missing. Height in.4. Floor.
76. Scarab of white steatite of Trpe $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base, a cartouche wath the name Men-kheper-re. Encircling line. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.7. Height 0.9. Floor.
77. Scarab of white steatite of Type $A_{5}-B_{4}-C_{4}$. Elytra marked by double line. On base, the blundered name of Amon-Re. Encircling line. See Appendices I and II. Length $1.3 . \mathrm{cm}$. Herght 0.65 cm . Floor.
78. Conical seal of black steatite. Big string-hole through middle. On base, incision representing walking antelope. Rude work. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.75. Height 1.7. $\div 25$.

> Supplementarycatalogue.

79 Black Slip I jug with foot; oval body; slightly concave neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Body vertically grooved. Herght 122 . Floor.
80. The upper part of a Plain White IV torpedo-shaped pithos, as No. 12 Well marked shoulder-line, almost horizontal shoulder; short, narron rim; two vertical handles below shoulder. Diam 25.0. (3rd bural str)
Si. Bichrome IV lid with flat base, cursed upper sade; concave central knob Encircliner black bordeted, red hands on upper side Dtam. io \& (3rd bural str)

The following diagram shows the distribution of the finds between the various burial strata:


CHRONOLOGY
Summing up the results shown in the diagram, it is erident that the burial-gifts from the bottom stratum originate from different burials. The pottery consists of Types I-IV. This combination of pottery assigns the latest burial in this stratum to the Cypro-Archaic I period, but the early types of pottery indicate that there should be another burial already in the Cypro-Geometric II or III period to be accounted for. All the finds ascribed to Skeleton XVI are of this early type, so it seems reasonable to assign Skeleton XVI to the period mentioned.

The pottery from the second burial stratum contained Types III-IV; here all the early types have ceased. This combination of pottery assigns the burials of this layer to the Cypro-Archaic I period, and considering the Type III, to a rather early stage of the period mentioned. The third and fourth burial strata contained pottery of Type IV only: White Painted IV, Bichrome IV, Black-on-Red II (IV), and Plain White IV Wares. This combination of pottery assigns the layers to later stages of the Cypro-Archaic I period. As the stratification distinctly separates the different burials we are in the comparatively rare position to show four different stages of the Cypro-Archaic I period.

As regards the pottery, it is, however, not possible to differentiate the types any further than to distinguish early types from late.


Fig. 44. Amathus. Tomb 24. The entrance seen from the dromos.


Fig. +5. Amathus. Tomb $=6$. Alabaster rase in situ, seen from above.

The scarabs Nos. $1_{5}, 76,77$ and the seal No. 78 may be of certain interest for the absolute chronology. The seal No. 78 is, according to Dr. Pieper, a work in Mitanni style and shows a type characteristic of Asia Minor. No. 77 dates from the Ramesside or a later period. These were found in the bottom stratum. No. $\mathrm{I}_{5}$, found in the third burial stratum, represents a much earlier type and may be ascribed to the Hyksos period and can, under no conditions, be later than I foo B. C. (cf. Appendices I and II.)

$$
\text { TOMB } 24 \text { (Figs. } 44 ; 46: 4,5,14 \text { ) }
$$

SHAPE

|  | Lenyth | Walth | Hersht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.40 | 0.95 | 1. 50 |
| Stomion | 0.55 | 0.67 | 0.85 |
| Chamber | 1.85 | 1.30 | 1.70 |

This tomb is of a slightly different type from the other tombs excavated. It was extraordinarily well preserved, too, and, therefore, the interior gave quite a different impression to the previously excavated tombs. The dromos situated in the longitudinal axis of the shaft
consists of a passage hewn out of the rock. The sides are almost parallel and perpendicular. The floor slopes gently to the doorway, which was found intact. The construction of the entrance is similar to that of Tomb 2, but much coarser. The doorway consists of an irregular slab wedged on the sides. The stomion was carefully built with a threshold, two orthostatic jambs and a lintel preserved in situ. The rear wall of the dromos, built above the lintel, consisted of laid ashlar roughly herw and rarying in size, the largest being about 0.50 m . in length. This wall was for the purpose of retaining the earth orer the roof slabs, and to prevent it from sliding down into the dromos (cf. the same construction in Tomb 2). The interior of the tomb consisted of a shaft excavated in the rock. The walls were on all sides perpendicular. The floor was situated at a level about $0.25-0.30 \mathrm{~m}$. below the threshold level. In the rear wall there was a semicircular niche at about the same level as the threshold and extending over the whole width of the wall. The niche had an obliquely sloping roof. The shaft was covered by thin, flat slabs, three of which were of large size, while two others placed over their joints were of a small size. The large slabs rest on the solid rock edges.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos was filled with a homogeneous grey earth, entirely separated from the earth in the tomb. This consisted of a layer of wet clay, about 0.30 m . thick, on the tomb floor. Curiously enough no other earth was found in the tomb in spite of the fact that neither the roof slabs nor the door packing were closely fitted.

## BURIALS

No skeletal remains were found in this tomb, but the corpses buried may have been placed in the back part of the tomb. Just inside the door a deposit of vases was found, probably all beionging to the same burial. The jug, No. r, had been removed by the water infiltrated, to the centre of the tomb and was found resting on the layer of clay.

FINDS (GROCP: PL. XXVII, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1 White Panted II oval jug with hasc-ring; narrow, concalse neck with stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encarcling lines around body and neck; two wary lines around neck; bordered zigzay lines on handle. Height $400 .-28$.
2. Bichrome Il owal jug with base-ring; narrow neck. Encircling hlack lincs dbose hase-ring; hordered hand around shoulder Rim and prece of handle missing Hetght $1+3 . \quad 15$.
3. Buchrome I depresed jues on low foot: cylindrical nock with pinched rim, twon-handle from neck to shoulder. Encruline hlack and red lines above foot and on helly: wary line around neck; ladder-pattern on handle. Herght 17.0. - 10.
4. Plann White I-HI jug with flat hase; depressed hody; conade. wade nekk, handle from rim to shoulder. Heluht 125.13.
5. Black Slap II jug with base-rine, neck narrowing upwards; pinched rim, handle from rim to shoulder. Thin, reddsh dark slip. Height 25.0. - 23 .
6. White Painted II open howl with that base, curved sides; horizontal handle below rim. Encircling lines outside and in. Diam. 209. - 30.
7. White Painted I oval Jug with wide foot; depressed houlder; narrow, woncate nech with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around hody and neck, two wary Ines around neck; ladderpattern on handle. Height 18.0 . -15 .
8. Plain White I oral jug with raised base-ring; slishtly depressed shoulder; punched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght igo. - 15 .
9. Bichrome I oval jug wath rased hase-ring, cylindrical neck with stilted rim; handle from rim to shoulder; short, concave spout with stramer. Encircling black
lines around body and neck; wary line around neck; parallel lines on spout; bordered zigzag lines on handle. Height 19.9. +23 .
10. Plain White I-II bowl with flat base; slightly upturned rım. Height $18.4 .+17$.
1I. White Painted II lentord pilgrim bottle with narrow neck; straight funnel-shaped mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Vertical circles on either side, cross-lines on rim and handles. Height 13.0. - 18.
12. Polychrome White, deep bowl with base-ring; curved sides; contracted rim. Encircling black, white, and red
lines around body, and below rim; on shoulder' alternating three and four sertical, black lines, the interstices beng filled with white pant. 'Iwo of these fields decorated with inverted filled trangles. Foreign Ware Diam. 35.5 - 22

Supplementary catalogue.
13. Bichrome I deep bowl with flat base-ring; curved sides; plain rim. Encircling black and red lines; black zigzag lines on the sides and bottom; encirching black lines inside. One side of the bowl chipped. Dam. c. i 3 .

The following diagram shows the distribution of the pottery between the various vase-classes:


## CHRONOLOGY

According to the diagram the pottery of this tomb is of Types I-II. This combination of pottery assigns the tomb to the Cypro-Geometric II period. The large bowl (No. 12) is of a unique type, the ware being of exactly the same kind as represented by the Polychrome White jugs known from other tombs.

$$
\text { TOMB } 25 \text { (Fig. } 46: 13 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE Length Width
Chamber . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.50 I.50

SHAPE
Close to the road a large shaft was excavated, which was partly destroyed by the roadbuilders. The dromos was situated below the road and could therefore not be examined. The shaft constituted a right angle with the dromos and was parallel to the road, to the side of which it was situated, just below the ditch. 'The stomion was built with two orthostatic jambs, preserved in situ. The lintel was, hovever, removed and missing. The shaft is of rectangular shape with rounded angles and perpendicular sides. No roof stones were preserved.

## STRATIFICATION

All the filling in this tomb had, at a comparatively late time, been mixed, probably in connexion with the road-building. A section through the shaft proved to be of no arehaeological interest. The content, evidently, originated from at least two separate burials but nothing could be said as to their positions, etc.


Fig. fh. Amati:us. 'Tomb 22, Plan with roof stones in situ (1); Sections B-B (6); Finds in silu (2). 'Tomb 23, Plan (12); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C(9, 10, 11); Finds in situ: ist and 2nd burial layer (8), 3rd and fth burtal layer (7). Tomb 24 , Ptan with finds in situ (4); Sections A-A, B-B (5, 14). Tomb 25 , Plan with finds in situ (13). Tomb 26, Plan (15); Sections A-A, B-B (17, 16); Section through stone pithos No. 2(3).

FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XXIX, 4, 8; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
I. Sheet-gold with edges hent up; decorated with impressed female figure standing upright with lifted hands. Only upper part preserved. Length 2.8 .
2. Small silver hracelet with overlapping ends; deformed. Diam. 4.5. Floor.
3. a) Carved cylindrical weight of black polished steatite. Length 2.5. Weight 15.50 .
b) Circular weight of black polished steatite with one side flat; the other irregularly convex. Diam. I.5. Weight 4.50 .
4. Iron knife with tapering, slightly curved blade; flat, broad tang, ending in two pcints. The point of the blade missing. Traces of wood visible on the tang. Length 22.0 .
5 White Painted lentold pilgrim hottle. Vertical circles symmetrically arranged on either side. Neck and handles missing. Foreign Vare. Herght $\delta s$
6. Bichrome V lid with flat, central knob; curved upper side. Encircling black and red lines around upper side. Diam. 15.7 .
7. Red Slip II (IV) jug with flat base, body narrowing upwards; well marked shoulder-line; slightly convex neck; out-turned rim; handle from neck to shoulder: light red, lustrous, polished slip. Height 12.7.
8. Black Slip I jug on foot; oval body: slightly curved neck with pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder, lower part of the body vertically grooved. Height 18.3 .
9. Plain White lentoid pilgrim bottle with narrow neck; straight funnel-shaped mouth; handles from neck to shoulder. Foreign Ware. Height i4.o.
10. Black Slip I jug, as No. 8. Rım and handle missing. Height I4.4.
II. Plan White IV-V' bobbin-shaped jug with conrex
neck; out-turned rim; small handle from neck to shoulder. Lower part damaged. Henght $\delta+$
12. Plan Whate IV-V sack-shaped jug with flat hase; cylindrical body: concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght io.\&.
13. Plan White IV—V depressed jug with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; stilted rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 8.3.
14. Plain White IV-V jug, as No. ir. 'The base is that. Height 84.
If Plain White IV-V sack-shaped jug with flat base: body narrowing upwards, concave neck, handle from rim to shoulder. Height 10.3 .
16. Plain White $V$ oval amphora with flat base; narrow, concave neck with stilted rim; large, horizontal handles on sides. Height ${ }_{17}$.6.
17. Bichrome $V$ glohular jug with bare-ring; narrow neck, narrowing upwards; pinched rim; rased handle from rim to shoulder. Vertical bands of carcles symmetrically arranged on either side crossed, by a bind of red and black lines around the shoulder; tree ornament as frontal design on the shoulder; encircling wary lines around neck Height 20.5 .
18. White Painted lentoid pilerin hottle, shape as No. 9. Traces of sertical circles on one side of body Foreign Ware. Herght $1+5$.
19. White Panted lentoid pigrimbottle, shapsas No Vertical carcles symmetrically arranged on eather side of body; transverse lines on handles. Foreign Ware. Height 13.5.
20. Plaın White IV-V bowl with flat hase and plan rım. Diam. 7.1.
2r. Seal of grey faience; perced through longitudinal axis; incrsed line near base. On the upper side, the sign $\ddagger$; on base, a rider on horse walking to the left. Length i.f.

The distribution of the finds is shown in the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The diagram shows clearly the difference between two burial periods. The pottery from the first one consists of Type I. The pottery from the second burial is of Types IV--V. These combinations of pottery assign the first burial to the Cypro-Geometric I period; the second to the Cypro-Archaic II period.

TOMIB 26 (Figs. i ; $46: 3,15-17$ )
This tomb is situated about 800 m . W. of the preceding tombs about 25 m . to the right of the road Nicosia-Limassol. The tomb was supposed to be a large, built tomb like Nos I-2, and the excavation was started with this hypothesis. The only thing visible was a large tumulus c. $12.5 . \mathrm{m}$. I 4.0 m . in diameter and c. 2 m . high.

Around the southern edge of the tumulus, a trench was dug down to the rock. Here a dromos would have been expected. But nothing indicating an entrance to a tomb was found here. It was, however, ascertained that the whole tumulus was artificial. Another trench was now dug from the east through the centre of the whole tumulus.

The section of this trench shows the following layers:
I. c. 0.25 m . Black surface earth.
2. c. 0.60 m . Black earth mixed with large rubble.
3. c. 0.25 m . Brown earth mixed with smaller, partly white rubble.
t. c. 0.15 m . Charcoal and ashes. Finds Nos. 1, 5-7.
5. c. $0.25-0.50 \mathrm{~m}$. Red or brown, virgin earth close to the rock.

A shaft down to the rock through all these layers and made by tomb-robbers was cut through, c. 2 m . from the centre of the tumulus but it had not done any harm to the tomb. In the centre, however, the layers of charcoal and ashes thickened, the bottom stratum had been dug through and a circular shaft 0.75 m . deep made in the rock. In this shaft a circular stone pithos stood, closed by a square stone. The pithos was provided with two circular holes near the rim. The stone pithos contained a large alabastron which was placed at the bottom and covered with a red painted, gypsum lid. Around the rim of the alabastron there was placed a wreath of gilded myrtle leaves, the pieces of which had partly fallen to the bottom of the pithos. The alabastron contained a burnt skeleton.

The shaft was enlarged near this burial but nothing of further interest was noted.

FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XXIX,

1. Scarab of black steatite. The wing-cases are marked by incised lines; a hole through longtudinal axis. On base, incision representing a man walking to the left; in front of him is a branch with a small dot on top. Length 13 . Layer 4 .
2 Cyhndrecal stone pithos which contained the alabastron No. 4. The base of the pithos roughly flattened; interior conically hollowed out to a depth of 0.65 m . from the rum. Near rim, the side is perced by a hole $c$. 005 m in diam Henght $; 2.0$. In rock cavity.
2. Puecer of a galded bronze wreath of myrtle leates, similar to Nu, 57 in 'Tomb io. The preces are in such a bad state of preceriation that no measurements could be made In lon. z.
3. Large cylindrical sase of alabaster with flattened base, body narrowng upwards slaghtly; very short, wide neck; flat horizontal rim: two vertical projections on upper part of body. A square plaque in relief hangs from the progectorn The , ase is colcred by a red painted, wrpum lid which is pressed down into the neck like a

## 5-7; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

cork. The alabaster is yellowish white with beautiful horizontal veins. Surface slightly damaged on one side. Herght 33.0. In No. 2.
5. Small, oval hydria of Glazed Ware on fuot; body widening upwards; well marked shoulder; tapering neck; large disc-shaped, slightly moulded rim; handle from neck to shoulder; two very small horizontal handles on shoulder, one opposite the other. The clay is buff or red and covered with pinkishwhite glaze, decorated with a green or black wave band around body and shoulder. One horizontal handle and a piece of the vertical one are missing; ylaze partly worn. The hydria is put together of many pieces. Height 13.0 . Layer 4.
6. Hydria of Glazed Ware, as -o. 5, but no wary band around the body. Much damaged. Height io.o. Layer 4.
7. Hydria of Glazed Ware, as No. 5, but with more depressed body, and almost horizontal shoulder. The wavy band around the shoulder is much worn; glaze much damaged. Black clay. Height ro.o. Layer 4.


Fig. 47. Amathus. Tomb excavated by General Luigi P. di Cesnola in 18 -6 (cf. p. 2), Plan (1); Sections A-A-EE (2-6).

## CHRONOLOGY

The date of this tomb must be determined by the pottery and the alabastron. The pottery described is of a type very rare in Cyprus and is probably imported from Alexandria where similar pottery has heen found in great quantity. The tombs of Shiatby and Ibrahimieh near Alexandria" are in certain cases dated by inscriptions to the first half of the 3 rd century B. C. which also may be accepted as the probable date of the squat shape of the alabastron, which is different to that of earlier periods.

Possibly the tomb contains the remains of some Ptolemaic official in Amathus who was buried in accordance with the custom of his country.

## SU:MIIARY

Nost of the tombs examined are of a type rather rare in Cyprus. It is likely that the different types of shaft tombs only constitute variations of the same main type. The variations are due to various circumstances as questions of space, difficulties in cutting the rock, expenses in building, etc. But, as concerns the material examined, it seems to be possible to trace a chronological development of the types. Naking a survey of the tombs dated by their earliest burials, we obtain the following variations of the rock shaft:

Type I A. Rectangular shaft with a more or less diminutive dromos making a right angle with the shaft, and leading down to the right hand end of one long side of the shaft. This type is represented by Tombs 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 18, 19, 22, 23.
Type IB. Type of similar character but with the dromos leading down to the left hand end of the long side (Tombs 17, 25).
Type II.1. Like Type I A, but with long narrow dromos (Tomb 6).
Type II B. Like Type I B, but with long narrow dromos, partly roofed in like the shaft (Tomb i2).
Type III. Long rectangular shaft with the dromos leading down to the middle of one long side (Tomb 4).
Type II. Rectangular shaft with the dromos in the longitudinal axis of the shaft (Tombs 13, 15, 24).

Similar types are noted as regards the built tombs. Omitting the two large, built tombs, Nos. I and 2, which are of quite different construction, we obtain types with the dromos leading down to longside, Type VA (Tombs 9 and 16) at the right hand end and Type $V \mathrm{~B}$, at the left (Tomb ir); and with the dromos in the longitudinal axis, Type VI (Tomb 20). These four built tombs all have the short sides consisting of the perpendicularly cut rock viz., without revetment walls. In this respect Tomb 2I differs as there the short wall, too, is lined with ashlar.

Tombs 1 and 2 are of a quite different construction and quality, though they may be considered as belonging to the same series as the built tombs previously described. They constitute tombs constructed for rich or even royal subjects. The two tombs are of different
types as has already been pointed out: Tomb i with tripartite rectangular shape, and a small vestibule in the centre into which the dromos leads; Tomb 2, also with marked axiality, the dromos and the two chambers being in the same axis.

Tomb 3, an ordinary chamber tomb excavated in the rock, is the only tomb which resembles types represented in other parts of Cyprus.

Tomb 26 is dated to a much later period than the other tombs, and represents an entirely different type. The tumulus may be connected with other Hellenistic tumuli.

As regards the burials, the same customs have been observed in most of the tombs examined. The corpses are as a rule placed in out-stretched and dorsal positions usually with the head to the entrance. Ther are in many cases laid out on a ledge of pebbles along the side of the tomb, while the burial-gifts in pottery were placed on the flcor beside them. Usually, however, the tombs have been re-used several times. Under such conditions the pottery from the earlier burial was pushed into the innermost corner of the tomb, and piled up against the walls. The skeleton from the first burial was usually left undisturbed on the ledge, and the new body was placed at its side on the floor, surrounded by the new burial-gifts. Sometimes several burials were removed in this way and piled up against the walls. In a few cases it could be stated that male and female bodies were buried close together (Tombs 7, 11, 17). These androgynous burials are represented both in Archaic (Tomb 7 and II), and Roman periods (Tomb 17 ).

The cutting, or building of the tombs should certainly be dated in accordance with the earliest burials noted. The following list shows, according to the finds, when the tombs were constructed:

Tomb I -
" 2 Beginning of Cypro-Archaic I period.
" 3 End of Cypro-Archaic II period.
" 4 End of Cypro-Geometric III period.
" 5 End of Cypro-Geometric III period.
" 6 End of Cypro-Geometric I period.
» 7 Beginning of Cypro-Geometric III period.
» 8 End of Cypro-Geometric III period.
» 9 Beginning of Cypro-Archaic II pcriod.
" Io End of Cypro-Geometric II period.
» II End of Cypro-Geometric III period.
" 12 Cypro-Geometric III period.
" 13 End of Cypro-Geometric III period.
" $I_{4}$ End of Cypro-Geometric II period.
" 15 End of Cypro-Geometric I period
" 16 End of Cypro-Geometric III period.
" 17 -
" 18 Middle of Cypro-Geometric III period.

Tomb 19 Beginning of Cypro-Geometric II period.
" 20
" 21 End of Cypro-Geometric I period.
» 22 Cypro-Geometric I period.
" 23 End of Cypro-Geometric II period.
" 24 End of Cypro-Geometric II period.
" 25 End of Cypro-Geometric I period.
" 263 rd Cent. B. C.
Type I A is represented by the following tombs: Nos. 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 18, 19, 22, 23, riz. tombs, all dated to the Cypro-Geometric I-III periods. Type I B is represented by Tomb 25. No. $1_{7}$ it is unfortunately, not possible to date. Types II A and B represented by Tombs 6 and i2, are also assigned to Cypro-Geometric I-III. Tomb 4 which is the only representative of Type III should probably be dated to the Cypro-Geometric III period, though earlier and later burials within the tomb could not be distinguished. Type IV, too, is only represented by Cypro-Geometric tombs: Nos. 13, I5 and 24. As a marked contrast to these rock-cut shaft tombs of rarious types all dated to the Cypro-Gecmetric period, the built tombs constitute a group which is dated to the Archaic period. Types V A and B are represented by Tombs 9, 16 and II, dated to the very end of Cypro-Geometric III and to the Cypro-Archaic periods.

Tomb 2I is of a somewhat different type which, however, could not be entirely described, as only a comparatively small part of the tomb was examined. The rock walls are lined on all four sides with ashlar and the angles seem to have been slightly rounded. The tomb thus resembles a built tholos as, for example, was found in Enkomi (Tomb 21, Vol. ip. 570 ). Though only a part of Tomb 21 was excavated, and consequently the whole contents of the tomb were not gathered, it seems possible to date the first burial with some certainty, to the transition between the Cypro-Geometric I and II periods. Apart from this early tomb, the built tombs of the types described certainly should be connected with the large built tombs represented by Tombs a and 2. Such tombs are also, certainly, to be assigned to the Cypro-Archaic periods, both those excavated in this necropolis as well as those, above mentioned, excavated by Cesnola. There is no fundamental difference between the types mentioned. Both are constructed according to the same principles. Only the larger size and the better technique as regards tombs similar to Nos. i and 2, constitute the difference. As both types occur in the same periods, it seems reasonable to explain the built tombs as Nos. 9, in and i6, as being copies, on a modest seale, of the other magnificent structures made for rich, or even royal persons.

The difference between the types is better explained by economic than by chronological and typological reasons. As a rule, however, all built tombs of this kind should be considered as a subsequent development of the typologically, and chronologically, earlier rock cut shaft tombs. The shaft tombs further, are met with for the first time in the Cypro-Geometric period, while the built tombs first become common in the Cypro-Archaic I period. Character-
istically enough, the latest pottery group of the Cypro-Archaic II period was found in Tomb 3, which is of a type quite different to the other tombs. Evidently the shaft type with rock eut or built chambers was abandoned in that period, which thus marks the end of the series of such tombs. The shaft tombs were replaced by the common chamber or care tombs, of types usual in other parts of Cyprus, e. g., in Marion. At the same time the ground was changed, and the dead were buried in the necropolis, E. of the town (Excavations in Cyprus p. 88, sites D and E) where most of the Cypro-Classic and later tombs are to be found.

In the Hellenistic and Roman periods the ground was again used for buial, perhaps, because all ground with suitable rock, was at that time occupied by tombs all round the town. These subsequent burials did little damage and few alterations to the old tombs. Usually the bodies were buried somewhere in the upper filling as in Tombs 2, 4, i8 and 21. In other cases the pit was dug down to the bottom of the tombs where the dead were buried, e. g., in Tombs 1, 16, 17 and 20. In one case (Tomb io) a special niche was hollowed out of the tomb wall.

The isolated tomb, No. 26, on the edge of the necropolis may be explained as belonging to some Ptolemaic official who died in Amathus. Tumuli over a cremated body represent a type of tomb without any tradition in Cyprus, and Tomb 26 oceurs here as a strange and rare representative of a foreign burial custom.

In order to facilitate the survey of the find groups, they are arranged as follows showing their distribution between the different periods:


## INTRODCCTION

The village of Stylli is situated some 7 miles N. W. of Famagusta on the Mesaorea plain. A mile E. of the village along the road leading to Enkomi lies an old tomb-field which was the object of our operations in the autumn of 1930. The place was known before, thanks to some excavations carried out there 1928 by Mr. Rupert Gunnis, now Inspector of Antiquities in Cyprus. It is situated on a low, flat terrace which is slightly elevated above the surrounding field, and is in many respects typical of the choice of burial grounds in ancient Cyprus (Fig. 48). The ground is fairly dry and consists of the usual, sedimentary limestone rock, the chazara known from Lapithos, Ajios Jakovos, Enkomi, and other places. Its surface is harder than the deeper parts, and is sometimes covered with a calcified crust. Tlixed with the limestone are strata of greenish, not yet petrified mudstone, the so-called chomos. The small plateau slopes towards the South and the upper layers of the bed-rock are here much eroded, leaving the soft chazara and the chonnos bare. The excavation started on the highest part of the terrace, which was thoroughly investigated, and thereafter the trial pits were dug in the southern slope, revealing some tombs in this area, too.

During our work we had the great advantage of the personal presence and active assistance of II. R. II. the Crown Prince of Sweden. His technical skill and great archaeological experience helped the excavator over many difficulties and benefited the result in various ways.

A preliminary report, dealing with some of the more interesting points of the campaign are published in the dedicatory volume to the 50 th anniversary of H. R. H.', and the observant reader may notice that in a few cases the classification of some pots here below is not in accurate agreement with the data proposed in the preliminary report. Further studies have made these small alterations necessary, and it is needless to say that the report in these cases is chisplaced by this publication.

PLAN II



Fig. f $^{8}$. Stylli. The tomb-field.

TOMB 1 (Fig. 49: $\mathrm{r}-3$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | $3 \cdot 7 \%$ | 1.80 | 1.88 | - |
| Stomion | 0.19 | 0.90 | -- | c. 0.75 |
| Chamber | 0.99 | 1.64 | - | c. 0.95 |

SHAPE
The dromos of this tomb is to a certain extent typical to the tombs found on the central plateau of the burial ground. It is large and not very distinct in its outlines. The sides are not exactly straight, the angles are not orthogonal, and small excrescences and cavities are found both in sides and floor. It is a widening passage that slopes gradually down to the entrance of the chamber. It has no real steps in the back part, only two irregular platforms which also slope in approximately the same inclination as the rest of the floor. The sides taper slightly downwards. The stomion is a short passage, blocked by one single block of hard limestone which was found turned over. The chamber is a small, irregular oval, the floor
is rough, and walls and roof form a flat, curved vault. The roof of the stomion and of the front part of the chamber was fallen in.

## sTRATIFICATION

The back part of the dromos was filled with three layers of slightly obliquely stratified, intact chacara, but in front of the stomion a spacious shaft was dug in modern times by tomb-robbers. This shaft was filled with mixed earth and stones, and contained some potsherds, apparently coming from the chamber. The door stone lay in this layer. In the chamber the stratigraphy showed that the tomb had been sacked from the shaft in the dromos. All the contents of the chamber were turned upside down, and no finds were made.

## CHRONOLOGY

The potsherds found in the dromos are classified in the diagram here below:

|  | Wh P III | Bichr. III | Bl -on-Red ( (III) | Pl. Wh | Coarse Ware | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of sherds | 20 | 2 | I | 2 | 8 | 33 |
| Percentare | 607 ". | $60{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 6 o "', | $24 ;{ }^{\prime}$. | $100{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |

The Coarse Ware and the Plain White Ware are very adventurous to classify, when the fragments are too small to allow of a safe reconstruction of the shape of the vase. They must, therefore, in this case be omitted. The rest of the sherds are all Type III and date the tomb to the Cypro-Geometric III period.

|  | TOMB 2 (Fig. 49:4-6) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SIZE | Length | Width | Depth |
| Dromos |  | 1. 52 | 1.35 | 0.70 |
| Stomion |  | 0.32 | 0.58 | - |
| Chamber |  | 1.62 | 2.29 |  |

SHAPE
The tomb is cut out of an almost pure chomnos layer and is, consequently, in a very had state of preservation. The hill-slope is eroded, and this is the reason that the depth of the dromos at present is as small as 0.70 m . 'The dromos is short and wide, with rounded corners opposite the entrance, and widens slightly towards the door. The floor slopes somewhat towards the threshold, which marks the beginning of the stomion.
'The chamber is small and widens slightly towards the back wall, in the N. W. corner of which there is a small reeess. Along the $\mathbb{W}$. wall runs a low, broad kedge.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos stratification is very simple. The bottom layer consists of pure chomos stratified horizontally and covered by another also horizontal layer of clay and earth mixed with chonnos. The surface stratum is the cultivated field. 'The two former layers are clearly the result of the filling-in of the dromos after the last burial, and, as several burials could be observed in the chamber, this horizontal stratification supplies a proof that the whole dromos was cleared out before the last burial, a not very usual method.

Above the chamber the layers are, from the top, the following:

1) Surface stratum of cultivated earth.
2) Thick stratum of irregular shape containing large pieces of chactara-rock bedded in fine stuff of chacara, mixed with chonnos.
3) Layer of coarse chonnos mixed with a small quantity of chatara.
4) Thick horizontal layer of fine chonnos material.
5) Bottom stratum of dark chonnos mixed with earth emanating from mouldered organic matter. Along the ledge, this stratum was divided into two by a thin layer of sand.
Evidently the second layer represents the final collapse of the roof, which consisted of chatara rock, now eroded at this part of the hill-slope. The third and fourth layer mark the gradual filling of the chamber, by erosion of walls and roof and certainly also, by material pouring in from the stomion. Fragments of mudbricks in the doorway explain the absence of any stone-packing. The door has evidently been closed by means of a wall of mudbricks, a fact which, in its turn, explains the exceptionally elevated threshold in the doorway, which is not to be found in any other tomb of the necropolis.

Three burials have taken place in the chamber: one in the niche on the bench, another below the bench on the floor and a third on the top of the second and separated from it by a layer of sand. The third, consequently, belongs to a later period and the original burial must be the second one on the floor in front of the bench, or, possibly, the first one in the niche. The levels on which the tomb-gifts were found vary, and can be divided into two groups. The bulk of the finds was lying directly on the floor (Nos. 1 -5, 7, 13-18) and the rest (Nos. 6, 8-I2) was found 8-10 cm. above the floor, at approximately the same level as the last burial. Consequently, the former finds can safely be attributed to the carlier burials, and the latter to the last one.

## BURIALS

The few and very badly preserved fragments of the skeletons are conclusive as to the position of two of the bodies. The last dead body brought into the tomb was placed in the longitudinal axis of the chamber, with its head towards the door and the body in an outstretched, dorsal position. The body on the floor, below the above-mentioned one, seems to have had the same position, but its legs have been slightly moved by the later burial. Of the skeleton in the niche, there was nothing left except a layer of dark carth indicating the place of the dead body. Some teeth found in the S . corner of the niche, give evidence, however, as to the place of the head.

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XXX, I, XXXV, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Trefoil-shaped lamp of terracotta with pinched nozzle, and flattened bottom. Traces of soot on rim. Dram. $13+$ Floor.
2. Lamp, as No. I, but with marked rim. Diam. 12.7. Flour.
3. Bichrome IV miniature bowl with flat base, and a wavy handle on rim, pierced by two vertical holes. Black encreling lines outside and inside; concentric circles at bottom and base, and a red band around base. Diam. S 3. Floor.
4. Bichrome 15 oval amphoriskos with flat base; splaying neck; plain rim, and two horizontal handles on belly. Black encrrcling lines around rim, below neck, and around belly; two red lines around neck. Handles missing. Height 9.6. Floor.
5. Plain White IV sack-shaped jug with round base; straight, funnel-shaped rim, and handle from rim to body. Height 66. Floor
6. Bichrome IV globular jug with base-ring; narrow, cylindrical neck; pinched mouth with in-turned rim, and a twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black, encircling lines around rim and neck; black and red vertical carcles on body, and concentric circles in thear interstices, below the handle, and as front ornament; black handle. Herght 22.5. - 51.
7. Bichrome III plate with conical sides; in-turned rim, and two horizontal handles on rim. Encircling lines around rim and body; black handles; concentric circles in the bottom, and a broad, red line around base. Diam. 22.2. Floor.
8. Bichrome IV almost spherical jug with base-ring. Black, encircling lines around neck and belly; concentric circles on shoulde1; a red band below shoulder. Neck and handle missing. Height 27.1. - 51 .
9. Bichrome $V$ biconical jug with flat base; narrow neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Black lines around rim and neck, and on handle; eve-ornaments below rim, and three red, leaf-shaped strokes as front ornament; two hooked, broad lines below handle Helght 15.2. - 52 .
10. Bichrome $V$ deep crater with base-ring; flat, horizontal shoulder; short, plain, rertical rim, and two horizontal
twin-handles on shoulder. Black and red encarcling lines; small, black triangles on shoulder; two friezes of concentric circles around body; black handles, and broad, black, vertical lines from roots of handles to belly. Height 35.0. - 54.
iI. Black Polıshed oval bottle with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel rim, and handle from neck to shoulder. Handle missing. Height 8.r. Found in No. 10.
11. Bichrome IV oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical, narrow neck; pinched mouth, and a twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black and red vertical circles around body; rows of concentric circles in their interstices; black handle, and black, encircling lines around rim and neck. Height 23.8. - 54.
12. Painted shallow bowl with flat base; bulging sides; splaying rim, and two horizontal handles Encircling lines around rim and base; a framed zigzag line below rim; a panel-pattern of hatched meander elements between handles; red inside and handles. Cypriote imitation of an Argive geometric type. Diam. 9.9. Floor.
13. Plain White IV sack-shaped jug with rounded base; splaying rim, and handle from rim to shoulder. Heigh; I4.4. Floor.
14. Bichrome III globular jug with raised base; cylindrical neck; splaying rim; a spout with a strainer, and handle from rim to shoulder. Black and red encircling lines around rim, neck, spout, and belly; a ladder-pattern on handle. Neck and base damaged. Height 12.3 . Floor.
15. Painted bowl with flat base; bulging sides; rertical rim, and two horizontal handles. Encircling lines around rim and body, and a panel-pattern of vertical lines between handles. Cyprote imitation of a Proto-Corinthian type. Diam. 10.7. Floor.
16. Bichrome III globular jug with narrow, cylindrical neck; pinched mouth; in-turned rim, and a twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black and red, encircling lines around rim, neck, and body; concentric carcles on shoulder; black handle. Much worn. Height 22.0. Floor.
17. Conical spindle-whorl of terracotta. Diam. 3.8. Floor.

The distribution of the different wares between the two burial periods is demonstrated by the following diagram:

|  | P or t t e r $\quad$ l |  |  |  |  |  | Terracotta |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Painted Ware <br> Imit. foreign | Bichr III | Bichr. IV | Bichr V | Bl. Po | ', Pl. Wh IV' | Lamps | Sp.-wh |
| ist burial period | ${ }_{-2}^{13,} 16$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,15,17 \\ -3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,4 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 5,14 \\ -2 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,2 \\ & -2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{I} 8 \\ & -\mathrm{I} \end{aligned}$ |
| 2nd burial period |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 6,8,12 \\ -3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 . \\ -2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{I I} \\ & -\mathbf{I} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |



Fig. 49. Stulli. Tomb 1, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3). Tomb 2, Plan (t); Sections A-A, B-B (5, 6). 'Tomb 3, Plan ( 7 ); Sections A-A, B-B (8, 9). Tomb 4, Plan (10); Sections A-A, B-B (11, 12). Tomb 5, Plan ( 14 ); Sections B-B, A-A (I3, 15 ). Tomb 6, Sections B-B, C-C, A-A (16, 17,18 ).

The dominating ware is, in both periods, the Bichrome ware IV. A distinct feature of the later group is the presence of the two Bichrome $V$ pots and the Black Polished bottle, both of which emphasize the later date. Chronologically, the tomb is to be placed in the hegimning of Cypro-Arehaic I; it was reoccupied in the beginning of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMIB 3 (Fig. 49:7-9; 50)

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos |  | 3.48 | I. 93 | 0.90 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.38 | 0.64 | - | c. 0.75 |
| Chamber |  | 1.91 | 1.55 | - | c. 0.95 |

SHAPE
The tomb is much deformed owing to the loose consistency of the rock, so-called chomos. The dromos has certainly been deeper, but the surface layers of the rock have been eroded, and carried off by the winter-rains, thus levelling the ground. The roofs of the chamber and stomion have collapsed from the same reason. Originally the shape of the tomb was characterized by the same principal features as Tomb i: a long, widening dromos gradually sloping down to the narrow entrance of an irregularly oval chamber. Construction and workmanship are also of the same inferior class. The door-stone-a large, heary slab - was found in situ. It was standing erect in spite of the collapse of the stomion, supported by the masses of debris from the chamber.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of two intact layers of chomos covered by a stratum of clayey carth, apparently accumulated by the currents of rain-water that pass over the place in winter times. This layer went also over the fallen-in stomion and chamber, where it covered the debris from the roof. On the floor was a thin culture stratum consisting of a burial along the right side and a deposit of tomb-gifts by the opposite wall.

## BI'RIAL

The skeletal material was in a bad state of preservation, but as it was perfectly intact, the original position of the body could be reconstructed. It had been placed in dorsal, outstretched position with the hands in the bosom, and the head towards the entrance of the thamber.


## FINDS (GROLP: PL. XXX, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Bichrome IV globular jug with base-ring: cylindrical neck; pinched mouth, and a twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; large, vertical, concentric circles on buth sides of budy, and small, concentric circles in ther interstices, and opposite and below the handle; black handle. Height 253 . Floor.
2. Bichrome IV jug, as No. i. Height 24.4. Floor.
3. White Painted IV barrel-shaped, oblong jug with two knobs at ends of hody, and handle from neck to shoulder. Large, vertical, concentric circles on both sides of budy; small, concentric circles in their interstices, and below and opposite the handle; zigzag line on handle. Neck missing. Height 29.8. Floor.
4. White Painted III oral jug with base-ring; concave, splaying neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder,
belly, and base, a framed, wary line on handle. Repured. Height 3i.r. Flowr.
5. Coarse Ware owal jug with flat base, eyhndrical nech: phain rim, and handle from rim to , houlder Helaht 29.3. Floor.
6. Buchrome 111 wal amphora wita base-ring, uncase neck; Hat rim, and two horiountal hamdlen on houlda. Brehrome, encercling lines aresund rm, nech, bells, and base; a was: lme between handles. groups of transierse lines on rim, and blatk handlen Piece of ram missing. Alerght 419 Floor
7 . Buchrome 111 squat jue with that base; narrow neck, and handle from neck to shoulder. Buchrome, encirchenclines around neck and buily. Kim missing Height ins.s. Floor.
8 Whate Panted IIl bowl with Hat base, stramelt sides, handle from rem to bods. Encirchng lines innde, and a broad, wasy line around rim fam iz.o. lhor.

The diagram below gives a summary of the Object Register:

| Poteris |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wh P III | Wh. P IV | Buchr III | Bichr. IV | Coarse Ware |
| +. 8 |  | 6. 7 | 1, 2 | 5 |
| 4.8 | $-1$ |  | -2 | -1 |

The distribution of the Type III and IV shows an approximate equilibrium. The latter are fairly adranced in shapes and decorations. The burial - and thereby also the tomb - is consequently dated to the middle of the Cypro-Archaic I period.

TOMB $+\left(\right.$ Figs. $\left.49: 10-12 ; 5^{1} ; 5^{2}\right)$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.45 | 1.34 | 0.92 | - |
| Stomion | 0.39 | 0.50 | - | 0.76 |
| Chamber | ı. 63 | 1.30 | - | c. 0.95 |

SHAPE
The tomb is cut in the chazara-rock at a place where it slopes gently southwards. The rock is much weathered at the surface, and the present state of the dromos does not agree with the original shape. It was probably deeper than it is now.

The actual shape of the dromos resembles to a certain extent that of Tomb 3. It is a shallow, broad passage ending in a built stomion, but the slope of the floor is very slight. The stomion consists of two jambs of rough masonry joined by a lintel which was broken. The doorway was closed by some crude blocks of limestone. The chamber is small and narrow, with a roughly horizontal floor and slightly elevated threshold. The plan is asymmetrical with curved left side and straight right side, and the door is placed close to the former. The roof probably formed a flat vault.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of three horizontally stratified layers of chatara, covering almost the whole area of the dromos. In front of the door-packing were two wedge-shaped layers of the same material, but sloping from the door towards the dromos. They were intact, and ran right up to the stones of the door-packing. Therefore, they have no other significance than being an indication of how the dromos was filled after the burial, by shovelling the chavara matter from all sides of the dromos.

Stomion and chamber were filled with masses of debris from the roof. On the floor lay a thin culture layer, containing some finds and the mouldered remains of a body.

## BURIALS

The state of preservation of the skeletal material did not make any conclusions as regards the burial customs possible.

FINDS (GROUP: PL. XIXI, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Bichrome HIf howl with stem; angular outhne; a ridge below rim, and two horizontal handles Encorches bands of parallel lines around rim, and inside the bottom; a red hand inside rim; a panel-pattern of vertical lines, and chevrons hetween handles Black foot. Diam. 15.7 Floor.
2 Black-on-Red I (III) globular bottle with flat base; narrow neck wath handle-ridge; funnel-rim, and handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, and belly; coneentric eircles as front ornament. Herght g.i. Floor.
2. White Panted IV, oval jug, with base-ring; convex neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; eve-ornaments
helow rim, fringed concentric circles, flanked hy cherrons, as front ornament, and a framed, way line on handle. Height 19.1. Floor
3. Bichrome IV, oval jug with hase-ring, ellindrical neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rin to shoulder. Bichrome encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder, and body; eye-ornament below rink; a wavy line around neck; ladder-pattern on handle, and a hooked line below handle Height 23.5. Floor.
4. Bichrome III bowl, as No. 1, but without ridse below rim, and with slightly splaying rm. Decorated as No. 1 , but with a swastica in the centre of each panel. Diam. 7.6. Floor.

The Object Register is summed up in the diagram below:

| Wh. P IV | Bichr. III | Bichr. IV | BI-on-R. I (IIH) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1. 5 | $+$ | 2 |
| - I | -2 | - I | - I |

CHRONOLOGY
The vases Nos. 3 and 4 are both very early specimens of Type IV. The decoration of No. 3 is in all essential respects based on the traditions of the earlier period, and the rases can be classified as transitional types. Thereby the tomb is dated to the earlier part Cypro-Archaic I.


SHAPE
The dromos is spacious and of mainly the same type as Tomb i. In front of the stomion is an apsidal basin of the same width as the doorway. The door is wide and was blocked-up by three narrow, upright slabs, crowned by three small, irregular stones. The stomion slopes gently down to the roughly horizontal floor of the chamber. The plan of the chamber is irregular with a niche-shaped cavity on a level with the floor at the right side of the back wall. The roof of the niche is considerably lower than the rest of the chamber.

## sTRATIFICATION AND BLRIAL

The dromos was filled with three horizontally stratified thick layers of rock-debris, separated by thin strata of gravel and chips of rock. At the bottom of the basin was a white bottom stratum of great hardness. In the chamber, which was filled up to the roof by foreign earth, stratified in several layers, lay a poor find stratum on the floor. It had four pots and the remains of a body. The latter was marked out by a dark stratum lying by the right side wall and extending into the niche. No bones were preserved.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. XXXI, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I Black-on-Red I (III) owal bottle with Hat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge, Hariner funnel-rim, and handle from neck to shoulder. Pant obliterated; surface worn. Heisht 10.0. Floor.
2. Whate Panted ILI oval jug wath base-ring: cyhndrical neck, punched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; eye-ornaments
below rim, a wary line and ladder-pattern on handle. Rim chipped; paint worn. Height 15.8 . Floor.
3. Bichrome IV oval jug with base-ring; slightly consex neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Bichrome encircling lones around rim, neek, and belly; a way line around neek a framed, wary line on handle, and hooked lones below handle. Hemht is 7 . Floor.
4. Fragments of a jug of Coarse Ware. Floor.

Summing up the Object Register we get the following diagram:

| Wh P. III | Pottery |  | Coarse Ware |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bichr. IV | B1-on-R.I (IIJ) |  |
| 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| -1 | - I | - I | -I |

## CHRONOLOGY

The only rase of Type IV is, like in the previous tomb a very early specimen, and the tomb is contemporary with Tomb $\downarrow$, viz., belongs to the beginning of Cypro-Archaic I.

TOMB 6 (Figs. 49: $16-18 ; 54: 1-2$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Heught |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.15 | 2.18 | 1.56 | - |
| Stomion | 0.36 | 0.93 | - | c. 0.90 |
| Chamber | 1.96 | 1.98 | - | 1.10 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a long, sloping passage of considerable width, widening towards the entrance of the chamber and with sides tapering downwards. Just in front of the stomion is a semi-oral basin, sunk into the dromos floor to facilitate the entering, and to solidify the door-packing, which is built of flat stones of various sizes. The packing did not com-


Fig. 52. Stylli. Tomb 4 , stomion.


Fig. 53. Stylli. Tomb 7, stomion.
pletely fill the actual doorway, which has been enlarged by erosion of the rock. 'The chamber is irregularly oval in shape, and fairly well preserved, being cut out like the rest of the tomb, in the solid chavara rock on the top of the plateau.

## STR.ITIFICATION

The dromos-filling consists of chacara material of various kinds, distributed as follows.
I) A loose layer of yellowish chazara, covering the whole dromos and deepening considerably in the middle.
2) A fine, hard packed charara in the back of the dromos.
3) A layer of coarse chazara mised with stones and pieces of rock in front of the door.

Just above the door-packing was observed a dark layer of moist earth and, finally, the semi-oval basin in front of the door was filled with a very hard compressed stratum of fine, white charara.

The third and fourth layer belonged to the original dromos-flling, but the second seems to be due to a partial excaration of the dromos, caused by repeated burials. The dark stratum above the original door-packing shows the way which was used the last time the tomb was
entered. Consequently, the erosion of the doorway must have proceeded so far already at that time, that the chamber could be entered without removing the original door-packing.

There is little to be said about the stratification in the chamber. A fan-shaped layer of fine charara-stuff which had poured into the chamber from the dromos covered a thick stratum of charara mixed with some blocks fallen from the roof. Directly below the debris followed the culture earth containing the skeletons and the finds, mostly resting directly on the floor.

Remains of three burials were found. The earliest was discovered, swept away at the back of the chamber; another one on the floor along the western side, and the last in the centre of the tomb.

All the tomb-gifts, consisting almost exclusively of pottery, cannot be attributed to the different bodies with certainty, as all of them were placed directly on the floor. Finds Nos. I, I9 and 20 howerer can safely be ascribed to the second burial - the corpse along the western side of the chamber. The bulk of the pottery was found piled up in a heap by the opposite wall.

## BURIALS

Tiny fragments of skull, tibiae and vertebrae of the second burial showed with certainty that the original situation of the body was the usual dorsal position with the head towards the door. The remains of the third burial showed that the legs were slightly bent and contracted, which may indicate rather a lateral than a dorsal position.

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XXXI, 3; XXXV, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
i. Buchrome III goblet with evindrical stem; ancular outhe: two horizontal handle:, and a borderins radge below rm Encircling lines around rim and foost, a panel-decoration of vertical lines; fringed, concentric circles, and solated small crosses between the handles Broad, red lines inside. Height 10.3. Floor.
2. Bichrome III oval jug with base-ring, crlindrical neck; pinched mouth, inturned rim, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encarcling black and red lanes around rim, neck, and base, eye-stnaments below rim: ladderfattern on handle; a front ornament of chevrons, frammes a group of filled and concentric lozenges: two small chevron-groups on shoulder. Height 24.6. Found on top of No. 3 .
3. Depresscd, ghohular jug of Coarse Ware with round hase; short. plan rim, and two vertical handles on shoulder. Henght 203 Floor
4. White Panted 1V owal amphora with short, wade, cylindrual neck, flat rim, and two handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, and body: a wary line around neck; transverse lines on rim. black handles Height 29.7. Floor.
5 Plan White $11[$ osal jue with flat hase; ridge below neck, concase nerk; pinched mouth, and handle from sim to shoukier. Itemht $1+2$ Floor.
6. Black-on-Red I (IIl) \&lobular jug with base-ring; narrow neck wath handle-rdge, flaring funnel-rim, and two handles from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around rım, neck, and bodẹ; black handles; concentric circles on shoulder. Height 12.4. Floor.
7. Plain White III pear-shaped jug with flat base; cylindrical neck; splaying mouth; vertical rim, and handle from neck to shoulder. Height 20.4. Floor.
8. White Painted III bowl with angular outhne; sertical sides: Hat bottom, and two horizontal handles Encircling, hroad lines around rım, hody, and base; black handles. Diam. 10.6. Floor.
9. Bichrome IV goblet whth c̣lindrical stem; angular outline; straight sides; bordering ridge below rim, and two horizontal handles. Black and red circular lines and concentric circles inside; hlack foot and handles. and two friezes around budy. The friezes are composed of iertical lines, disidine them into panels; tree-ornaments; concentric semacircles and circles: dotted stars. filled circles; winged lozenges and zogzag lines. forming a very minute and symmetrical pattern. Height 156 . Floor.
10 Straight, single-edged aron knife with two rivets for fixing the handle 'lraces of wooden handle left. Broken and corroded Length 16.7. Floor.
11. Trefoil-shaped lamp of terracotta with pinched nozzle. and rounded base. Diam. 13.2. Floor.
12. White Panted III oval jug with narrow neck; flat base: pinched mouth. and handle from rim to shoulder. Encarcling lines around rm, neck and body, hlack handle. Height 21.4. Found on top of Nio. 13
13. Bichrome IV plate with raised, flat base; in-turned rim, and two small, wary handles, pierced by vertical stringholes. Black and red encreling lines and concentric circles. Dram. I 8.9 Found on tup of No. 16.
14. Bichrome IV depressed amphora with short stem; wide. eylindrical neck; flat rim. and two handles from rim to shoulder, Decorated as of No 4. Herght 205. Found on top of No. I5.
15. White Painted III bowl with base-ring; angular outline. and two horizontal handles. Encircling lines around rim and body; black handles, and a panel-pattern of vertical and crossed lines between handles. Diam. iqi. Floor.
16. White Panted III oval jug with flat base: narrow, contave neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder Enerrelone linev around rim. neck, and body, haderpattern and a vertacal. way lone on handle. Ilempht 긍. Flowr
${ }^{17}$ White Panted III wal amphora with base-rines, concase, splaying neek: flaring rim. and two horizontal handles. Encircling lines around rum, neck, shoulder, and helly; a zigzag line on rim, a frieze of latrice-lozenues around neek: framed lattice-triangles on shoulder, and a panel-pattern of sertical, framed bands of latticelozenges, thanking a winged square of five lattice-lozenges between the handles. Hersht 71 is foor.
18 Bichrome IV plate, as No 13. Diam. 1 N o. Floor.
19. White Panted III bowl, as No. S. Dam g.i. Floor.
20. Black-on-Red I (III) globular jug with that base: narrow neck with handle-ridge: funnel-rm. and handle from nech to shoulder. Decoration obliterated. Hewht 9.1. Floerr.
21. Bichrome IV plate, as No 13 Dam is.o. Floor

The distribution of the different wares between the two burials is demonstrated by the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The diagram shows that both burials must be placed in Cypro-Archaic I, but it must be specially pointed out that the five pots belonging to the category Bichrome IV are very early in their shapes and decorations. Both the goblet (No.9) and the plates (Nos. 13, 18, 21) could almost as well be classified as transitional types between the third and fourth classes. The bulk of the pottery is clear Type III which proves, that the tomb must be classified chronologically as a very early representative of the Cypro-Archaic I period.

TOMB 7 (Figs. 53:54:3-5)

|  | Length | Widsh | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.54 | 2.47 | 1.90 | - |
| Stomion | 0.28 | 0.74 | -- | c. 0.90 |
| Chamber | 1.77 | 1. 69 | -- | c. 1.05 |

SHAPE
The dromos resembles the previous one. It is a long, sloping passage chit without much accuracy, and provided with an apsidal hasin in front of the door-packing. The sides are rather weathered, and taper considerably downwards. Thrce blocks of local limestone closed the doorway. The stomion is a short tunnel-shaped passage, ending in an almost perpenclicular step of a height of $c .0 .35 \mathrm{~m}$. The actual height of the doorway is greater than the original one. The chamber is small and fairly symmetrical. The floor is roughly levelled, and the roof can be reconstructed as a flatly curved vault.

## STRATIFICATION

The stratification of the dromos consisted of five intact layers of rock debris, varying in colour and compactness. In front of the stomion this filling was dug through by a wide shaft in later times, and the chamber was entered through the enlarged doorway without moving the door stones. 'To judge from the consistency of the filling in the shaft, it seems to have been dug in modern times. The robbers have entered the chamber, but when they found it filled up to a height of $c .0 .75 \mathrm{~m}$. with debris, they abandoned it again. The layers of debris from dromos and roof were found intact by us. They covered a culture stratum containing some tomb-gifts and the remains of two bodies. Neither stratigraphy, nor their positions elucidate the question, which of the two was the earlier burial, and the difference in time between them does not seem to be very great.

## BCRIALS

The skeletal material was very fragile and nothing could be saved for anthropological investigations, but the original positions of the dead bodies could be correctly reconstructed. By the left side lay a body in dorsal position with slightly bent knees and the arms along the sides. The head was placed by the back wall of the chamber. A plate (No. 3) was found on its pelvis. By the opposite side lay another body in clorsal, outstretched position with the left hand in the bosom and the head towards the entrance. At its feet was found a found a lamp (No. 2).

FIND: (GROLP: PL. NXXI, 4; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I Plain White II I shallow howl with flat base, and rounded outhe Dram. in K. Fiowr
2. Treforl-ihaped hamp of terracotta with distinct rim, round base, and pmahed nozole. 'lyaces of soot on rim Rum chipped $\mathrm{D}_{1 \mathrm{dan}} 12.5$ Flowr.
$\therefore$ Buchome lll plate with rased bace thich, in-turned fim, an impered lane below rim, and two small.
horizontal handles at rim Bichrome, encirchng lines and concentric circles vutside and inside; hlack handles. Indm. 220 Floor.

+ White Panted III bosil with flat, slichtly rained base; bulgine beles, and two horizontal hamdles. Enciscling lones outude and inade, blath handles. 1mam. 100. Flort.

A summary of the Object Register is given here below:

| Pottery |  |  |  |  |  | 'I'erracotta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wh. P. III | Brehr | III | Pl | Wh | II1 | L $\mathrm{amp}^{\text {P }}$ |
| 4 | 3 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |
| - 1 | -1 |  |  | -1 |  | - I |

CHRONOLOGY
The classification shows that the tomb is to be dated to the middle of the CyproGeometric III period.

$$
\text { TOMIB } 8 \text { (Figs. } 54: 6,7,10 ; 55 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.09 | 1.67 | I. 73 | - |
| Stomion | 0.30 | 0.93 | - | c. 0.85 |
| Chamber | 1.69 | I. 4 I | -- | c. 1.05 |

## SHAPE

The shape corresponds very nearly to that of Tomb 6. The same sloping and widening dromos, the same door-packing and stomion, and the same irregularly oval chamber characterize them both. A cupboard without cover or contents was found on the Si side of the dromos.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of three layers of horizontally stratified charara, of slightly different kinds, but all of them undoubtedly belonging to the original filling. Through these strata a shaft has been dug, evidently to reach the entrance of the tomb, hut the purpose was never carried out. The diggers never reached the door, and the shaft was refilled with earth and stones. The chamber remained intact. Probably the shaft bears witness of an interrupted tomb-robbery in early times. The bottom stratum of the chamber consisted of a thick layer, containing mouldered organic matter and skeletal remains, immediately covered by a thin layer of brownish culture earth. Close to the door a fan-shaped layer of fine chatara stuff shows that some earth has poured in from the dromos below the door stone, and, above this layer, a thick mass of debris was found which had fallen down from roof and walls. The top layer consisted of dromos earth which had come in from above the door stone.

Although the bottom layer was homogeneous, there could be distinguished two different burials, one on the top of the other. This explains, too, the two different levels on which the


Fig. 54. Stylli. Tomb 6, Plan (1); Finds in situ (2). Tomb 7, Sections A-A, B-B (3, 4); Plan (5). Tomb 8, Sections B-B, A-A, ( 6,10 ); Plan (7). Tomb 9, Sections B-B, A-A (8, ir); Plan (9). Tomb ro, Plan (12).
pottery was found. One group lay directly on the floor and, consequently, has to be assigned to the first burial (Nos. 4, 5, 7, and 8). The rest of the pottery (Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, and 9) was found on a slightly higher level, and must be ascribed to the later burial.

## BURIALS

The lower skeleton was in great disorder. Thus, the arms, vertebrae, and femora indicate that the head had been placed towards the door as usual, but the skull was found close to the back wall. The upper skeleton too, was not intact, owing to the collapse of the roof. The situation of the fragments, however, showed that the dead body had been placed in the common dorsal position with the head towards the entrance, and the slight contraction of the legs must be due to the lack of space in the short chamber.

Finds (Group: Pl. XXXII, I ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Bichrome III oval amphora with base-ring; slightly concave neck; a ridge below the flat rim, and two horizontal handles. Encircling lines around neck, body and base; transverse lines on rim; a red line below rim; a panel-pattern of vertical, framed zigzag lines and latticelozenges, in groups of five, around neck; black handles. Paint worn. Height 55.2. - 35 .
2. Bichrome III globular jug with flat, raised base; concave neck with small handle-ridge; splaying rim, and an arched handle from neck to shoulder. Black and red encircling lines around rim and neck; a wary line around neck; vertical, circular lines on both sides of body; black and red handle; crossed lines as front ornament and below handle. Paint worn. Damaged. Height 21.S. - 35 .
3. Bichrome IlI bowl with base-ring; angular outline; straight sides, and two horizontal handles. A panelpattern of rertical and crossed lines between handles; encircling lines around rim and body; black handles, and bichrome, circular lines inside. Diam. r5.1. - 35 .
4. Black-on-Red I (III) oval bottle with flat base; narrow neck; handle-ridge; funnel-rim, and handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neek, and body; black handle, and concentric circles as front ornament. Height 8.3. Floor.
5. Bichrome III globular jug with base-ring; bulging, cylindrical neck; vertical rim, and handle from neck to shoulder. Bichrome encircling lnes around rim, neck, and body; a wawy line around neck; black handle, and a hooked, broad line below handle. Height 24.0 . Floor.
6. Bichrome IIl globular jug with Hat, rased base, narrow neck; handle-ridge; splaying rim, and handle from neck to shoulder. Black and red encircling lines around rim and neck; crossed circular lines on body, black handles. Height 21.9. - 35 .
7. Black-on-Red I (1I1) oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical neek; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder Encircling lines around rma, neck, and hody; concentric circles on shoulder and belly; black handle. Height $15+$ Floor.
8. Coarse Ware oval jug with cylindrical neck; ridge below neck; plain rim, and handle from rim to shoulder. Hetght 20.1. Floor.
9. White Painted 111 oval Jug with Hat hase; concave neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; eveornament; below rim; ladder-pattern on handle, wo swastucas on shoulder, and chevrons as front ornament. Height 13.0. - 35 .

The wares were distributed between the two burials as follows:

|  | Pottery |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wh. P III | Bichr III | Coarse W. | Bl-on-R I <br> (III) |
| Ist burial |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ -1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{-2}^{7}$ |
| 2nd burral | $\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ -1 \end{array}$ | $\text { 1. } 2 \cdot 3,6$ |  |  |

Both burial periods fall within the Cypro-Geometric III period, and seem to be separated only br a short space of time, a circumstance which is emphasized, too, by the fact that both skeletons were found in the same stratum.

| TOMB 9 (Fig. 54: 8, 9, i I) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| size |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth | Heisht |
| D) romos |  | 3.86 | 1.71 | c. 1.37 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.15 | c. 0.75 | - | c. 0.80 |
| Chamber |  | 1.48 | 1.33 | - | I. $\mathrm{O}_{4}$ |

SHAPE
The tomb lay close to Tomb + and resembles that tomb in all essential respects. The floor of the dromos is almost horizontal, but very roughly levelled. In front of the stomion which was fallen-in the floor sinks c. 0.15 m . by means of a short step. The doorpacking consisted of a thick slab of local limestone, wedged by two small stones. The chamber is of small size. It is an irregular oval with rounded cormers. The floor slopes gently towards the back wall, and the roof forms a curved vault.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos was filled with five horizontal layers of intact chatara of slightly different consistencies. A stony bottom layer was limited to the sunken area in front of the stomion. The collapse of the stomion had left a thick layer of debris behind the door stone which, however, kept standing. The chamber was entirely filled with this material and some debris from roof and dromos. On the floor lay the find stratum, consisting of some rases and the remains of a burial.

BL'RIAL
The skeleton lay in dorsal, outstretched position by the right wall with its left hand in the bosom. The head was placed towards the entrance. All the tomb-gifts lay in a common deposit by the opposite wall.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. XXXII, 2 ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
a. Buhhome 1II oval amphora with base-ring; wide, concare neck; that rim: a ridge below ram and two horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines around Imm, neck, body, and base; a panel-pattern of broad, framed, lattace-band, and encircled dots around neck: a wayy line around body; framed trangles witb filled chequers on shoulder. Height 56.9 Floor.
2. Blakk-on-Red I (Ill) owal far wath flat base; concalse
neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encorchine lines around rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handle, and a hooked line below handle. Height 22.2. Floor.
3. Buchrome III bowl with stem, angular outline; a ridge below ram, and two horizontal handles Bichrome, encorchang lines outade and inside: black foot and handles, a panel-pattern of vertical lines, bands of
herring-bone patterns, dots and swasticas between handles. Height i5.6. Floor.
$\ddagger$ White Painted III pear-shaped jur with slightly rased base; splaying neck; plain rim, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, and belly; black handle. Henght is 9. Floor
5 Coarse Ware oval amphora with that base; crlindrical neck; a ridge below neck, plain rim, and two handles from rum to shoulders. Height 27.4. Floor.
6. Plain White III oval juy with flat base; concase neck;
a ridge below neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Heaght 179 . Floor.
7. Bichrome II barrel-shaped jug wath two knobs at ends of body; narrow neck wath handle-radge; wade funnel-mouth with indented rim, and handle trom nedk to shoulder. Bachrome, large, sertacal concentra wreles on both sides of body: encircling lines around rim and neck; framed, lattice-lozenges as front ornament, filled Maltese crosses at both ends of body and below handle; transwerse linew on rim and handle. Pleces of body masing. Herght 21 1. Flour

Summing up the Object Register we get the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The barrel-shaped jug No. 7 is typologically earlier than the rest of the deposite, although it must be considered as a late Type II. Its presence in the group is an argument for a relatively early part of the Cypro-geometric III period as the probable date of the tomb.

TOMB 10 (Figs. $54: 12 ; 57: 1,2$ )

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos | 5.90 | 2.42 | 1.74 | - |
| Stomion | 0.35 | 0.74 | - | 0.90 |
| Chamber | 1.64 | 1.70 | ---- | I. 42 |

SHAPE
The dromos of this tomb is extremely large in proportion to the small chamber, and has two cupboards cut into its sides. Its type, however, is mainly the same as that of Tombs 6 and 8 , and as the tomb is cut in the chazara rock of the central plateau it is fairly well preserved. The door is blocked up in a manner different from that used at the other tombs. The shutting stone is placed at a distance of more than 0.50 m . from the actual façade, and is kept in its place by two flanking and one covering block. This arrangement does not seem to have been the original one, but to be due to an alteration of the entrance at the time of the second burial, when the first façade was much damaged by erosion.


STRATIFICATION
The dromos is almost entirely filled with the original chazara, stratified in four layers, but, exactly in front of the door, there could be traced a narrow shaft filled with darker earth and leading down to the top of the entrance. The last body and its burial gifts have been brought into the chamber by means of this shaft. The stratification of the chamber verifies the above observations. The bottom stratum consists of dark culture earth with remains of skeletons, covcred by fine layers of debris from dromos and walls. On top of the debris was found a second skeleton, together with several pots, some of which were badly damaged by heary pieces of rock mixed with other debris fallen from the roof. The top layer was dromos earth, which had poured in from the entrancc. To the later burial the pots Nos. 1 -9, 16, and 19-22 can safely be assigned. To the earlier one belong Nos. $10-15$, and $17-18$, which were all found on the floor. In the earth fallen from the dromos into the stomion were found three small pots, Nos. i-3, all of a late date.

## BCRIALS

The upper body was placed carelessly, directly upon the debris in the chamber, and was hadly damaged by the collapse of the roof. It could, however, he observed that it had been placed with the feet towards the entrance. A lamp was found close to the remains of the skull by the back wall of the chamber.

In the earlier stratum were found two skeletons, the older one represented only by a badly damaged skull lying in the SE. corner of the chamber. The later one, too, was verv badly damaged, hut its original position could be seen with certainty. It had the usual dorsal position, with the head towards the entrance, and the body fully outstretched.

## finds (GROUP: PL. NXXIII, I; TYPEs: L. OF PL. If)

## (Chamber

I Bachrome $\mathbb{l}$ minature amphoriskos wath fiat base, (ylindracal neck; flat rim, and two hormontal handles Encircling lines around rim, neck, and body, concentric crucles hetween the handles; black handles. Herght $9 \%-6$.
2 Buchrome IV moniature amphoriskos, simular to No. i, but wothout concentric carcles. Herght 120 . 4 .
3. Bichrome IV minature cratersisos whth fat, rased base; sat-shaped hods, and two horazontal handles. Black and red encircling lines around rim and body, black handles. Iletght - S. - 11 .
4. Trefonl-shaped lamp of terracotta with pinched nozzle. rounded base, and marked rim. Traces of soot around rim. Damaged. Diam. c. 12.4. -42.
5. Coarse Ware oval jug with flat hase, straght, splayng neck: plan rim, and handle from rime to shoulder. Damaged. Heaght 31.3. -42.
6. Whate Panted III oval amphora with base-ring; cylindrical neck; flat, flaring rim, and two horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder, belly, and base; a ziazag hone on rims framed lattice-triangles and framed, vertical zigzag lines on shoulder: black handles laint worn Hewht 05 s. - 39
7. Buchrome III glohukar jug with base-ring: tapering neck; pinched mouth, and a twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black and red encircling lines around rim, neck, and hody: black handle; a frieze of concentric circles on shoulder Height $22 \mathrm{~K} .-\mathbf{4}$
8. Black-on-Red I (III) ural jug, as No. 7. Iterght $=57$. $-49$
4. Plan White IV depressed jue with narron neck, pinched mouth; in-turned rm, and an arched handle from rim to shoulder. Nouth damaged. Height $122 .-49$.
1o. White Painted III oval jug with base-ring; splaying neck; pinched mouth, and handle from ram to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; eve-ornaments below rim, ladder-pattern on handle, two swasticas on shoulder, and a vertical, dotted line, crowned by a chevoron as front ornament. Height 139 Flowr
1I. Plain White III pear-shared jug with flat, rased base; tapering neck; splaying ram , and handle from neck to shoulder. Herght 21.3. Floor.
12. White Panted IV depressed amphora with base-ring, eylindrical neck; flat rim, and two handles from rum to shoulder. Encircling lenes around rim, nech, and body. a wave line around neek, and framed, vertical, was? lines on handles. Ileight 29.1. IFloor.
13. White Panted III sack-shaped jug wath flat hase;
irmehed mouth. and high handle from rim to bloulder Fincareling hone aroured 1 mm and bods: a tramed. was hane on handle. Herorht 15 t . Flawor.
14. Black-on-Red I (II) slobular jus with flat bace and handle trom neck to woulder. Enurclme lines around belly: concentric encier ds front ornement, back handle Nech and parta of body minnes Ifteght 62 Flowr.
5s. White Panted III bowl with mexlar ottline, witatelt ader; flat, ramet base, and two horizontal hambles Encarcline, broad lince atound rmm and bods, black

16. Hehrome 110 deep howl sith base-renes bulerner ades. splaying rim, and two horizontal handles. Black and red encireling lines around rim, budy, base. and inside; black handles. Diam. 144-50.

IS. Conmal epandle-whorl of terracota. Diam is lown
10) Buhrome 15 plate with tlat base and a was handle. perced be a vertical stimes-hole on ram l3lati and red encareliner limes and concentric arcles outsale and inside: black handle. Damaged Dlam. 107. — +2 .
20. Bichrome IV wlobular jas wath hate-ring; cylinarical neck, pinched mouth, m-turnced ram, and at twin-handle from rim to boulder bincirclanes lomen around rim and neck; sertical. Blach and red, urcular hanc on beds,
 ercles as front ornament, black handle. Nauth damared. Heught $204-4.5$.
21. Coarse elohular cooking-pot with round bawe; cylindracal neck, and two verthal hancles on woukder llewht心 I . $-4^{i}$


> Dromoscuplowata

1. Plain White IV eme-shaped mithon wath exlmatual body; ohlactue shoulder; narrow mouth sath sertical rim, and two sertial hander trom shoulde bane maniner. Hematht 505
I)ramu-cuphorra =

1 Black-on-ked I (HIL) elobular monatume jute with that base, narow neck wath handle-rider, funnti-rim, and handle from neck to showider linuruline line atound rim, nech, and body, hati handle. and concentric urelen d front ornament. I Ieleht 5.5
 neck, pout on shoukler. and a baskethandle かere mouth Enemelner lone around rom, nech, londs, and upout; ladder-pattern on hamalle Hewht 100

The distribution of the finds between the different burials and their classification is shown by the diagram below:


CHRONOLOGI
The first burial group and Dromos cupboard 2 contain a majority of Type III and one fairly early Type IV vase. The second group and Dromos cupboard a are dominated by pottery of Type IV. The chronology is thereby settled: the tomb was built and used for the first time in the beginnin of Cypro-Archic I, and reused at the end of the same period.


SHAPE
The tomb was found in the same area as Tomb 2, where the ground slopes rather steeply southwards, and where the consistency of the bed-rock is not chacara but chomos. The dromos is very wide and comparatively short, the floor slopes gradually towards the entrance, and the sides taper downwards. Stomion and chamber had collapsed but the massive door stone remained in situ. It was purposely pressed into the stomion and did not as usual block the doorway from outside. The chamber is narrow and oblong with rounded corners, flat floor, and curred roof. The latter could only be studied at its back section, but thanks to the remaining door stone the reconstruction can be made.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos was filled with clayey rock material, stratified in two roughly horizontal layers, separated by a thin stratum of coarser consistency. This filling was intact. From the fallenin roof a compact mass of debris had accumulated in the chamber. It consisted of an upper stratum containing material from the calcified crust of the bed-rock, and a lower layer of pure chonnos. Further there was a small amount of dromos earth in the stomion. The culture layer was slightly disturbed by in-flowing water. A thin layer of dark, silted earth covered the floor, and in this layer the remains of a body were found. The vases lay in a deposit close to the entrance, directly on the floor.

BLRIAL
The skeletal remains were fragmentary and scattered. Pieces of the skull lay close to the back wall; the jaw was found by the left side wall; the femora lay parallel in the back section, and bones from hands and feet were found here and there. All these disturbances were due to the silted condition of the find-stratum. It is, however, clear that only one burial took place in the tomb.

## FINDS (GROLP: PL. XXXIII, 2 ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I. Bichrome IV globular jug with base-ring: cylindrical neck; pinched mouth, and a twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; vertical. bichrome, broad, concentric circles on both sides of body; smaller concentric circles in their interstices, around neck, and below handle. A front ornament of crossed lines and concentric circles. Height 33.7. Floor.
2. Trefoil-shaped lamp of terracotta with round base, splaying rim, and pinched nozzle. Not complete. Diam. i2.9. Floor.
3. Bichrome IV jug, as No. 1. Encircling lines around rım and neck; crossed, concentric circles on bode; groups of small concentric circles on shoulder; a front ornament of crossed lines and concentric circles; similar ornaments below handle. Repaired. Height 32.0. Floor.
4. Black-on-Red II (IV) globular amphora with base-ring; open, splaying mouth; plain rim, and two knobbed.
horizontal handles on shoulder. Close, encircling lines around rim, neck, and shoulder; al frieze of concentric circles between handles, black handles, and encircling lines below belly. Heisht 3 S .9 . Floor
5. Bichrome V oral jug with Hat hase; coneave neck, pinched mouth, and handle from rmm to shoulder Encrechny lines around rom and neck, an eve-ornament helow rim, ornaments shaped as consentomahted leaves and boughs on body. black hande, and a hooked line below handle. Hereht it.s Floor.
6. Bechrome IV bowl with high stem; slughty curved outhe; a ridge below rim, and two herrontal hander. White flower ornaments on black ground wath red dots in the centre, separated by sertual bands of red lozenges around rim, a panel-pattern of eertical strancht and zigzag lines and large lotus-ornaments between the handles: black handles, and bichrome encorching bands around base and stem. Pant partly worn. Heacht 17.5. Floor.

Summing up the Object Register we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The majority of the rases are well adranced Type IV, and the jug No. 5 is an early specimen of 'Type $V$. The conventionalized tree-ornaments point decidedly in that direction, as well as the slightly biconical shape of the body. This vase, therefore, dates the tomb to the beginning of the Cypro-Archaic II period.

| TOMB 12 (Fig. 57:5-7) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | size | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos |  | 3.52 | 2.35 | c. 1.10 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.28 | 0.87 | - | 0.90 |
| Chamber |  | 1.87 | 1.59 | --- | 0.95 |

SHAPE
The tomb lay in the close neighbourhood of the previous tomb, and is mainly of the same shape. The dromos is wide, has tapering sides, and slopes gently towards the entrance of the chamber. Because of the loose structure of the chonnos rock the upper edges of the dromos are much eroded, and the original depth was, certainly greater than now. The door was blocked up by a single, massive block and the stomion slopes down to the level of the chamber floor. The chamber is oblong with rounded corners, and the side walls converge towards the back wall. Both chamber and stomion had fallen in.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of three horizontal layers of chonnos, covered by a thick stratum of clayey field earth, which also was found abore the chamber. The culture layer lay below heary masses of debris from the fallen-in roof. It consisted of a burial stratum in situ by the left wall, and traces of an earlier burial, swept up along the back wall. The burial gifts can with a certain degree of certainty be separated between the two burials. Thus the two badly smashed jugs Nos. 3 and + and the fragment No. 8 lay directly on the floor among the removed fragments of the earlier burial. These three finds can, therefore, be assigned to the earlier group. The vases Nos. 5 and 6 lay on top of the removed burial on a higher level and belong, thus, to the later group. The same is also the case with the jugs Nos. 1, 2, and 7, to judge from their respective positions in the chamber.

BLRIALS
The second burial is represented by a skull at the back wall, fragments of the arms, and two parallel femora along the left side wall. The earlier burial was partly swept away to the back wall, where a layer of tiny fragments were found. The skull had, however, been left in its original position just to the left of the entrance. The later body was, apparently, placed dorsally with slightly bent knees and the feet towards the entrance. In the first burial the head of the dead body was placed in that direction.





FINDS (GROUP: PL XXXIII, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1 Bichrome IV globular jug with base-ring; cylindrical neck, pinched mourh. and a twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rmand neck; broad, sertical. concentric circles on both sides of body: small, concentric curcles in their interstices. and below and opposite the handle: black handle. Base-ring chipped. Height 22 + Floor.
2. Bichrome IV jug, is No. i. Reparred. Height 24+4 Floor.
3. Bichrome IV jug. manly as No. I, but with ciossed, concentric carcles on body. Repared. Height 25.0 . Floor.
+. White Panted III bowl with flat. rased base; angular
outlone; slightly bulging sides, and two horizontal handles. Encircling lines outside and insıde; black handles. Repared. Dami io.+. Floor.
5. Bichrome IV jug, as No. r. Kım chapped. Height zo.6. - 50 .
6. White Painted IV jug, as 0.1 , but with closer, concentric circles Height 3 r.o. - 50.
7 Coarse Ware oval jug with flat base, cylindrical neck; plan rim, and handle from rim to shoulder. Piece of rum missing. Ileight 285 . Floor.
S. Framment of a terracota chariot with bichrome decoration. Floor.

A summary of the Object Register and a distribution of the finds between the two abovementioned groups is given here below:


## CHRONOLOGY

The first group can be dated to the beginning of the Cypro-Archaic I period, and the second group, that contains only pure Type IV to a later part of the same period.

$$
\text { TOMIB } 13 \text { (Figs. } 56 ; 57: 8-10 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Lenyth | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 5.75 | 2.51 | I. 96 | - |
| Stomion | 0.28 | 0.94 | - | c. 1.05 |
| Chamber | I. 39 | 1.50 | - | c. 1.05 |

SHAPE
The dromos of this tomb is very large in comparison with the chamber. It has all the principal features of the dromoi of the central plateau, but is cut with more accuracy. There is one distinct step in the upper part, and it widens regularly towards the entrance of the chamber. The sides taper downwards and on the right side-wall, just below the step, is a small oval cupboard. The face is rather eroded on the left side, so that the exceptionally massive door-packing does not fit tightly on this side. The stomion slopes gently, and the chamber is of irregular shape with rounded corners.

STRATIFICATION
Except for the top layer of field earth, the dromos-filling revealed the following stratification.
r. A thick layer of light-coloured chazara, thickening in the middle of the dromos, and covering the whole area.
2. A layer of greyish, fine chacara, mixed with some culture earth. It is limited to the back section of the dromos, and contained the entire deposite of vases (cf. below).
3. A wedge-shaped layer of coarse chatara-stuff close to the door-packing.
4. Below Layer 2 was a layer of finely pulverized rock material, extending over the whole dromos.
5. A bottom-stratum of chips of rock in front of the entrance.
6. A perpendicular layer, filling a shaft dug in front of the face. Its widest section was on the left side where the rock was eroded, and from there it went right into the chamber. It consisted of mixed earth and some potsherds. The filling of the chamber consisted exclusively of this layer.

There is no doubt that the tomb has been sacked in comparatively modern times. The shaft in front of the stomion, and Layer 6, which filled the same and continued into the chamber give full evidence for that. The deposit in the dromos, found in Layer 2 and consisting of ten vases, was, however, brought in its position in ancient times, as it was covered by the intact Layer i. It rested on Layer 4, a circumstance that shows that the dromos was partly filled when the vases were deposited. It seems reasonable to suppose that the deposite was brought out from the chamber and, consequently, was the tomb-gifts of earlier burials. Thus, the presence of culture earth in the dromos is explained. The dromos was, apparently, partly excavated in preparing the tomb for a secondary burial, but the extremely small size of the chamber made such a burial impossible without a thorough clearing of the chamber. Layers 4 and 5 are remains of the original dromos-filling. Because of the modern tomb-robbery it could never be stated if the secondary burial was carried out or not. In the cupboard of the dromos two vases were found.

FINDS (GROUP: PL. NXXIV, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
I. Black-on-Red I (III) bowl with base-ring; rounded outline, and two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling lines around rim, body, and base; concentric circles inside and below rim; black handles. Diam. 20.3. - 4.3 .
2. White Painted III oval jug with base-ring; cylindrual neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder Encircling lines around rim, neck, and body; a framed wavy line on handle. Pieces of rim and neck missing Height 26.9. - 64 .
3. Black-on-Red I (III) Hat bowl with base-ring; in-turned rim, and two horizontal handles at rim. Encircling lines outside and inside. Diam. 20.0. - 60 .
4. White Painted III oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical
neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling limes around neck, eye-ornaments below rim; crossed lines and dots as front ornament; swasticas on sides of body; ladder-pattern and crossed lines on handle. Rim chipped. Herght 14.2 . - 25 .
5. Bichrome III squat, globular amphora with base-ring; concare neck; flat rim, and two handles from rim to shoulder. Bichrome, encircling lines around rim, neek, belly, and base; concentric circles around neck and shoulder, and framed, wary lines on handles Height $312 .-70$.
6. Plain White III shallow bowl with shghtly rased base; rounded outline, and two horizontal handles Dam in.6. - 7 .
7. Buchrome 111 bowl with slightly rased hase; in-turned rim, and two sniall, horizontal handles on rim. Bichrome, encircling lines around rum and body; concentric circles outside and inside Diam. 23.5. - -8.
$S$. Coarse Ware oval jug with Hat base; wide, cylindrical neck, and handle from rim to shoulder. Incomplete. Herght 295-63.
9. Bichrome IV bowl with high stem; angular outline: shagty inturned rim: a radge below rim, and two horizontal handles. Encreling lines around rim and body: a panel-pattern of vertical lines, concentric semicircles, tree-ornaments, and dorted crosses hetween the handles; concentric carcles inside: black foot and handles. Herght $160 .-60$.
10. Bichrome 111 large, oval amphora with base-ring; wide, concase neck; flat rim; a ridge below rim, and two
horizontal handles on shoulder. Bichrome, encircling lines around rim, neck, belly, and base; a panel-pattern consisting of framed, vertical zigzag lines, and four luzenges, two of which are winged, filled with latticed chequers, around neck; groups of transverse lines on the handles. Height 65.5.-52.
Dromos cupboard.

I Plain White Ill biconical jug with base-ring; splaying neck; a tuhular spout on shoulder, and a basket-handle on rmm. Heaght 14.2. Floor.
2. Bichrome IV oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth, and a twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, and body; concentric circles on shoulder; black handle, and a hooked line below handle. Height. 23.9. Floor.

The diagram below gives a summary of the Object Register:


## CHRONOLOGY

The stemmed bowl No. 9 and the jug in the cupboard are early Type IV or rather transitional types between the third and the fourth class. As the rest of the contents are classified as pure Type III the tomb can be dated to the beginning of Cypro-Archaic I.


It is short, and the floor slopes very slightly. It widens towards the stomion and the sides taper downwards. The door-packing is irregular, and damaged by the collapse of the roofs of stomion and chamber. The shape of the chamber is unparalleled in its irregularity. The sides are bulging, and the disposition of the room is entirely asymmetrical.

The so-called Tomb if A is a shallow pit dug in the debris of the collapsed roof of 'Tomb 14. It is no real tomb, and it contained only a deposit of eleven vases resting on a layer of dark earth. The structural evidence shows that the deposit was made after the collapse of the roof of the tomb below.

## STRATIFICATION AND BCRIAL

The dromos-filling consisted of two intact, horizontal layers of chonnos, and in the chamber were found two top layers of coarse rock debris from the fallen-in roof. In the upper one of these the pit if A was dug. It held finely pulverized chazara matter mixed with earth. On the floor of the chamber lay a burial layer, covered by two layers of slightly silted debris. The single burial, the remains of which were much damaged by the moisture of the earth, was provided only with one small vase as a tomb-gift.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. XXXIV, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Chamber

r. Black-on-Red I (III) globular bottle with flat base; narrow neck; handle-ridge; flaring funnel-mouth, and handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling Itnes around rim, neck, and body, black handles, and concentric carcles as front ornament. Height 9.1. Floor.
Tombit A

1. White Painted II oral jug with high base-ring; splaying, concase neck; a tubular spout on shoulder, and a baskethandle on rim. Encircling lines around neck, spout, shoulder, and belly; transverse lines on handle. Height $14+$. 26.
2. Bichrome III shallow bowl with slightly rassed base; a horizontal handle at rim; a string-hole projection opposite the handle, and slightly pinched sides. B1chrome, encircling lines outside and inside. Diam. 11.9. $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}}$ No. 3.
3. Buchrome IV plate with splayner rim; flat base, and two string-holes through rim. Encirclang lines outside and inside; transserse lines on rmm. Rim chipped. Diam. 12.9. On No. + .
4. Bichrome 15 plate, as No. 3, but with encircling lines on rim. Dam. 15.i. On No 5 .
5. Buchrome IV plate with slightly rased base; in-turned rım; and a horizontal, curved handle, prerced by a
string-hole at rim. Bichrome, encirching lines outside and inside Diam. 12.0. - S.
6. Plan White IV otal jur with hat base, e findiual nech, plan rim, and handle from rum to shoulder. bleces, of rim and neck missing. Henght 121 ( $n$ Nio $\delta$.
7. White I'anted III sefuat guy with shahts rased bave Encorcling lines around neck and belly comeentac circles on shoulder. Rmm and handle mumes. I lewht 10.2. - 8.
8. White Painted Ill bowl with flat base; rounded wathere, and two horizontal handles. Encircling line outside and inside; black handles. Dham. 102. - is
9. Bichrome IV oval amphora with base-ring, aplaying neck; flat rmm, and two horizontal handles on shoulder. Bichrome, encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder. and belly: black handles, and concentric circles hetween handles. Rim chipped. I Heacht $165 .-8$
1o. Buchrome IV globular amphora with base-rmes: shghtly splaying neek, plam rim, and two henizontal handles on shoulder Bichrome enercling lines around nom, neek, ,houlder, and belly black handles. l'ecee of rum inissing. Herght iI 6 - 26 .
II. Bichrome IIl glebular jug with flat base, exindrical neck; panched mouth, and handle from ram to shoulder. Bichrome, enerchong lines around rim. neck, belly, and base, black handle, and concentric earcles on shoulder. Height 18.3. - 26.

The Object Register is summed up in the diagram here below:


The Black-on-Red I (III) bottle in the chamber is of a rather early type, and is the only criterion of chronology for this burial. Tombi4 A contains, on the contrary, many Type IV among a majority of Type III. The latter is, therefore, dated to the earlier part of Cypro-Archaic I. The structural evidence agrees with the contents of the chamber in dating it to the Cypro-Geometric III period.

$$
\text { TO\IB } \left.\mathrm{I}_{5} \text { (Fig. } 58: \mathrm{I}-3\right)
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 5.04 | 2.72 | 2.11 | - |
| Stomion | 0.41 | 0.96 | - | c. 0.80 |
| Chamber | 2.18 | 1.90 | - | c. 1.05 |

SHAPE
The tomb is situated on the top of the plateau, and is typical for the place. A large dromos of the same type as that of Tomb 13 slopes gently down to the entrance of the chamber. In front of the door-packing, which consists of a thick slab surrounded by several blocks, is an absidal basin sunk into the floor. The face is rather weathered. The stomion slopes gradually down to the chamber floor. The plan of the chamber is roughly symmetrical with converging long sides, and rounded corners. The floor is roughly levelled, and the roof is flatly curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of three intact layers of chazara covering the whole area, except for the section close to the stomion. There the filling is dug through in modern times, and the chamber entered through the gap between the door stones and the eroded façade. The pit was filled with mixed earth, and this layer continued into the chamber, where it was frequently mixed with culture earth and burial remains. The tomb has been thoroughly sacked. On the floor by the back wall lay a skull and two vases, but that was the only contents of the tomb.


Fíg. 58. Stylli. Tomb 15 . Plan ( 1 ); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3). Tomb 16 , Plan (4); Sections A-A, B-B (5, 6). Tomb 17 , Plan ( 7 ); Sections B-B, A-A (8,9); Finds in sitn (10).

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174
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Whate Panteci 111 bowl with shghth rased, tlat base: ramuded outhe and two hamontal bandles Encircleng lines outende and inside; black handles. Diam. if.j. 1 hiner
STYLLI
FINDS (GROLP: PL. XXXIV, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
2. White Panted Ill owal jug with rased base: cylindrical neck, splaying rim. handle from rin to shoulder, and a splaying spout with a stramer on shoulder. Encircling lines around rim. neck. spout, and belly: black handle. Hemphti30. Iloor

## CHRONOLOGY

The two vases were both early Type III, and, thus, the tomb is dated to the beginning of the Cypro-Geometric III period.

## TOMB 16 (Figs. 58: 4-6; 59.)

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.63 | 2.46 | c. 1.20 | - |
| Stomion | 0.30 | 0.80 | -- | c. 0.95 |
| Chamber | 1.70 | 1.34 |  | c. 1.20 |

SHAPE
This tomb is the neighbouring tomb of Tomb 1 , and it resembles closely that tomb in plan. It has the same type of short, broad, sloping dromos, a narrow stomion ending in a step and a small, oblong chamber with rounded corners. The door stone was very massive, and cut out of a hloch of hearr, calcareous stone. At its base were some smaller pieces of local limestone.

STRATIFICATION
The dromos contained chomos stratified in three horizontal layers. On the floor in front of the door-packing were found eight vases, without any traces of culture earth around them. Chamber and stomion had collapsed, and were filled with great masses of chomos debris of varying consistency. In some parts the filling was somewhat silted. Directly on the floor lay a burial-layer by the right side wall. The chamber contained only the skeletal remains.

## BLRIAI

The skeleton by the right side wall was fairly well preserved. It was lying in dorsal position with the arms along the sides and the head towards the door. Because of the lack of space in the short chamber, the knees were slightly bent, and the body somewhat hooked at the pelvis. The deposition of the dead body inside the chamber and all the tomb-gifts outside the door-packing is very unusual, but undoubtedly original.

## FINDS (GROCP: PL. XXXIV, 4; TYPEs: L. OF PL. II)

1. Buhrome IV almost biconical amphora woth base-rone, and two twin-handles from rim to shoulder. Bichrome encircling lines around neck, belly, and base; concentric carcles on shoulder. Neck and handle mossing. Height 16. 8 . Floor
2. Bichrone $1^{\circ}$ oxal amphord with base-ring; slightly splaying neck, flat rim. and two horizontal handles on shoulder, Bichrome, encircling lines around rim. neck, shoulder. belly, and base; coneentric curcles between handles, a pigzag line on rim. and black handles. Pieces of rim masing. Height $23+$ Floor.
3 White Panted IV oblong. barrel-shaped jug with two knobs on sides of body, narrow. cmncare neck. and handle from neck to shoulder. Large, vertical, concentric cracles, on both sades of $b$ sdy, and small, concentric carcles below and opposite the handle. Rim and handle mising Height is 5 . Floor.
3. Whate Panted IV plate with slightiy rased base, in-
turned rim, and two horizontal, was handles, plerted by strinc-hole-. at rim. Encircling lines out-ide and inside. Didm. 12.0. Iloor.
5 Coarse Ware sack-shaped jug. Base, handle. and neth missing lleight $1+3$ loor.
4. Wiehrome Ill ond juer with base-ring. whindradime wide, pinched mouth, and a twon-hatnalle trom rim to shoulder. Enciraling bichrome lines around rim. nech. and belly: black handle, and concentric eircles on shoulder. Height 23 5. Floor
5. Bichrome IV deep bowl with hase-ring: rounded outline shohtly. splaying ram, a radge below rans, and two horizontal handles. Decoration obliterated. except for some red and black dots close to the handles $\ln$ complete. Dham. if.t. Flour.
6. Coarse Ware owal amphora with colindrad nect. slightly, splayine rim, and two homden trom rim to shoulder. Base missing. Henght 278. Flomr

The following diagram gives a summary of the Object Register:

| Pottery |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wh P IV | Bichr III | Bichr I | Coarse War |
| 3. + | 6 | 1,2 7 |  |
| -2 | -1 | - | -2 |

## CHRONOLOGY

Find No. 6 being a late Type III, the group of finds is fairly homogenersus in the classification and date the tomb to the middle of the Cypro-Archaic I period.

TOMB 17 (Figs. $58: 7-10 ; 60$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | 1) epth | Hewht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.90 | 2.29 | 1.44 |  |
| Stomion | 0.37 | 1.01 | - | c. 1.05 |
| Chamber | 2.05 | 1.95 | - | c. 1.25 |

SHAPE
This tomb resembles in all essential features Tomb I3 $_{3}$. The dromos is long and slopes gradually towards the stomion; its sides taper downwards, and on the right side is a small cupboard approximately at the middle of the wall. The stomion is a sloping passage ending in a step, and closed by a large, flat stab of local limestone. In front of the stomion is an


Fig. 59. Stylli. Tomb 16 . Finds in situ outside the door-packing.


Fig. 60. Stylli. Tomb 17 . Interior view with finds in situ.
apsidal basin sunk in the rock floor. The chamber is approximately symmetrical with converging side walls, rounded corners, a roughly levelled, horizontal floor, and a flatly curved roof.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling was stratified in the following layers.
1-3. Three layers of finely pulverized chacara limited to the back section of the dromos. +-6. Three layers of looser consistence containing some gravel and dark earth mixed with the chatara. These layers went from top to bottom in the front section, and were brought into their position after the former group.
It is clear that this stratigraphy indicates a partial excaration of the dromos after it was filled in, when the first burial had taken place. We have, consequently; to suppose two separate burial pcriods.

In the chamber was a rich find stratum directly on the floor, covered by three layers of debris from roof and stomion. Two skeletons were found, one along each side wall. They lay both directly on the floor surrounded by their tomb-gifts, and the stratification does not give any information which of the two is the older. The state of preservation is the same in both cases, and their positions are independent of each other. Therefore, the relative chronology between the two must be fixed by means of the dating of their respective tomb-gifts. To the skeleton by the left wall (Skeleton I) can be attributed the finds Nos. I-5, and the rest of the finds, including the rich deposit of miniature vases, apparently, belong to the other body (Skeleton II).

In the cupboard of the dromos were found three vases.

## BURIALS

Both skeletons have been placed in dorsal, outstretched positions with the hands in the bosoms and the heads towards the entrance of the chamber.

## finds (GROUPs: Pl. XXXI, I, 4 ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Bichrome IV targe oval amphora with base-rine; slightly splaying neek with straight sides; flat rim; a ridge below rim, and two horizontal handles on shoulder. Bichrome, encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder. belly, and base; a panel-pattern of rertical lines, treeornaments, concentric lozenges framing a chess-board pattern, partly filled triangles, and chevrons as filling ornaments; framed lattice-triangles and triangles filled with chess-board pattern around shoulder; a wavy line between handles, and groups of transverse lines on handles. Height $77+$. Floor.
2. Bichrome III oval jug with base-rıng; slightly concave neck; pinched mouth, and twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Bichrome, encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder, and belly, black handle. Height 24.5. Floor.
3. Bichrome IV oval amphora with base-ring, slightly tapering neck; flat rim; a ridge below rim, and two horizontal handles on shoulder. Bichrome, encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder, belly, and base; concentric carcles around neck and between handles; groups of transverse lines on rim Lower part of body is puerced by a hole. Height +5.2. Floor.
4. Conical spindle-whorl of terracotta. Diam. +.1. Found inside No. 3 .
5. Bichrome IV biconical amphora with high base-ring, tall, cylindracal neck; flat rm, and two twin-handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling, bichrome lines around rim, neck, belly, and base; a wayy line around neck. black handles. Height 21.6. Floor.
6. Black-on-Red II (IV) oval jug with base-rıng: cylindrical neck; pinched mouth, and at twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Crossed, concentric circles around bode, and smaller concentric circles in their interstices, as front ornament, and below handle. Rim chipped. Height 21.3 . Floor.
7. Black-on-Red I (III) atobular amphornkos wath rased base; whde, concave neck; that rm, and two handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rom, neck, and belly; concentic circles on shoulder. Piece of neck nussing. Herght 7,2 . Floor.
8. Black-on-Red conical spondle-whorI with encircling lines around the sides. Diam 42 . Floor.
9. Black-on-Red I (III) globutar bottle with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; flaring funnel-mouth, and handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; concentric arcles as front ornament, and vertical lines on hande Height ro.1. Floor.
10. Bichrome IV plate wath slightly raised base; in-turned rim, and two wavy handles pierced by string-holes at
rom Encirclines lines outude and inside, red handles. Diam. io.6. Floor.
11. Bichrome IV bowl wath high stem; inturned rim; an impressed lone below rim, and two wary handles perced by string-holes at rim. Encireling lines outride and inside: red handles and black forst. Dam 13.2. Found inside No 12 .
12. Bichrome IV plate with flat base; in-turned rim, an impressed line below rim, and two wary handles pierced by string-holes at rim. Buchrome, encareling lines outside and inside; red handles. Dam. 16 + Floor.
13 Black-on-Red I (11I) oval Jug with Hat base; concave ne:k, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encircing lines around rim and neck, conceatric circles on shoulder; black handle Herght 17.5 . Ilow.
$1+$ Black-on-Red 1 (111) bottle, ds No. I) Ilelght of. Floor.
13. Grey Pulished oval amphoristos with flat base; wade, concave neck, and two horizontal handles on shoulder. Piece of neck massing. Height $\delta \%$. 1 lour
14. White Painted IV oval amphorstans with haseming, wade, eyllondrical neek; that rim, and two handles from rim to shoulder. Encirclines lines around rim, neds, and belly; black handles. Height g.6. Found on t , p of No. 34 .
15. Black-on-Red I (1II) globular buttle wuth thehth rated base; narrow neck wath handle-ridec, thatine funnelrim. and two handles from neek to shoulder. Finembhom lines around rim, neck, and belly; concentric encles around shoulder; blak handles. Hewht 126 . Forad on top of No 19
IS. Black-on-Red II (IV) ondl jug with that hase. wole, concase neek, and handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck, wneontric circles on body, black handle. Herght 65. Flour.
19 Bichrome 14 basket-shaped binl with flat base, and splayines run Encorcliner lines outade ancl maide. Ind a red band around body Dium 107 libor.
16. Bichrome I乌" plate, as No. I2. Diam, 120. Found in top on No. 22.
17. (ireş Polished shallow bowl wath bise-inge, rumneded outline, flat ram; a redee below rum, and a wat handle. prerced by a strmor-lobe, at rim. Diam り.\%. l-fart.
18. Bichrome III buwl with hagh stem; anerular outlone, and two horisontal handles on bods. Enurcling lines around rinn, body, and stem, bichrome. Concentric carcles inside; a panel-pattern of sericical lines and swastieds between handles, Dlah forot and handles Diam 85 . Found on top of No. 2s.
19. Bichrome III bowl, as No. 22 Diam. S.t. Floor

2f. Bichrome III bowl, as Xo. z2. Dram. S.z. Floor.
25. Bichrome III shallow bowl with base-ring; curved outline: raised, splaying rim, and two horizontal handles on body. Bichrome, encircling lines outside and inside: hlack handles. Diam. 10.2. Floor.
20. Black-on-Red I (III) jug, as No. 13. Encrating lines around rmi and neck, and Iarge. concentric circles on body; black handle. Height 5.7. Fluor.
27. Grey Polshed amphoriskos, as No. 15. I Itight S.7 Floor.
28. Bichrome IV plate, as No. 5. Diam 10.5 Floor.
29. Black-on-Red I (III) sack-shaped jug with raised base; short, concase neck; a low ridge below neck, pinched mouth, and an arched handle from rim to body. Encircling lines around rim, neck, and belly: concentric circles on shoulder, and rertical lines on handle. Height 145 . Floor.
30. Black-on-Red II (IV) jug, as No. 6. Height 22.5. Floor

3I. Bichrome IV pyis with rased base; angular outline; oblique shoulder; small, tapering rim, and two horizontal handles. Bichrome, encircline lines around rmm , shoulder, and body: red handles. Height 75 . I•loor.
32. Bichrome IV plate, as No. 5. Diam. 9.5. Floor.

33 Black-on-Red I (III) bottle, as No. 9. Height $S 2$. Floor.
34. Bichrome IV basket-shaped bowl, as No. i9 Diam. 15.0. Floor.
35. Black-on-Red I (III) oral jug with flat base, concave neck, a spout on shoulder, and a basket-handle on rim. Encircling lines around rim and neck; concentric circles
on body, and transverse lines on handle. Spout missing. Iferght S.6. Floor.
3n. Black-on-Red II (IV゙) globukar jug with slightly raised base; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth, and handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; vertical, concentric circles on both sides of body; black handle. Herght 7.2. Found on top of No. 34.
37. Greỵ Pulished amphoriskos, as No. 15. Height 8.7. Floor.

3 3. Grey Polished amphoristios, as خ̌o. 15. Height 8.7. Floor.
39 Black-on-Red I (III) globular jug, as No. i\%. Height I2.9. Floor.
fo. Cimcular hronze ring with overlapping ends. Diam. 2.4. Floor.
41. Bichrome IV basket-shaped bowl, as No. 19. Incomplete. Diam. I6.o. Floor.
Dromos cupboard
I. Black-on-Red I (III) globular bottle with flat base; narrow neck with hande-ridge, flaring funnel-rim, and handle trom necls to shoulder. Decoration ohliterated: fragmentary. Floor.
2. White Painted IV pyxis with flat base; angular outline; oblique shoulder; small, tapering rim, and two hornzontal handles on body. Encircling lines around rim, shoulder, and body; black handles. Herght 7.9. Floor.
3. White Panted IV amphorskos with flat base; crlindrical neck, splaying rim, and two horisontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, and belly; black handles. Herght in.i. Floor.

The classification of the finds gives the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The difference in time between the two groups cannot be very great. The later group contains still a considerable quantity of pottery of Type III, and the rases of Type IV in the first grnup are all early specimens of their class. Both groups seem to belong to the earlier part of Cypro-Achaic I.

## SUMAIARY

The tombs on the flat plateau where the ground consists mainly of charara have all very spacious dromoi, and are from a typological point of riew rather different from those found in the southern slope, where the bed-rock is soft and argillaceous. The formcr are long and gently splaying towards the entrance of the chamber, and sometimes provided with a dromos cupboard or two. The floor slopes more or less regularly, and in some cases traces are left of original steps. The latter are much shorter, but mainly reach the same width as the former. That means to say that they widen much more abruptly. Further their floors are almost horizontal, and none of them is provided with cupboards. A common feature to both groups is the irregular shape of the chamber, the size of which is very small in comparison with the often enormous dromos.

The conclusions drawn from these typological differences must, however, be carefully limited. It must be kept in mind that the consistency of the ground and the features of the terrain were the main factors that decided the work of the constructors of the tomb. On the plateau a long dromos was needed to reach the depth reqired for the safe hollowing out of a chamber, a condition which is not valid for the southern slope. The chonnos of this area is not apt for the construction of a dromos cupboard, as such a small cavity would quickly be refilled with debris from the easily eroded material.

The burial customs are the same in all the tombs, and all the bodies were found in outstretched, dorsal positions, surrounded by their tomb-gifts. No coffins were used. The orientation of the tombs to the cardinal points is in most cases North-South, with the chamber northwards. This, however, is not a rule without exceptions.

Summing up the chronological data given above after each tomb, the whole series can be grouped in the following chronological scheme where the Roman figures signify the different burial groups in each tomb:

Cypro-Geometric III A. 9 ............................................... . burial group
Cypro-Geometric III B. $\quad 1_{1}, 7,8^{1-11}, 1_{4}, 1_{5} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$.
Cypro-Archaic IA. $\quad 4,5,6^{1-11}, 10^{1}, 12^{1}, 13,14$ A, $17^{1-11} \ldots \ldots \ldots$ Ir burial groups
Cypro-Archaic I B. $\quad 2^{1}, 3,10^{11}, 12^{11}, 16 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . .$.


This shows clearly enough that the necropolis was in most frcquent use at the end of Cypro-Geometric III and the earlier part of Cypro-Archaic I. There are practically no forerunners, and the later tombs are very few. Comparing this result with the field-map (Plan II), we can state that all the tombs on the central plateau werc constructed during the Cypro-Geometric III period and the beginning of Cypro-Archaic I. During this epoch the southern slope was used only once (Tomb 12), but in the following periods (CyproArchaic I B-II A) all the ncw tombs were constructed in this area. We can, therefore,
state that the necropolis was used for the first time in the Cypro-Geometric III - CyproArehaic I A period when the central plateau was occupied by the tomb cutters, and that in the following periods the old tombs were repeatedly used for later burials, and some new tombs cut in the southern slope of the area. That these tombs are of another type than the earlier ones may, however, be due mostly to the local conditions of the place.
E. S.

## INTRODUCTION (Figs. 61, 62; Plan III)

Marion was one of the ancient kingdoms of Cyprus, but its history is little known. The earliest historical event in which the name of Xarion can be identified with any certainty in the records is its capture by Kimon in 449 B. C. ' From the coins we know that two kings, Stasioikos and Timocharis, ruled in Marion in the latter part of the 5 th century B. C. ${ }^{2}$ - At the end of the 7 th century B. C. we hear of another king, Stasioikos, called the second. He was deprived of his kingdom in 312 B. C. by Ptolemaeus Soter, and the people of Marion were transferred to Paphos. After some time the eity was refounded, probably by Ptolemaeus Philadelphus, who named it Arsincë in honour of his wife and sister. ${ }^{3}$

The location of Marion has been disputed, but both literary and archaeological evidence prove undisputably that the city was situated close to the present village of Polis tis Chrysochou.*

If one travels to the West along the coast from Soli, the way first passes Youni and Limniti, running up hill and down dale through the western uplands of the ancient kinglom of Soli to the village of $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{y}} \mathrm{rgos}$, the name of which may indicate the existence there of a border fortress. Beyond Pyrgos a rocky promontory projects into the sea. This is the ancient Kallinousa, which seems to have formed a natural boundary between the kingdoms of Soli and Marion. Here is pure wilderness, not a tillage, not a hut, nothing but tinkling flocks of sheep and scent of myrtle. Suddenly, from the crest of a hill, the smiling plain of Marion comes into view. To the West, Cape Akamas juts out like the foaming prow of a rar galley, while the mountains of Paphos and Troodos form a wooded background.

The plain is a delta, formed by numerous small rivers coming down the hills.
The village of Polis tis Chrysochou is situated about I km . from the sea. Between the village and the sea lie the main remains of the ancient city. Architectural dehris and numerous potsherds on the surface bear witness of the ruins of the town buried below. Nost of the datable fragments on the surface can be assigned to the Hellenistic or later periods. This town, whose remains are risible on the surface, can thus be identified with Arsinoe. Within the boundaries of the town earlier remains of some importance are only risible in one spot,


Fig. hi. View of Marion from the East with Cape Akamas in the background.
where fragments of terracotta sculptures prove that a sanctuary was situated there. Some of these terracotta fragments belong to the Late Archaic period.

There are also remains of another settlement about 1.5 km . to the East, between the present high-road and the sea. This settlement was probably a suburb, as the space between it and the western, main settlement seems to have been unhabited. Heaps of slag are found near this eastern settlement, and the datable fragments of pottery etc. discovered on the surface are Roman.

The necropoleis were also two in number: one, east of the village, close to the eastern settlement, and the other round, and partly, in the village itself, adjoining the ruins of Arsinoë.

The tombs date from the Cypro-Geometric down to the Byzantine period. The Arsinoë tombs are naturally Hellenistic and later, but numerous tombs from the Cypro-Geometric to the Classical period indicate the existence of yet another town, contemporary with these tombs, and this town ought then to be Marion.

As we have seen, the site of Arsinoë has been determined with certainty. The question is then where Marion was situated. Since no remains of any pre-Hellenistic town are visible on the surface in the vicinity of the tombs, it is natural to suppose that the ruins of Marion are buried underneath those of Arsinoë. Further, as the western necropolis contains tombs from the end of the Late Archaic and the Classical periods, while the tombs from the earlier periods are found in the eastern necropolis, it seems reasonable to assume the original town of Marion to have lain to the East, associated with the eastern necropolis, and that at the heginning of the 5 th century B . C. its centre shifted to the West, to the place where Arsinoë


Fig．62．View of Marion from the West．
was subsequently built．Even Ohnefalsch－Richter was of that opinion，though he could not produce any positive evidence in favour of his supposition．＂

In an attempt to solve the question，we made soundings in both the western and eastern settlements．

In the West we opened two trenches at right angles，the one 16.0 m ，and the other 6.40 m ．long，and both of them 2 m ．wide．In these trenches all the dchris was dug through from the surface to the rock．Parts of house walls of different kinds were found，and these could be associated with three distinct floors．On the basis of potsherds found in the debris and on each floor，the uppermost walls could be dated from the Roman and Byzantine periods， the walls below these from the Hellenistic period，while the lowermost walls were associated with sherds of the Late Archaic and Classical periods．

Are we justified in identifying these latter remains with those of Xarion：＇They evidently represent a settlement from the Late Archaic and Classical periods，but was this settlement the city of Marion？It must be admitted that the depth of the culture carth－only 0．20－0．25 m ．－was much less than would be expected from the debris of an important and flourishing town like Marion．It is of course possible that the trench did not cross the centre of the town，but on the other hand it seems bold to regard the remains as indicating anything more than the probability that the Late Archaic and Classical Marion was situated here． Lack of time，and financial considerations，prevented us from excarating the town－site on a larger scale in order definitely to solve this topographical problem．

In the eastern settlement the result was negative as far as concerns our attempt to find there the remains of a town from the Geometric and Archaic periods：only house walls
from the Roman periods were found. It should be noted, however, that soundings were taken on one spot only, and we might well have happened to dig the trial pit outside the walls of the earlier town.

We may therefore say that the exact position of Marion, and even more the extension of the town, is still rather uncertain, but there are indications that at least the Late Archaic and Classical city is buried below the remains of Hellenistic Arsinoë.

Excavations in Marion were first carried out by Ohnefalsch-Richter, who in 1885 and 1886 opened a great number of tombs for Messes. Christian, Watkins, and Williamson.

An account of this excavation was given by Hermann. 'This account is based on Ohnefalsch-Richter's notes.

In "Kypros, die Bibel ind Homer" the excavator himself has briefly commented on some of his finds and rendered a polemic, summary report on his excavation. ${ }^{5}$ In 1889-90 excavations were undertaken for the Cyprus Exploration Fund by Messes. Munro and Cubs." Ohnefalsch-Richter, as well as Munro and Cubs, excavated both in the eastern and in the western necropolis. Mr. M. Markides, ex-Keeper of the Cyprus Museum, excavated a number of tombs in the western necropolis. No account of this excavation has been published. Finally, Mr. Rupert Gunnis, Inspector of Antiquities, has excavated a few tombs in the same necropolis. This excavation, too, is only reported in MS. by the excavator.

Beside the soundings on the town-site mentioned above, the excavations of the Swedish Cyprus Expedition were concentrated to an exploration of the comb-fields. In all ninetyeight tombs were excavated, fifty tombs (Tombs $1-13$ and $62-98$ ) in the eastern necropolis on the sites of Sikarka-Kokkina, Potamos to Myrmikof, and Evrethades and forty-eight tombs (Tomb $1+-6 r$ ) in the western necropolis on the locality of Kaparka.

The excavations began in March and continued until the end of July r929.

## The necropolis at Sikarka-Kokkina

This is a locality 1 km . to the east of the village of Polis this Chrysochou, consisting of several small hills all with the west side sloping abruptly, and the east and north sides sloping more slowly. On one of these hills the villagers had opened twelve tombs which were said to contain Archaic pottery (Plan III, i).

On the ground, potsherds from this period were abundant. The tombs were situated in a line on the steep sides of the hill and were cut in the soft rock. Trial trenches were dug with the following results.


## TOMB I (Fig. 65: ェ-5)

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | I. 40 | 1.20 | r. 82 | -- |
| Stomion | 0.37 | 0.95 | - | 1.25 |
| Chamber | $3 \cdot 56$ | 2.40 | - | 2.05 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather short and narrow shaft, approximately rectangular in shape with vertically cut walls, sloping gently towards the door. Along the south side of the dromos a small sidc-chamber is cut, rectangular in shape, with rounded corners, the long side opening on to the dromos. This was closed with a packing of rubble.

The door has a saddle-shaped roof. The dcor-packing was almost entirely remored except for two stone blocks in the lowermost course. The door opens to the left of the longitudinal axis of the chamber and the stomion leads down to this with a gently sloping floor.

The chamber is large, approximately rectangular with rounded corners, but somewhat wider towards the back wall. The floor slopes gently towards the back wall and the north long side. The roof is barrel-shaped and has been partly destroyed by the crumbling of the rock. On the south, long side, close to the stomion, a tunnel-shaped niche with horizontal floor and saddle-shaped roof is cut in the rock, on a level with the floor of the chamber.

## STRATIFICATION

Below the surface layer, the dromos-filling consisted of two layers of charara, a layer of chazara mixed with charcoal, and at the bottom a laver of hard charara. The third layer contained a strip of charcoal, about 0.05 m . thick. In front of the door, the layers were disturbed indicating that the tomb had been entered by robbers, who had dug a shaft close to the entrance, remored the stones of the door-packing and thus entered the tombchamber. Also the stratification of the chamber and the condition of finds indicated the same thing. The chamber was filled to the roof with earth, clay, and rock matter from the fallen-in roof. Below this the culture stratum on the floor of the chamber was also disturbed and not a single find was made. The side-chamber, which had escaped the tomb-robbers, was filled with earth and clay, and contained an intact burial.

## BLRIALS

The side-chamber contained a single skeleton in a dorsal, outstretched position together with a deposit of some pots. About the burials in the main chamber, nothing can be said, except that the stratification of the dromos-filling indicates that repeated burials have taken place, and that fircs were lit, the remains of which were thrown out in the dromos.

FINDS


Summing up the description in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

(HRONOLOGY
The finds show that the tomb belongs to the Hellenistic period.

TOMIB 2 (Figs. $63 ; 64 ; 65: 6-11$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1. 68 | I. 83 | 2.50 | - |
| Stomion | 0.70 | 1.04 | - | 1.60 |
| Chamber | 4.30 | 2.50 | - | I. 98 |

SHAPE
The dromos is in the shape of a short shaft cut in the steeply sloping hill-side, widening towards the back end, and with vertically cut walls. At the entrance of the dromos, two worn steps lead down to its floor which then slopes slightly towards the door. On the south long side, a tunnel-shaped niche with horizontal floor and roof is cut into the rock, about 0.70 m . above the floor of the dromos. The niche is rectangular in shape with rounded corners. Along the north long side of the dromos a bench, also about 0.70 m . above the floor of the dromos, is cut into the rock. The door has an arched roof and opens on to the chamber, obliquely to its longitudinal axis. The stomion leads down to the chamber by a step. The door-packing was missing.
'The chamber is a large, roughly rectangular room with six irregularily placed niches cut into the wall. The floor slopes gently towards the back wall and the two side walls. The roof is slightly curved and partly destroyed by the crumbling of the rock. The niches are tunnel-shaped, and approximately rectangular with rounded corners. Their floors and roofs slope towards the back wall. They are all cut approximately at a level with the floor of the chamber except Niche 1 which is about 0.25 m . above the floor of the chamber.


Fig. 63. Marion. Tomb 2. Interior view.


Fig. 64. Marion. 'Tomb 2. Interior view.

Niche 2 is about twice as wide as the others. Niche $x$ is situated in the south wall of the chamber, close to the entrance; Niche 2 in the same side wall at the back of the chamber; Niche 3 in the back wall and Niches $4,5,6$ in the north side wall of the chamber.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos was found uncorered, which, together with the missing door-packing, the stratification in the chamber and the condition of finds, indicates that the tomb had heen robbed. In later times, moreover, it had been used by shepherds as a refuge. 'The layers in the chamber consisted of a disturbed culture stratum at the bottom, and above that a layer of earth and rock material from the fallen-in roofs and walls. Only in Niches $\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}$, and 6 , the burial stratum was partly intact.

## BCRIALs

All over the floor of the chamber and the niches remains of bodies were found, but no skeleton was completely preserved, or gave any idea of the details of the burial eustoms. Finds of bronze nails in some of the niches, however, give evidence of wooden coffins heing used to preserve the bodies.

## FINDS (PL. XXXVI, I)

1. Amphoriskos of alabaster. The general shape of the adie is an imitation of the Hellenstic type of amphora wath pointed base. The long handles from neek to shoulder are decorated with a ladder-pattern and two mesed grooves run round the shoulder. 'The ponted base widens into a small foot, moulded and decorated with grooses.
a development from the bose-hnoh of the pontery typo A tall plur-shoped cover on the shape of a mmature a ase standing on an ornamented eppus. the decorative elements from the base are resterated an the coser. The alabaster is homogencoun and tranyparent Bate, laps, and corer domaged lemeht (with coser) 227 .

## CHRONOLOGY

This find and the pottery fragments found show that the tomb lelongs to the Hellenistic period. Besides, numerous potsherds from the Hellenistic period were found in the disturbed culture stratum on the floor.


Fig. 65. Marion. Tomb 1, Plan (1); Sections C-C, B-B, D-D, A-A (2, 3, 4, 5). Tomb 2, Plan (6); sections A-A, B-B, C-C, D-D, E-E (7, 8, 9, ro, 11). Tomb 3, Finds in sifu (12).

TOMB 3 (Fig. 65:12)
size


SHAPE
The dromos and the main part of the chamber were washed away by floods, but they seem to have been similar to those of Tomb 2. The chamber has had niches of the same type as those of Tomb 2 and of these niches two were left.

## STRATIFICATION

The niches were filled with earth and sand. One of them contained a burial stratum at the bottom.

## BURIALS

No traces of skeletons were found.

## FINDS


2. Plain White oval tear-buttle with wade belly; cyhndracal, somewhat splayed neck and hose. Ieruht 150.

We thus obtain the following diagram of classification of the finds:

| Patter g | (;ias |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pl Why. | Bl. Lustrous | Finger-ring |
| 2 | 1 | 3 |
| -1 | -1 | -1 |

## CHRONOLOGY

From these finds, it is evident that the tomb belongs to the Hellenistic period.
The necropolis at Potamos to Myrmikof

This site is another hill-slope similar to that of Sikarka-Kokkina; facing South and situated about 300 m . northeast of that locality. Three of the tombs on the site had been opened by villagers, and large quantities of broken Archaic pottery were found on the ground (Fig. 66 ; Plan III, 2).

Several trial trenches gave positive results.


Fig. 66. Marion. The necropolis at Potamos tou Myrmikof.

$$
\text { TOMIB }+(\text { Figs } 67 ; 69: 1-5)
$$

SIZE

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos | 1. 48 | 1.20 | 0.92 | - |
| Stomion | 0.20 | 0.86 | - | - |
| Chamber | 1. 60 | 1.72 | - | 0.89 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a shallow, short shaft, widening slightly at the back end, with vertically cut side walls and horizontal floor. The door had partly fallen in, so that nothing can be said for certain about its shape; but the door-packing was intact, being very solidly built of five large, roughly cut stones and a quantity of pebbles. The floors of the dromos and the chamber are on the same level. The chamber is very small and of an irregular shape. Its floor is approximately horizontal; the roof had been barrel-shaped, but a part of it had collapsed in the centre of the chamber.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of homogeneous charara. In the chamber an intact burial stratum was found on the floor and covering that were pyramidal layers of earth and rock from the fallen-in roof and walls. These lavers in their turn lay against a laver of earth and rock from the destroyed parts of the stomion, which had, consequently, been destroyed before the roof collapsed.

## BCRIALS

Only one burial had taken place, the remains of which were very scanty. The position of a femur, an arm and fragments of the skull testify to a dorsal, outstretched position for the body, which had been placed along the east side of the chamber. At the opposite side was a deposit of tomb-gifts, consisting of some pots.

FINDS (GROUP: PL. XXXVI, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I. White Paınted IV jug with base-ring; oval body; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth with in-turned rim; twin-handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around rm and neck; black handle; four double-groups of concentric circles around belly. Height 25.4. - 28 .
2. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl with base-ring; rounded outline; horizontal handles below rim Encircling lines around rim, body, and base, encirching lines inside; detached concentric circles hanging from rim; black handles. Diam. 23.2. - 28
3. Bichrome IV globular bottle with flat, rased rim; globular depressed body; cyllendrical, narrow neck with handle-ridge; Hat, out-turned rım; handle from neek to shoulder. Red rım and upper part of neck; encrecling lines around neck; stroke across handle, two vertical concentric circles in front of body. Height 8.6. Floor.
4. White Painted IV jug, as No. I, but with three single concentric circles around belly; one double-group in front. Height 26.8. - 28.
5. White Panted IV bowl with flat, raised base, angular outhne, flaring ram; vertical handle from rim tod body Encorchong lines around rom and bedy: two concentric lines inside; black handle; cursed strohe from end of handle to rim. Diam. 85. Floor.
6. Black-on-Red I (III) owal bottle with flat base, handle from neck to shoulder. Rim mising Enercing lines around belly and shoulder, black stroke across handle. Height 74 . Floor.
7. Coarse ovord jug with flat, raised base; wide, slightly concave nech, handle from rin to shoulder. Heisht 27.5. Floor.
8. Coarse jug, as No. 7. Herght 26.5. - 22.
9. Coarse jug, as No 7 Height 200 - 26.
10. White Panted IV bowl with flat, rased base, doullecursed outhne: vertical handle from rim to bods. Encircling lines around rim and body, small circle inside bottom; black handle, curved stroke from end of handle to rim. Diam $122-28$.

Summing up the description in the Object Register we obtain the following classification of finds:

Pottery

| Wh. P. IV | Bichr. IV | Bl.-on-R. 1 (I11) | B1-on-R 1I (15) | Comrse |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1,4 \cdot \underset{-4}{5 \cdot 10}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 7.8 & 9 \\ -3 \end{array}$ |

## CHRONOLOGY

The tomb belongs to the first part of Cypro-Archaic I, as the pottery consists of a majority of vases of early Type IV, and one specimen of Type III.

TOMIB 5 (Figs. 68; 69: 6-10)
SIZE

|  | Length | Widtly | 1)epth | 11 coght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.00 | I. $4+$ | 2.50 | - |
| Stomion | 0.56 | I. II | --- | 1. 42 |
| Chamber | 2.24 | 1.74 | - | 0.90 |



Fig. 6-, Marion. Tomb t, dromos.


Fig. 68. Marion. Tomb 5. View of the chamber with finds in situ.

## SHAPE

The dromos is short, with four steps cut in the rock leading down to the door and nearly vertically cut side walls. Along the east long side is a horizontal bench cut in the rock, about 0.63 m . from the floor of the dromos, in front of the door-packing. The door has an arched roof. It was closed with a very solid door-packing built of large, rough stones and smaller pebbles. The floor of the stomion slopes gently down to that of the chamber and the door opens to the right of the longitudinal axis of the chamber. The chamber is nearly square in shape with rounded corners. Its floor slopes slightly towards the back, and the west side walls. The roof is flat and slopes down to the back wall. Its state of preservation is fairly good and only a part of it has fallen down.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two layers of chavara, the lower layer ending at the level of the top of the door-packing, and the upper layer reaching the rock surface. The layers were intact. In the chamber, the stratification consisted of covering layers of rock material from the fallen-in roof forming a heap in the central part of the chamber, a wedge-shaped laver of dromos chacara, which has infiltrated through the door-packing, and below these two burial strata. The lower of these rests dircctly on the sand-covered floor and the upper one on the culture stratum of the former, about $0.05-0.10 \mathrm{~m}$. above the floor; representing an earlier and a later burial period. Among the burials of the earlier period, a distinction can be made between one more recent and two older interments. The older interments are represented by some scanty remains of two previously removed skeletons found in the north-east part of the chamber together with some pots; the more recent by fragments of a

skeleton in the centre of the chamber. Even this skeleton has been somewhat removed from its original position when the interment of the later burial took place. The crumbled remains of the skeleton of this body were found along the west side of the chamber.

According to the levels of the objects, the following finds belong to the 2nd burial period: Nos. $1,5,6,7,8,9,20$; and the remainder to the ist burial period.

## BLRIALS

Concerning the position of the skeletons of the earlier burials nothing for certain can be said, because, as stated above, they have been removed from their original places. From the position of the skull and scanty remains of ribs, femora, and tibiae of the skeleton of the latest burial, it can be ascertained that the body had been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position along the west side wall of the chamber, with the head in north-west corner. The bodies had been supplied with the usual tomb-gifts, now destroyed, but once kept in the pots surrounding the skeletons. In the south-east corner of the dromos, in the upper part of the filling, a plain Archaic pot was found, having contained the last offering to the deceased and, after the libation, was left in the place where it was found.

## FINDS (GROLP: PL. XXXVI, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plain White $V$ ' cone-shaped pithos with pointed base; wide, low belly; double-curved body, marked shoulderline; no neck; erect, swollen rim; two handles from shoulder to belly. Height $52.0-41$.
2. Bichrome $V$ biconical amphora with cylindrical neck; swollen rim; two horizontal handles between shoulder and belly. Encircling bichrome lines and bands around rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; wary lines around neck and shoulder; bichrome vertical strokes from shoulder to belly; black painted handles. Herght 32.5. Floor.
3. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical Jug with base-disc; narrow, concave neck; splayed, swollen rim; handle from rım to shoulder. Encircling lines around rım, neck, and body. Herght 9.2. Inside No. 2.

+ Black-on-Red II (IV) bursl with narrow base-disc; hemispherical body. Band outside the rim Diam. ri.o. Floor.

5. Plan White IV sack-shaped jug with flat base, cylondrical body; splayed rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Iteight 17.8 - 57.
6. Bichrome IV spherical jug with narrow, flat base-ring; narrow neck wath handle-ridge; lower part concave, upper part cylindrical, tlaring rim; handle from neck to shoulder. A broad red band and black encircling lines around neck, two groups of concentric circles with group, of small concentric circles in the interstices cosering both sides of body, filled red circle with central white dot encircled by black lines flanked by two groups consisting of four groups of concentric circles, as front ornament, two groups of concentric corcles as back urnament; red painted rim, transverse strokes on lower
part of handle; upper part of handle black. Pieces of rim missing. Height $13.7 . \quad-57$.
7. Plain White V wade buwl wath high base-ring; splaying sides: flat, wide rim, pierced by twu string-holes. Diam. 30.1. - 57.
8. Red Slip III (V) brconical jug with narrow base-disc; broad, splayed neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 7.5. - 63.
9. White Painted $V^{*}$ alabastron-shaped jug, incomplete. Encircling lines around neck and belly; two groups of concentric curcles opposite handle. Height in.9. - 60 .
10. Bichrome IV oval amphora with base-ring; short, cylindrical neck; flat rim; twin-handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around rim, neck, and belly; transverse strokes around rim and on handles; groups of concentric circles around neck and shoulder. Henght 18.2. Floor.
11. Coarse oval jug with that base; wide, cyllndrical neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 16.2 . Floor.
12. Plan White $V$ oval Jug with Hat base-disc; taperng neck; narrow, pinched mouth; elevated handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 160 Floor.
13. White Panted IV osal juer with Hat base-dise; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around rim and neck; transverse strokes across handle; three groups of concentric carcles around shoulder Ifeight 191. Floor.
14. Black Slıp IV-V wade amphorıskos with stemmed foot; short, cylindrical neck; fiat rim; two vertical handles from rim to shoulder. Height 14.3. Floor.
15. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, shape as No. 4. Broad
band outside and inside rim, concentric carcles inside bottom. Dram. iI.i. Floor.
16. Bichrome IV oval amphora with base-ring; cylindrical neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles between shoulder and helly. Encarcling lines and bands around rim, neck. shoulder, and helly; a frieze of four groups of concentric circles around body. Height 20.4. Floor.
17. White Painted IV oval jug, shape as No. 13, but with plan handle, same decoration, but pantings almost washed out. Height 17.2. Floor.
18. Bichrome Red II (V) oval jug with base-ring; wide, slightly tapered neck; broad, pinched mouth; a twinhandle with three bosses from rim to shoulder. Reddish black ground; black encircling lines and bands around
rim, neck, and belly; ring of sertical stripes on the upper part of shoulder, transierse strokes across handle; white supplementary colour used in two lines around belly, and three rosettes of dots on shoulder. Height 206 . Fluor.
I9 Bichrome V shallow bowl with flat hase-dicc, rounded outline, plain rim. Encorcling lines and bands around edge, and inside bottom. Diam. 127. Fluor.
19. Bichrome Red II (V) globular jug with base-ring; tapering neck; narrow, pinched mouth; tall twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Reddish hlack and red ground. Black encircling lines and bands round neck and helly, and transverse strokes across the handle, with supplementary colour used in several lines round belly and shoulder. Henght 26.5. In the dromos.

Summing up the classification in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

We see thus that specimens of Type $V$ increase, and those of Type IV decrease in the 2nd burial period; while there were seven vases of Type IV, and five of Type $V$ in the ist burial period, there were only two specime of Type $I V$, and five specimens of Type $V$ in the $2 n d$ burial period. These chronological data allot the ist burial period to the first part, and the 2nd burial period to the second part of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMB 6 A (Fig. 70: 1, 3, 4, 6)

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length | Wedth | Depth | Height |
| Dromos |  | I. 40 | 0.70 | 1.50 | - |
| Chamber |  | 1.30 | 0.98 | - | 1.10 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a short, narrow shaft with vertically cut walls, and a single step leading down to the floor-level, in front of the door. The door was closed by a single, circular stone slab with a round hole pierced in the centre, which was closed by smaller stones.

The door-opening oceupies the whole width of the front side of the chamber, and the stomion leads down to it with a fairly gentle slope. The chamber is very small and irregularily shaped. Its floor and roof slope towards the back well. Part of the walls, and the roof have fallen in.

## stratification

The filling of the dromos consisted of homogeneous charara. The chamber was quite filled with rock material from the fallen-in walls and roof, covering two burial and culture strata; the lowermost on the floor and upper one on the top of it. The following objects belong to the ist burial stratum, and were found on the floor or just above it: Nos. ro-iq. Objects Nos. $1-9$ were found between levels - 46 and -76 , and belong to the 2 nd burial stratum.

## BLRIALS

The remains of one skeleton were found. The small size of the chamber did not allow of an outstretched position and from the disposition of the bones, it can be ascertained that the body was placed with its back leaning against the back wall of the chamber, sitting with crossed legs and holding jug No. 8 in its arms. After putrefaction, the upper part of the hody fell forwards, which can be seen from the fact that the skull was found on the top of jug No. S. The usual tomb-gifts in pots were placed around the body. In the dromos in front of the door slab, an amphora was found, having contained offerings to the dead. The hole in the centre of the door slab, moreover, gives evidence of sacrifices having been performed for the dead; at the sacrifice the blood of the victims poured through the hole down into the chamber to saturate the deceased.

## FIND: (GROLPS: PL. XXXIII, I, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## D) romos

1 Whate Pantud IV amphora wath base-rine: onod body, thlindrical neck, weilen ram: herizontal handles on whoulder. Encurcling lines and bands around neck and buds, sparse, concentric eircles on shoulder Height 5) - In the dromos filling.

+. White Panted IV shallow bowl with round base. Enendines band around rum. Dram iz.6. - $6+$
5. White Panted III wal jug with bast-dine: radee around neck; concave, splayed neck; tubular spout, high twinhandle from rim to shoulder. Encirchner lines around ram, neck, and spout, black panted handle, lines aloner spout, band of small eoncentra enteles around shoulcler; a rong of same around root of spot. Height 20.4. - 59 .
6. Red silip II (IV) shallow howl wath base-dise; somewhat aneular outlone. Hat rime. handle from rime to bode. Dtam 94. - 70.
7. Bichrome Red I (IV) globular bottle with base-disc; funnei-nech. Hat rim. handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Body with red shp, black and red encerclener lines around rmand nech Ifersht 10.3 . - 76.
8. Bichrome IV oval jug with base-ring: cylindrical. shoghty concase neck; wade. ponched mouth. twon-handle from neck to shoulder Encarchong hnes and band around rmm and neck. close spralu on udes of body. surrounded by double group; of concentric arcles and encarching bands: vertical bands of eatclen on sates of whoulder and helow hamike, in front a wheel sutrounded by a
spıral, and encircled by concentric circles; all crowned by a hatched triangle. Height 33.0. - 76 .
9. Red Slip II (IV) shallow bowl with flat base; vertical sades; flaring rim; handle from rim to body. Dam. 6.8 -65 .
10. Black-on-Red II (IV) conical bowl with base-ring, out-turned rim; two horizontal handles. Encircling lines around rim, body, and base, concentric curcles inside the bottom, frieze of same between bandles. Dram. I5.2. Floor.
II. White Painted III shallow bowl with base-disc; straight, angular outline; decoration as No. 3. Dram 12.S. Floor.
12. Plan Whate III osal amphora wath bane-dise, thort, swollen neck; sut-turned rom, large, horizantal handes on shoulder. Herght 16.3 . Floor.
13 Coarse elonerated, osal jug whth Hat baseditic, wide. splayed neak; handle from rim to shoulder Ilewrht 15.4 Floor
14. White Panted IV oval amphora with base-riner, concate neck; splayed, stilted rim, hortzontal hanalles on shoulder. Eneirclines lines and bards atound ram, neck. shoulder, belly, and base; black painted handles, detaiked, concentric circles around neek; groups of same between handles Height ti.o Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

As shown by this classification, both the burial periods belong to Cypro-Archaic I characterized by pottery of mainly Type IV. These are, however, more adranced in style in the 2 nd burial period than in the first.

TOMB 6 B (Fig. 70: 1, 2, 5)
SIZE

|  | Length | Widh | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.60 | $0.7+$ | 1.24 |  |
| Stomion | 0.30 | 0.70 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.22 | 2.20 | - |  |

SHAPE
When cutting the dromos of this tomb, they happened to break into that of Tomb 6 A ; and therefore the direction of the dromos was changed to a corridor-shaped shaft cut in the rock, from the door-packing of Tomb 6 A along the east side wall of the chamber of that tomb. The floor of the dromos slopes very gently towards the door, and the walls are vertically cut. The upper part of the stomion has collapsed, so that nothing for certain can


Fig. 7o. Marion. 'Tomb 6, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C (2, 3, +); Chamber B, Finds in situ (5); Chamber A. Finds in situ (6). Tomb 7, Plan (7); Section A-A (8). Tomb 8, Plan (9); Sections A-A, B-B (10, 11 ).
be said about the shape of the door, which was blocked by a packing of irregular stones filling about half the dromos. The door opens to the right of the longitudinal axis of the chamber along its west side wall and the stomion leads down to it by a fairly gentle slope. The size of the chamber is greater than that of Tomb 6 A , and more regularily shaped, with rounded corners and slightly curved sides. The floor slopes very slightly towards the back wall; the roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of two layers of chatara. Above the stomion, however, tomb-robbers had started digging a hole from the surface laver of cultivated earth, but stopped their work just at the top of the door-packing. The layers in the chamber consisted of a burial stratum at the bottom, covered by a layer of dromos chazara and earth brought in by the water from the dromos, and forming a heap in the front part of the chamber. Overlaying this and covering the burial stratum in the back part of the chamber was a layer of broken rock from the fallen-in roof and walls, and covering both these layers of debris, was a layer consisting of silted rock and stones from the completely fallen-in roof, the destroyed upper part of the stomion and the uppermost stones of the door-packing. As the destruction of the chamber, consequently, has taken place gradually the finds were in a fairly good condition.

## BURIALS

Three different burials have taken place in the chamber. Remains of one skeleton were found along the east side wall of the chamber with parts of the right fibula and cubital bone, femora, and the left tibia in such a position that it is evident that the body had been placed in an outstretched, dorsal position with the head towards the east part of the front door. Another body was originally placed probably in the same position along the west side wall of the chamber, but at the last interment, some of its bones were moved towards the centre of the chamber where the left femur was found, while other parts were found among the bones of the third body. This was placed along the west side wall of the tomb, in a clearly outstretched, dorsal position with the head towards the door-opening.

At the same time the pots of the tomb-gifts to the second body were removed to the east side of the chamber, where they were found covering the bones of the first skeleton.

FINDS (GROLPS: PL. XXXYIL, 2, $\ddagger$; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Black Slip Y' biconical jug with narrow base-dise, short, narrow neck; wide, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 12.3 On No. 2.
2. White Painted $V$ oval, almost biconca, amphora, with base-ring; cylindrıcal, splaỵng neck; swollen rim. horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and hands around rim, neck, shoulder, and body, a wavy line helow neck and another between handles fandles panted black. Height 25 . - 30 .
3. Black-on-Red I11 (V) glohular fug with base-ringr conical neck; narrow, pinched mouth, tall twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encreling lines and hands around rim and neck; sertical, concentric carcles around ether side of body. I feight 20.7. - 44.
4. Plam White open lamp with that hottom: pinched wickholder, flaring rim. Diam 122 . Floor.
5. White Panted IV glohular jug wath small base-ring: narrow neck: Hat rim, handle-ridge: handle from neck
(t) shoulder Encircling lines around rim and neck; transeres trukes derom handle, three groups of hangeng, concentre careles on berly. Ileight o o. Floor.
o Plan White $V$ suck-shaped jug with that base; no neck; swollen rm, rased handle from rm to shoulder. Herght 16 - 40
7 White I'anted IV sack-shaped jue with Hat base; bobhinshaped body: concase neck; splayed rim; tall handle trom "im to shoulder. Encireling lines around rim and shorbler Black handle Ieaght 10 I. - 3 .
$\therefore$ Plan Whate $\mathbb{V}$ cone-shaped pithos wath pointed base: concal body: slighti! curved waist, flat shoulder; two sertical handles from shoulder to belly. Rim smashed; shp whed otf. Herght 30.5. Floor.
6. Plan Whate IV-V sack-shaped jug wath flat base; almost c̣hndrical body; no neck; splayed rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght ig.o. Floor.
7. Plan Whate V' jug. a No. 6. Height 16.0 - 5 r.
8. Bichrome IV onal amphora with base-rine; wide, cylindrical neck, swollen rim; horizontal handles between shoulder and belly Encarcling lines and bands around rim, neek, thoulder, and body; black handles; a freze of hanames, concentric carcles on shoulder and belly. Helcht 40 5. Floor.
9. Reat blip II (IV) open bowl with base-ring; conical hody; vertecal rim. Dam. 130. (on No. it.
10. Plan White IV pithos, shape as No. S, hut somewhat more compressed, with straight sides. Height 3 8.o. Floor.
If Plain White V'amphora with small base; conical hody; high, rounded shoulder, very short neck; cylindrical ram: arched handles on shoulder. Heisht 33.5. Floor.
Is Bichrome IV biconical amphora with base-ring; short. colinirical neck, swollen rim; horizontal handles on belly Encurcline lines and binds around rom, neck, shoulder, and body; transverse strokes across rim; a wary band around neck; rertical lines on handle; fritze of concentric carcles around belly. Ileaght $\mathbf{1 6 . 3}$. Floor
If White P'anted III plate with base-ring and two horizontal handles. Encircling lines around rim; concentric circles inude; hlack handles. Diam. 6.2. Floor
${ }^{17}$ Plan Whate $V$ osal jus with base-ring; wide, tapering neck, broad, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght i56. - 28 .
11. White Punted IV osal hydrad with base-ring; cylindrical neck. wwollen rim. Encriclines lines and hands around rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black, horizontal handles; strokes on and helow the vertical one; concentric carcles in -houlder, belous neck, and between the horizontal hande, llearht +4.5 Floor.
ig Plan White $V^{*}$ wide, shallow bowl with hase-rine and flat, out-turned rinı. Diam. 25.3. Floor.
20 White Pamted lif onal jug with hasc-ring: short, concate neels, broad. panched mouth; twan-handle from rom to shoulder. Finerthing lines around rim and neck; blah handle, three concentitic carcles on shoulder. Hempht 2.3 5. Floor.
12. Bichrome IV pyxis-shaped amphora with that shoulder; no neck; erect rim; horizontal h.indles between shoulder and belly. Black rim and handles: encircling lincs and bands on shoulder and body; a zigzag frieze on shoulder; a roughly made, latticed frieze on helly; band of oblong chequers and zigzag line on shoulder. Height is.5. Floor.
13. Bichrome IV amphora, as No. 21. Height 20.3. - 26.
14. Bichrome IV oval amphora wath base-riny; wide, cylindracal neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles between shoulder and helly. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; black handles; a double frieze of tangent circles round neck, a double frieze of concentric carcles on shouider. Herght 54.7 . Floor
15. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep, conical bowl with basering; erect, contracted rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encirclang lines and bands round rim and body; hlack handies; concentric lines inside bottom. Diam. 23.0. Floor.
16. Bichrome Red I (IV) plate with base-ring, flat, flaring rim; a string-hole handle on rim Encatcing lines with white supplementary colour in the intervals on rim, and inside bottom Diam. 18.2. Flour.
17. Bichrome Red I (IV) oval amphora with base-ring; no neck, erect rmp; vertical twin-handles between shoulder and helly. Encircling lines and hands with supplementary colour round rim, shoulder, and body; black handles; rertical rows of concentric circles around belly. Height 34.0. Floor.
18. Red slip II (1V) globular jug with base-ring; short, narrow neck with ridge; narrow, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shouider. Height 16.8. Floor.
2S. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep, open borvl with base-ring: consex sides; plain rim. Band of encircling black lines around belly. Diam. ir.6. Floor.
19. White Painted IV oval jug with base-ring; narrow, cylindrical neck; out-turned rim; tubular spout opposite twin-handle from tim to shoulder. Encurcling lines and bands around rım, neck, and belly; black lines along spout and handle; transverse strokes on rim ; concentric circles on shoulder. Height 19.3. Floor.
30 Plain White $V$ shaliow bowl with that base; rounded outlıne; plain rim. Diam. in.3. Floor.
20. White Painted IV bowl with base-disc; double-curved outline; small rim, handle from rim to body. Encircling bands around rim, bodỵ, and base, black handle; concentric circies with central dot inside bottom. Dam. 12.0. Floor.
21. Coarse oval jug with flat hase, wide, cylindrical neck, handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.5. Floor.
33 Bichrome Red I (IV) wide, biconical amphora with basering; short, cylindrical neck; flaring, Hat rim; triplehandles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and hands round rim, neck, and basc; black-dotted, white line helow rim. frieze of tangent, concentric circles round neck, hanging, concentric circles of barying size from neck to beily. Height 420 . Floor.
22. Buchrome Red II (V) plate, as Nóo 25. Dian. iא.o. Fiour.
35 Bichrome IV globular jug with small base, narrow neck; flat rim; handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Red rim and upper neck; blak lines round neck, transserse strokes across handle, four hanging, concentric circles opposite it. Herght 1 I 5 . Floor.
23. Plain White IV-I sack-shaped jug with concave neck: flat base; handle from rim to shoulder. Height iz 8 . Floor.
24. Plain White V sack-shaped jug wath pointed base; con-
ade ncels, handle from rim to shoulder Ilersht 11.5 Fhoor.
25. Whate Panted III crater-shaped amphorinhon with base-riner, two horizontal handle between shoulder and bells. Encirding lines round rm, neck, and belly -Iceroht 70 . Flows.
26. Plam White $V$ badly damaged biconical jug Fraxnentary. - 47
fo. Jron hmafe, trammentary and damaged, with tapered blade. The handle ha been fitted wath bronze nall. Length ii.z Flour.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The diagram shows that the pottery consists of three specimens of Type III: White Painted III, a majority of Type IV, and a considerable number of specimens of Type V. This combination of pottery types assigns the tomb to the early part of Cypro-Archaic II.

$$
\text { TOXIB } 7 \text { (Fig. 70: } 7,8 \text { ) }
$$

| Lengrth Wilth Depth Ihaght |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| c. 2.80 | C. 2.70 | - |

SHAPE
The dromos, stomion, and the front part of the chamber have been washed away by the erosion of the water. The chamber is cave-shaped. The floor slopes slightly towards the back wall and the roof has completely fallen in.

## STRATIFICATION

The tomb had been plundered in ancient times, and only three intact finds were left. The layers in the chamber consisted of a disturbed burial stratum at the bottom corered by debris of rock from the fallen-in roof. All the objects were found on the floor.

BLRIALS
No traces of skeletons were found.

FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XXXVII, 5, 6; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

1. Black Slap V' hiconical jug with rased, flat base; narrow neck: flaring. rounded rim; handle from rini to shoulder. Helght 6.7. Floor.
2 Bichrome Red II (V) biconical amphoriskos with flat, raised bise, wade, slightly concave neck; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, and body with white lines between; two sertucal lines with supplementary white colour from base of neck on shoulder; black handles. Height g.8. Floor.
2. Amphoriskos of blue and white rariegated glass with slender, piriform, grooved body ending in a flat knob; narrow neck. tapering upwards; wide, disc-shiped rim, handles from below rim to shoulder. One handle missing. Height ro.8. Fluor.
3. Small fragments of a Black Figured vase. Only insignificant parts of the figural representation preserved. In the filling

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| Pottery |  |  | G 1 as s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bichr R. II (V) | B1. SI. V | B1. Fig. | Amphoriskus ' |
| 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| _-1 | -1 | - - | -1 |

CHRONOLOGY
These finds date the tomb to the later part of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOAIB 8 (Figs. 70: 9--11; 7r; 73: 1, 2)
size


SHAPE
The dromos is a wide and short shaft, narrowing at the entrance with vertically cut walls. The floor is nearly horizontal. Two chambers open from the dromos; the main chamber from the south back wall and a side-chamber with a short, narrow dromos of its own from the east long side. The stomion of the main chamber has fallen in, but a part of the doorpacking consisting of a couple of roughly cut stone blocks and a number of pebbles was found in situ. The floor of the stomion leads down to the chamber by a gradual, fairly gentlc slope of an unusual length, so that the floor-level of the chamber lies unusually deep below that of the dromos. The door opens on to the right of the longitudinal axis of the chamber in its north-west corner. The shape of the chamber is similar to that of


Fig. 7I. Narion. Tomb 8. Side-chamber.


Fig. 72. Marion. Tomb 10. Interior view of the chamber with finds in situ.

Tomb 6 B , with slightly curved walls and rounded corners. The floor is approximately horizontal and most of the roof has completely collapsed.

The upper part of the stomion of the side-chamber has also collapsed and the doorpacking has fallen into the tomb. The chamber is small and cave-shaped. Its roof has completely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of two layers of intact chazara. Above the stomion, however, tomb-robbers had dug a shaft from the surface down to the upper part of the preserved door-packing, where they stopped work. In the chamber, an intact culture stratum was found in the front part with finds both at lower and upper levels, indicating two burial layers. An oblique layer of dromos chazara, infiltrated from the dromos through the stones of the door-packing, covered part of the culture stratum close to the stomion. Above this layer, and the culture stratum in the centre of the chamber, was a thick layer of rock material from the collapsed roof. In the back part of the chamber, the layers are completely disturbed down to the floor-level. The tomb-robbers, who stopped work above the stomion, have done their destructive work here.

In the side-chamber, an intact burial stratum was found at the bottom, covered by the debris from the collapsed roof.

In the chamber, finds Nos. r and 4 can be attributed to the 2 nd burial period according to their levels; the remainder belong to the ist burial period. In the side-chamber, all the objects were found on the floor, as well as those found in the dromos.

## BURIALS

As no skeletons could be traced in the intact part of the chamber, nothing can be stated about the burial customs. Bones from at least three skeletons were found in the earth remored by the tomb-robbers.

The side-chamber was a child's tomb. The child's skeleton was placed along the back wall of the chamber with the head facing the North. Only fragments of the skull were left; the rest of the body could be traced as a thin dark stratum on the same level as the skull. At the feet of the body, several small pors had been deposited.

[^3]

Fig. 73. Marion. Tomb \&, Finds in situ (1, 2). Tomb y, Plan and finds in situ (3).

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
It is evident that the finds in the chamber, the side-chamber and the dromos are approximately contemporary: nearly all are of Type IV, only four of Type V, but some of the vases of Type IV are late. The whole tomb is, therefore, to be dated to the beginning of Cypro-Archaic II.

## TOMIB 9 (Figs. 73:3; 74: 1-5)

size

| size |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos |  | c. 2.60 | c. 1.60 | c. 1.05 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.40 | 1.20 | - | - |
| Chamber |  | $\begin{gathered} 4.64 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { (6.9I with } \\ \text { niche } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { c. 1. } 7 \mathrm{O} \\ & \begin{array}{c} (5.08 \text { with } \\ \text { niches }) \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | - | c. 1.90 |
|  | Shape |  |  |  |  |

The dromos is an approximately rectangular shaft with rounded corners, vertically cut walls and two steps at the entrance. From the lower step, the floor slopes slightly towards the door. The stomion has collapsed, and the door-packing was missing. The floor of the stomion leads down to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. At the middle of the east side of the dromos, a tunnel-shaped niche ( No .7 ) is cut into the rock in a south-eastern direction, obliquely to the longitudinal axis of the dromos. The south-west corner of the back wall of this niche communicates by a hole with Niche 6 of the chamber, the north-east corner of which happened to break through when cutting Niche 7 . The floor-level of Niche 7 is 0.20 m . below that of the dromos, and its opening to the dromos was blocked by a stone-packing. On the western side wall of the dromos, close to the door of the chamber, a similar tunnelshaped niche was cut in the rock (Niche 1). The side wall, dividing this niche and Niche 2 of the chamber, has collapsed so that these niches, too, communicate with each other.

The chamber consists of an approximately rectangular, rather narrow, central part and
fire niches cut in the rock walls: Niches 2 and 3 in the west side wall, Niche + in the southwest corner of the back wall, and Niches 5 and 6 in the east side wall. Niches 2, 3, 5, and 6 are tunnel-shaped as those of the dromos; Niche 4 is short and wide. All the niches are on a level with the floor of the chamber. The floor of the chamber is horizontal: its roof has collapsed to some extent, but seems to have been slightly curved and sloping towards the back wall. The floors and roofs of the niches are approximately horizontal.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a hard laver of rock matcrial (chonnos) at the bottom, and less compact layers of chonnos in the upper part. The layers in the chamber were composed of a burial and culture stratum at the bottom, covered by partly siltcd lavers of rock from the collapsed roof. Tomb-robbers have entered the chamber through the collapsed part of the roof above the stomion, and dug a shaft in the middle of the chamber, working through the covering strata of debris and reaching the culture and burial stratum, where some damage has been done. The area worked through, however, is rather small, and on the whole, the tomb can be considered as intact. The niches in the dromos (Nos. I and 7) are cut later than the tomb-chamber itself, which is evident from the fact that Niche 7 has cut through the rock wall of Niche 6 in the chamber. The contents of the niches in the dromos are consequently somewhat later in date than those of the chamber. As regards the burials in the chamber no sequence in time can be ascertained.

## BURIALS

The front and central part of the chamber itself were devoid of finds and contained no remains of burials. In the back part of the chamber the tibiae, fibulae, femora, pelvis, parts of the vertebrae, the finger-bones, and cubital bones of a skeleton were found in situ, and in such a position that it can be deduced that the body had been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position with the feet near the back wall of the chamber, the head towards the North and the hands on the pelvis (Skeleton I). In all the niches, on the other hand, remains of burials and tomb-gifts were discovered.

Niche I contained a well preserved skeleton in dorsal, outstretched position with both hands folded over the pelvis (Skeleton V).

Niche 2 contained remains of a badly destroyed, female skeleton (VI), together with tomb-gifts in several pots, tear-bottles, and a personal outfit of some jewelry (No. Io: a gold-ring, No. 11: an earring of bronze and silver, No. 12: gold leaves, and No. 17: paste beads).

Niche 3 contained fragments of a skull (VII), and the skull and some bones of a ram which had been brought as an offering to the deceased. Outside this niehe, a small deposit of lamps, pottery, and glass was found.

Niche 4 contained remains of three skeletons. Skeleton IV is well preserved from the
feet, up to the pelvis. Of Skeleton II the upper part together with the skull was preserved, and the same holds good for Skeleton III.

All the skeletons were placed in dorsal, outstretched pcsition, Skeletons IV and II side by side, the feet at the back end of the niche and the head towards the chamber; Skeleton II with the head at the back of the niche, and the feet towards the chamber; Skeleton III was placed crosswise on the head, neck, and upper part of the ribs of Skeleton II with its head towards the chamber and the feet at the back end of the niche.

Each of Niches 5,6 , and 7 contained destroyed remains of a skeleton (VIII, IX, X). On the body in Niche 5, a bronze obol was found near the back end, where the head of the deceased probably was placed. Consequently, it is assumed that the obol had been placed in the mouth of the deceased, as a fare for Charon's ferry.

FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XXXVItI, 2-6; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I Plan Whate Hellenstic bobbin-shaped tear-bottle wath Hat base, narrow, cylndrical, tall neck, small rim, turned down. Hereht iz.z Floor.
2 Plan White Hellenstic oval jug with flat, rased base; narrow. concave neck, funnel-shaped mouth. small, flat ram; handle from beluw rin to shoulder. Henght 167. Floor.

3 Red silpp Fellenistic conical plate with base-ring, and curved rim. Diam i8.0. Floor.

+ White Panted Hellenstic piriform bottle with flat, rased base: narrow neck, splayme upwards: small am, turned down. Encraling lines around rim, neck, and shoulder. Lustrous pant. Height 13.0. Floor.

5. White Polished Hellenistic oval jug with flat, raised hace, no neck, funnel-shaped mouth; ridue below noouth, moulded handle from below mouth to shoulder. Height i6.s. Floor.
6. Plan White Hellenistac osal jug with flat, raised base; rather wade, tapering neck, radge below neck; swollen ram; handle from rm to shoulder. Heaght 28.5 . Floor.
7. Plaın White Hellenstic bobbin-shaped amphora with knobhed base: narrore, concave neck, flaring rim, handles from neck to shoulder. Height 27.0. Floor.
8. Coarse shallow howl with flat, rased base; rim incurved. Dtam 10.o. Floor.
9. Red Lustrous Hellenstic squat, biconical jug with wade base-mag: tall, narrow, cy lindrical neck, fat rim, moulded twon-handle from neck to body. Herght zo.s. Floor.
10. Plan gold finger-ring with oval, undecorated bezel, bent aut of shape The bezel is not sold Diam. i + 1-lour
I 1. 'I"hin ulver earring with a polychrome paste bead, and a small shlier head of a hull. The bead is fixed on the ring hut badly oxadized, and partly smashed. Diam is 1 loor
12 lisht small wohd nurtle leases wheh hase been used ds a wre:th, or dadem. Length 10 . Floor.
is Hhan Whate Hethenistic slender, oval jug wath short temi, meulded base: narrow neak, funntl-shuped mouth,
ring-shaped, moulded rim; moulded handle from neek to shoulder; spout opposite the handle Heisht iso. Flowr.
11. Plan White Hellenistic jug with depressed, globular body; raised, fiat base; conical, narrow neck; wade, pinched mouth with rim turned up; handle from rim to shoulder IIeight 13.5 . Floor.
15 Plan White Hellenistic jug, as No. If. Height it.5. Floor.
12. Plan White Hellenistic tear-bottle, as No. 4. Height 9.2. Fluor.
13. Eight paste beads: a) one biconical bead of monochrome, blue glass paste; b) one large, depressed, globular bead of incrusted glass paste; c) one sma!l of same material; d) five of blue and white glass paste in the shape of cotton reels a) D1am. I 3. b) D1am. I.24. c) Diam. 05. d) Length 0.5. Diam. 0.55-0.4. Floor. 18. Iron nall with button-shaped head. Point missing. Badly rusted. I.enerth 8.S. Flour
19 and 29 Fourteen small gold myrtle leaves which have been used as a wreath, or diadem Length c. I o. Floor. 20 and 30 . Pair of gold earmes whth a thin, twisted thread of gold, ending in a hook and a loop A small hlue paste bead is threaded on the ware. Diam. i.i. Floor.
2r. Five globular paste beads of blue and white glass paste. Diam. 0.6-0.4. Floor.
22 Coarse wide, biconcal amphora whth round base; no neck; splayed rim; two moulded handles from rim to shoulder. Height 23.0. Floor.
23 Coarse depressed ulohular jug with base-ring; concave, wade neck; flaring rim: handle from rim to shoulder Height ig.5. Floor.
2f Red Sifip Hellenastic depressed glubular amphoriskos woth hase-ring; concave nech; moulded rmm, handles from rim to shoulder; tuhular spout on shoulder Ilemght 136. Floor

25 Seven paste heads: a) one large glohular bead of incrusted elas: b) one erlohular bead, of green \&lasc ; c) one ghobular, of biuc elass, four small ghobalat ones of blue
and white glass Dume, at I 1. h) 08 . (l 07 . d) 0.55 -o.t. Floor.
26. Coarse wide, biconical jug with Hat basc; concase neck; handle from rim to sboulder. Height iz.2. Floor.
27. Giass bead of incruated blue and white glass, glohular in sbape. Dlam. 1.r. - +5 .
28. Sballow bowl of yellow-green moulded glass with lightblue aridescence; concave buttom, plan ram, two grooved lines inside rm Diam. ij \& Filoor.
29 . See Nu. 19
30. See No. 20.

3i. Plan, pointed bronze pin with a tbick, hack-bent head Broken Length 8.5. - $4 \%$.
32. Dark, elliptical paste bead with incrusted, winte line. Lengtb I:2. Flour.
33. Shallow bowl of honey-coloured, moulded glass with Hat buttom: ribbed body, plan rim; encirchens, grooned line inside below rim; light-blue irideseence. Dam, if.r. Floor.
34 Bronze lamp in shape of a deep, narrow b wilwath baserang; covered by a circular lid perced by a central hole for the wick, proided wath a loop-handle for suspension. Height 4.6. Floor.
35. a) Frasment of iron strigl with long, slightly curved, spoon-shaped blade and bent back, angular handle. Length c. 25.0.
b) Slightly convex bronze disc, probably used as hd to a tollet box, made of perishable material. Fragments of choth attached Broken. Dam. 6.5. Floor
36. Red Lustrous Hellenistic plate wath base-ring, moulded tom with impressed kymation ornaments and notched ridge. Diam. 15.4 Floor.
37 Depressed biconical lamp of terracotta covered with black slip, partly turned red; flat sides around fillong-hole.
rather long nozzle: loop-handle (misomg); flat bane Length 87 . Ihoor
38. Coarse globular, depresied amphora with mound bate; no neek, Hat, upturned rim: h.indle, from rim to, hosulder. 'Three horwontal gromee around thouder. 1ferght 17.7. Floor.
39. Black Shp Hellenistic eylindried vase, matating plass, with flat have and a grooved line around rim. Herght 97 Floor.
to Coarse concal, suk-shuped jus with Hat bive, short, concave neck, splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 7.7. Floor.
41. Circular earring of gold, one end beat int., a leop, the other end twinted around the 1 ins Diam. 12 . Flowr.
42. Plan White Hellenistic cylindrical ampbora wirb pointed base: concase neek, swollen rum, handles from below rum to shoulder. Height 29.6 Fhosr.
43. Nall head of bronze Probably used for a worden ereffin. Diam. r.7. Floor
44. Black-on-Ked Hellenistic hemspherical bewl with rounded base: splasing rim lnosde and upper patt of outside red slupped; encircling linc around rim Dam 16.2. Floor.
45. Black Shp Hellenistic b,bbin-shaped tear-bottle wath ralsed, flat base; narrow, tall, concate netk, thack, downturned rim. Herght ro. 7 - 60 .
46. Fragment of a bronze com, bady corruded. Diam 27. Werght ro.23. Floor.
47. Plan White Helleniste shader, pirform twar-bottle with flat, narrow base; tall, nartow, çlandrual neck; small rim, turned down. Helght ifis lhour.
4S. Bicontal lamp of terracutta, batck slapped, with baverinu, growe around thllome-lule, rather long nozale Progectum on body musinge. Length g.o Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery and glass objects assign the tomb to the Hellenistic I period.


Fig. 7t. Narion. Tomb o, Sections A-A, B-B, (-C, D-I), E-E ( $1,2,3,4,5$ ) Tomb io, Plan (6);


TOMB 10 (Figs. 72; 74:6-10)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.36 | 2.34 | 2.06 | - |
| Stomion | 0.49 | 0.90 | - | 1.05 |
| Chamber | 2.32 | 2.25 | - | c. I.Io |

SHAPE
The dromos is a nearly rectangular shaft cut in the steep hill-slope with vertical, or slightly outward sloping walls. The floor slopes slightly towards the door. In the west wall of the dromos, a small cupboard, 0.48 m . long and 0.26 m . wide, was cut in the rock, 0.86 m . above the floor of the dromos. The outline of the door is somewhat destroyed, but it can be seen that it was originally approximately rectangular in shape with a flat roof. The doorpacking consisted of a large, roughly cut stone block in the middle, with a smaller block and pebbles surrounding it. The door opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, in its north-west corner; the floor of the stomion leads down to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is of a fairly regular cave-shape with the front, the east side wall and the back wall slightly curved; the west side wall is somerhat hollowed out. The floor slopes slightly towards the back; the roof is only partly destroyed, and it can be scen that it originally has been slightly curved and sloping towards the back.

## STRATIFICATION

The stratification of the dromos-filling consisted of an oblique layer of chatara, sloping towards the door in the front part of the dromos, a horizontal layer of chatora mived with numerous potsherds on the bottom at the back of the dromos and overlying the lower part of the first layer; and finally a layer of chazara on the top of the two lower layers, up to the surface of the rock. This seems to indicate that the first layer forms the remains of the original dromos-filling which was dug out at the back of the dromos in front of the door, and then refilled with the other layers, in connection with a reburial in the chamber. The fragments of pottery are to be considered as the remains of broken ressels, thrown out into the dromos at the time of the reburial, to give place for the last interment. This interpretation is supported by the stratification, and the condition of finds in the chamber itself.

The layers in the chamber consisted of a burial stratum at the bottom, covered by a culture stratum belonging to this burial; and on the top of this a second burial stratum, covered by debris from the partly fallen-in roof and dromos charara infiltrated through the stones of the door-packing. The first burial stratum is represented by remains of three skeletons. Parts of the first skeleton (the skull, a femur, shoulder-blade, and a jaw were found, swept away, in the north-east corner of the chamber). Remains of the other two skeletons (skulls, femora, tibiae, pelvis, fibulae etc.) were found partly disturbed in the centre of the chamber. It is evident that the first skeleton represents the carliest interment in the chamler
and was removed to the place where it was found in order to make room for the second and third interments; and moreover, that the second and third skeletons were disturbed when the fourth and final interment of the second burial period took place in the chamber. At the same time some of the tomb-gifts of the earlier burial period were piled up along the back wall of the chamber, and fragments of broken pots were thrown out into the dromos, where they were found in the filling of the reburial period (cf. above).

Only finds Mos. 2 and $;$ belong to the 2nd burial period. The remaining objects, belonging to the ist burial period, were all found on the floor, except Nos. 3, 5, 22, and 23, which hate no local connection with the body of the second burial period and were probably remored to make room for that body and placed at the higher level of that period.

Concerning the position of the skeletons of the earlier period, nothing can be said as regards that of the first skeleton. Although the original position of the second and third skeletons, as stated above, was partly disturbed at the last interment, the femora and tibiae of the third skeleton were, however, found in an intact position, and from this it mav be concluded that the body had been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head towards the front wall of the chamber. The position of the skeleton of the second burial period is quite clear. The skull, the spinal column, and the other bones of the upper body were found in such a position in relation to the pelvis and femora on the one hand and the west side wall of the chamber on the other hand that it is quite evident that the body had originally been placed with its back leaning against the west side wall of the chamber in a sitting position with legs crossed. From this original position, the body fell away to the right from the rock wall, into the position where it was found. After the funeral, tomb-gifts in two pots (Dromos Nos. I and 2) were offered the deceased and placed in the dromos-filling.

FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. XXXIX, XL, I ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Dromos

I White lanted Ill onal amphora with base-ring; shoghty concare neck; ridge below neck, thek, swollen rim; horizontal handles on belly. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, belly, body, and base: black handles: sertical lines framing a diagonal cross. Height 43.0. In the filling
2. Black-on-Red II (IV) depressed oval jug with small base-ring, cylindrical neck; pinched mouth with inrurned rmm; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, neck. and base; vertical, encircling lines on both sudes of body, hanging. concentric circles sprosite the handle: two way lines below rim; framed ragaag line on handle. Ilenght zo.o. In the cupboard

## Chamber

I Red mirp 11 (lv) deprenced mmiature jug wath basedine, tall. tapering neak. wide, pinched mouth; handle from rim to soulder. Height 62 . Floor.
2 Black-on-Red II (1V) hallow bowl with flat base; rounded wotline, contrated, out-curved rim. Encircling
lines round rim and body; concentric circles inside. Diam. I5 2. - 73.
3. Black-on-Red II (IV) shallow bowl with round base, flattened: plan rim. Encircling band round rim; concentric circles inside. Diam. 12.8. - 75 .
4 Black-on-Red II (IV) wade, sack-shaped jug with no neck; splaying base-disc; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encarcling lines and bands round rim, neck, bellỵ, and base; black handle; single, concentric carcles, as front ornament, on shoulder. Height 14.3. Floor.
5. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, shape as No. 3. Encircling bands round rim and body. Diam. I3.0-68.
6. Whate Panted If oxal juy with hasedice eyphdracai neck. handle from neck to shoulder. Rim missing. Encircling lines and bands round neck; ladder-pattern on handle; three concentric circles below it; intersecting encircling lines on both sides of body: front decoration of three concentric carcles, crowned by a double loop ornament with three hanging lines crossed at top by two transierse lines I Ienght 105. Filoor.
7. Bichrome IV owod Jug wath that, rated base, narrow,
cylindrical neck; small, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircline lines and bands round rim, neck, and belly; vertical lincs on hande, concentric crrcles on shoulder. Herght 22.6. -74.
\& Black-on-Red Il (IV) sack-haped jue with Hat, rased base. short neck, splayne, pinched rim; handle trom rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neek, belly, and base; hlack handle, three concentric cricles on shoulder. Height i3.S. Floor.
9. Coarse oval jug with flat base, broad, splayng nech; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 13.6. Floor.
10. Black-on Red I (III) oval jug with flat, rased base; short, slightly concave neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around rim, neck, and belly; black handle; concentric corcles on shoulder. Height ig 4. Floor.
11 Fragment of hemispherical hronze bowl with round base; central buss; plain rum with a low rudge below ri:. mside. Diam. 13.2. Floor.
12. White Painted III bowl with flat, rased base: angular outline; handle from rim to body. Encirclang lines and hands round rim, body, and bese, black handle; curved stroke from root of handle to rim. Diam. Iz.0. Floor.
13. Red silip I (III) deep, more than hemisph rical howl with hase-ring; two horizontal handles below rim. Diam. 15.3. Floor.
14. Black-on-Red II (IV) slightly hiconical minature jug with narrow hase-dise, short neck; splaying, pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and neck. Height 7.3. Floor.
${ }_{15}$ Bichrome IV globular jug with narrow base-rint; narrow neck splaying upwards with handle-ridge; flat rima handle from neck to shoulder. Red rim; encreling lines round neck; transverse strokes across handle; hanging, concentric circles in front and helow handle, vertical, encircling lines and bands on buth sudes of body. Height 1r.2. Flour.
I6 Black-on-Red I (III) glubular jug with base-disc; narrow neck with handle-ridge; flarme rint; handles from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round ram, neck and base; black painted handles; a chain of winged, hatched lozenges below handles; intersecting encircling lines and concentric circles on both sides of body. Hetght 16.0. Fluor.
17. Red Slip II (IV) cup-shaped howl with rounded outline; rased, flat base; flat rım; handle from rum to body. Diam 9.o. Floor.
18. Red Slip I (H11) bowl, as No $1_{17}$, but with angular outhne. Dam. 10.2. Floor
19. Bichrome IV depressed oval jug with base-disc; alindrical neek; ponched mouth, with in-curred rme: twin-handle from rem to shoulder. Fincoreling line and bands round rmm, neck, and helly: concentice crreles on shoulder; ladder-pattern on handle. Herght 1;.2. Floor.
20 White Painted IV oval dmphona with basering; erect,
horizontal handles on shoulder Rimand nuch missing Encorchane lines and bands round neck. houlder. and helly: black handles; row of sertual and angle concentric curcles between handles Fiepht 34.7. Floor.
21. White Panted $\mathbb{C}$ oral herdral with base-rang. c! lindrial neck: thack, swollen rim, two horizontal handles on shouider; a vertical one from neek to shoulder Encarcling lanes and bands around neck. shoulder. and belly; blak, horroontal handes; sertical handle wath ladder-pattern; concentric carcles on shoulder, group, of one large and six small circles opposite the sertical handle. Height $4+0$ Floor.
22. White Panted IV odal amphera wath batecting: cylindrual neck; thock, uwollen rim, creit, horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around rim, neck, shoulder, and bells; black handles, hanging. concentric carces from shoulder w belle; metope decoration of wertical, concentric arcles and crossed lines separated by groups of vertical lines on neek. Height 60.0. - 75 .
23 White Panted III oval amphora with base-ning; shophty concale neck: rellef radide below neck, hortantal handle between shoulder and belly. Rim and part of neck mossing Encircling lines and hands round nech, shoulder. hody, and base; black handen, ruppled line between handles. Hewht $340-62$.
2+. Plann White IV oval amphora with base-rine: celindrical neck, grooved below rim, small, splay ing rim Henelt 39) 2. Floor.
25. Blaki-on-Red 11 (IV) plate wath hatering, flat rim, slopang inwards, horizontal handle on rm Eincircling lines round rim, concentric carcles inside buttom Diam. 102. Flour.
26. Black-on-Red I (III) Jugr, ats . Xo 10 , but with base-ing. Height $2+5$. Flour.
27. Bichrome IV globular jug wath base-dise; narrow neck splaying upwards whth hande-rdse, that, wut-turned rmm; handle from neck to shouldes. Red rim; enerching lines round neck; transserse strokes auross handle. II leaght 11 \%. Flowr
28. Bhack-on-Red II (IV) wal anmpora with low banedise; short, calendrical neek, swollen rim, hightly downturned; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rm, neck, and boude, framed maras lines on handles, frieze of coneentrie circlen mond nech and shoulder. Iferght 23.o. Iftomr.
29. White Panted IV amphora, shape as Ni) 22. Encurcling lines and hands round rme, neck, shoulder, hedy, and base: blak handles. Iferght 105 Fhom
30. Bichrome III jur with tlat base, ghobular bods, narrow. concave neck, splaying upwards; tharing rmi, handle from neck to shoulder beconatom $-m$ mila to $\lambda_{1} 15$. hut with small concentric urcles Ilemght 1151 lown.
31. Whate Panted Hil bowl, as No. 12. but with rounded outhe. Diam. if.o. Put tusether of sherds from ist hurial period.
32. Whate Panted IV wade, bromical crater-shaped amphord
whth rased, in-turned rim, indge below rim: vertical handles on betly. 1)ecoration as No. 20 I leight $30+$. A, 人osion
3.3. Black-on-Rted II (IV) conncal bowl with base-ring. erect rim; hurizontal handles on body. Fncircling lines round rmm. body. and base; concentric circles inside. black handles: concentric circles below rim Diam. 133. As So. 31.
if Blach-om-Red Il (IV) globular jue with rased, Hat base; short, shghtly concase neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encirching lines round rim, neck, and shoulder; black handle; hanging, concentric eareles as tront ornament, and helow handle: cromed concentric urcles, and groups of small corcles un buth sules of body Height 28.0. As No. 31.
35. Black-on-Red II (IV) ovod amphora with base-ring; short, wade neck, flat, out-turned rim; triple handles from rim to shoulder. Groups of transverse lines and encorcling bands around rm; detached, concentric circles and encreling bands on neck, vertical rows of concentric circles on shoulder, detached, concentric carcles around belly, dotted, framed lines on handles, filled, segmental area around base of handles, encircled by dotted line; encircling band around base. Height 42.5. As No. 31.
36. Plain White IV torpedo-shaped pithos with pointed base; cylndrical body; sharply marked shoulder-line; oblique shoulder: rased, collar-shaped rim; vertical handles below shoulder. Base missing. Height 57.5. As No. 3 I.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

This classification shows that the pottery of the first burial period consists of a majority of Type IV and a considerable number of Type III, and this period can, therefore, be assigned to the early part of Cypro-Archaic I.

The pots of the second burial period to which those of the dromos belong consist of three specimens of Type IV and one specimen of Type III, assigning this period to the later part of the Cypro-Archaic I.

TOMB in (Fig. 74: in-I3)

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | $3 \cdot 75$ | 1. $6_{+}$ | 2.20 | 一- |
| Stomion | 0.40 | 0.92 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.04 | I. 88 | - | I. 15 |

SHAPE
The dromos is rather a long shaft widening at the back, with straight, or slightly splaying walls; three steps at the entrance and three at the lower end. Between the steps, the floor of the dromos slopes rather rapidly. Below the lower steps, before the door, the floor is nearly horizontal. From the lowermost of the upper steps, a bench is cut along the east wall of the dromos, about 0.95 m . above floor-level, to before the door. The upper part of the door has fallen in. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, at the right end of the front wall. The floor of the stomion is of the same level as that of the chamber. The chamber is trapezoidal in shape, with the east side wall ohlique, and with rounded corners. The floor is horizontal, and the roof, too, seems to have been originally horizontal, but the front part is partly fallen in.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three horizontal lavers of charara. In front of the door the layers were, however, disturbed by a shaft dug by tomb-robbers, and the lavers in the chamber were completely mixed up by their destructive work and they had entirely emptied the tomb of its finds.

BLRIALS
No traces of skeletons were found.

## CHRONOLOGY

The few potsherds found in the tomb (a majority of Type IV and a minority of Type V) seem to indicate that it dates from the earlier part of Cypro-Archaic II.

| TOMB 12 (Fig. $75: 1-3$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SILE |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth | Hewht |
| Dromos |  | 3.13 | 1.68 | 2.02 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.40 | 0.96 | - | - |
| Chamber |  | 2.50 | 2.08 | - | 1. 20 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (reconstr. |

SHAPE
The dromos is a nearly rectangular shaft with rounded corners, vertically cut walls, and two steps in the middle. Abore and below these steps, the floor of the dromos slopes gently. From the lowermost of the steps, a bench of the same type as in Tomb ir is cut along the east wall of the dromos. The upper part of the door has collapsed and the door-packing was missing. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, at the right end of its front wall. The floor of the stomion leads down to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The shape of the chamber is fairly regular with nearly straight front and side walls,

and a curved back wall; slightly rounded corners at the front wall, and a curved back wall; slightly rounded corners at the front wall, and much curved ones at the back. The floor is approximately horizontal; the roof has to a great extent fallen in.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of four approximately horizontal layers of chacara. In front of the door the layers were, similarly to those of 'Tomb in, disturbed by a shaft dug by tomb-robbers; and the layers of the chamber, composed of the earth of the tomb and the debris from the fallen-in roof and stomion, were entirely worked through by the tomb-robbers, who had taken away all the finds, except one.

## BURIALS

No traces of skeletons were found.

> FINDS (PL. XL, 2)

1. Black-on-Red II (IV) oval Jug wath base-ring: celindrocal neck; pinched mouth. twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encireling lines round rim and neck; ladder-pattern on handle, group, of mall concentric arcles on shoulder and budy. Height 14.0 . Flour.

## (HRONOLOGY

This combination of pottery types assigns the tomb to the earlier part of Cypro-Archaic I.

$$
\text { TOMB } 13 \text { (Fig. } 75: f^{-6} \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Lenuth | Width | Depth | Hequht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chamber | 3.18 | 2.80 | - |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is almost entirely washed away by the erosion of the water. The stomion has collapsed, and only one stone of the door-packing was left. The floor of the stomion leads down to that of the chamber by a gentle slope and the door opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis. The shape of the chamber is trapezoidal, with the side walls narrowing towards the back, and with rounded corners. The floor of the chamber is horizontal; the roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The stratification of the chamber consisted of the following layers: In the front part there is an intact burial stratum at the hottom, and above that, a similar, intact culture stratum, near the door covered by chacara infiltrated from the dromos, and in the centre by a heary
pyramidal layer of rock from the collapsed roof. The layers in the back part of the chamber were disturbed by a shaft dug by tomb-robbers from above. The tomb-robbers have worked through about $3+$ of the chamber from this shaft. All the objects were found on the floor.

## BLRIALS

Ahout the burials nothing can be stated.

## FINDS (GROCP: PL. XL, 3)

I Whate Panted IV wade, osal jug wath base-ring, short, taperngs neth: panched mouth with in-turned rim; wonhandle from rim to shoulder. Encarcling lines round rim and neck: hlack handle; group of hanging, concentric circles below handle; vertical, encireling lines with groups of concentric circle in the intervals, on both sides of body, a front ornament of one large, and four small aroups of eoncentric circles, crowned by vertical. crossed lines; below handle three horizontal, concentric circles from which a vertical band of concentric arcles. Height 33.0. Floor.
2 Buhrome IV glohular jug with base-ring, narrow, crlandracil nexk, proched mouth wath in-turned rim: twanhandle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rm and neck; a hatched band below rim; ladder-pattern on handle, intersecting encircling lines on body; ring of small arcles in the intersals; two hanging, concentric carcle- helow handle, as front ornament on the belly
a garland of small, concentric carcles below a broad hand, encreling a rosette ornament; a geometrical tree surrounded by six small, concentric circles on shoulder. Height 290 . Floor.
3. White Panted IV slightly breonical hydria with low base-ring: çlindrical, swollen neck; thick, down-turned rum. Horizontal hande missing. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; vertical lines crossed by transcerse lines on rettical handle; group of concentric circles framed by two diagonal crosses below it: concentric circles on shoulder and belly. Height 280 . Floor
+. Bichrone IV-V depressed biconical amphorrskos with flat base; splaying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on bellỵ. Fncircling lines and hands round rim, neck, and body: hack handles: wayy line round belly. Height o9. Flour.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| Wh P.IV | Pottery |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bichr. IV | Bichr. IV-V |
| 1, 3 | 2 | $+$ |
| -2 | -1 | - I |

CHRONOLOGY゙
These finds, thus classified, assign the tomb to the latest stage of Cypro-Archaic $I$.
The necropolis at Kaparka

The locality Kaparka is situated on the western outskirts of the village of Polis tis Chrysochou and consists of a plateau between the abattoir and the stud-stables (Fig. 76; Plan III, ұ).
'The geological character of the place makes it unsuitable for cutting rock tombs, and the majority were found completely fallen in. The rock consists of several strata of alluvial


Fig. -6. Marion. The necropolis at Kaparka.
matter of varying hardness, separated from each other by, more or less, thick layers of pebbles and sand.

Excavations have been carried out on this site by Messrs. Munro and Tubbs, Markides, and Gunnis (cf. above). Our excavations started about 150 m . to the north of the area already excarated, and adranced in the same direction, with the following results.

$$
\text { TOMB if (Figs. } 75: 7-10 ; 77 ; 78 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

| size |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Length | Width | Depth | Heruh |
| Dromos | 5.00 | 1.34 | c. 2.00 | --- |
| Stomion | 0.95 | 0.95 | --- | - |
| Chamber | 2.55 | 2.45 | -- |  |

## SHAPE

The dromos has the shape of a corridor, widening towards the back end, with rounded corners and vertically cut walls. The floor descends in the front part of the dromos by five wide steps, and then slopes gently towards the door. The door had collapsed, but the door-packing was found in situ. It consisted of a carefully cut poros slab, held in position by small stones around its edges. The floor of the dromos drops down to that of the stomion by a step, and the floor of the stomion to that of the chamber by another step. The


Fig. 7\%. Marion. Tomb 14 dromos.


Fig. 78. .liarion. Tomb 14 . Finds in situ.
stomion is square in shape. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis. The chamber is very carefully cut, and quite rectangular in shape with rounded corners. In the side walls and the back wall, loaf-shaped niches are cut in the rock at different levels from the floor: the niche in the east wall 0.50 m ., the niche in the west side wall 0.92 m ., and the niche in the back wall 0.72 m . above the floor. The floor of the chamber is horizontal, that of the east niche horizontal, and those of the west and south niches sloping towards the chamber. The roof of the chamber has entirely collapsed as well as the roofs of the west and south niches. The roof of the east niche is partly preserved and seems to have been approximately flat in shape.

## STRATIFICATION

In the lower part the filling of the dromos consisted of two layers of chazara at the bottom, and in the upper part of a single layer of chazara; covering these bottom layers was a thick layer of chazara mixed with stones and above that a layer of sand and gravel up to the surface earth. This marked difference in the stratification seems to indicate that the original dromos-filling of charara has partly been dug out and replaced again, in connection with a reburial in the chamber, and this interpretation is supported by the stratification of the layers in the chamber. These layers were stratified in the following way:

1) Debris of sand mixed with gravel.
2) Debris of rock and gravel.
3) Silted rock debris.
f) Culture earth. Through the debris of Layers I-4, tomb-robbers have dug a small shaft above the middle of the tomb, reaching the uppermost find stratum, but soon stopped their work. As far as could be seen, they had taken away one end and the two sides of a built stone sarcophagus and some large 'torpedo' pithoi.
4) Partly silted debris of rock mixed with sand, on the top of which was a burial stratum.
5) Culture earth. Before Lavers 6 and 7 were formed, a part of Layer 8, close to the stomion, was covered by debris of sand and gravel from the partly crumbled rock.
6) Sand-filling, on the top of which was a burial stratum.
7) Culture earth.
8) The sand-covered rock floor with a burial stratum.

This analysis of the layers shows that there are three burial periods. According to the levels of finds and the observations made, the following stratigraphical division of the objects found, and their assignment to the different burial periods, can be ascertained. To the ist burial period Nos. $4^{2-56}$ belonged; to the 2 nd burial period, Nos. $6-8,12-35$, and to the 3 rd burial period Nos. 1-5, 9-11, $36-41$.

## BURIALS

One of the interments of the third burial period took place in a sarcophagus built of stone slabs and placed in the middle of the tomb. A stone slab, forming the east end of this sarcophagus was found in situ still in the eastern part of the chamber, while the slabs of the two sides and the western end, as stated above, had been taken away by the tomb-robbers. The cover of the sarcophagus was also missing; either it was of wood, which has been destroyed without learing any trace: or it was of stone slabs taken away by the tomb-robbers. Within the area of the sarcophagus a deposit of pottery was found, but no remains of the body could be traced.

In the niche, in the back wall, a fairly well preserved skeleton was discovered. The bones of the lower extremities and most of the upper extremities were preserved. From the pesition of these it can be seen that the body had been placed in a dorsal, outstretehecl position with the head towards the west end. The edge of the niche, towards the chamber, was edged by a row of stones, in order to prevent the body from falling out of the niche. As this niche burial cannot be connected with any of the burial strata in the chamber itself, it is uncertain to which of the burial periods it belongs.

In the other niches no remains of skeletons were found.
In the second burial stratum, no traces of skeletons could be detectect.
In the first burial period some scanty remains of a male skeleton were found along the back wall of the chamber, but on account of the position of the tomb-gifts of this hurial period, there must have been more interments.

## FINDs (GROLPS: PLS. XL, 4, XLI; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plan White VII cylindrical torpedo-pithos with pointed hase: hagh, concal shoulder; radge below shoulder; swollen rim: small, vertical handle below shoulder. Ifeight 56.7 -7.
2. Blak (ilazed (C. I) bowl A few impressed palmette ornaments inside. Diam. II.0. - 75.
3. Black (ilazed (B. 1) bowl Plan. Diam. 12.5. - 75.
t. Black (ilazed (B. I) bowl. Plan. Diam. I2.0. --75.

5 Imitation of Artic Red Figured flat guttus with knobbed top fat base; funnel-neck; basket-handle from rim to body. Two female heads facing each other on both sides of handle, a kind of meander ornament between them; rosette on moulded top of guttus; two of the girls are dressed in reils, with chignons, covering all their hair. hut for the curls on the forehead, and held together by a ribbon round the head; the two others have plarts falling down orer the ears, and the conffure gathered up a broad ribhon round the head. The design of the ȩe is quite free, with hds and brows in profile, but roughly drawn. Local manufacture. Diam. 9.4. --75.
6. Brehronae Red III (VI) slighty curved, wide, shallow bowl with base-ring; down-turned. flattened rim; horizontal hundle below rim, two holes in bottom; the bowl used as cover to amphora Ňo. 7. Black and white encircling lines on rim and inside bottom; a black circle line outside, and black handle. Diam. 20.7. - 96 .
7. White Painted VI depressed ovoid amphora with baseting, slightly splaying neck with stranght sides; collarshaped rint horizontal handles on shoulder; impressed cavities on bases of handles. Encircling lines and bands round rim, nech, shoulder, and helly; black handles; double frieze of dots on upper part of neck; conventomalized leat-tral further down the neck; palm-leaf cornaments, joined hy conventionalized, way leaf-trall between handles. Different thicknesses of terra-umbra colour gives bichrome effect. Helght +4.0-101.
8 Black (slazed (A. 1) bowl. Plain. Diam. 9.5. -9r.
9. Plan Whate VI-VII piriform amphora with knobbed base: concave neck; groove below rim; vertical handles from neck to shoulder. Height 640. - 7 I .
Io Black Glazed ( $A$ II) stand Plain. Diam. 7.2. - 7I.
11. Iron knife with long, lancet-shaped blade, widening slightly just before point. Probably only one cutting edgre Handle fitted with one nail. Some wood of the handle presersed on one side. Length zo.o. - it.
I2 Bronze mirror. carcular with crescent-shaped projection where the tanir starts; narrow, flat tang in one prece with the murror; it has most likely fitted into a wooden socket. One side of the plate is plain (the back) and the other has a slightly up-turned rim. 'Tip of tang missing. Dram. I3 t. - ios.
Is Buhrome Red II (V) mobular jug with high, curved base; tapering neck; narrow, pinched mouth; high twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black lines with white dots round neck; franed transwersc lines on handle, sertical black
and white circles on etther side of body; hanging lines below the handle. Herght 29.5. -- 106.
I4. Plain White VI small, biconical jug with flat base; narrow, cylindrical neck; swollen rm; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 5.6. -- II工.
15. Plain White VI wide, piriform amphora with knobbed base; high, cylindrical, slightly swollen neck; ridge below rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Herght 56.7. - IIO.
16. Black Glazed (C. i) fragment of bowl. A few impressed palmette ornaments inside. - 106 .
17. Plain White VI wide, almost biconcal, piriform amphora with knobbed base; short, cylindrical neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Meight 55.5. - ino.
18. Plain White VI piriform jug with flat base; narrow, cylindrical neck; swollen rim; handle from below rim to shoulder. Height 9.7. - IOI.
19 Red Slip IV (VI) shallow bowl with tall base; conical body; erect rim. Diam. II.t. - IOI.
20. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with concare neck; out-turned rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 13.5. - ror.
21. Pigment-rod of bronze, consisting of a thin rod with an oblong swelling at each end, used for applying paint to lips and evebrows. A piece of paint, which had probably been red - now turned to a bluish-purple - was found close by. Length 17 .o. - IOI.
22. Iron tweezer with shanks of uniform thickness and inturned hook. Their starting point is an oblong loop. A small bronze mounting for hanging the tweezer is attached to top of loop. Broken, but repaired. Length 11.7. - IoI.
23. Iron knife with leaf-shaped blade; one cutting edge; long, pointed end; tang with three rivets in a line. Upper part of tang missing. Broken at top and base of blade. Length 22.0. - IOI.
24. Black Glazed guttus, Type 1. Plain. Diam 9.0. Inside ㅊo. 25.
25. Red Slip IV (VI) wide, shallow bowl with base-ring; one horizontal handle on rim . Medium thickness. Imitation of Attic bowl, Type B. 1. Diam. I3.6.- ioo.
26. Plain White open, saucer-shaped lamp, with pinched wick-holder; flat basc. Diam. 10.0. Inside No. 27.
27. Black Glazed (C. I) bowl. Plain. Diam. Ir.2. Inside No. 28.
28. Black Glazed (C. I) borvl. A few impressed palmette ornaments inside. Diam. ro.9. - 99 .
29. Red Figured (B. I) lekythos. A plain band around shoulder with carelessly drawn spirals in front. Height 13.5. - Ioi.
30. White Painted VI prriform jug with base-disc; funnelneck; ridge below neck; handle from ridge to body. Encircling lines on shoulder. Height 10.9. - Ior.
31. Black Glazed (A. 1) buwl. Plan. Diam. 6.5. Inside No. 32. 32. Black Glazed (A. 1) bowl. Plain. Diam. 9.0. Inside No. 33. 33. Black Glazed (B. 1) bowl. Plain Dram. 13 2. Inside No. 3t.
34. Black Glazed (B. 1) bowl. Plain. Dram. 12.2. Inside No. 35.
35 Black Glazed (A. 4) bowl. Plain. Didm. I 1.5.-. 104.
36. Plain Whate VII deep bowl with flat base; bulging shoulder; swollen rim. Diam. 15.7. - 76 .
37. Black Glazed (A. 2) bowl. Plam. I) iam. 7.1. - 76.
$3^{8}$. Black Glazed (A. 3) bowl. Impressed palmettes and radiating lines inside. Diam. 13.6. -76 .
39. Black Glazed (A. 3) bowl; decoration as No. 38. Diam. 150. -76 .
to. Black Glazed (A. 3) bowl. Impressed palmette ornaments inside. Diam. 15.0. $\rightarrow 76$.
4. Black Glazed (A. 3) bowl; decoration as No. 4o. Diam. $1+8 .-76$.
42. Terracotta dove, modelled; body of naturalistic shape except for the flat, conventionalized tail; instead of feet, three small knobs. Length iz.4. Floor.
43. Black-on-Red III-IV (V——V) biconical mıniature jug with base-disc; concave, short neck; narrow handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; lines on handle Height 68 . Floor.
t+. Black Gilazed (C'. 1) bowl. A few mpressed palmette ornaments inside. Diam. 10.6. Inside No. 46.
45 Black Lustrous sack-shaped jug with base-disc; concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 15.7 . Floor.
46. Bichrome Red II (V) wide, shallow bowl with basering; wide, horizontal rim. Black and white encircling lines inside bottom; band of black triangles on white ground on rim. Diam. 24.0. Floor.
47. Bichrome Red III (VI) depressed pirfform amphoriskos with base-ring; no neck; short, splaying, swollen rim; rudimentary handles on shoulder. Encrrcling lines
round rim, shoulder, and bells ; wasy band between handles; white supplementary colour below rim, and an belly. Herght ix.t. Floor.
48. Black Glazed (A. I) buwl. Plan (In base graffite) (see Appendis V). Dian g.S. Floor
49. Bichrome Red III (VI) amphuriskos, as Nio. 4i Ilenght 123 . Floor.
50. Bichrome Red III (V1) owal amphoriskos with busering; wade, colindrical neck; collar-rmm, horizontal handles on shoulder. Rim and neck black, with white encircling lines; black and white encoreline lines round shoulder and belly; vertical strokes from neck to belly, framing the black handles Herght $\frac{1}{7} .5$. Floor
5r. Red Figured guttus, Type 1. A red line rouncl belly: On the left side, a honess in defensive position with her back up, and lifting her right foreleg Head and tal erect. On the right side, a restiner jachal or lyins wath arched tall, head and left foreleg raised. 'The desisn is not elaborate. Diam. 92 Inside No. 52.
52. Black Glazed (13. 1) bowl. Plan Diam 16.0 Abure Nos. 53, 54.
53. Plain White V*-V asal amphora with base-rmes, drooping shoulder; wide, splaying neck, swollen rim; horwontal handles on shoulder. Height +7.0. Floor
54. Plam White VI amphora, shape smalar to No 5.3. Height 47.0. Floor.
55. Fragments of iron strigil. Length e 240 . Floor.
56. Red Figured guttus, shape ds Nio. 51. Sllondar decoration, but with a crouching tiger or panther wath arthed tail, head full face, and left forcleg rased. 'lhe same figure on both sides of handle. lncomplete. Dhim. 9.0. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:



Fig. 79. Marion. Tomb $I_{5}$. View of chamber.


Fig. Bo. Marion. Tomb 15 . Finds in silu.

## CHRONOLOGY

We see thus that in the first burial period the majority of the pottery is of Type VI with some survivals of late Type $V$; in the second burial period, there is only one survival of Type V, but the remainder are representatives of Type VI; in the third burial period, finally, there are only three Cypriote pots, and of these two are of Type VII and one is Type VI. The first burial period is therefore to be assigned to about the middle of the Cypro-Classic I, the second burial period to the later part of Cypro-Classic I, and the third burial period to the beginning of Cypro-Classic II.

$$
\text { TOMB } \mathrm{r}_{5} \text { (Figs. } 79 ; 80 ; 81: 1-5 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.28 | I. 33 | c. 1.50 | - |
| Stomion | 0.50 | 0.80 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.78 | 3.07 | - | - |

SHAPE
The front part of the dromos is narrow and descends by three steps. From the lowermost of these steps, it widens abruptly in front of the door and slopes gently down to it. The walls are vertically cut. The upper part of the stomion has fallen in and only the lower part of the door-packing, consisting of rough stones, was preserved. The stomion is rectangular in shape; its floor slopes very slightly down to that of the chamber. The door opens to the left of the longitudinal axis of the chamber. The chamber is approximately rectangular in shape with rounded corners and with a loaf-shaped niche cut in each of the side walls;


Fig. 81. Marion. Tomb 15, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C (2, 3,4$)$ Finds in situ (5). Tomb i6, Plan (6); Sections A-A, B-B, ( $-(\overline{7}(7,8,9)$.
the east niche on a level with the floor of the chamber and the west niche 0.45 m . abore. Along the west wall of the chamber below the niche a shallow shaft, 0.30 m . wide and 0.10 m . deep, is cut in the rock floor. The floor of the chamber is horizontal, as well as the floors of the niches. The roofs of both the chamber and the niches have completely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The layers of the dromos consisted of a bottom stratum of chazara and an upper layer of chatara of finer quality. In the front part of the dromos, this upper layer gradually changed character and was found mixed with a few intact specimens of pottery and masses of broken sherds and terracotta statuettes. In the lower part of this stratum, above the door, a few loose stones from the door-packing were found.

The layers in the chamber consisted of an almost entirely disturbed burial stratum at the bottom, in the front part of the chamber covered by an oblique layer of infiltrated chatara of the upper layer of the dromos filling; and at the top of a heavy layer of debris from the collapsed roof of the chamber. The circumstances of finds support the indications of the stratification of the dromos and the chamber, viz., that the tomb has been robbed: not a single find was made in the whole chamber except for a deposit of pottery found close to a stone sarcophagus, to the left of the stomion. The stratification of the chamber shows, however, that this robbery must have been performed in ancient times before the roof collapsed and the dromos-filling infiltrated into the chamber, as these layers are not disturbed. The robbers have dug a shaft in front of the door, removed the upper part of the doorpacking, entered the chamber, robbed it of most of its finds, left the tomb and then refilled their shaft in front of the door. All the objects were on the floor, or piled up on those on the floor.

## BLRIALS

A monolithic stone sarcophagus, 1.20 m . long by 0.60 m . wide, was placed along the E . wall of the chamber, close to its front wall. The N. end of the sarcophagus was separately built of'rubble. The corer was missing and the sarcophagus cleared of its finds by the tombrobbers and did not even contain remains of a skeleton. Close to the sarcophagus was found a deposit of pottery which, as mentioned above, was left by the robbers. To judge from the small size of the sarcophagus, it has contained a child's skeleton (cf. Tomb 8I).

The pots ( 3 amphorae and a jug), fragments of pottery, and statuettes which were found in the upper and front part of the dromos-filling are to be considered as the remains of offerings brought to the deceased at the time of the burials.

FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XL, 5, 6; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
I. Female terracotta statuette seated with hands on knees dressed in a chiton and himation covering head, back, shoulders, and arms, stephane on head; parted hair vivible in front of stephane; oval head with straight nose; full lips; mournong expression; surface worn. Hewht 6.8. - 35 .
2. Plain White VI oval jug with base-ring; concave, wide neck; swollen rim; wide, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 28.2. - 49 .
3. Plain White VI wide, priform amphora with knobbed base: cylindrical neck: swollen rım; handles from neck to shoulder; one groove on neck and three below rim. Height 48.0. - 55.
4. Plain White VI amphora, as No. 3. Height 6q.0. - 61
5. Small, coarsely modelled statuette of a recumbent terracotta lion; head turned to the right side; forepaws outstretched, and hind legs drawn up below body; tarl hanging down; gaping mouth. Length 9.6. -7.

## Chamber

6. Black Glazed (A. 1) bowl. Plain. Diam. 9.2. - 106.
7. Black Glazed (B. i) bowl. Plain. Dam. is.6. Floor.
8. Red Slip IV (VI) shallow bowl with base-ring; curved outline; in-turned rim. Diam. i5.o. Floor.
9. Plain White VI piriform, sack-shaped jug with flat base: out-turned rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height II.4. Floor.

1o. Plain White VI cylindrical, sack-shaped jug with flat base; out-turned rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height ir.5. Floor.
II. Plain White VI bowl, shape as No. 8, but with flat base. Diam. 13.7. Floor.
12. Four fragments of an iron strigil. - 106 .
13. Red Figured squat guttus, Type 1. On one side of handle, a lion in defensive position, crouching down on its forelegs with the right forepaw raised. On the opposite side, a wolf in similar position. Fine design. Diam. 9.7. - Io6.
14. Black Glazed guttus, Type 2. Plain Diam. 80. Flcor.
15. Black Clazed (C. 1) buwl. A few impressed palmette ornaments inside. Dlam. 10 5. - 103.
16. Black Glazed (C. 1) bowl, as Xio. 15. Diam. 1o 9. Floor.
17. Plain White VI-VII jug. sımilar to No. ro, but with rather cylindrical body. Height 11.3 . Iloor
18. Black (Flazed (C. 1) bowl, as No 15. Dam 107. Floor.
19. Plain White VI jug, as No. io. Height iz i. Floor.
20. Fragment of an iron knife tang with two risets. Length 6.0. - 100.
21. Bichrome Red III (VI) depresaed, crater-shaped amphoriskos with base-ring; no neck; out-turned rim: horizontal handles on shoulder. Black and white encircling lines and bands round rim and belly. Hewht 15.1. Floor.
22. Red Slip IV (VI) shallow bowl with base-dise; cursed outline; out-turned rim. Diam. 96. Inside No. 21.
23. Three, almost entitely weathered, frasments of a shaped jug of alahaster. Floor.
24. Red Figured guttus, Type 1. On one side of handle, a recumbant panther with rased tail and rught foreleg; on the other, a swan with unfolded wings; neck bent forwards; projecting tall Elegant decign Dam g.2. Floor.
25. Black Giazed (B. i) bowl. Plan. Diam ri.6. Floor.
26. Stroke Polihed I (VI) depressed thbalar jug wath base-ring, tunnel-ncel; in-turned rim; handle from rim to shoulder. I Ierght 102 . Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The Cypriote pottery types represented are entirely of Type VI, assigning the tomb to the latter part of the Cypro-Classic I period. The style of the Red Figured pottery found in this tomb is in agreement with this dating.

## TOMB 16 (Figs. 81:6—9; 82; 83; 84:1)

sIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.38 | 1. 20 | c. I .80 | - |
| Stomion | 0.46 | 1.08 | - | c. 1.60 |
| Chamber | 3.74 | 2.40 | - | c. 1.90 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a short, deep, and carefully cut step-dromos with vertical walls, descending by four steps to a small, slightly sloping platform in front of the door. The door has an arched roof. The door-packing consisted of three slabs of stone, one rectangular slab at the bottom and two square ones on the top of it, kept in position by smaller stones and pieces of terracotta sculptures wedged around the edges. The door opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis and the floor of the stomion leads down to that of the chamber by three steps. The architecture of the chamber is very fine. It is rectangular in plan with two tunnel-shaped niches ( 2 and 3) cut into the right side wall, and one tunnel-shaped (1) and one loaf-shaped niche (4) cut into the left side wall, about $0.15-0.16 \mathrm{~m}$. above the floorlevel. The floor of the chamber is approximately horizontal and the roof, which has almost entirely fallen in, may be reconstructed as a barrel-vault. The floors of the niches are horizontal as well as the roofs. Niche 3 was closed by a large stone slab.

## STRATIFICATION

The stratification of the dromos consisted of horizontal layers of charara and sand, and was quite intact. The layers in the chamber were composed of a bottom layer of burial remains and culture earth covered by a horizontal layer of pulverized, partly silted debris from the crumbling roof; and at the top, a thick layer of rock debris with large pieces of rock. From this it is evident that the rock was destroyed slowly at the beginning, while the final break-down of the rock roof was sudden. At the back of the chamber, the layers were disturbed down to the floor by a tomb-robbers' shaft dug from above. In the disturbed filling of this shaft an empty stone base of a statue was found, thrown down by the tomb-robbers when the shaft was refilled. All the objects were found on the floor, except Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10-14, which have floated on the infiltrated water in the layer of silted rock matter covering the culture laver.

## BLRIALS

In Niche 3 a body had been buried in a wooden coffin, of which only four bronze nails remained. The skeleton was entirely pulverized. In the other niches, no traces of skeletons could be detected, but in the centre of the chamber itself, some very scanty remains of a skeleton was found together with some tomb-gifts in the north-east corner. Burials had also probably taken place along the back wall of the chamber, where some tomb-gifts were left by the robbers in the south-west corner of the chamber.


Fig. 82, Marion. Tomb 6 , dromos.


Fig. 83, Marion. Tomb 16 . Vien of dromos and chamber.

FINDS (GROUPS: PL, XLII, I, 2; TYPEE: L. OF. PL. II)

1. Plain White VII piriform amphora with knobbed base: neck and handles missing. Height +5.0. Floor.
2. White Painted VII piriform jug with base-ring; concave neck; flaring rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling line round rmm and neck; loose network girdle round belly. Herght 215. Floor
3. Stroke Polished II (VII) depressed oval jug with basering; ridge below neck: splaying funnel-neck; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height 22.7. Floor.
4. Plain White VII wide, bobbin-shaped amphora with long, pointed base; no base-knob: cylmdrical neck; slightly out-turned rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 68.5. Floor.
5. White Painted VII jug, shape as No. 2. Encircling bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and bods; a ring of sertical strokes below neck. Herght 19.5. Floor.
6. Black-on-Red V (VII) oval jug with foot on low stem; ridge below cylndrical neck; swollen rim; twin-handle with bosses in imitation of metal types helow rim, running fiom neck to shoulder; a winged, female figurine holdmer a miniature jar, opposite the handle. In-turned triangles on base; running spirals round stem; ring of tiangles above stem; broad network girdle round body; frieze with ivy ornaments on shoulder, neck decorated with a meander ornament; double tooth-pattern, and running spirals; of the figurine in front both wings and dress
arc painted; angular transverse lines on handle. IIelsht 22.7. - +5.
7. Stroke Polished II (VII) jug, as No. 3. Heıght 22.0. -49 .
S. Plain White VI-VII large, oval jug with base-ring; broad, splaying neck; swollen rmm, handle from neek to shoulder. Part of neck and handle misstng. Height 35.0. - 42 .
8. Plain Whate V-ICll wade, shallun bowl with basering; wide, hormontal rim. Diam 220 -5.
9. I'lain Whate Vl--VIl shallow howl with that bane, rather straight outline; in-turned rim. Diam. io.5. Inside No. 13.
10. Plan White V'I-VII bowl, as Nóo io. Diam. io.o. Inside No. $1+$.
11. Plan White VI-VIl busl, as No. 10. Diam 105. Inside No. 14.
12. Plain Whate V'I-VIl howl, as No. 10 Dam $1+.2$ Inside No. If.
13. Plain White VI-VIl howl, as No Diam 20 +. - 58 .
14. Plan White VI-Vil jug, as No. S. Hereht 35 o. I'loor.
15. White Panted Vil onal bottle wath base-disc; narrow, concare neck; funnel-mouth; Hattened, swollen rm; no handle. Encorcling lines round rm, neck, and shoulder. Iteight $11+\mathrm{f}$ Floor
17 Plan White VI-VII bowl, as No. 9. Didm. 18.5 Floor.
16. Stroke Pohshed 11 (Vil) jug, as No. 3. Herght 17.5. Above No. 19.
17. Plan White VI-VII buml, is No g Diam. 20 . Floos
18. White l'anted Vil hottle, as Jo. 16. Herght 107. Fleor

22 White Panted VII oval gut, with base-ring, ridge below cylindrical neck, splaying rim; handle from helow rim to shoulder: rudimentary ball's protome opposite the handle. Encircling lines and bands round shoulder and belly Fleight $2+4$. Niche floor.
19. White Panted VII jug, shape and, probably, the same decoration as No 22. Decoration worn out Height 255. Niche floor.

2+ Black Lustrous buttle with narrow base: pinforn body; narrow, concave neck, flattened, swollen rim; no handle. Hetrht 13 I. I'loor.
25. Plain White VII depressed bottle wath base-ring; wide
shoulder, narrow, concave neck; flattened, splaying rim. Height 9.4. FIvor.
26. Pann Whate Vill bottle, as No. 25 Height 10.5. Floor.
27. Plan White VI-VIl jug, as No S. Herght +2. K. Floor.
28. Red Slip V (VII) conical bowl wath base-ring; erect, contracted rim: radge below rim. Diam. it fi. Flour.
29. Plan White VI-VII bowl, as 'No. Io. Diam. 10.7. Floor.
30. Black Lustrous shallow bowl with base-ring, used as cover to amphora No. 31. D1am. 10.0. Abore No. 31.
3I. Plan White VII narrow, puriform amphora with pointed hase; no base-knob; steep shoulders; cylindrical neck, handles from neck to shoulder. Herght 83.0. Floor
32. Bronze nals, hammered, one with a circular seetion and raised, round head; three with octagonal section and flat head; used for a wooden coffin; one nail bent; the others in good state of preservation. Length II + ; 10.3; 93 ; 10.7. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
All the pottery is of Type VII and most of it of decidedyy late character, dating the tomb to the later part of the Cypro-Classic II period.

TOMB ${ }_{17}$ (Fig. 84:2,3)

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1. 52 | I.OI | 0.86 | - |
| Chamber | I. 48 | 0.70 | - | 0.80 |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a roughly rectangular shaft, with rounded corners and three steps at the upper part. From the lowermost step, the floor slopes very slightly towards the door, and from the same step a bench is cut in the east wall of the dromos. The docr was blocked by a large, roughly cut stone slab with smaller stones on the top of it. There is no stomion, but the door leads directly into the chamber by a gently slope. The chamber is narrow and rectangular, with rounded corners and seems to have never been finished.


Fig. 84, Marion. Tomb 16 , Finds in silu (1). Tomb 12, Flan (2); Section $\lambda-\lambda$ ( 3 ), Tomb 18 , Plan and Finds in situ ( 7 ); Sections A-A, B-B $(6,8)$. Tomb 19 , Flan and Finds in situ (f); Section A-A (5).

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three layers of charara, and the chamber was almost entirely filled by a bottom layer of infiltrated dromos chatara, and on top of it a layer of gravel and stone. No burial or culture stratum was found.

## CHRONOLOGY

The potsherds found in the filling of the dromos were very few. As far as could be ascertained they were entirely of Type VI, assigning the tomb to the later part of CyproClassic I.

TOMIB 18 (Fig. 84: 6-8)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.80 | 0.86 | c. 0.95 | - |
| Chamber | 1.60 | I. 80 | - | c. 0.75 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a short and narrow shaft descending rapidly to a slightly sloping platform in front of the door. It is probably that it originally was a step-dromos and that the steps have been worn out on account of the soft sandy rock. The upper part of the door has fallen down but the door-packing consisting of rather loosely built-up, uncut stones was still in situ. There is no stomion, and the floor of the doorway is approximately at the same level as that of the chamber. The door opens on to the chamber to the left of its longitudinal axis, and at the north-east corner of its front wall. The chamber is trapezoidal in shape, widening towards the back wall, and with rounded corners. The floor is approximately horizontal and the roof seems to have been flat, but has now nearly entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of horizontal lavers of charara. In the chamber the layers were composed of:
i) Rock debris from the collapsed roof.
2) Gravel.
3) More rock debris from the fallen-in roof.
4) A hurial and culture stratum at the bottom.

All the finds were found on the floor.

BLRIALS
Remains of entirely pulverized skeletons were found.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XLII, 3, 4; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Red Figured lekythos (B. 5). Entirely black but for rim, neck, and a narrow line above base-ring. The front ornament is a recumbent ephebos with short hair, wrapped up in a folded himation around lower part of body, and falling down from left shoulder; right arm outstretched; left elbow rests on cushions. Surface worn. Height 9.7. Floor.
2. Terracotta dove. A replica of Tomb 1442 , but with traces of black colour left on bill, eyes, breast, right wing, and belly. Length ir.8. Floor.
3. Naked, female terracotta statuette, moulded, sitting with right knee raised high; left kneeling on the ground; sitting on left leg; right hand holding breast; left hand resting on left knee; head frontal; pointed hair-dress wrapped up in a vell, leaving curls round forehead free; straight nose; other detalls of face worn out; a faded smile on lips. Breasts small; belly large, probably indicating a state of pregnancy. Back of statuette plain. Height io.r. Floor.
4. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base; outturned rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 12.7. Floor.
5. Plain White VI piriform amphora with knobbed base; concave neck; rim out-turned; curved, vertical handles from neck to shoulder. Height 51.7. Floor.
6. Red Figured (B. I) lekythos. Entirely black but for the front ornament. A winged boy, probably Hypnos, resting lightly on a stone (!). In his left hand he holds a rhabdos, or branch; his face is in profile, and the body
is half turned to front by a movement of the outstretched right arm. Delicate and fine work. Height 139 . Floor.
7. Black (ilazed ( C .1 ) bowl. A few impressed palmette ornaments inside bottom. Black glaze turned red. Diam. ir.o. Floor.
8. Black-on-Red IV (VI)-V (VIt) oval juy with low, curved foot; ridge below neck; concave neck; twinhandle from neck to shoulder; female figurine, holding a miniature Jug, opposite the handle. Enctrchang lines and bands round rim, neck, and belly; hook ornaments round belly. Decoration almost worn out. Heıght 37.5. Floor.
9. Plaın White VI amphora with base-ring; rather biconical body; slightly splaying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Height 47.2. Floor.
10. Red slip IV (V1) flat bowl with Hat, rased base; doublecurved outline; out-turned rım. Used as a cover to amphora No. 9. Diam 13.4. Above No. 9.
11. Bichrome Red III (VI) oval jug with high base-ring; concave neck, twin-handle with "metal" bosses trom neck to shoulder; a female figurine holding a flower, and a minature jug, opposite the handle. Black and white encircling lines and band, round rim, neck, shoulder, body and base; black curved lines on either side of base of handle; white supplementary decoration on neck and shoulder; a dotted circle and consentionalized leaf ornaments. Height 30.7. Floor.
12. Coarse oval jug with flat base, wide neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height $1+5$ Floor
13. Black Slip V'I bowl; imitation of an Attic kylix. Diam. 9.7. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

|  |  |  | P | t t e |  |  |  | R. F |  |  | Terracotta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{2} \\ & \dot{n} \\ & \dot{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{2} \\ & \dot{\sqrt{n}} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \text { e } \\ & \text { i } \end{aligned}$ | ! | 駡 | Bl Gil. <br> Impr. <br> Bowl <br> C'. | B. $\quad$ I | F <br> thos | B. 5 | Statuctte |
| 8 -1 | $\begin{array}{r}11 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}13 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $4 \cdot 5 \cdot 9$ -3 |  | $\begin{array}{r}12 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 -1 | 6 -1 |  | 1 -1 -1 | $\begin{gathered} 2.3 \\ -2 . \end{gathered}$ |

## CHRONOLOGY

The classification of the Cypriote pottery shows that there are only specimens of Type VI, of which a few are late in style, i. e., the tomb should be assigned to the end of CyproClassic I. With this dating, the date of the Red Figured lekythos (No. 6) is in full agreement, as it dates from the end of the 5 th century B. C.

## TOMB 19 (Fig. $84: 4,5$ )

sIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shaft | 1.76 | 0.90 | 0.40 |

SHAPE
The tomb consists only of a shallow, rectangular shaft with rounded corners.

STRATIFICATION
The tomb was filled with charara. The two finds were on the floor.

## BLRIALS

At the $S$. end of the shaft a broken pithos was found containing a child's skeleton. One small pot with tomb-gifts was placed close by

FINDS (GROCP: PL. XLII, 5)

I Black-on-Red If (Y゙I) oval jug with base-ring; tapering neck; narrow, pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to) shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and nevk;
vertical. concentric carcles on buth sides of body. Herght 20 4. Floor.
2. Fragment of a Plan White VI pithos with high loophandles. Herght 60.0. Floor.

## (HRONOLOGY

These two pots and some potsherds of the same types found in the tomb assign it to shortly after the middle of Cypro-Classic I.

TOMIB 20 (Fig. 85: )
SIZE '

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.60 | 0.80 | 0.90 | - |
| Chamber | 2.60 | 2.86 | - | - |

The dromos is a short, narrow, and shallow shaft, rectangular in plan, with rounded corners and vertically cut walls. There is a wide step at the upper part of the dromos and the floor slopes slightly towards the door. 'The upper part of the door has fallen in, but the door-packing consisting of rery solidly built stones was still in situ. There is no stomion, but the door opens directly on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, and the floor of the door leads down to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is trapezoidal in shape, widening towards the back, and with rounded corners. At the south-eastern end of the back wall, a rectangular column of rock projects about 1.10 m . from the wall in
order to support the roof, thus dividing the back part of the chanter into two niches. The floor is approximately horizontal and the roof has collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of intact chacara layers. As much water has passed through the filling of the tomb-chamber its stratification is of little chronological value and all the finds have floated about, and were found more or less removed from their original positions.

## BČRIALS

A great number of human bones were found high up in the filling, but no skeleton in situ.

FINDS (GROCPs: PI.. XLIII, I, 2; TYPEs: L. OF PL. II)

1. Black Glazed (C. I) bowl. A few impressed palmette ornaments inside Dram. ir.o. In the filling.
2. Plain White VI cone-shaped pithos with biconical body; pointed base; horizontal shoulder; short, erect r 1 m ; vertical handles below shoulder. Height 47.5. - 32 .
3. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with bobbin-shaped hody; that base; concave neck; out-turned ram; handle from rim to shoulder. Height it.I. - 28 .
4. Plain White V゙I sack-shaped jug, taperıng upwards; base-disc; flaring rim, handle from rim to shoulder Herght $10.3-7$.
5. Plain White VI jug, as No. 3, but with flat hase. Height $152 .-30$.
6. Black-on-Red II (IV) oval jug with base-ring: : $V$ lindrical neck; pinched mouth with in-curred rim; twinhandle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and neck; vertical lines on handle; and rows of vertical concentric circles with single, laripe, concentric circles between and below the handle. Height 30.2 - 12 .
7. Bichrome Red II (V)-III (VI) depressed biconical amphord with base-disc; no neck; out-turned rm, horizontal handles between shoulder and belly. Encircling bands round rim, shoulder, and base; black handles; way band between handles. Flenght 187. ' 4 .
8. Bichrome VI oval jug with base-disc; ridge below neck; short, eylindrical neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round neck, shoulder, and body; horizontal strokes below neck; wayy line round neck; wasy line along handle: leaf ornament below handle. Herght 34.5. - 26 .
9. White Painted VI oval jug with hugh base-ring; concave neck; handle from neck to shoulder; bull's protome opposite the handle. Encarcling bands round rim, neck, and belly; pantings on protome; conventionalized treedesign. Height 2 S .3 . - IS.
io. Black-on-Red III (V)—IV (VI) globular jug with low fout; swollen, tapering neck; narrow, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling Ines round rim and neck; ladder-pattern on handle; vertical, concentric circles on both sicles of body. Heseht $1 ; 5 .-6$.
ir. Bichrome Red II (V) oval jug with base-ring; radge helow ne-k, cylndrical neak. twin-handle from neck to shoulder: Encircling lines and bands round rm, neck, belly, and body, ladder-pattern on handle, black and whate trangles round rim, conventoondized trecobrnament on shoulder. The whte supplementary colour is used below rim, on shoulder, and dmone encircling band I-Ierght 3 i.o. Floor.
10. Plan White VI shallow bowl with that base: curved outhe, and flan 11 ml Inam 136 b. liown.
11. Plan White VI jug, as No 3, but with defined shoulder. Heısht $13.7 .-2$.
12. Plan White VI piritorm bottle with fat base; narron, short neck; swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Herght 9.2. - 5 .
13. Black silip V biconcal bottle with base-disc; short, narrow neck, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder Herfht $0.0-5$.
14. Plan White $V$ biconical minature hottle with flat base, swollen ram; handle from am to shoulder. Jeaght $+f$ Inside No. 17.
15. Plam Whate VI shallow, conical bosil wath hat base; defincd rim $\mathrm{D}_{1 \mathrm{am}} 172 \mathrm{I}$ (x)r
1S. Red ship IV (VI) conmal bowl wath narrow base-ring; rounded outline: no hande. Diam. $109 \quad \cdots 2$.
19 Plan Whate VI osal juse wath base-dinc: hort, sloghtl! concave neck, radge below neck; pmehed mouth with sharply detined rim, handle from rim to houlder. Herght 30.6. Floor.
16. Plan White V.--VI depressed jues with that lase, concave, short nech, flarmen rim. handle from ram to whoulder; tuhular spout opposite handle. Hetght if 5 Iloor.
17. Black $\mathrm{S}_{1 \mathrm{p}}$ VI shallow. Hat bowl with base-riner. detined, down-turned rims. Diam $15+$ Floor
18. Plain White Vi bottle, as No. if IEeight 102 -- 13 .
19. White Pantud VI depressed. oral pur with bibe-ring. concase, narrow neck. flaring rim, twin-handle from neck to shoulder. Encirclang lines round rom, nech, and bods. ladder-pattern on handle, wroups of bertical

> strokes below neck; leaf ornament and three stripes round and below base of handle. Height $26.5 .-45$. 24. Plan White VI depressed jug with flat, raised base; narrow, concave neck; flaring rimf; handle from rim to shoulder. Hetght in.o. - 40 .
> 25 Plan White VI jug, as No. 4 . Height i5.4. - 45 .
> 26. Terracotta head, female, with mantle cosering high hair-dress. Nose missing. Surface worn. Moulded. Ilerght 3.0. - 5 I .

27.Black Slip VI depressed bottle with base-disc; narrow, short, concave neck; flaring rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 7.8. Floor.
28. Plain White V jug, as No. 3, but without neck. Height 15.7. Floor.
29. Plain White VII cylindrical, slightly swollen torpedopithes with pointed base; conical shoulder; ridge around shoulder; short, concave neck; swollen, splaying rim; vertical handle below shoulder. Height 67.0. -- 45 .

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The stratigraphic conditions (cf. above) do not admit a stratigraphic separation of the finds but the typological examination as specified in the diagram has shown that two chronologically distinct periods can be distinguished. The ist period is represented by Nos. 6, II, ${ }_{15}, 16,28$, i. e., one specimen of Type IV and three specimens of Type V. The majority of the vases of the 2nd period are of Type VI and some are transitory between Types V and VI. The ist period is, therefore, dated to the later part of Cypro-Archaic II and the 2nd period to the first part of Cypro-Classic I.

TOMB 21 (Figs. 85:2-6; 88:1)

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos |  | 5.28 | 1.64 | 3.06 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.56 | 0.76 | - | - |
| Chamber |  | 3.82 | 2.85 | - |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is cut as a staircase of eleven regular steps. It widens slightly towards the back and the walls narrow upwards somewhat. In the west wall of the dromos three loafshaped cupboards are cut in the rock. The door had originally a vaulted roof as could be seen from cuttings in the wall of the stomion, though the upper part of it had fallen in.
1


$$
\therefore \cdots \cdot r^{-r}
$$



Fig. 85. Marion. Tomb 20, Plan and Finds in situ (1). Tomb 21, Plan (2); Sections $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{D}(3,4,5,6)$.

The door-packing was missing. The stomion is narrow, rectangular in plan, and descends to the chamber by three steps, continuing the staircase of the dromos. By the uppermost step, the stomion projects $0.3+\mathrm{m}$. into the dromos from its back wall. In this way two square rock parastades were formed at the sides of the door. The door opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis. The chamber is approximately rectangular in shape, with rounded corners. In the west side wall, a loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock at the back end, 0.70 m . above the floor-level. Below the niche, a rectangular, narrow shaft, 1.65 m . long, 0.52 m . wide, and 0.16 m . deep, is cut in the floor along the rock wall. Along the front part of same side wall, two slabs of stone screen off a narrow, rectangular room, 0.40 m . wide, between the front wall of the chamber and the shaft cut below the niche, forming a sort of sarcophagus with the one long side formed by the two stone slabs, the opposite long side and one short end formed by the rock walls, and at the opposite short end opening on to the shaft. In the front part of the east side wall of the chamber, a loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock, 0.15 m . above the floor-level; and a smaller, loaf-shaped niche in the middle of the same side wall, 0.24 m . above the floor level. The floor of the chamber is horizontal, and the roof, which had collapsed, could be reconstructed as a barrel-vault with a rock-cut cornice running along the long sides.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two oblique layers of charara. In the upper one of these, there was a wedge-shaped layer of disturbed filling above the stomion, indicating that a shaft had been dug there by tomb-robbers, who had removed the door-packing and entered the tomb. The circumstances of finds in the chamber supported this theory. The layers in the chamber consisted of:

1) Layer of rather fine rock debris mixed with gravel and smaller stones from the collapsed rock.
2) A layer of sandy rock, crumbled from the roof.
3) A pyramidal layer of coarse rock debris from the fallen-in roof.
4) A layer of sandy rock, crumbled from the roof.
5) Burial remains and a culture stratum at the bottom, covered by a wedge-shaped layer of dromos chazara close to the stomion, and infiltrated through the door after the packing had bcen removed.
As all the debris was intact it is evident that the robbery had taken place in ancient times before the tomb collapsed; furthermore, the circumstances of the finds show that the robbers had only taken the jewelry.

## BCRIALS

Pulverized remains of skeletons were found in all the niches, in the shaft below the niche in the west side wall, and in the screened-off, sarcophagus-shaped room. In this and in the centre of the tomb, several pots were placed, which had once contained tombgifts to the deceased.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XLIII, 3, 4; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Dromos niche 2

1. Red Figured jug with base-ring; slightly curved and splaying body; abrupt shoulder; concave neck, pinched mouth with flattened rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Entirely black, but for the front decuration which is framed at the top by a hurizontal kymation. The representation is a scene from the palaestra. In the centre, a naked man, in profile, is atout to jump over a hurdle; feet together, bent knees; budy leaning forwards, outstretched arms with hands together, head erect. On each side of this figure is a man wrapped up in a wide himation, which leaves unly one hand free. One has just hit a ball with a hooked bat, which the other catches. As they are dressed, they may have been gymnasiarchor. Height 16.7. Floor.
2. Two gilded bronze rings with transverse, fluted lines, Diam. 2.6: 2.7. Floor.
3. Silver pendant, with a circular mounting for hanging. Length 5.6. Floor.
4. Stroke Polished II (VII) depressed Jug with abrupt shoulder; ridge below neck; funnel-neck; handle from neek to shoulder. Height 12.2. Floor.
5. Red Slip IV (VI)-TV (VII) conical bowl with rounded outline; narrow base; no handle. Used as a cover to urn No. 6. Dram. 12.2. Above No. 6.
6. Plan White VII open, vat-shaped urn with base-disc; no neck; out-curved rim; three grooved lines below rım. Height 13.7. Floor.
7. Plain White VII urn, as No. 6, but narrower. Herght in.I. Floor.
8. Plain White VII small jug with flat base; tapering, concave neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 7.9. Floor.

## Chamber

I. Stroke Polished II (VII) bowl, amitating Attic bowl, Trpe A. i, but with a stiff, unplastic base-rıng. Diam. 10.3. Floor.
2. Hellenistic glazed, shallow bowl with hase-ring, curved outline; plain rim. Small size. Thick ware. Dıam. 9.2. Floor.
3. Black Glazed (A. 5) disc-shaped plate with base-rins: moulded outside; no handle. Rich impressed ornaments. Roulette circle in three lines, enclosmg af four-pointed
star, with palmettes at the points; concentric urcles in centre with dots on the circumference Considerable thickness. Diam. 12.1. Floor.
4. Stroke Polnshed II (VII) depressed oval jug with basering; handle from neck to shoulder. Neck mising. Height 12.5 Floor
5 Plain White Vil conical bowl with flattened base, thickening, in-turned rim. Diam 12.5. Floor.
6. Plain White VII fragnent of a large pithos. Floor.
7. Plain White VIl sack-shaped jug with flat base; funnelneck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 12.5 Floor.
S. Plain White VIl globular jug with hasc-ring; narrow, cylindrical neck with handle-ridye; splaying rim; handle from below ridge to shoulder. Height 16.5 . Floor.
9. Plain White VIl jug, as No. 8 , but with rim missing. Height 22.0. Floor
10. Plain White VII deep bowl with flat base; curved outline; swollen ram; no handle. Height in 5. Floor.
11. Plain Whate VII bowl, as No. 5. Dianı 11.6. Floor.
12. Plan White VII bowl, as No. 5. Dam If.g. Floor.
13. Female terracotta statuette, seated with both hands on knees; dressed in a chiton and himation covering head, back, shoulders, and arms. Detals effaced. I lemeht 9.5. Floor.

If. Plain White VII disc-shaped plate with flat base; no handle, Dram. $\mathrm{I}+5$. Floor.
15. Stroke Polished II (VII) deep, rounded bowl with round base; splaying, concase, erect ram. Diam. I s.o Floor.
16. Plain White VII shallow, wide bowl with base-ring, hroad, Hat rim Diam 227. Floor.
17. Stroke Polished II (VII) bowl, in matation of Black Glazed howl, Type ('. t, but roughly and irregularly made. Herght 8.7. lioor.
I8. Plain White VI oval jug with base-ring; ridge below neck; slightly concate neck; hamdle fiom neck to shoulder; small bull's protome, harh up on shoulder opposite the handle. Herght 257 . Floor.
19. Hellenistic glazed bowl, as No. 2, but lareer and somewhat taller. Diam. 15.9. Floor.
2o. Plain White VII small, wal jue with wide, concave neck; handle from rum to shoukder leight 7.3 . Plour.
21. Black Glazed (C. 2) bowl. Plan. Height yo. Put togethel from sherds.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


Chronology
The contents of the chamber and the dromos niche are approximately contemporary. They both belong to the end of the Cypro-Classic II period.

$$
\text { TOMB } 22 \text { (Figs. } 86 ; 87 ; 88: 2-6 ; 89: 1)
$$

|  | SIZE | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos |  | 4.40 | I. 18 | 3.45 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.86 | 0.65 | - | 1.46 |
| Chamber |  | 3.86 | 2.51 | - | 1.71 |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a long step-dromos slightly wider at the back, with four steps at the upper end, gradually sloping in the middle, and descending by six steps at the lower end. The walls narrow slightly upwards. The door has an arched roof. The door-packing consisted of two small slabs at the bottom and one large slab on the top of them, kept in position by stones wedged around the edges. The stomion is rectangular in plan and descends to the chamber by three steps continuing those of the dromos. The door opens on to the chamber somewhat to the right of its longitudinal axis. The chamber is oblong with straight front and back walls, and symmetrically curved side walls. In the left side wall, two tunnel-shaped burial niches are cut in the rock on the level of the floor of the chamber. The floor of the chamber is horizontal and the roof barrel-shaped, with a rock-cut cornice along the side walls, identical in shape with that of Tomb 21. The floors of the niches slope very slightly towards the back; their roofs are horizontal.

## STRATIFICATION

At the lower end of the dromos there was an oblique layer of earth covering the steps, and continuing through the stomion down to the floor of the chamber. This seems to have


Fig. 85. Marion. Tomb 22, dromos.


Fig. 8 , Marion. 'lomb 22. Vien of the chamber, with finds in stitu.
accumulated there before the tomb was closed. Above this, the filling of the dromos consisted of approximately horizontal layers of chatara and gravel. The chamber was extremely well preserved without any outside earth or debris from the rock covering the finds. When it was excavated, it was practically in the same condition as it was after the last burial, and only the usual burial stratum covered the floor.

## BCRIALS

Concerning the burials, the following facts could be stated. In the centre of the chamber remains of two skeletons, probably the last, were found. Of the left-hand skeleton, only fragments of the pelvis, femora, and tibiae were preserved; of the right-hand skeleton, parts of the spinal column, femora, and tibiae. From the position of the bones, it is clear that the bodies had been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position, with the heads towards the door. On the upper part of the tibiae of the left-hand skeleton and on the chest of the right hand skeleton two bronze handles were found opposite each other. I would explain these bronze handles as having been attached to wooden biers on whieh the hodies rested. In any case, the bodies had not been buried in wooden coffins, as no bronze nails were found which always seem to have been used in their construction (cf. below). Close to the left knee of the left-hand body, a dog had been buried. Along the right wall of the chamber,


Fig. 88. Marion. Tomb 21, Finds of chamber and dromos niche in situ (1). Tomb 22, Plan (2); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C, D-D (3, 4, 5, 6).
a burial in a wooden coffin had taken place. The coffin was constructed of planks, joined by bronze nails; these and considerable number of pieces of wood were preserved. Of the skeleton, parts of the spinal column, the pelvis, the upper and lower extremities were found in such a position that it could be seen that the body had been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head towards the door. A deposit of tomb-gifts in large amphorae and jugs was placed in the corner, to the right of the door outside the coffin. Near the back wall of the chamber a single burial was found. In this case, the coffin had been strengthened at the corners with bronze mountings (No. 45). Nails, wood, and mountings could be satisfactorily preserved and studied. The skeleton was that of a tall male with the spinal column, the pelvis, the lower extremities and parts of the upper ones preserved in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head towards the right wall of the chamber. Tomb-gifts in bowls and jugs were placed at the head of the coffin. Niche 2 contained remains of a female skeleton, buried in a wooden coffin, in an outstretched, dorsal position with the head towards the chamber. In the hair of the deceased, there were five hair-rings of silver. Of the bones, parts of the spinal column, the pelvis, the lower and upper extremities were preserved, and of the coffin pieces of the wood and the bronze nails which were used to fix the planks. In Niche I a male skeleton, in a similar state of preservation and position, was found. The body had been placed on the floor of the niche, and not in a coffin. On the left hand, it had a finger-ring of iron with a bezel, and at the head, an iron strigil and tomb-gifts in amphorae and other pots were placed.

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XLIV, XLV, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Dromos

1. Female terracotta head of Cypro-Classic II Type; oval face; with rounded chin; full hps; thin straight nose; soft cheeks; eves in shape of myrtle-leaf, with moulded lids; curved eye-brow lines; slightly sloping forehead raised ahove nose-line; roughly modelled ears; hair covered by wreath and plain vell in front indicated by notchings. The head made in a mould and touched up. Height 14.2. In the filling.
2. Female terracotta head oval in shape with rounded chin; full lips; rather stout nose; deep eyes; curved forehead with horizontal wrinkles; head covered by plain veil; parted hair visıble in front. The head made in a mould and touched up. Height 5.5. In the filling.

Chamber

1. Plain White VII bobbin-shaped amphora with tall, narrow, cylindrical neck; small. swollen rim; angular, vertical handle from neck to shoulder; elongated baselnob. Height 63.5. Floor.
2. Plain White VlI oval jug with base-ring; wide, concave neck; mouth with pinched, defined rim, handle from rim to shoulder. Height 30.7. Floor.
3. Plain White VII amphora, as No. I, but with concave neck. Height 68.5. Floor.
4. Plain White VI-VII shallow bowl with flat base;
plain rim Used as a coser to amphora No. 3. D1am. 11.0. Above No. 3.
5. White Panted V'lI large, slender, oval jug with low, curved foot; cylindrical neck, splasing rim; twin-handle with "metal" knobs from neck to shoulder: female figurine holding a minature jug opposite the handle Encircling bands round neck, shoulder, and body; red paint on figurine. Heirht 382 . Floor.
6. Stroke Polnshed I (VI)-II (Vil) almost glohular fuy with high base-ring; ridge-line helow mouth, funnelneck, mouth with in-cursed rim, moulded handle from ridge to shoulder. Height 20.0. Flonr.
7. Plan White V'll depressed owal loottle with raned hase; narrow, concave neck; wide, Hat, down-turned rim: no handle. Height ro.4. Floor.
8. Nine bronze nails, all hammered; with flat, carcular head, wood stall adhering to some nals. Cised for a wooden coffin. Bronze much corroded. Length 6.7-5.7. Floor.
9. Bronze nal with square section: round, Hit head, has belonged to a coffin. Well preseried Length 6.6. Floor
10. Eight bronze nats with square section: round, that heads. Wood still adhering. Have belonged to a cotfin. Well preserved. Length 6.5-5. 8 . Floor.
1f. Stroke Polivhed I (VI)-ll (VIl) Jug, as Nin 6. Height 22.0. Floor.

12 Framment of a stroke Pohshed II (VII) oval jug, with base-riner, radue below neck; almost straight funnelmouth. handle from base of mouth to shoulder. Floor.
13. Plan Whate VII owal jug with base-ring; narrow, swollen neck. thich, swollen rim. handle from neck to shoulder. Hescht +6.5. Floor
14. Red Slop $V$ (VII) conical bowl with angular outline. base-drac: out-turned rim. Used as a cover to jug No. 13. Diam. 102 . Floor.
15. Two lenp-shaped bronze handles of a wooden hier. Well preserved. Length 5.5-5.4. Floor.
16. White Painted VII owal bottle wath flat, raised hase; narrow, concase neck; wide, flat. down-turned rim. No handle. Black panted rim; encorchng lines around neck and shoulder. Height g.o. Floor.
1\%. Iron strigil with large, curved blade, semicircular in sectoon, fitted to a horizontal loop-handle, attached to the blade by a leaf-shaped, flat mounting. Length $\therefore$ o. Flour.
ts. Phan White VII depressed globular jug, as No. 19, but with moulded handle. Neck and part of handle missing. Ilempt ir.o. Floor.
Ig. Plan White VII oral jug with base-disc; short, concave neck, tharing rim; handle from below rim to shoulder. Herght if.o. Flont.
20. Plan White VII oval jug, as No. 2, but without defined rim. Height 28.5. Floor.
2 I Stroke Pollshed II (VII) oval jug with base-ring; radere below neck; alnost straight funnel-mouth; handle from base of mouth to shoulder. Height i4.3. Fluor.
22. Stroke Pulished II (V1I) jug, as Nu. 21. Height I4.7. Floor.
23 Sack-shaped bottle of alabaster with splaying neck; flaring rim, flattened bottom; knob-handles below neek. I leaght s 6 . Floor.
24. Seven bronze nals, used for a coffin; one with circular section and mushroom-shaped head (a); one with square section and flattened head (b); fise with square section and convex head (c). Well presersed. Length (a) 7.7 ; (b) 62 , (c) り2 Floor
25. Five silver hair-rings with spiral, overlapping ends. Much corroded Dram. 1.5. Floor
26. Hemspherical bronze bowl wath two grooved lines around the slightly moulded, flat rim Diam. ri.7. Floor.
27. Black (ilazed (A. f) bowl. Impressed palmette ornaments inside. Diam. i4.5. Floor.
2K. Stroke Polished 11 (VII) jug, as No. 2I. I Ienght 2z.9. Above No. 29.
29. Plan White VII wide, conical bowl with base-ring; wide, flattened rim, somewhat down-turned; two horizontal handles on rim. Twu incised, e mentric carcles insude bottom. Diam. 3 r o. Floor.
30. Black Glazed (A. 6) bowl. Impressed palmette ornaments inside. Dram. I4.7. Floor.
3r. Plan White VII oval jug wath base-ring; cylindrical neck; thick, swollen rm; handle from neck to shoulder. Height +3.2. Floor.
32. Plain White VII bowl wath Hat base: curved outlone; out-turned rim. U'sed as a cover to jug No. 3r. Diam. 102 . Ahove No. 3 I
33. Plaın White VII amphora, as No. i. On one handle stamped mark (see Appendix V). Hesght 66.2 Floor
34. Plain White VII bottle, as No. 7. Height io.6. Floor.
35. Two loop-shaped bronze handles used for a wooden bier well preserved. Length 5.2. Floor.
36. Stroke Polıshed II (VII) jug, as No. 21. Height 20.5 . Floor.
37. Plaın White VI-VII bowl, as No. 4, but with a flat, rased base, in-curved rim. Diam. if.z. Floor.
38. Plain White VII depressed oval jug wath base-ring, narrow, concave neck with handle-ridge; wide, thick, flaring rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 26.9 . Floor.
39. Plain White VII oval amphora wath base-ring; slopıng shoulder; narrow, swollen neck; thick, swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height $\ddagger 10$ Floor.
+o. Finger-ring of iron with bezel. Nuch rusted. Dram. 2.2. Floor.

4r. Iron strigal, as No. i7. Parts of blade missing. Length 31.o. Floor.
42. Five bronze nals, all hammered, wood still adhering, with round section, flat head (a); square section, flat head (b), square secton, knob-head (c). Used for a wooden coffin. Length (a) 9.5 ; (b) 102 ; 8.9 ; (c) 10.2 ; 8.4. Floor
43. Four bronze nails with square section, knob-head (a) or flat head (b); wood still adhering Used for a wooden coffin. Length (a) 10.2: 10.1; (b) 10.2; 6.4 I 1 loor
44. Four bronze nals with knob-head and square section; wood still adhering. Lised for a wooden coffin. Iength 10.5.-7.8. Floor.

> supplementary C'atalogue
45. Bronze sheets, rectangular, bent at right angles pierced by holes for bronze nalls; used as mountings to wooden coffin. Length $15.5-16.7$. Floor.


4


Fig. 89. Marion. Tomb 22, Finds in situ (1). 'Tomb 23, Plan (2); Sections A-A, B-B, ('-C' (3, 4, 5), Finds in sith (6).

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
Nost of the pottery finds in the tomb are of characteristic Type VII, dating it to the later part of the Cypro-Classic II period.

$$
\text { TOMB } 23 \text { (Figs. 89:2-6; 90) }
$$

size

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.87 | 1.46 | I. 60 | - |
| Stomion | 0.74 | 0.82 | - | I. 28 |
| Chamber | 2.25 | 2.06 | - | 1.30 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a short shaft, with badly destroyed steps at the upper end, and then sloping towards the door, with slightly splayed walls. The door has a slightly curved roof, and the door-packing consisted of large, roughly cut blocks surrounded by pebbles. The floor of the stomion slopes gently down to that of the chamber. The chamber is quite trapezoidal in plan, with the side walls narrowing towards the back and with rounded corners. The roof and floors arc approximately horizontal. Along the left wall an oblong partition is screened off, by a wall built of pebbles.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a layer of gravel at the bottom and layers of chazara at the top. The bottom layer reached the lower end of the central, large block of the doorpacking and the marked difference between this layer and the top layers of chavara seems to indicate that the dromos has been dug out, down to the bottom layer, at the time of a reburial


Fig. 90. \arion. Tomb 23. View of the chamber, with finds in situ.


Fig. 91. Narion. Tomb 25. Viell of the chamber, with finds in situ.
in the tomb. The part of the door-packing which is above this layer also seems to have been built up at a later time than the lower. These indications of a reopening of the dromos and the door are corroborated by the fact that burials in two periods had taken place in the chamber. The layers in the chamber consisted of two silted burial and culture strata at the bottom, covered by two layers of rock debris mixed with sand and gravel; and a top layer of infiltrated silted clay. Owing to the infiltrated water, some of the finds and parts of the skeletons were floating and were found high up in the filling. On account of this, it is not always easy to distinguish between the finds of the two periods. The following separation of the burial remains seems likely: The scanty remains of a skeleton (skull, parts of upper extremities, pelvis etc.) along the right side wall belong to the second burial period; skeletal remains swept away along the back wall of the chamber belong to the earlier burial period as well as remains of lower and upper extremities found within the rubble-stone wall, along the left wall of the chamber. That this wall was built as an ossuary at the second burial period, is evident from the fact that the wall is not founded on the rock but in the culture earth, slightly below the level of the second burial period.

The finds belonging to the two burial periods cannot, on the other hand, be separated from each other with certainty, on account of the stratigraphic conditions alove nentioned.

## BCRIALS

The body of the second burial period was placed along the right wall of the chamber, to judge from the scanty remains of the skeleton in an outstretched position. Of the details of the earlier burials nothing can be said, as the skeletal remains - as stated above - are not in the original positions, but removed to the back wall, and within the rubble-stone wall, at the time of the last interment.

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FINDS (GROLP: PL. NLV, 2; TyPES: L. OF PL. H)
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[^4]2. Plan White open lamp, saucer-shaped; wath wharply prohed wick-holder: flatened base Dam, ワ7 Inside No. 3.

3 Plan White lamp, as No. 2. Diam. io.2. Floor.
+. Black slip $V^{\cdot}$ wide, biconical bottle with narrow basedisc: short, narrow, concare neck; small, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 8.3. Floor.
5. Plain White $V$ or V1 shallow, Hat bowl with flat base; rounded outline; plain rim. Diam. ir.S. Floor.
6. Plan White Vl piriform jug with flat base; narrow, conical neck; funnel-mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Henght 152 . On the wall. -56 .
7. Bichrome Red III (VI) shallow, wide bowl with basering; flattened, curved rim; two string-holes on rim. Black and white circles inside; black encircling band outside; black transverse lines and a wayy band on white ground on rim. Diam. 29.5. On the wall. -- 56.
8. Plan White VI sack-shaped jug, tapering upwards with flat base; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Incomplete Herght 18.7. Floor.
9. Red Slip IV (VI) conical bowl with rounded outline; narrow base-ring; no handle. Diam. 1I.7. Floor.
Io Black Slip V globular bottle with small base-disc; narrow neck, that rim; handle-ridge: handle from neck to shoulder. Height 102 Floor.
II. Plam White V cr ViI bowl with rounded outlme, flat bottom. Diam. 7.4. Floor.
12. Black-on-Red IV (VI) wrde, urn-shaped amphoriskos with base-disc: no neck; out-turned rim; two horizontal, rudimentary handles on belly. Encircling lines and bands round rim. below rim, and belly. Height io.9. - 28.
13. Red Slip IV (VI) bowl, as No. 9. Diam. 10.7. - 28 .
14. Red Slip IV (VI) bowl, as No. 9. Diam. 11.1. Inside No. 15.
15. Coarse shallow bowl with round base; slightly outturned rim with concave inside; an elevated, vertical band-handle on rim. Diam. 13.5. - 28 .
16. Plain White VI jug, as No. 8. Height 15.4 . - 37 .
17. Black Polished (V) biconical minature bottle with flat base; narrow, short, concave neck; splaying, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 5.2. Floor.
i8. Bichrome Red III (VI) depressed spherical jug with base-disc; narrow, concave neck; splaying rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rmm, neck, and belly; a way stroke along the handle; leaf-shaped ornament at base of handle. Height 14.9. - 10.
19. Plain White VI oval, sack-shaped jug with flat base; concase neck: splaying rim, handle from rim to shoulder. Handle missing. Height 10.1. - 10.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Bl.-on-R } \\ \text { IV (VI) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left.\right\|_{\text {Lerracotta }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | B1. S1. V | B1. Pol. (V) | $\text { R. SI. } 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | Pl. Wh. V-VI | Pl. Wh. VI | Coarse |  |
| 12 | 7. 18 | 4. 10 | 17 | 9. 13, 14 | $5,11$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1. } 6,8 \\ & 16.19 \end{aligned}$ | 15 | 2, 3 |
| -1 | -2 | -2 | -I | -3 | -2 | -5 | - I | -2 |

## CHRONOLOGY

The tomb thus contained a few specimens of Type $V$, some transitory specimens between Types V and VI, and some of developed Type VI. The earlier types probably belonged to the ist and the later to the 2nd burial period, though there cannot have been a long time between them, because the finds are not chronologically inconsistent. As a whole, the tomb is therefore to be dated to the beginning of the Cypro-Classic I period.

## TOMB $2_{4}($ Fig $94: \mathrm{I}-3)$

SIZE


SHAPE
The dromos is a short shaft, leading down by a wide step to a slightly sloping platform in front of the door. The walls are nearly vertical. The door is rectangular, with rounded corners and flat roof, carefully closed by a solid door-packing of pebbles of different size. The floor of the stomion leads down to that of the chamber by a gentle slope, and the door opens on to the chamber, to the right of its longitudinal axis, at the north-west end of its front wall. The chamber is small with straight walls and rounded corners. Its floor and roof slope towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a thick hottom layer of charara mixed with gravel, and a top layer of chazara mixed with clay. The chamber was filled to the roof, by a homogeneous filling of gravel and chazara.

## BCRIALS

No skeletal remains were found. Probably the body of a small child had been placed along the east side of the chamber, but has been entirely destroyed. A deposit of miniature pottery was found in the chamber, close to the door.


Summing up the classification in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
These finds date the tomb to the earlier part of the Cypro-Classic I period.

TOMIB 25 (Figs. 91-93; 94: 4-9)

## SIZE

|  | Lenurh | Width | Depth | Heught |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 5.84 | 1.50 | 2.80 | - |
| Stomion | 0.68 | 0.83 | - | - |
| Chamber | 3.93 | 2.89 | -- | c. 1.55 |



Fig. yz. Marion. Tomb 25 , dromos.

MARION


Fig. 93. Marion. Tomb 25 . View of the chamber.

SHAPE

The dromos is of the long staircase type, descending by twelve steps to a slightly sloping platform in front of the door. The walls of the dromos widen slightly upwards. In the south wall, a small cupboard closed by a rectangular stone slab is cut in the rock. The door has a raulted roof. The door-packing was partly found inside the tomb. The floor of the stomion slopes down to that of the chamber by an oblique step, and the door opens obliquely to the longitudinal axis of the chamber. The chamber is approximately rectangular in plan. Its floor is horizontal, and its roof was saddle-shaped, but has partly fallen in. Two tunnelshaped niches are cut diagonally in the north and east corners, close to the door; a third, right out from the north long side and the fourth one in the west back corner. All these niches are rectangular in plan, and are on the level of the floor of the chamber. Their floors slope very slightly towards the chamber and their roofs towards the back. Finally a shallow, loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock, along the back wall of the chamber, 0.50 m . abore the floor. Its floor is horizontal and the roof curved.

## STRATIFICATION

On the platform in front of the door, there is a bottom stratum of ashes and carbonized matter, indicating that fires have been lit there probably for purification, or sacrifices in connection with the funeral ceremonies. The rest of the dromos-filling consisted of oblique layers of charara. In front of the door these layers were disturbed by a narrow shaft leading down to the upper part of the door. The shaft was filled with charara mixed with dark earth from the surface layer, indicating that the tomb had been visited by tomb-robbers, who had also removed the door-packing. The layers in the chamber consisted of a burial stratum at the bottom covered inside the door by an oblique laver of dromos charara, infiltrated

through the open door after the removal of the door-packing; and in the other part of the chamber by double lavers of silted filling of chonnos and rock debris, from the crumbling walls and the partly fallen-in roof. The circumstances of finds show that the tomb-robbers had only taken away the jewellery, and the intact layers of debris covering the burial stratum give evidence that the robbery has taken place before the collapse of the rock, both indications that it had taken place in ancient times, probably soon after the last burial. All the objects were found on the floor.

BURIALS
Alf the niches contained a burial stratum, but the skeletons had been completely destroyed. Tomb-gifts of chiefly imported Black Glazed pottery have been placed along the walls. Purification, or burnt sacrifices were performed in connection with the funerals in the dromos outside the door, as stated above. Two jugs, probably used for libations were also found in this place, and some pots, having contained offerings to the deceased, had been placed in the cupboard in the south wall of the dromos.

FINDS (GROUPS: PLs. XLV, 4, XLVI, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
i) romos

1. Plan White VI oval jug with base-ring; concave, wide nech; thickenone rim; handle from rom to shoulder. Height 24.2 Floor.
2 Plan White VI jur, shape as No. i, but with wide, pinched mouth. Heisht 21 5. Floor.
3 Red slip V (VII) depressed piriform, urn-shaped amphoriskos with short, eylindrical neck; plan rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Height 13.5. Floor.
2. Plan White VII sack-shaped, celindracal jug with Hat base: concave neck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height izo Floor.
3. Stroke Polished II (VII) depressed globular jug with base-ring; ridge below neck; funnel-mouth, moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height iz.o. Floor.
4. Plan White VI small, depressed jug with base-disc; short, concare nech; narrow, pinched mouth; handle from ram to shoulder. Height 7.f. Floor.

## C’hamber

1. Bronze marror, circular, plan wath raised edge; stranght tang with flat. rectangular projection at dise. Trang missing. Diam. 126. Floor.
2. Siroke Polrhed II (VII) wlobular depressed jug with base-ring: short, concave neck; funnel-mouth; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height 10.0. Floor.
3. Plan White VII globular jue with base-ring; narrow, (ylindrical netk; moulded handle from neck to shoulder; tunnel-shaped rim Shape imitating Stroke lolished II jugs. Herpht IS 5. Floor.

+ Stroke Polinhed 11 (VII) bowl, momtating Attic bowl, 'lype ( 4 . but roughly made. Helght 83 . Fioor.

5. Atroke Polished II (VIl) juer, as Xo. 2 , but with globular body. Heruht zo 5. Flowr.
6. Plain White VI shallow bowl wath flat base; curved outline; in-turned rim. Diam II.q. Floor.
7. Stroke Polished II (V'll) globular Jug with slightly taller, more concave neck than No. 2; wide, disc-shaped rim, moulded handle from neek to shoulder. Height 18.3. IFloor
8. Stroke Polished II (VII) jug, as No 2 Height I4 8. Floor.
9. Ptan White VI conical bowl wath flat base; vertical rım; angular outline. Dianı 11.2. Floor.
10. Bichrome VII narrow oroid jug with base-ring; concave neck; fiattened rim, handle from neck to shoulder with metal-inutateng buttons; bull's protome opposite handle on shoulder. Yellow and red encircling bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; zigzag band on shoulder, rough herrıng-bone frieze round belly; red paint on protome. Painted after baking Height 3y.8. Floor.
II Stroke Polished II (VII) Jug, as No. 2, but with ovond bodỵ. Height 21.7. Floor.
11. Plain Whate VIl shallow, wide bowl wath flat base-ring; plain rim. Diam. 16.0. Floor.
12. Plan White VII depressed jug with base-ring; slopıng shoulder; concave neck, slightly splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.7. Floor.
13. Black-on-Red IV (VI) globular jug with high, curved base; short, swollen, tapering neck; funnel-mouth; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Line round rm; dotted line below neck; crossed, concentric circles round body; vertical, wavy line along handle; strokes below handle; front ornament of some roughly made leaf-ornaments. Height 15.4. Floor.
14. Black (flazed (A. 7) bowl. Impressed palmette star inside bottom. Diam. 9.0. Floor.
15. Bronze ladle with round base; plan rim; a long handle, rectangular in section, narrowing upwards; top of
handle bent backwards and ending in a goose's head. Length 36.0. On Nise. 17, Iy, 21.
16. Black Glazed (B. 3) bowl Plan. Mledrum thackness Diam. ir.o. Inside No. is.
17. Black Gilazed (B. 1) bowl Plan. I) am. iz.o. Floor.
18. Black Glazed guttus, Type 1. Plan. Diam. 9.f. Above No. 20.
19. Black Glazed (C. S) buwl. Plan. Diam. 10.3 Floor.
20. Black Glazed (B. 1) bowl. Plan Diam. 12.2. Floor.
21. Black Glazed (A 1) bowl. Plain. Theck ware. Diam. 9.7. Inside No. 23.
22. Black Glazed (A. 7) bowl. Impressed palmette star inside bottom. Diam $9+$ Floor.
23. Black Glazed (C) 8) bowl. Impressed with four palmettes around a circle. Dıam. ro.o. Floor.
24. Black (ilazed (B. 2) bowl. Plain. Medium thickness. Diam. 12.0. Floor.
25. Black Glazed (A. i) bowl. Plain. Dran. $9+$ Inside No. 25.
26. Coarse sack-shaped jug with flat base; concave neck; splavine rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 14.3. Floor.
27. Bronze strigil with curved hlade, semicircular in section,
fitted to a horizontal loop-handle, attached to the blade by a leaf-shaped, flat mounting perced hy two freetholes. Length 22.5 Floor.
28. Plain Whate Vif urn-haped amphorrskos wath basering, no neck; out-turned rim; wo rudmentary, horizontal handles on shoulder and a arooved line between handlen. fleght 12.8. Floor
30 Large, lancet-shaped iron knife with long point, one cutang edge, five rrets in the flat tang, arranged with one central nal flanked by two pars Broken and much rusted Length zg.8. Floor.
29. Plan White open, baucer-shaped lamp with flaring rim; small base; sharply pinched wack-holder. Diam. 10.5. Fioor
30. Plain Whate VlI minature amphoriskos with pointed base; bhort base-knob; tall, concase neck; swollen rim; vertical handles from neek to shoulder. Ileight 15.7 . Floor.
31. Plan Whate V1 sack-shaped jug with flat base; concase neck; splaying rim: handle from rim to shoulder. Hewht $1+3$. Floor.
32. Stroke Polished II (VII) Jug, as No. 2. Hercht 150 . Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we get the following diagram:

| Potters |  |  |  |  |  | B1. G1 Plain |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{BI} \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{l} \\ \mathrm{Bmpr} \end{gathered}$ |  | Bronze |  |  | Tirrasotia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & E \\ & E \\ & \dot{Z} \\ & \dot{\tilde{i}} \end{aligned}$ | PI Wh VI | $\begin{aligned} & \Xi \\ & シ \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ | 范 | $\tau$ | $\dot{\sim}$ | Bowl $\stackrel{\because 1}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{M}{\sim}$ | $\begin{aligned} & x \\ & \ddot{\theta} \end{aligned}$ |  | Bow! $\begin{array}{ll} A & x \\ \hdashline & ن \end{array}$ | $\frac{\tilde{y}}{\underline{E}}$ | Erss | $\stackrel{y}{\square}$ | - | -- |
| Chamber ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | IO 14 <br> -I -I | $\begin{gathered} 2,+5,7 \\ 8,11,34 \\ -7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,9 \\ & 33 \\ & -3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,12 \quad 13 \\ 29,32 \\ -5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 27 -1 | 22 <br> 26 <br> -2 | 18 <br> 21 <br> -2 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ | 17 -1 | $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ -1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 15 & 2+ \\ 23 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 30 -1 |  | 16) | -1 | 31 -1 |
| Dronos | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ -1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ -1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,2,6 \\ -3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ -1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | -- |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |

## CHRONOLOGY

The tomb thus contained a majority of pottery of Type VII, mixed with some specimens of Type VI. This dates it to the first part of the Cypro-Classic II period.

TOMB 26 (Fig. 95: $\mathrm{I}-4$ )

|  | SIZE | Length | Widtlı | Depth | Hercht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos |  | 4.92 | 1.05 | 1. 63 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.45 | 0.80 | --- | - |
| Chamber |  | 1.75 | 2.79 | - | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a rather long shaft, with vertically cut walls, seven steps at the upper end, and then sloping down to the door. The upper part of the door had fallen in, but the doorpacking was still in situ. It consisted of a quantity of solidly built rocks and pebbles. The upper part was divided from the lower by a layer of sand, about o.16 m. thick, indicating that the door-packing had been built at two different periods. The floor of the stomion leads down to that of the chamber, by a very gentle slope. The door opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, near the north end of the front wall. The chamber is trapezoid in shape with the sides splayed towards the back wall. Its floor slopes slightly towards the back wall; its roof has completely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

In the sloping part of the dromos, there was a bottom layer of carbonized matter; above that a layer of light-coloured chazara mixed with sand; covered by a similar, but darker layer; and at the top a layer of homogeneous chazara. In the chamber there was a burial stratum at the bottom covered by a horizontal layer of silted debris of crumbled rock; and at the top a thick layer of rock debris with pieces of chazara and small stones from the completely collapsed rock. From this it is evident that the destruction of rock started slowly at the beginning, and that the complete break-down came suddenly.

All the finds belong to one stratum. All were found on the floor, except Nos. 2, 9, 10, II, 12, 13, 14. Of these, Ňos. 2, 9, 10, 11, 12 (see Obj. Reg.) were found at levels of - 192 and - ig 8 in the silted layer of crumbled rock, covering the culture stratum, where they have floated about, in the infiltrated water. Nos. 13 and 14, which were found at a level of - I Io in the debris of rock from the collapsed roof of the stomion, have fallen down, with the debris through the collapsed roof, from the dromos where they originally were deposited (cf. below).

## BURIALS

There are remains of two interments, tallying with the exidence of the door-packing having been built in two different periods. Scanty remains of the earlier burial were found in the north part of the chamber, with a skull preserved near the back wall. The body was female and had been adorned with some simple jewelry. Along the south wall, remains of the second interment were found; a male skeleton with the head near the back wall and the femora and tibiae in such an intact position that it could be concluded that the body had been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position, with the head towards the back wall. In the filling of the dromos, above the fallen-in door, a plain jug was found, having contained libations to the deceased. The amphora No. 13 and the jug No. 14 have also contained offerings and were originally deposited in the filling of the dromos, outside the door (cf. above).

FINDS (GROUPS: PL. XLVI, 2, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

> Dromos

1. White Painted VI oval jug with base-disc; short, concave neck; swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Eincircling bands round rim, neck, and body: wav y line on handle; three pendant strokes from neck; sling ornaments at base of handle. Height 34.2. - 17 .

## Chamber

r. Plain White $V$ piriform amphora with knobbed base; short, concave neck; swollen rim; vertical handles from neck to shoulder. Much damaged. Height 45.0. Floor.
2. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base; concave neck; small rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height $16.5 .-192$.
3. Plain White V oval jug with base-ring; tall, narrow neck; pinched mouth; high twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Height 17.7. Flocr.
4. Bichrome Red II (V) oval jug with base-ring; slightly concave neck; rım not defined; twin-handle from neck to shoulder; bull's protome on shoulder, opposite the handle. Black, inverted triangles on white ground around rim; two black lines with white dots around neck; black, encircling lines around belly and body; black protome; black, transverse strokes on handle; black, conventionalized palm-tree designs on shoulder, black network-band on white ground around belly, white, dotted circles on shoulder; white supplementary colour also used among the encircling, black, curved lines at base of handle. Height 31.0. Floor.
5. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle with base-dise, narrow, concave neck; swollen rim; handle from rum
to shoulder. Black lines and bands round rim and belly: other decoration worn out. Iteght 10.5. Floor
6. Black-on-Red IV (VI) shallow, wade bowl wath basedisc: flattened, curved rim. 'Transserse lines on rim; other decoration worn out. Diam 27.0. Floor.
7. Black-on-Red IV (VI) bowl with cursed outline; small base-ring; plain rim. Broad line round edge; partly worn out. Diam it.9 Floor.
8. Bichrome Red II (V) oval amphora with base-disc; slightly splaying nech; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Black and white eneirclines lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; vertical strokes on shoulder. Ifeight 13 5. Iloor.
9. Black Glazed kylix, Type 2. Stem, lower part of bowl, inside, except centre of bottum, covered by black glaze; black handles; encircling band around body; concentric circles inside. Diam. 17.6. - 19s.
10. Eleven silver har-rings with spiral, overlapping ends Much corroded. Diam. 09 - 1.3. - 198.
11. a) Two circular beads of blue and white, incrusted paste. Diam. 0.6.
b) 'T'wo oblong beads of white paste; broken. D1am. o.5.
c) Two biconcal beads of cornehan. Diann. 0.7. - y yb.

12 Black Polshed miniature jug with depressed biconical body; narrow, concave neck, swollen ram, handle from rim to belly. Handle missing. Height 43. - Igs'.
13. Plain White VI wade, bobbin-shaped amphora wath knobbed base; short, swollen neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Graffito on shoulder (see Appendix V) Hetght 58.5. - 110 .
14. Black Silip V depressed jug, shape as No 12 Herght 7.5. - 110 .

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
We thus see that the majority of the pottery is of Type $V$; only five specimens are of early Type VI, but Types V are late in style. The tomb is therefore to be assigned to the beginning of Cypro-Classic I. The style of the Attic kylix (No. 9) agrees with this date.


Fig. 95. Marion. Tomb 26, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3); Finds in situ (4; Timb 27, Plan (5); Sections B-B, A-A (6. \%); Finds in situ (8). Tomb 28, Plan (9); Section A-A (10).

## TOMIB 27 (Fig. 95:5-8)

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stomion | 0.55 | o. 89 | -- | - |
| Chamber | 3.25 | 1.95 | - | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos was never excavated. The stomion is rectangular in shape. The stones of the door-packing were found scattered about in the chamber. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan with the south side wall narrowing towards the back wall. Along the south side wall a long, shallow, loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock, 0.50 m . above the floor of the chamber. The floor of the chamber is horizontal; its roof has entirely collapsed. The floor of the niche is approximately horizontal and the roof is arched.

## STRATIFICATION

The layers in the chamber consisted of a burial stratum at the bottom almost entirely disturbed, and cleared of its finds by tomb-robbers, who had entered the tomb by removing the stones of the door-packing. Only a small deposit of finds in the back part of the chamber was left. The upper part of the chamber was filled with rock debris from the completely collapsed roof.

All the objects were found on the floor.

## BLRIALS

No skeletons were found, but the discovery of some bronze nails seems to show that wooden coffins were used for the burials.

Finds (GROUPS: PL. XLYi, 4, 5; TYPES: L. OF PL. I1).
r. Black Glazed (A. if) stand. Plain, swollen rim. Diam. 6.o. Floor.
2. Black Glazed (B. 1) bowl. Plan. Diam. 11.5. Floor.
3. a) Red Figured guttus, Type 1. A deer lying down on one side of handle; a dog with raised forelegs; arched tail. Diam. if.o. Fluor.
b) Red Figured guttus, Type 1. A recumbent griffin, with one foreleg raised; arched tall; outspread wongs on each side of handle. Diam. 12.7. Floor.
4. Black Glazed (A. 4) bowl. Plan. Iiam. 15.9. Floor.
5. Black Glazed (A. 4) bowl, red inside; much worn. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Plain. Dıam. if.2. Floor.
6. Black Glazed (C. 2) bowl. Encircled. impressed rosette ornaments on bottom Plan. Diam. 179 . Floor
7. Straight iron knife with one cutting edge: Hat tang
perced by three ricts. Traces of wood stall wable on tang. Point of blade, and part of tang missing. Broken. Length c. 15.7. Floor.
S. Two bronze nuls with flat heads; one (a) with round, and one (b) with square section. Used for a wooden coffin. Length (a) $9.3:$ (b) 6.6. Floor.
9. Lancet-shaped ironknfe with one cutung edge. Point nussing. Wood still adhering to handle Nio rovets nsible. Length zo 9. Floor.
10. White Panted VII depressed pariform jue with wide base-ring, short, concave neck; flaring rim; twin-handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; wavy line round neck; black handle; dots surrounded by dotted circles on shoulder. Lustrous paint. Herght 15.5 . Floor.

Summing up the classification in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The only Cypriote pot found in this tomb, and the imported pottery, both indicate that the tomb dates from the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMB 28 (Fig. 95: 9, 10)

|  | SIZE | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos |  | 4.21 | 1.74 | 2.03 | -- |
| Stomion |  | c. 0.50 | 1.08 | - | 0.98 |
| Chamber |  | 1.80 | 2.16 | - | I. 10 |

SHAPE
The dromos consists of a shaft with four, irregular steps leading down to a holluw with horizontal floor in front of the door. From the lowermost of the steps, a bench is cut in the east wall of the dromos. The door-packing was not intact. The floor of the stomion leads down to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan, with step-shaped shafts cut in the floor in the south part. The roof is slightly curved and slopes towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of chazara mixed with gravel, up to the lowermost step, and a top layer of homogeneous chavara; the layers in the chamber consisted of a disturbed layer of burial earth at the bottom, covered by debris of charara mixed with streaks of gravel, up to the roof. The tomb was robbed and the tomb-robbers must have entered the tomb from a shaft dug through the door, though a difference in the chazara-filling indicating this shaft was not observed during the excavation. During this, moreover, the roof of the chamber completely collapsed, and, as there was fear of further collapse owing to the soft consistency of the rock, the tomb was not completely dug out.

[^5]CHRONOLOGY
The potsherds found in the filling of the dromos and the chamber consisted of a majority of Type VI, and a certain number of Type $V$, indicating that the tomb dates from the early part of Cypro-Classic I.

## TOMB 29 (Fig. 100: $1-4$ )

size

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Heyght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.44 | 1.14 | 1.70 | - |
| Stomion | 0.35 | 0.98 | - | - |
| Chamber | 3.06 | I. 84 |  |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is a long, rectangular shaft with originally, vertically cut walls, descending by two wide steps to the door. In the front part of the east side wall at the top of the rock, there is a small cupboard cut in the rock, closed by a stone-packing. The upper part of the stomion had fallen in, but the door-packing, consisting of two stone slabs, one on the top of the other, faced with rubble, was still standing in situ. The floor of the stomion is on the the same level as that of the chamber, and the door opens approximately on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis. The chamber is sack-shaped in plan, with a loaf-shaped niche cut in the front part of the wall close to the door and another loaf-shaped niche, 0.18 m . above the floor-level, cut along the back wall. The floor of the chamber is horizontal; its roof has entirely collapsed. The floors of the niches are also horizontal, and their roofs are curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of a bottom layer of gravel and an upper layer of charara mixed with gravel. The layers were intact. The layers in the chamber consisted of a burial stratum with culture earth at the bottom, covered by a heavy rock debris from the completely fallen-in roof. All the objects were found in the culture stratum on the floor.

## BURIALS

Two interments have taken place in the chamber, one in the niche in the back wall. Of the skeleton only scanty remains were found including the skull which lay at the west end of the niche; the position of the body was probably outstretched. The lower part of the body was covered by two roughly cut stone slabs. Remains of another body were found along the west wall of the chamber. Of the bones, the skull and fragments of the extremities were preserved. The skeleton was that of a male; it was placed in an outstretched position with the head towards the door, and was covered by four roughly cut stone slabs in the same way as the first skeleton. The deceased had an iron knife in his left hand, but for the rest, the tomb-gifts were very poor and were all placed along the left side of the male skeleton.

FINDS (GROUP: PL. XLVII, 2)


Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

These finds, including two Plain White VI pots and imported Attic pottery, indicate that the tomb dates from the later part of Cypro-Classic I period.

TOMB 30 (Figs. 96; 100: 5, 6)
sIze
Length Width Depth

Shaft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\quad$\begin{tabular}{l}
Length <br>
$2.40 \quad$ Width <br>
I. 35

$\quad$

Depth <br>
0.85
\end{tabular}

SHAPE
This is a rectangular, shallow shaft with rounded corners, cut in the rock on the roof of a tomb, excavated by Messrs. Munro and Tubbs. The shaft contained a deposit of two terracotta statues, two amphorae with pointed bottoms, one torpedo-pithos and one jug, placed along the north wall of a shaft, above a floor stratum of sand. The statues were found in an upright position; one amphora, the jug and the torpedo-pithos were placed upside down, and the other amphora, was lying with its mouth to the rock wall. The heads of the statues had been cut off by the plough. No ashes or carbonized matter could be traced in the earth. The terracottas seem to have been memorial statues of the deceased, buried in the tomb and the pots to have contained tomb-offerings to them.


FINDS (GROCPS: PL. SLIII, 3, +; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)
I. 'I'erracotta statuette represinting inale figure, seated on a chair without a back. On a small podium, at his right stands a goat; on his left, there has been a mant..ture figure of a servant, also standing erect on a podium. He - or she - has reached to his mister's linee. 'l'he chiet figure is seated in a frontal position, the right knee shightly pushed forward. He is dressed in a chiton and himation, the latter kent up by the left hand restang on the breast With the right hand, he has probably been feeding the goat. 'The folds of the chiton are roughly made, and of conventionalized type, the himation is better, rhythmeally spreding from the left knee, and falling in waves down the sides. The feet are adorned with red shoes. Back not worked. Missing: Head, neck, right shoulder, left hand, right font, head of goat and right foreleg below knee. scrsants figure, except for the right foot Back mended. Hempht 55 i . fo
2. Terracotta statuette, almost identical with No. I. 'The only evident difference is in the position of the riest
arm, wheh is here stretched out fiom the elbow Missing: Head, reght shoulder, right arm below elbow, left arm from middle of lenter arm and both teet, figure and podium on left side and figure (grat) on right shde. Mended here and there. Ilenght to +15
3. Plain White VII large, conical amphors with promed base, ancular shoulder, tall, eylindrical neck, small, swollen rim: handles fronn neck w shoulder $0_{n}$ handles stamped letter (see Appendax V). Hermht oiso. - ro.
4. Plan Whate T゙ll wal jug With eancate nect, -plasing rim: handle from neck to shoulder, bull's protome on shoulder, opposite the h.onclle base mamoms lexirht 22.0. +35.

5 Plan Whate V'll bobbin- hapad worpedu-pathon wath concone neck, wollen rim; vimhtly comoes shoulder; vertical handle on hodẹ; hace moning. Hésht 520. $\therefore \quad 8$
6. Fragment of a Plan White V'II amphora with knobled base $\dagger 16$.

## Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the follow ing diagram:

|  | Pottery | 'rerracotta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots$ | リ. Wh. VII | Sitstucte |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3 . \\ 4.5 .6 \\ -4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \\ & -2 \end{aligned}$ |



Fig. 98. Marion. Tomb 31, dromos niches.


Fig. 99. Marion. Tomb 3r. View of the chamber, with finds in situ.

## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery found is entirely of Type VII and consequently, this group belongs to the later part of Cypro-Classic II period. The style of the terracotta sculptures agrees with this date.

$$
\text { TOMB } 3 \text { I (Figs. } 97-99 ; 100: 7-\mathrm{I} 4)
$$

SIZE

| Dromos $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | Length |
| :--- | :--- |
| Width | Depth | Height

SHAPE
The dromos is a rectangular shaft with vertically cut walls, and four steps in the upper end, leading down to a slightly sloping platform in front of the door. Three small caveshaped cupboards with horizontal floor and curved roofs are cut near the top of the rock walls of the dromos: Cupboard 1 in the east wall at the third step; Cupboard 2 in the same rock wall close to the door and Cupboard 3 opposite it, in the west wall. The cupboards were closed by packings of slabs and undressed stones. The upper part of the door and stomion of the chamber has collapsed, but a door-packing, consisting of two long, square door slabs and wedging stones of rubble around the edges, was still standing in situ. The stomion is rectangular in plan and its floor is at the same level as that of the chamber. The chamber is of an unusual type. It consists of a narrow corridor of the same width as the stomion running obliquely to the right of the longitudinal axis of the chamber, and of bench-like niches cut in the rock along both sides of the corridor, about 0.35 m . above its floor. The floors of the corridor and the niches are horizontal. The roofs of the niches are flat.


Fig. ioo. Marion. Tomb 29, Plan and Finds in situ ( 1 ); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C ( $2,3,4$ ) Tomb 30 , Plan and Finds in situ (5); Section A-A (6) Tomb 31, Plan (7); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C (8, 9,10 ): Finds in situ: chamber (II); dromos niche 1 ( I 2 ); dromos niche 2 ( I ) ; dromos niche 3 ( $\mathrm{I}+$ ).

Only the roof of the west niche is preserved. The roofs of the east niche, and the middle of the tomb have collapsed.

## stratification

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of chazara mixed with stone, a medium laver of charara, and a top layer of earth mixed with chavara. The marked differenec between the first and sccond layer secms to indicate a reopening of the tomb and this is supported by the fact that the door-packing is not founded on the floor, but in the bottom laver of the filling. The layers in the chamber were composed of burial remains and a culture stratum at the bottom, and covering layers of finer and rougher debris from the collapsed roof.

All the objects were found on the floor, except Nos. 8 and i.4. The knife No. 8 was found at level -76 , close to the right niche, in the stratum of rock debris covering the culture stratum. It has apparently fallen from the nichc when some of the rock debris from the collapsed roof had already accumulated on the culture stratum. The hair-rings No. 14 were found at a level of - 82, i. e., just above the culture stratum. They have apparently become first detached from the hair, when a little of crumbling rock-stuff had accumulated on the culture stratum.

## BCRIALS

Three burials have taken place in the chamber, one in each of the niches, and a third one in the corridor. The body buried in the east niche was placed with its head towards the back wall in a dorsal, outstretchod position. Of the skeleton, the skull, parts of the spinal column, the lower and upper extremities were preserved. The position of the body buried in the west niche has been somewhat disturbed: the skull was found close to the stomion, fallen from the niche, and parts of the lower extremities in the back end of the niche. From this it seems crident, that the body had been placed in an outstretched position, with its head towards the front wall. The skull of the skeleton, found in the corridor, was lying near the back wall of the chamber but the position of the other bones was disturbed. This skeleton was femalc, and the hair of the deceased had once been adorned with hairrings of silver. Nost of the tomb-gifts were found in the corridor, and four pots in the back end of the west niche. In the dromos close to the door, fragments of two amphorae were placed on the top of the bottom laver, and the cupboards contained some smaller pots, all having been filled with offerings to the deccased.

| FINDS (GROLPS: Pl. XLVil, 5, 6; TYPES: L. OF PL. II) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | Dromosniche 2 |
| 1. Framment of a Plun White VI oval amphora with hase-ring, horizontal handles on shoulder. In the filling. | 1. Bichrome Red IlI (VI) oval jug with raised base; short, slightly concave neck; erect, splaying rim; handle from |
| liramment of llan White VI amphora wath hoobbed base: two horizontal handles on shoulder. In the fillung | neck to shoulder. Black and white encircling lines round helly; black line round neck and below neck; group of pendant strokes from base of neek; sling ornament around base of handle. Height 19.8. Floor. |
| an White $V$ oral juy with small base-dise, short, ncave neck. narrow, punched mouth, high handle fin rum to shoulder llewht 13.0 . Flowr. | Comare depressed globular jug with base-disc; wide. concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 105. Flowr |

Dromos nache 3
r．Red Slip IV（V1）conical bowl with rounded outhne； narrow base－ring．Diam．iz．o．Floor．
2．Red Slip IV（VI）shallow，conical bewl with rounded outline；base－disc；flattened，down－turned rim．Dram． 17．5．Floor．
3．Plain White V biconical miniature bottle with flat base， narrow，short，concave neck；swollen rim；handle from rim to shoulder．Height 5．I．Floor
4．Bichrome Red II（V）globular jug with base－ring；neck tapering；narrow，pinched mouth；high twin－handle from rim to shoulder．Encircling lines and bands round neck and belly；ladder－pattern on handle；sling ornament around base of handle，white supplementary colour used round belly（lines）；nazk（dots），on shoulder （crosses and short，pendant lines）．Height $1_{1}$ ．S．Floor．
5．a）Silver hair－ring with sporal，overlapping ends．Much corroded．Diam．1．2．Floor．
b）Earring of silver thread with a pendant，incrusted glass bead；fragment of another．Diam．I． 5 Floor．

## Chamber

1．Iron strigıl，fragmentary；apparently of usual type． Floor．
2．Lancet－shaped iron knife with one cutting edge；handle fitted with three triangularly placed rivets．Length 20.3 ． Floor．
3．Plain White VI piriform amphora with knobbed base： concave，splaying neck；small，swollen rim；handles from neck to shoulder．Height 59．5．Floor．

4 Coarse sack－shaped jug with flat base，concave neek； out－turned rim；handle from rim to shoulder．Height 16．7．Floor．
5．Plain White VI oval amphora with base－ring；sloping shoulder：tall，splaying neck；swollen rim；horizontal handles on shoulder Height 43．5．Floor．
6．Coarse biconical bottle wath somewhat rounded outline； flat base，narrow，concave neck；swollen rim；handle from rim to shoulder．Height g．2．Floor．
7．Plain White $V$ biconical jug with flat bise－disc；short． concave neck：swollen rim；handle from rim to shoulder． IIeight 9 7．Floor．
8．Iron knife，as No．2．but with seven rivets．Length 23．3．－ 76.
9 Red slip IV（VI）conical bowl with rounded outlone； narrow basc－disc；no handle．Black mottled slip． Diam．ro．o．Floor．
10．Plain White VI sack－shaped jug with flat base；concave neck：splaying rim，handle from rim to shoulder．Height 1．4．5．Niche．
II Red slip IV（VI）shallow bowl with base－disc；double－ curved outline；splaying rim．Dark mottled ship． Diam． 13.5 Niche．
12．Red Slip IV（VI ）bowl，as No．9，but wath red slip． Diam．It．1．Niche．
13．Plain White VI ovod bottle with that base；narrow， cylndrical neck；swollen rim；handle from neck to shoulder．Height 102. Inside No．Iz．
14．Four silver har－ring，spiral－coled，wath oterlappane ends．Dlam．I．o．-82 ．

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register，and the stratigraphical data， we obtain the following diagram：

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bichr R } \\ \text { II (V) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | I ron |  | －13以゙く |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bichr R } \\ \text { III (VI) } \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{R} \mathrm{sl}_{\text {(VI) }} \text { IV }$ | Pl．Wh． | $V 1$ | 1 Wh V1 | （ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ aruc | Sinite | Strısil | 11．11－517y | liarning |
| Chamber |  |  | 9．11． 12 | 7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 10 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | 4． 6 | 2． 8 | I | 14 |  |
|  |  |  | －3 | －1 | 1 | －4 | $-2$ | －2 | －1 | －1 |  |
| Dromos | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Niche I | － 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dromos | I |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Niche 2 | －I |  |  |  |  |  | － 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Dromos | 4 |  | 1， 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 a | 5 b |
| Niche 3 | －1 |  | $-2$ | －1 |  |  |  |  |  | －1 | $-1$ |
| Dromos | 1． 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CHRONOLOGY

The chamber and the dromos niches are contemporary．Among the pottery，a few Type V and a majority of Type VI are represented．Type VI are early in style，and some are


Tig. ror. Marion Tomb 32. Niche 3, closed with a roof tile.


Fig. 102. Marion. Tomb 32. Niche 3, with finds in situ.
transitory between Types $V$ and VI. The tomb can consequently be assigned to the first part of the Cypro-Classic I period.

$$
\text { TOMIB } 32 \text { (Figs 101; 102; } 105 \text { : } 1-5 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

| Length | Width | Depth |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3.95 | I.16 | c. 2.15 |

SHAPE
This tomb had been dug by Messrs. Munro and Tubbs, but we excavated the dromos with the following result. The dromos is a staircase shaft, widening slightly at the back end, with vertically cut walls; it descends by six steps to a short platform in front of the door. Three small niches, No. i and 3 cave-shaped, and No. 2, loaf-shaped, are cut in the rock. Niches 1 and 2 are cut in the north side wall of the dromos, and Niche 3 in the south side wall. Niche 1, 0.56 m ., Niche $2,0.45 \mathrm{~m}$. and Niche $3,0.67 \mathrm{~m}$. abore the floor of the dromos. The niches were elosed with rubble and roof tiles. They contained deposits of pottery, once filled with tomb-gifts as an offering to the dead.

## Finds (GROUP: PL. XLYili, I ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Nicher

1. Red slip III (V) biconical, depressed jug with narrow base-dicc; narrow, cydindrucal neck; swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Dark, almost black slip. Heıght 78. I"loor.
2. Red silip III (V)—IV (VI) concal bowl with rather ancular outline; narrow bate-ring Dark, almost black slip Diam izi. Floor.
; Plain White VI osal, blightly buconical jug with base-
disc; short, concase neck; pinched mouth; high handle from rim to shoulder. Height r7.0. Floor.

## Niche 2

I. Stroke Polnshed II (VII) oval jug with small base-ring; ridge below mouth; funnel-mouth; moulded handle from base of mouth to shoulder. Height ry.4. Floor.
2. Stroke Polished II (VII) jug, as No. I. Height r7.6. Floor

## Niche 3

1. Red Figured lekythos (B. 2). A fan-shaped, framed palmette on body as front ornament. Height 9.7. Floor.
2. Red Figured lekythos, as Vo. 1. Height 9.7. Floor.
3. Stroke Polished I (VI) globular jug with base-ring; relief-line below neck; short neck with in-cursed rim; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Herght 20.3. Floor.
4. Red Slip IV (VI) urn-shaped, depressed bowl with flat hase, rabed, splaying rim lieght 6.z. lloor
5. Red silip IV (VI) urn-shaped amphoristos with small base-disc, ralsed, splaying rim, rudmentary horizontal handles on shoulder. Herght 135 l loor.
6. Plan White VI owal jueg with flat bane, wale, nomershat concave neck; plan rim, handle from rim $t$ shoulder. Heght 13 .2. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

Type VI are predominant in Niches I and 3, but a specimen of Type V [Red Slip III(V)] in Niche I indicates a slightly earlier date within Cypro-Classic I. The Stroke Polished II (VII) pots in Niche 2 assign that tomb to Cypro-Classic II. It seems, therefore, that the tomb has contained more than one burial and that the offerings to the dead were deposited successively in the niches.

## TOMB 33 (Fig 105: 6-9)

| size |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos |  | 2.79 | 1.22 | 2.00 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.20 | 0.92 | -- | 1.12 |
| Chamber |  | 2.60 | 2.38 | - | I. $\mathrm{f}_{0}$ |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather short staircase shaft widening slightly at the back, with nearly vertical walls, and leads down by three steps to the door. In the north wall of the dromos a bench is cut in the rock, 1.22 m . above the floor-level, in front of the door. The door has a vaulted roof, the stomion is rectangular in plan and its floor leads down to that of the chamber


Fis. 103 . Marion. 'Yomb 3t, dromos.

lig. rof. Marion. Tomb 34 . Vien of the chamber.
by a step. The door opens to the left of the longitudinal axis of the chamber. The chamber is approximately trapezoidal in plan, with slightly curved walls and rounded corners. Its floor slopes slightly towards the back wall and its roof is curved and also slopes towards the back wall. In the south wall, a bench-like niche is cut in the rock, 0.55 m . above the floor-level of the chamber; and in the north side wall, another large, bench-like niche is cut in the rock, extending round the corner along the north end of the back wall, 0.35 m . above the floor-level of the chamber.

A part of the rock floor of the dromos has collapsed so that it communicates by a hole with the niche of Tomb $3+$ which crosses it on a lower level. This hole was found blocked up by stones (cf. Tomb 34).

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the tomb was disturbed, indicating a tomb-robber's visit. This was verified by the circumstances of finds: the chamber was absolutely findless but for some potsherds. The robbery was evidently of recent times.

## CHRONOLOGY

The potsherds found in the filling divide in two stylistic groups: one consisting of specimens of late Type V and early Type VI (Black-on-Red III [V], Plain White VI), and the second represented by sherds of late Type VI (Plain White VII). This seems to indicate that burials had taken place in the tombs on two different occasions: in the first part of Cypro-Classic I and in the later part of Cypro-Classic II.


Fig. 105. Marion. Tomb 32, Plan and Finds in situ (1); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C, I)-D (2, 3, 4, 5). 'Tomb 33, Plan ( 1 ); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C $(7,8,9)$, Tomb 34, Plan (io); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C (11, 12, 13$)$.

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.80 | I. 18 | 1.72 |  |
| Stomion | 0.36 | 0.56 | - | 1.54 |
| Chamber | 3.68 | 2.86 | - | I. 82 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a steep staircase shaft widening slightly at the back, with originally vertical walls; it descends by six steps, much worn at the upper end of the dromos, to the door. The door has an arched roof, and was closed by two rectangular stone slabs, the one on the top of the other, and with rubble here and there around the edges. The door opens slightly to the left of the longitudinal axis of the chamber. The stomion is rectangular in plan and its floor descends to that of the chamber by three steps. The chamber is oblong with a curved front wall, and straight back and side walls. At the front part of the north side wall, a tunnel-shaped niche is cut in the rock, obliquely to the side wall of the chamber, on a level with the floor; and in the south side wall, a loaf-shaped niche is cut into the rock, 0.08 m . below the floor of the chamber. The floor of the chamber is horizontal, and the roof is barrel-shaped. The floor and roof of the tunnel-shaped niche are horizontal as well as the floor of the loaf-shaped niche, while the roof of the latter is curved. The tunnelshaped niche was closed by a rectangular stone slab, and the loaf-shaped one by three rectangular stone slabs, all found over-turned on the floor in front of the openings of the niches.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of a bottom layer of chatara, mixed with stones and gravel, and a top layer of homogeneous charara. These layers were intact. The chamber did not contain any foreign earth, except a small oblique layer of chazara, along the front part of its north side wall and in the tunnel-shaped niche, which had infiltrated from the dromos of Tomb 33, through the stone-packing of the hole in the roof (cf. above Tomb 33). The chamber had been visited by robbers, who entered it through the hole in its roof. These robbers cannot have been those who emptied Tomb 33 of its contents because, in this case they have evidently only been looking for jewelry, as they left all the pottery and some fine bronze ressels. It seems that the persons who used Tomb 33 for a reburial in the later part of Cypro-Classic II (cf. above) must have performed this robbery. The great haste with which it was carried out can be seen from the observations made during the excavation.

Entering the niche through the hole in the roof the robbers advanced to the chamber by over-throwing the poros slab which closed its opening. The poros slabs of a large built sarcophagus had been over-turned and the body rapidly plundered. Finally, they looked into the loaf-shaped niche, knocking down the three stone slabs which covered its opening and then they left the tomb by the way they had entered, blocking up the hole in the roof of the tunnel-shaped niche with rubble.

There is only one burial period, and all the objects were found on the floor, except Nos. ${ }^{1} 4$ and 52. Of these No. 52 was found at a level of - 22 placed by the tomb-robbers on one of the sarcophagus slabs, over-turned by them. No. i4 was found at a level of - 63 on the layer of infiltrated earth. As this layer came into the tomb after the visit of the tomb-robbers, the pot must have reached the place where it was found, after this visit. The only explanation seems to be that the tomb-robbers had placed it on the upright sarcophagus slab close by, and that it fell down later, e. g., at the time of an earth-quake.

## BURIALS

Four burials: one in the loaf-shaped niche, another to the side of this; a third in the tunnelshaped niche, and a fourth in the stone-built sarcophagus, along the north side wall of the chamber. All the bodies were placed in a clearly outstretched position, but the bones of the skeletons have almost entirely mouldered. The head of the skeleton in the loaf-shaped niche was placed near its west side wall, and the head of the skeleton in the sarcophagus towards the back wall of the chamber. The sarcophagus had a floor of four rectangular poros slabs, sunk in a shaft of the rock floor of the chamber. The west gable was built of one poros slab, each of the side walls of two slabs, and the cover of four slabs laid beside each other. No slab belonging to the east gable of the sarcophagus was found. Rich tomb-gifts in vases of terracotta and bronze etc. were all deposited on the floor of the chamber; a large group among which a lamp-stand of iron in the south-east corner, and smaller groups in the south-west corner, and between the foot of the sarcophagus and the back wall. In the niches, and inside the sarcophagus only small finds were made: jewellery, alabaster, and bronzes.

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. XLVIII, 2, XLIX, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

[^6]10. Wide, shallow bowl of bronze with short, wide, concase foot; rounded outline; flat rim; two horizontal handles ending in a flat ledge fixed to bowl by rivets Diam. 35.4. Floor.
11. Dome-shaped jug of bronze with that base-ring; short. concave, rather narrow neck; out-turned, moulded rim decorated with a notched string; elevated handle, octogonal in section, attached to rim with triangular mounting prerced with two rivets and ending in an wleaf fitted to body of jug. Above leaf is an arch-shaped mounting decorated with embossed lines fixed to shoulder of jug by means of two rivets. Height 175 . Floor.
12. Red Lustrous spindle-shaped jug with flat base; sloping shoulder; concave, tapering, narrow neck; swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Only upper part of pot slupped. IIenght 19.0. Floor.
13. Iron strigil with curved blade, semicircular in section; horizontal loop-handle. Length 21.0 . Floor.
14. Plain White VI or VII oval jug with base-ring. Neck and handle missing. Height 20.5. - 63.
15. Black Glazed bowl (A. 9). Impressed, sparse palmette ornaments. Diam. S.4. Floor.
16. Black (ilazed bowl (A. 6) Impressed, rich palmette ornament and star misule buttom. Dam. 14.2. Floor.
17. Black (ilazed buwl. as No. 16. Diam. it.j. Floor.
18. Black (ilazed bowl, as No. 16. Diam. 14.2. Floor.
19. Black (ilaced bowl, as Nio. 16. Dam. is 9. Floor.

20 Bhack (ilazed buwl (e ;). Plam. Diam 10 o. Above Vio 21.
21. Black (ilazed bowl $(\mathbb{C} .7)$ Plain. Dram. so o. Floor.
22. Plan Whate VII small hỵdra with depressed, oval bods. eslandrical nech, splaỵng rim; rudimentary, horizontal handles on shoulder, and a vertical one from neek to shoulder. Ilesuht 157 . Floor.
23. Plan White VII oxal amphora with base-rang, sloping shoulder, tall, sloghty splaying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Height +3.5. Floor.
24. Plain White VII disc-shaped bowl with flat bottom. Esed as a cover to amphora No 26. Diam. 13.3. Floor.
25. Red Figured guttus, of Type 1. A recumbent tiger with rased foreleg on one side; a swan with curved neck and rased wings on the other. Design much worn. Dham 7.5. Floor.
26. Plan White VI-VII oval amphord, similar to No. 23 . Height fo.2. Floor.
27. Black Glazed bowi, as No. ı6. Diam. 15.5. Above No. 2 S.
28. Blak ( ilazed buwl, as No. 16. Diam. 14.0. Above No. 29.
29. Black Glazed bowl, as No. 16. Diam. 15.2. Above No. 30.
30. Black Glazed bowl, ds Nio 16. Diam. 1+5. Above No. 31.
31. Black Glazed bowl, as No. 16. Diam. 14.5. Floor.
32. Black Glazed bunl (A i). Plain. Diam. 8.9. Abore No. 33.
33. Black (flazed bowl (.t. 1). Plan. Daam. 9.2. Floor.
34. Red Lustrous jug, as No. 12. Hetght 19.2. Floor.
35. Plain White V1l bowl, as No. 5, but with base-disc. Diam. 12.+. Floor.
36. Plain White Vil amphora, similar to No. 23. Height +5.0. Floor.
37. Black (ila\%ed howl (C'. 2). Impressed ornaments of double, encircled rosettes. Diam. 18.5. Floor.
38. Black Clazed howl, as No. 16. Diam. 15.0. Floor.
39. Black Glazed bowl (C'. 5). An impressed, encircled palmette star inside. Diam. 9.o. Floor.
to Black Glazed bowl, as No. 16. Diam. it.t. Floor.
41 Black Gilazed stand (A 11). Plan. Diann. 6 6. Floor.
+2 Plan White VI-VII sack-shaped Jug with concave neck; cylindrical body; that base; out-turned rim. Height 13.0. Floor.
43. Bronze ladle with carcular, cup-shaped bowl fitted to a perpendicular handle, top of handle bent into a hook, ending in a goose's head. Length 27.5. Floor.

4+. Black Glazed stand (A. I1). Plain. Diam. 6.6. Floor. 45. Plain White VII bowl, as No. 5, but with base-disc. Herght iz.z. Floor.
46. Plain White VI or VIl conical vase with pointed base; wide, bent-in rmm. Height zo.o. Floor.
47. Plan White VII torpedo-pithos with ridge round shoulder; sloping shoulder; concave neck; swollen rim; vertacal handle on budy. Fragmentary. Height 26.5. Floor.
4S. Lamp-stand of iron conststing of an upright shaft on a tripod base: at the top of the shaft a plate with upturned edge to recerse the lamp, and two hooks (one preserved) to suspend the implements for trimming the wick. Height 79.5. Floor.
49 Plain White open, saucer-shaped lamp with flat base; flarong rim; pinched wok-holder. Dam. 9.7. Above No. 48.
50. Stoke Pohshed I (VI) - II (VII) very depressed globular jug with base-ring; ridge below neck; narrow, concave neck; high. moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Rim missing. Height 14.8 . Floor.
51. Plain White V1l depressed oral jug with high basering; broad, splaying neck; flat rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 15.2. Floor.
52. Stroke Polished I (VI) - II (VII) wide, oval almost globular jug with base-ring; ridge below the short, concave neck; curved funnel-mouth; moulded handle from base of neck to shoulder. Height 23.4. - 22 .
53. Pigment-rod, consisting of a bronce rod with an ovoid swelling at each end. Length 13.0. Floor.
54. Red Slip V (VII) depressed, urn-shaped amphoriskos with small base-disc; raised, splaying rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Height 6.4. Floor.
55. Red Slip V (VII) amphoriskos, as No. 54. Height 6.4. Floor.
56. Bronze mirror, circular in shape; tang tapering upwards and ending in two volutes. Diam. 12.2. Floor.
57. Thin gold finger-ring with oval bezel. Edge of bezel decorated with a punctured filigree-line, surrounding a cricket in enchased and engraved relief. Fine workmanship. Diam. 1.8. Floor.
58. Black Glazed guttus, Type 3. Plain. Dianz. 8.8. Floor.
59. Plain White VII amphora, as No. 23. Height +5.7 . Floor.
60. Black Glazed bowl, as No. I5. Diam. 8.6. Floor.

6I. 'Thin slver finger-ring with oval bezel. Representation worn off. Diam. 2.3. Floor.


Fig, 106. Marion. Tomb 34, Finds in situ (1). Tomb 35. Plan and Finds in sth (2), Sections B-B, A-A $(3,4)$ Tomb, 3 , Plan and Finds in sita ( 5 ), Sections D-D, F-F, (-C, E-F, B-B, A-A

$$
(6,7,8,9,10,11)
$$

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The majority of the pottery is of Type VII. Only a few specimens are late Types VI, or early Types VII. The whole tomb can thus be assigned to shortly after the middle of Cypro-Classic II.

$$
\text { TOMB } 35 \text { (Fig. 106: 2-4) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.14 | 0.94 | 0.72 | - |
| Chamber | 0.65 | I. 3 I | - | 0.63 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a small, shallow shaft, widening at the back and with splaying walls; it descends to the door by a gradual slope. The door is of irregular, rounded shape, and the door-packing was built of rubble. There is no stomion, but the dromos opens directly on to the chamber. The chamber is shallow and cave-shaped, with the floor sloping towards the back wall, and a curved roof.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of a homogeneous layer of charara mixed with ashes and carbonized matter. In the chamber there was a layer of fine earth at the bottom covered by a thick layer of chatara and sand.

All the objects were found on the floor.
BLRIALS
No traces of skeletons could be detected, and only a deposit of some pottery was found at the north end of the chamber. On account of the small size of the tomb chamber, it had probably been used for a child's burial.

Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base, outturned rim; handle from rim to shoulder Height 17.0 Floor.
2. Plain White VI cone-shaped pithos with hiconical hody; horizontal shoulder; raised, cursed rim; two vertical loop-handles below shoulder Helght 4 fio. Floor.

3 Red shp IV (VI) bowl with base-dise; double-cursed outhen, out-turned rim $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{I} 20$. Floor.
4 Plan White VI proform bottle with flat base; narrow, concave neck; out-turned rim; handle from neck to shoulder Iferght 10 o Flour.
5. Red Shp IV (VI) concal bowl with rounded outline; narrow base-ring: plan rim. Diam iz,o. IVloor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| Pottery |
| :---: |
| R.S1. IV (VI) |
| Pl. Wh. VI <br> $\frac{3}{-2}$ |
| I. 2.4 |
| -3 |

CHRONOLOGY
These finds assign the tomb to Cypro-Classic I, and the absence, on the one hand of Type V, and the early style of the vases of Type VI on the other hand, indicate that it should be dated to about the middle of the period.

TOMB 36 (Figs 106: 5-11; 107)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Denth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.50 | 1.29 | 2.23 | - |
| Stomion | 0.46 | 0.66 | - | 1.22 |
| Chamber | 5.70 | 3.10 | -- | 1.78 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather short, rectangular staircase shaft with rertically cut walls, descending by six steps to the door. In the south wall of the dromos a side-chamber is cut in the rock. The main chamber opens as usual in the longitudinal axis of the dromos. The doorway has straight sides and almost horizontal roof. No door-packing was found, but at the bottom in the dromos, in front of the door and inside the stomion, a layer of dark earth apparently of mouldered wood. From this it seems justifyable to assume that the door had been of wood, and that a wooden floor was placed at the bottom of the dromos, in front of the door. The stomion is rectangular in plan, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by a step. It opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis. The chamber is oblong, rather narrow, and roughly trapezoidal in plan, with the side walls widening towards the back wall and the south end of the back wall curved. The floor of the chamber is approximately


Fig. 10-. Narion. Tomb $3^{6}$. Vien of the chamber with finds in situ.


Fig. io8. Marion. Tomb 37, dromos.
horizontal, and the roof is saddle-shaped. Along the wall several niches are cut into the rock. In the south side wall, close to the front wall is a short tunnel-shaped niche ( 1 ), furthermore in the same side wall is a large, chamber-like niche with straight sides and rounded corners, and entered by a rectangular stomion (2). In the back wall there is a long tunnel-shaped niche (3), in the north side wall a small tunnel-shaped niche (4), a large chamber-like niche (5), similar to Nichc 2, and a loaf-shaped niche at the front end of the side wall (6). Niche 2 has a bench cut in the rock along its east side wall. The floors of the niches are approximately on a level with that of the chamber, and are approximately horizontal. The roof of Niche 5 is saddle-shaped and the roofs of the other niches are curved or flat. Niche 6 was closed by a stone-packing consisting of a central, rectangular slab, surrounded by rubble. In the openings of the other niches, no door-packings were found. The small sidc-chamber in the dromos is rectangular in plan with rounded corners. The floor is horizontal and the roof is saddle-shaped. The stomion is rectangular in plan and descends to the chamber by an oblique step. At the door, there is a cutting in the rock for fixing the door; eithcr it was of wood, probably like that of the main chamber, or a door slab removed by the robbers who entered the chambers (see below).

## stratification

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of dark earth, already mentioned, and two upper layers of chacara. The layers in the chamber consisted of:

1) A white layer of rock dehris with pieces of rock from the partly fallen-in roof.
2) An approximately horizontal layer of dark, infiltrated earth.
3) A horizontal, stilted, gray layer of rock debris.
4) A bottom stratum of burial earth, covered at the stomion by oblique layers of infiltrated, dark earth and dromos charara.

In front of the side-chamber, the layers of the dromos-filling are disturbed by a shaft, dug by tomb-robbers, who have also mixed up the layers of the debris in the side-chamber itself. These layers were composed of an oblique bottom laver of dark earth; on the top of that a layer of rock debris; above that, a thin, horizontal layer of dark chacara and an oblique top layer of chavara, infiltrated from the dromos. Broken pieces of pottery were found in all the layers, except the top one.

All the objects were found on the floor.

## BURIALS

In all the niches of the chamber, burials have taken place, but the skeletons were completely mouldered and only thin dark layers of burial earth indicated the place of the bodies. The tomb-gifts were all deposited along the walls leaving the central area free.

## FINDS (GROLPS: PL. L, I-4; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Handle missing. Diam. ir.o. Floor.
2. Black Glazed bowl (B. i). Plan. Diam. II.7. I'Ioor
3. Red Figured guttus, Type 5. A crawling doy with curled tail and raised foreleg on one side, a galloping deer on the other. Diam. Sg. Floor.
4. Stroke Polished II (VII) bowh, motating a Black Gilazed bowl of Type B. i. Diam. 9.2. Floor.
5. Black Glazed stand (A. II). Plain. Diam 6.7. Floor.
6. Black Glazed guttus, T'ype 3 Plain. Dam. S.3. Floor.
7. Plan White VI shallow, whe bowl with rased base: flattened rim. Diam. 26.0. Floor.
8. Black Glazed bowl (C. 5). Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. 12.2. Floor.
9 Black Glazed bowl (A. g). Damaged. Rich, mpressed palmette ornaments. Diam. if.t. Floor.
9. Black Glazed bowl (B. i). Sparse, impressed palmettes. Diam. is.o. I'loor.
Ir. Black Glazed bowl (A. 6). Rich, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. 16.2. Floor.
10. Noulded female statuette standing on a base with $r$. foot adranced; 1 leg with bent knee; 1 arm slightly advanced; $r$. arm bent orer breast and holding an object of indetermmable character; oval face; strateht nose; forehead on a line with nose; hair curly, parted in the centre of the foreliead and ending in two plats. falling from the ears along the neck; back har wrapped up in a vell. The figure is dressed on a grdiled chiton. and is of the severe, classic style. Length i8.5 Floor.
11. Seated, female terracotta statuette, facing front; hands
on knees. Ilead as Xir. 12, but whout plath Feet resting on a stool. No detals in dress or char Ilenght 130. Floor.

It 'Triangular axe-head of ron with sleghtls cursed edue, shaft-hole at top. Half of shaft-ht.le massmax Nuch wood presersed in the hole. Length 11 o. l loor.
15. Iron strigil of the usual type, but too badly damared to make a monute descripton possible. F lour.
16. Sack-shaped alabaster bottle whth short, concine nech, Hattened bottom, two knob-handles below neck. 'lhe rim (missing) has been a separate plece, prohably of gold or silver Fine, vemed alabaster Heaght 120 loor
17. Plain White VII qlobular jug with hase-ring, narmon concave neck with handle-radee, swollen, out-turned rim: handle from neck to shouldes Hemgt 288 . Floor.
18. Stroke Pohshed II (VII) borsl, momatang a Black (iazed bowl of type B. i. Diam 1.3 ४. Floor.
19. Plan White VI shallow bowl with Hat base, in-turned rim. Diam. It.4. Floor.
20. Stroke Polshed II (VII) deep bowl, matating a Blach Glazed bowl of Type C' + . Hemght S. S Foor.
21. Plan Whate NI sack-shaped Jug wath Hat hase; concase neck; out-turned rim; handle from ram to shoulder. Hewht 12.7 Flow
22. Black Glazed bowl (A. 1). Plam. Diam. 9 2. Fluor
23. Mack (ilazed stand (A. I $)$ Plan Dam 6 6. Floor.
24. Black Glazed bowl (A. i). Plan. Dam. 9.o Flour.

25 Hlack (ilazed closed lamp with small nozzle, some rough rehefs on top (damaged), knoh-handle opposite the nozzle. Dam go flown

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
Of Cypriote pottery, there are consequently only two specimens of Type VI represented, while the remainder are Type VII. The tomb is therefore to be assigned to the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

$$
\text { TOMB } 37 \text { (Figs. 108; 109; 111: 1-5) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.85 | 1.36 | 2.40 | - |
| Stomion | 0.12 | 1.25 | - | c. 1.50 |
| Chamber | 4.02 | 2.60 | - | - |

SHAPE
The dromos is rather a long staircase shaft, widening at the back, with walls narrowing slightly upwards, descending by nine regular steps to a horizontal platform in front of the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed, and the door-packing was much destroyed. The stomion is short, rectangular in plan, and opens on to the chamber somewhat to the left of its longitudinal axis; the floor descends to that of the chamber by three steps. The chamber is oblong in shape with the front wall, the north side wall, and the back straight, and the south side wall curved. The floor is horizontal and the roof has entirely collapsed. In the north side wall, two loaf-shaped niches are cut in the rock (Niches 1 and 2), 0.60 m . above the floor-level. Their floors and roofs are horizontal. In the south side wall, close to the door, a smaller loaf-shaped niche (Niche 3) is cut in the rock on a level with the floor of the chamber. Its floor is approximately horizontal, and its roof has been arched. It was found closed by a large roof-tile of terracotta. Niches a and 2 were found open, but have originally been closed by poros slabs and roof-tiles of terracotta, which were found scattered among the debris of the chamber.

## STRATIFICATION

The stratification of the dromos consisted of two bottom layers of chazara covering the staircases and an upper layer of chazara. This latter showed traces of having been dug


Fig. 109. Marion. Tomb 37 . View of the chamber with finds in situ.


Fig. 110. Marion. Tomh 39. dromos.
through by a shaft in front of the door indicating, with the partly destroyed door-packing, that the tomb had been robbed. This was corroborated by the circumstances of finds, and the stratification in the chamber itself. The layers in the chambers consisted at the bottom of two burial and culture strata, the one on the top of the other, both slightly disturbed by tomb-robbers: bronze nails of a destroyed wooden coffin were found scatterch about in the upper layer, and pieces of poros slabs, once used for closing the niches, were found on the floor in the centre of the chamber; further, the deposit of the pottery belonging to the upper burial stratum was damaged and mixed up with broken roof-tiles, which, as can be seen from the closure of Niche 3 , once were used together with poros slabs to close the niches. Niche 3 escaped the plunderers, who have also left all the pottery, bronze and iron tools, terracotta statuettes and a few silver objects; consequently they have only been in search of gold objects. Above the uppermost culture stratum, there was a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated dromos earth close inside the stomion. Above this was a horizontal layer of pulverized rock debris, covered by top lavers of debris mixed with large pieces of rock, from the fallen-in roof. From this it can be concluded, first that the destruction of the rock started slowly while its complete break-down came suddenly; and that the robbery took place before the roof collapsed, as the layers of debris are quite intact. In connection with the fact that the robhers have only searched for gold, this is an indication, that the robbery took place in ancient times, probably soon after the first burial.

According to the levels of the finds (cf. however above), the following objects would belong to the 2 nd burial period: Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 14, 15, 21, 22. Thes were all found at a level


Yig. ifi. Māarion. Tomb 37, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B, C-C (2, 3, 4); Finds in situ (5). Tomb 38. Plan and Finds in situ (6); Sections A-A, B-B (7, 8).
of - 301 to - 310 (see Obj. Reg.). The statuette No. 25 might belong to the same period, but most probably it belongs to the ist burial period. It was found at a level of - 258 in the filling of Niche 3. This level coincides with the top of the terracotta tile which elosed the niche. From this, it is to be concluded that the statuette originally had been placed on the top of the terracotta tile, leaning against the rock wall, and when the rock roof collapsed it fell down among the debris. As the niche burial belongs to the ist burial period it is most likely that the statuette was placed at the top of the closing ter racotta tile in the same period. All the other objects were found on the floor and belong, consequently, to the ist burial period.

## BCRIALS

Five burials seem to have taken place in the chamber: two on the floor in the chamber itself, one in each of Niches I and 2; and finally, a fifth burial in the second burial period; the body had in this case been placed in a wooden coffin (the bronze nails of which remain) in the chamber close to the entrance. Niche 3 did not contain any burial, but only two terracotta statuettes. The bones of the skeletons were quite mouldered and the position of the bodies could only be ascertained from the thin, dark layers of burial earth. Rich tomb-gifts of pots, bronze and iron tools and weapons were accumulated outside Niche 3 and along the walls of the chamber. The left-hand skeleton on the floor, was provided with an iron axe-head, that on the right with an iron strigil; and the one in Niche 2 with a bronze strigil; and all were therefore, males.

## finds (Groups: pl. l., 5, 6; TYpes: L. of Pl. it)

1. Stroke Polished II (VII) depressed globular jug with base-ring; rudge below neck, splaying funnel-neck; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height 22.2. - 310.
2. White Painted VII oval jug with high, curved base; sharply marked shoulder, concave neck; twon-handle, with metal-imitation knobs, from neek to shoulder: figurine opposite the handle. Encirching lines below neck and round shoulders; elegant kymation round base; octopus and palmette ornament on body; hanging garland of lines from shoulder over belly; double laurel trail on the shoulder; dotted network ornament cosering the whole neck; small decoration on the figurine and her minature jug. Henght 32.4. Floor.
3. Red Shp V' (VII) jug shape as No. 2, but with rounded shoulder. Figurme naked, and with her rught hand on the left horn of a bull's protome. Mottled ship. Height 41.2. - 307.
4. Plan White VIl oval jug with high, curved base; ridge helow concase neck; out-turned rim, twin-handle from neck to shoulder: female figurine holding a miniature jug, opposite the handle. Herght $37+1$ loor
5. Plain White Vll pirform amphora with knobhed base; slightly splaying neck; swollen rim, handles from neck to shoulder. fbove base is an encirchagg line in ochre colour; a group of magical letters, and a careless
design. prohably representing a flying hird lletght 700 - 304.
6. Plan White VII priform amphora woth hnobhed base: cylindrical neck with incursed rim; two lines of double grooves on neck: twin-handles from neck to shoulder Ilemght tis - 310.
T Two hammered bronze nals with round sectoon and knob-head. Poont mosing on one of them leneth 7.7. 4.4. 2nd burbal layer.
7. D'an Whate VII oral amphora with shoping houlder, base-ring: tall, splaying neck; swollen rim, horisontal handles low on shoulder Heacht fio Iloor
8. White Painted VII juy, shape as $\mathrm{Co}_{0} 2$, hut with munded shoulder. linercting lines tound neck and shoulder. Other decoration faded. Panted after baking. Figurine and neck smanhed Hersht 3s.o. Floert.
9. Plann White $\backslash 11$ vat-shaped urn with Hat base, erect. stracht ram. Hewht 1.35. Fhowr
II. Bichrome Red IIl (Vil) jue, smmar to No. 2 , but with radee below neck, rounded shoulder, and hon basering. Black and white encrocling lines and bande round rim, bods, and base; white-dotted black line below neek; white network with black dots conering the whole nech; white sme-tral on shoulder; back lader-pattern on handle, sling-onament round and below base of handle. Henght is = Flom
10. Plain White VIl urn, as No. 10. Height 13.5. Floor. 13. Stroke Polished I (VI) depressed globular jug with base-ring; moulded handle from neck to shculder; funnel-neck mising. Height 18.5. Floor.
If Plain White VII shallow bowl with flat base: almost straight outline; in-turned rmm. Diam. in.4. - 307 .
11. Plain White VII sack-shaped jug with flat bottom; concave neck; splaying rim: handle from rim to shoulder Herght is.o. - 310.
if. Bronze stughl, in small pieces. Floor.
12. Plain White VII bowl, similar to No. 14. Dam. it.t. Floor.
13. Red Slip V' (VII) conical bowl with narrow base: erect, splaying rum. Diam iz.0. Floor.
19 Black Glazed (C. 7) bowl. Plain. Height 9.3. Floor.
14. Fragments of iron strigil. End of blade and end of handle missing. Length iz.4. Floor.
15. Plain White Vil shallow, wide bowl, with base-ring; down-turned, flattened rim. Diam. 20.6. - 301 .
z=. Four bronze nails, with square section and flat heads. Length $\mathrm{S} .4 ; 8.6 ; 9.0 ; 7.2$. 2nd burial layer.
16. Black Glazed (A. I) bowl. Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. 9.3. Floor.
17. Black Glazed (A. 1) bowl. Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. ro.0. Floor.
18. Grotesque terracotta statuette of black clay. Body in the same position as Tumb 18, No. 3, and simularly moulded. Head modelled; a bald-headed, laughing negro wath low forehead, flat nose; huge mouth with thick lips; projectıng chin; all very realistic. The conical effect is derrved from the conventionalized, frontal body, and the sneering negro head looking up to the left, evidently in a happy state of inebriation. Head and back reparred. Height 12.0. - 258.
19. Trangular iron axe-head with curved edge. Behind shaft-hole, the tool ends in a pointed spike. This type of tool is still found in Cyprus and called "xinari". Length 19.9. Floor.
20. Terracotta statuette representing recumbent, female figure resting on a kline; left elbow on a cushion, holding the upper part of the body upright; left leg straight out; left hand holding an offering, right arn outstretched; right knee slightly raised; dressed in thin chiton, with a thicker himation. Moulded; product of careless manufacture. Head nissing. Length i2.I. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

We see thus, that in the 2nd burial period, Type VII are represented, and that in the ist burial period, the majority of the vases are Type V'II, but two specimens (Nos. II I3) are of late Type VI. The tomb therefore dates from the later part of Cypro-Classic II; the ist burial period at about the middle of the period.

TOMB 38 (Fig. in: 6-8)

|  | SIZE | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos |  | 4.60 | I. 17 | 2.20 | - |
| Chamber |  | $3 \cdot 31$ | 2.92 | -- | c. 1.70 |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a rather long staircase shaft with cupboards; slightly narrowing walls, and descending by four wide steps to the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed and the door-packing was missing. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber approximately in its longitudinal axis, and the floor descends to that of the chamber by two steps. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in shape with the south long side slightly curved, and splaying towards the back wall. The floor slopes slightly towards the back wall, and the roof has completely collapsed. In the north side wall, a loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock, on a level with the floor of the chamber, and closed by two slabs of stones.

## STRATIFICATION

The stratification of the dromos-filling consisted of the following layers:

1) A top layer of homogeneous charara.
2) A layer of chazara mixed with sand.
3) An oblique layer of charara mixed with numerous potsherds, especially in the lower part of the dromos.
4) An oblique bottom layer of chazara covering the steps.

In front of the door, these layers were disturbed down to the bottom layer by a narrow shaft, dug by tomb-robbers, from the surface earth. In the chamber, there were remains of a burial stratum at the bottom. The whole central area of the chamber had, however, been cleared by the tomb-robbers, but the well closed niche in the north side wall had escaped them, and contained an intact burial stratum with remains of bones.

The debris above the burial and culture stratum consisted originally, of:

1) A top layer of sand and debris.
2) A silted layer of rock debris mixed with earth.
3) A horizontal layer of rock debris with heavy pieces of rock at the lower end of it.
4) A horizontal layer of small stones, gravel, and sand.

These layers have, however, been disturbed in the centre by a wide shaft, dug by other tomb-robbers, from the surface down to the heary pieces of rock in the third layer of debris, as described above. Apparently interpreting these pieces of rock as being the rock floor of the tomb, they stopped their work, and the shaft was refilled with earth and streaks of ashes and carbonized matter from fires when the plot was burnt to make a threshing floor. It is evident that the first tomb-robbers' shaft was dug before the tomb collapsed, and therefore probably in ancient times; while the second tomb-robbers' shaft was dug after the destruction of the tomb, in modern times.

All the objects were found on the floor, and belong to one and the same burial period.

## BLRLALS

Of the burials, only the one in the niche was found intact. Of the skeleton the skull, parts of the ribs, spinal column, lower and upper extremities were preserved in such a position that it can be seen that the body had been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head at the east end of the niche. That the body was female is erident from the fact that it was provided with gilded hair-rings, and that among the tomb-gifts was a bronze mirror. Most of the tomb-gifts, among which was the silver coin No. 5, were placed in a corner outside the niche, on the steps of the stomion.

FINDS (GROUPS: PL. LII, I-3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
I. Btunze marror, circular plate with a short, broad projection; narrow tang on which a socket of pertshable materal had been fitted. Well preserved. Diam. io i. Fluor.
= Black-on-Red 1V (VI) globular jug with hish, curved base; swollen, tapering neck; narrow, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encorchng lines and bands round neck, belly, and base; way line along handle, front ornament of three vertical lines on shoulder. Height c. iz.o. Floor.
3. White Grounded lekythos (A. 2). Ring of leat-shaped lines on shoulder; framed meander below shoulder;
front ornament of symmetrically arranged palmettes Decoration much worn. Height i8. 3 Floor.
4. Stroke Polshed I (VI) depressed globular jug with base-ing; ridye around base of neck, convex funnelmouth: moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height II. X. Floor.
5. Sllver coin. Obzerse: Head of Aphrodite looking to the risht and wearing wreath or diadem. Reierse: Entirely corroded. Diam. i.z. Weight 2.50. Floor.
6. Thuck silver finger-ring with large, oval bezel. Much corroded; broken in two. Diam. 2.4. Floor.
7 'Two thackly gilded har-rings of bronze with fluted ends, overlapping each other Diam. i.o. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## TOMB 39 (Figs. 110; il2; II4: I-5)

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos | 4.86 | I. 30 | 2.66 | - |
| Stomion | 0.73 | 0.6I | - | 1.54 |
| Chamber | 1.98 | 3.15 | -- | I. 84 |



Fig. 112. Xarion. 'I he chamber of 'Tomb 39

 finds $m$ situ.
$\therefore H A P E$
The dromos is a rather long staircase shaft widening at the back, with nearly vertical walls, descending by eight steps to a horizontal platform in front of the door. The door has an arched roof, and was closed by a door-packing of roughly cut slabs at the lottom, and undressed stones at the top, which did not seem to be quite in an intact position. The stomion is rectangular in plan, opens on to the chamber somewhat to the right of its longitudinal axis - the recess (cf. below) not included - and descends to the floor of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber consists of a roughly trapezoidal, central area with an oblique back wall, facing the stomion, and a recess cut in the west side wall. In the back and east sides of this central chamber there are niches cut in the rock wall: two tunnel-shaped niches in the back wall (Niches 1 and 2) on a level with the floor of the chamber, onec closed by rectangular slabs of stone found over-turned in the centre of the chamber; two loafshaped niches (Niches 3 and 4 ) in the east side wall, o. 70 m . above the floor of the chamber; a heart-shaped niche in the north-east corner of the chamber (Niche 5) on a level of the floor of the chamber. The floor of the chamber is horizontal and the roof curved. The latter has partly fallen in. The floors of the niches are horizontal, the roofs of the tunnel-shaped Niches 1 and 2 arc nearly flat, those of the other niches are curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two oblique laycrs of charara mixed with gravel at the bottom and a thick top layer of homogeneous chazara. In front of the door the upper layer of homogeneous chazara was disturbed by a shaft dug by tomb-robbers down to the upper part of the door. The filling of this shaft consisted of the same mixture of chatara, ashes, and carbonized matter as was observed in the modern tomb-robbers' shaft above the chamber of Tomb 38 , and it is therefore evident that both the shafts were dug approximately at the same time. In this case, however, the tomb-robbers did not break through the door-packing, hut stopped their work. 'The layers in the chamber consisted of the following:

1) Thin top laver of rock debris.
2) Infiltrated dark earth.
3) A silted layer of clay.
4) A white layer of pulverized rock debris.
5) A burial and culture layer at the bottom covered by a wedge-chaped layer of chavara, infiltrated through the door-packing close to the stomion.

The stone-slabs which once closed the openings of the niches in the back wall, and were found orcr-turned in a heap in the centre of the chamber, rested on the floor and the top of the bottom laver of culture earth. This is an indication that the contents of these niches had been emptied in ancient times, before the layers of debris was scattered in the chamber, probably soon after the last burial. This is corroborated by the fact that some pottery was found scattered about on approximately the same level, just at the top of the layer of culture earth. This pottery had no doubt been removed from its original place by the tomb-robbers when they searched for the more precious tomb-gifts, and when they left the chamber they placed two amphorae (Nos. I and 2) close to the stomion, exactly in the longitudinal axis of the chamber, the one amphora across the mouth of the other, and the lowermost standing just at the level of the top of the culture earth. After leaving the chamber they blocked up the upper part of the door-packing, which they had removed in order to enter the chamber; but in a rougher and less solid manner than its original construction, which is evident from comparing the upper and lower parts of the door-packing. Finally, they offered the contents of the torpedo-pithos (Dromos No. i) to the deceased as an expiation of their robbery, and left the pithos upside down, close to the door-packing near the upper part of it. The shaft which these robbers must have dug in front of the door in order to enter the chamber was not clearly risible in the dromos-filling, and the traces of it must, to a great extent, or altogether, been destroyed by the modern tomb-robbers' shaft.

It is thus evident, that the gold and most treasure-objects of the tomb-gifts were taken away by robbers in ancient times, and that the robbery attempted in modern times was not carried out.

As there are remains of only one burial period, and the objects found above the floorlevel (Nos. $1-4,9,10,23,24,30,38,42,43$ ) seem to have been removed from their original place in the niche by the tomb-robbers, all the objects should be considered as belonging to a single burial period.

## BURIALS

Scanty remains of bodies were preserved in the niches in the back wall, and in the recess. All the bones were mouldered. In Niches 3, 4, and 5, no traces of burials could be observed. The tomb-gifts, as stated above, have partly been removed at the visit of the tomb-robbers. In the excavations, they were found accumulated in the north-east part of the chamber.


Fig. IIf Marion. Tomb 39, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B, D-D, E-E, C-C (2, 3, 4) Finds in situ (5). Comb +0, Plan ( 0 ); Sections $A-A, B-B, C-C(7,8,9)$; Finds in situ: (hamber A ( 10 ); (Chamber B (II).

## FINDs (GROLPs: PLS. LI, LII, 4; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plan Whate Vil bobinin-shaped torpedo-pithos wath pointed base. ridse below sboulder; conicall sboulder; out-turned rm, vertical handle befow sboulder. Ileigbt tis.o. - IgI.
2. Black (ilazed lamp, rather tall, with base-ring; b:sdy with ruanded. aneular outhne. bole on top, Farge nozzle and probably a horizontal handle opposite nozzle Handle misming Ibam. io.o. Ffoor.

## Chamber

1. Pam Whate V'l owal amphora with base-ring, sloping shoulder; splaying neck; swollen ram, horizontal handles on shoulder. Heimht 42.4. Above No. 2 .
2. Plan White VI amphora, as No. i. Height $+1 . \mathrm{S} .-69$
․ Plan Wbite VI-V'II sballow bowl wath flat base, shightl! curved outline; in-turned rim. Dimm. If.7.-73.

+ Stroke Polished I (VI) depressed globular jug with bdse-ring, ridges round neck and on shoulder; tapering, concase neck: moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Nouth partly mising. Height 22.0. - 77.
5 Roughly modelled terracotta bird, head turned to rucht; three knobs instead of feet. Length io.i. Floor.

6. Red slip V (VII) bowl, imitating Black Glazed bowl, 'Type B. I. Dram i3.6. Floor.
7. Plan White VI sack-shaped jus with flat base, splaying ram, handle from rim to shoulder. Hearht 12 S . Floor.
s. Plan White VI prriform Jug wath Hat base: narrow, tapering nech; swollen rim; hamde from neck to shoulder. Height io i. Floor.
9 Buchrome Red III (VI) osal jug with high, curved base-ting; concase neck; twin-handle from neck to shoulder; female figurane with a maniature pot, opposite the handle. Fncircling lines and bands round belly, and base, black trangles on white ground round rim, black lines with white dots round neck, white flowerornament on shoulder; black ladder-pattern on handle; sling-ornament below base of handle. Height 21.5 . - 6 o .
8. Plam Whate V'll shallow bowl with Hat base: straight, splaying sude 1 )am. If $7 .-\delta_{2}$
9. Ked shp IV (VI) wade, shallow bowl wath base-ring: wide, flattened rm with two string-holes I Dam. 260. Floor
10. Dinature terracottalatuette, moulded; frontal position, knee of left leg bent; Ieft hand holding up the folds of the (hiton, right hand bent ower bredst, doth cosering head like a bonnet; worn surface. Herght (witb poduml to 5 Flowr.
11. Replica 1 t No. 12 Herght (with pedium) 10 5. Floor.

If Terratotta ntatuette, as No. 13 Ilead and upper part of be dy masing. Helght $\mathbf{X} 5$ Floor.
 1mg. no neek; out-turned, ereet rim; borizontal, rudi11: ntar: hardles an shoulder. Height 132 Fluor.
16. Plan White VI sack-shaped urn with fat base; no neck; splaying, erect rim. Henght 137. Floor.
17. Plam White VI urn, as No 1ti. Henght 12.1 . Floor.
is I Pain White VII slender, oval jug with hreb, curved base-ring; rather cylindrical neck; "metal-knobbed" bandle; prorome opeosite handle Rim and protome missing. Ileugbt 25.4. I loor.
19. Plan White VII deep, conical bowl with rounded outhne: flat base; thack. Hat, out-turned rim Ileight in.i. Floor.
20. Black Shp VI bow whth rounded base: splayme shdes; central boss in bottom. Dian, in + Floor.
21. Perracotta statuette, as No. 12, unly a hittle more elaborately worked. The himation comes down below right arm in beautiful folds. A nechlace round neck. Height (with podium) 200 . Niche.
22. Bichrome Red III (VI) urn-shaped amphora with basering; no neck; erect, splaying rim, horizontal handles on shoulder. Black and white encircling lines and bands round bellỵ; black handles; wave line between handles. Herght 13.2 . IFoor.
23. Black Glazed bowl (A. 1). Graffito on the side (see Appendix V). Plain. Diam S.S. - 75.
24. Black Glazed guttus, ${ }^{\circ}$ Type I. Plain. Diam. 10.2. - 75 .
25. 'Lerracotta statuette of a seated fox loohing up to the right, ears erect, evidently howling; arched tail. Heıght 76. Insade No. 26.
26. Black Glazed bowl (B. I). Plain. Diam. II.2. Inside No 27
27. Black Gilazed bowl (C'. 4). Plain. Diam. 12.5. Floor.
25. Black Glazed bowl (A 7). Impressed palmette ornaments inside. Dlam. 8.8. Floor.
20. Stroke Polished II (VII) glohular, depressed Jug with base-rıng: ridge below shoulder marked by moulded line; another round neek; sleghtly curved funnelmouth; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height 11.9. Floor.

30 Plain White VI-V゙II bowl, as No. 3. Diam. II7. - 77.
31. Red Figured guttus, Type 3 . t kymation round edge; running sprads on shoulder. Diam. 95. Floor.
32. Black Glazed bowl (C'. 5). Sparse, mipressed palmette ornaments inside. Heurht 7.4. Floor.
33. Black Glazed bowl (B. 2). Plain. Diam. 10 2. Floor.
34. Black (ilazed bowl (B. 2). Plan. Dian 10 3. Floor.
35. Stroke Polished II (VII) jug, as No. 29, but without one ruluf-line round neck. Herght 12.7. Floor
36. Lancet-shaped iron knife with long, pointed end; sbort tang with one riset. Much word still dahering. Length 27.8. Floor.
37. 'Thon silver finger-ring watb large, owal bezel of the same metal; mucb corroded. Diam. 2.3. Floor.
$3^{8}$ Sitroke Polshed I (VI) jug, as No. 4 , but with reliefring below neck and funnel-mouth. Height 23.5.-85.
39 Fragment of a Stroke Polrshed II (VII) jug, similar
to No. 35. Lower part of jug missing. Hegght \$.6. Floor.
4o. Plain White VI-VII shallow bowl with Hat base; round outhe; erect sides. Diam -.2. Floor.
+1. Two silver har-rings with oxerlapping ends Diam. 1.2. Fluar.
+2. Plan White VI conical bowl with base-disc; slightly angular outhne; erect rim. Diam. ro.4. - $\%$ '
43. Plan White VII narrow, sack-shaped jug with that base; cylindrical neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 12.4. 78.
+4. Black Glazed bowl (A. S). Dam. 9.2. I户lemer.
45. Black-on-Red IV (VI) ghobular jug with high, cursed base-ring: tapering, short, swollen neck. proched mouth, elevated twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Fnorching line around base-ring, intersectines circles around body; two encorcling lines with dotted lines between around neak. I Ienght 21.5 . Put together from sherds.
$4^{6}$ Stroke Polshed II (VII) jug, as No 29, but without moulded Ines. Height 22.5 As No. 45.
47 Plam White VI amphoriskos, shape as Nio 15 . Height 15.3. As No. 45.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## (HRONOLOGY

The pottery shows a mixture of Types VI and VII, assigning the tomb to the first part of Cypro-Classic II. That the moulded terracotta statuettes, Nos. 12, I3, 14, 21, should stylistically be attributed to Cypro-Classic I, does not contradict this dating, as they may have been made much later than the time the mould was made, and even placed in the tomb a considerable time after their moulding.

TOMB to (Fig. 11 $^{2}$ :6-11)
sIZE


SHAPE
The dromos is a shallow shaft widening at the back, with nearly vertical walls, gradually sloping towards the door. Two chambers open from the dromos: Chamber $A$ at the back end, Chamber B in the north side wall, close to the back wall. Along the south side of the dromos, a bench is cut in the rock. This bench ends opposite Chamber B in a small cupboard, closed by a stone-packing. The door of Chamber A has an arched roof and the door-packing, consisting of a quantity of rubble, was intact. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, and its floor slopes gently down to that of the chamber. The chamber is oblong in shape, with slightly curved corners. It is entered from the stomion in its wide side. The floor slopes towards the back wall, the roof is curved and also slopes towards the back wall.

Chamber B is of similar shape to Chamber A, but its walls are nearly straight, with rounded corners.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three different layers of chazara, of varying degrees of hardness. The layers in Chamber $A$ were composed of:

1) Rock debris from the crumbling roof.
2) Infiltrated dark earth.
3) An oblique layer of infiltrated charara.
+) Bottom layer of burial earth.
The layers in Chamber B were similarly composed, only that there was no layers of infiltrated dromos chavara.

Both the amphorae forming the contents of Chamber A were found on the floor. All the objects in Chamber B were found on the floor, except No. I, which was found at a level of - 7 .

## BLRIALS

Chamber A contained one badly damaged skeleton, in a dorsal position along the back wall. Tomb-gifts in plain amphorae had been given to this body. In Chamber B crumbled remains of a child's skeleton were found to the east of the stone slabs, which separated the tomb in two parts. To the west of the slab was a rich deposit of native and imported pottery of high standard which had contained tomb-gifts to the small child.

FINDS (GROLPS: PL. LII, 5, 6; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Chamber A

1. Plain White Vill amphora with ponted base, short base-knob, shehtly concave neck; swollen rim; handles slighty cursed trom neek to shoulder. Height 56.3 . Fhoor.
2. Plan White V'll oval umphord with base-ring; sloping shoulder, tall, spldying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Heaght 49 3. Floor.

Chamber B

1. Coarse oval, slightly conical jug with flat base; wide, concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height II.7. - 7.
2. Red Slip $\mathfrak{Y}$ (VII) large, oval jug with high, curved base-ring; concave neck, rim not pronounced; a "metalknobbed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder; female figurine in classical dress and hair-vell, holding a
miniature jug, opposite the handle. Height 40.3 . Floor.
3. Black Glazed kylix, Type 3, with flat, moulded basedisc; thin, concave stem; wide, moulded body, long, up-turned handles. Plain. Diam. 13.9. Floor.
4. Plain White VII very shallow bowl with base-ring; flattened rim; no handle. Diam. 26.3. Floor.
5. Red Slip IV (VI) wide, conical bowl wath base-ring; incurved, swollen rim; no handle. Diam. rg.z. Floor.
6. Black Glazed lekythos (A. 3). A violet line above base and two others below shoulder; a double ring of lancet-shaped strokes on shoulder. Height 13 I. Floor.
7. Plain White VII amphora with pointed base; short base-knob; slightly concave, impressed lines around neck; rim not pronounced; handles from neck to shoulder. An ochre line above base. Height 68.o. Floor.
8. Plain White WI piriform jug with flat base; narrow, cylindrical neck; swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 9.6. Floor.
9. Plain White saucer-shaped lamp with deeply pinched
wich-holder, "shaved" bottom; drooping, flaring rim. Diam. II 1. Floor.
10. Plain White VI shallow bowl with Hat base; in-turned rim; no handle. Diam. il.7 I Foor.
11. Red Shp IV (VI) concal bowl with rounded outhne; narrow base-ring; erect 1 mm ; no handle. Diam. if.o. Floor.
12. Red Slip IV (VI) bowl, as No. 5. Diam. 13.2. Floor. 13. Black Glazed bowl (B. I). Plam. (iraffito (ste Appendix V). Diam. if.\& Floor.
13. Plan White VII oval amphora with base-ring; sloping shoulder; splaying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Height +4.0. Floor.
14. Red Figured guttus, T'ype i. A crouchong panther on one side; a dog runnong with head turned back, on the orher Graffito (see Appendix V). Diam. \& i. Floor.
15. Red Shp IV (V1) bowl, as No iI. Diam. io.9. Floor.
16. a) Silver finger-ring with bezel. Diam. I.4.
h) Fragment of a exlindrical shler pendant. Length 2.2. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The stock of pottery is thus composed of a majority of Type VI, but a quantity Type VII too, which date the tomb to the first part of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMB $4^{1}$ (Figs. $113 ; 115 ; 117$ )

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth | Helcht |
| Dromos |  | 8.96 | 1.72 | 3.10 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0.50 | 0.86 | - |  |
| Chamber |  | 2.50 | 3.17 | -- | ---- |



Fig. IIj. Marion. Tomb +1. Part of the chamber with the sarcophagus.


Fig. ino. Marion. Tomb f2. View of the chamber with finds in situ.

## SHAPE

The dromos is an unually long, gradually sloping shaft, widening at the back, with nearly vertical side walls. Along the lower part of the south side wall, a bench is cut in the rock in front of the door, about 0.65 m . above floor-level. The door has a slightly arched roof, of which a part is somewhat damaged. The door-packing was rather loosely built up of uncut stones. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, and its floor slopes down to that of the chamber, by an oblique step. The chamber is approximately square with rounded corners. Its floor is horizontal, and the roof has completely fallen in. In the side walls and back wall, loaf-shaped niches are cut in the rock; the niche in the south side wall on a level with the floor of the chamber, separated from the chamber by a set of stones; the niche in the north side wall somewhat above floorlevel, and the niche in the back wall on a level with the top of the blocks of the sarcophagus built against it (see below). The floors of the niches are horizontal and their roofs curred.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of chonnos with pieces of rock, and a thick upper layer of chonnos. The filling seems to be intact. In the front of the door, there are some streaks of darker earth sloping down to the stomion, but they are derived from streams of water. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) Pieces of rock and clay.
2) Rock debris with pieces of chonnos from the completely collapsed roof.
3) Infiltrated dark layer of clay.
4) A layer of silted rock debris from the crumbled roof and walls.
5) Another layer of silted rock from the crumbled roof.
6) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom.


Fig. 117. Marion. Tomb $\mathrm{f}_{1}$, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3); Finds in situ ( f ).

The finds belong to one burial period, but were successively accumulated, the later ones on the tomb-earth, which had meanwhile been formed at a level of about - 160 , i. e., up to 0.10 m . above the floor. Furthermore some of these tomb-gifts had floated about on the infiltrated water of the silted laver which covered the culture stratum, and were found up to a level of - $\mathbf{I}^{2}$. The objects which were found at these levels (from about — 160 to - 142 ) were the following: Nos. in, 14, 18, 19, 20, $21-36$, $40-44,46$, 47 (see Obj. Reg.). All these finds belong to the last-buried body, the remains of which were found inside a stone-built sarcophagus (see below), and the other objects found on the floor belong to the first-buried bodies, the remains of which were found in the niches (see below).

## BLRIALS

Three burials have taken place in the chamber: one in the niche in the south side wall, another in the niche in the back wall, and a third in a sarcophagus, built of stone blocks and attached to the niche in the back wall; one long side of the sarcophagus being formed by the rock wall, the opposite long side by a large stone block, and the two short sides by smaller stone blocks. The cover, if it ever existed, must have been of wood as there was no trace of $i t$. The niche burials are the earliest, and the burial in the sarcophagus found at a level of about - 160 is the latest, as already mentioned above. In the left niche no remains of burials were found, only a deposit of a jug (No. 45). All the renains of the bodies were found in a bad condition and the bones were quite mouldered. The body in the niche in the south side wall was female, adorned with gold hair-rings, and a gold pendant on the neck, and provided with a bronze mirror and a pigment-rod of bronze for painting the face. 'The body buried in the sarcophagus was also female, provided with a ring of silver and pendants of silver and bronze. The bulk of the tomb-gifts were accumulated in pots to the left of the door. Outside the door-packing, in the lower filling of the dromos, sherds of a large amphora with pointed end were found. The amphora had been placed there with offerings to the deceased after the funcral.

## FIN゙Ds (GROUP: : PLS. LIII, I, LV, I ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

[^7]6. Black Glazed bowl (A. 6). Roughly impressed palmettes and dotted lines. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Diam. 15 2. Flisur.
7. Black Glazed bowl (A. 6), as No. 6 Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Dam. It9. Floor.
8. Black Glazed bowl (A I); much worn. Plain. Diam. 9.2. Floor.
9. Bichrome Red Ill (V) wide, shallow bowl with basering; Hat rim with two string-hules. Black encircling lines outside; framed, black triangles on white ground rim; blach and white carcular lines inside. Diam. 30.0. Floor.

ェ. Red Ship IV (V) wide howl with rounded outline; base-ring; in-cursed, swollen rim. Diam. 30.8. Floor.
11. Red Figured lekythos, 'l'ype A. i. A palmette motif on shoulder; kymation around neck-line; front figure representang Persephone with body facing, and head
turned to the left; in her right hand, which is stretched out at the elbow, she holds a shalko howl from which a fluid drops; in her left, over which is a fold of her h1mation, she holds a sceptre, left foot facine, reght in profile; she wears a long chiton with wide elbowsleeves, and a folded himation wrapped around left shoulder and waist; right breast is three quarter face; left breast hidden hy the himation; her hair is kept together by a diaden, and falls down on the shoulder leaving the ear, adorned by a pendant, free; the eve is three quarter-face without lids. Neander friezes above and below figure. Panted insuription above outstretched hand (see Appendix V). Height 38.0. - 160.
12. Black Glazed bowl (C. i). Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. II, On No. I3.
13. Plain White VI shallow bowl with flat base; curved outline; in-turned rim. Diam. is.S. I loor.
14. Black Glazed bowl (C. 4). Plain. Dram 16.3.- 157.
15. Plain White VI jug, as No. 4. Height i4.0. Floor
16. Plain White VI jug with concave neck: narrow, pinched mouth; hancle from rim to shoulder; lower part musing Height 12.5. Floor.
17. Red Ship IV (VI) conical howl with narrow base; rounded outline; erect rim. Diam. in.8. Floor.
18. Red Figured guttus, Type 1. A grifin with raised head and wings; arched tall; raised foreleg on one side: a sphinx in simalar position on the other. Rough work. Diam. 12.o.- Iqz.
19. Black Glazed bowl (C'. I), as No. 12. Diam. If.i. x50.
20. Black Glazed bowl (A I). (iraffito on base (cee Appendix V). Plain. Dram. 9.6. - 146 .
21. Black Glazed bowl (A. 7). Sparse, ampressed palnette ornaments. Diam. 97.-161.
22. Gold carring, leech-shaped. Mixed woth siver. Diam. ェ. 8 - i.o. - i6i.
23. Plain White VI-Vill amphora, as No. I Ileisht 48.2. - 16 I .
24. Plan White VI jug, as No. 4. Hempht 128. - 161.
25. Plain White VI jug, as No. 4. Height ig.8. - íi.
26. Leaf-shaped iron knife with one side of joint conncave between blade and tang. End of blade and end of tang missing. Length i4.0. - 16 I .
27. Plain White VI amphota, as No. I, but with shorter, straight neck. Height 43 . 8. - 161.
28. Red Slip IV (VI) bowl, simular to No. 10. Diam. 15.7. - 161.
29. Bichrome Red III (Vi) oval amphoriskes with concave neck; flaring rim; rudimentary, horizontal handles on shoulder. Black and white encilcling lines and hands round rim, neck, and lelly; white way lines below neck and on shoulder; double, vertical stripes from beluw neck to belly. Ileight 15.9 . - IbI.
30. White Painted VI sack-shaped jug wath Hat base; concave neck; spldying rim; handle from rmo to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and body. Lustrous pantings. Ileight II O. - 16I.
31. Black (ilazed stand (A. I1). Plan Dram 6.0. -- 161.
32. Bronze prgment-rod; straught, thon, with an whong swellang at each end. lised for panting lips and eyebrows Iengeth i42. - 161
33. Bronze marror, circular, wath a short, broad projectuon and a narrew tang: one side of plate flat, the other with slughtly raised rum. Duam i1.2. - 161
34 Plain Whate VI oval jug with flat baとe; wade, contase nedk, plan rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Ileight 1+6. - 16.
35. Atrohe Pobished I (VI) depressed globular jug with base-ring; funnel-neck with in-turned rim, moulded handle from neek to shoulder. Ileight 12.3. - 161.
36. Stroke Polished I (VI)-II (VII) bowl, imitating Black Glazed bowl of T'ype A. I. Diam. y.o. - 16 I.
37 Iron knife, as No. 26, hut in sery fragmentary state. Length if 6. Floor.
38. Vine, thickly galded hair-rangs of hronze with fluted ends, overlapping each other Diam. I 1 . Floor.
39. Spherical gold pendant in the shape of a pomegranate, decorated in two zones with a punctured filgiee patern of lozenges. The same decorative elements recur on the cylindrical mounting from which it was hinging. I.ength 2.I. Floor
40. Plan White VI amphora, as No. I, but with nhorter, straight neck and wader body Height 4 I .7. - If ${ }^{8}$.
4I. Bichrome Red III (VI) large, owod juce with high base-ring; slightly concave neck; "metal-knobbed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder, female figurine holding a moniature jug opposite the handle. Violet and white tranglen round rim, white, dotted hed kelow rim; wasy white line round neck; cloted, white line below neck, white, conventionalwed palmetee ornaments on shoulder; stolet and whate encorching lines and bands round belly and base', wolet rone round base of handle. Face of figurme panted. 'The thp almost black. Ileight 37.0. On No. $4^{2}$
42. Red slip IV (VI) wade, shallows buwl with base-ring, stranght sides; fattened rma no handle $11_{1,1 m} 310$. - 156 .
43. Plan White VI bowl, ds No 13 Diam 12.3-161. 44. Black-on-Red IV (VI) jug. as No. +1 , but with wader shoulder and more concove neck. Encurchong lines and bands round rim, neck, belly, and base. Ilemht 33.1 - ISS.
45. White Panted VI oval jug with hase-rine; ralue below neck; concave neck; splaying rim. "metal-knobied" handle from neck to shoulder; a bull's protome opposite the handle. Encircline lines round neck, belly, booly, and hase; bundles of vertical stripee from belon neck. Ifeight $=70$. Niche.
46. Thick salver finger-ring wath large, oval bezel. Nuch cornoded. Diam. 2.2 Inude sarcophagus ( - Ifoo)
47 Cxlindrical silver pendant, probably used as edrring. ending in a fancy bord's headi, and caught up in a round mounting it the hack. Length $f 0$. Inside sarcopharus (- $-\mathbf{1 6 0}$ )

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
As shown by the classification, the Cypriote pottery found in the tomb consists of Type VI, both early and adranced in style, and a few early Type VII (Nos. 1, 23, 36), properly transitional forms between Types VI and VII. Thus it is evident that the tomb dates from the end of Cypro-Classic I or the beginning of Cypro-Classic II. The date of the lekythos No. II (towards the middle of the 5 th century B. C.) is in accordance with this dating: it merely gives a terminus post quem.

$$
\text { TOMIB } \left._{4^{2}} \text { (Figs. } 116 ; 118: 1-3\right)
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.90 | 0.96 | 1.40 | - |
| Chamber | 2.58 | 2.50 | - | - |

SHAPE
The dromos is a short, basin-shaped shaft with vertical walls, sloping very slightly towards the door. The upper part of the door has fallen in, and only the lower part of the doorpacking consisting of a stone block and two uncut larger stones, was still in situ. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber approximately in its longitudinal axis, and the floor of the doorway is approximately the same as that of the chamber. The chamber is almost square in plan, with rounded corners. In the side walls and back wall, loaf-shaped niches are cut in the rock, the side-niches on a level with, and the niche in the back wall about 0.25 m . above, the floor-level of the chamber. The side-niches are separated from the chamber by sets of stone, and the south side-niche is divided by a cross wall into two parts. The niche in the back wall was crossed by a block of stone, which has been somewhat remoted from its original place, as well as some of the stones of the separating set of stones of the south niche.

 Sections $A-A, B-B, C-C(5,6,7)$ : Finds in stu ( 8 ).

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two oblique layers of chacara covered by a layer of clayes earth. The layers in the chamber were composed of a thin layer of burial and culture earth, covered by silted debris of rock from the collapsed roof with picces of charara; and a top laver of clayey carth. Some of the finds have floatcd about in the moist debris of rock from the collapsed roof.

## BCRIALS

Burial earth was found in all the three niches, but no remains of the skcletons could be traced. Nost of the tomb-gifts were placed in, or close to the niches.

FIND: (GROLP: PL. LIII, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I Buchrome Red Ill (V) uxal jug with high base-ring. concave neck; splaying rim, figurine opposite the handle. Handle and part of neck missing. Black and white trangles below rim; white, dotred black lines round neck; black and white waty lines below shoulder; encurcling lines and bands round belly, bode, and hase; sling-ornament round base of handle. Helght 30.0 . Flour.
2. Black Lustrous sack-shaped jug with small base-ring: bobbin-shaped body; concave neck; splaying rmm, handle from rim to shoulder. Somewhat lustrous slip. Helgnt 15.h. Floor.
3. Bichrome Red II (V) conical bowl with narrow base; hulging shoulder; erect, sploying rim. Violet and white encircling lines round rim. Slip black. Diam. it.t. Illoor
+. Bichrome Red III (V) jug, as No 1 , but with handle, neck and figurine missins: decoration as No. I, but instead of the wasy lines, ome consentionalized treedesigns on shoulder. Herght 30.0. Floor.
5 Red Firured lekytho, Type B 3. A seated sphons with ransed wings and arched tall. Nuch worn, and rough design. Herght 8.2. Floor.
6. Terracotta statuette, cast in the same mould as Tomb 36.13 Ikeht 13.2. Floor.
7. Bichrome Red III (VI) urn-shaped amphoriskos with base-ring; splaying rim; no neck; rudimentary, horızontal handles on shoulder. Black and white encircling lines round rim, shoulder, and belly. Henght $15.2 .-48$.
S. Plain White VI shallow bowl with flat base; cursed outhne; in-turned rim. Diam. in.4. - 19.
9. White Panted VI glohular jus with high, cursed base; swollen, tapering neck. R1m and handle missing. Framed way lines round neek; dotted ring below neck; intersecting, concentric circles on hody; sling-ornament below hande; than flower-ornament opposite handle. Hewsht 150.7
10. Real hly IV (V1) beoncal bottle with narrow neck; thak rim, handle from neck to shoulder Herght 95. -46 .

If. Plain White \I sack-shaped jug with narrow, flat base; narrow, concave neck, splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height i4.9. - 46 .
12. Black Glazed lekythos, Type B. 3. Three lines round shoulder. I'lain. Herght 8.3. - 41 .
13. Black Glazed guttus, Type i. Plan. Diam 9.1. - 59.
if Phan White open saucer-shaped lamp with shaved base; deeply pinched wick-holder; flaring rim. Diam. 10.4. Floor.

15 Plan White lamp, as No. 14. Dam. io 4. Floor.
16 Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base; bobbinshaped body; concave neck, splaying rim, handle from rim to shoulder. Height 13 3. Floor.
17. Stroke Pohshed I (VI) depressed, "bird-shaped" askos with base-ring, conical, erect neck, wide funnel-mouth; moulded basket-handle from neck to body. Diam. 20.I. -+1 .
18. Plan White YI shallow bowl with Hat base; rounded outline; plan rim. Dlam. s.z. - 12 .
19. Plan White VI shallow buwl with Hat base; in-turned nim Dam. 12.0. Flonr.
20. Black (ilazed howl (C. i). Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. if.5. - 34.
2I. Bichrome Red III (VI) globular jug with high, curved base; swollen, tapering neck: funnel-mouth with pinched rim; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Decoration as No. 9, but in black and white, and with dotted rosettes on shoulder. Herght $24.4-33$.
22. Plaın White VI oval jug with flat base; concave, wide netk; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 15.8. - 28.
23. Black Slip VI biconical bottle with narrow base; narrow neck, handle from rum to shoulder. Rum missing. Height 8.7. - 22.
24. Red Slip IV (VI) conical bowlwith narrow base; rounded nutline. Diam. 12.0.—45.
25. Red slip IV (V) shallow bowl with base-ring: curved outhe, in-turned, swollen rim Diam. 15.2. - 68.
26. Black silip $V$ bicunical jug with small base; narrow, concave neck, swollen rim; handle from rom to shoulder. Height i5.o. - 32.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The diagram shows that Type VI are predominant among the pottery. Besides only two specimens of late Type $V$ are represented. The tomb is dated, consequently, to CyproClassic I, about the middle of the period.

$$
\text { TOMB }+3 \text { (Figs. } 118: 4-8 ; 119 \text { ) }
$$

| size |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Length | Widh | Depth | Hequt |
| Dromos | 3.65 | 1.34 | 2.35 | -- |
| Stomion | 1.21 | 1.20 | - | c. 2.15 |
| Chamber | 3.18 | $3 \cdot 52$ | - | c. 2.15 |

shape
The dromos is a staircase shaft, widening at the back, with almost vertical walls, descending by nine steps to a sloping platform in front of the door. The door has an arched roof, and the door-packing, rather loosely built up, consisted of uncut stones. The stomion is rery long and triangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, at its north-east corner. The floor of the stomion slopes down to that of the chamber by a rather steep slope. The chamber is approximately rectangular in plan, with rounded corners and slightly curved side walls. In the south side wall, a long, loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock, about 0.65 m . above the floor-level. The floor of the chamber slopes slightly towards the back wall and the south side wall. The roof has collapsed, but it can be seen from the cuttings in the rock that originally it was a barrel-shaped, valted roof, with a rock-cut cornice running along the side walls. The floor of the niche is horizontal and its roof is curved. The niche was closed by five long, rectangular poros slabs, based on the floor of the chamber. The central slab, which covered the middle of the niche, had been placed on a base of stone in order to reach the roof of the niche. Three of these slabs, the central slab, and the two slabs, which covered the east end of the niche, had fallen over, but were found


The filling of the dromos stratification up to the surface of the rock. The filling chatara of approximately of the same consistency, reopening and the reburial of was evidently cut through by lavers of chacara was rery clearly chamber. The difference a shaft in connection with the

1) A heary laver of marked. The layers in the cheen the intact and refilled
2) A layer of infiltrated clay.
3) A thin layer clay.
4) Debris and filling of and culture earth.
5) A bottom laver of crumbled rock and clay.
infiltrated dromos chacara, close to the stomion covered by a wedge-shaped layer of

There are, consequently, two burial periods. The finds of the later burial period are limited to a single object: the torpedo-pithos No. 46 . The objects of the earlier burial period were found on the floor, or slightly above it, on a level varying between - 256 and - 278 . The objects found at these levels: Nos. 8 -10, 16, 17, 22, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 45, and 53 are tomb-gifts of later interments of the ist burial period, successively accumulated in the culture stratum above the floor.

## BURLALS

Of the bodies, only burial earth remains: the bones are completely mouldered.
To judge from the position of the tomb-gifts there have been at least three interments in the first burial period. Various kinds of tools and weapons of bronze or iron were given to the deceased (knives, daggers, axes, arrow-heads etc.) who werc therefore probably warriors.

In the second burial period there was only one interment. The body had been placed on the cut pieces of one of the slabs, which had originally covered the opening of the niche. The tomb-gifts were poor, only one torpcdo-pithos was found in connection with this burial. After the burial, kowever, rich offerings were brought to the dead in three large amphorae with pointed bases, placed upside down close to each other in the dromos, in front of the door-packing.

FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. LIV, LV, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. 1I)

## Dromos

1. Plain White VI-VII slightly bobhin-shaped amphora with knobbed base: cylindrical nech, swollen rim; vertical handles from neck to shoulder A red line above base, and on base-knob. Height 68.0 -- 194.
2. Plain White VI-VII amphora, as No. 1. Height 64.0 . $-193$.
3. Plain White VI-Till amphora, as No. 1. Height 68.0. - 197.

Chamber
r. Black Glazed how (A. 6). Rich, mopressed pahmette ornaments. Diam. 16.3. Above No. 3 .
2. Black (ilazed bowl ( C 1) sparse, mpressed palmette ornaments. Diam. 9.5. Above No. 3.
3. Black (ilazed bowl (C) 5). Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam 12.6. Floor.
4. Black (ilazed bowl (A. 10). Impressed palmette onaments. Dian. 15.9. Above No. 5.
5. Black Glazed bowl (A. 6). Rich, impressed palmette ornaments. (iraffito un base (see Appendix V). Dram. 15.1. Abore No. 6.
6. Black Glazed bowl (A. 6) Rich, impressed palmette ornaments. (iraffito on base (ree Appendin V). Dam 148. Above No. 7.
7. Black (;lazed bowl (A. 1) Plan Dam is 5 . Floor.
8. Black Glazed bowl (A. 1o). as No. 4. Dram 165. Abose No. 9.
9. Black (;lazed bewi, probably of Tipe 13. 1, with smashed handle. Ruek, impressed palmette ornament, Dama. 11 S - 270
10. Black (ilazed bowl (A. io), as 入o. + (iraffito on base (see Appendis V) Drim. is - 2,0
11. Red hap IV (V) concal bowl with narrow basernes, m-turned sdes, sphaying rim; no handle Dhan 12: Floor.
12. Stroke Polished I (VI)-II (VIH) deprewed ulobultr jug with base-ring, ridge below neck, almost straght funnel-mouth; moulded handle from nech to shoulder. Height in.S. Ftoor.
13. Leaf-shaped arrow-head of ron, wrth madrib and lones. narrow tanes. Broken. Leneth 12.7 1\%oor
14. a) Arrow-head of eron, as No 1,3 Tang mesing. Length +6 . Illoor.
b) Arrow-head of hronge whth feur-cided head, lone tang Badly corroded Leneth 97 Floor.
15 Straght, narrow bronge pun whout head Broken Length 16.1 Floor.
16. Plan Whate VII shallon, Wade bowl wath bave-rink: flat, droopins. down-turned rma 1 mam. $254-26 \%$
17. Stroke Pohshed I (V1) -mall. urn-shaped imphorrakos with depressed body. base-ring. no neck; rased. playing rem; ralge below rim: two horbontal. upturned loop-handies on shoulder. Hewht s.o. - $2-5$.

19. Arrow-head of jron, as lo. If $a$, but with tang preserved and a collar hetween tang and blade. Length 9.0. Floor.
20. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 19. Part of tang missing Length 7.4. Flour.
21. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. i4 b. Length 8.6. Floor.
22. White Panted VI oval jug whth base-ring; ridge below neck; concave neck, "metal-knobbed" handle from neek to shoulder: l:ull's protome on shoulder opposite the handle. Decoration is entirely worn out, and can only be traced by some faded lines round belly ; painted after baking. Height 26.7 - 270 .
23. White Painted VI jug, as No. 22. Encircling lines round body and hase; wav! line round neck. Painted after baking. Decolation worn. Height 27-5. Floor.
24 Polychrome (VII) oval jug with high, curved base; slightly concave ncek, "metal-knobbed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder; bull's protome on shoulder opposite the handle. Red and yellow encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and base; black vary lines on red ground, on body; black and yellow leaf-ornaments on neck, shoulder, and belly; similar zigzag line below neck. Painted after baking. Hetght 34.0. Floor.
23. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base; no neck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height in.o. — 278 .
26. Plain White VII deep bowl with rounded outlne; flat base; swollen rim. Height 12.8. - 263.
27. Plain White VII bowl, as Nio. i6. Diam. 28.5. - 265.
28. Pick-axe of iron widenng towards the missing cutting edge; shatt-hole in the middle; curved pick at the back. Length $15.5 .-265$.
29. Iron dagger with thin, leaf-shaped blade with madroh, pointed end; double-curved sides; top of blade strengthened hy a fillet; thin, straight tang cnding in a thick, conical knob. Remains of the wooden sheath. Broken in three pieces. Length $3 \mathrm{~S}_{5} .-270$.
30. Stroke Polished II (VII) disc-shaped plate with moulded hase; wide, flattened rim; two string-holes through rim. Diam. 24.7. Floor.
31. Five arrow-heads of bronze; four, as No. 14 b ; the fifth double-curved, with four-sided head. Length 10.4; 8.9; 10.2; 9.4; 49. Flocr.
32. Two arrow-heads of bronze, as No. I4 b. Length 8.5; 86. Floor.
33. Arrow-head of iron, as Nio. 19. 'Tang bent. Length I38. Floor.
34. Plain White V'I shallow bowl with Hat basc; in-curved, thickened rım; no handle. Diam. 11.7. - 260 .
35. Black (ilazed bowl (B. I). Plain. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Diam. 15.3.-271.
36. Black Glazed bowl (C. 5). Rich, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. 10.0. - 268 .
37. Straght iron knife with one cuttıng edge; pointed end; flat tang pierced by two rivets. Traces of wood still visible at tang. Length 23.8. - 270.
33. Black Glazed bowl (B. I). Plan. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Dam. 12.5. - 270.
39 Stroke Polıshcd I (VI) -- II (VII) jug, as No. 12, but with depressed, owal body. Height 19.0. Floor.
to. a) Plain White VI amphora with knobbed base; slightly splaying neek; swollen rim; handles from nock to shouldcr. Height 32.5. Floor.
b) Plain White VI cucular lid, slightly concave with central, Hat boss. Diam. 9.0. Floor.
41. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base; concave neek; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height $13 . \mathrm{S}$. Floor.
42. Black Glazed bowl (C. 1). Plain. Diam. 10.3. Floor.
43. Black Glazed bowl (B. i). Plain. Diam. in.o. Floor.
+4. Stroke Polished I (VI) globular, depressed jug with base-ring; short, concave neck; curved funnel-mouth with in-bent rim; moulded handle from neck to shoulder; ridge around neck. Height 16.5 . Floor.
45. Iron knife with thin blade and tang. Incomplete; broken. Length $13.6 .-260$.
46. Plain White VII cylindrical torpedo-pithos with pointed base; ridge below neck; conical shoulder; splaying rim; vertical handle below shoulder. Height 68.5. - 205.
47. Black-on-Red V (VII) globular jug with high, curved base; swollen, tapering neck; pinched, narrow mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Framed, wary lines round neck; intersecting, concentric circles round body; dotted line below neck; wary line along handle; sling-ornament below handle; a flower ornament as front decoration. Height 143 . Inside No. 48 .
48. Bichrome VI globular urn with base-ring; no neck; splaying rim. Encirchng lines round neck, shoulder, and body; wayy line below shoulder. Height it.3. Flour.
49. Plain White VII bowl, as No. 26. Hcight io.5. Floor.
50. Stroke Polished I (VI) jug, as Nio. 44. Height 16.2 . Floor.
51. Stroke Polished I (VI) jug, as No. 44, but with globular body. Height 22.2. Floor.
52. Iron strigıl, fragmentary. Floor.
53. Plain Whitc VII sack-shaped jug with flat base; concave ncck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height i2.I. - $=56$.
54. a) Arrow-hed of iron, as No. I9. Length in.6.
h) Four-sided arrow-head of hronze with straight sides; pointed end; narrow tang. Length 8.7.
c) Four-sided arrow-head of bronze with doublecurved sides, pointed end; narrow tang. Length Io.I. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The diagram shows that the earlier interment of the first burial period is represented by a majority of pottery of Type VI, and some specimens of Type VII assigning the interment to the early part of Cypro-Classic II; the later interment of the first burial period is represented by four specimens of Type VI, and four specimens of Type VII assigning this interment to about the middle of Cypro-Classic II. Only one specimen of pottery (pithos No. 46 ) belongs to the second burial period. The pithos is of Type VII: Plain White VII, assigning this second burial period to Cypro-Classic II. On the evidence of this single vase it is not possible to decide to which part of Cypro-Classic II this burial belongs, but a priori it must be later than the last interment of the first burial period and thus we are able to assign the second burial period to the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

$$
\text { TOMB } H_{4} \text { (Figs. } 120 ; 121 ; 123: 1-5 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Wilth | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | $3 \cdot 74$ | 2.00 | 1.50 | - |
| Stomion | 0. $+^{2}$ | 1.74 | -. | - |
| Chamber | 2.63 | 2.95 | - |  |



Fig. i2 1. Marion. Tomb $4+$. Chamber, with finds in situ.


Fig. 122. Marion. Tomb +5. Chamber, with finds in situ.

## SH.APE

The dromos is a rather short and shallow shaft, widening at the back with nearly vertical walls, descending by one high and one ordinary step to an approximately horizontal floor area in front of the door. The upper part of the door has fallen in and the door-packing was rather loosely built of rubble, based on the bottom layer of the dromos-filling. The stomion is very wide and short, opens approximately in the longitudinal axis of the chamber, and the level of its floor is approximately the same as that of the chamber. The chamber is trapezoidal in shape with a niche-like cutting in the back wall. The floor slopes very slightly from the stomion to the centre of the tomb, and from there it is horizontal to the back wall. The roof has completely collapsed, but must, on account of the thin rock, have been nearly flat. In the west side wall a loaf-shaped niche is cut into the rock, 0.25 m . above the floorlevel.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a layer of chazara at the bottom, covered by a layer of sand and charara; and a top layer of sand and clayey earth mixed with sand. The difference between the bottom layer of charara and the medium layer of sand and charara, and the fact that the door-packing was based on top of the bottom layer indicate two burial periods. This was proved by the stratification in the chamber. The layers in the chamber were composed of:
I. Clayey earth mixed with sand.
2. A heavy, horizontal layer of rock debris, with large pieces of rock from the collapsed roof and walls of the chamber.
3. A burial layer (2nd burial period).
4. Horizontal layer of sand, gravel, and smaller stones.
5. Burial and culture stratum, covered by fine sand (ist burial period).

From this it can be concluded, that there was a sudden collapse of the tomb just after ,the second burial period. The objects of the ist burial period were found on the floor,

those of the 2nd burial period at a level varying between - 78 and -95 . The finds of the
 period.

## BLRIAL:

There are scanty remąins of two skeletons belonging to the first burial period, one in the niche and the other along the east side wall. Judging by some of the tomb-gifts (knives and strigil), the bodies seem to have been male. In the centre of the chamber, a female body must have been buried, as gilded hair-rings were found there, but of the skelcton no remains could be traced. Rather rich tomb-gifts were given to the deceased; a fine deposit of Attic pottery and bronze tools, placed in a large bronze bowl, should especially be noticed.

In the second burial period there was only one interment. Scanty remains of a skeleton (the right femur) were found near the back wall. After this last interment, offerings were brought to the dead in large amphorae and other pots; the amphorae were placed upside down in the dromos-filling, close to the door (cf. above).

## FINDE (GROLPS: PLE.LV, 3, LVI; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

Dromos

1. Buharome Red If (V) shallow, wade buwl with shghtly curved sides; base-ring, flat rim, two string-holes on rım Black triangles on white ground on rım; black ane outside body; black and white circular lines inside. Dlam. 2.3.1. -- 37.
2. Plan White VI priform amphora with knobbed lase. cslindrical neck, swollen rum; handles from neck to shouldar. Henght 63.7. -- 5t.
3 Red ship IV (I) shallow bow 1 with base-drec: swollen. in-turned rim. Dam. it 8 . - 48 .

+ Plan White VI usal amphora with base-rmes; sloping shoulder, colindrical neck; swollen im; horizontal handle, on shoulder. IIeight $520 .--56$.
5 Plan Whate ViI amphora, smmbar to No. 4 , but with slender body and tall neak. Henght +9.8 - 52 .
6 Plan Whte V1 amphora, di No. 2. Neck missing Herght $+5.5-{ }^{-1}$
(chamber
I Plan Whate Vh sack-shaped juy with fat base; ulindacal bod!; concave neck; splaying rim, handle from rm to shoulder Ileight 12.7 - 78
2 Black Polrhed beconical miniature bottle with flat base, concalse, narrow neek; swollen rim; handle from rom to shoulder. Ileight +6. Floor

3. Plain Whate V'l sach-shaped jus with tlat base, almost çlendrical body: out-turned rim; rather high handle from rim to shoulder. Heaght 16.i. Floor.
4 Plan White Vil jug, as No. 3. Herght i+5. Floor.
-. Conare deprensed debular jug with round base; wide. wollen, concal netk; swollen 1 mm ; handle from rum (i) hroulder. Hereht 87 . Iloor.
 nutime: narow bace: plan ram. Dlam. If 5. Flour
4. Red Shp IV (VI) wide, shallow bowl with base-ring; string-holes on that, slightly down-turned rim. Dlam. 22.1 . Floor.
S. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with bobbin-shaped body; tlat base; tapering neck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height is.2. Floor.
5. Ked Slip IV (VI) bowl, as No. 6. Diam. if.3. Floor.
6. Red slip IV (VI) shallow bowl with that base; curved outline: out-turned rim. Blackish slip. Diam. 8.+. Floor.
if. Red Shp IV (VI) bowl, as No. ro, but with flat, raised base. Diam 128 . Floor.
7. Iron knife with lancet-shaped, pointed blade; one cutting edge; round tang without rivets, ending in a loop Length i7.6. Floor.
8. Plain White VI piriform, sack-shaped bottle with Hat base: narrow, cylindrical neck; swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 10.3. Floor.
1+. Bichrome Red II (V) oval Jug wath base-ring; ridge below neck; concave neck; slightly thickened rim; "metal-knobbed", high twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black triangles on white ground round rim; white dotted line below neck; black and white encircling lines and bands round belly; front and shoulder ornaments of white dots; black ladder-pattern on handle; slingornaments at base of handle. Helght 20.0. Floor.
9. Plain Whrte VI jug, as No 8 , but with sleghtly piriform body; small base-ring; sharp shoulder. Height 11.5 Flow.
10. Iron knife, unly tang presersed. Length 8.o. Fluon.
11. Blakk Glazed bowl (A. 1). Plam. Diam. 8.2. Floor.
12. Plain White VI chalice-shaped, deep bowl with high base; double-curved outhne; two rudimentary, hurizontal handeo on bode. The high base is made by hand Height ; 2. Floor.
13. Wide bronze bowl with flattened bottom; cursed outline; plain rim, contiacted inwards. The bowl has been mended in ancient times hy means of a bronze sheet attached to bowl by ruets. Small pieces miosing on sides and buttom. Dram. 26.5. Floor.
14. Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plan. Dram. 11.6 Inside No. 21.
15. Black Glazed bowl (C. 4). Ilann. Dam. 11.4. Inside No. 22.
16. Black Glazed bowl (C. 2). Impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. ${ }^{1+5}$. Inside No. 24 .
17. Red Figured guttus, Type 1. On cach side, seated sphins with wings, head, and one foreleg raised; arched tail. Diam. 8.7. Inside No. 2.4.
18. Plain White VI shallow bowl with Hat base; thackened, in-turned rim. Diam. 12.0. Inside No. 25.
19. Blach-on-Red IV (VI) wide, shallow bowl with rounded outline; high base; incurved, swollen rim. Diam. 16.q. Inside No. 19.
20. Iron fragments. Five pieces, all belonging to different knives. Inside No. ig.
21. Bronze strigıl with curved blade, semicrecular in section; horizontal, flat loop-handle. Length 24.1 . Inside No. 24.
22. Red Figured bowi (C. 6). Seated owl between two olive branches on each side of body. Height 8.6. Floor.
23. Plain White VI jug, as No. 13. IIcight 9.8. Floor.
24. Red Slip IV (VI) shallow, wide bowl with base-rine; drooping, flattened sim ; horizontal handles on rim. Diam. 23.4. Floor.
25. Red Slip IV (VI) bowl, as No. 6. Diam. iI.i. Floor.
26. Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plain Dram. in 4. Floor.
27. Black Glazed bowl (C. 3). Rich, impressed palmette ornaments, and rosettes. Dian. 12.5. Floor.
28. Black Glazed bowl (こ. i) Plain. Diam. so.6. Floor.
29. Bichrome Red II (V) biconical bottle with narrow base; short, concave, narrow neck, thick. swollen rim, handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling black and white lines and bands around belly. Height 13.2. Floor.
30. Plain White VI bottle. as No. is. Height 12.4. Floor.
31. White Painted VI shallow bowl with base-ring; rounded outline; horizontal handles below rim. Attic influence. Black handles. rim, and mside. Diam. iz.+. Floor.
32. Plan Whate II jus. smmat to No. 8. Hewht 16.3. Floor.
33. Bronze strigul, as No. 27, but with broader handle and a simple mountines. Broken. Length 24.2. Floor
4o. White Panted Vi bowl, as No 37. Fincircling hnes around rim; red handles; circles inside Fine surface: red paint. Dlam. 13.o. Fluor.
34. Plan White VI sack-shaped jug, as No. \& Heneht 17.2. $-8_{3}$
35. Red She IV (VI) bowl. simur to . No. 6, but deeper. Dam. 12.2. - $8 \mathrm{si}^{\circ}$.
36. Plain White VI jug, as No. 8. Hewht 13.2 Fkoor.

4+. Red Shp IV (NI) bowl, as No. 42. Diam i1.4. Niche.
45. Plan White VI jug, as No. 3. Heaght 16.7. Niche.
46. Plan White VI oval amphora with base-ring; sloping shoulder; splaying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder: covered by a wide. shallow bowh. Height +7.0. - 95 .
47. Plan White li small bowl with flat base; rounded outline; rertical rim. Diam. 8 g . On No. 48.
48. Plain White VI piriform amphora with knobbed base. cylindrical neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. A red line abure base. Ileight $6+3 \cdot-95$.
49. Plain White VI amphora, as Dromos No. +. Rim missing. Height +5.0. - 92 .
50. Plain White XI jug, smilar to No. 8. Height iz.o. - 88.
51. Plan White VI jug, as No. 3. Henght it. F. Flomr.
52. Plan White VI oral jug with base-disc: short, concave neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Iteight 16.0 . Floor.
53. Plan White VI jur, as No. 3 Henght 162 . Flome.
54. Plan White Vi jus, as No. 3 Heaght 7 7.o. Floor.
55. Stroke Polished I (VI)-II (VII) bowl; mitation of Black Glazed bowl, Type A. 1. Dam. 10.2. - S-,
56. Two silver finter-ringe, one plan, and one wath begel. Diam. 2.0:17. Floor.
57. Four, thickly gllded hair-rings of bronze wath flutes: ends, overlapping each other Diam. i.f. Flowr.
58. Red slip IV (VI) howl, as No of Dum rat Ihour.
59. Bichrome Red II (V) hottle, as No. 35 Height: $: ~ \%$. Flon:

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

We see thus, that in the ist burial period Type VI dominate. Some of these are characteristically early, and further, a few late Type V (Nos. 2, 14, 35, 59) are represented. The ist burial period dates, therefore, from the first part of Cypro-Classic I. In the and burial period Type VI are mixed with single, early Type VII, which assign this burial period to the end of Cypro-Classic I, or the very beginning of Cypro-Classic II.

## TOMB 45 (Figs. 122; 123:6)

size

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.02 | 0.85 | - | - |
| Chamber | c. 3.10 | 2.20 | - | - |

SHAPE
This tomb was much destroyed and not found intact. The dromos is a short and narrow shaft, descending by a gradual slope to the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed, and only one block of the door-packing was in situ. 'There is no stomion, and the floor of the dromos slopes gradually down to that of the chamber. The chamber is oblong and cave-shaped in plan. The back wall was broken through by a hole leading down to another tomb.

## STRATIFICATION

All the objects, except Nos. 3 and 6 were found on the floor.

## BCR1ALS

No burials could be traced, but some tomb-gifts in pots, a bronze mirror, and an iron knife were found in the front part of the chamber and along the east side wall.

FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. LVIl, I, LIX, I; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plan White Yill small, depressed jug with flat base; short neck, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 9.5. Floor.
2. Bronze murror with flat, circular disc; plain tang. Diam. 10.5. Fluor.
3. Black Glazed bowl (A 4). Plain. Much worn. Diam. 13.5. In the filling, above flour.
4. Lancet-shaped iron knife with one cutting edge, and two risets in flat tane. Top of blade, and end of tane missing. Length 16.2. Floor.
5. Plain White Vll oval amphord with base-ring, sloping shoulder: tall, splaying neck; swollen rim, horizontal handles on shoulder. Height 44.5 Floor.
6. Black Glazed bowl ( $A+$ ). Impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. in.6. In the filling, above floor.
7. Black Glazed guttus, Type 4. On upper side of guttus a realistic negro head, frontal; in high relief. Dtam. 8.8. Floor.
8. Plain White VII owal jus with cursed bine, growe helow neck; concave neck; "metal-knobbed" handle from neck to shoulder; bull's protome upposite handle. I Ieight 29 5. Floor.
9. Plain White VII wide, shallow bowl with hase-ring. flat rim. Diam. 248 . Floor.
10. Black Glazed bowl (C. 6). Phain I ham, 13.0. Floor.
in. Plain White V1 sack-shaped juy with flat base; narrow. concave neck, flaring rim: handle from rim to shoulder. Hewht i3.2. Floor.
11. Black Glazed bowl (A. 1). Plan. Dam $A+$ flour.
12. Plain White VI-Vill amphora with knobked base: concale neck; swollen rim. handles from neth to shoulder. Height 600 Flowr.
It Stroke Polshed Il (VII) bowl, mitation of Black Glazed bowl, Type B. 1. I) 1 am 162 Abose No. 15
13. Plain White VI amphora, shape as No. 5 . but wath ehurter, stranglit, cylondrical neck, and wider body Heaght 50.7. Ploor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The diagram shows that of the Cypriote pottery, three specimens are Type VI, of which one specimen is transitory between Types VI and VII and five specimens are Type VII, which indicates that the tomb dates from the middle of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMB $\boldsymbol{q}^{6 \text { (Fig. 126: }}$ 4, 5)
SIZE

|  | I.ensth | Widith | 1) ep eth | Heush |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chamber | 2.64 | 2.08 | -- | - |

## SHAPE

The tomb is situated on the hill-slope and has suffered badly by the erosion of water. The whole dromos is swept away as well as the upper part of the chamber. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in plan, with a loaf-shaped niche cut in the east side wall, about o.o8 ni. above the floor-level. The floor of the chamber is horizontal.

## STRATIFICATION

The layers in the chamber were composed of a bottom stratum of burial and culture earth and a covering laver of rock debris from the collapsed roof and walls. Only one burial period is represented and all the finds were on the floor.

## BLRIALS

At least two burials have taken place in the chamber, one in the niche, and the other on the rock floor below it. The body buried in the niche was female, and was adorned with two silver rings with bezels, on the fingers; four earrings and two spiral hair-rings of bronze. Of the bones only fragments of the skull, the upper extremities, and the feet are preserved. From their position it can be seen that the body had probably been placed in an outstretched position with the head to the north end of the niche. The body buried on the floor below the niche was male, provided with an iron knife. Of the bones only scanty remains are preserved. The tomb-gifts were arranged around this latter body, in the middle of the chamber, in the south-west corner and along the north rock wall. The find of a bronze mirror among the tomb-gifts in the centre of the chamber seems to indicate that a female body had been buried there. No remains of it, however, were preserved.

FINDS (GROCPS: PL. LVII, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
: Two sher finger-rmgs with bezels. Diam. 1.5. Floor.
=. Two plan. spral earrings of bronze. Length 3.1. 1Floor.
3. 'Two pars of leech-shaped earrings of bronze. Broken. Length 2.6. Floor.
t. Red ship $\mathbb{K}^{(V I}$ (Vhallow bowl with base-disc; doublecursed sutline; out-turned rim. Dum. 9.5. Floor.
5 Plain White Vi biconical bottle with flat base: sloping shoulder; concase, natrow neck; swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 6.+. Floor.
(1) Red ship IV (VI) wide, shallow bowl with base-ring; Hat, thick rum with groosed lines and two string-holes. Dam. 23.5. On Nos. 7, 8, 9.
-. Black (ilazed bowl (A. i). Plam. Dam. S.6 Floor.
צ Red $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{lip}}$ IV (VI) bowl with narrow base-disc; rounded wutine, strasht, or slightly in-turned rim Dam. 14.+. Fiowr.

1) l'an Whate VI cup-shaped bowl with Hat base; straight

ic. White l'anted Vil urn with rounded outhe: flat bave; no ned. splating im Encocling lines round im and bociv, two wasy ines above belly. Height iz 6. Floor.

I I Red Figured lekythos (B. 3) A goose standing erect with raised wings; sunk head; a conventionalized flower ornament to the right. Height if.3. Floor.
12. Red Slip IV (VI) bowl, as No. 8. Diam. in.6. Floor.
13. Bronze mirror with flat, carcular dise, shoit, broad projection; narrow tang. Diam. 10.3. Floor.
it. Black Glazed bowl (A.6). Plaın. Diam. i4.0. Floor.
15. Plan White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base. rudimentary neck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height i3.I. Floor.
16. Red slip IV (V1) bowl, as No. 8. Dam. iz.o. Floor.
17. Black Glazed bowl (A. 7). Impressed, double rosettes mside. Diam. 12.6. On Ňo. 2+
18. Black Glazed bowl (C. i). Plan. Diam. in.z. Floor.
19. Plan White VI depressed urn with base-disc; very wide. concase neck, flamg rim; two knobs on rim Height 7.2. Floor.
20. Plan White 「'I shallow bowl with hat base; in-turned rım. Diam 12o. On No. $2+$.
21. Black Glazed bowl (A. r). Plam. Dlam. 9.9. On Nio. 24.

22 White Panted Vl wal jug with cursed base; concave
neck; twin-handle with "metal-knobs" from neck to shoulder; seated figurine with minature jug opposite the handle. Encrecling lines round rim, neck. shoulder, belly, and base; badly worn. Some paintings on handle and figurine. Panted after baking. Henght fi.o. On No. 24.
23. Black Glazed guttus, Type 4. Bad glaze. Plan. Diam. 9.6. On No. 24.
24. Bichrome Red II (V) wide. shallow bowl with basering; flat, drooping rim. Black trangles on white ground round rim; black and white. circular lines inside. Diam. 32.2. Floor.
25. Black-on-Red IV (VI) giobular jug with cursed base; swollen, tapering neck; rim and handle missing; probably pinched mouth. Framed, wary bands round neck; dotted line below neck; intersecting, concentric circles on body; wayy line on, and sling-ornament below, the handle; small front ornament of a conventionalized flower. Height ir.8. Floor.
26. Plan White il jug. as No. 15. Height ifo. Floor.
27. Plan White VI piriform amphord with knobbed base: colindrual nech: swollen rim; vertical handle: from neck to shoulder. Red line above base. Henght 60.0 . Floor.
28. Plain White VI ord amphora with base-rine; horizuntal handles on shoulder. Neck and rim mising. Height 32.3 . Fluor.
29. Red Slip IV (VI) howl, dis No s. Dlam ia.s. Floor. 30. Black Glazed bowl (A. i). Plan. Diam. s.s. Floor. jI. a) Leaf-shaped iron knife with long. punted end: one cutting edge; long, tapering tang with six arets for fixing wooden handle, arranged in a line. b) Kinife. as No 3 I d, but shorter and straitht tine with four rivets arranged as an inverted $\mathfrak{Y}$. Point mising. Broken. 34.1; 23.0. Floor.
32. Plain White YI bowl, as No 20. Diam if z: Insıde No. 33.
33. Plan White VI bowl with hish, narrow base: ound outline. Incomplete. Dam. iz.6. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the foilowing diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The classification of the Cypriote pottery shows that Type II are predominant. This assigns the tomb to the later part of Cypro-Classic I, and with this dating, the style of the Red Figured pottery found in the tomb agrees.

TOMB +7 (124; 125; 126: $1-3,6)$
size

|  | 1.ength | Width | Denth | Helçht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.55 | 1.20 | 1. 88 | - |
| Stomion. | 1.05 | 0.68 | - | 1.36 |
| Chamber | 3.05 | 2.65 | - | - |



Fig. 124. Marion. Tomb +7 , dromos.


Fig. 125. Marion. Tomb 47. The chamber, with finds in situ.

SHAPE
The dromos is a basin-shaped shaft with nearly vertical walls, descending, in front of the door, by one shallow and one deep step. The door has an arched roof. The door-packing, consisting of a rectangular slab and some loosely built rubble, is not founded on the rock, but on a floor of chacara in the filling of the dromos, and thus covers only the upper part of the doorway. The stomion widens towards the chamber. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, and its floor slopes gradually down to that of the chamber. At the level of the charara floor mentioned above, a flat slab of stone was placed inside the door-packing as a threshold. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in plan, with slightly curved walls and rounded corners. The floor is horizontal and the roof has entirely collapsed, but from cuttings in the rocks it can be reconstructed as a barrel-shaped vault.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of gravel and smaller stones in front of the door. Above that a floor of chacara, hard packed; and at the top a thick layer of homogeneous charara. The layers in the chambers were composed of:

1) A heary layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof.
2) Three successive burial and culture strata, the one above the other.
3) A floor of hard packed charara.
4) A horizontal filling of gravel.
5) A bottom stratum of burial earth close to the door covered by a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated gravel and smaller stones from the bottom layer of the dromos.


It is thus evident that two burial periods are represented，the first by the burial stratum on the floor，and the second by the successive burial strata on the floor laver of hard packed cherara．The preserved door－packing belongs to the second burial period，as it is founded on the charara floor．

The objects found on the floor are the foilowing：Nos I， $55-5 S, 61-63$ ．These finds， therefore，belong to the first burial period．The remainder belong to the second burial period．Of these，Nos．3，S－12，1S，19，21，49，52，found at a level of－70 to－－86， belong to the first part of this burial period．Nos．2，6，7，13－17，22，28，29， $31-48$ ， $50,53,54,60$ ，found at a level of -60 to -68 ．belong to the second，and Nos．4，5， $20,23-27,30,51$ ，found at a level of -52 to -57 ，belong to the third part of this burial period．As regards the lamp No．59，which was found at a level of－ 10 ，it may have been placed in a hollow in the surface of the rock，and when this collapsed it slipped down with the rock debris．

BLRIALS
The remains of all the burials are only preserved by thin layers of burial earth．No remains of bones were left．From the position of the tomb－gifts it seems certain that at least three，probably four bodies were buried in the second burial period：one male hody near the east side wall，provided with a strigil of iron，and an alabaster urn of oil； another male body near the west side wall，provided with an iron knife；a female body in the centre of the chamber，with tomb－gifts of a bronze pigment－rod for painting the face，and a bronze mirror；probably a fourth body；a female，was buried along the back wall，to judge from the finds of two iron rings a and hair－ring of silver，in the south corner of the chamber．

In the first burial period，there are remains of two burials．The tomb－gifts are much poorer than those of the second period and consist only of a number of pots．The bones of the skeletons are entirely destroyed like those of the second burial period，and nothing can be said about the position of the bodies．

FINDS（GROLPS：PLS．LVII，I，LIS，3；TYPES：L．OF PL．II）

1．Panted＂Ionian＂open，shallow bowl with base－ring， small cut－turned rim；two horizontal loop－handles below rim．Encircling bands round rim and body； hack handles and part of invide：circular lines on the bottom Somewhat lustrous．dark brown pant Diam． 142． 1 loor．
2 Hammered bronze narl with polyeonal section；knob－ head Hooked and purposely bent．Length 5．3．－ 68.
＊．Whate Panted VI osal amphora with base－rine；slopine houlder；tall，crlindrical neck；swollen rim；hori－ zontal handles on shoulder Encurcling lones and bands round rim．neck，shoulder，and below belly：black handles；treze of conventionalized tlowers between landles lenght 49．5．－－ァ．
4．Plan White open，saucer－shaped lamp；rudmentary base－ 1ang，panched wick－holder，flarme rim．Dam．I2 5．－ 57
S．Plain White VI sack－shaped jug with taperine body，

Hat base，out－turned rim；handle missing．Height 15．5．－ 57.
6．Red $\mathrm{Sl}_{1 \mathrm{p}} \mathrm{IV}$（VI）bowl with rounded outline；narrow base：sloghtly in－turned rim．Diam． $100-65$.
7．Black Glazed bowl（A．＋）．Plan．Diam．9．o．Below No． 6.
8．Plan White VI piriform bottle with flat base；evindrical， short，narrow neck：thick，swrllen rim；handle from neck to shoulder．Henght 9．o．Inside No． 9.
9．Black Slip V＇l bowl，amatating Attic bowl，I＇pe B．i Diam 12．5．Inside No． 10.
10．Red Slip IV（VI）shallow bowl with base－ring；double－ cursed outhne：out－turned，swollen ram．Diam 1 ミニ． Inside No．If．
i1 Red Shp IV（VI）bunl．as No．10．Dam，I3 2．Insude No． 12.
12．Red ．．lip IV（V）bowl，as No．io．Diam．13．9．－70．
13．Narrow，cursed iron strigil，whth broad handle，ending
in a narrow. turned-back tane, nised to the blade by a bronze rivet. Broken. Lenath 30.4. - 66.
1+. Plain White lump, as No. q. 11.m. 9.0. - - o.
15. Black Gilazed burv (B. I). Plain. Dam iz.6. - Do
6. Black (;lazed bunl (B. i). Plan. Diam. 11.6. - 60
17. Plain White VI jus, as No. $\stackrel{8}{ }$. Heisht $92 .-63$
i8. Bichrome Red III (I'1) globular jug with high, cursed base; swollen, tapering neck, pinched mouth; hugh twinhandle frons rim to shoulder. Dotted and wasy lines round necl., concentric circles on buth sides of body; ting front ornament with a flower motif. Dark wolet colour is used on the sides. Height $165 .-76$.
19. White Panted VI osal jug with base-rine; wade, concave neck; flaring rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lones and bands round rim, neck, body, and base; two framed, wayy lines round neek; wavy line along handle; sling-ornament below base of handle. Bright red pant. Tleight 20 5. - 7 S .
20. Bichrome Red II (V)-III (VI) jug, as No. is, but with taller, less swollen neck. Encarcling lines round neck; black line with white dots below neck; black and white intersecting, concentric circles round body; transverse lines on handle; sling-ornament below base of handle. Herght $197-57$.
21. White Panted VI small, sack-shaped jug with Hat base; contave neck; flaring rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling line round rim. Bright red paint. Heaght 6.7. Inside No. I9.

22 Plain White VI priform amphora with knobbed base; wade body; cylindrical neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 59.5. - 00 .
23. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug wath flat base: rudimentary neck; out-turned rim, handle from rim to shoulder. Height iq.S. - 55 .
24. Bronze pigment-rod with narrow shaft, swelling at one end; small spoun-shaped :avity in the other. laint found close by. Length 15.5 . -52
25. Bronze mirror; circular disc with one side flat and the wher side whth slightly up-turned rim; flat tang, starting from a projection at the disc. Diam 13.2. - 52 .
26. Iron fragment belonging to a knife. length 7.2. - 52 .
27. Blacli Glazed guttus, Type I. Plain. Diam. 8.5 - 52.

こS. Black Glazed bowl (A. I). Plan. Diam. S.3. - 6o.
29. Black Glazed bowh (A i). Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam S.t. - 60 .
30. Iron fragment of a knite length 7.5. - 55.
31. Black Glazed bowl (C'. 9). Sparse, hut fine, impressed palmette ornaments. D1am. 12.0.-62.
32. Black Gilazed bowl (C' ()), as No. 31. D1am. 12.6 -..62
33. Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plan. Dram. I2.5. - 62.
34. Black Glazed bowl (C. i). Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. 13.o. Below No. 33.
35. Black (rlazed bowl (C. 1). Sparse, mpressed palmette ornaments. Dam. i1.1. Below No. 34.
36. Red Figured guttus, Type 1. Squattme hare on eadh side. Delicate work. Dam. S 6. - 62.
37. Aack-shaped alabaster bottle wath hort. comare nock

Fittened bottom; two knob-handles below neck. Seck missing. Thin, seined alabaster. Length $9 .+$. - oz.
35. Iron strishl of uibul itpe several pieces misonge. - 62

S9. Black (xlazed howl ( B 4) Panels of vertacil aromes on the body; encircing line of impressed ornaments round the belly. 1 1ann. 9.4. -62.
to Ladle of bronze with rounded bottom, curved outline. tall, tapering handle, stquare in sectoon, with buchcurved top ending in a goose head Length 2. 5. -62
41. Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plam. Diam 12.5. - 62
42. Red Figured guttus, Type I Crouchang tiger on one vade with rased tal, and inght foreleg, head facing; eagle flyiner, on the other. Rough work. Dimm. S.b. Below No. ft . 43. Black Glazed buwl (A. I). Ilain. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Dhanz. S.2. -62.
44. Black Glazed bowl (A. i) Siparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. 9.5. Below No. 43
45. Black Glazed bowl, as No. 44. Dam. 8.7. Below No. +4
46. Black Glazed bowl, as No. $4+$ Dlam. S 2. Below No. 45
47. Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plan. Diam. 12.5. - 61

4S. Black Glazed bowl (B 1) Plam. Dam. I2 \&. .-- 02
49 Plan White II depressed oval jug with flat base; shom, concase neck; handle from rim to shoulder Ram miss. ing. Height \& 5. - 70.
5o. Plain White VI oval amphora with base-rans; slopmes shoulder; tall, splaymer nech; wollen rmm; horimental handles on shoulder: covered by a wade. shallow bowi Height $56.0 .-65$.

52. Plan White $f$ sack-shaped juq, evlindical b:ods, that base; no neek, out-turned ram, rather harh hande fomm rim to shoulder. Hewht 16.1 - 86.
53 Plan White VI amphora, as No. 221 Ieight $575-30$

55. Plain White $f^{\circ}$ oval Jug wath base-ring, probably as No. $5^{6}$, neek mixing. Ilenght 170 . $1 \%$ lour.
56. Plain Whate $V$ osal juer with base-rane, taperiner nech pinched mouth, high twin-handle from 1 mim to neek Hetrht zi.o. Floser.
57. Plan Whate Vil proform bottle wath flat base, taperma narrow neck; swollen rmp hande from neck tw hander Iteight 9.5. I'loor
58. Paan White VI shallon bowl wath that base; in-cursed

59 Plain White lamp, as No. +. Dım, y.s. - Io.
6o. a) Ilorseshoe-shapeal finger-inge of aron with hate owal bezel. Dam. 2.4.
b) Finger-rine of mon, as at, smashed.
c) Ilar-ing of sher with spad, werlappong ends Diam. I.3. - 60.
6r. Plain White VI shallow bowl with that base and splaym: sades. Dlam. Ifo. Floer.
6. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base: concase, short neck: splayng ram; hamble fiom rim to shoulde: Height iz.o. Floor.
O3 Red She IV (VI) concal bewl with bsee-dice: sounded,


Summing up the classification given in the Objeet Register and the stratigraphieal data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

From this classification, it is evident that the two burial periods belong to the same epoeh: Cypro-Classie I, charaeterized by Type VI of pottery. That the 2nd burial period represents a later stage of Cypro-Classic I than the ist burial period, is elear from the fact that in the ist burial stratum, beside fire specimens of Type VI, two specimens of Type V were found, and an imported Ionian bowl (No. i) of the Late Archaie period. This assigns the ist burial period to the beginning of Cypro-Classie I. In the first part of the 2nd burial period, there are ten Type VI against one Type $V$, and in the seeond and third parts, only Type VI are represented, which shows that this burial period dates from the middle, and later part of Cypro-Classie I.


Fig. 127. Marion. Tomb 48. Yiew of dromos and chamber, with finds in sthu.


Fig. i28. Marion. Tomb 49. The ellamher, with finds in situ.

TOMB $4^{8}$ (Figs. 126: 7-9: 127)
SIZE

|  | Lenyth | Width | 1)epth | Hewht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.31 | 1.03 | 1.25 |  |
| Stomion. | 0.92 | 1.00 |  |  |
| Chamber | 2.08 | 1.78 | - |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is a short staircase shaft, descending by four steps to the door. The door and the stomion have collapsed, and the door-packing was missing. The stomion widens slightly towards the chamber, and descends by three steps, continuing those of the dromos, to the floor of the chamber. It opens on to the chamber approximately in its longitudinal axis. The chamber is oblong in shape with curved south side wall, straight back, and north side wall. It consists of a rectangular shaft in the middle, surrourded on three sides by rock-cut benches, about $0.40 \mathrm{~m} .-0.60 \mathrm{~m}$. above the floor-level of the shaft.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of an oblique layer of chazara, covered by a horizontal layer of gravel and clay, which also covered the debris of the chamber. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A heary layer of rock debris with pieces of rock from the collapsed roof, covered by the same layer of gravel and clay, which formed the upper part of the dromos-filling.
2) Debris of infiltrated earth, covering the burial and culture earth in the back part of the chamber, and overlaying the wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated charara (Layer 3).
3) A wedge-shaped laver of infiltrated chatara from the dromos, close to the stomion.
4) Burial earth on the back wall bench, and a bottom laver of culture earth on the other benches and on the floor of the shaft.
Only one burial period is represented, and all the finds were on the floor.

## BLRIALE

Only the bench near the back wall has been used for burial purposes. Remains of the body are only represented by a layer of burial earth. There were no traces of bones. A small deposit of tomb-gifts and pots was placed in the shaft below the bench.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. LVIII, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Strohe $\mathrm{P}^{\circ}$ olished II (TII) jug, as No. 2; part of mouth + Strok Polshed II (VII) jug, as No. 2. Height ig.\%. missing. Height c. 20.4. Floor.
2. Stroke Polished II (VII) depressed oval Jug with bisering, radue below neel. , strateht funnel-mouth; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height 2r.7. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


The finds are entirely of Type VII, dating the tomb to the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMB 49 (Figs. I2 $8: 13 \mathrm{I}: 1,2$ )
size

|  | Lenyth | W:dth | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.30 | 1.26 | I. 50 | -- |
| Chamber | 2.25 | 2.74 | - | - |

SHAPE
The dromos is a hasin-shaped shaft, with nearly vertical walls, descending gradually to the door. The upper part of the door had fallen in, but the lower part of the doorpacking consisting of rubble was still in situ. There is no stomion. The door opens approximately in the longitudinal axis of the chamber, and the floor of the dromos slopes rery gently down to that of the chamber. The chamber is of an irregular type, caveshaped with the north side wall oblique. The floor is horizontal. In the middle of it there is a narrow shaft, cut in the rock, 0.72 m . long, 0.22 m . wide, and 0.23 m . deep, below the floor-level. The roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of sand and chatara reaching the upper end of the preserved door-packing, and a top laver of sand and clay, which also covered the debris of the chamber. The layers in the chamber consisted of a disturbed culture stratum at the bottom in which a burial laver could be traced along the north wall of the chamber; close to the stomion it was covered by a wedge-shaped layer of sand and chazara infiltrated from the dromos; above that, a thick laver of sandy debris from the collapsed roof, and a top layer of sand and clay, which also fermed the top-filling of the dromos. As the culture stratum was disturbed while the upper layers of debris were intact. it is evident that the tomb had been robbed before the roof collapsed. The distinct di-riding-line between the bottom and top laver of the dromos-filling, which is on a level with the preserved door-packing, marks the level at which the chamber has been entered by the tomb-robbers.

All the objects were found on the floor.

## BERTALS

Remains of only one burial were found, represented by the layer of burial carth along the north side wall of the chamber. The body seems to have been female, as a hair-ring of silver was found in connection with it. The tomb-gifts were mainly placed in the centre of the tomb, near its back wall

FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. LVIII, 3,

1. Bichnome Red III (Vi) glubular jus with base-ring, twin-handle. Neck and handle missing. Black and whte concentric circles on both sides of body; black transverse lines on handle; black line with white dots belon neck; three pendant strokes below base of handle. Helcht 102. Floor.

2 Black Glazed hylix, 'Type 3. Stem and outside of botom black glazed; encircling band below handles, black glazed handes; encurcling lanes aboee handles and around rim; black glazed inside but for centre of bottom, which $1:$ decorated with a caicle aud central dot lewht sig. Inside No. ${ }^{\text {a }}$.

LLX, f; TYPES: L. OF PL, 11)

[^8]-. Plan White VII sack-shaped jus with flat base; cyland- 8 Black Glazed deep bowl (C. 6). Plain. Height 9.5. Floor. rocal hods, concave neck; splayng rim, handle from rim 9. Har-ring of sher wath spiral, orerlapping ends, Smashed.
to shoulder. Height if 1, Iloor.
Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery types represented are, consequently, nearly all of Type VI, and there is only one pot of Type VII. The tomb is, therefore, to be assigned to the end of CyproClassic I.

TOMB 50 (Figs. 129; 13I: 3, 4)
sIzE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Helght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.15 | 1.05 | -- | - |
| Chamber | 2.50 | 2.73 | - | - |

SHAPE
Most of the dromos and top of the chamber have been entirely destroyed by the erosion of water. There is no stomion. The floor of the dromos slopes gently down to that of the chamber. The door opens on to the chamber approximately in its longitudinal axis. The chamber is of an irregular, square type with slightly curved walls and rounded corners. The floor slopes gently towards the back wall. The rocf has entirely collapsed. In the east side wall, a loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock on a level with the floor of the chamber.

## STRATIFICATION

The thickness of the earth from the surface to the rock floor did not exceed about 0.85 m . 'The layers consisted of remains of burial earth along the back wall of the chamber, a covering laver of clayey earth, and a top layer of surface earth above the level of the rock. The tomb-gifts have suffered badly from the water. All the objects were found on the floor except No. i8, which was found at a level of +1 I, evidently raised up by the water, which carried in the layer of clay that covered the culture stratum.


Fig. 129. Narion. Tomb 50. The chamber, with finds in situ.


Fig. 1 3o. Marion. 'Tomb 51. Group of the finds in situ.

## BLRIALs

It could be stated that one burial, represented by a layer of burial earth, had taken plate along the back wall of the chamber. The body was female, which is erident from the find of two silver hair-rings (No. 19). The lady was provided with five faience amulets (No. 16).

## FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. LIX, 5, L., I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Bichrome Red II (V) wide, shatlow bowl with basering; straight sides; flat rim, two strng-holes. Black triangles on white ground around rim, black and white encircling lines and bands inside. Dram. 3 I.o. Floor.
2. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle with narow base-ring; short, narrow, slishtly concave neck; swollen run; handle from rim to shoulder. Encirthng lines and band. Hexght if.t. Floor.
3. Plain White V sack-shaped jug with base-disc; no neck; splaying rim; high handle from rim to shoulder. Height 15.5. Floor.
4. Plain Whrte VI slender, sack-shaped jug with concare neek; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. [leight 13.7. Floor.
5. Bichrome Red II (V) oval jug wath base-ring; cylindrical neck. slightly splaying rim. "metal-knobbed" twinhandle from rim to shoulder; bull's protome opposite the handle. Black hnes and bands with white dots round neck; black pant, shin-ornament below handle; black ladder-pattern on handle; pant on protome: black and white encircling lines and bands rourd belly. Height 23.0. Flour.
6. White Painted $V$ biconical amphora with base-rares; cylindrical neck; swollen rim: hormontal handles on shoulder. Encarcling lines and bands round rim. neck. shoulder, and body. black handles; frieze of sparse, small, concentric circles, separated by bundles of lancetshaped. vertical lines or shoulder. Different thiek-
nesses of paint give a bichrome effect. Ileight 30.2 Floor.
7. Plain White V sack-shaped juar, as No. 3 Hewht 15.0 . Floor.
8. Buchrome Red II (V) jut. ds No. 5 , but with thin-handle from neck to shoulder; smmar decuratmon, but with small. sparse, concentre cireles, haneme, white doted rosettes, and black consentionalized trecoormament on shoulder; a ring of hate thangles on white whand around ram, white dotted sling-ormament indinu in concentric curcles. Hewht 29.6. 1"lour.
9 Black I'igured kilix ('Ype 1) Fra"た of altematme purple and black palmettes and lorus buds between handles. Inctsions mark th. leates ot the palmetten. llemht 86 Flour.
Io Bithrome Red II (V) beconical amplota whth hasesing; tall, sheshtly comease ncek. swotlen smm, hortzontal handles on betly Black and whate emorthong lines and bands round rim, meck, shouhder, and body. white dotted, blach lines below rman and neck; fillot of bundles of black and white, vertiad lines between handles. Henght 15.8 . I-lowr
9. Bichrome Red II (V) oral amphorinkos wath hateroner. hoizontal handles on shoulder. Neck manang. Dect:ration as Sio. 10. Itemht if 5. Floor.
12 Bechrome Red II (D) jug, shape as No. 5, but wath a vague, moulded lane bekn man Noprome A blak wasy line on white ground betow am: amilar whate
line round neck; black ladder-pattern on handle; pendant strokes below it; encireling bands round belly and body; fiont ornament of two vertical strokes from below neek to belly. Height 24.o. Floor.
10. Red slip III (V) shallow, wade bowl with base-ring; flattened, drooping rim. Diam. 21.5. Floor.
If Bichrome Red II (V) oval jug wath base-ring; concave, tapering neck; pinched mouth; high twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black line with white dots round neck; black and white, concentric circles on both sides of body; white, transverse strokes on handle; pendant strokes below 1t; front ornament of white dots. Height 16.0. Floor.
11. Red Slip III (V) deep plate with wide base-ring, rounded outline; wade, splating rim with two string-holes. Diam. 27.9. Floor.
12. a) Wizat eye of blue fatence. Incrusted iris of black stone. Eyeluds in relief. Eyebrow striated. Length 2.9. Width 1.7.
b) Statuette of blue faience representing Bes, standing with legs widely parted. On his head a crown with three uraei. Height i.9. Width o.9.
c) Statuette of blue faience representing the cowheaded goddess Hathor sitting. Between the horns is a sun-disc. Herght 2.3. Width o.6.
d) Statuette of blue faience representing the Nile-goddess and goddess of pregnancy Toeris in her usual form of a pregnant hippopotamus with hanging breasts. Height 3.o. Width o.6.
e) Amulet of blue faience representing the god Nefertum standing with left leg advanced; arms stretched along sides. He is nude except for a pleated kilt. On head a papyrus crown with two high feathers emerging from top. Height 3.3. Width o.8.
13. Red Slip III (V) depressed jug with narrow base-ring; wide, concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 8.0. Floor.
14. Bichrome Red II (V) wide, shallow bowl with basedisc; flat rim; one string-hole. Black triangles on white ground around rim; black, encircling band, and wary line inside. Diam. 30.5. +11 .
15. Two circular silver hair-rings with overlapping ends. Diam. 1.2. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

As shown by the classification of the pottery, Type $V$ dominate, and only one specimen of Type VI is represented. Many of the vases of Type $V$ are characteristically late in style. The tomb is therefore to be assigned to the very end of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMB 5ı (Figs. 130; 13ı: 5, 6, 7, 8)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.13 | 0.68 | 2.30 | - |
| Stomion. | 0.49 | 0.59 | - | 0.86 |
| Chamber | 0.86 | 0.87 | - | 0.88 |



The dromos is a very narrow staircase shaft with vertical walls，descending by seven steps to a horizontal platform in front of the door．The door is not placed，as usually， at the lower end of the dromos，but in the right side wall from the platform below the staircase．The door is rectangular with a nearly flat roof，and the door－packing consisted of a rectangular stone slab，surrounded by small wedging stones．The stomion is rect－ angular in plan，and on the same level as the bottom of the dromos，but 0.06 m ．below the floor of the chamber．It opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis．The chamber is square in plan with rounded corners．Its roof is horizontal，and the floor is curved and sloping towards the back wall．The size of the chamber is unusually small．

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of an oblique bottom layer of gravel，and a thick top layer of homogeneous chazara．In the chamber，there was a thin layer of culture and burial earth on the floor，only covered by a small，wedge－shaped layer of infiltrated dromos－ filling in the stomion，and close to it．All the finds belong to one burial layer，and were found on the floor，or on the burial earth．

## BC゚RIALS

There were remains of one burial，represented by a layer of burial earth along the back wall of the chamber．The body seems to have been male．It was provided with iron arrow－ heads，two gold finger－rings，and a deposit of tomb－gifts in pots．On account of the small size of the chamber，the position of the body must have been seated or squatting， but as the bones were quite mouldered，nothing for certain can be said about the position．

FINDS（GROCPS：PL．LK，2，f；TYPES：L．OF PL．II）

I Red Shp IV（ND）bowl with rounded outline；narrow base；erect sides and rim．Diam．if 6．Floor．
2．llan White VI wide urn with base－disc；no neck；out－ turned，straght rim Height 140 ．Fhoor
3．Black－on－Red IV（VI）globular jug with high，curved base，swollen，thort，taperong neck；slughtly pinched mouth；handle from rim to shoulder．Two framed， way lines round neck：intersecting，concentric arcles round hody：way line along handle；sling－ornament below handle：dotted line below neck；front ornament of conventionalized flower on shoulder．Heicht 15 队． Floner．
4．Crouchang terracotta lion；head turned to the right； arched，relazed tail；open mouth；bushy mane．Back swe not worked．Length 12．7．Fioor．
5．White Panted VI mal jus wath concave base；ridee below neck；concave neck；moulded，＂metal－knobbed＂ handle from neek to shoulder，bull＇s protome on shoulder， upposite the handle．Setworh－pattern on neck；con－
ventionalized flower－ornaments on shoulder；encarcl－ ing lines round shoulder and belly，framing a wary line：pantings on protome．Hexght 26．9．Floor．
6．White Painted VI jug，as No．5．Encirclang bands round neek，shoulder，bods，and base；rertical line on， and slins－ornsment below handle；wary and roughly dotted line on shoulder；pant on protome and＂metal－ knobs＂．Hexght 30.8 ．In No 9.
7．Whate Painted VI jue，as No．5，but with a consention－ alized laurel－trall，instead of a wayy line．Tleight $2 \mathrm{~S}_{5}$ ．In No． 9.
8 Two circular，twisted gold rings with overlapping ends． Diam．I．S；I．g．I－loor．
9．Plan White VI wade，shallon bowl with base－rong； flat rim．Diam． 285 ．Above No．io．
ro．Plan White VI bowl，as No 9．Diam．278．Floor．
If．Plain White VI bowl，as No o．Diam．23．8．Floor．
I2．＇I＇wo aron tragments，probably belonging to arrow－heads． Above N゙o 9.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery represented is entirely of Type VI, but generally late in style. Some of the vases are transitory between Types VI and VII. The tomb dates therefore, from the end of Cypro-Classic I.

$$
\text { TOMIB } \left.5^{2} \text { (Fig. } 13 \mathrm{I}: 9,10,11,12\right)
$$

SIZE

|  | Lengrh | Width | Depth | Hewht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.52 | 1.23 | c. 2.75 | - |
| Stomion | 0.72 | 0.75 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.56 | 2.85 | - | -- |

SHAPE
The dromos is a staircase shaft widening very slightly at the back with walls widening upwards, and descending by six irregular and much worn steps to a sloping area in front of the door. In the north-east side wall, there is a small cupboard cut in the rock. The upper part of the door has fallen in, and the preserved, lower part of the door-packing, consisting of rather loosely built irregular stones, seems not to be intact. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan with the side walls narrowing towards the back wall, and with rounded corners. Its floor is approximately horizontal. Its roof has entirely collapsed. In the north-east side wall, a loaf-shaped niche is cut into the rock, about 0.32 m . above the floor-level of the chamber.

## STRATIFICATION

Records of the stratification in the dromos are missing. The lavers in the chamber consisted of disturbed burial and culture earth at the bottom, close at the door covered by a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated dromos-filling; and in the central and back parts of the chamber, by a horizontal layer of silted, infiltrated earth. At the top, there was a heary layer of compact rock debris from the collapsed roof. The disturbed bottom laver, and the loosely built door-packing indicate that the tomb has been risited by tomb-robbers,
and the intact layers of debris above the culture stratum show that this robbery was performed before the tomb collapsed, probably soon after the last burial. The robbers have only searched for gold objects, as all the other tomb-gifts were left. A few gold beads in the niche escaped the robbers, however.

As the culture strata were disturbed, a separation of the finds according to their levels cannot be made with certainty. From the stylistic point of view it seems most probable, however, that two burial periods are represented (see below).

## BURIALS

Diffused layers of burial earth were observed along the walls of the chamber; and in the niche, some teeth and part of a tibia were found, together with the gold beads mentioned above, indicating that a female body had been buried there. The remainder of the finds were accumulated in the centre of the chamber, and in its north corner. The finds of bronze bracelets (Nos. 13 and 14), an iron finger-ring (No. 17), an iron knife (No. 15) and a bronze strigil (No. 16), show, that both males and females had been buried on the floor of the chamber.

## Finds (GROUPS: PL. LX, 3, 5; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Dromos niche

1. a) Plain White VI globular urn with base-ring; no neck; splaying rim; two rudimentary, horizontal handles on shoulder. Two impressed lines between handles. Height 14.2. Floor.
b) Plain White VI flat bowl with flat base; in-curved, thickened rim; cover to urn No. I a.
2. White Painted VII depressed amphoriskos with basering; no neck; splaying rım; horizontal loop-handles on belly. Encircling lines around and below rim, and around belly; ivy trail between handles. Height II.5. Floor.
3. Plain White VII sack-shaped, cylindrical jug with flat base; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 12.4. Floor.

## Chamber

1. Plain White VI biconical jug with narrow base-ring; wide, concave neck; thickening rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.o. - 169 .
2. Bichrome Red II (V) oval amphorskos with base-ring; splaying neck; swollen rım; rudimentary, horizontal handles, on shoulder. White and purple encircling lines round neck and belly. Slip black. Height 13.8 . - 169 .
3. Plain White $V$ sack-shaped jug with flat base; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 16.0 . Floor.
4. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle with narrow base-ring; narrow, cylindrical neck; swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round neck and belly. Height 8.8. Floor.
5. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base; tapering upwards; splaying rim and slightly raised handle from rim to shoulder. Height 16.2. Floor.
6. Red Slip IV (VI) conical bowl with rounded outline; narrow base-rirg; in-turned 1 im . Diam. ro.4. - 178 .
7. Black Glazed bowl (C. 1). Plain. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Diam. IO.4. - 178 .
8. Black Glazed bowl (A. I). Plain. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Diam. 9.3. Floor.
9. Stroke Polished II (VII) deep bowl, imitation of Black Glazed bowl (C. 6). Diam. 10.4. - 178.
10. Black Glazed bowl (A. io). Impressed palmette ornaments inside. Diam. 14.8. - 178.
ry. Plain White YII disc-shaped, flat bowl with flat base; straight sides. Dians. 16.8. - 180 .
11. Black Glazed bowl (A. 2). Plain. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Diam. 7.8. Floor.
12. Circular bronze rang with overlapping ends, probably a small bracelet. Diam. 4.7. - I8o.
13. Silver-plated bronze bracelet with overlapping ends. Ends decorated with flutings. Diam. 5.0. - 180.
14. Long, straight, pointed knife of iron, with one cutting edge and handle fixed to tang by three, triangularly arranged, rivets. Length 17.7 . Floor.
15. Bronze strigıl of usual type; fragmentary. Floor.
16. Horseshoe-shaped iron finger-ring with oval bezel. Interior mounted with silver plate. Dram. 2.3. Floor.
17. Four ovoid gold beads; two of then plain, two fluted. Length o.6. Niche.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The mixture of vases of late Type V, Type VI and carly Type VII seems to indicate that the confused burial strata contained finds from two burial periods, of which the earlier one dates from about the middle of Cypro-Classic I, and the later, from the beginning of Cypro-Classic II. The deposit in the cuptoard of the dromos dates frem Cypro-Classic II, and may therefore be considered as belonging to the later burial period.

$$
\text { TOMB } 53 \text { (Figs. } 132 ; 133 ; 134: 1-6 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

| Dromos | $\begin{gathered} \text { Length } \\ \text { I. } 80 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Width } \\ \text { I. } 44 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Depth } \\ 2.20 \end{gathered}$ | Hemht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stomion. | 0.94 | 0.70 | - | I. 60 |
| Chamber | 3.80 | 2.10 |  | I. 8 I |

SHAPE
The dromos is a short, and deep staircase shaft, with originally vertical walls, descending by six steps to a small, horizontal area in front of the door. The roof was curred, but the upper part of it is somewhat damaged. The door-packing consisted of three rectangular stone slabs, which are partly moved from their original position. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on the chamber in its longitudinal axis, and descends to the floor of the chamber by three steps. The chamber is oblong in shape with straight front, and back walls, and symmetrically curved side walls. Its floor is horizontal, and the roof is a barrel-shaped vault with a rock-cut cornice running along the side walls. In the front part of the north side wall, a rectangular tunnel-shaped niche is cut in the rock, on a level with the floor of the chamber. When cutting the dromos of Tomb 57 , they happened to pierce a hole through the rock roof of the niche, so that there is communication between


Fig. 132. Marion. Tomb 53, dromos.
the niche and the dromos of Tomb 57 . The roof of the niche is approximately horizontal and its roof is curved. The opening of the niche was originally closed by a rectangular stone slab.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of an oblique laver of chazara at the bottom; above that a layer of sand and charara, and at the top a layer of clayey earth mised with sand. This layer, and the upper part of the second layer, were mixed with fragments of terracotta sculptures, three stone slabs and a stone sculpture (see below). The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A top layer of dark-coloured, stratified clay.
2) A layer of light-coloured, stratified clay.
3) A layer of dark-coloured, well silted clay.
4) A layer of light-coloured, stratified clay.
5) A horizontal layer of infiltrated sand and clay.
6) An oblique layer of infiltrated dromos-filling, covering the steps of the stomion.
7) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom.

Layers 3,4, and 5 are infiltrated through the hole in the roof of the niche.
The circumstances of finds show that the tomb had been robbed of its more precious objects. The robbery must have been performed before the layers of infiltrated dcbris covered the burial stratum, as these layers are intact. The tomb-robbers have entered the


Fig. I34. Narion. Tomb 53, Plan (I): Sections B-B, D-D, (-C, A-A ( $2,3,+5$ ) Finds in situ ( 6 ). Tomb 54 , Plan and Finds in situ (7); Sections A-A, B-B ( $X, 9$ ).
tomb from the dromos, where the two upper layers of mixed earth marked the refilled shaft dug by them, and partly removed the door slabs so that they could slip into the chamber. There they did their work thoroughly, taking away everything preeious. They turned over the slab whieh elosed the opening of the niche, and deprived a body buried there (cf. below) of its jewelry. In the chamber, the robbers searched through the eontents of two sarcophagi (cf. below). Two of the covering slabs of the sarcophagus along the right side wall were turned over and the other sarcophagus along the left side wall was in a still worse state. Its high, covering slabs had been removed, and two of its side blocks had been turned over. All the removed, eovering slabs of the sarcophagi were found piled up in a hcap, in the south-east part of the ehamber. There was only one burial layer, but the finds were found at different levels owing to the fact that many of them were not found in their original position. Some of them, which originally seemed to have been placed inside the sareophagi, were removed by the tomb-robbers and placed on the top of the stone blocks of the sarcophagi; and some finds had floated about in the clay and water.

On account of these circumstances, the levels of the finds are without any significance in chronological respects, and all the finds must be considered as approximately contemporary.

After the robbery having been performed, the robbers refilled the shaft with earth and chazara, mixed with fragments of terracotta sculptures, and a piece stone statuette, which once had formed tomb-statues placed above the chamber (cf. below).

## BURIALS

Three burials had taken place. Scanty remains of a body of a woman were found in the tunnel-shaped niche. Of the tomb-gifts, a bowl of lead and alabastrum for perfume, a pigment-rod of bronze for painting the face, and a bronze mirror were left. Two other bodies had been buried into two stone-built sarcophagi, the one along the north wall (Sarcophagus r), the other along the south wall (Sarcophagus 2) of the chamber. The short sides of the first sarcophagus were built of a single slab of stone, each of the long sides of two slabs of stones, and the cover of five stone slabs. Inside the sarcophagus, the body was buried in a wooden eoffin of whieh numerous bronze mountings and bronze nails were preserved. The second sareophagus was built in the same way, only that its long sides are built of a single, long stone slab. At the west short end of this sarcophagus, a funeral stele of stone was standing. This stele had been over-turned by the tomb-robbers. For the inseription see Appendix V.

As mentioned above, tomb-statues of the deceased were placed on the surface above the tomb, forming a seulptural tomb-monument. These statues were both of terracotta and stone. The terraeotta sculptures were in a hopeless, fragmentary condition, smashed by the tomb-robbers, and partly used as filling material in the dromos shaft dug by them. The only stone sculpture, representing a married woman (Obj. Reg. Dromos No. r), was rather well preserved. The sculptures had been placed on a platform of three stone slabs, which also were found in the filling of the tomb-robber's shaft, together with the sculptures.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PL. LXI, I, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Dromos

1. Statuette of hard, white limestone. Seated female figure, attended by a small servant, holding a box.

The face has a mournful expression; hush, flat forehead; deep-set eyes; brows and in1s r.ot marked; stranght nose and small, sensitrie mouth, hair dressed in a complicated system of plaits, rising straight up and crowned by a thick plait form ear to ear, from the back of the head, the mantle falls over shoulders and body; head slightly bent forwards.

The figure is dressed in a chiton, held together by a girdle below breasts; the mantle, falling from the head, covers the arms and lower part of body down to the feet; folds radiate from the left knee, which is slightly pressed forwards.

Right hand rests on breast, and holds a hlỵ; left arm, now missing, rested on the edge of the chair back, and from the elbow fell perpendicularly, the missing, right foot has been slightly advanced.

The small servant girl at her right stands erect with left foot advanced; right hand holds a large bos, supported against the breast, and left arm hangs at the side; in this hand she holds a cloth; her dress is a simple chiton, girded at her waist.

The chair has sculptured, moulded Iegs, and a slightly rounded, high back. On the seat, there is a large, soft cushion.
'Praces of red on the hair, back of the servant, side of the chair, and at the base.

Missing: Left arm from below shoulder, right foot, servant's head. Chipped right leg. Head found separate. Height 55.5. Height of servant's figure 27.9.

## Chamber

1. Plain White VII ovoid jug with base-ring; tall, cỵlindrical neck; out-turned, defined rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 42.2. - 52 .
2. Stroke Polished II (VII) ovoid jug whth base-ring; ridge below neck; funnel-mouth with plain rim; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height 22.7. - 3 S .
. Stroke Polished II (VII) jug, as Nio. 2. Height 21.0. - 39 .
3. Plain White VII narrow, piriform amphora with knobbed shaft-base; cylindrical neck; swollen rmm; angular handles from neck to shoulder. Height 68.0. On Sarcophagus 2.
4. a) Three bronze rails with tlat head; polygonal section. Length 6.3-7.3.
b) Three bronze nails with knob-head; square section. Length 6.6-8.8.
c) Sixteen bronze nals with flat head; square section. Length 6.0.-9.5.
d) One bronze nail with head missing. Length 8.I. Floor. All hammered and used for a wooden coffin.
5. Fragments of ten iron nail heads. Quite deformed by oxidation. Floor.
6. Bronze mounting of thick ware in shape of a modern stocking-suspender. Length 59 . Floor.
8 Red Slip V' (VII) conical bowl with narrow basc: bulenge shoulder; erect rim. Diam $10.6-7 \mathrm{f}$.
7. White Panted VII ovoid hydras with base-ming; tall, shghtly splaynge neck; out-turned, defined rim, horizontal handles on shoulder; the vertical one from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round neck, shoulder, and body; red panted, horizontal haadles; wayy line along the vertical one; sling-ornament below base of vertical handle. Ileight 50.0. Floor.
8. Red Slip V (VII) wide, deep bowl with base-ring; rounded outhne; thick, flat rim. Dam. 23.0. - 74.
if. Plain White Vil jug, simular to No. I. Height $4 \neq 2$. -93.
9. Plan Whate VII deep bowI with double-curved outlıne; base-ring; flat rim. Ifeight 10.3. - 95.
10. PIain White V1I globular urn wath base-dise, no neak, erect rim; two horizontal, rudimentary handles on belly. Height II.5. - 103 .
If. Plain White VII depressed jug with sloping shoulder; tapering neck, handle-ridge; splạing rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height i8.2. - 103 .
11. Plaın Whate VII shallow bowl with flat base: erect rim. Diam. Io.o. - 103 .
12. Stroke Polished 1 (VIl) jug, as No. 2 IIerght 23.3 IHoor
13. Plain White VII bobbin-shaped torpedo-pithos wath ridge below shoulder; concave, concal shoulder; swullen rim, vertical handle below shoulder. Ifeght og.i. Floor.
14. Red Slip V (VII) bowl, as No. \& Dam. II 9. - 62.
15. Smelting pot of baked, coarse clay, with slopmen sodess and hat hase; ovold depression to contam the metal Clay coarse and gritty. Baked red-brown 11nade, part of side broken away. Dlam. 23.0. Heimht 17 o. l户leor.
16. Plain White open, saucer-shaped lamp with tiat base, pinched whek-holder; flaring rim. Didm. 太 5 . l-loor.
17. Sack-shaped alabater hottle with cylindracal neck, wide, flaring rim; two knob-handles below neck. Fine alabaster; one side weathered. Length 151 . I lour.
18. Squat pyxis of lead with Hattened base, upright, contracted rim; pyxis covered by carcular lad with central knob; bent edge. Parts masing. Iteight is i. IFlowr.
19. Circular bronze mirror with rased edge; stramght tung; ending in a cursed, flat projection from the disc. ' 1 'he dive is decorated with encircling relief-lines; a female head of bronze is attached to the dise at the periphery. 'The head is of a (ireek fth century type; oval mathe wath round chin; full lips; straght nose on a line wath forehead; thick, curly har; narrow eyes with modelled Iids. Diam. 16.5. Floor.
20. Pigment-rod of bronze with slightly swollen, pointed top; ending in a rounded spatula. Leneth 137 . Floor
21. Silver coin. Too much destroyed and corroded to be decopherable. Dian. 2 0 Wewht 2.68 ur Floor
22. Plain White VII piriform amphora with knohbed
base: çlindrical neck: defined, out-turned rim; handles from neck to body. Herght 48.0 Flosr
27 'Three bronze nals with flat heads: square section. Hammered, and used in a wooden coffin. Length 5.2 : 71,07. On sarcophasus 2.

28 Circular pallet of bronze; flat, raised edge. Circular relief-lines around the perphery and in centre. Diam. + + . 8 . On Sarcophagus 2 .
29. Red Shp V (VI) bowl, as No. 8. Diam. If.9. --.. 62

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery is entirely of late Type VII, and dates the tomb to the later part of CyproClassic II. The silver tetrabol (No. 25), found in this tomb, unfortunately does not give any absolutely sure dating. It is supposed to be from the time of Stasioikos, called the second, (before 315-312 B. C.), but there might well be a king Stasioikos between the two kings of that name known; the first one occurs on coins from the later part of the $5^{\text {th }}$ cent. B. C. This king occurs on the coins together with the name of a co-regent Timocharis If the Marion kings were named alternately Stasioikos and Timocharis, there must have been an intermediace Stasioikos between the two known.

TOMIB 54 (Figs. 134: 7-9; 135)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | $4 \cdot 38$ | I.I9 | 2.43 | - |
| Stomion | 0.26 | 0.68 | - | 1.25 |
| Chamber | 3.80 | 2.00 | - |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather long staircase shaft, widening slightly at the back with somewhat upwards splayed walls, descending by eleven steps to a small, sloping area in front of the door. The middle part of the dromos was destroyed by the collapse of the rock roof of another tomb below. The door is rectangular with a nearly flat roof, which is slightly damaged.


Fig. 135. Marion. Tomb 54, dromos.


Fig. I36. Marion. 'lomb 5-, dromos.

The door-packing consisted of three slabs of store; one large, rectangular one at the bottom, and two square ones at the top. The door-packing was intact. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber obliquety to its longitudinal axis and in the left side of its front wall. The floor of the stomion descends to that of the chamber by a gradual slope. The chamber is of a long, trapezoidal shape, with the side walls narrowing towards the back wall. Its floor slopes slightly towards the back wall, and its wof has entirely collapsed. In the back wall a short, rectangular, tunnel-shaped niche is eut in the rock, at the level of the floor of the chamber.

## STRATIFICATION

The layers in the chamber were composed of:
I) A top layer of sand and gravel.
2) A heary layer of rock debris with pieces of chatara from the collapsed roof.
3) A covering layer of infiltrated clay.
4) A thin layer of culture and burial earth at the bottom.

In recent times, however, a wide shaft has been dug through the debris of the fallen-in chamber, from the surface right down to the floor. The area thus exeavated was found
thoroughly plundered. Only close to the back wall an intact spot was found with some pots in situ.

All the objects were found on the floor.

BURIALS
Burial earth of one body was found on the floor of the niche.

## FINDS (GROUP: PL. LXI, 3)

1. Stroke Polished II (YII) depressed oval jug with basering; ridge below neck; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Funnel-mouth missing. Height 22.5. Floor.
2. Fragment of a Plain White VII amphora with cylindrical neck. Floor.
3. Red Slip V (VII) shallow, conical bowl with narrow base-ring; raised, splaying rim. Diam. if.2. Floor.
4. Plain White VII bobbin-shaped amphora with knobbed base; cylindrical neck; two grooved lines below rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 62.5. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| R. SI. V (VII) | Str. Pol. II (VII) | Pl. Wh. VII |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 -1 | I <br> -1 | $\begin{gathered} 2,4 \\ -2 \end{gathered}$ |

These pots being all of Type VII, date the tomb to the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMB 55 (Figs. 137: 1; 138)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chamber | 3.00 | 3.02 | - | - |

SHAPE
The dromos of this tomb could not be excavated, as it was situated in a garden. The door opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis. The chamber is roughly square in shape, with slightly curved walls and rounded corners. In the right side wall, the back part of the left side wall, and the right part of the back wall a loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock, about 0.40 m . above the floor-level of the chamber. The floor of the chamber is approximately horizontal, and its roof has entirely collapsed. The floor of the niche is horizontal, and its roof is curved.

## STRATIFICATION

No lengthway and transverse sections could be made through the filling of the chamber, because of the heterogeneous structure of the debris. It could be stated, howcver, that there



Fio. 13. Marion. Tomb 55. Finds in situ.


Fig. 139. Marion. Tomb 56. Finds in situ.
was a stratum of burial and culture earth at the bottom, covered by infiltrated layers of earth, and a heavy layer of rock debris with large pieces of rock from the fallen-in roof. The lavers were intact.

All the objects were found in one stratum on the floor.

BCRIAI.S
Remains of four burials were preserved. One body had been buried in the niche in the back wall. Parts of the skull at the right, short end of the niche, and fragments of ribs and upper extremities were preserved. Below this niche another body had been buried on the floor of the chamber. The right humerus, the right cubital bone and fibula, the right part of the pelvis and the right femur were preserved in such a position that it is evident that the body had been buried in a dorsal, outstretched position with its head towards the right side wall of the chamber. A third body had been buried along the right side wall of the chamber in a dorsal, outstretched position, with the head towards the back wall of the chamber, which is quite erident from the position of the preserved bones of the skeleton (skull, spinal column and ribs, pelvis, left femur, right tibia and fibula). This body was male and provided with a strigil of iron. The fourth body had been buried along the left side wall, with its head to the front wall of the chamber. It had also been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position. Of the bones, parts of the spinal column, ribs, left cubital bone, left humerus, right cubital bone, fibula, and left femur were preserved. Possibly a fifth body, a female one, had been buried between the third and fourth bodies to which the bronze mirror (No. 40) and a bronze pigment-rod (No. 45), should have belonged as tomb-gifts. There were, however, no human remains in this place. The tomb-gifts were accumulated in two groups; the bulk in a semicircle around the fourth body, and the remainder in connection with the third body. The second body was only provided with a bronze pigment-rod (No. 20) and the first body, buried in the niche, was without tomb-gifts.

## FIND: (GROCPS: PLS. LXI, 4, LXII, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I. Sack-shaped bottle of alabaster with hody narrowing upwards; short neek; wide, that rim; projection on both sides. Iteight is.o Floor
2 Black Glazed bowl (A 10). Rich pattern of impressed palmettes. Diam. 15 2. On Nor 3
3. Black Glazed bowl (A. 10). Rach pattern of impressed palmettes. Diam. is.o. Floor.

+ Black Glazed bowl (C. 7). Phan. Herght y 6. Floor.

5. Black Glazed bowl (A. 1). Pham Diam. 97. Floor.
6. Plain Whate VII oval jug with narrow, rased base, cylindrical neck with handle-ridge, thock, splaying rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Herght in.o. Floor
7. Plain White VII small howl with curved stdes, flat hase: shallow grooves round body. Diam. 82. Floor.
8. Stroke Polished II (VII) bowl, imitation of Attic bow, Type B. I. Diam. It.o. Floor
9. Iron strigils of usual type; fragmentary. Fioor.
10. Stroke Polished II (VII) buwl, mitation of Attic bowl, Type C. 4. Henght $7 . \neq$ Floor.
I I. Red Figured guttus, Type 5. Between spout and handle, a duck or goose with an egg, on opposite sides of spout and handle, a woman's face in profile; with short curls of hair falling 111 front of the ears, and the head bound up in a "mandilia". Between them, on I., a goose with wings rased facing a spotted cat crouchong $l$, with right paw raised; filling ornament of scroll= and fower. Diam. 9.0. Floor.
11. Plain White VI-VII sack-shaped jug wath concave neck; flat base; splaying rum, handle from rim to shoulder. Height if.o. Floor.
12. Black Glazed bowl (B. i). Plan. Dam. iz.i. Floor.

I4. Black Glazed stand (A. II) Plain. Diam 6.7. Floor.
15. Stroke Polished II (VII) depressed ovond jug with base-ring; relief-line below neck; taperıng, concave neck; funnel-mouth; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height I3.O. Floor.
16. Red Figured guttus, Type I. A ring of roughly made olve branches around edge. Diam. 9.0. Floor.
17. Black Glazed bowl (C. 8). Sparse, mpressed ornaments Circles surrounded by five palmette points. Diam. +4.0. Floor.
18. Black Glazed Attic bowl (A. i). Plain. Diam. 9.2. On No. Ig.
I9. Black Glazed bowl (B. I). Plain. Diann. 11.o. Floor.
20. Bronze pigment-rod with a swelling at each end. Used for cosmetic purposes. Preces of black, white, and blue paint found close by. Lenesth $1+2$. Floor.
21. Plain White VII conical amphora with knobbed base; cylindrical neck; swollen rimp handes from neek to shoulder. Henght 62.0. Floor.
22. Plain White open, saucer-shaped lamp with shaved bottom; pinched wick-holder. flarıng rim. Dam 9о. Floor.
23. Plain White VII wide, shallow bowl wath base-ring: Hattened, down-turned rini. Diam. 26.3. Floor.

24 Plain White VII onod jus with hush, curved base, eslondrieal neek; shaht radse below nexk; moukded, swollen rim, "metal-hnobbed" twin-handle fiom neck to shoulder; bull's protome opposite the handle. Herght 3i.o. Floor
25. Plan White VII exlindracal, slightly bobbin-shaped torpedo-pithos with conical, concase shoulder; splisme, swollen rim; ridge below shoulder, vertical handle below shoulder. Helsht 700. (In Nus 26, 28, 20.
26. Plan Whate VI osal amphora with base-ring. e 3 lindrual neek; swollen rim. horizontal handles on shoulder. Henght $\ddagger 1.5$. Floor.
27. Bichrome Red IV (VII) oval jues with harh, curved base; small radge below neck; splaying rm, "metalknobbed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder: and seated, female fisurine holling a jus on shoulder. opposite the handle. Black strokes on white ground around rim; white network-pattern wath black dahes coserines the neck; black and white encorcling lines below neck and round shoulder, body, and base, white leafornaments (much worn) on shoulder, halak lines alone handle: sling-ornament below base of handle black Ines on chest of fixurinc. Ilemght $2 S^{5}$ Floor.
28. Plain White VII oval amphora with hase-ring; sloping shoulder. tall, splaying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Hewhe +58 . Foore.
2). Plain Whate VII jue, as Nio 24. I Height 32.5 Floor.
30. Plan White VII amphora, ds Xio 21 , but with loner base-knob and taller neck. He1ght $\delta_{+} 5$. Floor
31 Plan White VII amphora, as No. 2s. 1Iecritht 472. On Nise 33.3.
32. Plan White VI amphora, as Xo. 21, but with wade belly and short base-hnob. Heritht bio. Itour
33. Plain White VII amphora, as No. 21, but with bobbmshaped body and short, small basc-knobs llemt to 0 Floor.
34. Plain White VII amphora, as No. 28. Ilemght $f^{0.5}$ Floor.
35. Coarse sack-shaped Jue with flat bate, cinncime necl, splaying rim; handle trom rme to shoulder. Hewht 15\%. Floor.
36. Plan White VII sack-shaped jug with uslondridal borde: rim and handle mussing lleight 137 . I 1 loor
37. Plan Whate VH amphora, as No. 3.3. ILemat 62 5 Floor.
3א. Plan White VI-Vll amphora, ac No. 2K, but wath wider body and rather concave neck Heroht 5so Floor.
39. Plain White V'Il sack-shaped jue with celmalual bods ; flat base; concare neck, handle from rim to shoubder. Height 130. Floor.
4o. Bronze mirror wath very then, carcular. flat disc; small, narrow, moulded taner Diam. 116 Ihoor.
4i. Black Glazed bewe (A +1. Rich. mpresed palmette pattern. Diam. 133 Floor.

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42. Black Glazed bowl (A. 2). Plain. Diam. 7.3. Floor.
43. Black Glazed guttus, 'T'pe r. Plain. Diam. 9.6. Floor
44. Black Glazed bowl (C. 7). Plan. Herght 9.8. Floor
45. Bronze pigment-rod with an oval swelling at eacb end.
At one end, black parnt still preserved. Length i7.7.
Floor.
42. Black Glazed bowl (A. 2). Plain. Diam. 7.3. Floor.
43. Black Glazed guttus, 'lype 1. Plain. Diam. 9.6. Floor. 44. Black Glazed bowl (C. 7). Plan. Height 9.8. Floor. 45. Bronze pigment-rod with an oval swelling at each end. At one end, black paint still preserved. Length 17.7 . Floor.
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46. Plain White VII small, depressed, sack-shaped jug with cylindrical body; concave neck; that base; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 5.8. Floor.
47. Plain White VII disc-shaped bowl with flat base; straight sides. Diam. ry.6. Floor.
48. Plain White VII bowI, as No. 47. Diam. 15.3. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The diagram shows that Types VII of pottery are in majority, mixed with a few Types VI and VI-VII assigning the tomb to about the middle of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMIB 56 (Figs. 137: 2-6; 139)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos. | 3.65 | 1.40 | 1.62 | - |
| Stomion | 0.33 | 0.95 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.46 | 2.30 | - | - |

The dromos is a nearly rectangular shaft, of a medium size, with walls widening upwards; a combined sloping and staircase shaft, sloping in the upper and lower parts, with two steps in the middle. The upper part of the door has fallen in, but the door-packing consisting of two stone slabs, surrounded by wedging stones of rubble, was still standing in situ. The stomion is approximately rectangular in plan and opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis. The floor of the stomion descends to that of the chamber by a vertical step. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan with the side walls narrowing towards the back, and with rounded corners. The floor is horizontal; the roof has collapsed, but seems to have been barrel-shaped.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a botiom layer of chazara, sloping obliquely from the upper step in the middle of the dromos to the door; above that a layer of sand and a top layer of charara. The door-packing was not founded on the floor, but on the bottom layer of the filling. This fact, together with a marked difference between the first and second layers of the filling, indicates that the tomb has been reopened for a second burial, and the dromos refilled again. This was verified by the stratification of the layers in the chamber itself. These layers were composed of:
r) A thick layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof.
2) Close to the stomion a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated dromos-filling.
3) A burial and culture stratum.
4) Another burial and culture stratum at the bottom.

Two burial periods are consequently represented. According to the levels of finds (see Obj. Reg.), the following numbers belong to the ist burial period: Nos. 14-20, 25, 31 , 39, 40; and the following to the 2nd burial period: Nos. 1-13, 2I-24, 26-30, 3238, $4^{1}$.

## BCRIALS

Remains of three bodies were found belonging to the first burial period. They are only represented by thin layers of burial earth, and no fragments of the bones were left. One body had been buried within a narrow partition, formed by three slabs of stone in the north-east part of the chamber; a second body, a female, was buried along the back wall of the tomb, on the rock floor, and provided with a bronze mirror; and a third was buried in the centre of the chamber. In the second burial period, three bodies were buried right over the earlier ones: one within the stone-built partition, just below the top of the blocks; a second along the back wall and a third one in the centre of the chamber; both the latter ones at a level of about 0.18 m . below the burial level of the first body. Of the first body, some remains of the bones were preserved (skull, right humerus, ribs, parts of the spinal column, and the lower extremities). It was placed with the head to the south short end of the partition, probably in a half-sitting position, and with the hands folded over the breast, which is evident from the fact that two finger-rings of silver were found among the ribs. Together with these finger-rings, several small silver cylinders with animal protomes were found. These cylinders probably belonged to a necklace, or a girdle, which adorned the deceased woman. Of the two other bodies, no bones were preserved and only layers of burial earth indicated their place. The second body was female, and had a gold pendant around its neck. The third body was male. An iron knife and a bronze strigil had been given to him, and a bronze ring decorated one of his fingers. The tomb-gifts were arranged all round the bodies: within the partition, along its long side, near the back wall, and the west side wall of the chamber.

FIND: (GROLPS: PLS. LNI, 5, LNII, 2; TYPES: L, OF PL, II)
, Whate Panted Vl oal jug with high base-ring; ridge below neck: concave neck; twon-handle from neek to shoulder. seated firmone with a jug, on shoulder opposite handle. Encirchng lines round neek, shoulder, and budy. wary line round shoulder and belly; careless tree ornaments and eprals on shoulder; a sling-ornament below handle; strokes on handle and figurine. Panted after baliner Heisht 37.5. Burnal-str. 2
2 Red slop V' (VII) large, wade, shallow bowl with basering: flattened, down-turned rinn; two horizontal handle on rum I Dam 39.6. Burral-str. 2.
$\therefore$ Black (ilazed bowl (A. i). Sparse, impressed patterns. Dam 95. Burnal-str 2.

+ Black (ilazed bowl (l) i) Plan. Diam. 10.9. Burialstr. 2.
s Blach (rlazed bowl (C i). Plan. Diam. no.6. Below No +

6. Red ligured guttus. Type i. A crawling dog with rased head and forepaw, and arched tail; a swan swomming on the other side. Diam. 8.5. Burial-str. 2.
; Black (ilazed howl (B i). Plain. Dtam. if.o. Burialstr 2.
7. Black Glazed bowl (B. I). Plain. Dlam. 11.0. Below人̊. 7.
9 Bronze strigil with curved blade. semicircular in sectıon; horizontal loop-handle ending in a leaf-shaped mounting attached to blade Mounting decorated with an incosed line around edge. Length 25.5 . Burial-str. 2.
8. Plain White VI-VII oval amphora with base-rıng; sloping shoulder; splaying neck; swollen rim; handles on shoulder Height 452 Burial-str. 2.
9. Plan finger-ring of bronze. Dam 23. Burial-str 2.
10. Plann gold pendant, in shape of a piriform vase, with pointed base Punctured lines round neck and lip. Loop-mounting for hanging. Length 2.4. Bural-str. 2. 13. White Grounded lekythos (A 2) Decoration faded but for some lines on shoulder. Henght 18.6. Burial-str. 2
If. Circular hronze mirror; tang tapering upwards ending in two solutes. Diam. if.2. Floor.
Is Buhrome Red II (V)-III (VI) wide, shallow howl with ralsed, flat base-disc; broad, flattened, down-turned ram; two string-holes on rim Black trangles on white ground around rim; black and white circular lines and bands, and an encircling wary line on white ground, inode. Diam 3.35 Floor.
16) Bichrome Red III (VI) oval jug with rased base-ring: shahtly wnease neck; "metal-knobhed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder; figurine with her right hand resting on ram's head. Black triangles on white ground round ram, black and white encircling lines and hands round neck, hody, and hase; leaf-ornaments round neck and flewer-ornaments in dotted lines on shoulder; black tranuerse lines on handle and "metal slingornament" and pendant strokes helow; harr and dress of figurine painted in dahes and lines. I Ielght $3.3+$. Floor
17. Bichrome Red III (VI) urn-shaped amphora with narrow base-dise; splaying rim; no neck: rudimentary, horizontal handles on belly. Black and white encircling lines and bands round rim, shoulder, and body; wary line round belly Height in.1. Floor.
IS. Bichrome Red III (VI) jug, as No. If, but the figurine holding a jug seated on shoulder opposite the handle. 'The decoration as No. 16, but with a white waty line round neck, white spirals on shoulder Height 34.4. Floor.
18. Bachrome Red III (VI) urn-shaped amphora, as No 17, but the decoration much worn. Height 12.4. Floor.
19. Plain White VI piriform bottle with narrow, flat base; narrow, eylindrical neck; thick, swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Hersht iq.o. Floor.
21 . Straight, narrow, thin ron knife with thin, broad tang; three risets arranged in line. Blade partly missing. Broken. Length 20.4. Burial-str. 2 .
20. Black (;lazed bowl (A. i) Plan. Dam. 7.1. Burnalstr. $=$.
21. Black Glazed bowl (B. I), Plain. Diam. 12.6. Burlalstr. 2.
22. Black Glazed bowl (C. I) Impressed palmette ornaments inside battom. Diam. if 3. Below No. 23.
23. Plaın White VI sack-shaped jug with flat hase; splaying rim; slightly rased handle from rim to shoulder. Henght i6.3. Floor
24. Black Glazed bowl (C. 3). Sparse, impressed palmette ornaments. Diam. is i. Burial-str. 2.
25. Black Glazed bowl (C. 3). Plain. Diam, 13.8. Burialstr. 2.
26. Plain White VI shallow howl with flat hase; rounded outline; in-cursed rim. Diam 12.5. Burial-str. 2.
29 Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plan. Diam. I3.4. Burnalstr. 2.
27. Red Slip IV (VI) small, shallow, conical bowl with raised base; flattened, horizontal rim. Diam. 135. Below N゙○. 29.
28. Red Figured guttus, Type 6. Crouchine satyr on one जde and running panther with head facing on the other side. Rough work. Diam 90. Floor.

29. Red Shp IV (VI) bowl with round outline; high, narrow base-ring; vertical rim. Diam. io.9. Burral-str. 2.
30. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base; thik, Hattened rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 13.2. Burial-str 2.
31. Plain White VI jus, as No. 25, with flat base; splaying rim: slightly rassed handle from rim to shoulder. Henght 140 . Burnal-str 2
32. Plain White VI-VII wide amphora with knobbed base; concare neck; two ridge round neck; vertical handles from neck to shoulder. IEeght 61.5. Bural-str. 2.
33. Plan White Vl jug, as No. 25. Iteight ti.g. Burial$\therefore \operatorname{tr} 2$
$3^{8}$. a) Circular finger-ring of aron with oblong bezel. Diam. 2.1. - I30.
b) Horseshoe-shaped finser-ring of ron with oblong bezel. Broken. Diam 2.f. - 130 .
c) Two cylindrical silser pendants ending in birds. heads. Length 4.0 - 1 30.
d) Two silver pendants, as above, but ending in hons' heads, Length $36 .-130$.
. Red Slip III (V) deep, contal bowl with base-disc;
raised small rim, horizontal handles below rim. Dam it. $\mathbf{5}$. Floor.
+o. Red Slip IV (V) concal bowl with rounded sides; base-rine; Hat, wide rim with two string-holes. $\mathrm{D}_{\text {tam }}$. $1+1$. Floor.
f1. Black Lustrous bobbin-shaped, wide juy wath Hat base; concase neck; thick, swollen rmm: handle from neck to shoulder. Black varnsh dashed round neck, shoulder, and handle. Hewht 16.5 Burial-str. 2.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

We see thus that the pottery in the ist burial period is nearly entirely of Type VI with two pots of Type V (Nos. 15,39 ) surviving; while in the and burial period, beside a majority of Type YI, there are a few Type VI-VII represented. The ist burial period is therefore to be assigned to the earlier part of Cypro-Classic I, and the and burial period to the end of Cypro-Classic I.
'TOMB 57 (Figs. 136 ; 140; 141; 142: $1-3$ )

|  | size | Length | Width | Depth | Hewht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos |  | +.74 | 1.47 | 3.15 | -- |
| Stomion |  | 0.69 | 0.74 | -- | 0.97 |
| Chamber |  | 3.79 | 3.25 | - | -- |

SHAPE
The dromos is a shaft of medium size, widening at the back end, with walls widening slightly upwards; descending by a gradual slope to the door. In front of the door, the dromos


Fig. Ifo. Marion. Tomb 57. Finds in situ.


Fig. 14. Marion. Tomb 57. Finds Nos. 12-15 in situ.
has cut through the roof of the niche of Tomb 53 (cf. above). The door has a vaulted roof. The door-packing was not intact, and consisted of rubble; it closed only the upper part of the door. The stomion is rectangula1 in plan and opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis. Its floor descends to that of the chamber by a vertical step. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan with the side walls splaying towards the back wall. Its floor is horizontal and the roof has entirely collapsed. In the north side wall, the back part of the south side wall, and the north part of the back wall, loaf-shaped niches are cut in the rock, about 0.70 m . above the floor of the chamber. Their floors are horizontal and their roofs are curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a rather thin layer of chazara at the bottom, a layer of chavara mixed with sand above that, and a top layer of charara.

In front of the door, the top layer and the upper part of the second layer have been dug through by a wedge-shaped shaft, down to the lower level of the preserved door-packing, indicating a tomb-robbers' visit to the chamber. This was verified by the circumstances of finds in the chamber. No sections could be made through the debris of the layers in the chamber, on account of the undermined position, and heterogeneous structure of the filling material. It could be stated, however, that there was a single burial layer on the floor, covered with intact debris from the collapsed roof. This shows that the tomb-robbers' visit happened before the destruction of the tomb, probably soon after the last burial. The tomb-robbers have only been able to plunder the contents in the north part of the chamber together with the niches in the back wall and the north side wall, which were cleared of finds. The finds in the niche in the south side wall, and the south part of the chamber were intact (cf. below). After this partial robbery, the tomb-robbers left the chambcr,


Fig. 142. Marion. Tomb 57 , Plan and Finds in situ ( 1 ); Section A-A (2): Finds $12-15$ in situ (3). Tomb 58, Plan (4); Sections A-A, B-B (5, 6).
closed the upper part of the doorway with a rather loose packing of stones which was preserved, and attempted to make expiation to the deceased by tomb-gifts in six pots (four jugs and two amphorae), which they placed in the refilled shaft in front of the door.

## BURIALS

As stated above, only remains of one burial were left in the tomb. The body was female and buried in the niche in the south side wall. Of the bones, only fragments of the skull were preserved at the east short end of the niche. The woman was richly adorned with gold ornaments: a necklace of 28 gold beads, a mouth-piece of gold, several hair-rings of the usual type, and two large spiral hair-rings. The woman was also provided with a bronze mirror. The tomb-gifts and pots were placed below the niche, and along the front part of the south side wall of the chamber.

FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. LXIII, LXIV, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

## Dromos

I. Plain White VII ovoid jug whth high base-ring; ridge below neck; almost cylindrical neck; moulded, outturned rim; "metal-knobbed" handle from neck to shoulder; bull's protome opposite the handle. Height 30.3. Surface str.
2. Plain White VII oval amphora with base-ring; horizontal handles on shoulder. Neck missing. Height 4i.o. Surface str.
3. Plain White VII jug, as No. I, but with low foot; figurine whose right hand rests on the forehead of a bull on shoulder in front. No mouldings on rim and no "metalknobs". Height 33.4. Surface str.
4. Plain White VI wide amphora with knobbed hase; shost, concave neck; groove below rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 62 5. Surface str.
5. Coarse oral jug with flat base; wide, concare neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 13.5 . Surface str.
6. Plain White VI piriform bottle with flat base; narrow, crlindrical neck; thick, swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 12.3. Surface str.

## Chamber

1. Plain White VII whe, shallow bowl with slightly convex sides; base-disc; down-turned, narrow rim. Diam. 27.5. - 93 .

2 Plain White VI-VII oval amphora with knobbed base; slightly concave neck; groove below rim; somewhat splaying rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 69.2. Floor.
3. Fragment of a Plain White VI pithos with tall bobbinshaped body; rounded shoulder; short, tapering neck: swollen rim; two high horizontal handles on shoulder. Bottom and handles missing. Height 65.5. Floor.
4. Plain White V゙1-VII oval, depressed amphora with basering; sloping shoulder; slightly splaying neck; swollen fim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Height $47 .+$ Floor.
5. Plan White VII oval amphora, as No. 4, but slender; slightly broader neck. Height +5.o. Floor.
6. Polychrome (V1I) oval jug wath low foot; concave neck; ridge below neck; "metal-knobbed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder; figurines standing on shoulder opposite the handle; one is winged and holds a jug in her right hand. Network pattern covering the whole neck; rough leaf-ornaments on shoulder; encircling lines and bands round shoulder, body, and base. Black, white, and red colours. Painted after baking; decoration almost effaced. Height to.0. Floor.
7. Stroke Polished I (VI) globular jug with base-ring; ridge below neck; convex funnel-mouth with in-curved rim; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height 20.0. Floor.
8. Bronze mirror with circular disc, flat on one side and with slightly up-turned rim on the other; the narrow, bar-shaped tang starts from a short, broad projection. Diam. 10.3. Floor.
9. Black Glazed bowl (B. I). Handle missing. Plain. Diam. 11.2. Floor.
ro. Red Figured guttus, Type i. Crouching panther with raised head and forepaw, arched tail; swan woth rased wings, arched neck and head looking downwards. In front of the swan graffito (See Appendix V). Diam. 9.2. Floor.

1I. Stroke Polished I (VI)-II (VII) jug, as No. 7, but with very short neck, and almost straight funnel-mouth. I Ieight 20.3. Floor.
12. Eight hair-rings of thickly gilded bronze with fluted, spirally overlapping ends. Diam. r.o. Niche.
13 Gold mouth-piece, in the form of a mouth and pierced at each end. Length 6.3. Niche.
14. Necklace of gold, consisting of fourteen circular, fluted heads of thin sheet-gold, and sixteen plain beads. They have been filled with some material, now disappeared. In the centre of the necklace, is a pendant shaped as a
pointed, piriform rase, adorned with very fine filyree work: punctured lines round rim and neck; spirals below neck; palmette ornaments on shoulder and leaf-ornament on bottom. Missims: two fluted beads (entirely destrosed). Damaged: seven plain beads and mounting of pendant. Diam. of heads 07 Length of pendant 3.2. Niche.
15. A parr of gold harr-rings with three spiral twists, ending in a fluted mounting with a flower-shaped knob, and a collar-mounting, surmounted by a female head. The
head and har is retaned in broad abhens The earring, are not of soldel gold, but filled with copper. Domased both female faces. Length +3 Niche

16 Plan White VI oral jue with Hat bac. concale nech: pinched mouth; hande from rim to shoulder. lleaght ros. Floor.
17. Plan White VII onal jus with flat base; coneave neck: splaying rim: handle from rim to shoulder: spout on shoulder spout moseng. Helsht 107. Flomer.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The tomb, containing pottery of mainly Type VII, beside a few specimens of 'lype VI, or transitory between Types VI and VII, is on this account to be assigned to the middle of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMB 58 (Figs. 142: 4-6; 143; 144; 149: 1 )
$\therefore$ IZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 5.69 | c. 1.72 | c. 3.00 | . .- |
| Stomion | 0.36 | 1.26 | .-- |  |
| Chamber | 2.55 | $3 \cdot 56$ | - | 1.85 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a long staircase shaft, widening somewhat at the back, with walls widening slightly upwards, descending by eight ordinary steps to a sloping platform in front of the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed and of the door-packing, consisting of roughly cut blocks and wedging stones of rubble around the edges, only the lower stones were preserved. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber, obliquely to its longitudinal axis, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by a step. The chamber


Fig. I +3 . Marion. Tomb 58 . View of the chamber.


Fig. I4t. Marion. Tomb 58. Finds in situ.
is of an irregularily square type with a curved, hollowed-out west side wall. Its floor is approximately horizontal, and its roof, which has fallen in, seems to have been nearly flat. There were four rectangular, shallow shafts cut in the rock floor, one in each corner of the chamber.

Adjoining the left back corner of the dromos, and the left front corner of the chamber, a small secondary tomb is cut in the rock. The tomb consists of a vertical, rectangular, well-shaped shaft with rounded front corners, and an irregularily shaped chamber communicating both with the dromos and the chamber of the main tomb, through the collapse of the rock wall. The entrance of the chamber from its dromos was closed by three large, rectangular slabs, placed vertically, and covered by a horizontal slab. By the collapse of the rock roof of the chamber these slabs have fallen into it. The irregular shape of the chamber no doubt depends on the fact that it represents a case of necessity. The person who cut this tomb did not know of the existence of the previous tomb. Cutting the dromos of the tomb, he soon observed that if he cut any further he would break into the chamber of that tomb. He therefore stopped work, and arranged for the burial in the back part of the cutout portion and used the front part as a dromos.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of:
I) An oblique layer of chacara, continued by Layer i in the chamber.
2) A layer of rubble and sand, the same as Laver 2 in the chamber.
3) An oblique layer of chazara, the same as Layer 3 in the chamber.
4) A layer of rubble and sand.
5) A layer of charara, continued by Layer 4 in the chamber.
6) A hottom layer of sand.

This stratification was intact, but seems to indicate that the tomb had been used for repeated burials. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A top layer of sand and rock.
2) An oblique layer of rubble and sand, fallen in from the dromos-fitling.
3) A layer of chazara, fallen in from the dromos-filling.
4) Light-coloured rock debris from the collapsed roof with streaks of sand.
5) A bottom stratum of burial and culture earth.

The chamber had been used for repeated burials, but there was only one burial stratum and all the finds were found on the floor.

## BLRTALS

Four burials, one in each of the shafts cut in the rock floor, were observed. No bones were preserved and the bodies are only represented by thin layers of burial earth. The body buried in the north-west shaft was female and provided with a bronze mirror (No. 22), a gold ring with silver fragment (No. 18), a gilded mouth-piece (No. 5) and a silver coin (No. 3). The body buried in the south-west shaft was female too, provided with a bronze mirror (No. 38), a perfume glass flask (No. 39) silver earrings (No. 40), and a number of terracotta and stone statuettes (Nos. $4 \mathrm{r}-\mathbf{4}^{6,80 \text { ). }}$

The body buried in the north-east shaft was male. To him a bronze strigil (No. 76) had been given.

From the tomb-gifts, there are no indications to which sex the body buried in the southeast shaft belonged.

Beside these burials, there were remains of a fifth burial represented by a layer of burial earth in the secondary chamber. This body was female, adorned with silver rings (Nos. 30 and 31 ), a silver pendant (No. 32), and gold earrings (No. 33). The tomb-gifts were placed both in the shafts and on the floor, around the bodies in four distinct groups, and consisted of the usual kinds of pottery, besides bronze bowls (Nos. 36 and 37), and an iron lamp-stand (No. 17), etc. To the woman buried in the secondary chamber a "tear-hottle" had been given.

FINDS (GROCPS: PLS. LXIV, 2, LXV, LXYI, I ; TYPI:S: L. OF PL.. II)

Dromos
bronze, flat on top; concave, rounded

1. Thick handle of bronze, flat on top; concave, rounded below with two curved arms ending in two circular plates for fixing it to a sarcophagus or chest. Length 11.7. In the filling.
2. Female terracotta head, moulded; wal in shape: full lips; rather deep eyes; stranght nose, curved forehead; hair falling in twisted plaits along stdes of neek. (ireek late th century type. Height +5 . In the filling.

## Chamber

1. Mounting of copper wire; fragmentary Floor.
2. Bionze mounting, circular; with a circular ring, fixed to it by a small cutter. Dam. 2.5. Fioor.

3 Silver coin, corroded, not dectepherable. Datm io. Weight 0.40 ur. Flonr.
4. Bronze mountug, as No. 2. Dam, as 1 loor.
5. Mouth-picee of galded siber, in the wape of a mouth. Badly oxdized and booken Length +4 Ifloor.

7. Black Gilazed bowl (A i). Plam. Dam ist. Flome.
 ring. adge below neek, concase. short neck. consex funnel-mouth wath in-bent 1 mm . moulded handle from nech to shoulder. Itemht 13 \& Floor
9) Stroke Pohnhed II (VH) deep bowl matatma Attic bowl, Tope (• 4. Hemeht a o. Flowr.
1o "Ioman" rounded, hallon bowl with rated base; small,
horizontal handle on rim. Black-mottled, lustrous ship inside and on rmm. Dlam. y.z. Floor.
11. Red Figured guttus. Tソpe 1. A swan with raised wings and curved neek on each side of hedy. Diam. 7.8. Floon .
12. Plann White VI sack-shaped jug with bobbin-shaped body: flat hase; concave neek; splaying rim; slightly ralsed handle from rim to shoulder. Height 17.8. 1 Fowr.
13. Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plain. Handle missing. Dam 12.5. Inside No. It.
14. Black Glazed bowl (B i). Plan. Handle missing. Diam 14.5. Flour.
${ }^{15}$. Black (ilazed bowl (C i). Sparse, impressed palmettes. Dram. 1о 5. Inside No. 16.
16 Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plan Diam 15.4. Floor
17. Fragment of an iron lamp-stand, as that of Tomb $3+\cdot 48$. Tripod base, part of shaft, and circular plate preserved. Floor.
18. a) Plain gold finger-ring with an oval cornelan fixed in a mounting, decorated with a frieze of small flowerelements round the edre. Diam 2.2. Floor.
b) Horseshoe-shaped silver finger-ring with oval bezel. Broken in two preces. Diam. 2.3. Floor.
19. Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plain. Handle missing. Diam 15.5. Floor.
20. "Ionian" bowl, as No. 10. Diam. 8.9. Floor.
21. Black Glazed lekythos, A. i. Painted meander below shoulder; palmettes on shoulder; no incisions. Height 27.0. Floor
22. Circular bronze mirror; straight tang with plate projecting from marror; the plate decorated with a grinning Gorgon's head in relef with open mouth; pendant tongue; parted harr; palmettes in the angles between head and mirror. Diam. 15.5. Floor.
23. Black Glazed bowl (C, 4). Plain. Dlam. 21,2. Floor.

2+. Black (ilazed bowl (A. i). Sparse, impressed palmettes. Diam. 9.4. Inside No. 25.
25. Black Glazed bowl (A I). Sparse, mpressed palmettes. Dram. 94 . Floor.
26. Black Glazed bowl (A. 1). Sparse, mpressed palmettes. Diam. 9 + Floor.
27. Black (ilazed bowl (B. 1). Plain. Diam. 12.7. Floor.

28 Black Glazed bowl (B. 1). Plain. Dram 10.9. Floor.
29. Black (;lazed bowl (A. 4). Plann. Dam. 12.7. Floor.
30. Horseshoe-shaped finger-ring of silver with plain, oval bezel Diain. 2.5. Fluor. Secondary Chamber.
31. Plan silver finger-ring with sparally overlapping ends. Broken. Diam. 2.r. Floor. Secondary Chamber.
32. Silser pendant, spoon-shaped, probably used for fixing a central bead in a nechlace. Badly oxidized. Length 3.1. Floor. Secondary Chamber.
3.3 'Two earrings of fluted gold wire, ending in a goat's head. The eves are of incrusted, white paste. Fine workmanship. Masing: Three of the paste beads marking the eyes. Dam. 1.g. Floor. Secondary Chamber.
34. Hellenistic priform "tear-bottle" with wide base; neck almont (ylindrical, thich, swollen rim; dash of red lustrous
paint around rim, neck, and shoulder. Height 15.3 . Floor. Secondary Chamber.
35 Black Glazed lamp, with wde hase-ring, wide top-hole; nozzle; horizontal handle opposite nozzle. Plain. Diam. S.2. Niche.
36. Wide bronze howl with low, curved foot separately attached to flattened base of bowl; curved outlone; out-turned, flat rim: two horizontal, upright handles fixed to bowl below rim by means of two rivets Diam. +1.5. Floor.
37. Open bowl of bronze with round base; rounded outline; plain. flat rim; two horizontal handles ending in circular joined plates decorated with embossed rosette ornaments and attached to bowl by rivets. Pieces missing. Diam. z+.0. Floor.
38. Bronze mirror with circular disc; flat on one side and with a slightly up-turned rim on the other side; a long, narrow tang starts from a broad and short projection. Dian. 12.3. Floor.
39. Oval miniature jug of variegated, dark-blue glass on low foot; cylindrical, short neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. A yellow line around rim; white and yellow zigzag lines bordered by encircling lines around body. Height 8.6. Floor.
to. Oblong earrings of silver wire with spirally overlapping ends. Length 2.2. Floor.
+1 . Statuette of soft limestone, representing seated female figure holding a piece of bread with both her hands on the knees; roughly sculptured necklace; oval head with stout chin; mouth indicated by projection; eyes indicated by depressions; plan hair visible in front below bonnetshaped head-cover; large, plain earrings; body plain; isolinear feet peeping out of dress, chair only shown at the sides. Dress painted black with stripes painted red; red feet and base. Rough work. Chipped at back of head. Herght i4.5. Floor.
42. Statuette of limestone, as No. \&I, but hands on the arms of chair. Head and right arm partly missing. Herght 10.9. Floor.
43. Limestone group consisting of a female figurine and a dag's statuette attached to a plinth. The woman is sitting in a squat position with bent knees and arms resting on the ground; face details almost obliterated. Between the arms is an unworked triangular prece. Possibly a chuld birth is represented. The dog is sitting at the right side of the woman and is of the same size as her. Both are sculptured in a very crude style Height 8.6. Floor.
H. Terracotta statuette of a seated fox looking up to the right and with ears erect, evidently howling; curved tail. Height 6.6. Floor.
45. Terracotta statuette of a standing female figure dressed in long chiton and an oblique, folded himation. The 1. hand holding the mantle; the $r$. hand bent over the breast; face detarls almost ohliterated; hair covered by a pointed bonnet. Ionian late Archaic type. Height 9.7. Floor.
46. 'Merracotta statuette, as No. 45 , hut sitting with hoth
hands resting on the knees Upper and hack part of body smashed and repaired. Hetght 9.5. Floor.
47. Plan White VI wide amphora with knohbed hase; cslindrical neck; groove below rim; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Hemht 55.5. Floor
48. Red Slip IV (VI) shallow howl with raised base; douhlecurved outline. Diam. iz.7. On No 49.
49. Plan White VI shallow bowl with flat hase; convex outline; plain rim. Diam. 12.2. Flnor.
50. Plan White VI sack-sbaped jug, tapering upwards, flat base; splaying rim, slightly raised handle from rim to body. Height 12.2 Floor.
51. Plan White Vi sack-shaped jue with hohbin-shaped hody ; fiat base; splaying rim; slightly rased handle from rim to body. Height iq.6. Floor.
52. Plan White VI bowl, as No 49 Diam. 115. Floor.
53. Bichrome Red III (VI) urn-shaped amphoriskes with base-disc; rased, splaying rim, horizontal, rudimentary handles on shoulder. White waty line on black ground round rim; black and white encircling lines and bands round shoulder and belly; whate wasy hne in the intervals. Height I3.1. Floor.
54. Bichrome Red III (VI) amphoriskos, as No. 53, but with cover. Height 150 . Floor.
55. Circular silver finger-ring with oval bezel. Diam. I.5. Floor.
56. Bichrome Red III (VI) oval jug with concave base-ring; concave neck; "metal-knobbed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder; figurine with jug, stting opposite the handle. The decoration is much worn; encreling black and white palm-tree ornaments on shoulder traceable. Height 33.5. Floor.
57. Coarse sack-shaped jug with Hat base; concave neck; splaying 11m; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 15.0. Floor.
58. Plain White VI amphora, as No. 47 Heıght 64.0. Floor.
59. Bichrome Red III (VI) wide, shallow bowl whth basering; narrow, drooping rim. A black wavy line on white ground round rim; black and white carcular hnes inside. Diam. 30.5. Flour.
60. Bichrome Red III (VI) bowl, shape as Lio sy Black triangles on white ground round rim; black and white encircling bands inside; white wavy lines in the intervals. Diam. 28.5. Floor.
6r. Bichrome Red III (VI) boxi, as No. 59, but with a black circular band outside the body. Dam 29.5 . Foor:
$6 z$ Black Glazed bowl (C. i). Plan. Diam. 110 Floor.
63. Bichrome Red lII (VI) oval jug with cursed bise-rıng, concare neck; "metal-knobbed", plain handle from neck to shoulder; figurine with a jug, sitting opposite the handle. Black wasy line on white ground below rim; black encurcling lines framing white wary lines on neck; black and white encircling lines and bands round body and hase, white tree ornaments and spirals on shoulder;
hlack wasy line alone handle; slone-nnment round base of handle; firurine framed $b y$ two back panted conventionalued hranche opponite the handle, blakk pantings on jus, and figurine. Herght $25=\mathrm{Flwor}$
64. Bichrome Red Ill (Vi) jue, hape as \o 63, but with higher hase-ring and a plain handle, without knobs. from neck to shoulder Black wasy line on white ground below rim; white-dotted, black triangles round nech; black and white encircling lines and hands round belly and base, was line along handle; wing-ornament below have of handle Height 28 h . Floon.
65. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle wath natrow base-ring, narrow, çlandrical nech, swollen rum, handle from rim to shoulder Black encircline lines and band round belly. Iletght gs. Floor.
66 Plan White $V 1$ amphora, as No by Heisht 570 Floor
67 . Plain White VI wal amphora with base-ring, sloping shoulder: eylindrual nech; swollen rim, horizontal handles on shoulder. Part of neck missing. Heisbt 53.0. Floor.
68 Bichrome Red III (V) jug, as Nis s6, hut with a twinhandle without "metal-knobs", decoration a . . 063 , but colours on neck and shoulder much worn. Hewht 385 . On Nos. $67,69$.
69. Plain Whate VI amphora, as No. 47 , but with shorter neck and more hulering body. Herght 557 Fleor
7o. Bichrome Red III (VI) jue, shape as . No of and manly of the same decoration, but with white-detted batek lines, alternating with white wavy lines round neck. Height 37.6. Eloor.
7t. Plain White Vi jug, a Vo 51 Hewht $1+7$ Floor.
72. Black Glazed gurtus, Type I Plan. Dam. S - Filour.

73 Black Glazed wale hylix. 'I:pe t, not complete Foot reconstructed. A red painted line round chutude of base. Diam is.3. Floor.

75. Black Glazed bowl (C. 6). Phan Hewht - S . Floor
76. Broad aterenl of bronze, whath hav been dederned with a hoss of hronze at base of handle Framentary Floor
77. Plan White VIf hawl with Hat baee, almost thateht outhe: plan rim. Inam. $11+$ Flowr
78 . Bronze mounting, in the sbape of an ay leaf. Length 3.6. Fhomr.
79. Bronze pugment-rod whth ablong wellume at wach end. Lised for toolet purpore for applying paint Bowen. Length 147 . Floor
So. Terracotta statuette of recombent higure rectine on a high khe on his rachit clbow, ticht hand trangt up, Ieft hand outstretched to front; left leer stramht out, right leg slightly bent below the left The figute is dressed in chaton and homation with few, and rude folds. Rough workmanship. Mtssm, Back parts of khene: head and recht hand of tigure, finger of left hand. Length 4 s 8 . Flomer.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data,


## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery found in the chamber is, consequently, almost entirely of Type VI with exception of one specimen of late Type V (No. $\mathrm{\sigma}_{5}$ ) and two specimens of Type VII (Nos. 9,77 ). The latter pots were deposited by the body buried in the N. E. shaft close to the door, which must have been the last one buried in the tomb. Many of the vases of Type VI are early in style, but some are late (Nos. $56,59,68$ ). From this it is evident that the burials in the chamber fell within Cypro-Classic I, but continued during rather a long time within this period down to the beginning of Cypro-Classic II.

The burial in the secondary chamber has taken place in the beginning of the Hellenistic Age: the shape of the tear-bottle found there is typical of this period.

TOMB 59 (Figs. 145; 146; 147; 148; 149: 2-6)

| size |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos | - | 1.12 | 2.10 | - |
| Chamber | 2.66 | 2.99 | (reconstr.) | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos of the tomb, which was undermined by the chamber of Tomb 57 (cf. above), was quite destroyed when this chamber collapsed. It was probably a staircase shaft of the usual type. The bottom part forming a horizontal area in front of the door is preserved.
we obtain the following diagram:


In the wesi side wall was a cupboard cut in the rock and covered by a stone slab. The door had an arched roof, but most of the upper part of it was destroyed. The door-packing consisted of a roughly cut, large stone block in the middle, surrounded by rubble. There is no stomion. The doorway opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis. Inside the door a vertical step leads to the floor of the chamber. The chamber is spade-shaped in plan, with straight front wall and curved side walls and back wall. Its floor is horizontal and the roof has entirely collapsed. Along the back wall and the east side wall, there are rock-cut niches at a level of $0.45-0.50 \mathrm{~m}$. above the floor of the chamber. 'The rock wall on the outside of both niches is lined by buttresses of rubble. The east niche is cut at two levels, the innermost part being 0.12 m . above the level of the outer part.

## STRATIFICATION

The layers in the chamber were composed of:
I) Debris of sand and chatara, infiltrated from a hole communicating with the dromos of Tomb 53.
2) Rock debris from the collapsed roof.
3) A light-coloured, wedge-shaped layer of chonnos infiltrated from the dromos, in the front part of the chamber.
4) A burial stratum on level with the floor of the benches, and resting on Layer 5 (2nd burial period).
5) A layer of dark-coloured, infiltrated earth with chonnos, reaching approximately the level of the benches.
6) A stratum of burial and culture earth, on the floor of the chamber, and in the niches (ist burial period).


Fig. I 4 5. Marion. Tomb 59. Part of the dromos with the door-packing.


Iig. if6. Narion. Tomb 59. The stone slab of the dromos niche.

There are, consequently, two burial periods; the first represented by the burial stratum on the floor of the chamber, and the second by the burial stratum on the top of the fifth layer of debris. To which period the burials on the benches and in the niche belong is not at once clear, as these burials have no relation to the fifth layer of debris. It is, however, presumable that these burials belong to the first burial period, as the buttresses of stones lining the rock wall of the benches are founded on the rock; and the bottom layer of culture earth, as well as the fifth layer of debris, were intact and not cut through, which would naturally have been the case, if the buttresses of stones had been constructed after the infiltration of the fifth layer. Furthermore, the one of the hair-rings No. 18, which belong to Skeleton IV, buried in the back wall niche, had dropped on the floor (see in situ plan). This proves that there was no foreign earth in the tomb at that time. Finally, there is no typological difference between the pottery found in the niches and on the rock floor, which proves that the burials in the niches and on the floor of the chamber belong to one burial period.

The following finds belong, on account of their levels, to the 2nd burial period: Nos. 1. 2, 20, 21, and 25. All the remainder belong to the 1st burial period, and were found on the floors of the niches and the chamber.

## BLRIALS

Of the burials in the first burial period, that on the floor (No. I) and that in the innermost part of the east niche (No. II) were poorly equipped. The body on the floor was male, provided with an iron knife (No. 31). No skeletal remains were preserved and the


Fig. 147. Marion. Tomb 5\%. Vien of the chamber with finds in situ.


Fig. aft. Marion. Tomb 59. Part of finds in silu.
bodies were only represented by layers of burial earth. The other bodies buried in the niches were more richly equipped, and the bones were better preserved. Both bodies were female. Of the body (No. III) buried in the outer part of the cast niche, the skull, the collar-bone, the upper and lower extremities were preserved in such a position that it is evident that the body had been buried in a dorsal, outstretched fosition, with the head towards the front wall of the chamber. The woman had rings of bronze and silver in the ears (Nos. 3 and 4), and a jug (No. 2) on the breast. Of the body (No. IV) buried in the south niche at the back wall, only the skull was preserved. The skull was found in the angle between the two benches, on the top of the stones of the buttresses. It must have overturned into this position from the east short end of the bench. The loody must, therefore, originally have been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head towards the east end of the bench. This body was extremely richly adorned with valuable objects: a bronze mirror (No. 17), seven hair-rings of gold (No. 22), two bronze hair-rings (No. 18) eight earrings of silver (No. 32), and two gold necklaces (Nos. 5 and 6). Nost of the tomb-gifts and pots were placed around this bode.

After the funeral, offerings were brought to the deceased in pots which were placed, both in the dromos-filling, and in the cupboard in the west side wall of the dromos.

FINDS (GROLPS: PL. LXIT, 2, 3; IYPLS: L. OF PL. II)

[^9]danhes below bell!, batek pranted base beatatum much worn Iterght fos $_{5}$ In the fillines
3 Whate Panted VII urn-shaped amphombos wath curved base: no nech, erect rman radere belos ram,
 ram, body. and bave; red hamdles, was line letween them. Herght if.s. Cupboard
 nerk: handle fiom neck to shoulder, dabouate hall protome opposte the handle 'I'raneles below rma:

network on neck; consentionalizcd tree-ornaments on shoulder; encircling lines and bands round belly; sling-ornament round base of handle. Height z4.0. Cupboard.
5. Plain White VII disc-shaped bowl with flat bottom; straight, splaying sides. Diam. 14.2. Cupbaard.
6. Plain White VII bowl, imitating Attic bowl, Type C. i. Dam. 10.7. Cupboard.
7. Black Glazed stand (A. i1). Plann. Diam. 6.8. On No. 8.
8. Red Slip IV (VI) miniature bottle with wide, Hat base. Smashed. Height 5.7. Niche.

## Chamber

I. Plain White VII disc-shaped bowl with flat base; straight, splaỵng sides. Diam. 14.6. - if.
2. Plain White VII wide, sack-shaped jug with cylindrical neck; flaring rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Helght 15.0. - 16 .
3. A pair of bronze hair-rings, triple-twisted spiral. Length 3.3. Floor.
4. Seven harr-rings of silver with overlapping ends. Diam. i.t. Floor.
5. Necklace of gold, as Tomb 57. I4, but all the beads are in fragments. Pendant plain, except for punctured line at rim, and flower-ornaments at base. Length of pendant 2.0. Floor.
6. Necklace of gold. The necklace consists of:

1) one central pendant of the same shape as that previously described. Length 2.2 .
2) Two large, fluted paste beads. Length 09 .
3) Six circular cornelian beads. Diam. o.7.
4) Twelve plain, circular gold beads. Diam. o.6.

It can be safely reconstructed by means of the in sttu plan, and forms a rhythmic, symmetrical system running as follows:

1) one paste bead, 2) one gold bead, 3) one cornelan bead, 4) two gold beads, 5) one cornelian bead, 6) two gold beads, 7) one cornelian bead, 8) one gold bead. The whole necklace is too small to reach round the neck, and has only been used as a front decoration of the dead body. Floor.
7. Stroke Polished I (VI) flat dish with flat rum; moulded base. Dram. 18.7. Inside No. 8.
8. Plain White CI conical bowl with flat base; in-turned rim. Diam. 12.2. Inside No. 9.
9. Plain White VI bowl, sımilar to No. 8. but shallower, and with rounded outlinc. Diam. 13.4. Inside No. io.
io. Plain White VI wide, shallow bowl with base-ring; small, flattened rım. Diam. 27.3. Floor.
II. Stroke Pollshed I (V1) depressed globular jug with base-ring; ridge below neck; funnel-mouth; moulded
handle from neck to shoulder. Part of mouth missing Height 12.4. Floor.
10. Plan White VI oval urn with flat base; no neck. wide mouth; out-turned rim; radge below rim. Ileight $\delta$ o. Floor.
13 Black Gilazed bowl (B. 1). Plain. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Diam. ir.5. Floor.
11. Black Glazed bowl (A. i). Plan. (iraffito on hase (see Appendix V). Diam. S.o. Floor.
12. Black Cilazed bowl (A. 1). Plain. Diam. 9.5. Floor.
13. Black Glazed bowl (A. 4). Plain. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Diam. 17.3. Floor.
14. Bronze mirror with Hat, circular disc; long. tapering tang, starting from a short, broad projection. Diam. 10.0. Floor.
15. Bronze hair-rings, as No 3, but ending in badly corroded silver mountings, Replicas of Tomb 57.15 . Length +3 . Floor.
16. Red Slip III (V) bowl with narrow base-dıce; rounded angular outline; plan rim. Diam. i2.4. Floor.
17. Stroke Polished I1 (VIl) depressed owal jug with basering; ridge below neck; funnel-mouth; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. I Ienght 12.0. - 14 .
18. Stroke Polished II (VII) jug, as No. 20. Height I3.5. - It.
19. Seven gold hair-rings with fluted, overlappone ends. Dam. i.i. Flocr.
20. Black Glazed bowl (C. I). Sparse, impressed palmettes. Diam. io.S. Floor.
21. Black Glazed gutrus, Type 1. Broken Dram. So. Floor.
22. Plain White VII conical amphora with knobbed base; cylindrical neck; swollen rim, handles from neck to shoulder. Herght 72 1. -- 16.
23. Red Slip III (V) biconical bottle with narrow hasering: narrow neck; swollen, thack rim; handle from ram to shoulder. Height 98 Floor.
24. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat basz; short. concave neck; splaying rim; handle from rum to shoulder. Height 13.0 . Floor.
25. Plain White VI wide, pinform amphora with knobbed base; concare neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 52.0. Floor.
26. Bronze pigment-rod with an oblong swelling at each end. Used for applying paint. Broken. I.eneth 15.7. Floor.
27. Red Slip III (V) conical deep boul with narrow base. bulging shoulder; erect 1 im Dam 14.6. Fhoor.
28. Narrow, single-edged iron knfe with lone. rod-like tang. Broken. Leneth 18.3. Fluor
29. Eight leech-shaped silser earrings. Damaged Length 2.2. Sikeleton IV.

Summing up the elassification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


In the rst burial period pottery of Type VI and specimens of surviving Type V are represented: Red Slip III (V), assigning this burial period to the early part of CyproClassie I. In the 2nd burial period there are only specinens of Type VII represented, assigning this burial period to the later part of Cypro-Classic II. To the same period belongs the deposit in the clromos, represented by six specimens of Type VII and one specimen of Type VI.

TOMIB 60 (Figs. 150; 152; 153; 154)

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Iength | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos |  | $4 \cdot 31$ | 1.42 | 2.47 | - |
| Chamber |  | 3.60 | 3.60 | - | 1.60 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a staircase shaft of modium size, widening towards the back, with walls tapering upwards, and descending by seven steps to a sloping area in front of the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed, but the door-packing was still in situ. It consistcd of four blocks of stone kept in position by wedges of rubblc. The upper part of the doorpacking was loosely built and seemed to be disturbed. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber obliquely to its longitudinal axis, in the left part of its front wall. The floor of the dromos descends to the chamber by an oblique step. The original chamber


Fig. 150. Narion. Tomb 60. View of dromos with chamber in the background.


Fig. 151. Marion. Tomb 6r. View of the chamber.
extended only to the recess in the back wall and it was therefore trapezoidal in shape. The floor of the chamber is horizontal and the roof has collapsed, but to judge from preserved pieces near the rock walls, it has been nearly flat, or slightly curved. Near the left side wall, there are rectangular shafts cut in the rock floor, about 0.25 m . below it, and near the right side wall, there is a rock-cut bench, 0.35 m . above the floor-level of the chamber. When cutting a niche in the front part of the left side wall of the chamber of Tomb 61, they happened to break through the rock wall separating the two tombs. This accident was made use of in order to transform the iwo chambers into one burial room (cf. below). For that purpose a recess was cut in the back wall of Tomb 60 and the rock wall between the recess and Tomb 6i was broken through.

STRATIFICATION
The filling of the dromos consisted of an oblique bottom layer of sand, gravel, and smaller stones; a laver of chazara with streaks of sand akove it, and a top layer of sand mixed with stones. The lower end of the second layer is on a level with the upper end of the intact part of the door-packing. The upper end of the disturbed door-packing, on the other hand, is on a level with the upper end of the second layer. This seems to indicate that the dromos has been dug out down to the bottom layer, and the upper part of the door-packing remored


Fig. 152. Marion. Tomb 60. Finds in the ㄱ. W. corner.


Fig. 153. Marion. Tomb 60. Finds Nos. I-It in situ.
at the reopening of the tomb for reburials; the removed part of the door-packing was then built up irregularly, and the dug-out part of the dromos-filling was refilled.

The layers in the chamber were composed of:
i) A top layer of infiltrated clay mixed with chacara and streaks of gravel from the collapsed rock.
2) A layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof.
3) A layer of brown, silted, infiltrated earth.
4) A layer of rock debris from the partly collapsed roof of the chamber of Tomb 61.
5) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom.

A part of the culture earth of Tomb 60 (Laver 5) percolated into that of Tomb 6r before any foreign earth penetrated into it. This affords stratigraphic evidence that there was communication between the chambers at the time of the burials, before the roofs of the tombs collapsed, as stated above. Besides, the stratification shows that the roof of Tomb 6I began to fall in (Layer 4), before the entire collapse of the roofs of both chambers (Layers 1, 2). There is no stratigraphic evidence of different burial periods as there is only one burial stratum (Layer 5) and no foreign earth separates the remains of the interments, but a typological examination of the finds associated with the skeletons shows that there are two burial periods, the later represented by the finds associated with Skeletons IV, V, VI and the earlier by the finds belonging to Skeletons II, III, and the finds in the N. E. corner of the chamber which were not associated with any skeleton but seem to belong to the earliest interment in the tomb (cf. Chronology). It should be observed that Skeleton I was richly adorned with jewellery (cf. Burials) but was not provided with any tomb-gifts in pottery (the "tear-bottles" Nos. 50 , $5^{1}$ are removed from their original place, see below). In consideration of this fact it seems possible that the pottery in the N. E. corner had been
placed around the bench and in the S. W. corner of the original chamber, from where they were removed to their present place in order to make room for the burials of the second burial period in connection with the newarrangement of the chamber when Tombs 60 and 6 r were transformed into one burial room. The repeated burials in the first burial period tally with the stratigraphic evidence of a rcopening of the tomb (cf. above).

The interments of the second burial period, of which Body IV was placed in the added recess and Bodies V and VI in the empty or emptied area in the middle of the chamber, are contemporary with those of Tomb 61 (cf. below and Tomb 61) and belong evidently to the time when both chambers were used as a common burial room. Because of the intact layers, the risit of the tomb-robbers must have taken place in ancient times before the tomb collapsed, or even before some foreign earth had infiltrated. As there are no indications of a tomb-robbers' shaft having been dug in the filling of the dromos, the robbers must have entered the chamber by the way of the dromos of Tomb 61, but unfortunately the dromos of this tomb was found destroyed so that no observations of the dromos-filling could be made there (cf. below).

During the robbery, some of the finds were removed from their original position and placed at different levels on the surface of the earth existing at that time in the tomb. It is characteristic that these removed objects are concentrated around the stone-built sarcophagus and the coffin burial in the left back corner, i. e., the places which the robbers had searched thoroughly. These removed objects are the following: Nos. $31,34,35,36,41,42$, $43,57,62$ (for levels see Obj. Reg.).

## BCRIALS

There are remains of six interments: one on the bench and another one close by, along the front part of the right side wall; the third one along the back part of the left side wall; a fourth along the back wall of the recess; a fifth in the centre of the tomb and the sixth in the stone-built sarcophagus between the door and the fifth interment. Of the bodies no bones, but only layers of burial earth were preserved. Body I was a richly adorned woman with a gold necklace, (No. r + + ) , gold hair-rings of elaborate workmanship (No. 2), a mouthpiece of gold (No.4), and silver bracelets (Nos. 5, 6). Body. II was female, too, but not so richly adorned with gold ornaments. She had hair-rings of gold (Nos. 66 and 73), a clapper and pendant of gold (Nos. 74 and 75 ), a gold ring (No. 76) and two silver bracelets (No. 60). Body III had been buried in a wooden coffin of which the bronze nails and mouldered wood remained. From the position of these nails, it seems that the coffin has been disturbed, possibly by the tomb-robbers (cf. above). The coffin had been placed on a packing of sand and hard filling of charara, which filled up the shaft dug in the rock floor at this spot. Body IV had also been buried in a wooden coffin, and the position of the preserved bronze nails seems to show the same signs as about the coffin above mentioned. The body was female and adorned with hair-pendants of red paste beads. Body $V$ was female and adorned with two gold earrings (No. 7). Finally there remains the body buried in the sarcophagus. This was built of stone slabs: each of the short sides formed by a single slab, each of the long sides

formed by two slabs, and the cover by three slabs placed crosswise. The sarcophagus was not found intact: the covering slabs, the slab of the south short side, and the adjoining slab of the east long side had been removed by tomb-robbers and were found close by the sarcophagus. The tomb-robbers have evidently worked in a great haste, and were not able to find all the precious objects they searched for within the sarcophagus. The body buried there was female, and must once have been richly adorned with gold ornaments. Those not found by the tomb-robbers consist of: a necklace (No. io) and two earrings of gold (No. 9). Tomb-gifts and pots, "tear-bottles", lamps etc. were placcd close to the bodies, and in the shaft cut in the rock fioor at the left side wall, close to the door.

In connection with the funerals, offerings in the shape of terracotta statuettes were brought to the dead and thrown down in the dromos-filling (Dromos, Nos. I-4).

FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. LXVII, I, LXYIII; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

Dromos

1. Terracotta statuette, representing a woman standing, dressed in chiton and himation, roght hand hancing down, holding some folds of the hamation; left hand bent and holding the bulk of the himation; left knee slighty bent; right foot advanced. Head missing. Height 17.7. In the filling.
2. 'Terracotta statuette. Falf seated, half recumbent, naked female figure with cloth drawn over head like a bonnet. Face details worn. Height 8.4. In the filling.
3. Female, velled head of terracotta; broken below chin. Meagre, oxal face with small, curved mouth, straght, thin nose; prominent evebrows; elliptical eyes with lids. The hair is parted in the moddle and combed down over the temples and ears. Face moulded. Herght 6.o. In the filling.
4. Lpper part of male statuette in teracotta; broken through hips; left forearm missing Upright, powerful body, slightly turned to the left. Right arm akimbo, left arm along the side. Rounded head with full chin and cheeks; short, vertical nose and low, bulesng forthead. The short hair tufted. Height 10 . In the filling.

## Chamber

1 - 3. Gold necklace, consisting of thirty-two globular beads, sisteen of which are fluted and a pendant of the usual vase-type; plan except for an enamelled flower ornament at the end; the loop-shaped mounting decorated with flutings. One bead decomposed, sixteen mended. Dlam. of beads 0.7 . Length of pendant $3 \cdot 4$. Floor.
2. A pair of spirally wound, oval gold hair-rings, ending in three-sided clusters of gold halls: same ornament recurs at the lower turnangs of the spiral. Diam. 26. Floor.
3. Pendant of gold. see No. 1. Floor.
4. Nouth-prece of gold in the shape of a smiling mouth; pierced at both ends. Length 5.i Floor
5. Circular silver bracelet with fluted ends. Diam 4.7. Flour.
6. Silver bracelet, as No. 5 , but somewhat deformed. Diam. 5.+. Floor
7. Gold earrings of twisted gold wire, ending in bull's head with eyes of encrusted white paste. Diam i.g Floor.
8. Sixteen buttons of red paste, probably used for a hairdress. Three buttons broken. Diam. i.o. Floor.
9 (iold earrongs, exact replicas of No 7 Three paste beads missing in the eves. Diam. i 9. Floor
1o. Necklace, consisting of 1$)$ one disc-shaped, central gold pendant; 2) six cornelian beads, 3) two astragalusshaped glass beads; 4) six plan, depressed globular glass beads; 5) two eiplindracal glas beads, 6) two brchrome, depressed globular glass beadi; ; one biconcal glass bead; 8) one tube-shaped glass head wath concave sldes.

The present reconstruction is conjectural. 'The necklace is very short and has only been used as a frontal ornament Length iq.4. Floor
II. Hellenistic White Panted puiform "tear-bottle" with painted rim. Lustrous, blackish sarmah. Ilemght 167 . Floor
12. Plain White VI sack-shaped jue with flat base: concave neek; splaying rım; handle from rim to shoulder. Helght 11.S. On No. 13.
13. Plan Whate VI wide, priform amphora with hobbed base, slightly concate neck, radge below rma vertical handles from neck to shoulder Height bis Fhoor.
If. Plain White VII sack-shaped jug with cylindrical body, flat base; concase neck: splayng rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 11.7. Floor
15. Plam Whate VI sack-shaped jus with body wadening downwards; flat base: concave neck: splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Heisht 15 i. Floor.
16. Black Glazed bswl (A. 1). Plain 1)am. 9.6. Floor.
17. Plain White MI Jug, as No. 15 Heicht 1+.t. Floor.
i8. Black (;lazed bowl (A. 3). Impresed with small crele enclosing dots: elesen interlacing palmette points about it; roulette corcle without. Graffito on base (see Appendix $V$ ). Dam. $14 \%$ Invade No. 19
19. Black (;lazed howl (A ro). Impressed with four rough palmettes around circle; another circle of horseshoes, with eight palmettes about circumference. Graffito on base (see Appendix V). Dram. 16.3. Inside No. 20.
20. Black slip VI shallow bowl with flat base; angular shoulder: small, flattened, in-curved, thickening rim. Diam. iso. Floor.
21. Plann White VI shallow bowl with flat base; slightly curved outlinc; inwards thickening rım. Diam. ir.z. Floor.
22. White Panted VII oval jug with base-ring: narrow, concase neck; rim not pronounced; handle from neck to shoulder. Encirching lines and bands round rim, neck, and body. brown handle; wavy line on shoulder. Height 20.7. Floor.
23 Bichrome Red III (VI) wide, shallow bowl with basering; straight sides; drooping rim. Black triangles on white ground round rim: black encircling line outside, black and white circular lines, inside. Diam. 26.9. Fluor.
24. Coarse knobbed cover. Diam. 13.7. Floor.
25. Hellenistic Plann White oval jug with base-ring; wide, horizontal, fluted neck; swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height $305-=5$.
26. Hellenistrc Plain White jug, as No. 25, but with depresscd body and wider neck. Height 17.4. - 30 .
27. Hellenistic Coarse squat jug with flat base; wide, concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 10.5 . - 30 .
28. Broonical lamp of terracotta with long nozzle; stringhole handle. Blackish varnished ware. Duam. 8.3. Floor.
29. Four hammered bronze nails wath circular section; large mushroom heads. Length 7.4; 11.3:9.2; 8.7. Floor.
30. Stroke Polished II (VII) bowl, imitation of Attic bowi, probably Type B. I. Handle missing. Diam. 13.0. Floor.
31. Plain White VI conical howl wath flat base; in-turned rim. Diam. 22.7. - 17 .
32. Black Glazed bowl (A. 10). Impressed four palmettes with O's between enclosed in circle of O's, with 20 in terlacing palmette points on outside. Fragmentary. Diam. 12.1. On No. 33.
33. Black Glazed bowl (C. 7). Plain. Graffito on base. (See Appendis (') Broken. Ileught 12.2. Floor.
34. Black Glazed bowl (A. 3). Impressed with nine palmette points about circle with four palmettes out of centre, roulctte circle without. Graffito on hase (set Appendix V). Diam. 14.8. On sherds of No. 42 .
35. Red Slip (VII) wide, shallow bowl with straight sides; hase-ring; flat, drooping rim. Diam. 37.0. - 21 .
36. Plan White VII oval jug with hase-ring; sloping shoulder; concavc neck; wide, pinched mouth; swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 21.4 -33.
37. Black (;lazed howl (A. 1). Sparse impressions of small circle with fisur palmettes on carcumference. Diam. 7.6. Inıride No. 38 .
38. Black Glazed bowl (B. r). Plain. Diam. in.9. Floor.
39. Plain White VII urn-shaped amphoriskos with small base-dısc; no neck; erect, out-turned rim; horizontal, rudımentary handles on shoulder. Height if.o. Floor.
40. Terracotta lanip; saucer-shaped; shaved base; pinched wick-holder; flarıng rim. Diam. io.o. Floor.
41. Plain White VII amphoriskos, as No. 39. Height in.6. On No. $\mathrm{f}_{2}$.
42. Plain White VII conical amphora with knobbed base; flat shoulder; slightly concave neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Herght +7.5. - 30 .
43. Bichrome Red III (VI) oval jug with base-ring; concate neck; small rim; "metal-knobbed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder; figurne with a jug opposite the handle. Decoration effaced. Height 32.6. - 30 .
4+. Hellenistic Plain White spindle-shaped "tear-bottle". Herght 16.8. Floor.
45. Hellenistic Plain White "tear-bottle", as No. +4. Height 17.7. Floor.
46. Hellenistic Plain White "tear-bottle", as No. 44. Height 15.8. Floor.
47. Four hammered bronze nails with scuare section and knob-heads. Length 7.9; 7.1; 7.6;78. Floor.
48. Hellenistic Plain White "tear-bottle", as No. 44. Upper part missing. Height if.o. Floor.
49. Hellenıstic Plain White "tear-bottle", as No. 44. Height 17.2. Floor.
50. Hellenstic Black Lustrous "tear-bottle", as No. 44. Fntırely cosered with blackish varnish. Height ir.2. - 10 .
51. Hellenistic White Paınted "tear-bottle", as No. II. Height 15.7. - 10.
52. Hellenistic Plain White piriform jug with base-disc; short, tapering neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght I4.9. Floor.
53. Bronze pigment-rod, ending in a fan-shaped, small, trangular blade. U'sed for tonlet purposes. Length $1+3$. Floor.
54. Rectangular bronze mountıng, possibly used as mounting on a box. Broken. Length 6.4. Floor.
55. Rectangular bronze mounting decorated with two incised, encircling lines. Length 12.0 . Floor.
56. Hellenistic Black Lustrous pear-shaped "tear-bottle". Entirely covered with blackish varnish. Height it.3. Floor.
57. Plain White VII cylindrıcal torpedo-pithos with pointed base; ridge below shoulder; conical shoulder; outturned, swollen rim, vertical loop-handle below shoulder. Height 72.5. - 38 .
58. Red Slip V' (VII) shallow bowl with narrow base; erect rim. Diam. ro.7. Floor.
59. Terracotta statuctte, a replica of Tomb $5^{8.46 \text {. Height }}$ 15.4. Floor.
60. Two silver bracelets ending in snakc's heads. Diam. $7+$ Floor.
61. Female moulded teriacotta head, oval in shape; full lips; straight nose; narrow, oblong eyes; curly hair,
covered by a pointed bonnet; mcurning expression. Early Hellenistic type. Herght 54 . Floor.
62. Plain White VII sack-shaped Jug with cylindrical body, Hat base; concave neck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height I3.r. - 33 .
63. Plain White VII deep bowl with base-disc; rounded outline; swollen rim. Diam. i6.o. Floor.
64. Plain White V11 buwl, as No. 63. Height 13.6. Floor.
65. White Painted VH oral jug with high, curved baserins; cylindrical neck; small rim; "netal-knobbed" twin-handle from neck to shoulder; figurine holding a jug opposite the handle. Encircling lines and hands round rim, body, and base; ivy-trail on shoulder; pattern of contınuous, multiple chevrons carelessly drawn below belly; zigzag line above base. Height 18.6. Floor.
66. Four hair-rings of sohd gold, with fluted, overlappiag ends. Diam. o.9. Floor.
67. Eight fragments of iron knives. Floor.
68. Terracotta head, as No. 61. Height 5.4. Floor.
69. Plain White VI-VII piriform amphora wath knobbed base; slightly concave neck; groove below rim; vertical handles from neck to shoulder. Herght 60.5 . Floor. 70. Terracotta statuette of fragmentary figurine belongıng to a vase. Height 8.6. Floor.
71. Plain finger-ring of silver, rather wider on the outside; slightly convex section. Diam. i.9. Floor.
72. Plan White VI bowl, as No. 21. Dam. 106. Floor. 73. Two pairs of gold harr-rings, lephuds of $\lambda \mathbf{N}$. 66. Dam 0.9. Floor.
74. Vase-shaped gold pendant of usual type: plain except for punctured filgree lines round rim and nech. lengeth 3.1. Floor.
75. Gold pendant, in the shape of sphinx seen in frontal position, seated on an inverted palmette: supported by two s-shaped spirals. Length 2.4. Fhoor.
76. Circular gold finger-ring with oblong be\%el, engrased with a double palmette. Diam. i.5. Floor.
77. Plan White VII bowl, shape as Nio. 35 Diam. $33+$ F. Fleor.
78. Plain White Vi howl, as No. 21. Diam. 1 i 4. Floor.
79. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with conver body; flat base, concave neck; splaying rim; hande from rim to shoulder. Heught 12.5 . Flour.
8o. Female terracotta statuette sitting in an arm-chair. The figure is dressed in a chiton and draped himation; 1. hand holding mantle, r. arm bent over breast; face details almost obliterated. Hair cosered by a ponted bonnet. Heisht 17.5 . Floor.
Sir. Red Figured lekythos, B. 4 A galloping roc-deer in realistic pose as fiont ornament. Height 105 . l:hoor.
82. Plain White open, saucer-shaped lamp with showed base; pinched wick-holder; flaring rim Dlam 11.5 Floor.

## Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:




## CHRONOLOGY

Within the first burial period it seems possible to distinguish between earlier and later interments on the basis of the poitery types rcpresented in the three deposits of pottery belonging to the first burial period. The deposit of the later interment consists of three specimens of Type VI, one specimen of Type VI--VII, and seven specimens of Type VII, assigning this phase of the first burial period to the later part of Cypro-Classic II. The earlier interment (deposit in the N. E. corner) is represented by seven rases of Type VI, and two rases of Type VII. This interment thus dates from the earlier part of Cypro-Classic II.

The second burial period belongs to the Hellenistic period.

## TOMIB 61 (Figs. 151; 154)

sIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | - | - | - | - |
| Stomion | 0.65 | 0.80 | - | - |
| Chamber | 4.88 | 2.35 | - | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{I} .95 \\ \text { (reconstr.) } \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

The dromos of this tomb has been destroyed, to a great extent. It was cut above the roof of Tomb 58 , and became demolished at the collapse of this tomb. Only the stomion is left. It is reetangular in plan and opens on to the chamber slightly to the left of its longitudinal axis. The floor of the stomion descends to that of the chamber by three steps. The chamber is narrow and rectangular in plan with rectangular, tunnel-shaped niches cut in the
left side wall close to the door, in the left end of the back wall, and a rectangular cuphoard cut in the back part of the right side wall: the niche in the left side wall on a level with the floor of the chamber; the niche in the back wall, 0.62 m . above the floor and the cupboard, 0.10 m . above the floor. The floor of the chamber, and those of the niches and cupboard are horizontal. The roof of the chamber has collapsed. The roofs of the niches and the cupboard are slightly curved; that of the niche in the left side wall has entirely collapsed. Along the left side wall close to the door, there is a rectangular shaft $1.50 \mathrm{~m} . \because 0.85 \mathrm{~m}$. cut in the rock floor, 0.35 m . below floor-level, and filled up with three, slaks of stone, placed crosswisc.

## STRATIFICATION

Concerning the stratification of the chamber of this tomb, nothing can be added to what has been said in connection with the stratification of the chamber of Tomb 60 except that in the south part of the chamber the intact layers of dehris have bcen dug through by a tomb-robbers' shaft, from the surface down to the rock floor. This shaft, consequently, must have been dug in later times after the collapse of the tomb; the tomb-robbers did not continue their work further into the chamber, probably because they did not find anything within the area excavated by them.

## BURIALS

Remains of two burials were found in the tomb; one, represented by a layer of burial earth on the stone slabs sunk in the shaft near the left side wall; and the other, better preserved, on the rock floor along the middle part of the left side wall. The body in the latter was female, and had once been beautifully adorned with gold lacework (No. in). The lower extremities, the pelvis, and the upper right extremities were preserved in such a position, that it can be seen that the body had been buried in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head towards the front wall of the chamber. The bulk of the tomb-gifts and pots were placed around this body. The body buried on the stone slabs had only one Red Figured bowl as a tomb-gift.

FIND: (GROLP: PL. LXVII, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
I. Hellenistic piriform "tear-bottle", with base-disc: neck slightly splaying upwards; thick, down-turned rmm; red lustrous dash round rim and alone neck. Heneht 15.5. - 33.

2 Coarse depressed crater with round base; larme, straight, splaying rim, handles from rim to shoulder. Heaght $17.6 .-33$.
3. Hellenistic Plan White narrow, conical amphora with pointed base; erhndrical neck, swollen rim; handles from ne:k to shoulder. Hempht 6,0. -- qh. $^{6}$
4. Coarse osal jug with flat base slopung shoulder, concauc neck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Hewht 19.5. Floor.
5. Carse jug, as No. \& but with a small, conical spout hugh up on the shoulder, opponite the handle. Ilemghtis 5 . Flowr.
6. Ifellenstic Plan Whate putiom "tea-bottle" wath

Hat base: angular shoulder: narmo, concase neck, downturned rmm. Ifersht 15.4 . IFlour
7. ILellenistic Bochrome Red bobbin-shaped "tear-bottle", woth that, -phered base Thin white line- round tam and shoulder on a blackish-red eround, narrow neck. splaying upwards; down-turned rim. Heisht 167 . Floor
8. Hellenistic Plain Whate bobhon-shaped "tear-bottle": narrow neck, uplaying upwards, small, splasing rime Hetght 12-3. Flowr.
9) Red Figured bowl ( ( . io) Whate and red as-trail insode rim; red palmeite below and around honders On one side of body a moned looking right, wrapped in a wide hmation, risht hand covered by the drapery and left outstretched. holdoner a baree therson. Jammat are panted white. Facing her, stand, a male theure in the same dres and pormon. holdmes a horn 111 his roght hand Faces and theress much worn. On the other
13. Hellenistic "tear-bottle", as No. i. Height i6.2. Floor. 14. Red Figured guttus. Type 3. Duts and kymation around the strainer; radating, vertical lines on body. Diam. 9.+. Floor.
15. Coarse disc-shaped bowl with base-ring; straight sides. Diam. 22.0. Floor.
16 Hellenistic Plain White oval jug with base raised; short neck; swollen, pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 21.2. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The Cypriote pottery found in this tomb is of the same style as that of the later burial period in Tomb 60, and thus assigns this tomb to the early Hellenistic Age. The style of the Red Figured bowl (No.9) is in agreement with this dating.

## The necropolis at Evrethades

This locality" is situated close to the Nicosia road not far from the site called "Ampelli tou Englezou", where excavations were carried on by Ohnefalsch-Richter and Munro and Tubbs (cf. above). The villagers had opened two tombs, one of which contained two specimens of Archaic Attic pottery: a Black Figured kylix, and a Black Figured jug. On the ground abundant Cypro-Archaic potsherds were found.

The locality is a low hill with a large, plateau-shaped top, sloping slightly to the NorthEast (Fig. I 55 ; Plan III, 3). The tombs are only cut on the plateau, the whole area of which was ststematically searched by many trial trenches and shafts, with the following results.

TOMB 62 (Figs. $156 ; 158: 1-4$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.29 | 0.90 | c. 1.20 | - |
| Chamber | 2.21 | 3.60 | - | - |



Fig. 155. Marion. The necropolis at Exrethades.

## SHAPE

The dromos is a rather short, rectangular, narrow shaft, with vertical walls, descending to the door by one step in the middle. The upper part of it as well as that of the door has been washed away by the crosion of the water. 'The door-packing consisted of large and small stones, and was still standing in situ. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber near the left end of its front wall. The chamber is elliptical in plan. Its floor slopes gently from the door towards the centre, and from there to the back wall it is horizontal. The roof has completely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos was filled with charara; in front of the door a wedge-shaped part of the filling was richly mixed with fragments of broken pottery, indicating a reopening of the tomb, at which time fragments of the earlier tomb-gifts were thrown out in the dromos. 'This was verified by the stratification in the chamber itself. The layers there were composed of:

1) A heary layer of rock debris and pieces of rock from the completely collapsed roof.
2) A horizontal layer of silted rock from the crumbled roof.
3) Close to the door, a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated chatara.
4) A burial layer with culture stratum on the top (2nd burial period).
5) Another burial layer at the bottom with a culture stratum on the top (ist burial period).

The following objects were found on the floor and belong to the ist burial period: Nos. 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 29, 35, $36,37,38,39,4^{0}, 4^{1}, 4^{2}, 43,44,45,47,48$, and 49 .


Fig. 556. Marion. Tomb 62. View of the chamber with finds in silu.


Fig. 157. Marion. Tomb 63. View of the chamber with finds in situ.

In the upper burial layer the following objects, which therefore belong to the and burial period, were found: Nos. 16, 17, 20, 24, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, and 46 . Some of these objects were found at different levels, (see Obj. Reg.) slightly above the 2nd burial layer, in the laver of silted rock debris mixed with clay, where they have floated about in the water. Objects Nos. I- 15 were unfortunately taken out of the tomb by mistake before their levels were taken, but they certainly belong to the upper burial layer and therefore to the and burial period.

## BCRIALS

In the first burial period, scanty remains of three bodies were observed, one along the back wall and two in the south part of the chamber. The body along the back wall was female, adorned with one bracelet of silver (No. i8). Of the bones, only fragments of the skull were preserved. Of the bodies buried in the south part of the chamber, one was buried close to the south wall and the other beside it. The body buried close to the south wall was male, provided with an iron knife (No. 42), and adorned with a silver bracelet (No. 39) and a silver brooch with a scarab, hanging around its neck (No. fo). Of the bones of these two bodies, no remains were preserved. In the second burial period there was only one interment, the remains of which, consisting of a layer of burial earth, were found in the centre of the chamber. The tomb-gifts in the pots were accumulated close to the bodies in three groups, one near the north side wall, a second near the back wall, and a third along the south side wall of the chamber. Besides there were two cone-shaped pithoi, placed along the front wall, to the right of the door.

[^10][^11][^12]rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; vertical line on handle ending in a cursed line from hase of handle toward; shoulder. Height 16.6 .
3. Plan White V sack-shaped jug with flat base; splaying rim; somewhat rased handle. Height 17.5 .
4. Black-on-Red III (V) globular jug with base-ring; conical neck. Rim and handle missing. Encircling lines round neck, concentric circles on etther side of body; two concentric circles as front ornament. Height iq.z.
5. Plain White $V$ small Jug with flat hase; wide, concave neck; rased handle from rim to belly. Henght 89 .
6. Plam White V jug, as No. 3. Herght 17.4.
7. Plain White V jug, as No. 3 , but without raised handle. Height 16.0.
8. Plan White V oval jug wath base-disc; short, concave neck; small, pinched mouth; raised handle from rim to shoulder. Height $15 .+$
9. Plain White V jug, as No. 3. Handle missing. Height i6.2.
10. Black-on-Red II (IV) rounded, almost hemıspherical bowl wath flat base; two vertical handles below rim. Encircling lines round rim and handle; black handles. Diam. 10.6 .
11. Red Slip III (V) biconical miniature bottle with narrow, flat base; concave, narrow neck; thick, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 5.5.
12. Bichrome Red II (V) oval jug with base-ring; neck splaying upwards; moulded rım; knobbed twin-handle from rim to shoulder. White dots on black ground upon rim; white-dotted black lines round neck; black and white encircling lines and bands round belly; white wavy line round shoulder; ladder-pattern on handle; sling-ornament and pendant strokes below handle. Height is.4.
13. Red Slip III (V) oval jug wath base-ring; slightly concave, almost cylindrical neck; raguely moulded rim; "metal-knobbed" twin-handle from rim to shoulder, and a large buck's protome opposite the handle. Herght 26.8 .
I4. Bichrome Red II (V) jug, shape as No. I3, but with ram's protome opposite the handle. Black dots upon rim; white-dotted, black lines round neck; conventionalized leaf-ornament on shoulder; black and white encrrcling lines and bands round body; ladder-pattern on handle; painted protome and sling-ornament below handle. Height 25.9 .
15. Bichrome Red II (V) jug, as No. 14, but with bull's protome opposite the handle. Black triangles on white ground, upon and below rim; white-dotted black lines round neck; black and white encireling lines and bands round body; ladder-pattern on handle; painted protome and sling-ornament below handle. Height 25.7 .
I6 Bichrome Red II (V) jug, as No. 15 , but with plan handle from neck to shoulder; simular decoration, but with a wary white line round neck, and white-dotted rosettes on shoulder; vertical strokes on both sides of handle. Height 30.6. - 2 S.
17. Bichrome Red II (V) shallow, wide bowl wath basering, and flat rans. Black trangles on white ground
round rim; a black encircing band outside body; black circular lines and bands moide. Diam 33.5. - 29 .
18. Plan, carcular salver bracelet, with a wap between ends. Diam 65 . Floor.
19. Bichrome IV spherical hotte with narruw neck, splayine upwards, handle-ridge; flat rom; handle from neck to shoulder. Red rim and upper part of neck, black circular lines above handle-ridge; vertual row of two concentric circles oppasite the handle; transterse lines on hindle. Base mising. Ifetght 120 . İloor
20. Plain Whate $V$ sack-shaped jug with flat base: splaying rim. Handle missing. Herght $1+5 .-22$.
21. Red Slip III (V) conical bswl with narrow base-disc; Hat rım, sloping inwards; horizontal handle below rim. Dark slip. Dians. 12.7. Flour.
22. Bichrome I (IV)-II (V) oval jue with narrow, thick base-ring; tall, swollen neck; rm and handle missing. Surface slightly polished; decoration almost effaced. Height 15.0. Floor.
23. Whate Panted III cup-shaped bowl with narrow, ratsed bise, splaying rim; double-cursed, rather anmular outline, handle from rim to boxly Encircling lines round rim, body, and base; black handle; ohlaque stroke from rim to base of handle. Diam. i 3.5 Floor.
24. Plain White V shallow bowl with that base; concase, ratsed rim. Dam. 12.3. - 22 ,
25. Bichrome IV゙—V depressed amphrora with small baserang; splaying neck; plan rim, vertical handes on shoulder. Circular lines and bands round neck, shoulder, and belly, sparse, concentric ctrcles on shoulder; ladderpattern on handles; vertical strokes on shoulder, framung the handles. Height 17.0 . Floor.
26. Whate Panted IV oval hydraa wath base-ring, eytindreal neck; horizontal handles on shoulder, and a vertical one from neek to shoulder. Rim mosing Encarcling lines and hands round rm, shoulder, belly, and base; framed, vertical zigzag line on vertical handle, black, horizontal handles; coneentric circles round shoulder and belly. Iteight +3.0.-10.
27. Black-on-Red II (IV) osal amphoriskos wath basering; wide, cylindrical neck; swollen ram, vertical handles from rim to shoulder. Encirching lines round rim, neck, and belly: concentric carcles on shoulder. (One hande missing. Heaght 13.4. Floor.
28. Bichrome IV oval amphora wath base-rines tapering neck; swollen rom; horizontal handles on shoulder Encircling lines and b.ind, round rmo and neck, encircling lines on shoulder and below helly, sparse, concentric carcles between the black painted handles. Height fo.o. Floor.
29. Bichrome Red I (IV) oval, slender amphoriskos with base-disc and horizontal handles on shoulder. Neck and rom missing. Black and bripht-red encorcling lines round shoulder and belly; black handles. Stroke polinhed, red surface and mat colours. Herght 17.0. Floor.
30. Black-on-Red II (IV) wide, shallow bwl wath rounded outline; base-ring; in-turned rm, two horizontal handles
on rim. Encircling lines and bands round rim, body, and base; black handles and a spiral carcle, both inside and out. Didm 16.6. - 15 .
3r. Bichrome IV ovord amphoriskos with base-disc; evlindrical neck: swollen rim; horizontal handles on belly. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder. and body; black handles. Herght 135 On No. 32.
32 Black-on-Red II (IV) amphoriskos, as No. 27 Height it. $6 .-20$.
33. White Panted III bowl, as No. 23, hut with straght sides; plain rim. Diam. 12.+. - 15 .
3+ Bichrome IV slender, oval amphoriskos with basering; short, wide, tapering neck; flattened rim; vertical twin-handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and belly; vertical lines on handles; concentric circles round neck and shoulder. Herght 22.4. - 21 .
35. Bichrome IV-V amphora, as No. 25, but with slightIy consex neck. Herght zo.o. Floor.
36. Bichrome IV oval amphora with base-ring; cylindrical neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Circular lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly: sparse, concentric circles on belly, black handles. Incomplete. Height 23.0. Floor.
37. Bichrome IV amphora, as No. 36. Part of neck missing. Height 26.5. Floor.
$3^{8}$ Bichrome Red II (V) shallow, wade bowl with basering; flat rim. Black triangles on white ground round
rim; black encircleng band outside, black and white circular lines and bands inside the bottom. Diam. I9 8. Floor.
39. Silver bracelet, as No. iS, but with groups of incised chevrons on each end. Dram. 6.4. Floor
+o. Symmetrically curved, brooch-shaped pendant of siver, with cyIndrical mounting for hanging. The central ornament is a cornelian scarab with a seated sphinx, looking right. Length 6.1. Flour.
41. Red slip II (IV) cup-shaped bowl with base-disc; flattened rim; handle from rum to body. Diam. 9.3. Floor.
+2. Curved, single-edged ron knife with broad tang and two nails. The edge is on the concave side. The pointed end missing. Length if.o. Floor.
43. Red Slıp III (V) bowl, as No. 2r. Diam. I6.S. Floor.
+4. Bichrome IV bottle, as Nu. I9, and with base-disc; three concentric circles in front. Height 10.6. Floor.
45. Plain White IV cone-shaped pithos with pointed base; straight outline; tertical sides; flat shoulder; no neck; swollen rim; vertical loop-handles below shoulder. Helght +i.o. Floor.
46. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, as No. 30, but with concentric circles inside. Diam. 33.2. - 8
47. Plain Whate IV oval amphora with base-disc; slightly splaying neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 19.2. Floor.
+8. Plan White V pithos, as No 1. Heaght 47.8 Floor. 49. Plan Whate $V$ pithos, as No. I. Height 480 . Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

In the ist burial period a survival of Type III, a majority of Type IV, and a few early Type V of pottery are represented, assigning it to the first part of Cypro-Archaic II; in the 2nd burial period, there is one survival of Type III, a number of Type IV and a predominance of Type V , of which some are rather late in style. This assigns the burial period to about the middle of Cypro-Archaic II.


Fíg. 158. Narion, Tomb 62, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3): Finds in vitu ( 4 ) , Tomb 63, Plan and Finds in situ (5); Sections A-A, B-B (6, 7). Tomb 6+, Plan (8); Sections A-A, C-C, B-B (9, 10, 1 ); Finds in situ (12).

$$
\text { TOMIB } 63 \text { (Figs. } 1_{57} ; 1_{5} 8: 5-7 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

| Dromos | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Chamber | 2.04 | 2.34 | - | - |

The dromos is a rectangular, basin-shaped shaft with nearly vertical walls, sloping towards the door. The rock wall between the chamber of Tomb 83 and the back part of the south side wall of the dromos has collapsed. The upper part of the door has collapsed, but the door-packing, consisting of a quantity of rough stones was still standing in situ. There is no stomion and the floor of the dromos is on the same level as the front part of the chamber. The chamber is roughly square in shape, but the south-east rock wall, separating it from the chamber of Tomb 83, has collapsed. The floor of the chamber slopes towards the back wall; its roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of an oblique bottom layer of fine chonnos and chazara, mixed with stones and potsherds; above that an oblique layer of rough chonnos and chazara and a top layer of chonnos and clay. The finds of pottery fragments in the bottom layer of the dromos-filling indicate a reburial, some of the pots for the tomb-gifts of the first burial having been thrown out into the dromos at the reburial. This was verified by the stratification of the layers and the circumstances of finds in the chamber. No sections were made through the filling of the chamber, but it was evident that there were two burial strata, one on the floor and the other on the top of this, covered by rock debris from the collapsed roof.

The objects Nos. 5 , ir , and 12 found at a level of - 98 and - 104 (see Obj. Reg.) belong to the 2nd burial period. All the other objects belong to the rst burial period, and were found on the floor or inside those deposited on the floor, except Nos. i and 2 which were found on the levels of - 116 and - $\mathbf{1 2 0}$, having floated about in the silted debris.

## BLRIALS

No remains of skeletons could be traced. In both burial periods beside the usual tombgifts and pots, which were found in the chamber, offerings were brought to the deceased in pots after the funeral, and the pots were deposited outside the door in the dromos-filling.

```
FINDS (GROCP: PL. LXX, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
```

1. Whate fanted II deep bowl with low foot, slightly double-cursed outline; splaying rim: honzontal handles below 1 mm Enuraling bands round rim. body. and bane. black handlen, metope decoration of plan metopes weparated by bands of sertical lines and latticed lozenges. framed by vertical lines Part of bowl moming. Height $12.1-85$.

2 White Panted II bowl, shape as No. r, but somewhat heavier. Encircling bands around rim and body; black handles; metope decoration of plain metopes separated by vertical bands of network, lattıced lozenges; zigzag herring-bone pattern; lines framed by parallel vertical lines Height it.0. - 83 .
3 Black Slap I depresed globular jug with low foot; ridge below neck; concave, tapering neck; pinched
mouth; handle from rim to shoulder (missingi, vertical1s, Hrooved body. Height i5.3. Flgor.

+ Fragment of White Panted I owoid amphora watb basering. Encarcling lines and bands round body and base Upper part missing - 9犬.


## ('hainber

1. White Panted I depressed globular jug with narrow, low foot, shghtly concate neck: splaying rine; bandle from neek to shoulder. Latticed bands cromsing eatb other irtegularly on shoulder: a herring-bone band round belly: transserse lines on handle, encrefing line below neck. Decoration worn; almost effaced. Helgbt 21.5 - 116.
2. White Panted 1 depressed globular jugs with low foot. short, concase neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rimand bode; framed zigzag line along handle. Height $140-120$.
3. Black Slip I-II depressed oval Jug wath low foct; tapering, rather straght neek; pinched rim (missing); handle from rim to shoulder Vertually grooled body; four horizontal, inceed lines around shoulder. Height 23 5. In No. +
4. White Panted I bowl with low foot; double-curved outline; splaying rim; hormontal handles on body. Encircling bands round rim, body, and base, black handles; metope decoration of swasticas separated by bands of zogzag lines, and herringbone-pattern framed hy parallel, sertical lines on budy, circles inside. Diam 240 Floor.
5. White Painted V globular jug with base-ring, conical neck; narrow, pinched mouth, twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encricing lines round rim and neck; way line round nech; intersecting eneareling lines and concentric circles on either sude of hody, transwerse lines over handle; three stripes below handle Hetght $250 .-98$.
6. Black Slip I depressed globular jug with low foot; slightly concase neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to sboulder. Vertically grooved body. Hesght 19.2. Floor.
7. Whate Panted I jug, shape as No 2, but with wader and taller neck. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and belly; latticed, framed tranolen, and a vertacal, framed band of ladder-pattern on shoulder, two eneircling wasy lines on neck. Height 222 Floor.
8. Black .olip I depressed elobular jug with low foot; tapering neck; swollen rim; handle trum neck to shoulder. Vertically grooved body. I leasht ig.5. Floor
9 White Panted 11 bowl, smmar to Dromos No. 2. Encircling bands round rim, b:rdy, and base, carcle inside bottom, black bandles Flewht 11.9 Floor.
io. Whise Panted I bowl with low foot: double-curved outline; splaying rmm handle from rim to body. Encircling line round rim and circles mside, foot and handle black; two lines round body; cursed strohe below handle Diam. 122 Floor.
9. Black Slip V-VI osal Jug with flat base; concave neek; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder, spout opposite handle (missing) Height 10 6. Inside No. iz.
10. Plan White V-VI bowl with narrow base-ring, rounded outline; plain ram. Diam. 13.0. - 104 .
11. Black Slip I-HI jug, shape as No. 6. hut with sheghtly concave, narrow neck. Dram. 1oo. Flour.
12. White Painted I bowl, shape as No. 4 ; decoration as No. 9. Height 1o.0. Floor.
13. White Painted I bowl, shape as Dr. No. 2, and decoration as No. + but wath the metopes dagonally crosed, separated by bundles of vertacal lines. Diam is.8. Flour.
14. White Panted I bowl, as No. 10, but wathout the curved stroke. Dtam. Iz 3. Floor
15. Coarse wide, depressed jug with flat base, wide, short neck; rased, out-turned rim; bandle from ram to shoulder. I leught 90 . Floor.
16. White Painted I howl, as No 10 1)am 13. Floor.
17. Bichrome I-II barrel-shaped battle with narrow neck; handle from neck to sboulder Nouth nussing. Encircling lines round the neck and concentric circles on ether sude of the bucly, transwerse strokes oser handle. IIenght 100 . Floor.

## Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data,

 we obtain the following diagram:

CHRONOLOGY
The second burial period, where Type V of pottery and transitory forms between $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{y}} \mathrm{pes} \mathrm{V}$ and VI are represented, dates, consequently, from the end of Cypro-Archaic II, while the first burial period, in which Type I and a few specimens of Type II occur, has to be assigned to the beginning of Cypro-Geometric II.

$$
\text { TOMB } 64 \text { (Figs. } \mathrm{I}_{5} 8: 8-\mathrm{I} 2 ; 163 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.35 | 1.23 | I.I6 | - |
| Chamber | 1.76 | 2.08 | - | - |

SHAPE
The upper part of the dromos is narrow and descends by two steps. At the second step, the dromos widens abruptly to a roughly rectangular shaft with nearly vertical walls, descending by a gradual slope to the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed. It is very wide and fills the whole width of the dromos. The door-packing, consisting of one roughly cut block and a quantity of rubble, was still in situ. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, and the floor of the dromos descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is cave-shaped, with two loafshaped niches cut in the back wall; the one at the level of the floor of the chamber and the other, 0.05 m . above it. The floor of the chamber is horizontal. The roof has entirely collapsed, but seems to have been slightly curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two oblique layers of charara, separated by an oblique streak of sand. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A top layer of silted rock debris, from the completely collapsed roof.
2) A layer of rough rock debris mixed with sand from the partly collapsed roof.
3) Close to the door, a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated chazara from the first layer of charara in the dromos.
4) A burial and eulture stratum at the bottom.

There was only one burial laver and all the finds were on the floor.

BCRIALS
Remains of one skeleton were found along the south side wall of the chamber. Of the bones, parts of the spinal column, ribs, right cubital bone, fibula, pelvis, left finger-bones and right femur were preserved in such a position that it can be ascertained that the body had been huried in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head towards the back wall of the chamber. The few tomb-gifts in pots were placed in the centre of the chamber, and in the north niche.

FIND: (GROLP: PL. LXX, 4; TYPEs: L. OF PL. II)
. Buchrome IV oval puy with hase-dise Neek and handle missing. Encircling lines and hands round belly, with three encircling wave lines in their intervals; concentric arcles in double-sroups on shoulder. Herght 2 I. 2 Floor.
2. Bichrome 15 depressed orond amphora wath base-ring. short, wide. crlindrical neck; swollen. flattened twinhandles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round helly: frieze of concentric carcles on shoulder. framed zigzag band round neck; ladder-pattern on handles. strokes on rim. Height 264 . Floor.
3. Bichrome IV depressed owod amphora, with short neck, splaying sightly upwarls; flattened rma: horizon-
tal handles on hells. Broad network fricye round betle, tramed hy seseral encircling lines and bands; black handles, line helow neck. Ileight 26.7 1/loor.
4. Plan White IV rounded bowl wath plan rim, flat, rased base Diam. $102 . \ln$ bde $\mathrm{l}_{0} 2$.
5. Blach-on-Red II (IV) bsw!, thape (N No 4 . but nore rounded outline. Broad line witnade and invide rim. Dram. ro.6 Incide No. 3
6. Black-on-Red II (I) depressed mmature jus with base-dise: no neck: pinched mouth: handle from rim to shoulder. Fincreling line round rim and neck; vertacal hand aloner handle. Iteight 6 . $\ln$. 1 de No.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we ohtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The pottery is entirely of Type IV, which are generally late in style. The tomb therefore dates from the end of Cypro-Archaic I.

TOMB 65 (Fig. 159: 1-4)
size

|  | length | Wiulth | Depth | Hencht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.23 | I. II | 1.75 | - |
| Stomion | 0.27 | 0.90 | -- | - |
| Chamber | 2.20 | 2.16 | -- | -- |

SHAPE
The dromos is a basin-shaped shaft, widening slightly at the back. The back and side walls are almost vertical; the front wall is concave; the floor slopes gently towards the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed, but the door-packing consisting of a quantity of rubble was still in situ. The stomion is very short, rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber, at the right end of its front wall, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in plan, with the side walls narrowing towards the back; an oblique back wall, and nearly scmicircular right hack corncr. The floor is approximately horizontal, and the roof has collapsed, but seems to have been slightly curved and sloping towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of an oblique laver of stones and pieces of chonnos in front of the door; a horizontal laver of chacara overlaying this in the front part of the dromos, and an upper layer of charara separated from the lower layer, by a strip of small stones. The layers in the chamber werc composed of:

1) A top layer of silted clay.
2) Debris of gravel and chacara.
3) Rock debris from the collapsed roof.
4) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom.

There was only one burial layer, and all the finds were on the floor in the chamber.

## BURIALS

Remains of only one interment were found in the chamber, along its south side wall. Only fragments of the skeleton were preserved (parts of the upper and lower extremitics, and the pelvis). From the position of these bones, it scems certain that the body had been buried in a dorsal, outstretched position along the south side wall of the chamber with the head ncar the front wall. On the pelvis a bronze pin was found (No. IO), which has been used for fastening the clothes of the deceased.

## FINDS (GROUP: PL. LAXI, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I White Panted I deep bowl with low foot; doublecurved outline; two horizontal handles below rim Encircline bnds round rim, body, and base, circle anside; black handles. Dam. yoo. Floor.
2 Whate Panted I bowl, as No. 1 Diam. 95. Floor.
3 White Panted I glohular depressed starrup-lase with narrow, bigh base-ring. Concentric earcles on the knob; transterse lines on handle; encireling lines and bands round spout, belly, and hase, framed, latticed, equalateral triangles on shoulder. Herght ins.5. Inside No +
4. White Panted I conical goblet with in-turned rim; two handles from rim to body; tall, moulded stem; flat basedinc Encircling lines and hands round rim, body, stem, and base, transuerse lines on handles; dented line below rim: 71gzag ornament on base-disc. Height 1.; 6. Floor.

5 White Panted I bowl, shape as No. I. Encircling hands round rim, body, and base; two wary lines hetween handles. Hleight ito. Floor.
6. White Painted I depressed piriform amphora with narrow base-ring, no neck, out-turned, curved rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, shoulder, base, and belly, black handles; two way lines herween handles. Height 18.5. Floor.
7. Black Ship I depressed globular jug wath low foot; slightly concare neck, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Horizontal, grooved lines on shoulder; body vertically srooved from shoulder to base. Height i6.8. Flour.
S. White Panted I piriform amphora with base-ring; whe, sheghtly concase neck; flaring rim; curved, vertical handles from rim to shoulder. Bundles of radiating lines on rmm, squarely framed, four-leaved ornament on neck, Hanked hy vertical, framed zigzag lines; zigzag lines on handles; encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and base. Hewht 393 Floor.
9 White Painted I amphora, as No. \&' Height 43.0 Floor.
1o. Plain needle of bronze with oval eyelet at one end. Eyelet partly mising Length in.t. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:



Fig. 159. Marion. Tomb 65, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3); Finds in situ (f). 'Fomb 66, Plan and Finds in sifu (5); Sectrons B-B, C-CC, A-A (6, 7, S). Tomb 67, Plan (y); Sections A-A, B-B (io, II).

The pottery, which the classification shows to be entirely of Type I, assigns the tomb to Cypro-Geometric I.

$$
\text { TOMIB } 66 \text { (Fig. } 159: 5-8 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.36 | 1.14 | 1.72 | - |
| Chamber | 2.88 | $3 \cdot 34$ | - | 1.40 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a short staircase shaft, widening towards the back, with rertical walls, descending by six regular steps to an approximately horizontal area in front of the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed. The door-packing was rather loosely built of rubble and not founded on the floor, but on the bottom stratum of the dromos-filling. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall, and the floor descends to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is roughly rectangular in shape, with slightly curved walls, and rounded corners. Its floor slopes gently towards the back wall. In the middle, there is an irregularly shaped shaft of rounded outline, cut in the rock, $0.10-0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. below the floor-level. The curved roof has nearly entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of sand, gravel, and smaller stones, on which the door-packing was founded; and two upper layers of chazara and sand. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A top layer of sand and rubble from the collapsed, upper part of the rock.
2) An oblique layer of rock debris consisting of chonnos and gravel from the collapsed roof.
3) A pyramidal layer of chonnos and streaks of gravel from the collapsed roof.
4) A horizontal layer of hard-packed filling of sand.
5) A disturbed burial and culture stratum at the bottom.

The disturbed culture stratum shows that the tomb had been visited by intruders, and the intact layers of debris that this happened before the tomb collapsed. The tomb-robbers evidently entered the tomb from the shaft, which they partly dug out, down to the bottom layer; and after their visit they built up the door-packing loosely again, founding it on the bottom layer of the dromos-filling, and refilled the dromos with the two upper layers of chacara and sand.

## BURIALS

In the disturbed bottom stratum some traces of burial earth were found along the left part of the front wall of the chamber. The tomb-gifts in pots, etc., were found along the left side wall and the back wall of the chamber.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXI, 2; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plain White $V$ sack-shaped jug with flat base; no neck, splaying rim; rased handle from ram to shoulder. Height 13.5.-62.
2. Plan Whate V shallow bowl with flat base; erect rm. Diam. It.0. - 60 .
3. Plam White V-VI shallow bowl with flat base; inwards thickenng rim. Diam. 12.0. - 5t
4. Red Slip III (V) deep plate with wide base-disc; bulging sides; flattened rim with moulded lines; two string-holes. Diam. 21.0. - 65 .
5. Open, saucer-shaped lamp of terracotta with flattened base; flat rim; pinched wick-holder. Dıam. 10.6. Floor.
6. Red Slip IV (VI) rounded bowl with narrow base-ring; plain rim. Slip turned almost black. Diam. 12.0. Floor.
7. Plan White V bowl, as No. 2. Diam. io.8. Floor.
8. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle with narrow
base-ring; short, narrow nech; swollen rmp handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling bands round rim ind bells. Height 7.6. Floor.
9. Plan White V depressed globular jug with base-dinc, short, concave neck, pinched mourh: rased handle from rim to shoulder. Height 12.0 . Floor.
10 Black Slip V bottle, shape as No. S. Herght 7.5 Flour.
in. Plan White $V$ jug, as No i. Height $16 . \delta$. Floor.
10. Red Shp III (V) bowI, as No 6, but with narrower base-ring; conical, rather angular outhne. Diam 12.2. Floor.
11. Plan White V jug, as No. i. Heaght 16.1 . Floor.
12. Black Glazed kyix, Type 3. Plain. Dam. i6.\%. Floor.
13. Plain White V jug, as No. 1. Ifeight 166 . Floor.
14. Black-on-Red III (V) bottle, ds No. S. Height 130. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

This tomb, containing pottery of generally late Type $V$, with two specimens of early Type VI, is accordingly assigned to the end of Cypro-Archaic II, or beginning of CyproClassic I. The style of the plain Attic kylix is in accordance with this date.

$$
\text { TOMIB } 67 \text { (Figs. } 159: 9-11 ; 160 ; 161 ; 162: 1 \text { ) }
$$

## size

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.70 | 1.52 | 1.22 | -- |
| Chamber | 2.59 | 3.02 |  |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather short shaft, widening slightly at the back, and descending by two steps to a horizontal area in front of the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed. The lower part of the door-packing consisting of small and large stones, was still standing in situ. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis,


Fig. 160. Narion. Tomb 67. View of the chamber with finds in situ.


Fig. 161. Marion. 'Tomb 67. Skeleton in situ.
and the floor of the dromos is at the same level as that of the chamber. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in shape, with the back wall hollowed out. The floor slopes gently towards the back wall, and the roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three layers of sand and chazara. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A heary layer of rock debris with large pieces of chonnos and streaks of sand from the completely collapsed rock.
2) A layer of fine, silted chonnos from the partly collapsed roof with a burial and culture stratum (2nd burial period).
3) Close to the door a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated dromos-filling.
4) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom (ist burial period).

The objects found on the floor were the following: Nos. 1 -io, i2, if-ig. They belong therefore to the first burial period. The objects belonging to the second burial period were, for the most part, found at a level of - 55 , in the burial stratum, but some of them were found at higher levels, having floated in the water of the silted laver of chonnos. According to the levels the objects belonging to the second burial period are Nos. II, 13-16, 20-44.

## BLRIALS

Remains of a body buried in the first burial period was found along the back wall of the chamber on the floor. No bones were preserved, and the body was only represented by a layer of burial earth. In the second burial stratum, a well preserved female skeleton was found along the right side wall of the chamber, within a rectangular area screened off by two cut poros stones. The woman buried within this screened-off area was provided with a pallet and a mirror (Nos. 37, 39), and was adorned with silver finger-rings, hair-rings,
and earrings (Nos. 43, 44). The body was placed in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head near the back wall of the chamber. The tomb-gifts in pots of the first burial period were placed along the back wall of the chamber; those of the second burial period, inside the screened-off area, with exception for a few found just outside it.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. LXXI, 3, LXXII; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Red Slip IV (VI) rounded, shallow bowl with narrow base; plain rim. Diam. II.7. Floor.
2. Plain White VI ovold amphora with slanting shoulder; widening neck; swollen rim; horızontal handles on shoulder. Height 41.6. Floor.
3. Black Lustrous shallow bowl with base-ring; angular outlıne; flat, drooping rim; plain. Diam. 15.0 . Floor.
4. Black Glazed kylix, Type 3. Plain. Dram. 13.8. Floor.
5. Plain White VI fragment of a piriform amphora with wide body; knobhed base. Floor.
6. Plain White VII bobbin-shaped amphora with knobbed base; swollen, short neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 610 . Floor.
7. Plain White VI ampñora, as No. 2. Height 46.5. Floor.
8. Red Slip IV (VI) bowl, as No. 1. Diam. 12.0. Floor.
9. Plain White VI urn-shaped, small amphorskos with flat base; no neck; splaying rim; horizontal, rudimentary handles on shoulder. Height 6.5. Floor.
10. Plain White VII piriform amphora with knobhed base: cylindrical, slightly swollen neck; small, swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 63.5. Floor.
II. Plain White VII amphora, similar to No. Io, but with slanting shoulder and splaying neck. Height $575 .-42$
11. Lustrous Painted oval amphora with moulded basedisc; horizontal shoulder; cylindrical neck; outward bulging rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim and shoulder; black basedisc; hooked cross between handles on each side of neck; dotted lines below neck and on shoulder Black, lustrous paint on fine, red slip. Imported. Height 49.7. Floor.
12. Red Figured guttus of clumsy type with knobbed top, imitating Type 1 . Leaf-ornaments round knob, female head in profile, surrounded by olive-leaves, on each side of body. Inferior work. Diam. 9.5. - 45 .
13. Black Glazed bowl (A. 2). Impressed, four-pointed star with palmettes at the points; circle in centre; faint roulette carcles without. Diam. 9.1. - +5 .
14. Black Glazed bowl (C. 7). Plain. Diam. 11.1. - 45.
15. Plain White VI sack-shaped jurg wath flat base; concave neck: splayine rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height $11.5 .-48$.
16. Plain White VI sack-shaped jug with flat base; no neck; projecting rim; high handle from rim to shoulder. Height is.6. Floor.
17. Plan White VI jus, smilar to No. if, but with less elevated handle, and slacker body. Height 122 . Floor.
18. Black slip VI biconcal jus with narrow base-ring;
rather wide, short, concave neck; swoilen rim: handle from rim to shoulder. Height 7.6. Floor.
19. Black Glazed howl (C. 6). Plain. D1am $1+2$. - 55
20. Black Glazed bowl (A. 4). Impressed star of palmettes surrounded by carcle of O's and nine palmette points; faint rouletting without. Diam. If.O. - 55 .
21. Black Glazed bowl (A. 3). Impressed, largish carcle of O's, surrounded by ten palmette points. Dam. 15.0. - 55.
22. Plain White VI oval juir with flat base; concave neck; small rim; handle from rim to shoulder; small spout opposite the handle. Height 10.3. - 55.
23. Black Glazed bowl (C. I). Impressed, plan circle with six palmettes on circumference. Diam. $112 .-55$.
24. Black Glazed bowl (C. I) Impressed, plain circle with six palmettes on circumference. Diam. 11.2-55.
25. Black Glazed bowl (C. 3). Impressed, plan carcle with nine palmette points on croumference. O's at base of points. Diam. I2.7. - 55 .
26. Black Glazed bowl (C. 1). Impressed, plan carcle with six palmettes on circumference $D_{1} \mathrm{~m}$ I $1.0-55$.
27. Black Gilazed bowl (C'. 3). Plan. Diam. 15 2. - 55.
28. Black Glazed guttus, Type 1. Plan. Diam si. - 55.
29. Black Glazed guttus, Type 1. Plan. Diam. 8.s - 55.
30. Black Glazed guttus, Type i. I'lan Dam. 90. - 55 .
31. Black Glazed guttus, l'ype 1 Plan. Dam o $5 .-5.5$.
32. Plain White VII rather biconical jus with base-rinct, narrow, concave neck, wadening slisholy, small, panched mouth; handle from rum to shoulder. Hemph is 3 . 55

33. Stroke Polished II (VII) depressed oval jus with base-ring; ridge below neck, funnel-mouth; moulded handle from neck to shoulder Heaght 27.3-18
34. Plain White VII ovold amphora, as No 2. but with slender body; narrow, tall neck, wadening upwards Height +4.5. - 12
35. Pallet of bronze, circular, plain, used for urinding paint for torlet use. Dram. in S. - 55 .
38 Plam Whate VI jue, as No. ib. Heirht i2.7. -- Io
36. Circular marror of hronze wath narmon tang. tartane from a rounded mounting Palmette on mounting. Diam. 10 o. - 55.
4o. Plain White VII oword Jug wath flat base. Neck and handle mussing. Height $207-12$
4 Plan White VII spherical jug with wade base-rane, narrow, cylindrical neck with handle-ridge near rim, splaving rim; handle from handle-ridee to shoulder. Herght is 7. - IS.
```
42. Plan White VlI shallow bowl woth flat base: splaying.
    straght sides; inwards thockening rom. Diam. 12.2.
    - 3I.
4.. .1. leech-shaped earrings of silver. Badly oxidized
    and broken Length 2.2. - 55.
```

44. Three silver rings.
a) Itar-ring with overlapping ends. Diam. I 3.
b) Finger-ring with horseshoe-shaped bezel. Diam. 1.9.
c) Bezel to a finger-ring. Length 1.9. - 55 .

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

We thus see that in the ist burial period, the Cypriote pottery consists of Type VI with a few Type VII, and this burial period dates therefore from the very beginning of CyproClassic II. In the 2nd burial period Type VII have increased in number, but Type VI are still represented, indicating that this burial period dates from the earlier part of CyproClassic II. The imported Attic pottery is numerous in the 2nd burial period, but infrequent in the rst burial period.

TOAIB 68 (Fig. 162: 2-5)
sIze

| SIze |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lenyth | Width | Depth | Height |
| Dromos | 1.40 | I. 20 | c. 1.30 | - |
| Stomion | 0.20 | 0.85 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.36 | 2.35 | - | c. 0.95 |

SHAPE
The front part of the dromos has been destroyed. Its floor slopes gently to the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed, and the door-packing was missing. The stomion is very short. It opens on to the chamber near the right end of the front wall, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in

shape with the side walls narrowing towards the oblique back wall. Its floor is horizontal, and the roof has nearly entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two layers of charara. In front of the stomion an open shaft had been dug through the debris of the dromos-filling down to the floor of the dromos, and this tomb-robbers' shaft continued into the chamber along its left front and south-east side wall. The intact layers in the chamber were composed of:
I) Top layer of clayey earth mixed with rock.
2) Rock debris from the collapsed roof.
3) A layer of silted, infiltrated debris.
4) A burial and culture stratum on the top of this (2nd burial period).
5) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom (ist burial period).

The finds of the two burial layers, however, have been mixed up by the water of the silted, infiltrated debris covering the burial strata, in which they floated. No stratigraphical importance is therefore to be attached to the levels at which the objects were found. It is still possible to distinguish between the finds of the two burial periods, because they are divided in two distinct, stylistic groups as shown by the classification.

## BURIALS

In the first burial period one interment took place. Remains of this, represented by a layer of burial earth, was found in the front part of the chamber.

In the second burial period, the back part of the chamber was screened off by a partition wall of stone blocks and rubble, and two interments took place, one inside this partition wall, and another outside, on the top of the earlier burials. Of the body buried within the partition wall, only the skull, the femur, and insignificant remains of other bones are preserved; but disarranged by the water in the loose layer of silted debris, so that nothing for certain can be said about the position of the body. Of the body buried outside the partition wall, no distinct traces of bones were preserved, but only a layer of burial earth.

## FINDS (GROLPS: PL. LXXIII, 1,3 ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)


4. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, as No. 3. Dram. ıo.r. - 20.

5 Black-on-Red II (IV) conical bowl with base-ring; rounded, in-turned rim; horizontal handles below rim. Encırcling band round rim; encroling lines inside; black handles. Diam. 23.6. Floor.
6. Bichrome Red I (IV) flat, plate-shaped bowl with basering: Hattened rins; horizontal wavy handle on rim. Black and white panels on rim; encircling line and band; carcle spiral inside. Diam. iy 2. Floor.
7 White Painted IV゙ oval jug with base-ring; splaying, concave neck; twin-handle from rm to shoulder. Neck and handle missing. Encircling lines and bands
round rim. neck, and belly; concentric circles on shoulder. Hewht $2+5 \div 2$.
8. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep, conical crater with basering; erect rim; twin-handles from rim to body. Encircling lines and bands round rim, body, and base; frieze of tangent, concentric circles hanging on rim; and detached, concentric curcles below. Height 15.8. - 6 .
9. White Painted I pırıform amphora with high base-ring, wide, concave neck; flat, flaring ram; handles from rim to shoulder. Bundles of radiating lines on rim; squarely framed, four-leaved ornament, flanked by framed zigzag lines on neck between handles; encircling bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and base; zigzag lines on handles. One handle missing. Height 37.5. - 11 .
10. Tiny bronze fragment of a ring. Inside No. 9.
11. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, shape as No. 6. Encircling lines round rim; encircling lines and bands on rim and inside. Dran. 19.6. On No. 12.
12. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, as No. 1I. Diam. I9.S. -- 20.
13. Plain White I oval jug with base-disc; ridged rim; wade, concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.9. - 27.
14. White Painted I oval amphora with base-ring; concave neck; flat, flaring rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling bands and lines round rim, neck, shoulder, belly, and base; framed, partly latticed triangles; bundles of vertical lines; black hour-glass ornament with latticed lozenge below, framed by double vertical lines, on the shoulder. Black handles. Height 39.7. - 15 .
15. Black Slip I depressed globular jug with low foot, concave neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Vertically grooved body; three to four horizontal, incised lines on shoulder. Height $17.8 .-5$.
 no hortzontal lines on thumber. 1Iewht 175. - 2.
 - 22
is. Coarse oval jug wath flat base, indise beion rim, splasing neck; handle from rum to shoulder. llempth $202-22$.
19 White Panted I depressed shobular amphoinhos with low foot; concase, wale neck, fiat, flarme ram, handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines, and bands round rim, neck. shoulder, and blee; radiating lines on rim; framed zigzag line on handles. Herght $162 .-30$
20. Plan White I depressed globular jug wath luw toot, concave, rather wide, tupering neck; swollen rm; rides below neck; handle from neik t.s shoulder Ilewht 17.7. Floor.
21. Leaf-shaped spear-head of aron with midrib; es lindracal socket with a ring-mounting of bronze. Woud still preserved in socket. Badly runted. Length 330 F:loor.
22 White Painted I bowl with low foot, double-cursed outline; plan rim; handle from rim to body Encirclons lines round rim and base; sweeping, way lines round body. Height ro.i. Floor
23 Red Slip I (III) depressed amphoriskos with luw fout, concave neck; flat, flaring rim, handles from run to shoulder. IIeight 7.0 IFloor.
24. Conncal spindle-whorl of white tufa with flat buttom, pierced with a hole through centre A frieze of hatched lozenges and triangles burdered by two grouves around edges; hatched triangles and bands of herring-bone pattern at bottom. IIeight 3.9 . I'lour.
25. White Panted Ill oval jues wath biat-ring; splasing. concave neck, twin-handle from rme to shoulder, massing rubular spout opposite the handle lincitcing lines and bands round rm, neck, and belly. concentric circles on shoulder, lancet-shaped strokes radatanc trom base of spout. Height $197 .-21$

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:



Fig. 163. Marion. Tomb 64.

## CHRONOLOGY

The ist burial period, with only pottery of Type I dates from Cypro-Geometric I; in the 2nd burial period, the pottery represented consists of Types III and IV, assigning this burial period to about the middle of Cypro-Archaic I.

$$
\text { 'ГOMB } 69 \text { (Figs. } 162: 6-8 ; 164 ; 165 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.96 | 1.00 | C. 1.45 | - |
| Stomion | 0.22 | 0.90 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.29 | 2.52 | --- | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a narrow, rectangular shaft with its front part descending by four regular steps, to a slightly sloping corridor leading to the stomion. The upper part of the door has

fallen in, and the door-packing was missing. The stomion is rather short. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, and its floor is at the same level as that of the chamber. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan with rounded corners. Its floor slopes gently towards the back wall. Its roof has completely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of chazara, and upper layers of clay, chonnos mixed with stones, and silted chonnos lying obliquely over the bottom layer. These upper layers have been formed by the influx of water. The lavers in the chamber were composed of a bottom layer of burial and culture earth; a covering laver of infiltrated clay mixed with streaks of burial earth, bones, and floated pots; and a top layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof.

Troo burial periods could thus be distinguished. Two skeletons belonging to the earlier burial period were found packed together with some smaller tomb-gifts in two large amphorae, placed near the back wall of the chamber. Some of the finds of the first burial period and most of the finds of the second had floated about in the infiltrated layer of clay, and were found at different levels, as mentioned above.

Among these floating finds it is easy to distinguish between those of the first and those of the second burial period, as they are divided into two stylistically distinet groups, as shown by the classification.

## BCRIALS

About the position of the bodies of the first burial period, nothing can be said as the skeletons were packed in the two amphorae already mentioned. In the second burial period, two burials could be stated, one along the left wall of the chamber, with the skull and fragments of the spinal column, ribs, upper and lower extremities in such a position, that it is erident that the body had been placed along the left side wall with the head towards the back wall
of the chamber; the second burial was represented only by a layer of burial earth along the right side wall of the chamber.

## FINDS (GROLPE: PLS. LXXIII, 2, LXXIV, 1; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Buhrome IV shallow. wide howl whth base-disc, flattened, cursed rim. horionatal handle on rim Encurcling lines round rim, bodỵ, and base; carcular lines enclosing a circle-ppral inside; transxerse lines on rim. Diam. 21 + — $0+$.
2. Black silip I globuiar, depressed jug with low foot; concise neck, punched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Ridere below neck; vertically grooved body. Hetght 200 -94.
$\therefore$ Coarse oxal jug with small base-dise; wode, ponched mouth I fandle missing. Height II. 2 - 90.
3. Foremon Red Slip depressed bottle with flat hase: small. narrow neck: handle from neck to shoulder. Rim musing. Height 6.o-8ı.
4. White Painted II deep bowl with low foot; rounded, heay, slightly double-curved outline; horizontal handles belose rim. Encircling bands round rim, body, and base; carcle inside, two framed, diagonal crosses between handles Dam. Iz.0. - so
6) White Panted IV oval amphora with hase-ring; cylindrical neck: ring-shaped rim: horizontal handles on helly. Encircling bands round rim, neck, and bellỵ; hlack handles, flanked hỵ vertical double-stripes from neck to belly; single tree-ornament between handles; frieze of framed, dagonal crosses round rim. Height 25.4. -72.
7. Bichrome IRed II (V) hiconical bottle with narrow, cylndrical neck, thick, swollen rum; hande from rom to shoulder. Enurchine lines and bands of white and dark purple on mat, black ship around hody Height 8.7. - so.
8. Blak the I jus, as No. 2. Part of handle missing. Herqht 200. - Sí.
9 Plan White $V$ shallow howl with Hat hase; inwards thackening rim. Diam. I1.4-76.
Io. Black-on-Ked III (V) oval jug with base-ring, tapering neck, pinched rim, twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Fincircling line round neck; concentric circles on ether side of hody; pendant strokes helow handle: front ornament of three stripes helow neck. Blackish Sip I Height $210-S_{0}$.
II White Panted I howl with low foot; douhle-curred outline, splaying rum; handle from rim to hody. Encircling lines round rim. body, and base, two sweeping lines round body. Diam. iz.o. - it.
is White Panted I plate with base-ring: two horizontal hamdes on rim. Encarcling lines and bands round ram and base, blak handles; entarcted paral inside the

1.3 P!an Whate V bowl, hape as No. 9. hut with angular outlene Diam $1=1$ On No. if.

14 White Painted II large, oval amphora with base-ring; slightly eoncave neck; flaring rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling bands round rım, neck, shoulder, belly, and base; black handles. Height 65.0. Floor.
15. White Panted III deep, conical bowl with base-ring; straght, almost angular outline; three incised lines round neek; horizontal handles below rim. Vertical band of latticed lozenges, intersected by filled triangles and flanked by two dragonal crosses, framed by bundles of sertical lines hetween handles; encircling bands round rim, body, and base; black handles. Height 105. Diam. 20.2. Inside No, It.
16. Foreign Red Slip shallow bowl with rounded outline; Hattened base: a cavity from outside in centre of bottom. Imitating bronze bowls. Diam. 13.1. Insıde No. 17.
17. White Painted I deep bowl with low foot (missing); double-curved outline; horizontal handles below rim. Encircling bands round rim, body, and base; latticed lozenge and two diagonal crosses, separated by bundles of vertical lines, and flanked by framed, vertical herringbone bands between the black handles. Diam. I7 5 . Inside No. 18.
18. Plain White I large, oval priform amphora with narrow, Hat base: ridge below neck, concave neck; flattened, flaring rim; curved handles from rim to shoulder. 'Two knobs flanking each handle on the rim. Height 67.0. Floor.
19. Black slip I wade, oval juy with base-ring, ridge helow neek; tapering neck with straight sides; pinched mouth; hande from rim to shoulder Vertically grooved body. Hersht 25.5. Inside No. 18 .
20. White Panted I globular, barrel-shaped jug; narrow neck; collar-shaped funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round r 1 m and neck; groups of encircling lines on body: ladder-pattern on handle. Herght 16.5 . Inside No. 18.
21. Plain, straight, thin bronze pin. Broken. Length is.6. Inside No. 18.
22. Broad, plain finger-ring of bronze. Diam, 2.3, Inside No 18.
23. Plain White II plate with base-ring; two horzontal handles on rim. Diam. 12.7. Floor.
24 Bichrome IV oval amphora with base-ring; cylindrical neck; thick, swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly, frieze of close, concentric carcles round neck: sparse, concentric carcles on shoulder: hlack handles Feight 50.0. -- \$6.
25 Black-on-Red III (V) globular jug with raised, flat hase: cylindrical neck, convex, splaying mouth, handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and
belly．Decoration rather effaced．Height 12．7．Inside No． 24.
26．Bichrome Red II（V）bottle，as No．；Hewht 5.5. － 36.
27．Black Slip I globular jug with low foot；concave neck； incused lines below neck；plan body Ram and handle missing．Height 15.5 －+0 ．
2S．White Painted I barrel－shaped，glohular jug with narrow neck；flaring funnel－mouth：handle from neck to shoulder．Encircling lines round rim and neck，tramed herring－bone pattern on handle；concentric herrong－ bone carcles around a wheel on either slde of bods， hanging，latticed lozenges below bese of handle；smilar tront ornament．Incomplete．Height iS．O．－+0.
29．Black Slip V shallow bowl wath base－ring；angular outline．Diam 127．—42．
30．White Painted II deep bowl，as No．5．Encireling bands round rim and base Diam．98．－ 46 ．

31．Bichrome Red II（V）buttle，ds No． 7 Hewht 135. － 100
32．Black Polinhed depressed mamature bettle with that base，narrow，e medse neck，thick，wollen 1 ma，handle from rim to shoulder Hewht $5+\quad 100$
3．3 White Panted IV wal jues with base－riner，wightly swollen neck，panched mouth with in－turnud 1 mm ，hande from rim to shoulder．Encireling lines and hand reund rim and neck；vertical lines on handle：sis concentric circles in double groups on shoulder．Hetght 205 ． － 100.
34．Bichrome If globular，barrel－shaped jug with stranght， splaying neck；handle from neck to shoulder．Enurd－ ing lines and bands round ram and nech，transterse strokes on handle，concentrie circles on both sides of body．Herght $135-100$ ．
35．White Panted I howl，ats No．11，but with was！lines around body Diam．132 Floor

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data， we obtain the following diagram：

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 2 \\
\& 2 \\
\& \frac{2}{3}
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& = \\
\& E \\
\& E
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \Xi \\
\& \vdots \\
\& \vdots
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Z } \\
\& \text { B } \\
\& \text { B2 }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& = \\
\& \stackrel{\vdots}{\grave{\rightharpoonup}}
\end{aligned}
\] \&  \& \begin{tabular}{l}
P \\
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弪
\end{tabular} \&  \& c r
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\begin{aligned}
\& \overline{\dot{r}} \\
\& \overline{\underline{x}}
\end{aligned}
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\& \vdots
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$\pm$ \& cos <br>

\hline ist burial period \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 11.12 \\
& 17.20 \\
& 28.35
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5 \\
1+ \\
30 \\
-3 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 15

-1 \& \& 34

-1 \& \& \& \& $$
\begin{gathered}
2.8 \\
19 \\
27
\end{gathered}
$$ \& \& \& 18

-1 \& 23
-1 \& \& $\square$
-1 \& ＋ \& 21
-1 \& 21
-1 <br>
\hline 2nd burial period \& \& \& \& 6
33
-2 \& \& 1
24

-2 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 10 \\
& 25 \\
& -2
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
7 \\
26 \\
31 \\
-3
\end{array}
$$
\] \& \& 29

-1 \& 32
-1 \& \& \& 11
13
-2 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## CHRONOLOGY

We see thus that the pottery of the rst burial period is composed of a majority of Type I and a minority of Type II，and a single specimen of Type III，which，however，is of an early type and almost transitory between Types II and III．The Foreign Red Slip pots should be noted．This combination of pottery types seems to indicate repeated buials in the ist burial period：the earliest interment is to be assigned to Cypro－Geometric I and the last interment to the end of Cypro－Gcometric II．In the 2nd burial period the pottery is represented by a number of Type IV and a majority of Type $V$ ，assigning it to the first part of Cypro－Archaic 11.

$$
\text { TOMB } 70(\text { Fig. } 167: 1-3 ; 168)
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.56 | 0.80 | 1.74 | - |
| Chamber | т. 86 | 2.10 | --- | -- |

$\therefore H A P E$
The dromos is a narrow staircase shaft, widening slightly at the back, with walls narrowing slightly upwards, and descending by two ordinary, and two oblique steps to a sloping area in front of the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed, and of the door-packing only three stones of the lower course remain. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber approximately in its longitudinal axis, and the floor of the dromos descends to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in plan with slightly curved side walls, narrowing towards the oblique back wall of which the north part is somewhat damaged. The floor of the chamber rises slightly towards the back wall, and the roof has completely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

In the lower part of the dromos there was a bottom-filling of charara mixed with stones, and in the upper part, a filling of fine, homogeneous chacara. These layers were covered by a top-filling of an oblique layer of chatara. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A heary layer of rock debris mixed with streaks of sand from the completely fallen-in roof.
2) A layer of sand.
3) An infiltrated layer of clay and silted filling of chomos.
4) A disturbed culture stratum at the bottom.

The disturbed culture stratum together with the fact that the debris covering it were intact, give evidence of the chamber having been robbed in ancient times, before the roof collapsed. Of the contents of the chamber, only two pots were left by the robbers.

## BCRIALS

No remains of skeletons were found.

FIND: (GROUP: PL. LXXIV, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. HI)

I Whate Parnted 1 deep bowl with low foot; doublecursed wothne, fphang rim, horzental handlev below rim Finuircling bands reund rim, body, and base. arcle made Dum. 9f Floor.

2 Coarse wal jur whth that bive: comade splaying neck; hatadle from rim to shouder. Height iso. Flour.


Fig. 167. Marion. Tomb 70 , Plan and Finds in situ (1); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3). Tomb -I , Plan and Finds in sth (4); Section A-A (5). Tomb 72, Plan (6); Sectons A-A, B-B, (-C, D)-D) (7, 8, (), 10); Finds in situ (11). Tomb 73 , Plan (12); Sections A-A, B-1) (13, if).

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

To judge from the two remaining finds of pottery, the tomb should be assigned to CyproGeometric I.

$$
\text { TOMB } 7_{1} \text { (Figs. } 166 ; 167: 4,5 \text { ) }
$$

## SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 5.05 | 1.70 | 2.60 | - |
| Stomion | 0.42 | 1.03 | - | c. 0.90 |
| Chamber | 1.78 | 2.04 | - | c. 1.05 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a long shaft, widening towards the back, descending gently at its upper end, and sloping abruptly in the middle, into a basin shaft in front of the door. From the upper end of the basin, a bench is cut in the right side wall of the dromos on a level with the top of the basin. The upper part of the door has fallen in, but the door-packing, consisting of two slabs of stone based on a foundation of rubble, was well preserved, and in situ. 'The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber slightly to the right of its longitudinal axis, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by a step. The chamber is roughty square in plan with curved front and side walls, and straight back wall. Its floor is horizontal, and its roof has completely collapsed, but seems to have been slightly curved, or nearly flat.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three layers of chazara. The layers in the chambers were composed of:

1) Oblique layer of rock material, with streaks of sand from the ccmpletely collapsed roof.
2) Another layer of debris from the completely collapsed roof.
3) A horizontal layer of fine rock, from the crumbled roof.
+) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom.
'There was consequently only one burial layer, and all the finds were on the floor.

## BL RIALs

Only one burial took place in the tomb, of which a well preserved skeleton was found. The body was buried in a dorsal, outstretched position, on one of the diagonals of the chamber with the head towards the right front eorner. The tomb-gifts in pots were placed in two groups, the one at the head, and the other one at the feet of the dead.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXV, I ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
I. Bichrome Red II (V) deep, conical howl wath narrow hase-ring; rounded outline; high, convex rim; horizontal. rudimentary handles on body. White and purple lines round rim and body; white, wasy line hetween handles. Diam. I5.0. Floor.
2. Plain White $V$ wide, shallow bowl with base-rıng; flat, down-turned rim. Diam. 34.0. Floor.
3. Bichrome V depressed oval amphora wuth base-ring; splaying neck with straight sides, thick, swolle: rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. 'Pwo wary lines round rim; friezes of concentric circles round rim and belly, zigzag band and a metope decoration of framed hourglass ornaments with one filled, and one plain triangle; black handles; encircling bands and lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly. Height 40.0. Floor.
4. Bichrome V biconical amphora with base-ring; slightly splaying neck; swollen rim, horizontal handles on
helly. Fncircling lines and band, round rimi, neck, shoulder and helly, two wasy lines below nech, concentric circles, separated by crossed and vertical lines on shoulder. Henght 46 4. Floor.
5. Plan White IV cellondrical, sack-shaped jug with tapering base: low base-ring; narrow neck, punched mouth; rassed handle from rim to shoulder Height 168. Floor.

6 Plan White V oroid amphora with narrow base-ring; celindrical neck; rulge below rim, conses rim, handles from neck to shoulder. Hewht $5^{5} 5$ Floor.
7 Buchrome V" amphora, as No. 3, hut without shoulder decoration, and with a network pattern on rim Helght 40.0. Floor.
8. Bichrome $V$ amphora, shape as Xo. 3 and decoration as No. 7, but without rmm decoratorn and with two tree-ornaments Hanking each handle Hesght to.0. Flowr.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
All the pottery found in the tomb is of Type $V^{r}$, exeept No. 5 , and the tomb leelongs, consequently, to the later part of Cypro-Archaie II.

TOMIB 72 (Figs. 167 : 6-11; 169)
size

|  | Lensth | Width | 1epth | 11 eryht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 6.48 | 2.45 | 3.92 | -- |
| Stomion | 0.68 | 0.90 | .- | 1.16 |
| Chamber | 2.30 | 3.30 |  | 1.47 |



Fig. 168. Marion. Tomb 70.


Fig. 169. Marion. Tomb 72, dromos.

SHAPE

The dromos is a large, monumental staircase shaft widening towards the back, with walls "idening upwards, and descending by nine steps to a horizontal area in front of the stomion. The stomion is rectangular in plan and projects into the dromos 1.45 m . from its back wall. (On both sides of the stomion a base is cut out of the rock near the corners of the back wall of the dromos, up to the upper level of the door-packing. These bases served as stands for terracotta statues (cf. below). The projecting part of the stomion descends by three steps t 0 the door, and from there by a gradual slope down to the chamber. The door has a slightly cursed roof and was closed by an intact door-packing of rough stones. Above the door in the back wall of the dromos, 0.65 m . below the rock surface, there is a small cupboard with curred roof and approximately horizontal floor cut in the rock. The chamber is of a roughly oval shape, and is entered through the door at the right end of its front wall. Its floor and curved roof slope towards the back wall.

## जTRATIFIC.ATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of four layers of charara with streaks of sand in the third layer. The layers in the chamber were composed of a burial and culture stratum at
the bottom, on the top of which was another burial and culture stratum, close to the door covered by a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated dromos chazara. For the rest, there was no foreign earth in the tomb.

In the laver of the ist burial period the following objects were found: Nos. $4,8,10$, II, 16, 17, 18, 27, 28, 34, and 37 a. The remainder belong to the 2 nd burial period.

## BLRIALS

The layer of the first burial period contained remains of two burials directly on the sandy floor (Skeletons V, VI); one body placed obliquely in the south part of the chamber, the other, immediately inside the door, both with the heads towards the door. Of the skeletons only the skulls were preserved. The first was a male body, provided with an iron knife (No.28) and the last female, provided with a silver ring (No. 37 a), and a bronze mirror (No. 34) which had, however, been swept away to the left side wall at the time of the later burials. Also the ceramic tomb-gifts were to a great extent removed, or smashed and swept away, mainly towards the right side wall of the chamber. The layer of the second burial period contained remains of four burials with a well preserved skeleton in dorsal, outstretched position. Body I was male, provided with an iron strigil (No. 3) and was placed just inside the door with the head near the right side wall. Body II was female and placed in the right back part of the chamber with the head towards the first body. Body IIl was male, provided with an iron strigil (No. 29). It was placed obliquely in the left part of the chamber, with the head towards the front corner. Body IV was female, provided with a hronze mirror (No. 25). It was placed along the back wall with the head towards the left side wall.

After the funeral, offerings were brought to the deceased in pots thrown down in the dromos-filling (Dromos Nos. I-6), and images of the deceased in terracotta sculpture were put up on the rock-cut bases on both sides of the door. Of these sculptures, fragments were found in the dromos-filling, indicating that the belonged to the first burial period and were destroyed at the time of the second burial period.

FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. LXNY, 2, LXXYT; TYPES: I.. OF PI.. II)

## Dromos

1. Plan White V' cone-shuped puthus with ponted base. buking, cursed sides, that shoulder. rased rim. eertical handles below shoulder. Height $47.5-120$.
2 Bichrome Red II (V) wal jues with base-ring, tall, tapering neck: narrow, panched mouth; hugh twinhandle from rim to shoulder. Height $272-136$
2. Plain White VI piriform amphora with conver sides. knobbed base: slightly concase neek; grooved line below rim, vertical handles from neek to shoulder Part of neck, and one handle mosing. Hewht $5+5$ - 160.

+ Plan White $\backslash 1$ wal jug with hase-mas; radge below neck: concale neck; splayner, flattened 1 mm : "metalknobbed" twin-tandle from neek to shoulder. buill protume in front. Heeght 27 5. -- 200

5. Plan Whate VI amphora do do at Heht tiso. $=30$.
6. Plant Whate VI blallow, wade bewl whth hitt, ancd


## (hamber

1 Plan White $V$ sach-shaped jur with that banc, phatmer
 In burtal stratum 2
2 . Black ship jug. entirely smathed and mdentitable Hequht 12.5 . In burtal sthatuman 2.
3. Iarge, broad aron stuerl with curseal hute nemmatab on sectom. conerice lomphandte. attathed th lath on blade be a boome mountore Brahen 1 emeth 500 in burnal strathm $z$.
4. Plan Whate V ballow bow wht flat bue, the hemene rim 1uann 12ニ In b:atal it
5. Red sipp IV (VI) bowl with rounded outline; narrow base-rong; plain rim Dam. if S. In burial str. 2.
6 Plan White VIl flat, disc-shaped bowl with flat base: flat stales Ijiam 120 . In burial str. 2.
;. Plan White $V$ rather deep bowl wath almost ansular ourline, Hat. rased bsec: plann rim. Dam. in 2. In burtal str 2
\& Behrome Red l (IV) globular bottle with flat base: narrow nock, ha dle-idge; flattened funnel-mouth. Red painted moutb; black encorehne lines round neck. Hetagt N s. In burial str. 1.
9) Plati What= VIl periform amphora woth k: obbed base; concase neck. three grooved hnes below rim and two round reck: handle from neck to shoulder. Height 52.j. In burial str 2 .

Io Plan White V otal jug with base-ring: narrow, concase nech, nuros. punched mouth; high twin-handle from rim to shoulder Height 160 . In burial str. I.

1. Black-on-Red II (1V) shallow bowl with rased, flat batse: rim sloping inwards; horizontal handle on rim. Black rm and handle; encircling lines and bands inside. Danz. Is.S. In burial str. I.
2. Fragment of a bronze bowl with plan rim; shghtly in-bent rim. Unly part of rim preserved. Diam. c. 1+.0. In burial str. 2 .
Is Black Glazed that, open lamp wath nozzle: comeal projection in bottom and sharpl! in-turned rim. Diam 7.s. In burial str. 2
I.t. Bichrome Red II (V) wide, shallow howl with base-ring; straight sides; broad, flat rim with two string-holes. Black triangles on white ground round rim; white and purple cuncentric earcles inside, two encurchng lines cutside. Blackish slip. Diam. 295. In burral str. 2.
Is White Painted VII otal jug wath hagh base-ang; ridge below neck; eoncase neck; Hattened, splayed rim; "metal.hnobbed" twin-handle fiom neck to shoulder; standing firurine with a jug opposite the handle. Encarcling red hines round neck and belly. Decoration much worn Ilewhe 36 ; In hurial sur 2.
I6 Plan Whate $V$ oval minature jug wath base-disc; wide, splaying neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 75 In burtal str. 1.
3. Hichrome Red I (IV) buttle, as No. S', but with raised, that base. Ileagbt 8 ? $\ln$ burial str. 1.
si. lichome Red I (IV) bottle. as No. 8 . I Ieught 7.8. In burtal str. I
io. Plan Whate VlI sack-sbaped jug with almost cylindrical body; tlat baie; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Heisht 8.3. In hurtal str. 2.
4. Plan White VII sack-shaped jug with bobbiri-shaped body; Hat base; splasirg rum; handle from rin to shoulder. Height 10.7. In burial str. 2.
5. Plan White VI bowl with that base; inwards thackening rim. Dam 11.7. In burial str. 2 .
22 Shach-on-Red lII (V) biconical miniature bottle with short neck; narrow base-ring; pincbed mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Decoration almost worn out. Height 7.o. In burial str. 2.
6. Plain White VI bowl, as No. 21. Diam. 11.6. In burial str. 2.
7. Whate Painted VII oval jug wath cylindrical foot; concave neck, groosed lire below rim; swollen rinn; handle from neck to sboulder. Red panted gradle round lower part of body; encircling line round rim. Height 10.5. Under No. 25.
8. Bronze marror with circular plate, flat on one side, and slightly up-turned rim on the other; short, narrow tang, directly attached to disc. Diam. 1I.3. In burial str. 2.
9. Fragment of a bronze pin with a central evelet. Length 5.8. In burial str. 2.
10. Bichrome Red I (IV) bottle, as Noo 17. Height 8.7. In burial sitr. I.
2S. Lancet-shaped, single-edged tron knife with short tang; two rivets. Broken. Length $1+1$. In burial str. I
11. Iron strugil, as No. 3, but not complete. Length 23.5 . In burial str. 2 .
12. Plain White VII amphora, as No. 9, but with a groored line below rim. Height $\ddagger 9.0$. In burial str. 2.
13. Plaın White VII jug, as No. 20. Height 1I.I. In burial str. 2.
14. Plan White VI pirıform battle wath base-disc; short, concave, narrow neck, rinc-shaped rim; handle from neek to shoulder. Henght g.o. In burnal str. 2.
15. Fragments of an iron knife. In bural str. 2.
16. Circular mirror of bronze Tang and part of mirror missing. Diam. 12 5. In burial str. I.
17. Plain White VI globular, depressed amphora with high base-ring; cylindrical neck; flattened rim; horizontal handles on shoulder; ridge below neck. Height 39.8 . In burial str. 2 .
18. Plain Whate Vil bowl, as No. 6. Diam. 13 5. In hurial str. 2.
19. a) Circular finger-ring of silver with oval, Hat bezel. Incomplete. Diam. I.3. In burial str i.
b) Silver coin Obierse: corroded. Rezerse: ankh symbol surrounded by wreath; square incuse; damaged; part missing Dam. i.O. Weigbt 0.35 . In burial str, 2 .

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery of the ist burial period is composed of late Type IV and a few specimens of Type $V$ and this period is therefore to be assigned to the first part of Cypro-Archaic II. In the 2nd burial period, there are about equal quantities of Types VI and VII and four specimens of Type $V$ (Nos. 1, 7, 14, 22). It seems strange that these latter were found on the level of the second burial stratum. Two explanations are possible: The second burial period covers a rather long time from the first part of Cypro-Classic I to the first part of Cypro-Classic II, or these pots of Type $V$ belonged originally to the deposit of the ist burial period and were removed and re-used at the time of the second burial period. This is quite possible in consideration of the fact that there was very little earth between the levels of the two periods in some parts of the chamber so that some of the pots of the rst burial were easy of reach at the time of the 2 nd burial period. This latter alternative seems preferable and the 2nd burial period thus dates from the first part of Cypro-Classic II.

$$
\text { TOMB } 73 \text { (Figs. } 167: 12-14 ; 170 ; 171 ; 172: 1)
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | 1) epth | Henght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.04 | I. 21 | I. 5 I | --- |
| Chamber | 2.21 | 2.20 | - | - |



Fig. 170. Marion. Tomb 73. Dromos with door-packing.


Fig. 171. Marion. Tomb 73. Finds in situ.

SHAPE
The dromos is a short staircase shaft, widening much towards the back, with vertical walls, and descending by five steps to a horizontal area in front of the door. There is no stomion. The upper part of the door has collapsed, but the door-packing, consisting of a heary mass of stone slabs and rubble, was still in situ. The doorway is very wide and fills the whole width of the chamber. The floor of the dromos leads down to that of the chamber by a very gentle slope. The chamber is spade-shaped, with an irregularily cut back wall. Its floor slopes slightly towards the back wall. Its roof has entirely collapsed, but seems to have been slightly curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of rough chonnos stuff on the horizontal area in front of the door, and three upper layers of chazara. No sections were made through the layers of debris in the chamber, but it was observed that these layers were composed of a burial and culture stratum at the bottom, close to the door covered by a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated chonnos and chacara; a heavy top layer of rock debris from the fallen-in roof, and infiltrated layers of clay.

All the finds belong to the same burial period, but some of them had been floating in infiltrated water, and were found in the filling above the floor.

## BLRIALs

Two bodies had been buried in the tomb; one near the left side wall, and the other, along the back wall of the chamber. No bones were preserved, but the bodies were only represented by layers of burial earth.

## FINDS (GROLPS: PL. LXXYII, I, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

i. Black-on-Red III (V) depressed biconical jug with rased, flat base; bulging shoulder; conical neck; pinched mouth; high twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rmm, neck, and belly; black handle; encircled dot, as front ornament; two concentric circles flank base of handle. Height in.O Floor.
2. Black-on-Red IIl (V) sack-shaped jug, tapering upwards, with raised, flat base; no neck; punched rim; raised handle from rim to shoulder Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and belly; black handle. Heyght IO.1. Floor.
3. Coarse oval jug with flat base; splaying neck: plain rum; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 17.4 . Floor.
4. Shallow bowl of bronze with rounded base, curced outline; plain rim. Pleces of base missing Diam. it.5. Floor.
5. Black Slip V' shallow bowl with raised, flat base, doublecurved outline; splaying rim; horizontal handle below rim. Diam. 15.3. Floor.
6. White Painted IV shallow bowl with raised, flat base; double-curved outline; one handle from rim to body. Encircling bands round rim and body; cursed stroke from base of handle to rim; black handle. Diam. 12.8. Floor.
7. Red Slip II (IV) shallow bowl with raised, flat base; double-curved outline; handle from rim to body. Diam. 8.6. Floor.
8. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle with narrow, flat, rased base; short, concave neck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around body; slip turned black. Height 7.8. Floor.
9. Plain White IV-V sack-shaped jug, tapering upwards wath Hat base; splaying rim; raised handle fiom rom to shoulder. Height 16.8 . Floor.
10. White Painted IV bowl, as No. 6. Diam. 120. Floor.
11. Plain White IV jug with rather cylindrical body; basedisc; convex, raised rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 17.6. - 118.
12. Red Slip I1I (V) shallow bowl with flat, rased base; slightly double-curved outline, handle from rim to body. Diam. 11.5. - 112 .
13. Black-on-Red III (V) shallow, wade bowl with Hat, raised base; flat, wade rim. Encorclong lines and bands inside. Diam. 17.5. Below Yo. 12.
14. Bichrome Red 11 (V) depressed amphoriskos with flat, raised base; splaying neck; flattened rim; handles from
rim to shoulder. Ralatine black lines on rim, encerching black lines round rim, neck, and belly; transerese dashes on the handle, traces of whate colour at neck. Decoration almost effaced. Height 7 : - 115 .
15 Black-on-Red IH (V) beonical amphornkos wah flat, rased base; splaying nech; flattened, down-turned rim; horizontal handles on belly. Encirelines bund. and lines around neck and body. Hetght 10.0. - 109.
16. Black-on Red III (V) amphorikers, an No it but without white colour. Herght $73 .-104$.
17. Bichrome V urn-shaped amphori-kos with flat base; straght, short neck; splaying rim, hurizontal, rudmentary handles on belly. Encircling lines and band round rim, neck, shoulder, belly, and base, wass line between handles. Height $106 .-104$.
18. Buchrome V biconical amphora with bane-ring, uplayme neck; thick, swollen rim, handles on belly Couraling lines and bands; vertical otrohes on belly, blach handles Herght 37. . - 118
19. Red Slip IH (V) proform bottle whth wised, flat base. cylindrical neck, flat 1 mm ; handle from rmm to shoulder

20. White Painted $\mathrm{I}^{\text {C }}$ amphora, shape ds No. A , hut with bundles of vertical lines wath partly plam and part? hatched band above; white supplementar! whout in a dotted line below neck. Hetght 42 S. - - 125 .
21. Biack-on-Red III (V) bottle, ds A!. 8, but shp icd Height 6.8. Inside Ner 20.
22. White silp "Jonan" boblun-shaped amphona with ponted base; cylindracal neck; wollen am, handefrom neek to shoulder Finureling line round rim, shoulder, belly, and bods; , hens-ornamente rounch, and between handles. Height wio - 105
23. Bichrome Red I (IV) eylindtical, sack-shaped fue with base-diee; panched rim; no neck, handle from 1 mm w shoulder. Heught it.4. - 95 .
24. Bichrome Red II (V) bowl. di No 13, but with that, down-turned rim and whte, encirclines limes between the black ones. Imam. 165 - 100 .
25. Blatek-on-Red III (V) amphormhers, as Xi. 14, but with friczes of concentrac emale round neek and houlder, and wahout white colcour. Heaght 93 -- 100 .
26. Whate Silpp "Ionlun" amphora, a No. z2, but with a rourhly panted sum between the handle, wer the other pantengs (ree tppendix V). Base nusing Helght -iso In the fillme.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the folloying diagram:

('HRONOLOGY
The classification of the pottery shows that Type V predominate, with only five specimens of Type IV. Some pots of Type V are early in style, and the tomb is therefore to be assigncd to shortly after the middle of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMIB 74 (Figs. 172:2—4; 173)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.63 | 1. 63 | 2.33 | -- |
| Stomion | 0.30 | 0.83 | - | c. 0.75 |
| Chamber | 2.25 | 1.90 | - | c. 0.90 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a basin-shaped shaft, with a rock-cut bench along the left side wall, 0.75 m . above the floor-level. The shaft widens towards the back; the front and side walls are rertical, and the front wall declines by two ledges, of which the upper one is on a level with the top of the bench, to the horizontal floor. The top of the door was destroyed, but it seems to have had a slightly curved roof. The door-packing, consisting of roughly cut stone slabs, kept in position by wedging stones of rubble, was in situ. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall. The floor of the stomion descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan with rounded back corners. Its floor slopes towards the back wall. Its roof is slightly curved and slopes towards the back wall. It has only partly fallen in.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of:

1) A top layer of chazara.
2) A wedge-shaped layer of hard, puiverized chomos.
3) A layer of chatara.
4) A horizontal bottom layer of chonnos stuff with lumps of chonnos.


The layers in the chamber were composed of a bottom layer of burial and culture earth and an oblique top layer of chonnos from the partly collapsed roof and infiltrated from the dromosfilling. There was only one burial laver and all the finds were on the floor, or in the burial earth. The potsherds found above the floor-level in the covering debris of chonnos have all come from the deposit of pots in the dromos with the infiltrated filling.

BLRIALS
Three bodies have been buried in the chamber. Of these, two were children, with fairly well preserved skeletons in dorsal, outstretched positions; Skeleton I, along the left side wall of the chamber with the head towards its front wall, and Skeleton II along the back wall with its head towards the left side wall of the chamber. Skeleton III was well preserved, lying diagonally across the chamber, in a dorsal, outstretched position with its head towards the left front corner and the feet towards the right back corner. After the funeral, offerings were brought to the dead in pots deposited in the dromos-filling (Dromos Nos. I-4).

Four slabs of cut stone found high up in the filling of the dromos, might have served as tomb stones marking the position of the tomb.

| (GROLP: PL. LX. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dromos |  |
| I. Black-on-Red II (IV) fragment of an amphora with hanging, concentric circles. -+ . | Herght zo.r. Floor. <br> Plain White V jug, as N゙o. 3. Height |
| 2 Plan White IV fragment of an amphora. | k-on-Red III (V) |
| 3. White Slip "Ionian" bobbin-shaped amphora with pointed base; slanting shoulder, eylindrical neck; swollen rim; handles from neek to shoulder. Encirclins lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and body, slingornament between and below handles. One side of neck graffito (see Appendis V). Height 635 - 60 . | narrow, concave neck; whe, flat rum; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and bell? ; three snall, concentric circles on shoulder Height 8.2 Floor. <br> 6. Plain White V small, oval jug with base-dise; splaying, slightly swollen neek; handle from rum to shoulder. Herght 8.f. Floor. |
| + Bichronse Red II (V) biconical bottle with narrow base-ring; narrow neck; thick, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. White and purple lines and bands round belly. I Ieight 8.6. - 26. | Bichrome $V$ oval jug with base-ring; conical neck splaying, pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and belly; wasy line on shoulder; concentric circles flanhing base of handle; two bundles of vertical stripes from below neck, and front ornament of three, tri- |
| 1. Plan White V shallow bowl wath flat base; inward thackening rim. Dam 13.7. Floor. | angularly arranged concentric circles. Piece of mout missing. Height 27.0. Floor. |
| 2. Plain White IV shallow bowl with base-disc, rounded outline, horizontal handle below rim (missing). Diam. 11.7. Floor. <br> 3. Red Slip III (V) sack-shaped jug wath base-disc; | s. Bichrome V' oral amphora with base-rıng; splaying neck; thick, stwollen rim: horizontal handles on belly. Encarchng lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; black handles. Height z+.o. Floor. |

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:



Fig. 173. Marion. Tomb 74, dromos.


Fig. 17+. Marion. Tomb $;(6$, dromos.

## CHRONOLOGY

We thus see that the pottery in the chamber is almost entirely of 'Type V: only one specimen of Type IV was found in the chamber and two specimens in the dromos. On this account, the tomb is to be assigned to the second part of Cypro-Archaic II.

$$
\text { TOMIB } 75 \text { (Figs. } 172: 5-7 ; 175 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Hemht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.51 | 1. 30 | 2.37 | - |
| Stomion | 0.20 | 0.95 | --. | 1.15 |
| Chamber | 2.76 | 2.78 | -- | 1.21 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a staircase shaft of medium size, widening towards the back with approximately vertical walls, and descending by seven steps to a sloping area in front of the door.


Fig. 175. Marion. Tomb 75. Finds in situ.


Fig. 176. Marion. Tomb 7 S. Dromos with door-packing.

The upper part of the door has collapsed, but the door-packing consisting of rubble was in situ. The stomion is rectangular in plan and opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall. The floor of the stomion descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is cave-shaped in plan. Its floor slopes towards the back wall; its roof is curved and slopes towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three layers of charara of different degree of hardness. No section was made through the layers of debris in the chamber, but it was observed that these consisted of a single burial and culture stratum at the bottom, covered by infiltrated earth and dromos chazara, and a top layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof.

All the finds belong to the same burial period and were all originally placed on the floor, but some of them (Nos. 19-22) were floated bry infiltrated water, and were found above the floor, in the filling covering the culture stratum.

## BERIALS

Remains of two bodies with fragments of the skulls, and pulverized bones were found, one near the left side wall and the other, near the right side wall of the chamber, both with their heads towards the front wall. To judge from the position of the tomb-gifts, among which was an iron knife (No. ry), found close to the back wall of the chamber, it seems, that a third body had been buried along there. Of this body, however, no remains could be traced.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PL. LXXVIII, I, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I. Bichrome $V$ globular amphora with base-ring; slanting shoulder; tapering neck; large, swollen rim; curved handles from neck to shoulder. Black rim; frieze of concentric circles below rim; wayy lines covering neck and shoulder; broad, encircling bands covering belly and body; lines on, and below handles. Height 28.5. Floor.
2. White Painted IV oval jug with base-disc; short neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling bands round rim and neck; vertical bands on handle; concentric circles below handle, and on shoulder; front ornament of two concentic circles. Height ig.4. Floor.
3. Bichrome $V$ oval jug with base-disc; short, tapering neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; bundles of vertical strokes alternating with concentric circles on shoulder; lines on handle. Height 20.0. Floor.
4. Black-on-Red II (IV) plate with base-ring; flat rim; horizontal handle on rim. Encircled, circular spiral inside bottom. Diam. Io.t. Floor.
5. White Painted IV* jug, as No. 2, but no concentric circles below handle and only one as front ornament. Height 7.4. Floor.
6. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl with narrow base-disc; curved outline; splaying rim. Black rim and circles inside. Dlam. II.5. Inside No. 7.
7. White Painted IV shallow bowl with raised base, doublecurved outline; vertical handle from rim to body. En. carcling lines round rim, body, and base; black handle; circle inside the bottom; curved stroke from base of handle to rim. Diam. 12.3. Floor.
8. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl, as No. 6, but of hemispherical outline. Black rim. Diam. 12.0. Inside No. 9.
9. Black-on-Red III (V) wide, shallow bowl with basering; flat rim; horızontal handle on rım. Encircling lines inside the bottom. Decoration much worn. Diam. 21.5 . Floor.
10. White Painted IV oval amphora with base-ring; cylindrical neck; swollen rım; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, belly, and base; black handles; friezes of concentric circles round neck and on shoulder. Height 32.5. Floor.
II. Black-on-Red II (IV) globular bostie with hase-dıac; narrow neek; handle-ridge; wade, flat rim, handle from neck to shoulder. Red rim and upper part of neck; black lines round neck and on handle. Herght 124. Inside No. io.
12. Coarse oval jug with base-disc; splaying neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height ig.0. Floor.
13. Bichrome $V$ deep, conical bowl with low, conical furt, erect, convex rim. IFilled triangles, framed by hands and lines below rim: encircline bands and lines covermen the whole body and foot. Diam. 21.o. Floor.
14. Lancet-shaped, single-edged iron knife; flat tang with two rivets. Broken. Length 18.5 . Floor.
15. Red slip II (IV) bowl with base-disc; rounded, cupshaped body; splaying rim; handle from rim to budy. Diam. II.2. Floor.
16. Bichrome Red I (IV) conical bowl with base-ring; splaying rim; two horizontal handles. Encircling lines round rim and body; black handles; concentric circles below rim and between handles; white-dotted line between rim and bidy. Dark slip. Diam. 13.3. Floor.
17. White Painted IV bowl, as No. 7. Diam 87 . Flour.
18. Bichrome IV amphora with squat body; angular houlder; base-disc; raised rım; small, erect rim; horizontal handles below shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, shoulder, body, and base; black handles; concentric circles on shoulder. Height 11.7. Floor.
19. Bichrome IV amphora, as Nio. i 8 , but with more globular outline and with a framed zagzag line below rmm. Height i9.0. - 179.
20. Black-on-Red II (IV) oval jug wath base-rmg: evindrical neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rmm to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; lines on handle, concentric circles on shoulder. Height 23.0. - 179.
2r. Bichrome Red II (V) conical, shallow bowl wheh bisering; splaying rim. Framed, white, was: line round body; dark circles inside. Dark slip. Dram. It o. - 174.
22. Bichrome $I^{r}$ qubular bottle with small basedisc; narrow neck; handle-ridge: flat, somewhat droopme, wide rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Red rim: encircling lines round neck; strokes on handle: three: concentric circles covering body. Height $\$ 1 .-169$.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

|  |  |  | P o t t | e r y |  |  |  |  | Iron |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wh. P. IV | Bichr IV | Bichr. V | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bl.-on-R. II } \\ & \text { (IV) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bl.-on-R. } \\ \text { III (V) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bichr. R. } \\ \text { I (IV) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bichr. R. } \\ \text { II (V) } \end{gathered}$ | $\text { R } \underset{\left(\mathrm{I}^{\prime}\right)}{\mathrm{Sl} \text { ) } \mathrm{II}}$ | Conarse | Snute |
| $\begin{array}{rr} 2 . & 5 \cdot 7 \\ 10, & 17 \end{array}$ | 18, 19. 22 | 1. 3. 13 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 4. } 6.8 \\ \text { II. } 20 \end{gathered}$ | 9 | 16 | 21 | 15 | 12 | $1+$ |
| -5 | -3 | -3 | -5 | - I | -1 | - I | - 1 | - I | - I |

## CHRONOLOGY

The majority of the pottery is of Type IV, but there are some representatives of Type V, which date the tomb to the beginning of Cypro-Archaic II.

$$
\text { TOMIB } 76 \text { (Figs. } 172: 8-10 ; 174)
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | I. 84 | 0.87 | I. 30 | - |
| Stomion | 0.26 | 0.48 | - | 0.90 |
| Chamber | 1.24 | 0.99 | - | I. 08 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a well-shaped shaft, with walls widening upwards. The door has a vaulted roof and was closed by a door-packing of rubble. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens approximately in the longitudinal axis of the chamber, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is very small in size, oral in plan; its floor is horizontal and its roof is curved, and somewhat destroyed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of gravel and smaller stones, and two upper layers of sand and chazara. The layers in the chamber were composed of:
I) A top-filling of sand and chacara, infiltrated from the upper layer of the dromos.
2) Rock debris from the destroyed roof.
3) A thin, wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated earth from the dromos.
4) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom.

The layers were intact.

## BLRIALS

Scanty remains of a child's skeleton were found along the left side wall of the chamber. One jug with tomb-gifts had been given to the child.

FINDS (GROCP: PL. IXXYII, $\ddagger$; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)
I Plan White III oval jug with rased, flat base; three grooved lines round shoulder: widening, pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Height ig.i. Floor.

## CHRONOLOGY

The single find of Type III and a few potsherds of Types III and IV found in the filling assign the tomb to the early part of Cypro-Archaic I.


Fig. 177. Marion. Tombs 77, 82, 85, Plan (1): Sections A-A, B-B, C-C (2, 3, 4): Finds in situ (5).

TOMIB 77 (Fig. 177: $1-3$, 5)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.70 | 0.96 | 2.25 | - |
| Chamber | 1. 98 | 1.70 |  | c. 1.04 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather long shaft, sloping in the front part, with two steps in the middlc, and then sloping again down to the door. In cutting this dromos it happened to approach the chamber of Tomb 82; which was broken through, so that the two chambers of Tombs 77 and 82 communicate. This accounts for the irregular entrance to the chamber of Tomb 77, and the irregular location of the chamber in relation to the dromos. The door has collapsed, and the door-packing was missing. There is no stomion, and the floor of the dromos descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan with rounded corners. Its floor is horizontal, and its roof, which has partly collapsed, was slightly curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The interpretation of the stratification leads to interesting conclusions. The layers were composed of a top layer of chonnos from the collapsed rock mixed with sand and small stones; a layer of dromos chazara; a layer of crumbled rock; a thinner layer of dromos chazara both in the dromos and on top of the bottom layer of debris; a heavy bottom layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof; a thin burial and culture stratum on the floor of the chamber. It is to be observed that the heavy layer of rock debris extended to the back part of the dromos, where it rested directly on the dromos floor. From this, and the fact that the doorpacking was missing, it can be concluded that the rock roof of the chamber began to collapse a short time after the burial while the tomb still was open. The thin layer of chatara covering the rock debris both in the dromos and the chamber was probably brought there by a water stream from the heap of chavara which must have lain on the surface around the edges of the dromos after the cutting of the tomb. More rock debris accumulated and the remainder of the dromos charara was filled in. Finally, the rock roof collapsed entirely forming the top layer. In this layer a number of well cut chonnos slabs, and a square stele with an inscription in Cypriote syllabary were found (see Appendix V).

All the finds were found on the floor.

## BURIALS

The chamber contained remains of one burial: a rather well preserved male skeleton in a dorsal, outstretched position was found along the left side wall with its head near the front wall of the chambcr. The tomb-gifts were collected in two amphorae placed at the feet of the deceased, along the left part of the back wall of the chamber, and in a hydria and a
group of smaller pots in the right back part of the chamber. The stone slabs and the inscribed stone found near the surface of the top layer of debris above the chamber, seemed to have formed a tomb-monument on the surface above the chamber.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXVIII, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plain White IV contcal, shallow bowl with base-ring; slightly bulging sides; flattened rm; no handle. Diam. 18.o. Floor.
2. Plain White IV shallow, cup-shaped bowl with basering; flattened rim; vertical handle from rim to body Diam. 13.3. Floor.
3. Coarse oval amphoriskos with flat base; concave neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Height 8.5. Floor.
4. Black-on-Red II (IV) shallow bowl wath base-ring; narrowing rim; one horizontal handle below rim. Encircling lines round rim and body; encircled spiral inside. Diam. 13.5. Floor.
5. Bichrome Red I (IV) globular bottle with small. flat base; narrow neck; handle-rıdge: flat rinı; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling line round rim and neek; intersecting black and white carcles on body: black handle; concentric circles as front ornament. Iferght 10.2. Floor
6. Coarse ovoid jug with flat base, high, wide, slightly conves neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 13.2. Floor.
7. Plain White IV bowl, as No. 2. Diam. 95. Floor.
8. White Panted V' biconical hẹdria with shahtly splaying neck; base-ring; swollen rim; vertical handle from neck to shoulder; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines round rim. neck. shoulder, and belly; Elack horizontal handles; line along the sertical one; concentric circles on shoulder and between horizontal handles, four vertical stripes below base of vertical handle. Height 43.5. Floor.

9 White Painted IV oval amphora with base-ring; cylindrıcal neck: thick, swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles; curved strokes from base of handle on to bodr; frieze of concentric circles round neck; scattered, concentric crrcles on shoulder. Helght 54.7. Floor.
10. White Panted IV owal amphora with base-ring; slightly splaying neck: thick, swollen rim: hurizontal handles on shoulder. Encarcling lines round rim, neck, choulder and belly; black handlen: friezes of concentric circles round neck and shouldet two waw lines round neek. Herght 52.0. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CIIRONOLOGY

The classification shows that there is a majority of pottery of late Type IV and one specimen of Type $V$, assigning the tomb to the earlier part of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMB 78 (Figs. $176 ; 178$ : $1-3$ )
SIZE

|  | Lenyth | Width | Depth | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 1.71 | 1.60 | 2.10 | - |
| Stomion. | 0.33 | 1.01 | - | 1.03 |
| Chamber | 1.73 | 1.64 | - | 1.08 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a basin-shaped shaft, sloping slightly towards the door. A bench is cut along the south side wall. The upper part of the door is destroyed. The door-packing, consisting of two blocks of sandstone, based on a foundation of rubble and kept in position by wedging stones of rubble was still in situ and intact. The stomion is rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall. Its floor is on the same level as that of the chamber. The chamber is cave-shaped in plan with rock-cut benches along the left side wall, and in the back wall, $0.18-20 \mathrm{~cm}$. above the level of the floor.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of:
1-2) Top layers of sand and rough filling of chomos.
3) An oblique layer of fine chomos.
4) An oblique layer of chonnos and chacara.
5) A bottom laver of rough choonos.

Close to the entrance of the dromos, there was a small, cave-shaped tomb-chamber; a rock partition wall between that tomb-chamber and the front part of the dromos had collapsed, as well as the roof of the tomb-chamber and debris from Layers $1-3$ had fallen into the chamber. The small cave-chamber contained a Red Polished I bowl with a tubular spout, a unique find in this necropolis which is difficult to explain.
The layers in the chamber consisted of a bottom stratum of burial and culture earth on the benches and floor; a layer of rock debris from the partly fallen-in roof and close to the door a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated dromos-filling.

All the objects belong to one burial period, and were found on the floor, except No. 3 , which was found at level of $-7^{\circ}$, i. e., in the burial layer slightly above the floor.

## BURIALS

On the bench along the left side wall, a pulverized skeleton with the head to the front wall of the chamber was found, together with tomb-gifts in pots on the bench near the back wall of the chamber. The bulk of the usual tomb-gifts of pottery were found accumulated along the right side wall of the chamber.

## FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXVIII, 5; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I Plan White $\mathrm{V}^{2}$ oval jug with base-dıse, tapering, short neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 25.8. Floor.
2. Bichrome V jug, shape as No. i. Encircling lines and bands round neck, shoulder, and body; lines on handle; bundles of vertical strokes below neck. lletght 253 . Fhor.
3 Blach-on-Red III (V) wide, shallow bowl with base-ring, Hattened rim. Encircling lines round rim; encircling lines
and bands inside; encircling band outside. Diam. i5.4. - 70 .
4. Bichrome Red II (V) shallow bowl with base-ring; flattened rim; horizontal handle below rim. Encrrcling lines round rım; encircled spiral inside; white, transıerse strokes on rim; supplementary colour also used inside bottom. Diam if.o. On the bench
5. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl. shape as No. 4, and decoration as No. 3. Diam. 22.2. On the bench.
6. Plain White IV wide amphora with base-ring; short, wide, cylindrical neck; moulded, ring-shaped rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Dotted incislons around body. Height +1.7. Floor.
7. Bichrome IV depressed oval amphora with base-ring;
splaying neek; swollen rim; horizontal handles on belly. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and helly, frieze of close, concentric circles round neck, wavy line on shoulder; group, of twi) verticalls drranted concentrac carcles on belly. Herght 395 Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| P ofetcrer |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bichr. IV | Bichr. V | $\underset{\substack{\text { Bl.-on-R } \\ \text { (IV) }}}{\text { II }}$ |  | Buchr. R II (V) | Pl. Wh N゙ | $\mathrm{Pl} \mathrm{Wh}^{\text {V }}$ |
| 7 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| -I | -I | -I | -1 | -1 | - I | -1 |

## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery finds, consisting of three specimens of Type IV, and four specimens of Type V, date the tomb to the first part of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMB 79 (Fig. 178: 4-7)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.78 | 1. 86 | 2.30 | - |
| Stomion | 0.32 | 0.93 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.35 | 2.10 | -. | c. 0.95 |

SHAPE
The dromos consists of an irregularily shaped staircase shaft, widening much towards the back end, and descending by four steps, of which the second is trice as wide as the others. From the level of this second step, a bench is cut along the left side wall of the dromos and the two lowermost steps are therefore narrower than the upper ones. The upper part of the door has collapsed, but the lower part of the door-packing, consisting of a quantity of rough stones, was in sith. The right side wall of the stomion widens towards the chamber. The stomion opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is an irregular hexagon. Its floor is approximately horizontal, and its roof, which has nearly collapsed, has been curved and sloped towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three layers of chonnos, the lower ones mixed with stones; and the layers in the chamber were composed of a burial and culture stratum at the bottom, a heary layer of rough debris of chonnos from the collapsed roof above,


Fig. 1 - 8 . Marion. Tomb 7 , P, Plan and Finds in situ ( 1 ); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3). Tomb 79, Plan (4). Sections A-A, B-B (5, 6); Finds in situ (7). Tomb So, Plan (8); Sections A-A, B-B (9, 10); Finds in situ (II). Tomb 81, Plan and Finds in sifu (12); Sections $A-A, B-B$ (13, If).
and a top layer of gravel and earth mixed with clay from the upper part of the collapsed rock, and the alluvial soil of the infiltrated water. All the objects belong to one burial period and were found on the floor, except Nos. 17 and 21 , which were found at a level of - 120 , i. e., directly on the burial stratum.

## BLRIALS

Remains of one burial, represented by a layer of burial earth along the left side wall of the chamber were found. The body was female, adorned with two silver earrings (No. 25), and had been placed with her head towards the front wall of the chamber. The tomb-gifts in pots were deposited in three groups, one at the hcad of the dead, another round the feet, and a third, in the middle of the chamber.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXIX,

1. Bichrome IV pyxis with a knobbed cover of coarse ware. Encircling lines and bands round rim, shoulder, and body; lines on handles; metope ornaments of diagonally crossed squares, with filled triangles in between, on body. Height 16.7. Floor.
2. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl with base-ring, rounded outline; two horizontal handles. Encircling bands round rim, body; and base; carcular lones inside; black handles; concentric circles immediately below rim. Diam. 22.5. Floor.
3. Black-on-Red II (IV) oval jug with base-ring; tall, tapering neck; pinched mouth; rwin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and neck; intersecting, concentric circles round body: small ones in the intervals; lines on handle; concentric circles below base of handle; crossed lines and concentric circles as front ornament. Fleight 23.2. Floor.
4. White Painted IV oval amphora with base-ring; cylindrıcal neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on rim. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles; frieze of concentric circles on shoulder. Height 34.8. Floor.
5. White Painted IV oval hydraa with base-ring; cylindrical neck; swollen, flaring rım; vertical handle from neck to shoulder; horizontal ones on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and shoulder; concentric circles on shoulder. Height $4^{1} 5$. Floor.
6. Bichrome Red I (IV) oval amphorskos with base-disc; cylindrical neck; flattencd, swollen rim; wide, curved handle from rim to shoulder Encreling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; ladder-pattern on handles; concentric corcles round neck and shoulder. White paint used on rim. Height 12.6. Floor.
7. Bichrome Red I (IV) amphorsskos, shape as No. 6, but with conical body; narrow base; vertical handles from rim to horizontal handles on shoulder, similar decoration, but wath black and wbite lines around neck. Herght 12.5. Floor.
8. Bichrome IV owoid amphorinkos whth tlat base: slightly

I; Types: L. OF PL. II)
concave neck; flattened, swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Fncircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles; concentric circles on belly. Height 15.8 . Floor.
9. Black-on-Red II (IV) segment-shaped bowl with narrow base-ring; black rim. Diam. in.s. On No. Io.
10. White Panted IV shallow bowl with double-cursed sides; base-dise; out-turned rim, handle from rim to body. Dtam 12.6. Floor.
II. Black-on-Red II (IV) shallow bowl with narrow base, rounded outhe; bulging shoulder; erect rim, two hor1zontal handles; decoratoon as No. 2. Diam. $12+$ Floor.
12. Bichrome IV globular juglet with narrow, Hat base, narrow neck with handle-radge: handle from neck to shoulder; wide, tlattened rim. Red rim, black lines round neak; dashes over handle, tivo small, concentric carcles, vertically grouped, opposite the handle lleight 11.5. Ifluor.
13. Black-on-Red $1 I$ (IV) depressed pirform amphoribhos whth narrow base; wide, short neck; swollen, flattened rim, handles from neck to shoulder; clecoration as No $\%$. Height S.s. Floor.
1.f. Black-on-Red II (IV) amphoriskos, shape as .io. 6 and decoration as No. 7 , hut withnut white colour. Height in.5. Floor.
15. Bichrome Red I (IV) amphoriskos, similar to No. 6. Height if.r. Floor.
16 Black-on-Red II (IV) amphorisker, shape an No 6 , decoration as No. 1-4. Hergbt 129 . Flour.
17. Bichrome Red I (IV) amphoriskos. as lio of Ilewht $11.9-120$.
IS Black-on-Red $1 I$ (IV) amphoriskos. shape as Vo. b, decoration as No. If Height 12.9 Floor.
19. Black-on-Red II (IV) amphoriskos, shape as No. (o, decoration as No. iq. Hewht 1 ,. -. I Ioor.
20. Bichrome Red 1 (IV) amphortskos, shape as 大o 0. but with depressed pirturm budy; narrow base. twinhandles; simalar decoration. but with a whate-dotted line below neek. Ileight 11 ; lloor.
21. Black-on-Red II (IV) amphorskos, shape similar to

No 20: decoration as No. 14. Height io.4. - I 20 .
22. Bichrome Red I (IV') amphornskos, as No. 6. Heisht 13.9. Flour.
IBhack-on-Red II (IV) amphornskos. shape as No. 6, decoration as $\operatorname{Vn}$ i4. Height iz S. Floor.
24 Black-on-Red II (IV) depressed globular amphoriskos,
shape as No. 7 , but with short, stemmed foot; decoration as No. it, but with more richly decorated handles. Height 15 5. Floor.
25. Silver earrings. One pair leech-shaped earrings. One pair stirrup-shaped earrings with clapper. One pair of oval, spiral earrings. All more or less damaged. Length $1.8 ; 2.7$; 1.7. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

We thus see that the pottery represented is entirely of Type IV, but some of the Black-on-Red and Bichrome Red pottery is characteristically late in style, and almost of Type V. This assigns to the tomb a date towards the end of Cypro-Archaic I.

TOMIB 80 (Fig. 178:8-11)
SIZE

|  | I.ength | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.70 | 1.23 | 2.40 | - |
| Stomion | 0.30 | 1.14 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.40 | 1.88 | - | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a basin-shaped shaft, widening towards the back, and descending in ledges to the floor, which slopes slightly towards the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed, but the door-packing was still in situ. The lower part of the doorpacking consisted of rubble, rather solidly built, and the upper part of rubble and a single stone slab, more loosely packed together. The upper part of the packing was separated from the lower by dromos-filling, indicating that it was built up at a later period, than the lower part. The stomion is rectangular in plan and opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall. The floor of the stomion slopes gently to the level of the chamber. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan, with oblique and curved back wall. Its floor is approximately horizontal and its roof, which has nearly entirely collapsed, seems to have been slightly curved and sloped towards the back wall.


Fig. 179. Tharion. Tomb 8 I , dromos.


Fig. 180. Tarion. Dromos of Tombs 82 and 85 .

## sTRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of sand and gravel, and an upper layer of chonnos mixed with streaks of sand. The upper level of the bottom laver coincides approximately with the top of the lower part of the door-packing, indicating that the filling of the dromos was dug out down to this level, at the time when the tomb was reopened and the upper part of the door-packing was built.

The two burial periods thus indicated by the stratification of the dromos and the construction of the door-packing were verified by the circumstances of finds in the tombchamber itself. At the bottom in the chamber, there was a burial and culture stratum, but remains of earlier burials, consisting of a quantity of human bones, were swept away and mixed together in a rectangular shaft, cut in the rock floor of the chamber, near its left back corner. On the bottom layer there was, close to the door, an infiltrated wedgeshaped layer of dromos-filling. Covering this and the culture laver in the back part of the chamber, there was a layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof covered by a heary top layer of rock with streaks of sand from the upper part of the collapsed rock.

As all the finds were found on the floor, even those of the second burial period, it is not possible to distinguish strictly between the finds of the two burial periods, on stratigraphical evidence, but they are clearly divided into two, stylistically separate groups (see below).

## BLRIALS

About the burials in the first burial period no more can be said than that the bones of the skeletons were packed into the ossuary shaft, already mentioned, at the time of the second burial period. During this time, two bodies were buried in the chamber, one along
the left，and the other along the right side wall of the chamber．The skeletons were rather well preserved，and from their position it is quite evident that the bodies were placed along the side walls of the chamber，with their heads towards the front wall in a dorsal，out－ stretched position．The tomb－gifts and pots were placed in the centre of the chamber between the two bodies．After the last funeral，a libation was offered to the dead in a jug deposited near the lower level of the second layer of the dromos－filling，close to the door．

## FINDS（GROLP：PL．LXXIX，2；TYPES：L．OF PL．II）

I．Plan White V large，bobbin－shaped pithos wath pointed base．horizontal shoulder；no neck；erect rim；two large，erect loop－handles on shoulder．Height 94.5 ． Floor．
2．Plain White 「｀sack－shaped jug with flat base；concave neck；splaying rım：slightly raised handie from rim to shoulder．Herght 10．7．Inside No．i．
3．Plain White VII shallow，disc－shaped bowl with flat bottom；straight sides．Used as a cover to amphora No．4．Dram．I3．7．On No． 4.
4．Plan White VI－VII oral amphora with base－rıng； slanting shoulder；splaying neck；flat rim；horizontal handles，on shoulder．Herght +4.5 ．Floor．
5．Plain White $\backslash$ I－VII piriform amphora with knobbed base；concave neck；swollen rim；vertical handles from neck to shoulder．Height 57．2．Floor．
6 Plain White VI－YII shallow，flat bowl with flat base； inwards thickening rim；slightly curved outline．Diam． 12．2．Floor．
7．Plann White VII oval jug with small base－disc；rather wide，concave neck；pinched mouth with flattened rim； handle from rim to shoulder．Height 27．4．Floor．
8 ．Bichrome Red II（V）wide，shallow towl with flat，raised base；flat rim；two string－holes on rim．Black triangles on white ground on rim；white circular lines inside； black encircling band outside．Diam． 21.3 ．Floor．
9．Bichrome IV oval amphora with base－ring；cylindrical neck：thick，swollen 1 m ，horizontal handles on shoulder． Encircling lines and bands round rim，neck，shoulder， and body；frieze of close，concentric circles round neck；
wavy line separating vertical parr of concentric circles on shoulder．Heght +8.0 ．Floor．
1o．Plain White VII deep bowl with flat base；bulging outline；flattened rim．Diam．13．6．On No． 11.
11．Bichrome V biconical amphora with base－ring；splaying neck；swollen rım；horizontal handles on belly．En－ curcling lines and bands round rim，neck，shoulder， and belly；dotted line below neck；black handles flanked by broad，vertical strokes；palm－tree ornaments，sepa－ rated by sertical lines，between handles．Height 4 i．g． Floor．
12．Bichrome 「「amphora，as No．in，but cylindrical neck， and concentric circles among palm－tree ornaments． Height 33．3．Floor．
13．White Painted $V$ flat bowl with base－ring；flat rim． Encircling lines round rim；circles inside．Diam．i3．7． Floor．
14．Eichrome Red II（V）bowl，as No．8．Decoration worn． Diam． $3^{\text {r．o．Floor．}}$
15．Red Lustrous bubbin－shaped buttle with flat base； narrow neck；swollen rim；handle from neck to shoulder． Dark，lustrous paint covering rim，neck，handle，and shoulder．Height i7．5．Floor．
16．Plain White $V$ sack－shaped jug with tapering base－ disc；short，splaying neck；pinched mouth；handle from ram to shoulder．Height 16．2．Floor．
17．Plain White $V$ pirform amphora with knobbed base； short，splaying neck；swollen rim；vertical handles from neck to shoulder．On shoulder a graffito（see Appendix V）．Height 55．4．Floor．

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register，we obtain the following diagram：



Fig. 18x. Marion. Tomb 83. Finds in sith.


Fig. 182. Marion. Tomb 88, dromos.

## CHRONOLOGY

This classification shows that the pottery of the ist burial period consists mainly of Type V, and one specimen of Type IV, which dates this burial period to the later part of Cypro-Archaic II. The pottery of the 2 nd burial period consists of specimens of Type VII and transitory between Types VI and VII, assigning this burial period to the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMIB 81 (Figs. 178: 12—I4; 179)

| SIZE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lenath | Width | Depth | Heisht |
| Dromos | 2.58 | 1.04 | 1.95 | - |
| Stomion | 0.30 | 0.90 | - | 0.90 |
| Chamber | 1.12 | 1.22 | - | 0.94 |
| Stomion of side-chamber. | 0.22 | 0.67 | -- | 0.77 |
| Side-chamber | 0.53 | 1.00 | -- | 0.76 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rectangular shaft with curved front and with walls widening slightly upwards; it descends by two wide, high steps to a horizontal area in front of the door of the main chamber. Two chambers open from the dromos; the main chamber in its longitudinal axis, and a smaller side-chamber in the right side wall of the horizontal area. The door of the main chamber has a slightly curred roof, and was blocked up by a quantity
of roughly cut stone slabs and rubble. The stomion is rectangular in shape. It opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall. Its floor is at the same level as that of the chamber. The chamber is small in size, trapezoidal in shape, with rounded corners. Its floor slopes slightly towards the back wall, and its roof is horizontal.

The door of the side-chamber is similar to that of the main chamber. It was blocked by a large slab of stone, kepc in position by a few small wedging stones of rubble. The stomion is of the same plan as that of the main chamber and opens in the right end of the front wall of the chamber. The chamber is elliptical in shape. Its floor slopes towards the back wall and its roof is curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two intact layers of chatara with a top layer of clayey earth. In the main chamber, there was a bottom laver of culture earth covered by a thin layer of infiltrated charara. In the side chamber there was a bottom stratum of hard-packed chazara on the floor. No foreign earth cosered this bottom stratum.

All the objects were found on the floor and belong to one burial period.

## BCRIALS

Both the tombs contained pulverized remains of children. In the side-chamber a child's body had been buried in a monolithic sarcophagus placed along the back wall of the chamber.

EINDS (GROUP: PL. LXXX I, 2; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

C'hamber A
I. Black-un-Red III (V) globular jug with base-ring: tapering neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Concentric eircles on erther side of body; transverse lines on handle; encircling lines round ram and nect; front ornament of a consentionalized palmtree destgn. Height 23 4. Floor.
2 Bichrome Red II (V) jug, shape as No r. Black and white concentric arrcles on eather sade of body: transverse herringbone-pattern on handle; encircling lines round rim and neck. Heisht 16.7 . Flowr.
3. Plain White $I V$ cone-shaped pithos with pointed base; straught sides, angular shoulder; small, erect rm; vertical lonp-liandles below shoulder. Height 35.5. Floor.
4. Bichrome Red II (i) oval juy with base-disc; rather short, sherhtly tapering neck; groored, ring-shaped rim,
a high twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black line whth white dots below neck; white-dotted rosettes on shoulder; black and white encircling lines and bands round belly; transterse lines on handle; white-dotted sling-ornament on shoulder at handle. Height 195. Floor.

> Chamber B

I Bichrome Red II (V) Jug, shape as No. I of Chamber A. Concentric black and white circles on either side of body; three stripes below handle; transverse lines on handle. Height 19.0. Floor.
2. I'lan White $V$ large, cone-shaped pithus with pointed base; bulging bellẹ; concave wast; angular shoulder; erect rim; vertical loop-handles below shoulder. Painted inscription below shoulder (see Appendix V). Height 54.0. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The specimens of Type $V$ of pottery, characteristic of both the chambers, assign them to the later part of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMIB 82 (Figs. 177; 180)
SIZE

|  | Ienuth | Width | I epth | Heruht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.50 | I. ++ | 2.95 | -- |
| Stomion | 0.21 | 0.62 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.49 | 1. 64 | - | c. 0.95 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather long staircase shaft, widening much towards the back, with walls narrowing slightly upwards, descending by seven regular steps to an approximately horizontal area in front of the doors of the chamber of this tomb and of Tomb 85, which both open on to the same dromos; this tomb to the lcft, and the chamber of Tomb 85 to the right. The upper part of the door has collapsed, but the door-packing consisting of roughly cut stones and rubble was still in situ. The stomion is rectangular in plan, and opens on to the chamber, in its right front corner. The chamber is oblong and careshaped in plan. Its floor is horizontal and the roof has entirely collapsed. The rock wall separating this tomb and Tomb 85 has collapsed, as woll as the rock wall betwecn this tomb and Tomb 77 (cf. above) so that there is communication between these three chambers.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos-filling consisted of intact layers of chonnos. In the chamber there was a bottom layer of burial and culture earth, and uppcr layers of covering debris from the collapsed rock. These layers were the same as those covering the culture and burial stratum of the chamber of Tomb $7 \%$, indicating that the destruction of these chambers was simultaneous. All the objects were found on the floor and belong to one burial period.

## BLRIALG

Remains of a burial reprcsented by a layer of burial earth was found along the left side wall of the chamber. The tomb-gifts in pots were placed in three distinct groups, one on the left of the door, and another on the right, and a third near the back wall.

```
FINDS (GROLP: Pl. LXXX, 3; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)
```

1. Bichrome IV oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, neck, and bells: transwers: lines on handle; concentric carcles on shoulder Henght 26.7. On No. 2.
2. Brehrome IV oval amphora with base-ronge sleghtly concase neck: woollen rm: horizontal handlewon shoulder Enorcliner lines round ram, neck, shoulder, and body: black handles, freze of concentric carcles round neek and shoulder. Herght sz.4. Floor.

3 Coarse oral jug with flat base, broad. splaying neck wath stranght sudes. handle from rim to sboulder. Henght no Fiowr
4 Pharn White IV wal jug with flat base; short neek: pinched mouth. handle from rim to sboulder. Heigbt $17+$ Flowr .
5 Buchrome IV depressed ampbora with base-ring; very short, cindrical neck, swollen rim; borizontal handles on shoulder. Radating transterse lines on rim; wavy line round neck; encirching lines round shoulder and belly: black handles: rougb network-pattern between handles Hemght 275. Floor.
6 Plan Thite IV shallow, conical bowl with flat base: wide, flattened rim. one horizontal handle on rim. Diam. in. 5 Flowr.
7. Plain White IV open bowl with rounded outline; flat have: out-turned rim. Diam. 14.3. On No. 8.
$\therefore$ Red Slip III (V) shallow, conical hd with wide, flat rim, conical central knob. Dam. 15.4. On No. 9.
9. Plan White 1 V bowl, as No. 6. Diam. 17.4. Floor.
10. Plan White IV honl, as No. 6. Dlam. 17 + Floor.

II Buchrome IV jug, shape as No. i, but encircling lines wund rim and neck, ladder-pattern on handle; large, concentric circles on either side of body, rings of small urcles in their intervals: group of carcles below base of handle; front ornament of an encircled flower, crowned by a palm-tree decoration, and surrounded by small, concentric circles. Height 23.5. Hloor.
12. Plain White II bowl, as No. 6, but without handle. Dam 21.1. Floor.
1.3. White Painted 15 oval amphora with base-ring; cylindrical neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircline lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and hody: black handles, two wary lines round neck; frieze of douhle, concentric circles between handles Herght is 8 Floor.
If Red Slup Ill(V) oval amphoriskos with Hat base; splaying neck, swollen rim, handles from rim to shoulder. Height 8.0. Inside No. 13 .

15 Red Slip III (V) amphoriskos, as No. 14. Herght 7.8 . Flowr.
If. Bichrome Red I (IV') globular bottle with flat base. narrow neck, handle-ridge, flattened, wide rim; bandle from neck to shoulder Encircling lines round rim, neek, and belly, transverse lines on handle; small, concentio circles on shoulder. White, supplementary colour on rim Height ro.t. Floor.
1- Bichrome $V$ wide, biconical amphora witb base-rıng: ver: short, çlindrical neck with ridged ring; swollen rim. horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines round rim. neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles; concentric urcles between bandles. Heigbt 35.8 Floor.
1s Buchrome Red I (IV) shallow bowl witb Hat base, no handle Lincitclines black and white lines round rim: arile, made Dlam 12.5 Inside No. 17.
19. Buchrome If almont cylindrical jug witb flat base; pinched mouth; handle from rim to sboulder. Encircl-
ing lincs round rim, neck, and body; transverse lines on hande; concentrie circles on ,houlder Iteight i4.8. Floor.
zo. White Painted IV oval amphoriskos with flat base; concare neck; swollen rim; horizontal bandles on belly. Encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; black handles: bundles of vertical lines between handles. Height 13.2. Floor
21. Bicbrome Red II (V) depressed amphoriskos with flat base: splaying neck; flat, swollen rim; handles from rim to sboulder. Black triangles on wbite ground around rim; encircling lines round neck and belly; transverse lines on bandles; white, supplementary colour used as dots on the black line below neck. IIengbt 80 . Floor.
22 Black-on-Red III (V) oval amphora with small basering; splaying neck: swollen rim, handles from rim to shoulder. Encieling line below neck. Height 8.2. Floor.
23. Plain Wbite IV jug, as No. 4. Height 15.5 . Floor.
24. Black-on-Red III (V) amphoriskos, as No. 22. Hergbt 8.o. Floor.
25. Bichrome Red I (IV) depressed jug with wide, flat base; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lnes round rim and helly; black lines on handle; white-dotted, black lines round neck, small, concentric circles on shoulder. White, supplementary colour used on belly. Height 16.6. Inside No. 26.
26. "Ionian" Black Lustrous deep bowl with flat hase: rounded outline; out-turned rim; handle from rim to body. Diam. Ir.4. Inside No. 27.
27. White Painted IV shallow bowl with base-ring, slightly angular outline; out-turned rim; handle from rim to body. Black rim and handle; encirclines line round body; circles inside. Diam. 15.0. Floor.
28. Black-on-Red II (IV) depressed, priform bottle with flat base; cyllindrical neck, wide, flat rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round belly; other decoration worn out. Height 7.7 . Floor.
29. Bichrome IV oval amphoriskos with flat base; short, concave neck, slightly flattened rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encreling lines around rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; a wayy line below neck; concentric circles between handles; black handles. Height 137. Floor.
30. White Painted IV oval jug with basc-ring; cỵlindrical neck; pinched mouth, twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, neck, and bod! $\because$ ladderpattern on bandle: concentric circles on shoulder. Height 17.7. Floor.
31. White Painted IV ampbora with oval body; base-ring; cylindrical neck. slightly taperıng upwards; swollen rim; horizontal bandles on shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder, and body; friezes of concentric circles around neck, and hetween handles. Height soo. Floor.
32. Plain Wbite $V$ elender, double-cursed, cone-shaped pithos with pornted base; arched shoulder: wide mouth; small ram; vertical loop-bandles below shoulder. I leight 50.2. Floor.
33. Black-on-Red III (V) shallow buwl with Hat, raised base; angular outline; splayme sides; plain rim. Black rim; carcles inside. Dım. ir.o. Inside No. $3+$.
34. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep, conical bowl with basering; rounded outline; two horizontal handles below rim. Encircling lines round rim, body, and base; black handles; circles inside; small, concentric circles hanging below rim. Diam. 270 . Floor.
35. Bichrome IV sack-shaped jug with eslindrical body, flat base; no neck; pinched month; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim; bands and lines around body; small, concentric circles on shoulder, ladder-pattern on handle. Herght it.i. Floor.
36. Bichrome IV amphora, as No. 5, but with vertucal handles on shoulder; lines on handles. Herght 30.8 . Put together trom sherds.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| P o t t e ry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z } \\ & \text { i } \\ & \dot{B} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \geq \\ & \dot{y y y y y y} \\ & \dot{y y} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \grave{\vdots} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\#} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \approx \\ & \underset{y}{3} \\ & \underset{\sim}{3}= \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\Xi}{\Xi} \\ & \underset{\sim}{s} \\ & \simeq \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & = \\ & = \\ & =1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { = } \\ & \dot{E} \\ & \dot{E} \end{aligned}$ | 龹 |  |
| 13.20. 27 | 1, 2. 5 | 17 | 28.34 | 22. 24 | 16. 18 | 21 | 8. 14 | $+$ | 6. 7 | 32 | 3 | 26 |
| 30.31 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 11. 19, } 29 \\ & 35 \cdot 36 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 33 | 25 |  |  | 9. | 10. 12 |  |  |  |
| -5 | -8 | -1 | $-2$ | -3 | -3 | -1 | -3 |  | -7 | - I | - 1 | -1 |

## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery is composed of a majority of Type IV, of which some are late, and a few specimens of early Type $V$, assigning the tomb to the early part of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMB 83 (Figs. 181; 183: 1-4)
size

|  | Length | Wrdth | Deprin | Hewht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.56 | 1.63 | 2.65 |  |
| Chamber | 2.80 | 3.96 | -.. | - - |

SHAPE
The dromos is a combined staircase and sloping shaft, widening towards the back, with walls widening upwards, and descending by five regular steps in the front part and from there, sloping to the door. From the level of the lowermost step, a bench is cut along the left side of the dromos into the rock. The upper part of the door has fallen in, but the lower part of the door-packing, consisting of rough stones was still in situ. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis, and the floor of the dromos descends to that of the chamber by a step. The chamber is cave-shaped in plan, its floor is approximately horizontal, and its roof has completely collapsed.


## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of:
I) A top layer of chomnos mixed with clay.
2) A filling of coarse chonnos.
3) A layer of fine rock.
4) A layer of coarse chonnos.
5) A bottom layer of pulverized, fine chonnos.

No section was made through the debris of the chamber, but the following facts were recorded. There were two burial periods, but the burial remains of the later one were found on the floor, and those of the earlier one had been swept away and deposited in a small shaft, cut in the rock floor near the right side wall of the chamber. Covering the burial stratum at the bottom was a layer of infiltrated mud and silted clay. The water of this layer has greatly disordered the position of the finds, a great deal cf which had floated up and were found at different levels above the floor, in the infiltrated layer of mud. At the top there was a layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof.

On account of the stratigraphical conditions, the finds of the two periods can only be separated on stylistic grounds.

## BURIALS

In the second burial period, two burials took place in the chamber, one along the left side wall and the other, close to this in the centre of the tomb. Of the first body, only burial earth remained. The body was adorned with silver rings of which two with bezels of scarabs (Nos. 22-27). Of the second body, burial earth and fragments of the skull remained. The body was placed with the skull towards the back wall of the chamber. The bulk of the tomb-gifts and pots were placed along the back wall of the chamber.

FiNds (GROLPS: PL. LXXXI, I, 2; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Bichrome $V$ oval jus with hase-ring; short, tapering neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and body; vertical lines on handle; three concentric circles as front ornament; curved lines with concentric circles on both sides of handle. Height $=8.6$. Floor.
2. Red Slip II (IV) shallow bowl with base-ring, doublecurved outline; vertical handle from rim to hody. Diam. 11.7. Floor.
3. Plan White V wade, pear-shaped, amphora with flat base-knob; short, splaying neck; ring-shaped rim; vertical handles from neck to shoulder. Helght 55.0. - 151 .
4. White Panted I-II sphersal juglet with concave, narrow neck; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircline lines round neck; spral round mouth; transverse lines on handle; concentric carcles on cather sade of body. Iferght 11.5 . Floor.
5. White Painted I deep bowl with los foot; base-dise; double-curved outhne; two vertical handles helow rim

Encircling hands round rom, body, ancl bise biack handles. Circles insicle Dam 120 Inude No 6.
6. White Panted I howl, shape as No 5. Encircing lines and bands round rim, body, and base, black handles, latticed, framed trangles. Hanked by bundles of vertical lines, between handes; circles mishle Dram. 17.3 - 150
7. White Panted I bowl, shape as No. s, but wath one vertical handle from rim to body. Encrichene henes round rme, body, and base; two wa! line wound the body, black hardle. Dtam 15.5. Inside No. 6
$\&$ White Panted I bowl, as No. - 1 Dam 15.5. - I5.
9. Plain White IV wade, shallow bowl wath Hat base: Hattened, curved, out-turned rm. Dam. 14.0 ()n No. 10
10. White Panted I bowl, shape ds No 5. Encratme lines and bands round ram, bods, and bane: vertacal, tramed herrong-bente bands and bundlen of wertual lines between handles; wreles insale Ileight $116 \quad 153$ 11. Bichrome IV diac-shaped buwl wath bise-ing, curred,

Hattened rim; handle below rim. Encurcling lines and transverse, radiating strokes on rim; carcles mside. Diam. 16.2. Flour.
12. White Panted I-II depressed piriform amphora wath base-ring: concave, wade neck; flat, flaring rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Ilandles missing. Radiating, transserse lines on rim; encircling lines and bands round neck, shoulder, and base; vertical, framed bands with herring-bone patterns and hanging, hatched lozenges on neck. Height 35.0. - 13 I .
13. Black ship I oral jug with low foot; concave neck; pinched mouth: handle from rim to shouider. Three horizontal, impressed lines on shoulder; vertical, grooved lines from shoulder to body. Height 17.4. - It+.
14. Black-on-Red III (V) pinform juglet with narrow base; narrow neck; splaying, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round belly. Height 7.7. Floor.

1§. Plain White $V$ vhallow bowl with flat base; angular nutline; in-turned rim. Diam. 12.2. - 189 .
16. Coarse oval jug with flat base; wide neck with straght, splaying sudes; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 12.5. Floor.

1-. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep bowl with base-disc; bulging
shoulder; defined, erect rim; two horizontal handles. Encirching lines and bands round rim, body; and base; circular lines inside; frieze of concentric circles on rim, and on shoulder. Diam. 16.5. Floor.
18. Coarse Jug, as No 16. Height 14.9. Floor.
19. Five fragments of a shallow, plain, bronze bowl with moulded rim. Diam. c. 13.7. - 181 .
20. Coarse jug, as No. 16. Herght 15 5. - i 8 f .
21. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl. shape similar to No. 15, but wath more rounded outline; base-disc and one horizontal handle below rim. Encircling lines round rim and body; circular lines inside. Diam. i4.5. Floor.
22. Plan silver finger-ring. Diam. 2.3. Floor.
23. Plain finger-ring of shiser, as No. 22, but thicker. Diam. 2.9. Floor.
24. Silver finger-ring, as No. 22. Diam. 2.4. Floor.
25. Scarab of white steatite set in a revolcing mounting on a circular silver finger-ring (see Appendix I). Diam. of ring 2.8. Length of scarab 1.5. Floor.
26. Circular silver finger-ring with a scarabord of paste set in a revolving mounting (see Appendix I). Diam. of ring 2.8. Length of scaraboid 2.1. Floor.
27. Silver finger-ring with scarab, as No. 25 (see Appendix 1). Diam. of ring 2.6. Length of scarab i.6. Flonr.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The ist burial period with pottery of Type I, of which some are late, is consequently to be dated to the later part of Cypro-Geometric I; the 2nd burial period with about equal quantities of pottery of 'Types IV and $V$, is to be assigned to the first part of CyproArchaic II.

TOMB 84 (Fig. 183 : 5-8)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.00 | 1. 50 | 2.50 | - |
| Chamber | 2.30 | 2.13 | - | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a basin-shaped shaft with curved front and vertical walls, sloping slightly towards the door. Along the left side, a bench is cut in the rock, 1.00 m . above the level of the floor, in front of the door. The upper part of the door has fallen in, but the doorpacking, consisting of rough stones, was still in situ. There is no stomion. The door opens to the right of the longitudinal axis of the chamber, and the floor of the dromos descends to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The front wall and the front parts of the side walls of the chamber are straight, but the back part of the chamber is irregularily shaped, so that the whole chamber has the shape of an irregular trapezoid. The floor of the chamber slopes slightly towards the centre from the door and from there to the back wall; it is approximately horizontal. Most of the roof has fallen in, but it seems to have been curved and sloped towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of sand, a second layer of coarse chonnos and an oblique top layer of pulverized chonnos, the top layer and the second layer being separated by a streak of brown earth.

The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A top layer of rubble and sand, horizontally stratified, from the upper part of the collapsed rock.
2) Rock debris from the collapsed roof with lumps of rock.
3) A heary layer of silted rock debris from the collapsed roof.
4) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom, close to the door covered by an infiltrated layer of dromos-filling.
The water in the silted, third layer of debris has brought disorder among the original position of the finds, so that many of them were found floated up into this layer.

BURIALS
Remains of only one burial could be observed, along the left side wall. No bones were preserved, only burial earth.

## Finds (Group: Pl. LXXXi, 3; Types: L. OF PL. II)

I. Black-on-Red III (V) wide, shallow bowl with basedisc; flat rini; horizontal handle on rimı Circles inside. Diam. 20.7. - ${ }_{158} 8$.
2. Black-on-Red III (V) bowl, as No. I, but with two string-holes on rim. Diam. 18.3. - 158 .
3. White Painted V almost globular jug with base-rmg: short, tapering neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, neck, and above base; vertical dashes on neck; transierse lines on handle; intersecting, encircling lines; concentric circles on either side of body: palm-tree ornament in front; douhte crossed lines on shoulder Height 240 . - 164 .
4. Bichrome $V$ biconical amphora with hise-rine: handles on beily. Neck missing. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and hody, dotted line helow neck; concentric carcles separated hy hundles of tertical lines between handles. Height 398. - I6.
5. Bichrome $V$ depressed amphorskos with base-dise; short, rather splayng neck; plan rim; small, homzontal handles on helly. Encurcling lines found rim, neek, shoulder, and body. Helght 13.1. On Nios 6, 7.
6. Bichrome V' hiconcal amphora with bate-ring; alyutly swollen neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encorcling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder,
and body, concentric circles, separated by bundles of vertical lines. on shoulder. Height $287-$ - 161 .
7 Bichrome $V$ biconcal amphord, as No 6. Height 3i.0. - 157
s. Plan White $V$ biconical, small jug with hise-disc: rudge below neek; pinched mouth, handle from rim to shoulder. Heraht 90 . Insade No. 5.
9. Plam White $V$ cone-shaped pithos with pointed hase: angular shoulder, erect rim; vertical handles below shoulder Herght 41 3. Floor
10. Bichrome $V$ biconical amphora with base-ring. splaying neck, swollen, splaying rim; horizontal handles on belly. Decoration as No 6 , but with a way lone round neck and wathout concentric carcles. Height 37.0. - 169 .
if. Bi,hrome $V$ amphoriskos, as No. 6. Encircling lines and hancl: round rim, neck, shoulder, and body: was line on shoulder; double. vertical lines, flanking the hlack handles. Height is.7. - 169.
12. Bichrome $V$ amphora, as No. 10, but dotted line below neck, anstead of the wavy one. Height 39.3. - 162.
13. Bichrome V amphora, shape as No. io, and decoration as No. 12. Helght 39.8. - 162.
14. Plan Whate $V$ wide, shatlon bowl with base-dise, Hattened rim, hormontal hande on rim. Hancle misung.

15. Red Slip III (V) wade, shallow bowl with base-disc, flattened. down-turned rms. Diam. if.z - ifg.
16. Red Slip 11I (V) bowl, as No. 15. Diam 14.7. - 169 .
17. Bichrome Red I1 (V) bowl, is No. I5, but with two strang-holes on rim. Black and white carcles inside; black band outside. Diam. if 2. Floor.
$1 \AA$ Bichrome $V$ amphora, shape as No. 10. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; freze of concentric corcles round neck; wary line below neck; palm-tree ornaments and hanging, concentric crcles on shoulder: black handles. Herght 49 2. Floor.
ig. Bichrome V biconical amphora, with base-ring; short, cylindrical neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Enciraling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; concentric careles on shoulder; black handles Hewht 383 . Floor.
20. Bichrome $V$ amphora, as No. 4 , but with palm-tree ornaments between handles. Height 245 . Floor.
21. Bichrome V amphora, shape as No. 12. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; wary line below rim; double, vertical lines Hanking black handles. Height zoo. Floor.
22. Plan White V sack-shaped jug with base-disc, splaying neck, handle from rm to shoulder. Henght if.o. On Vo. 23.
23. Plan White $V$ pariform amphora with narrow basering. short, splaying neck; swollen rim: handles from neck to shoulder. Between handles graffito (see Appendix Vi Herghe 540 . Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


$$
\text { TOMIB } 85 \text { (Figs. 17ヶ: } 1,3-5 ; 180 \text { ) }
$$

ミIZE

|  | l.ensth | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | +.50 | I. 4 I | 2.95 | ---- |
| Stomion | 0.59 | 0.54 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.09 | I. 28 | -- | 0.96 |

SHAPE
For the dromos see Tomb 82．The door has a curved roof and was closed by a loosely built door－packing of roughly cut stoncs and rubble，apparently disturbed．The stomion is rectangular in plan and opens on to the chamber approximately in its longitudinal axis． The chamber is oblong and eave－shaped in plan．Its floor is horizontal and the roof has entirely collapsed．

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of layers of chacara，in front of the door interrupted by a refilled shaft，together with the disturbed door－packing，indicating a reopening of the tomb．

The layers in the chamber showed that this happened in connection with a reburial： at the bottom there was a burial and culture stratum，covered by rock debris from the roof： above this was another burial and culture layer，covered by a heavy layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof．The covering layers of debris were the same as those of Tombs 82 and 77 indicating that the tombs collapsed simultaneously（cf．above p．419）．Finds Nos． 7,8 belong to the 2nd burial period（found at a level of -60 ）and all the other finds to the ist burial period（found on the floor）．

## BURIALS

On the floor there were remains of one burial，represented by a layer of burial earth found in the middle of the chamber．The body was female，adorned with two bronze rings with beads（No．io）．

In the 2nd burial layer，there were also remains of a burial represented only by a layer of burial earth．Tomb－gifts in two pots only had been given to the deceased．

FINDS（GROLPS：PL．LXXXII，1，2；TYPES：L．OF PL．II）

I．White Panted $\mathrm{N}^{-}$cup－shaped bowh with angula，double－ curved outline，base－disc；handle from rum to body． Encrecling lines round rim and body；circles insule； curved stroke from base of handle to rmm．Dam． 86. Floor．
2．Plain White IV wal jug with small hase－dise，colind－ itial，very short neck，pinched mouth，hanalle from rim to shuulder．Hessht 1 B o．Floor
3．Bichrome IV゙ーV゙ depressed buttle with that base，short， narrow，concate neck；wide，flaring rim；handle trom rim to shoulder．Encircling lines and bands round neck and belly：black handle：wave line on shoulder；red rim．Herght 7.9 ．Floor．
4．Black－on－Red III（V）oral amphuriskos wath flat base， splaying neck；swollen rum．down－turned handle trom rim to shoulder．Encircling lines and bands round rim， neek，and bells，transierse lines on handle，fruezes of concentric circles round neck and shoulder．Hecight 8．8．Floor．
5．Plain White IV otal jug with small base－dise，short，
cylindrical neak，pinched mouth，handle from ram to shoulder．Height 220 ．Floor．
6．Plan White IV jug，as No．2．Atouth partly mume． Henght 20．4．Floor．
7．Plan Whate Vil wal jug with bacemong，concale nedh， radiee around base of neck，＂metal－knobled＂twin－ handle from neck to shoulder，bull protome opponte handle．Height 26.0 －6o
8．Plan Whate VII wide，shallow bewl with base－disc； Hat，down－turned rim．Dam 35．5．－ 60
9 White Panted IV owal amphora with base－tmer almost celondrical neck：swollen rim；horzontal handles on shoulder Encarchng lines and band round am．neak． shoulder，and base，frece of concentric carcles round neck：detached，concentric cireles on houlder；blach handee：was lines on shoulder．Heteht＋it．Flowr
10．A par of earrings of bronce，circulat in shape．wath a small gap between the end．On rine is threaded a flat，circular bead of green glass．Only one bead pre－ seried．Diam．of ring 2 4．Diam of bead 0．6．Floor．

Summing up the stratification given in the Object Register and the stratigraphical data, we obtain the following diagram:

|  | P o t t e r y |  |  |  |  | Bronze |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wh P.IV | Bichr. IV-V | Bl.-on-R. III (V) | Pl. Wh IV | Pl Wh. VII | Earring |
| ist burial | 1. 9 | 3 | 4 | 2. 5.6 |  | 10 |
| period | -2 | -1 | - 1 | -3 |  | - I |
| and hurnal period |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7.8 \\ & -2 \end{aligned}$ |  |

## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery of the ist burial period is almost entirely of Type IV, with a single specimen of early Type $V$, which dates this burial period to the earlier part of Cypro-Archaic II. The 2nd burial period, with two vases of the Plain White VII class is by this assigned to the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

$$
\text { TOMB } 86 \text { (Fig. } 18+: 1-3 \text { ) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.50 | 1.30 | 0.95 | -- |
| Stomion | 0.37 | 0.42 | - | 0.78 |
| Chamber | 1.00 | 1.00 | - | 0.81 |

SHAPE
The front part of the dromos is a narrow staircase shaft with three steps. At the lowermost step, it widens abruptly into a basin-shaped shaft with a horizontal floor. The door has a curved roof, and the door-packing consisted of a large, rectangular slab of stone, kept in position by wedging stones of small rubble. The stomion widens towards the chamber. Its floor is on a level with that of the chamber. The chamber is small in size, cave-shaped, with the floor sloping slightly towards the back wall, and the roof curved and sloping towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of coarse chonnos with lumps of chomos, covered by a horizontal, trodden layer mixed with limestone; and a top layer of rock mixed with clay. The layers in the chamber were composed of a bottom layer of burial and culture earth, a layer of chonnos from the partly collapsed rock, and a top layer of homogeneous, hard-packed, infiltrated clay. All the objects were found on the floor.

BLRIALs
Along the right side wall of the chamber scanty remains of a child's body were found. The few tomb-gifts in pots were placed along the left part of the back wall, and along the left side wall of the chamber. From the right side wall of the dromos a rectangular shaft is cut out of the rock, where stone bases for statues, and a stele with an inscription in Cypriote syllabary were found, together with a stone base for erecting the inscribed stele (see Appendix V). There was, consequently, a group of tomb-monuments standing at this place. Of the sculptures, only scanty remains were found.

## FINDS (GROCP: PL. LXXXII, 4)

I. Coarse oval jug with flat base; broad, splaying neck with straight sides; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 14.3. Floor.
2. Black-on-Red II (IV) depressed amphoriskos with basedisc; cylindrical neck; swollen, down-turned rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and belly; transıerse lines on handles; frezes of concentric circles round neck and shoulder. Height 8.3. Floor.
3. Black-on-Red II (IV) deep. conical bowl with base-ring; rased, splaying rim; horizontal handle below rim. Black outside: circles inside. Diam. 16.5. Floor.
4. White Panted IV bowl with double-cunsed outline; base-disc; handle from rim to body. Encircling lines round rim and body; circles inside: cursed stroke from base of handle to rim: black handle. Diam 12.7. Flour
5. White Punted IV bowl, as No. 4. Dam. 79 Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| P o t t e r y |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wh. P. IV | BI-on-R. II (IV) | Coarse |
| $4 \cdot 5$ | 2. 3 | 1 |
|  | CHRONOLOGY |  |

The pottery found in this tomb is all of Type IV. Nos. 2 and 3 are late in style, and the tomb is therefore to be assigned to the later part of Cypro-Archaic I.

TOMB 87 (Figs. 184:4-6; 185)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Herght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | $3 \cdot+5$ | 1.25 | 2.05 | - |
| Stomion | 0.32 | 0.79 | - | - |
| Chamber | 1. 73 | 1.86 | -- | c. 1.00 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a combined staircase and sloping shaft, with nearly vertical, but curved side walls, descending by four steps in the front part, and from there sloping to the door.


Fig. 18 . Marion Tomb 86, Plan and Finds in situ (1); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3). Tomb 87, Plan and Finds in silu (4); Sections . 1-1, B-B (5. 6). Tomb 88, Plan (7); Sections A-A, B-B (8, 9); Finds in situ (10). Tomb 8y, Plan and Finds in situ (11); Sections A-A, B-B (12, 13 ).


Fig. 185. Marion. 'lomb 87, dromos.


Fig. i86. Marion. Tomb 97, dromos.

From the level of the lowermost step, a bench is cut in the left side wall of the dromos. The upper part of the door has fallen in, but the door-packing, built up of poros slahs, kept in position by small wedging stones of rubble, was still standing in situ. The stomion is rectangular in shape. It opens approximately in the longitudinal axis of the chamber. Its floor descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step. The chamber is spadeshaped. Its floor is horizontal and its roof, which has nearly entirely collapsed, has been slightly curved.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two lower lavers of chaciura and chomms, and a top layer of earth and chomos. The layers in the chamber were composed of:
r) A heary layer of coarse rock debris from the collapsed roof.
2) An oblique layer of rock debris from the collapsed stomion.
3) A horizontal layer of crumbled chonnos from the roof of the chamber, covcred with a thin streak of sand.
4) A layer of burial and culture earth at the bottom.

All the objects were found on the floor.

## BLRIALS

Only one burial has taken place in the chamber, along the left side wall. Of the bones, the skull and parts of the upper and lower extremities were preserved. The tibiae were crossed, the skull was found near the left front corner of the chamber. This seems to show that the body had been buried lying with crossed legs, and with the skull near the left front wall of the chamber, in an outstretched position.

## FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXXII, 3)

1. Coarse oval jug with flat base; broad, splaying neck with straght sides, handle from rim to shoulder. Height 11.9. Floor.
2. White Panted IV cup-shaped bowl with base-disc; duuble-curved outline; splaying rim; handle from rim
to body. Encircling lines round rim and body; black handle; circles inside; curved stroke from base of handie to rim. Diam. io.6. Floor.
3. Plain White IV oval jug with base-disc; neck and handie missing. Height 19.3. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| P orcclllll |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wh. P. IV | Pl. Wh. IV | 1 | Coarse |
| 2 | 3 |  | I |
| -1 | - 1 | ! | -1 |

CHRONOLOGY
The pots found in this tomb are thus of Type IV, and the tomb is therefore to be assigned to the later part of Cypro-Archaic I.

TOMB 88 (Figs. 182; 184:7-10)
SIZE

|  | Length | Widrh | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.00 | I. 23 | 2.10 | - |
| Stomion | 0.92 | 0.86 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.64 | 2.60 | - | - |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather narrow shaft of medium size, widening towards the back, with curved front end and nearly vertical walls, descending by a gradual slope towards the door. The upper part of the door has fallen in. Of the door-packing, the lower part consisting of a substructure of rough stones was found in situ. The upper part, which consisted of three upright slabs of poros covered by a transverse top slab, was more loosely built, which seems to indicate a reopening of the tomb in connection with a later burial. The
stomion is nearly rectangular in plan; its roof had collapsed. It opens on to the chamber near its right front corner, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by two steps. The chamber is approximately square in plan with slightly curved walls and rounded corners. Its floor is horizontal and its roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of chonnos mixed with stoncs, a wedge-shaped layer sloping from the door and consisting of sand and white chačara, and a top layer of chonnos. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) A top layer of rock mixed with gray clay, from the upper part of the collapsed rock.
2) A layer of partly silted chonnos.
3) A layer of rock debris mixed with sand.
4) A layer of rock debris partly silted, partly with lumps of rock; both these layers from the collapsed roof.
5) A layer of culture and burial earth at the bottom.

Only one burial period could thus be stratigraphically stated, but some of the finds were found at different levels above the floor, being floated by infiltrated water. 'The classification of the pottery (see below) indicates, however, that two burial periods are represented (cf. above, door-packing).

## BURIALS

Remains of two burials only, represented by thin layers of burial earth, were found in the chamber; one along the left side wall, and the other along the right side wall of the chamber. The body along the left side wall was male, provided with a bronze strigil (No. 22). The tomb-gifts in pots were accumulated along the left part of the front wall, in connection with the male body and around the other body, buried along the right side wall, but some of them have been brought into disorder by the infiltration of water (cf. above).

## FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXXII, 5)

r. Plain White VI shallow buwl with flat bottom; rounded outline; plain rim. Diam. 7.3. - 100 .
2. Plain White VII wide, shallow bowl with base-ring; straight sides; flat, down-turned rim. Diam. 23.4. Floor.
3. Plain White VI bowl, as No. 2, but slıghtly rounded outline; flat rim. Diam. 21.7. - 150 .
4. Plain White VII depressed, oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 22.0. - 533 .
5. Plain White XII bobbin-shaped torpedo-pithos with pointed base; radge below shoulder; concare, conical shoulder; short neck, splaying rim; vertical loop-handle below shoulder Height 62.5. - 153 .
6. Plain White X'II squat jug with flat base; hroad, splaying neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.r. Floor.
7. Plan Whate fack-shaped jug with flat base, no neck, splatene rem; rased handle trom ram to shoulcler. Ilueht 16.3. Floor.
8. Bichrome Red II (V) biconcal bittle with narrow bace; narrow neck; wade, swollen rima: handle from rim to shoulder Black and white encorchang hes round belly Heaght 105 Floor

10. Plam White fil small, biconical jue wath that bise, short neck; pinched mouth, handle from rim to shoulder IIetght $7+$ - I6z.
ar. Plann White VI wade piriform amphora with knobhed base; sharhtly splayne neck; groose below rim, hundles from neek to shoulder Hewht 600. - I5.
12 Plan White VI jug, as No 10. Henght 7 i. lnside Vo. 11.

13 Whate Panted VI globular jug wath high, curved basering; tapering, swollen neck, splaying, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder Intersecting, concentric carcles on body: framed. wasy lines round neck and on handle, flower-ornament in front of and sling-ornament below base of handle. Height 15 . - 160 .
$1+$ Plan White V bowl with Hat hase: conical body; angular shoulder, plan rim Diam. iz.6 Floor.
is Plan White VII bowl, as No. 2. Diam. 26.i. - 448 .
if Plain White VI oral jug with base-ring; ridge below neck, concave neck; small, flat rim; "metal-knobbed" handle from neck to shoulder; bull's protome opposite the handle as front ornament. Height 22.8. - 148 . 1- $_{-}$. Bichrome Red II (V) bottle, as No. S. IIeight 11.z. Floor.
18. Plain Whate J jug, as No. 9. Herght 130 . Floor.
19. Plain White VII sack-shaped, crlindrical jug with flat base; concave neck; splaying rim; handle from rum to shoulder. Henght 10.3. Flour.
20. Plain White VII shallow bowl with Hat bottom; straght, splaying sides; invards thickening rim. Diam. 12.7. - 155.
21. Plaın White VI jug, as No. 1o. Height 7.3. - 155.
22. Fragment of curved bronze strigıl, semicarcular in section, whth concave, horizontal loop-handle, attached to blade by a long, lancet-shaped mounting with holes for two rivets. Part of handle missing. Broken. Length 12.5. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery thus consists of Types VI and VII, with some surviving Type V. This seems to indicate that burials have taken place in two periods: the early part of CyproClassic I and the early part of Cypro-Classic II, as there is no evidence that a quantity of Type V survived in Cypro-Classic II. Unfortunately the disturbed culture stratum has deprived us of the stratigraphical evidence.

TOMIB 89 (Fig. 184: $11-\mathrm{I} 3$ )
SIZE

|  | Length | Wrath | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.70 | 1.00 | C. 1.90 | - |
| Stomion | 0.34 | 0.83 | - | - |
| Chamber (with niches) | 3.00 | 2.20 | - | - |

SHAPE
The dromos is a narrow shaft of medium size, widening towards the back, with vertical walls, descending by a gradual slope, rather steep in front of the door. The upper part of the door had fallen in, but the door-packing, consisting of rectangular stone slabs and rubble, was still in situ. The stomion narrows towards the chamber. It opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall. Its floor is on the same level as that of the
chamber. The chamber consists of a rather narrow, roughly reetangular central part with a large, rectangular roek-eut niehe in the left side wall, and a smaller, loaf-shaped niche in the baek wall, about 0.20 m . above the floor-level of the ehamber.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three layers of chonnos mixed with chatara. The layers in the ehamber were eomposed of:

1) A top layer of sandy roek and rubble from the upper part of the eollapsed roek.
2) A homogeneous layer of rocky matter of chonnos mixed with smaller pieees of white chacara.
3) In the front part of the chamber, a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated dromos-filling.
4) A bottom layer of burial and culture earth.

All the objeets were found on the floor, exeept Nos. 8, 12, 13, (see Obj. Reg.), whieh were found at levels varying between - 142 and - 151 , in the culture earth on the floor of the left niche.

## BCRIALS

Remains of one burial, represented by a laver of burial earth, were found in the niche in the left side wall of the chamber.

The bulk of the tomb-gifts in pots were placed around the body in the niche, and a few to the right of the door, and in the loaf-shaped niche.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXXII, 6; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plain White V sack-shaped jug with flat base; no neek; swollen rim, rased handle from rim to shoulder. Ileight I42. Floor.
2. Black Glazed kylix, Type i. Glaze coserme inside with concentric, hlack circles un red ground in centre; hlack lines around shoulder; broad, hlack band around body below handles; black glazed bottom outside. Diam. If.o. Floor.
3. Plan White $V$ oval jug whth base-ring: ridge below neck; splaying neck; pinched mouth; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Height 29.0. Floor.
4. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle with narrow base-disc; narrow, short, concave neck, swollen rim, handle from rim to shoulder Encircling lines and bands round neck and belly. Height $\delta_{3}$. Floor.
5. Coarse sack-shaped jug with flat base; concave neck; splaying rim; handle from rme to shoulder. Height 15 1. Niche.
6. Phan Whate $V$ hemospherical bowl wath narrow basedise, plan rmm. Diam. 12.S. On Vo. 7 .
7. Bichrome $V$ ond jug with hase-rine, neck, handle. and rim missing. Encircling lines and bands round neek
and belly; concentric carcles on shoulder, cursed lines on both sides of base of handle Ileight 225 Flowr
8. Bichrome Red II (V) wide, shallow bow! with basedisc; flat rim. Black trangles on white around found rim; black and white carcles innde. Vers dayk shp. Diam. 160 . $-\mathrm{I}+2$.
9. Bichrome Red II (V) bottle, as No. 4, but wilh white supplementar! colour Ilewht 71 . Ifoor
10. Open, satuer-shaped lamp of terracotta wath hased base; panched mouth; flattened rim 1)am. 11.7 Ifowr.
11. Plain White V hallow, wale beal wath hae-ring; flat

12. Red Slip III (V) disc-chaped plate with wode base-rine: Hat rim sloping inwards, gronsed lines round rim and inside; two string-holes on rim. Diam, 1.i.7. - 151 .
13. Red Shp III (V) bowl, as No. \&, but deeper. Dam 18.O. - 146 .
it Red Sho 111 (V) bown, shape as No. S. Dtam 15 . Floor.
Is Red Slep IIl (V) shallow bosl with deuble-cursed, angular outhne: base-dace, handle from rim to body. Diam io o. Flow
14. Red Slip fli (V) bowl, as No s. Diam 14.6. Fhoor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The classification proves all the pottery to be of Type V , dating the tomb to the later part of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMB 90 (Fig. 187: 1-3)
SIZE

| Dromos | $\begin{gathered} \text { Length } \\ 2.66 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Width } \\ \text { I. } 48 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Depth } \\ & 2.04 \end{aligned}$ | Heigh |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stomion | 0.54 | 0.75 | - | - |
| Chamber | 1.90 | 1.90 | - |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is a basin-shaped shaft, widening towards the back, with curved front, and descending by two ledges to the floor, which slopes towards the door. The upper part of the door has fallen in, but the door-packing consisting of a substructure of two smaller, roughly cut stone blocks, and an upper, rectangular, large slab of stone, kept in position by small wedging stones of rubble, was still standing approximately in situ, but the stone slab had fallen into the dromos at the collapse of the roof of the tomb. The stomion is rectangular in plan; it opens on to the chamber approximately in its longitudinal axis; and its floor descends to that of the chamber by an oblique step; its roof has collapsed. The chamber is roughly square in shape with curved, and irregularly shaped walls. Its floor is horizontal, and its root has entirely collapsed, but seems to have heen curved and sloped towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of coarse chonnos, another layer of chonnos and charara covered with a streak of sand, and an upper layer of chonnos and charara mixed with clay. The streak of sand below the upper layer seems to show that, for some time the dromos had been opened at this level, possibly in connection with a reburial, which is corroborated by the fact that this streak of sand is on a level with the top of the substructure of the door-packing. The layers in the chamber were composed of:

1) The same top layer of chomos mixed with clay, which covered the filling of the dromos.
2) A pyramidal layer of sandy rock from the collapsed roof, surrounded by infiltrated layers of silted clay.
3) A horizontal layer of chonmos from the collapsed roof, partly silted by infiltration of water.
4) A bottom layer of culture and burial earth.

The culture layer was in a bad state of preservation owing to the infiltration of water, which also had floated some of the pots; they were found in the third layer at different levels above the floor. It could not even be stated with certainty whether there were one or two layers of burial.

## BCRIALS

Of the burials very scanty and disturbed remains were left, so that nothing for certain can be said about them.

## FINDS (GROCP: PL. LXXXIII, I; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plain White VII shallow bowl with flat base; rather straight sides. Diam. II.4 Inside No. 2.
2. Bichrome V biconical amphora with base-ring; upper part of neck missing; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neek, shoulder, and belly; black handles, flanked by black sertical stripes; pairs of stripes between handles; concentric circles between bundles of stripes on body. Height 350. Floor.
3. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle with narrow base-disc; short, narrow, concave neck; swollen rum; handle from rim to shoulder. Fncircling lunes and bands round rim, neck, and belly; concentric arcles on shoulder. Height 7.3. Inside No. 2.
4. Stroke Polished II (VII) depressed globular Jug with base-rıng; ridge below neck; very short neck; funnelmouth; moulded handle from neck to shoulder. Height 10.0. - Ioo.
5. Black-on-Red III (V) sack-shaped jug with base-dise; no neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Nouth partly missing. Encircling lines round rim and neck; vertical, hangeng, concentric circles in front and on both sides of handle; transverse dashes on handle. I Feight 13.1. - yo.
6. Plain White VII oval jug with flat base; sleghtly concare,
wide neck, handle from rim to shoulder. Hemeht 137 Floor.
7. Bichrome $V$ ampluora, shape as No 2, splasiner necls; swollen rim. Encarcling lines and bands 1 ound rim, neck, shoukder, and bells, bach handles, flanked bes vertical stipes: way line below nech, pars of stripes on belly. Herght 34.\%. - 01.
8. Black slip V'bottle, shape as Nu. 3. Iletuht 62 Inside No. 7 .
9. White Painted $\backslash$ rather poriform amphora, neck actdentally swollen; swollen lam; hosizontal handles on bells, decoration ats Xis. 7 , but not bahame. 'Ithe clay 1s coarse and hadly silted, the white shep gatty and much worn. Height +5.0. Fleor
 circles. Dark slıp Heghat 6.2 Insude No. (.
if. Bichrome Vamphora, as No 7 , but with comsentumaliced palm-tree ornaments on belly separatal by bundlen of vertical strepes, and encoreline row of doth matedel of wat line. Herght 375 Floor.
10. Plain White VII urn-shaped, onal amphurshos wath base-disc; splaying rimı, rudimentar: handies on houlder. Height 15.4. On No. II
I3 Bachrome $V$ amplord, shape is $\lambda_{0} \quad 7$ decoration ds No. II, but wath only one palm-trec ornamunt on eah side of belly Heizht 35.0 . Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The classification shows that the pottery divides itself into two stylistical groups, one with vases of Type $V$ and the other with pots of Type VII. This is an indication that there were two burial periods of which the first period dates from the later part of CyproArchaic II and the second period from the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMIB 91 (Fig. 187:4-6)

|  | SIZE | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos |  | 2.72 | I. 08 | c. 1.60 | - |
| Stomion |  | 0. 48 | 0.90 | - | - |
| Chamber |  | 2.78 | 2.44 | - | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a rather narrow and short shaft with vertical walls and curved front, gradually sloping in the front part, then abruptly descending into a basin-shaped area in front of the door. The upper part of the door had collapsed, but the door-packing consisting of roughly cut slabs and rubble, was still in situ. The stomion is approximately rectangular in shape. It opens on to the chamber diagonally, in its right front corner. The floor of the dromos descends down to that of the stomion by an oblique step; that of the stomion is on the same level as that of the chamber. The chamber is approximately trapezoidal in shape with the right side wall irregularly cut. The floor of the chamber is approximately horizontal, and the roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of coarse chonnos and two upper layers of finer chonnos. The layers in the chamber were composed of:
I) A heary layer of rock debris from the collapsed roof, partly silted, covered by oblique top layers of earth.
2) A horizontal layer of silted clay.
3) Close to the door a wedge-shaped layer of infiltrated dromos-filling.
4) A burial and culture stratum at the bottom.

There was, consequently, only one burial layer, and all the finds belong to this; but on account of the infiltrated water, they have floated about and were found at different levels above the floor, except Nos. 8 and 9, which were found on the floor.

## BURIALS

There were remains of one burial represented by a layer of burial earth along the west side wall of the chamber. After the funeral, offerings were brought to the dead in two bowls and five amphorae (Dromos Nos. 1-7), and these were deposited in the upper layer of the dromos-filling.


Fig. 187. Marion. 'Tomb 90, Plan and Finds in situ (1); Sections A-1, B-B (2, 3). Tomb 91, Plan and Finds in situ ( 4 ); Sections $A-A, B-B(5,6)$. Tomb 92, Plan ( 8 ); Sections B-B, A-1 (9, 10 ); Finds in situ ( 7 ).

## FINDS (GROUP: PL. LXXXIII, 2)

## Dromos

1. Red slip V (VII) shullow bowl with base-disc: rounded outline; Hat, anwards thackenine rim. Dam. 16.3. - 60 .
2 Plan White VI shallow bowl with Hat hase; inwards thickenng rim; slaghtly curved outlon2. Diam. 11.4. - 52.
2. Plan White VII oral amphora with base-ring; slanting shoulder: splaving neck, swollen rim; horizontal handles. Herght $46 .+$. 56 .
3. Plan White VII priform amphora with knobbed base; shightly concave neek: grooved lines below rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 55.5 - -56 .
4. Plan White VII amphora, as No. 4. Height 59.0. + 56.
5. Plan White VII amphera, as No. 3. Herght 47.0. -12
6. Fragment of Plain White VII amphora, as No. 3. - 30 .

Chamber

1. Plain White VII oval jug with low foot: ridge below neck; concare neck; flat rim; "metal-knobbed" twin-
handle from neck to shoulder; a figurne standing with a jug opposite the handle. Herght 36.8. - 28.
2. Plain White VII sack-shaped jug with bobbin-shaped body; flat base; short, concave neck; splaying, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height $12.5 .-66$.
3. Plan White VI jug, as No. 2, but softer, convex outlıne; plain, splaying rim. Height it.z. - 60 .
4. Coarse squat miniature jug with pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 5.o. - 60 .
5. Black Glazed bowl (A. 3). Impressed paimettes, inside bottom. Dram. 13.0. - 60 .
6. Black Glazed stand (A. i1). Plain. Dram. 6.5. - 60 . 7. Red Slip V (VII) shallow bowl, as Dromos No. x. Diam. 15.4. - 60.
7. Red Slup $V^{r}$ (VII) conical bowl with high base-ring; out-turned rim. Diam. I3.7. Floor.
8. Plan White VI jug, as No. 3. Height 12.1. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

We thus see that the pottery consists of a majority of Type VII and a few Type VI, which prove that the tomb dates from the later part of Cypro-Classic II.

TOMB 92 (Fig. 187:7-10)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.63 | I.10 | c. 2.40 | - |
| Stomion | 0.23 | 0.96 | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.55 | 215 | - | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a rather narrow and long shaft, of the combined staircase and sloping type, slightly widening at the back, and with nearly vertical walls; in the front part it de-
scends by four regular steps and then gradually slopes towards the door. The upper part of the door has fallen in. The construction of the door-packing, consisting of rubhle, shows that it has been built in two periods, as a part of the dromos-filling separated the lower part from the upper (cf. below). The stomion is short and rectangular in plan; it opens on to the chamber at the right end of its front wall, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by a step. The chamber is trapezoidal in plan, with the side walls widening towards the back wall. In the right back corner, there is a rectangular niche cut in the rock on a level with the floor of the chamber. The floor of the chamber is approximately horizontal, and the roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The bottom layer of the dromos-filling consisted of chomnos. At the top of this, which reached exactly the top of the lower part of the door-packing, there was a streak of sand. The upper part of the dromos-filling consisted of chonnos with oblique streaks of sand in it. The structure of the stratification of the dromos-filling thus coincides with that of the door-packing, indicating that the upper part of the dromos-filling has been dug out at a later period, as the circumstances of finds in the chamber show, in connection with a reburial; the part dug out was left open for some time while the streak of sand collected there ; then the upper part of the door-packing was rebuilt and the upper layer of the dromosfilling replaced. The layers in the chamber were composed of:
r-2) Upper layers of chonnos-filling with lumps of chonnos and charara streaks from the upper part of the collapsed roof.
3) A thick horizontal and homogeneous filling of chonnos from the collapsed roof.
4) Remains of two burial and culture strata on the floor, the later one in the chamber and the earlier one swept away into the niche.
All the objects were found on the floor except Nos. 9, 10, and II, which were found at a level of - in2, i. e., in the filling just above the culture stratum. A iong time cannot have elapsed between the burials because the pottery finds are homogeneous in a strlistic respect; and of the two pots found together with the skeletal remains swept away in the niche, No. 22 is among the latest from stylistic point of view.

## BURIALS

In the earlier burial period only one body seems to have been buried, the remains of which, as mentioned above, were swept away into the niche at the time of the later burial period. About the details of this burial, nothing more can be said than that the body was female, adorned with two hair-rings of silver and neck-pendants (Nos. 23 and $24 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ ).

From the second burial period there were remains of two burials, one in the middle of the chamber, represented only by a layer of burial earth, and the other one along the back wall of the chamber; of this body, a well preserved skeleton was found in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head ncar the left side wall, and the hards folded above the pelvis.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PL. LXXXIV, 1, 2; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

1. Red Slip III (V) - IV (VI) shallow bowl with base-ring; double-cursed outline, no handle. Diam. io.0. Floor.
2. Red Slip III (V)-IV (VI) deep bowl with conical, angular outline; narrow base-ring; no handle. Diam. I2.I. Floor.
3. Red Shp III (V)-IV (VI) bowl, as No. I. Diam. 126. Floor.
4. Pain White V sack-shaped jug with tapering, flat base; no neck; splaying, short rim; arched handle from rim to shoulder. Iteight i6.o. Floor.
5. Red Slip III (V) bowl, as No. 2, but deeper. Diam. 12.5 Floor
6. Red Shp III (V) bowl, as No. 5. Diam. 12.7. Floor.

7 Phan Whate $V$ shallow bowl with upright rim; small base-ring. Diam 12.3. Floor.
8. Red Shp III (V) flat, wide, conical bowl with straight sudes; base-ring; flat rim. Diam, 24.7. Floor.
9. Buchrome Red II (V) shallow, contcal bowl with base-ring; Hattened rim. Black triangles on white ground round rim; encircling line outside; concentric circles inside. Diam. 28.5. On No. ıo.
10. Plan White $V$ shallow miniature bowl with upright rım; small base-ring. Diam. 7.3. - Ifz.
11. Plain White V jug, as No. 4. Meight 16.5. - 112.
12. Red slip III (V) biconical mınature jug with narrow base-ring; concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height S.3. Floor.
13 Bichrome Rcd II (V) oval jug with base-ring; concave neck; rim not pronounced; twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Black-dotted, white line round rim; white, wavy line surrounded by two vertical, white-dotted, black lines round neck; black and white encircling lines round belly; white, wavy line on shoulder. Height 21.2 . Floor.
14. Plain White V jug, as No. 4. Height 13.5. On No. 15.
15. Plain White V jug, as No. 4. Height 17.3. Floor.
16. Black Glazed kylix, Type 2. Plain. Dıam. 13.7. Height 7.3. Floor.
17. Plain White $V$ depressed globular jug with base-ring; tapering neck; punched mouth; high twin-handle from rım to shoulder. Height 16.3 . On No. 18.
I8. Bichrome Rcd II (V) oval jug with base-ring; concave neck; rim not pronounced; twin-handle from neck to shoulder. Black and white, encircling lines round rim, neck, and body; ladder-pattern on handle. Height 20.3. Floor.
19. Plain White VI oval jug with high, wide, concavc neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.7. Floor.
20. Plain White V jug, as No. 4. Height 15.4 . Floor.
21. Bichrome Red II (V) jug, as No. 13, but with a bull's protome opposite the handle. Black triangles on white ground round neck, black and white, encircling lines round neck and belly; wawy lines on both sides of base of handle; transversc lines on handle; paint on protome; black and white flower-ornaments on shoulder. Height 28.3. Floor.
22. Plain White VI piriform bottle with base-ring; narrow neck; thick, swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 9.5. Floor.
23. Two silver hair-rings with overlapping ends. Diam: 1.I. Floor.
24. a) Polychıome, incrusted paste bead, mounted in a bronze cotter. Length i. 8.
b) Fragment of green glazed, Egyptian porcelain figurine. Height I.9. Floor.
25. Red Slip III (V) bowl, shape as No. I, hut with large rim and two string-holes. Diam. 19.5. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The stock of pottery is composed of a majority of vases of generally late Type V, and a few specimens of early Type VI, assigning the tomb to the transition from Cypro-Archaic II to Cypro-Classic I.

## TOMIB 93 (Fig. ı88: 1,2 )

size

| Dromos | $\begin{gathered} \text { Length } \\ 2.06 \end{gathered}$ | Width o. So | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Depth } \\ \text { c. } 0.85 \end{array}$ | Herigh |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chamber | 0.90 | 1.23 | - |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is a narrow, rectangular shaft with vertical walls, gradually sloping in the upper part, and descending by a step in front of the door. The upper part of the door has fallen in and only the lower part of the door-packing, consisting of rough stones, was in situ. There is no stomion. The door opens on to the chamber near the right end of its front wall, and the floor of the dromos descends to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is small in size and roughly rectangular in plan. Its floor is horizontal and the roof has collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of chazara and sand, and the chamber was entirely filled by layers of rock debris, sand, and smaller stones.

All the objects were found on the floor.

## BURIALS

No traces of skeletons or burial earth were observed. Probably a child had been buried in the tomb, of which no remains have been left, but to which tomb-gifts in the five pots preserved had been given.

## FINDS (GROCP: PL. LXXXIV, 3)

and palm-tree ornaments between handles Hewht 3.3.3. Floor.
3. Bichrome $V$ amphora, as Xio. 2. Height zi.o. Flour.
4. Bechrome Red II (V) globular Jug with base-inge, taperine neek; pinched mouth; twin-handle trom nm to houlder. Purple and white lones round the nech and belly Dark slip. Height zz.0. Floor.
5. Bichrome V amphora, as No. 2, hut without palm-tree ornaments. Hetght 355 Hoorr.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The pottery, as shown by the classification, consists entircly of Type $V$, assigning the tomb to the later part of Cypro-Archaic II.

MARION


Fig. 188. Marion. Tomb 93, Plan and Finds in situ (1); Section A-A (2). Tomb 94, Plan and Finds in situ (3); Section A-A (4). Tomb 95 , Plan (5); Sections A-A, B-B (6, 7); Finds in situ (8). Tomb 96 , Plan (9); Sections A-A, B-B (10, i1); Finds in situ (12).

TOMB 94 (Fig. 188: 3, 4)
SIZE Length Width Depth Helyht

| Dromos | 1.74 | 1.17 | c. 0.65 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chamber | 0.46 | 1. 43 | - |  |

SHAPE
The dromos is a shallow, basin-shaped shaft, widening at the back end, and with curved front end. The upper part of the door has collapsed, and the door-packing, consisting of a quantity of stone slabs and rough stones, has been disturbed by this collapse of the rock. There is no stomion. The floor of the dromos descends to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is rectangular in plan, very small and niche-shaped.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two layers of sand and charara, and the chamber was entirely filled by upper layers of infiltrated dromos-filling and rock debris, and a thin bottom layer of culture earth. All the ohjects were found on the floor except bowl No. 2, which was found at a level of - 48, i. e., in the filling, 8 cm . above the culture stratum. This bowl once covered the mouth of amphora No. I and slipped down when some sand and chavara had infiltrated into the tomb to a level of - 48 .

## BURIALS

Only scanty remains of burial earth were found, probably belonging to a child's body.
FINDS (GROUP: PL. LXXXIV, 4; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plain White $V$ piriform amphora; flatened, pointed f. Bichrome IV oval anmpora with bane-rang; eylandral base; short, splay ing neck; swollen rim, handles from neck to shoulder. Height 52.0. Floor.
2. Red Slip III (V) wide, shallow howl with base-disc; flattened, down-turned rim. Diam. 155. - 48 .
3. Bichrome V biconical amphora with base-ring; splaying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles; wary line below neck; double vertical strokes between handles. Herght fi.o. I'loor. neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on houlder. Encircliner lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; biack bandles, flanked by lerthal strokie; concentric carcles on belly. Helght 325 lloor.
4. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical crater wath hase-ring; no neck; flat rim; vertical handles on shoulder. Enurching lines and bands round mand body; lines on handles; flanking lines on both sides of each handle: sparse, concentric circles on shoulder. Hewht 27.3. likor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The pottery consisting of Type $V$, and one late Type IV, dates the tomb to the later part of Cypro-Archaic II.

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 3.65 | 1.25 | c. 2.40 | - |
| Stomion | 0.18 | 0.85 | - | c. 1.10 |
| Chamber | 2.05 | 2.06 | - | c. 1.20 |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather short staircase shaft, widening towards the back, with nearly rertical walls, and descending by three wide steps to the door. At the lower level of the first step, a horizontal bench is cut along the right side wall of the dromos. The door seems to have had a nearly flat roof, but the upper part of it las been partly destroyed. The doorpacking consisting of rough stones, and a few cut stone blocks, was still in situ. The stomion is very short and rectangular in plan. It opens on to the chamber approximately in the longitudinal axis, and its floor descends down to that of the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in shape with the side walls widening towards the back. Its floor is horizontal and the roof, which is only partly destroyed, is curved and sloped towards the back wall.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three layers of chomios and sand, and were quite intact. The layers in the chamber were composed of:
r) A top layer of rock debris from the destroyed part of the roof, and the door on both sides of it.
2) An oblique thin layer of fine rock debris from the destroyed part of the roof.
3) A horizontal layer of dark-coloured, silted, infiltrated earth.
4) A layer of culture and burial earth at the bottom.

There was, consequently, only one burial stratum, and all the objects were found either on the floor, or piled up on each other at the time of the second interment (cf. below). The finds Nos. $2 \mathrm{I}-26$ are certainly connected with the later interment. Only one amphora (No. 4) was found on a level above the floor, in the third layer of dark-coloured, silted, infiltrated earth, having been lifted up by the infiltrated water.

## BURIALS

In the culture stratum, remains of two burials were found, one along the right side wall and the other along the left side wall of the chamber. The body buried along the right side wall had been buried first. In order to make place for the second burial, the pots of the first were accumulated in the right part of the chamber, placed one on the top of the other, covering the remains of the skeleton of the body which was found in a disturbed position.

Of the body of the second burial, a well preserved skeleton was found along the left side wall, in a dorsal, outstretched position with the head near the front wall of the chamber. The tomb-gifts in pots belonging to this skeleton (Nos. 21-26) were placed, one at the head, and the others along the legs of the body.

## FIND: (GROUP: PL. LXXXV; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I. Plain White $V$ wide amphora with narrow hase-ring; slightly splaying neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Height 4.7. Hloor.
2. Bichrome $V$ depressed amphora wath base-ring; splaying neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on helly. Encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles flanked by vertical lines; duuble strıpes between the handles. Height 38.0. Floor.
3. Coarse oval jug with that base; splaying, consex neck, handle from rim to shoulder. Henght 19.5. Floor.
4. Bichrome V amphora, as No. 2, but with palm-tree designs between rertical lines on belly. Height 39.5. - Ifo.
5. Black-on-Red III (V) globular or oval jug wath basering; tapering neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encarcling lines round rim and neck; intersecting, concentric circles round body, lines on handles; concentric circles as front ornament. Iferght 19.0. Floor.
6. Plain White $V$ shallow, wade bowl with base-ring: flattened rim. Diam. 21.8. Floor
7. White Slip (V) biconical crater with base-rıng; no neck; flat, swollen rin; two vertical handles on the shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and body; lines un handles, black and red palni-tree decoration between handles Decoration worn. The put has been mended in anclent tımes. Height 30.0. Floor.
8. Bichrome V biconical amphora, as No. 2, but with cylindrical nech and handles low on shoulder. Encarcling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles; two broad strokes flanling handles; palm-tree designs between handles. Herght 3 r.5. Floor.
9. Bichrome Y amphora, shape as No. 8. Encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; ladder-pattern below nedk; wayy lines below shoulder Ifenght 26.5 . On Nus. $10,1_{4}, 16$.
ı. Bichrome V amphora, shape as No. 8 , hut with tapering neck. Encircling lines and handles as No. 8 , way line below neck; palm-tree frieze between handles. Height 45.7. Floor.
II. White Slip (V) oval amphora with hase-ring; splaying neek with straight sides; thick, swollen rim; horizuntal handles on shoulder; pierced outlet-hole in hottom. Decoration faded, but for sume traces of bichrome. encirchng lines on rm and neck; frieze of concentric circles round neck. I feight fo o. Floor.
12. Bichrome f amphora, as No. 2. Ileight fo 5. Floor.
13. White Painted V oval amphora wath base-rines, splayines
neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles; zigzag line on rim. Herght 307 . Flour.
If. White Painted $f$ biconical hịdria with narrow baserang; narrow, splaying neck; vertical handle from neek to shoulder; horizontal handles on belly. Encirching lines round rmm, neek, shoulder, and belly, black, hosizontal handles; stripes on and below the sertical one; broad strokes tlanking it. Height +4.o. Floor.
I5 Plain Whate V beconical hydria wath base-ring; tapering neck; swollen rim; vertical handle from neck to shoulder; two horizontal ones on belly Hetght 31.3. Floor.
16. Red Slip III (i) biconical mmature jug with narrow base-rang; splaying neck, handle from rm to sloulder. IIeight 7.3. On No. $1_{5}$
17. Bichrome $V$ oval jug with base-ring; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth, handle from ram to shoulder. Eincircling lines round rom and neck; girdle round belly, three bundles of diverging lines hanging from neck, curved line on each side of base of handle; lines on handle. Height 32.5. On Nos. if, 18, 20.
IS. Bichrome $V$ amphora, as No. 2, but with a line of black duts below the neck. Heaght 33.5. Floor.
I9. Bichrome Red II (V) oval amphord with baser-ring; splaying nech, thicls, swolken am; horizontal hancles on shoulder. Black and white entarching lanes round ram, neek, shoulder, and hell!: black handlen. blak and white wayy lines round neck, white palm-tree ornaments, separated by sertical purple line, between handles. Keight fo.o. Floor
20. Bichrome Red I1 (V) amphora, shape as No. II. Black and white, encircling lines round rim, neck, shoulder and belly: black wayy lines round neck dad shoulder: fieze of concentric earcles round nech: conecontice ardes. separated by vertical purple lines, between hamalles. Ilemht 51.6. Floor
2r. Bichrone Red II (V) shallow, concal boul wath batering: flat rim; two string-hules on mm Black and white. encorcling lones round rim; black, circular line outside; concentric circles inside. Diam. 20 0. Floor.
22 Red Slop III (V) shallow, wide bowl wath base-ring; flattened rim; two strang-holes on rim Dame 17.5. On No. 23
23. Plam Whate V' bowl, shape as No 22. Dtam. 170. Floor.
24. Red Slip III (V) bowl, as No. 22, but without stineholes. Diam 137. Floor.
25. Red Slip III (V) bowl, dis No. 工f Diam. 12.7. Floor. 26. Coarse oval Jue, as No. S IIaght 16.2. Flowr

Summing up the classification givem in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The classification shows that the pottery is entirely of Type $V$, and the tomb, consequently, dates from the later part of Cypro-Archaic II.

## TOMB 96 (Fig. 188: 9—ı 2 )

SIZE


SHAPE
The dromos is a long staircase shaft, widening much towards the back, with walls widening slightly upwards, descending by two narrow and two wide steps to a basin-shaped area in front of the door. From the level of the lowermost step, a bench is cut into the rock along the right side wall of the dromos. The upper part of the door has fallen in, but the door-packing, consisting of rough stones solidly built up, was still in situ. The stomion is almost rectangular in shape. It opens on to the chamber to the left of its longitudinal axis, near the left end of its front wall. The floor of the dromos descends to that of the stomion by an oblique step, and the floor of the stomion is on a level with that of the chamber. The chamber is of an irregular type, cave-shaped. Its floor is approximately horizontal, and its roof has collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of a bottom layer of powdered chonnos with lumps, a layer of chomos covered by a streak of sand, and an upper layer of chazara with small streaks of sand. The layers in the chamber were composed of:
i) A heavy layer of rough rock debris from the collapsed rock.
2) A silted, infiltrated layer of chonnos.
3) A layer of rough rock debris from the collapsed roof.
4) A bottom layer of burial and culture earth.

There was, consequently, only one burial layer and all the objects were found at the floor-level.

## BURLALS

There were remains of two burials represented by layers of burial earth and fragments of the skulls. One body had been buried along the left side wall of the chamber, and the other body along the right side wall. A lamp and two small pots had been placed at the head of the first body. All the remainder of tomb-gifts in pots of terracotta and one in bronze (No. 12), had been placed in the middle of the chamber between the two bodies.

FINDS (GROLP: PL. LXXXYT, I; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

1. Plain White $V^{r}$ sack-shaped jug with taperıng base; splaying rim; arched handle from rim to body. Height 16.8. Floor.
2. Black-on-Red III (V) biconical bottle with narrow base-ring and neck; swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and belly. Height 6.8. Floor.
3. Shallow, saucer-shaped lamp of terracotta with shaved base; pinched wick-holder; flaring, pierced rum. Diam. 13.0. Floor.
4. White Slip (V) squat crater with round base; no neck; Hat rim; two vertical handles on shoulder. Black lines on, and curved lines below, handles. Height I9.5. Floor.
5. Plain White V fragment of an amphora. Floor.
6. "Ionian" open bowl with base-ring; marked shoulder; out-turned, raised rim; two horizontal handles. Black glaze inside; black glazed bands around rım and body; black glazed handles. On base graffito (see Appendix V). Diam. II.9. Inside No. 7 .
7. "Ionian" open bowl with low foot; marked shoulder; rased rim, widening upwards; two honzontal handles on shoulder. Black glaze on body below handles; black glazed handles; black glazed encircling lines around
shoulder and rim; inside glazed, turned red. Diam. I58. Floor.
8. Bichrome V fragnent of an amphora, as Vo. 14 . Fluor.
9. Plain White $V$ pithos with narrow, flat base, comparatively short, biconical hody; small handles. Height 43.9. Floor.

1o. Plain White $V$ spindle-shaped pathos with shaved, pointed base; rudımentary neck; ring-shaped ram; raised, horizontal handles on shoulder. Height go.o. Floor.
II. Bichrome $V$ biconical amphora with splaying rim; thick, swollen rim; projecting, horizontal hancles on belly. Filled triangles un rim; encircline lines round neck, shoulder, and body, hlack handles; pars of vertical strokes between handles. Height 503 Flour.
12. Deep, plain bronze bowl with straight sides, splaying upwards; round bottom. D1am. It.4. Inside No I 1 . 13. Bichrome $V$ amphora, shape as Vo. II, hut with more oval body. Filled triangles on rmp wavy lme and frieze of concentric carcles on neck, shoulder, and lower part of body; concentric circles, separated by vertical lines, round belly. White supplementary coluur used in a tiny wary line on shoulder. Height 35.5. Floor.
If. Bichrome $Y$ amphora, as No. in, hut with hack rim and wary line on neck. Height q $^{6 . o}$. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

|  | P o | t te |  |  | Bronze | Terracota |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bichr. V | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bl.-on-R. } \\ \text { IHI (V) } \end{gathered}$ | Wh. SI. (1) | Pl. Wh. ${ }^{+}$ | "Ionian" | Bowl | L.amp |
| 8.II. I3.14 | 2 | 4 | 1, 5.9. 10 | 6. 7 | 12 | 3 |
| -4 | -1 | - 1 | _- ${ }^{-4}$ | -2 | - 1 | -I |

## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery thus classified being altogether of Type Y , assigns the tomb to the later part of Cypro-Archaic II. The style of the imported "Ionian" pottery is in accordance with this dating.

TOMIB 97 (Figs. 186; 189: 1-4)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 4.12 | 1.90 | 2.15 | - |
| Stomion | 0.20 | 1. $4^{8}$ | - | - |
| Chamber | 2.25 | 3.08 | - | - |

SHAPE
The dromos is an unusually wide, rectangular shaft with upwards narrowing walls, descending by four steps to a horizontal area in front of the door. The upper part of the door is destroyed, but the door-packing, consisting of stone slabs and a quantity of rough stones, was approximately standing in situ, but had fallen obliquely towards the chamber, leaning against its debris. The stomion is very short. It opens on to the chamber in its longitudinal axis, and its floor descends to that of the chamber by a low step. The chamber is roughly trapezoidal in shape, with the side walls narrowing towards the back wall, curved back wall, and rounded corners. Its floor slopes slightly towards the back wall, and the roof has completely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of three layers of chomos. On account of the dangerous condition of the debris in the chamber, no section were made through this. It is recorded that a single burial and culture stratum constituted the bottom layer, and that the covering layers were formed by rock debris from the collapsed roof, and of infiltrated layers from the dromos-filling. All the objects were found on the floor.

## BLRIALS

Remains of two burials, represented by layers of burial earth were found, one along the left, and the other along the right side wall of the chamber. The tomb-gifts in pots of terracotta and one of bronze (No. 15 ) were placed mainly along the back wall of the chamber, and beside the body buried along the left side wall. Only two bowls (Nos. I8, i9) were placed in connection with the body along the right side wall.

FINDS (GROLPS: PLs. LXXXYI, 2, LXXXYII, I ; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

1. Shallow, open lamp of terracotta wath shaved base: prohed wick-holder; flaring, pretced rim. Dam. in 8 . Floor.
2. Bichrome $V$ biconical amphona with base-ring; cyhadratal neck; swollen rim; projecting borizontal handes on belly. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder. and belly; black handles flanked by vertical lines; frieze of palm-tree ornaments between handles. Hereht 37.5 . Filome.
3. Buchrome V amphora. as No. 2, but with small, concentrie carcles between palm-trees. Herght 34.8. Floor.
+. Plam White V' fragment of pathos, wath pointed base. Only lower part preserved. Flour.
4. Buchrome $V$ fragment of an amphora of similat type to -Vo. 3. Floor.
5. Buchrome $V$ oval amphora with base-ring; splaying, wide neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder, decoration as No. 2 and three dagonal erusses between handles. Heght 29.0 Filuor.
6. Black-on-Red HI (V) biconical juglet with narrow base; short, narrow neck; swollen rim; handle from rim
to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and belly. Meight 7.2. Inside No. 6.
7. Bichrome Red II (V) adi-shaped jus with base-disc; pinched mouth; hande from rum to shoulder. Black and white encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, and body. Henght =I.O. Floor.
8. Bichrome V amphora, as No. 6. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; black handles, flanked by vertical lones; ladder-pattern below neck; pairs of rertical lines between handles; wary lines on shoulder and bedly, Iteight 29.0. Floor.
9. Bichrome V amphora, as No. 2, but with splased neck; dotted line below neck and single palm-tree ornaments between handles; wary lines on shoulder and belly. Height 20.5. Floor.
in. Plan White V jug, shape as No. S. Flerght i6 2. Floor.
10. Plain White $V$ fragment of pithos, as No. 4 Floor.
11. White Slip "Iontan" bobben-shaped amphoria with
pointed base: eylindrical neck; swollen tim, handles from neek to shoulder. Enorching lines round rim, neck, shoulder, and body; three eursed lines belos and between handles; trecornment on neck. Helght 45 . Floor.
12. Bichrome Vamphord, ds No. 2 , but with parm of rertical lines hetween handles. Ileight 30.5 I losor.
13. Hemispherical bronze bowl with plan rim Diam. 13.2. Floor.
14. Bichrome $V$ amphora simalar to No. It; damared; neck missing Iteight 27 5. Floor.
15. Bichrome V amphora, similar to No. 6 , but with wary line below neck. Hetoht 30.5. R lour.
i8. Plan White $V$ shallow bewl with Hat base; rounded ourline. Diam. in 5. Floor
16. Bichrome Red II (V) wade, shatlow bow with base-ring: flat rim. Black trangles round ram. encircling line outside; black and white arcles insme. Diam. IT.0. EForor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The pottery is entirely of Type V, and the tomb dates consequently from the later part of Cypro-Archaic II.

TOMB 98 (Fig. 189: 5-8)
SIZE

|  | Length | Width | 1)epth | Hersht |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | $3 \cdot 34$ | 1.18 | c. 2.10 |  |
| Stomion | 0.83 | 1.00 |  | -- |
| Chamber | 3.15 | 2.84 | - | - - |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather natrow shaft of medium size, widening towards the back, with curved front end, vertical walls, and descending by a gradual slope towards the door. The upper part of the door has collapsed and onty the lower part of the door-packing consisting of roughly cut stones and rubble was in situ. The stomion is rather long with slightly curved side walls. It opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis near the right end of its front wall. The floor of the dromos descends to that of the stomion


Fig. 189. Marion. Tomb 97, Plan (1); Sections A-A, B-B (2, 3); Finds in situ (4). Tomb 98, Plan (5); Sections A-A, B-B ( 6,7 ); Finds in situ ( 8 ).
by an oblique step, and the floor of the stomion to that of the chamber by another oblique step. The chamber is spade-shaped in plan. Its floor slopes towards the back wall and the roof has cntirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two layers of chonnos, the upper one mixed with oblique streaks of sand. On account of the dangerous condition of the debris in the chamber, no section was made through this, but it is recorded that there was a bottom layer of burial and culture earth, covered close to the door by infiltrated dromos-filling and upper layers of rock debris from the collapsed roof.

There was only one burial layer and all the finds were found either on the floor, or placed inside those deposited on the floor.

## BLRIALS

Remains of two burials represented by burial earth were found, one along the left side wall and the other one in the transverse axis of the chamber. The bulk of the tomb-gifts in pottery, a bronze bowl and a stone pyxis (Nos. 40 and $4^{1}$ ) were found accumulated in the right part of the chamber.

FINDS (GROUPS: PL. LXXXVII, 2, 3; TYPES: L. OF Pl.. II)

1. White Painted III oval amphora with base-ring, concave neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and base; black handles; hanging latticed lozenges framed by vertical lines on neck. Height +9 5. Floor.
2. Coarse oval jug with flat base; broad, splaying neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 10.2. Inside No. 1.
3. White Painted IV depressed amphora with base-ring; short, cylindrical neck; flat rım; handles from rım to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rim, neck, body and base, radiating strokes on ram: network on handles; friezes of concentric circles around neck and below belly; wavy lines and groups of concentric circles on shoulder; running spiral round neck. Height 29.8. Floor.
4. Coarse jug, as No. 2. Heght r3.\%. Inside No. 3.
5. Plain White IV oral amphora with base-ring; short, cylindrical neck; deep groose helow rum; ring-shaped rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Painted inscription (see Appendix V). Height 42.7. Floor.
6. Plan White IV amphora, shape as No. 5, but with splaying rim. Height 47.0 . Floor.
7. Black-on-Red II (IV) depressed miniature jug with base-disc; splaying, tall neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Concentric circles on body; black handle, encircling lines round rim and neck Height if.i. Floor.
8. Plain White IV amphora, as No. 6. Height 45 8. Floor.
9. Black-on-Red II (IV) ylobular jug with base-ring; ridge below neck; short, narrow neck; pinched mouth;
twin-handle from rim to shoulder. Encusling lines round rim and neck; concentric circles on three sides of body; small, concentric circles in intelvals below handle; flanking, crossed lines with central tringes in front. Helght 35.0. Floor.
1o. White Panted IV oval amphora with base-ring, cylandrical neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round rum, neck, shoulder, belly, and base; concentric carcles on shoulder. Height 26.1. Floor.
II. Red slip II (IV) cup-shaped bowl with round nutline; base-disc; a handle from rim tobody. Dam 97. Flour.
10. Black-on-Red II (IV) jug, as No. g, but with high neck. Encircling lones round rim, neck, and base; intersecting, concentric circles round body; small circles in the intervals below the handle; small carcles and crossed lines as front ornament. Herght 22.5. Floor.
11. Bachrome IV globular juglet with narrow base-ring; narrow neck; funnel-mouth, flattened rim; handleridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Red upper part of neck; encircling lines round neck; strokes on handle; concentric circles on eather sade of hody, lotus design and two concentic circles $d$ sis front ornament, and three others below handle. Height it.7. Floor.
If. Red Slip 1I (IV) bowl, as Nio. 11, but with flat rim. Diam. 10.3. Inside No. 15.
12. Red Slip II (IV) wide, shallow howl with base-ring; rounded outline; inwards thickening, flat rim, sloping downwards; horizontal handle on rim. Diam. zo.9. Inside No. 16.
13. Red Slip II (IV) bowl, as No. 15. Diam 20.2. Inside No. 17.
 sades 1ham zit. Plowr.
14. Blah-m-Rad I ! 1111 ballow bowl wath hase-ring: rounded outhese muard thakenines ram, horizontal hande- on rien Fomalner line and bands round bedy and base. circular lines inside. Diam. 19.2. On Xöo. ig.
10) Whate Panted IV shatlow bowl wath bise-dise. cursed outhe. hande fienn ran wo bedy. Encorcline hes reund rem and boty- arcular bands insade; black handle 1 ham. 150. Invie Ao. 20.
20. Real hap 11 (IV) hathon, segment-shaped bowl woth round hate: plan rim. Dam. is 7 . Floor.
21. Buchrome IV yuslet, as Nö. is Hewht mo,0. Floor.
$\therefore 2$. Whate Panted IIl bowl with base-dise; angular outhe; plan 1 mm , handle from rm to bods. Dam ind. On Nil 24
23 Blakk-on-Red II (IV) shallow bowl with base-ring; radise hetow ram, twi horizontal handles on body. Decorathen as No. is, and with concentric carcles below rim. Dlam 130 Floor.
2f White P'anted IIl bowl, ds Lio 22. Dam. 12.2. Floor.
25 Black-on-Red 11 (IV) jug, as No. i, but wish broad surdle below shoulder and concentric circles on shoulder and bode. Henght in.-. Floor.
2h. Blak-on-Red II (15) jus, shape as No 9, but with plan handle, decoration as No. 12. Henght is o. Fluor.
27 Red slip If (IV) bowl, as N゙o. it Danaaged. Diam ro.0. Flour.
$=H$ White lanted 111 bowl, a No. 22. Diam. it.o. Floor.
20) Red Slap I (III) flat, arcular pilerim-hestle wath (ylindrical neck; mounting, for string around body Height 26 : Fluar.
30 Coaree cup-shaped bowl wath angular outhe: hasedise; flat ram; hande from rim to body. Dam. 9 o Floor.
31 White Panted III ovord amphord with base-ring; herizontal handles on whoulder. Xeck mesing. Encircling lines round neek, shoudder, body, and base, latticed, framed triangles, and bundles of veitical lines on shuulder; black handles. Hetght 250 . Floor.

32 Black-on-Red I (III) glohular juy with base-disc. Encirchner lines around belly; small, concentric circles on shoulder. Handle and neck missing; surface much worn. Itencht yo. Iloor.
33 Black-on-Red I (III) orord, sack-shaped jug with basedise: pinched mouth; handle from rm to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands reund rim, neck, and belly; hlack handle; small, concentric carcles on shoulder. Heighr 15 c. Floor.
34. Red Slap II (IV) cup-shaped bowl, as No ir. Diam. 12.S. Flour.
35. Red Slip II (H) bow, shape is No. it. Diam. 95. Floor.
$3^{6}$ Btack-on-Red II (IV) jug, as No. 12, but neck and handle missing, Ilemghtis.f. Ifloor.
37. White Painted III bowl, as No 22. Diam. if.6. Floor.

3 8 . Coarse jug, as No. 2. Height 16.4. Fl Jor.
39. Coarse depressed amphora with reund base; no neck; out-turned rim, handles from rim to shoulder Ileight 12.2, Floor.
to Hemuspherical bronze bowl with round bottom, plan rim; encircling ridge inside below rim. Diam. 132. Fluor.
fi. Rectangular limestone pyxis with four legs; each pair strengthened by a transverse beam. Made in one plece. Broken and several pats missing. Decorated all over wath incised zigzag lines; hatched and punctured lozenges and triangles. Worn here and there. Ileight i2.8. Floor.
+2. Black-on-Red II (IV) osal Jug with base-dise; no neck; pinched mouth, handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rim and neck; black handle. Height 6.5. Flour.
4. Coarse jug, as Nio. 2. I Ieight I5.I. Floor.
++ Bichrome IV oval amphora with base-ring; cyllndrical neck; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling bands round rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; hlack handles; concentric circles round belly. Fleight 28.0. Floor.
45. Plan White IV: amphora, as No. 6. Height +4.8. Floor.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


## CHRONOLOGY

The classification of the pottery shows that Types III and IV are represented, with a majority of 'Type IV'. The tomb, therefore, dates from the earlier part of Cypro-Archaic I.

## SCMMIARY

The chronology of the tombs has shown that they date from seven main periods: CyproGeometric I-II, Cypro-Archaic I-II, Cypro-Classic I-II, and the Itellenistic period. The classification of the finds, however, has admitted of a more definite chronological division of the burial-groups and we can assign each burial-grcup to an carly or late stage of each period. If we call these Stages $A$ and $B$, we attain the following chronological division of the tombs ${ }^{*}$ :


It is worthy of notice that the Cypro-Geometric III period is unrepresented in this series of tombs from Cypro-Geometric I to the Hellenistic period. Although it is possible that, by chance, no Cypro-Geometric III tombs were found, it still seems more probable that there was a gap in the habitation of the site between Cypro-Geometric II and CyproArchaic I: when tombs appear again in Cypro-Archaic I they are of another shape than those typical of Cypro-Geometric I-II (cf. below).

The small number of tombs in Cypro-Geometric I---II seems to indicate that the settlement of these periods was of a rather inconsiderable extent in comparison with that of the successive periods, though, of course, it is pessible that the main burial ground of the Cypro-Geometric period was on another site than those cxamined hy us.

In Cypro-Archaic I A the number of tombs increases, and then there is a gradual in-

[^13]crasc to Cypro-Archaic II B. The number of burial groups in this period - 20 - then remains approximately constant during the whole of the Cypro-Classic period, though with a slight decrease in Cypro-Classic I B and Cypro-Classic II A.

The number of Hellenistic tombs is not very large, but this we know to be due to the fact that the main necropolis of the Hellenistic period was on another site than those excavated by us (cf. above p. 182).
The shapc of the tombs differs in the different periods, though, of course, some types are represented in more than one period.

In Cypro-Geometric I-II, the chamber of the tombs is usually trapezoid, with straight walls and rounded corners $\left(6_{3}, 6_{5}, 68,69,70\right)$, and the dromos is either basin-shaped ( $6_{3}$, 65,68 ), or a staircase shaft ( 70 ), or a combined staircase and sloping shaft ( 69 ). Occasionally, the chamber is more elliptical in shape, with a combined staircase and sloping dromos provided with a rock-cut bench along one side (83).

In Cypro-Archaic I A, the chamber is usually cave-shaped, roughly round or oral (4, $6 \mathrm{~A}, 76$ ); roughly square or rectangular ( 10,12 ), or spade-shaped ( 98 ). The roof, when preserved, is slightly curved and slopes towards the back wall. The dromos consists of a short shaft ( 4,6 A), sometimes rectangular (ro), a sloping shaft, narrow ( 98 ) or of medium size ( 76 ), or a combined sloping and staircase shaft (12).
In Cypro-Archaic I B, the same cave-shaped, roughly square, or spade-shaped type is usual ( $64,86,87$ ), but a trapezoid and hexagonal shape occurs too ( 13,79 ). Tomb 64 is provided with a loaf-shaped niche. The short, or sloping dromos shaft (64) is still represented, but we find, too, a basin-shaped shaft, with a few steps (86), a short staircase shaft ( 79 ), or a combined sloping and staircase shaft ( 87 ), both with rock-cut benches along one side of the dromos.

The care-shaped chamber occurs in Cypro-Archaic II A, too, and it is often of an oral or elliptical shape ( $62,7^{2}, 75,78,82,85$ ); less common, but not unusual, is the roughly trapezoid ( $6 \mathrm{~B}, 8$ ), or more regularly trapezoid chamber ( $5,11,77$ ), with straight walls and rounded corners. The shape of the dromoi varies: corridor shaft ( 6 B ); short, wide shaft (8); basin-shaft with rock-cut bench ( 78 ); step shaft ( 62 ); short staircase shaft with rock-cut bench ( 5 ); combined sloping and staircase shaft ( 77 ), sometimes with rock-cut bench (i1); long staircase shaft ( $75,82,85$ ), sometimes provided with rock-cut parastadies close to the door (72).

In Cypro-Archaic II B the cave-shaped ( 7,96 ), spade-shaped ( 73,74 ), and niche-shaped (94) tombs are still represented, but the irregularly square, rectangular, or trapezoid chamber is commonest ( $50,66,7 \mathrm{I}, 80,8 \mathrm{I}, 84,90,93,95$ ); less common are chambers of narrow, rectangular (89) and trapezoid shape ( 20,97 ). Tomb 20 is provided with a rockcut pillar in the back wall and Tomb 89 with a loaf-shaped and a rectangular niche. The dromoi are of the following shapes: shallow shaft ( $20,50,93,94$ ); basin-shaped shaft with ( $74,80,84$ ), or without ( 90 ) rock-cut bench; narrow, sloping shaft ( 89 ); long, sloping shaft with rock-cut bench (71); staircase shaft without (66, 73, 97), and with rockcut bench ( 95,96 ).

The predominant shape of the chamber in Cypro-Classic I A is trapezoid or roughly square, with straight sides and usually rounded corners ( $14,23,28,31,33,4^{2}, 44,47$, $5^{2}, 56,58,59,88,92$ ); the wide trapezoid (26), roughly rectangular (24) or cave-shaped (35) chambers are only represented by single specimens. The roof, when preserved, is almost flat, usually sloping towards the back wall ( $23,24,52,56,59$ ). Loaf-shaped niches are not seldom cut in the walls of the chamber ( $14,31,33,42,44,52,59$ ). The shape of the dromoi is more various: basin shaft (42), sometimes with rock-cut step (44, 47); short, sloping shaft $(23,35)$ sometimes with step, tco (24); long, sloping shaft (88), which may have one or two steps (56) ; short (33) or longer ( $14,26,31,52,58,92$ ) shaft of the combined sloping and staircase type, occasionally provided with a rock-cut bench (28). The combined staircase and sloping shaft is thus the commonest trpe.

In Cypro-Classic I B, the chambers are usually trapezoid ( $18,38,4^{6}$ ) or wide trapezoid ( $15,4 \mathrm{I}, 49$ ) in shape; the roughly rectangular ( I 7 ), square ( 5 I ), or irregularly oblong (29) types are less common and Tomb i9, which only consists of a shallow shaft, is quite unique. The chambers are, as a rule, provided with loaf-shaped niches. The roof, when preserved, is curred and slopes towards the back wall. The dromoi are of the following shapes: short, sloping or basin-shaped shaft ( 18,49 ); long, sloping shaft ( 4 I ); short, wide shaft of the combined sloping and staircase type ( 15,17 ); short, narrow staircase shaft ( 5 I ); long shaft with wide steps $(29,38)$.

In Cypro-Classic II A, too, the chambers are normally of the trapezoid (55, 57, 60, 67 ) and wide, trapezoid, or roughly rectangular type (39, 40); irregular, oblong (45), square (43), or rectangular ( 25 ) shapes are represented by single specimens. The roofs, when preserved, are curved, somewhat arched (39, 4o) or barrel-vaulted (43). Loaf-shaped niches, cut in the walls of the chambers, are rather common ( $39,43,55,57$ ) and tunnelshaped niches $(25,39)$ appear for the first time. The dromoi are short, or longer, sloping shafts ( $40,45,57$ ), sometimes provided with a few steps $(67)$; shafts of the combined staircase and sloping type $(43,60)$, or staircase sliafts (25).

The normal shape of tomb in Cypro-Classic II B is that of a symmetrical, rectangular chamber, usually with slightly curved walls ( $16,22,27,34,36,37,53,54$ ); the trapezoid (2I), irregularly trapezoid (9I) or roughly rectangular (48) chambers are less common. The roofs, when preserved, are usually barrel-raulted ( $16,21,22,34,53$ ) or saddle-shaped (36). Loaf-shaped niches are still represented ( $21,27,34,37$ ), but the tunnel-shaped niches are more typical $(16,22,34,36,53)$. The dromoi are, as a rule, staircase shafts ( $16,21,22,34,36,37,48,53,54$ ); the combined staircase and sloping shaft is represented by only a single specimen (91).

The chambers of the Hellenistic tombs are rectangular in shape and provided with tunnel-shaped niches. The roofs, when preserred, are arched and slope towards the back wall ( 2,9 ), or are barrel-vaulted ( 1 ). The dromoi usually consist of a short shaft ( $1,2,9$ ), sometimes provided with a few steps (6I).

The tombs were often used for repeated and successive burials, indicating that they were family tombs, but there are tombs used only for single burials, too. The small tombs
uscd for single burials of children are noteworthy (e. g. Tombs 19, 35, 40, 76, 93). Somedimes the tombs were re-used hundred of years after the first burial, apparently without any connexion with that event (c. g. Tomb $68^{1}$ in Cypro-Geometric I A and $68^{11}$ in Cyprotrenaic I B, Tomb $8_{3}{ }^{1}$ in Cypro-Geometric I B ard $8_{3}{ }^{11}$ in Cypro-Archaic II A, Tomb $63^{1}$ in Cypro-Gcometric II A and $63^{11}$ in Cypro-Archaic II B, Tomb $69^{1}$ in Cypro(eometric II A and $69{ }^{11}$ in Cypro-Archaic II A, Tomb $72^{1}$ in Cypro-Archaic II A and $72^{11}$ in Cypro-Classic II A, Tomb $85^{1}$ in Cypro-Archaic II A and $85^{11}$ in Cypro-Classic II B, etc., (see above, the chronological table of the tombs). At the reburials, the dromos earth had to be removed and then replaced again, which, as a rule, is visitle in the stratification.

Is far as can be ascertained, the bodies were all inhumated and usually placed in a dorsal, Mtstretched position. Only oceasionally is another pesition obscrved: in Tomb 6 A a hady was huried in a sitting pesition; in Temb so a body was buried seated, with its back kanine against the hack wall; and in Tomb 56 a bocly seems to have bcen buried in a halfsiting pesture. The corpses were usually placed directly on the tomb floor. In Temb is they were deposited in rock-cut shafts in the floor and in Tomb 19 a child has been huricd in a large pithos. When the chambers were provided with niches, scme of the hodics, at least, were buried there. These niches were sometimes clesed with stone slabs wh lined with rubble walls. In onc case, at least, there is cridence of the custom of covering the Fodies with slats of stone (Tomb 29). In Tombs 21, 23, 56, 67, 68, the bedies were huricel in screened-off areas with partition walls of stones. These walls are sometimes huilt of dressed stone blocks ('Tombs $f \mathrm{I}$ ) thus forming a sort of 'built' sarcophagus, with three sides made of stone blocks and the fourth formed by the rock wall. It is worthy of notice that this "pscudo-sarcophagus" was found in a tomb of Cypro-Classic I B, while the carlicst 'huilt' sarcophagi were found in tombs of Cypro-Classic II A (cf. below). It secms therefore possible that the "pscudo-sarcophagus" marks the beginning of the chstom of using built stone sarcophagi in the Marion tombs, though this can in no way he ascertained. Such stone sarcophagi, built of dressed limestone blocks, were found in Tumbs $\mathrm{I}_{4}^{\mathrm{III}}, 34,53$, and 60 . In addition, small monolithic sarcophagi for burials of children were used in Tomles $\mathrm{I}_{5}$ (Cypro-Classic I B) and SI (Cypro-Archaic II B). Remains of wooden sareophagi were left in Tombs 2, 16, 22, 27, 37, 53, 60, all from Cypro-Classic II 13 and the Ifellenistic pericd. In Tomb 53 one body had been buried in a wooden surcophagus placed inside one of the stonc sarcophagi. Finally, there is evidence that the bodies were placed in the tomb on wooden biers (Tomb 22).

In order to make room for the fresh burials, the bones of the earlier interments were often removed from their original position, either swept away in a corner of the tomb, burided in pits, or deposited in large vases.

The dead hodies were provided with tomb-gifts of various kinds: food and drink in Vacs of metal and terracotta; teols and weapons; personal accessories, and, in cascs of bedth, exquisite specimens of jewellery. Occasionally small coins are among these tombLits and in one case (Tomb 9) it can be ascertained that a coin had been placed in the month of the deceased, apparently as the fare for Charon's ferry.

We know that offerings were brought to the dead after the funcral, teo. The stratification of the dromos-filling of Tomb 77 proves that the dromes was not filled and the door was not closed with the usual packing of stone immediately after the burial. The tom was thus accessible some time after the funeral, probably in order that the survirers might be able to visit the tomb on fixed days and perform the preseribed rites, on ach occasion bringing with them new offerings to the dead. When the door was definitely dreed with the stone packing - possibly it was temporarily closed before with wooden plarks or the like - the dead was honoured with more offerings and sacrifices. The hole in the dow slab of Tomb 6 A and the finds of pottery and other objects in the dromos niches peinit in that direction, and the large amphorae, jugs, etc., founci in the dromes-filling often in front of the door, show that the same custom was practised when the dromos was filled.

A stele, usually with the name of the deceased and his father, was sometimos erceted in the chamber itself (Tomb 53), or, more often, in the dromos and on the surface, abore the tomb (Tombs 74, 77, 86), where, moreover, sculptures of terracotta or stone, representing the deceased, were placed in their honour (Tombs $30,53,72,86$ ).
E.


Fig. 190. The western acropolis of Idalion from the South.


The western acropolis

## TOPOGRAPIIY

(Figs. 190, 19I; Plans IV, V)

The ancient city of Idalion, once the capital of one of the kingdoms of Cyprus, of the same name, was situated in the centre of the island on the river of Yalias, a tributary of Pedias, the main river of Cyprus.
When the traveller comes from Nicosia, and has passed about io kms. through a desert of limestone, the village of Dali, the modern successor of the ancient city, comes in sight as a green paradise in the white lime desert. The river Yalias, as most of the Cypriote rivers, is dry in the slimmer but there are many veins of water underground and many pumps carry the water to the tomato and cotton plantations, the potato patches,


Fig. 19r. The western acropolis of Idalion from the East.
the apricot trees and the orange groves. Evergreen olive trees give shadow and refreshment, and the hill-sides are covered with gorgeous vineyards. It is true that the heat in summer is rather oppressive but the air is dry - unlike that of the coast land - and cool winds sweep down every afternoon from the hills through the valley of Yalias.

The ruins of the ancient city extend to the S. of the village. The city consisted of three parts: two acropoleis and the lower town. The acropoleis were situated on two hills, that to the East now called Mouti tou Arvili, and that to the West called Ambelleri. These hills are separated from each other by a narrow valley through which the modern road between Dali and Lymbia passes. These acropoleis bounded the city to the South, and the lower town extended on their northern slopes and the flat land right up to the southern outskirts of the modern village. The city-wall can be traced along the ridge of the eastern acropolis, passing the church of Ajios Georgios and disappearing on the plain. It can also be traced along the ridge of the western acropolis where it was excarated to some extent (Plan V).
Between the two acropoleis the city-wall must have crossed the valley separating them. There, however, it cannot at present be traced above the ground; but it is natural to assume that it crossed the ralley where the distance between the hills was shortest and also that the sanctuary of Resheph-Apollo (cf. below) was within the ramparts. In consideration of this it seems certain that the city-wall crossed the valley at the place indicated on Plan V. The course of the city-wall down on the plain, where it is entirely buried below
the cultivated earth, can be approximately determined by the occurrence of the tombs which extended right up to the outside of the city-walls. The gradual growth of the city and the successive extension of the city-wall is shown by the fact that tombs of the Bronze Age (Late Cypriote) and Early Iron Age have been found within the area enclosed by the later city-wall (ct. p. 629, and Ohnefalsch-Richter, Kypros, die Bibel und Homer, Pl. III) while tombs of the later Iron Age and the Hellenistic period have been found outside the later ramparts of the lower town (op. cit.), and on the hills $S$. of the acropoleis.

The principal acropolis was that to the West on the hill of Ambelleri. As our excavations have shown it was inhabited from the time of Late Cypriote III when it was a fortified stronghold with a cult place. In the Cypro-Geometric and Cypro-Archaic periods it was the place of the temenos of the goddess Anat-Athena. On a terrace below the top of the acropolis are remains of the royal palace as we proved by trial excavations there.

The top of the eastern acropolis (Mouti tou Arvili) was occupied by a temenos of Aphrodite, and in the valley between the acropoleis, probably just inside the city-wall, was a temenos of Rcsheph-Apollo (Ohnefalsch-Richter, op. cit. Pl. III).

The lower town, as can be presumed, contained the public agora and private houses.
Many of the tombs were excavated by the labourers of Cesnola and by OhnefalschRichter. Of these excavations there is no report published ${ }^{1}$. A few tombs excarated by us are published below.

The sanctuary of Aphrodite on the eastern acropolis was excarated by OhnefalschRichter, and yielded a series of sculptures of terracotta and stone (op. cit. Pl. XIII, XLII sqq.).

The sanctuary of Resheph-Apollo was excavatcd by Lang". In this temenos, too, a collection of sculptures was found.

The top plateau of the western acropolis, finally, was excavated by the Swedish Expedition and the results are described below. At this place no excarations had been carried out before, but some treasurc-hunting peasants, digging there occasionally, found, among others, the silver paterae now in the Louvre and the inscribed bronze tablet of Duc de Luynes now in the Cabinet des Médailles in Paris (cf. below pp. 6i8).

From these excavations and surface examinations the general topographical conditions of Idalion are evident. The two acropoleis, of which at least the western one was a fortified stronghold at the end of the Bronze Age and later on occupied by a sanctuary of Anat-Athena; the royal palace on the terrace below the top of this acropolis; the sanctuary of Aphrodite on the top of the eastern acropolis; the sanctuary of Resheph-Apollo in the valley between the acropoleis; the lower town on the plain below the acropoleis and the necropolis outside the ramparts of the lower town and on the hill-sides $S$. of the acropoleis.

Much remains, however, to be done before we know the topography of Idalion and still more before we know the plan of the town with its architectural remains and their history. We do not know if the eastern acropolis was inhabited in the Bronze Age as well as the western one, we know very little about the ramparts of the town except those of the western acropolis, excavated by the Swedish Expedition, and we know nothing about


the carlier ramparts of the lower town. The palace and the central part of the lower town should be excavated, and the Swedish Expedition hopes to carry cut this programme as a natural continuation of the work already begun.

The following is a report of the results of the excavations on the top of the western aeropolis.

## ARCHITECTLRE (Plans VI, VH)

ARCHITECTCRAL FEEMENG:

Walls.
「rall $I$.
Width: r. 40 m . Height: 2.50 m .
The material used exclusively is the local limestone* of soft quality cut into irregular blocks of $0.10-0.40 \mathrm{~m}$. in length. The stones are not laid in distinct courses and their thickness varies from $0.05-0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. The corner construction binding it to $W$ all 2 is, in its lower part, irregular. The upper part is somewhat better, and the system of headers and stretehers is roughly adopted. One black river-stone is used. The stones are embedded in a mud-mortar. It must have been considerably higher but its pesitien on the hill-side and its bad construction, have assisted its destruction. The wall is founded on the debris covering the rock at about level $8+$. It enclcses together with the Walls 2 and 3 , a square of filling material consisting of stone and earth ard thus only the cuter face is scen.

Wall 2.
Width: 1.40 m . Height: 2.70 m .
The wall is built only of local limestone, and mortar is not used, nor is any real face obtained. Stones of various sizes have been irregularly piled up and the corstruction has been supported by Walls 23 and 25 C . The wall is bonded into Walls i and 3 and forms the north-east side of the above nentioned filling-material. It is fourded on the debris at approximately the same level as Wall 1.

Wall 3.
Width: 1.40 m. Ileight: 3.50 m .
The material used throughout is the local limestone, but the wall is exceptionally well preserved. It is built in distinct ccurses, about 0.10 m . thick, of selected, squared bloeks. As a rule the joints alternate in the different courses making the construction solid. The length of the blocks raries from 0.60 m. to 0.20 m . Mud is used for mortar. The wall is bonded to Wall 2 and forms the south-east side of the stone-filling mentioned. It is founded at the same level as Wall 2.

Wall 4.
Width: 0.30 m . Height: 1.40 m .
All the stones are of the local limestone, exeept for one small black river-stone supporting the corner (cf. Wall i). The measurements of the stones varies from 0.60 m .0 .20 m . to

[^14]0.10 m .0 .08 m . A small quantity of mud seems to have been used as mortar. The southeast part of the wall is founded on the rock, its north-west part in the debris covering the rock at about level 90 . The wall is a revetting wall attached to the south-west side of Wall 21 . The surface of the face is rough and the stones are carelessly selected for their purpose. No distinctive courses run through the construction, which strongly resembles that of Wall I .

Wall 5.
Width: 0.20 m . Height: 1.00 m .
The material is local limestone mingled with sporadic black river-stones. The stones are generally rough, but a certain order is kept in the construction, and the wall has a more regular face than the previous one. The size of the blocks varies from $0.50 \mathrm{~m} ., 0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. to 0.15 m . 0.10 m . Mud is used as mortar; but to a small extent only. It is a revetting wall running along the south-west side of Wall 4 ; it is built on a projecting, stepped base. The wall is founded on the rock.

## Walls $6 A$ and $B$.

Width: 1.40 m. Height: 0.60 m .
The lower part is rock-cut, surmounted by a built foundation of limestone and poros blocks and smaller stones. One of the blocks has a vertical groove, probably used for fixing the wooden jamb of a door. The size of the blocks varies from $0.45 \mathrm{~m} .: 0.50 \mathrm{~m}$. to 0.30 m . $\because 0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. Of the stone foundations, only the interior edge along the rock is preseryed. (Fig. 234.)

Wall 7.
Width: 1.10 m. Height: 1.70 m .
The bottom course and angle of the wall are made of large, well-cut poros blocks and the faces are built of selected, roughly cut stones of the local limestone, intermingled with black river-stones and some poros fragments. The corner block of poros is $0.75 \mathrm{~m} . 八 0.45$ m . 0.20 m ., those of limestone considerably smaller. To a certain extent the system of "stratifying" the wall in distinct stone courses is kept, and, as a whole, the wall gives the impression of finer facing. Mud is abundantly used as mortar. The wall is a narrow, cubic construction founded on debris accumulated on the rock at level 76.8 . It is not bonded either to Wall 8 or to Wall 25. (Plan XV, 5.)

Wall sA.
Width: 1.70 m . Height: 4.00 m .
The face of this wall is built of selected, cut limestone blocks. Here and there, in the lower courses, a square-cut poros block is to be found. Along the base of the wall runs a projecting base. 'The north-east corner is solidly founded on a gigantic poros block with alternating poros and limestone blocks, and the system of headers and stretchers is employed to a certain extent. Close to the corner on both sides, the construction is strengthened by several poros stones, in the lower as well as the upper courses of the wall. The inside of the wall also shows a fine construction. The poros blocks are, however, entirely absent and replaced by sporadic river-stones. The rest of the material is selected, but not always


Fig. ig. Idalion. Walls $f 5$ (left) and 8 (right).


Fig. 193. Idalion. Wall-system $7-17$ in the foreground.
cut, limestone of local origin; the wall is not built in regular courses. The core is also remarkably solid: the inner stones are bound by the facing stones, thus forming a homogeneous structure. In the interstices are chips of limestone, together with roek and poros evidently emanating from the cut, facing blocks. The south-west end of the wall is not bonded to Wall 34, neither are there proper bonds to Walls 9, io, in, nor probably to Wall 12. Only the central part and the north-east wing are founded on solid rock, and the southwest wing is based at a level of $57.5-64$ on a thin laver of hard packed debris covering the rock.

## Wall $\& B$.

Width: 1.10 m . Height: 3.70 m .
This wall runs parallel with and close to Wall 8 A . It is almost joined to the latter, and there can be some doubt as to its separate identity. Thus its short north-east end cannot be definitely separated from the corner construction of Wall 8 A . It is founded on the rock. The inside face is more primitively built with bad, and unhewn pieces of the local limestone and a few black river-stones.

Walls $9,10,11,12, I 3$ are all of the same trpe and can be treated as a special group. They are exclusively built of local limestone, but of selected quality: The blocks are large and earefully cut, and the walls are built in distinct courses, with mud as a binding material. (Fig. 193.)

Wall 9.
Width: 0.80 m . Iteight: 2.50 m .
The size of the stones varies between $0.60 \quad 0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. and $0.30 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~m}$. This wall adjoins, but is not properly bonded to Wall 16 , except for its upper part, where real bonds exist. The wall is founded on hard packed debris, at a level of So.

Wrall io.
Width: 0.75 m . I Ieight: 2.50 m .
The size of the stones is the same as in Wall 9 . The wall is bonded to Wall 16 . It is founded on the same level as Wall 9 and resembles it strongly.

Hall ir.
Width: 0.75 m . Height: 3.80 m .
 is founded on the solid rock and abuts against Wall 16.

Trall I2.
Width: 0.75 m . Height: 3.40 m .
The size of stones and construction are the same as in the preceding walls. Throughout its length, it runs parallel with, and close to Wall II, and these two together form a doublewall. Their connection with Wall $\mathbf{1 6}$ is, however, to be noted. The wall is founded on the debris covering the rock at level 72 , bonded to Wall 16 , but not to Wall 14. Probably it abuts against Wall 8 (see above).

Wall 13.
Width: i.oo m. Height 3.25 m .
The size of stones and the construction are similar to the preceding walls. This wall runs parallel to Walls 9-12, and is founded on the debris covering the rock at level $7^{2}$, and abuts against Wall 16 . In its upper part, it is properly bonded to Wall 8 B , but more loosely connected in the lower part.

## Wall it.

Width: 0.80 m . Height: 1.50 m .
This wall is built of rough limestone blocks and occasional river-stones with an inner core of irregular construction and a more regular, though only roughly coursed, face. It is not bonded to any of the adjoining walls, Walls 16 and 35 , and is founded high up in the debris at about level 100 and partly on top of Wall 16. (Fig. 198.)

Wall 15.
Width: 0.90 m. Height: 4.00 m .
The wall is built of selected, hewn blocks of local limestonc. Plenty of mud is used as mortar. The different courses of stones can be distinctly traced, and are only interrupted by some large blocks of double thickness, which do not interfere with the main regular construction of the wall. The size of the stones is generally large, about $0.50 \cdot 0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. The wall is bonded to Wall 8 B , but no other. Its north-west part is founded in the debris at about level $7^{2}$; the south-east part is founded on the rock.

Whall I6.
Width: 0.65 m. Height: 3.80 m.
The sizes of stones are as in Walls $9^{-13}$. The wall runs parallel with Wall 8, between Walls $1_{5}$ and 34, without being bonded to any of them. For bonds see Walls 9-13. It is founded on the rock and serves as an interior support to the cross-walls $9-13$. (Plan SIV, 4.)

Wall IT.
Width: 1.25 m . Height: 3.80 m .
The building strle and size of stones are the same, as those of Walls 9-13. The base of the wall is, howerer, somewhat more roughly constructed.

The wall is founded on the rock and is bonded to the top courses of Wall 44 .


Fig. 194. Idalion. Walls ig E, 125, and part of 19 D in the foreground; Walls 46,107 , Altar 38 , and Wall 47 in the background (from left to right).


Fig. 195. Idalion. Walls $125,19 \mathrm{D}, 102$ (from left to right).

This wall forms, throughout its length, a revetting wall of the previous one. (Figs. 199, 203; Plan XV, 3.)

Wall 18 see p. 49 I .

Wall I9.
Width: $0.80-0.95 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 1.90 m.
Of this wall only the substructures and parts of a platform with two steps are preserved.
The substructures consist of five, square foundations of stones: $19 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}$, and E , and are built in the following manner:

A pit has been dug through the debris down to, or near, the solid rock, sometimes breaking through and destroving earlier walls. The pit has been square with sides of about 1.0 m . and has been filled to the rim with rough pieces of local limestone, intermingled with mud and earth; by this rough technique a sort of sunk foundation was made. Substructure No. i9 E has a covering layer of two rectangular poros blocks.

The stepped platform is built of rectangular blocks of local limestone with blocks of poros at the corners. The blocks are founded partly on the stone substructures, partly on the well packed debris below them. Lime-mortar is used as binding material. Most of the blocks hare been remored.

What was the purpose of the five square substructures of stone? They cannot have served as substructures for a stone wall, now destroyed, because there is no foundation for such a stone wall between them. It should be observed that the blocks of the upper step of the platform have a groove along their inner edge, which was probably made to receive wooden beams, resting with their ends on the cubic substructures, and serving as the base for an upper wall of wood (cf. p. 488; Figs. 194, 195, 206, 213, 214, 235-239; Plans XIV, i; XV, 4.)

Wall 20.
Width: 0.80 m. Height: 0.20 m . Of this wall only a small part below the north-east end of Wall ig is preserved. It was almost entirely destroved when Wall ig was built; its construction is different from all the other walls, consisting of a double shell of rather large rubble, with a filling of earth between. The north-east face of the wall is founded on the rock whieh, there, is nearer the surface, but the south-west face is founded in debris at level about ioo.

Wall 2 I.
Width: 1.35 m . Height: 2.50 m .
The stones of this wall are as a rule comparatively small, and the sizes vary from 0.20 m .
0.15 m . to 0.20 m . . 0.10 m .

The face is comparatively smooth and built of selected pieces of local limestone, rarely mised with small, square poros stones.

A considerable quantity of mud is used as mortar. Its face is hidden behind Walls 4 and 5 , and its construetion can only be studied in section, except for a small part of its north-west extremity. The upper wall was built of mud-brick. The wall has been built over by stones of lamellar limestone, and ceeasional poros blocks and when this was done the mud-briek wall was eut away, as illustrated by the section through Walls 41 and 23 (ef. helow). These stones are of approximately equal size and the construetion resembles that of Wall 8. The south-east part of the wall is founded on the rock; its north-west part in the debris at level 90 . The wall is a large revetting wall along the south-west side of Wail +1. (Fig. 233.)

Wrill 22.
Width: 0.55 m . Height: 1.50 m .
The size of stones is about the same as in Wall 21 and the main construetion resembles that of Wall 21, too, but the face is ruder and the poros blocks are replaced by black riverstones. The wall serves as a revetting wall along the north-east side of Wall 4 r . Its southeast part is founded on the roek; its north-west part on top of Wall 51 and in the debris at lerel 98. (Fig. 233.)

Wrall 23.
Width: 1.30 m. Height: 2.90 m .
This wall is properly a continuation of Wall 21 .
Its exterior face is hidden by Wall 2 and it can thus only be studied in section, which, of course, only gives a fragmentary idea of its type and eonstruction. The section shows an irregular mass of local limestone, mud, earth, and some river-stones. The upper wall was built of mud-brick. Two types are represented, the size of which varies slightly. One is approximately 0.12 m .0 .24 m .0 .50 m , and the other $0.12 \mathrm{~m} ., 0.50 \mathrm{~m} ., 0.50 \mathrm{~m}$. The first type is consequently rectangular in shape, and the second, square. The wall is composed by these two types in the manner shown by Plan XV, 2, but the construction is not ahways regular and according to this regular scheme.
'The mud-brick wall has been partly cut away and replaced by a stone wall of lamellar limestone of the same construction as in Wall $2 I$.


Fig. 196. Idalion. Face of Wall 25 C .

W'all 24 .


Fig. 197. Idalion. Section through filling betweet Walls 26-29.

Width: 0.60 m. Height: 1.10 m.

This wall is a continuation of Wall 22.
It is very badly built with the most inferior kind of local limestone in small pieces and frequently mixed with small river-stones, and the face is consequently rery rough. It is loosely bonded to Wall 30 and more tightly to Walls 33 A and B . The foundations are laid in the debris covering Walls 50 and 69 at level 108 . Like Wall 22, it serves as revetting wall along the north-east side of Wall 4 I .

Walls 25 A, B, C.
Width: $1.00 \mathrm{~m} .(\mathrm{A}) ; 0.90 \mathrm{~m}$. (B); 1.50 ml . (C).
Height: $1.10 \mathrm{~m} .(\mathrm{A}) ; 2.35 \mathrm{~m} .(\mathrm{B}) ; 2.50 \mathrm{~m}$. (C).
Wall 25 A is built of limestone blocks and river-stones, irregularily mixed, and forming a curved platform to the north of Wall 27. The construction is irregular and the stones are rather piled up. The wall is built over in the same way as the adjoining walls. It is founded on the debris covering the rock at level about 81, and is not bonded to any of the adjoining walls.

Wall 25 B is built of rough blocks of better quality local limestone, mixed with a few pieces of poros and river-stones in an irregular construction. The wall is semicircular in shape, built over and hidden in the same way as the preceding wall. It is founded in the debris at the same level as Wall 25 A , and is not bonded to any of the adjoining walls.

The Wall 25 C is built of large, rectangular blocks of poros, or good limestone in distinct courses, and has a smooth face. Only very little mud-mortar is used. The corners are well constructed, and the system of headers and stretchers is adopted. The wall has been built over in the same way as Walls 21 ff . It is founded on the rock and bonded to Wall 34 , but no other of the adjoining walls. The wall is clamp-shaped with its arms abutting against Walls 23 and 43, and serves as outer facing and support to the complex of inner walls and filling (cf. below; Fig. 196; Plan XV, i).

Hall 26.
Width: 1.30 m. Height: 2.80 m .
The south-east part of the wall is built of medium-sized blocks of rather bad local limestone, together with some pieces of poros and river-stones and is founded on the debris of the bricks of Walls 50 and 69 , and at about level 81.

Its north-west end is built of large, cut and selected, local limestone blocks in regular courses and founded in the debris at level 8r.8.
'The wall is a continuation of Wall 24 . It runs, to the S. E. as a revetting wall to Wall +1 along its north-east side (Plan XV, 2); to the N. W. it is, itself, revetted by Wall 25 B .

The south-west face is entirely hidden by these walls, and the north-east face by a compact mass of filling of rubble and earth, which is hold up and enclosed by Walls 26-29. (Fig. 197.)

Wall 27 .
Width: i.ro m. Height: 1.50 m .
The wall is entirely hidden by the filling material and built over in the same way as the adjoining walls. Consequently, it could only be studied in section.

Face, material, and size of stone seem to be of the same type as the adjoining part of Wall 26. It is bonded to this wall, but not to Wall 28. It is founded in the debris at level 82.8-95.4, and serves as north-west revetment to the filling held up by Walls 26-29.

Wall 28.
Width: 1.00 m . Height: 2.60 m .
The material of the wall is bad local limestonc, frcquently mixed with river-stones, and a few picces of poros. Neither the limestone, nor the poros is worked. The size of stonc varies very much.

The wall is bonded to Wall 29, but not to any other, and is founded in the debris at level 92.
This wall forms a north-cast revetment to the filling held up by Walls 26-29, and at the same time along the south-west side of Wall +3 . Its south-west face is not always clearly defined, but passes gradually into the filling.

Wall 29.
Width: 1.50 m . Height: 1.70 m .
This wall is of the same type as Wall 28. It is founded in the mud-brick debris of Walls 50 and 69 at about level 95 , and serves as a south-east casing of the filling enclosed by Walls 26--29, to the N. W. passing gradually into the filling and with a smooth face to the S. E.

Wall $3 \%$
Width: 0.90 m. Height: 0.75 m .
The material is chiefly local limestone, but of the very best quality and cut into small squarc blocks. Sporadically, some pieces of cut poros and unworked river-stones are used. The size of stone is about 0.250 .12 m . Mud is used as mortar. The wall is loosely bondcd to Wall 24 , and is founded in the debris at about the same level as that wall.

Wall 3I.
Width: 0.85 m . Height: 1.20 m .
The size of stonc, the matcrial and construction are the same as those of Wall 30. It is founded at level 106, partly on top of Wall 127. (Figs. 201, 235.)

Wall 32.
Width: 0.90 m . Height: 1.20 m .
The material of this wall is selected and eut local limestone with a few pieces of cut poros, and river-stones. The different courses of stone are kept separate and bound together with mud-mortar.

The stones are considerably larger than in the two previous walls and the principal size is about $0.40 \cdot 0.25 \mathrm{~m}$. at the south-east end of the wall, and about 0.200 .15 m . at the north-west end, where the eonstruetion with headers and stretchers is adoptcd, but for the rest, the building technique is the same as that of Walls 30 and 3 I . The southeast part of the wall is founded direetly on the solid rock, the north-west part in the debris accumulated on the rock, at level $107.5-108$. (Figs. 233-235.)

Walls $33 A-B$.
Width: $0.65 \mathrm{~m} .(\mathrm{A}) ; 0.75 \mathrm{~m}$. (B).
Height: $1.40 \mathrm{~m} .(\mathrm{A}) ;$ i. 00 m . (B).
The building material consists of blocks of local, lamellar limestone and a few riverstones in a construction of distinct eourses. The walls form a double wall; Wall 33 B being built along the north-west face of Wall 33 A . The S. W. and $\mathcal{N}$. E. ends of the walls are missing. Of their S . W. end, however, a small part is preserved close to Wall $2_{4}$, showing that these walls were bonded to each other. The walls have been built over in the same way as Walls 21 ff. The walls are founded in the debris, Wall 33 A at level ioo, Wall 33 B at level ro4. (Fig. 201.)

Wall 34.
Width: 0.55 m . Height: 3.30 m .
The main body of the wall is built of selected and cut stones of local limestone and poros, held together with mud-mortar. The wall is distinctly coursed and resembles very much Wall 25. The size of stone is about $0.40 \cdot 0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. Its $N$. W. end is founded on a stepped substructure of three courses of large, squared poros and limestone blocks, resting on the rock. The S. E. end is of the same type, but founded on debris of mud-bricks from Wall 69. The wall is overbuilt in the same way as Walls 2i ff.

The wall is a revetting wall along the N. E. of Wall 43 , and a buttress for Wall 35 . It is bonded to Wall 25 C . (Fig. 198.)

Wall 35.
Width: i.10 m. Height: 0.75 m .
The material of this wall consists of rough stones - local limestone, poros, and many river-stones - loosely constructed with much mud.

In construction it somewhat resembles Walls 22 and 24 . It is not bonded to any of the adjoining walls; it is almost entirely destroved by the wall system $7-17$, and must be reconstructed to a great extent. The wall is founded on the debris at a level of $94-95$, and serves as a revetting wall along the N. W. side of Wall $4^{2}$. (Fig. 198.)

Walls 36 A-B.
Width: c. 1.00 m . Leight: 0.20 m .
These walls are almost entirely destroyed. Only the north-western face of Wall 36 A is preserved. The material is the same as that of Walls 22 and 32 . The wall abuts against


Fig. igs. Idahon. Walls it (left), $3+$ (right) in the foreground: Walls $+2 A, 35,69 \mathrm{C}$ in the background.


Fig. 199. Idalion. Walls +4 (left) and 17 (right).

Wall $f^{I}$ and is founded on the rock. Wall 36 B , on the opposite side, is marked by a rockcut foundation and a doorway between the walls is indicated by cuttings in the rock. (Fig. 234.)

Wall. 37.
Width: 0.80 m. Height: 1.45 m .
The material of the wall is local limestone of varying size and quality, mixed with small pieces of cut poros and numerous river-stones.

The face is rough and the construction careless: it is founded partly on Wall 69, partly in the debris at level $95-98.5$. The wall is not bonded to Wall 45 ; it serves as a revetting wall, along the N. W. side of Wall 42 .

Whall 3 3 see p. 49I.
IFall 39.
Width: 1.40 m . Height: I . 10 m .
The wall is built on a base of large blocks of local limestone. The face is smooth and consists of small square pieces of local stone, poros, and a few river-stones. The size of the stones is about $0.25 \because 0.15 \mathrm{~m}$. Mud-mortar is regularly used. The wall is founded in debris at a level varying between 95 and 99 , and does not reach the rock at any point. It is a revetting wall of triangular shape built against the S . E. side of Wall 42. (Fig. 237.)


Fig. 200. Idalion. Wall $\boldsymbol{q}^{6}$.
IVall 70 see p. 492.
Wall 4 .
Width: 1.15 m. Height: 2.40 m .
The wall is entirely hidden behind Walls $21,22,23,26$, and could only be studied by means of tunnels in a section. A short piece of the face can be seen at the $\mathcal{N}$. $\mathbb{W}$. end.

The wall is there built on a foundation of local limestone blocks of rarring quality, mixed with a few river-stones. Some of the stones are roughly cut, others are quite rough.

The face is well built, of limestone, in rough courses. Mud-mortar is largely used. The N. W. part of the wall is founded in the debris at level $98-88$; the S. E. part is founded on the rock.

Above the stone foundation, part of the upper wall of mud-bricks is preserved. Three types of bricks were noted: one measuring $0.50-0.53 \mathrm{~m}$. in length, $0.4 \mathrm{I}-0.4+\mathrm{m}$. in width, and o.ro-o.II m. in height; the second, measuring $0.4 \mathrm{r}-0.4+\mathrm{m}$. in length, $0.3 \mathrm{I}-0.33$ m . in width, and $0.10-0.12 \mathrm{~m}$. in height; the third, measuring $0.4 \mathrm{r}-0.44 \mathrm{~m}$. in length, $0.2 \mathrm{I}-0.24 \mathrm{~m}$. in width, and $0.10-0.12 \mathrm{~m}$. in height. The size of the bricks consequently raries slightly but corresponds to the average measurements of the three types of brick in Wall 5 (cf. below p. $4^{76}$ ). As there pointed out, these proportions for the bricks, made


Fig. 201. Idalion. Walls 33, 129, 31 (from left to right) in the foreground; Wall 46 in the background.

Fig. 202. Idalion. The well in squares $Z$ 15 - 16 .
it possible to build them into a solid structure, but the building of the bricks in this wall is not systematic, or regular, so far as shown by the preserved part of the brick-wall (Plan $\mathrm{XV}, 2$ ). The wall is built over by blocks of limestone in the same way as Walls 21 ff .

IVall 42 A.
Width: c. 1.15 m . Height: 0.40 m .
This wall is badly destroyed by building over it and must be reconstructed to a great extent. The preserved part is built of mixed river-stones and rough limestone, founded on the mud-brick of Wall 69. Nortar of mud is principally used. The preserved S. W. end shows that the wall was bonded to Wall $f_{1}$, so far as could be seen, and also to Walls $4+$ and 4 . (Fig. 198.)

Wall $+_{2} B$.
Width: c. 1.15 m . Height: 0.40 m .
Of this wall only a small part is preserved. It seems to have been of similar material and construction to that of the preceding wall.

Wall $42 C$.
Width: 2.15 m . Height: 1.80 m .
The wall is built exclusively of local limestone of fairly good quality, cut into large blocks. The stones are fairly regular and thus it has been possible to keep to certain courses in building, the more as thick layers of mud-mortar are used as binding material. The size of stones varies between $0.65 \mathrm{~m} . \because 0.25 \mathrm{~m}$. and 0.40 m . 0.15 m . The wall is founded partly on Wall 69 , partly in the debris at level about 95 . It is bonded to Wall 45, and in its lower part to Wall 47, but rather loosely. It has been built over in the same way as Walls 21 ff. (Figs. 204, 208, 212, 236-238.)

IW all +3.
Width: 1.00 m . Height: 2. º $^{0} \mathrm{~m}$.
It is built of local limestone and occasional river-stones forming a face with rough courses resembling Wall 4 I , but more strongly and solidly built. The wall has been built over


Fig. 203. Idalion. Walls $+t$ (left) and $\mathrm{I}_{7}$ (right).


Fig. 204. Idalion. Walls $+2 \mathrm{C}, 47$, and part of Altar 38 (from left to right); Wall 110 seen in the hole between Walls $4_{2} \mathrm{C}$ and 47 .
in the same way as Walls 21 ff . It is almost entirely hidden by Walls 25, 28, 29, 34, 35, and can only be partially studied. So far as could be seen, it was bonded to Wall 42 . It is founded in the debris covering the rock at level 86 .

Wall 44
Width: 0.80 m. Height: 2.30 m .
The material in the lower part of the wall is almost exclusively local limestone of varying quality, size and work, rather carelessly laid, but held together by some mud-mortar: a solid structure, partly founded on the rock, partly on Wall 69.

At the top of this lower part of the wall there is a levelling course of more regularily laid, flat stones of limestone.

The upper part of the wall has been twice built orer with stones of lamellar limestone and poros, the top course to about 0.70 m . from the top, and the second course to about r. 70 m . from the top. The top course is bonded into Wall $\mathrm{I}_{7}$, and a part of the second course was cut off at the erection of that wall. So far as could be seen, the whole wall even the lower part - was bonded into Wall 42. (Figs. 199, 203; Plan XIV, 4.)

Wall 45.
Width: 0.80 m . Height: 4.30 m .
The wall is built of limestone blocks and smaller stones of the same material in the interstices; the whole held together by mud-mortar. No regular coursing is used. The wall has been built orer in the same way as Walls 21 ff . with lamellar limestones laid in rough courses. The difference between the original wall and the part built over is casily recognizable on the drawing of the face. The wall is bonded to Wall 42 C but not to any other wall, and is founded on the rock. (Fig. 192; Plan XV, 5.)

It all 46.
Width: 0.70 m . Height: 2.20 m .
The material in the lower part of the wall is local limestone in squared blocks, rather carelessly laid in a trench dug through the debris to about level 91.

About 1.10 m . from the bottom there is a levelling course of flat limestone blocks. Above that the material and construction of the wall change: obliquely placed lumps of bad, lamellar, local limestone mixed with some poros stones, are used as building material. At the top there is a final levelling course of flat blocks, of which some are preserved. The sizc of the stones in the lower part of the wall is about $0.45 \div 0.30: 0.30 \mathrm{~m}$. ; in the upper part 0.250 .150 .10 m . Mud is used as mortar in the upper part. The wall was bonded to Wall 42. (Figs. 194, 200, 201, 235; Plan NIV, 3.)

Wall to.
Width: 0.95 m . Height: 2.00 m .
The material and construction are identical with Wall 43 . This wall is founded partly on the rock, partly on the top of Wall ino. It is built over with stones of lamellar limestone at the top, and is loosely bonded into the lower part of Wall 42. (Figs. 194, 204.)

Irall +8 see p. $49^{2}$
Wall +9 .
Width: 2.00 m . Height: 0.40 m .
The whole wall has been built over by Wall 69 A . To judge from the portions laid bare it is constructed as a regular shell-wall, the faces of which have a thickness of about 0.40 m . each, carefully built in distinct courses with flat blocks of the local limestone. The length of the stones varies from about 0.20 to 0.30 m .

The core consists of looser filling-material, frequently mixed with stone. Mud is used as mortar.

Walls $50 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$.
Width: $1.60-2.00 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.50 m . The material and construction are the same as those of Wall 49 .
The walls are hidden by the building over it of Wall 69 , but can be seen as a plinth here and there, along the N . W. slope of the acropolis. The wall is founded on the rock. (Fig. 207.)

Wall 5 .
Width: 1.60 m. Height: 0.40 m .
The material and construction are the same as those of Wall 49. (Fig. 233.)
Above the stone foundation, parts of the upper wall of mud-bricks are preserved. The bricks were of three types, measuring on an arerage as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
\text { T!pe } & \text { 1. } & 0.42 & 0.22 .5 \times 0.12 \mathrm{~m} . \\
" & 2 . & 0.42 & 0.31 \times 0.12 \mathrm{~m} . \\
" & 3 . & 0.52 .5 & 0.42 & 0.12 \mathrm{~m} .
\end{array}
$$

It is thus evident that the height of all the three types is constant; the width of the third type is cqual to the length of the first and sccond types, and the combined width of the first and sccond types is equal to the length of the third type. These proportions thus made it possible to build the bricks into a solid structure, well bonded together. So far


Fig. 205. Idalion. Aitar 38 and Wall 126.


Fig. 206. Idalion. Wall 125 (left) and ig E (right).
as could be seen, the setting of the bricks was not, however, systematic or regular (cf. Fig. 210). The wall is only preserved to a comparatively small distance. 'To the S. E., the rock rises to a higher level and the wall disappears. It may have been purposely removed when the house-walls $\mathrm{II}_{12-117}$ were built.

The connection between Walls 5 I and 50 cannot either be satisfactorily settled. General considerations make it likely that there was a bonded junction, but the corner has been entirely destroyed.

Wall 52.
Width: 0.50 m . Height: 0.50 m .
The wall is built of a bottom course of narrow stones, laid opposite each other, meeting towards the centre and covered by an upper laver of larger stones, all held together with a very scanty amount of mud-mortar. The material is exclusively of the local rock, mixed with very few river-stones. The wall is founded on the rock and is loosely honded to Wall 53 .

Wall 53.
Width: 0.50 m. Height: $0.4^{0} \mathrm{~m}$.
The material and construction are the same as those of Wall 52 , but most of the upper course is missing. The junction with Wall 54 is destroved.

Hall 54.
Width: 0.50 m. Height: 0.30 m .
The material and construction are the same as those of the preceding walls. The junction with Wall 55 is destroyed.

Wall 55.
Width: 0.50 m. Height: 0.25 m .
The material and construction as of the preceding walls; it is partly built over by Ramp 69 F .

Wall 56.
Width: 0.50 m . Height: 0.60 m .
This wall is a continuation of Wall 55 . Its castern end makes a sharp turn, and is faced by a double-sided shell of large blocks, placed upright on their edges.

ITall 57.
Width: 0.40 m. Height: 0.45 m .
This wall is a very poor construction of much mud and narrow blocks of rock placed opposite each other, as a double-sided shell with loose filling between; it is founded on the rock. 'There is no bond to Wall 58 .

If all 58.
Width: 0.45 m. I Ieight: 0.60 m .
The wall is built in the same way as Wall 57 with an upper course of roughly dressed blocks of rock, of a fairly large size, held together by some mud-mortar. It is founded on the rock.

Wall 59.
Wilth: 0.65 m. Height: 0.55 m .
The wall is considerably wider than the preceding walls, but of a similar construction and material, the rock-cut stones occasionally mixed with a few river-stones, resting in an ample bed of mud-mortar. The sides are plastered with a layer of mud. The wall is founded on the levelled rock and is firmly bonded to the previous one. (Figs. 212, 236; Plan XIII, 5.)

Wall 60.
Width: 0.55 m . Height: 0.60 m . The wall is of a similar material and construction to those of the preceding walls.

Wall 6 I.
Width: c. 0.65 m . Height: 0.30 m .
The wall was of the same type as Wall 59, but only very scanty remains are now risible.
Wall 62.
Width: 0.50 m . Height: 2. oo m.
This wall is built of limestone in superimposed sets of usually single stones, lining a cursed rock wall.

Wall 63.
Width: 0.45 m . Height: 0.50 m .
The material of the wall consists of large and small rock-cut stones, the large stones placed along the edges, and sometimes covering the whole width of the wall. Mud-mortar is scarcely used. The wall is founded on the rock, and is cut through by Wall 125 . (Plan XIV, 2.)


Fig. 207. Idalion. Wall 69 C on top of the foundation of Wall 50 A .


Fig. 208. Idalion. Kamp $6 y \mathrm{~F}$ and Wall +2 C in the rackground.

Width: 0.45 m. Ieight: 0.40 m .

The material and construction of this wall are identical with those of Wall 63 to which it is bonded.

## Wall 65.

Width: 0.70 m. Height: 0.30 m .
The material and construction of this wall are identical with those of Wall 63. It is bonded to Wall 66. (Fig. 235.)

IT all 66.
Width: 0.55 m . Height: 0.50 m .
The material and construction are identical with those of Wall 58 . The sides of the wall are plastered with mud. It is founded on the rock. (Fig. 235.)

## Wall 67.

Width: 0.45 m. I Leight: 0.55 m .
This wall is only a line of stones, facing the rock-cut wall of Reoms XIXVHI, XXXIX. The material is rock-cut stones of fairly Iarge size.

## IVall 68.

Width: 0.50 m . Height: 0.55 m .
Some scanty remains of a short wall, of similar material and construction to Wall 63 .
Wall 69 A .
Width: 1.75 m. Height: 1.25 m .
The greater part of the material of this wall consists of rock-cut stones of various size, but here and there a river-stone is to be scen in the face, where the stones are larger and more regularily laid, forming an edge frame. The corner is regularly built with alternate headers and stretchcrs and some of the blocks are roughly dressed. The local rock is of better quality; the wall is founded on the top of Wall 49, sometimes separated from it by a thin layer of mud-brick debris.

The $S$. end of the wall has been repaired: the original end is $c .0 .65 \mathrm{~m}$. inside, and the later end is added to it as a shell without bond approximately in a line with Wall fo (Fig.
229). The original end is in a line with Wall $\boldsymbol{h}^{1}$ and the south end of Wall 49. A part of the wall to the north of the original end has been destroyed and was later repaired: the repaired piece was founded in the mud-brick debris of the original Wall 69 A . (Figs. 209, 232.)

IFall by $B$.
Width: 1.70 m. Height: 1.30 m .
This wall is of the same material and construction as the previous one, of which it is a continuation. It is founded on Wall 50. (Figs. 209, 232.)

IW all bo $C$.
Width: $1.55-1.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: $1.35-2.50 \mathrm{~m}$.
This wall runs above Wall 50 and is a continuation of the previous wall but it differs much from the type of that wall. Pieces of rock and river-stones are mixed together in about equal parts; the stones are of varying size and quality, and there is no definite facing. Mud-mortar is used, but to rather a small extent. The south-west end of the wall, flanking the entrance gate in Squares E: II-12 (cf. p. +89 ) resembles strongly, however, Walls 69 $A-B$ in material and construction. The wall is somewhat thicker, 2.00 m . wide, near the gate and strengthened by facing shells. The upper wall was built of mud-bricks and these were well preserved at its 5 . W. end, at the entrance gate. The bricks were of similar types to those of Wall 51 . (Figs. 198, 207, 216, 232.)

Wall 69 D.
Width: c. 1.55 m . Height: 1.40 m .
This wall being a continuation of Wall 69 C to the $\mathrm{S} . \mathrm{W}$. of the entrance gate is identical in material and construction with the $\mathrm{S} . \mathrm{W}$. end of that wall. The upper mud-brick wall is well preserved, too, and of the same construction as those of Walls 51 and 69 C .

Wall 60 E.
Width: r .40 m. Height: $0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{m}$.
This wall is of the same material and construction as the $\mathrm{S} . \mathrm{W}$. end of Wall 69 C and Wall 69 D . It is built inside Wall 69 D , founded in the inner part of the mud-brick structure of that wall. Its $\mathcal{N}$. F. end was destroyed at the erection of Wall 33 .

Wall $60 F$ see p. 49r.
Walls $7^{0} A-B$.
Width: 0.55 m . Height: 1.00 m .
The material of Wall go $A$ is exclusively lamellar limestone of medium size, rather carelessly built up in an irregular construction. It is founded in the debris covering the rock and abuts against the added part of Wall 69 A at the entrance gate. The material and construction of Wall 70 B are identical with those of Wall 125 . It is founded on the rock. (Fig. 232; Plan XII.)

Wall 7 万.
Width: 0.50 m. Height: 0.35 m .
The wall is built of limestones of good quality and a few river-stones. The construction is rather careful, with larger stones facing the edges and nearly meeting in the middle.


Fig. 209. Idalion. The North Gate with Walls 69 A and B.


Fig. 210. Idalion. Bricks of Wall 5 r .

In general the construction is similar to that of Walls 80 ff . (cf. below). Only a part of the wall is preserved: it seems certain that it once abutted against Wall 69 A in line with its original south end. The top of the stone structure in the preserved part of the wall has also been demolished. The wall is founded on the rock. (Fig. 232).

Walls $7^{2}$ A-C. Width: $0.50-0.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.70 m .
These walls are built of lamellar limestones of the same quality and size as those of Wall 70 and the irregular construction, too, is the same as that of Wall 70 . The connection between the west and east parts of Wall 72 A are missing as well as parts of Walls 72 B and C . Walls 72 A and B are bonded to each other but none of the walls are bonded to any other wall. The walls are founded on a loose filling of earth held up by a shell of stone slabs.

## Wall 73.

Width: 0.60 m . Height: 0.65 m .
The chief material of this wall is limestone of fairly good quality and mixed up with some river-stones. The construction is rather careful with larger stones, roughly dressed, facing the edges, and roughly coursed face. In general the construction is similar to that of Walls 80 ff . The rough inner side of the wall merges gradually into a bedding of stones and earth filling up a cavity in the rock inside the wall. The wall is not bonded to any of the adjoining walls. (Fig. 232).

Wall $7+$
Width: 0.60 m. Height: 0.75 m .
In material and construction this wall is identical with Wall 70 . It is not bonded to Wall 73 and is founded on the debris covering the rock. (Fig. 232).

Walls 75 A- $B$.
Width: 0.40 m . Height: 0.15 m .
Badly destroyed walls built of slabs of limestone similar to those used in Walls $63-69$. The walls are founded on the rock and Wall 75 B once abutted against Wall 50. (Fig. 232.)

ITall 76.
Width: 0.65 m . Height: 0.40 m .
In material and construction the wall is identical with Walls 80 ff . It is founded on the rock. (Figs. 216, 23r.)

Hall $7 \%$.
Width: 0.45 m . Height: 0.30 m .
This wall is identical in material and construction with Wall 70 B . It is slightly curved, and founded on the rock. (Fig. 232.)

Walls 78 A-B.
Width: 0.50 m. Height: 0.40 m .
These walls are partly entirely destroyed but seem to have been of the same mural type as Walls 80 ff . (see below). They are founded on the rock.

Walls 79 A- - .
Width: 0.50 m. Height: $0.10-0.40 \mathrm{~m}$.
These walls are of similar material and construction as the preceding walls. (Figs. 231, 232.)

Walls So- 82 .
Width: 0.50 m . Height: 0.50 m .
The chief material of these walls is small blocks of the local rock of a fairly good quality and mixed up with about $10{ }^{\circ}$ o of small river-stones. Occasionally corners and ends are built of larger, rock-cut stones. For the rest, the construction is rather careful, with larger stones, usually facing the edges and sometimes nearly meeting in the middle, which is filled with smaller stones and earth. Mud-mortar is largely used as a binding material. Walls $80-8 \mathbf{I}$ and $8 \mathrm{I}-82$ are bonded into each other. The walls are founded on the rock. (Figs. 231, 232.)

ITall 83.
Width: 0.60 m. Height: 0.90 m .
This wall is of the same type as Walls $7^{\circ}, 7_{2}$. It is founded on top of Wall 76 , and in the debris at the same level. (Figs. 231, 232.)

Walls $84-95$.
Width: $0.55-0.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.50 m .
These walls are identical in material and construction with Walls $80-82$ and are bonded to each other. The walls are founded on the rock except the north wings of Walls 86 and 90 , which are founded in the debris covering the rock and Wall 92, which is partly founded on top of Wall 96. The doorway between Wall 87 and 90 was later blocked up by a course of stones founded in the debris. (Figs. 216, 231, 232, Plan XIII, 3.)


Fig. 2II. Idalion. Walls ior (left) and 122 (right).


Fig. 212. Idalion. Walls ior, 122, 59, Altar 48 , Walls $12+$ and +2 (' (from left to right).

Wall 96.
Width: 0.50 m . Height: 0.30 m .
The wall is of the same construction and built of the same material as Walls 52 ff . It is founded on the rock.

## Walls 97-98.

Width: $0.40-0.70 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.30 m.
The material and construction are the same as those of Walls 80 ff . except for Wall 97 A , which contains a large percentage of river-stones. The walls are founded on the rock.

Walls 99-IOO.
Width: $0.45-0.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.90 m .
The material and construction are the same as those of the preceding walls.
Wall tor.
Width: 0.48 m. Height: 0.55 m .
The wall is built of a filling of small stones of the local rock with small narrow edgestones, nearly meeting in the middle, covered by a laver of larger stones, as Walls $5^{2} \mathrm{ff}$.; it is mortared with mud. A part of the upper wall of mud-brick is preserved. The bricks vary somewhat in size. The length varies between 0.55 and 0.59 m ., the width between 0.46 and 0.48 m ., and the height between 0.12 and 0.15 m . The bricks are placed lengthways in superimposed rows with regular, alternating joints, and covering the whole width of the wall. Beside these bricks of normal type, bricks of about half the size are used at the ends of the wall, and in the corner construction. The wall is founded on, or near, the rock. It is bonded to Wall 104. (Figs. 211, 212, 236; Plan XIII, 5.)

Wall 102.
Width: 0.48 m. Height: 0.70 m .
The lower part of the wall is of similar construction to Wall ion. In the upper part the material is chiefly small pieces of flat rock mixed with pithos sherds and a ferw riverstones of a type resembling Wall 125 , indicating a later reparation and heightening of the wall. Mud is scantily used as mortar. The wall is founded on the rock and bonded to Wall 103. (Figs. 195, 213, 2I4; Plans XIII, 4; XIV, 1.)

Hiall Ioz.
Width: 0.50 m. Height: 1.05 m .
The material and construction are the same as those of Wall ioz. The wall is partly cut in the rock, partly built. It is much destroyed.

Wall Iot.
Width: 0.55 m . Height: 0.40 m .
The material and construction are similar to these of Wall ior. When Wall i25 B (cf. bclow) blocked up the doorway between Walls 102 and IO4, a new doorway was opened about 0.50 m . to the N. E., partly on top of the stone foundation of Wall 104 which was levelled for the purpose. (Figs. 213, 2I4; Plan XIII, 4).

Hall 105 see p. 492.
IVall 106.
Width: 0.60 m . Height: 1.60 m .
The material and construction are the same as these of Walls 80 ff .
Wall Iō.
Width: 0.60 m . Height: 2.00 m .
The lower part of this wall is of the same material and construction as those of Walls So ff. About 0.65 m . from the top the wall is built over by another wall, 0.45 m . wide, so that the lower part serves as a socle for the upper one; the material and construction also change, the upper part being built of small pieces of rock in regular courses mixed with pithos sherds and embedded in mud-mortar. This wall built orer continues to the S. E. of the angle between Walls 107 and 109 and abuts against Wall 64. On the top, a part of the upper wall of mud-bricks is preserved. The bricks are of the same size and construction as those of Wall ior. The wall is founded on the rock and its lower part is bonded to Wall rog, but not to Wall 108 . (Figs. 194, 215 ; Plan XIII, 2).

Trall Ios.
Width: $0.70-0.80 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.35 m .
The wall is built of the same material and in a similar technique to those of Wall 68, only that the stones are somewhat larger owing to the greater width of the wall. This wall is not bonded to Wall ro- and is founded on the rock.

Wall Iog.
Width: 0.65 m . Height: 0.85 m .
The wall is built of the same material and in the same technique as the lover part of Wall 107. It is founded on the rock. For bonds see Wall io7.

Wall ito.
Width: 0.60 m . Height: 1.70 m .
This wall is of the same material and construction as Wall ro\%, showing the same difference in material and construction between its upper and lower parts Its lower part is bonded to Wall rog and is founded on the rock. (Fig. 204).

Wiall tit.
Width: c. 0.40 m. Height: 0.50 m .
This is a small, badly preserved wall built in the debris of the rock-cut bothros in Square II 5 .


IValls ITマー-1I.3.
Width: $0.55-0.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.45 m.
These walls are built with a bottom course of material and construction as Walls 80 ff . and a top layer containing much river-stone and mortar, indicating a later repair and heightening of the walls. They are founded on the rock and honded into each other. (Fig. 233).

W"alls IIf—IIJ.
Width: 0.50 m. Height: 0.55 m .
The material and construction resemble these of the previous wall. but mest of the top layer is destroyed. The walls are founded on the rock and bonded to each other. (Fig. 233).

IValls II6--IIS.
Width: $0.4-0.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.25 m .
The material and construction are the same as these of Walls inf-uI5. The upper layer of river-stones is missing. The walls are founded on the rock. Some parts of Walls 117 and II8 are missing. (Fig. 233).

Wall IIg.
Width: 0.45 m. Height: 0.75 m.
The material and construction are the same as these of Walls 1iz-113. The wail is founded on the rock. (Fig. 233).

Halls 120—121.
Width: $1.25-\mathrm{I} .40 \mathrm{~m}$. Ileight: 0.50 m.
The walls are built along the exterior of Walls 69 A and B . 'They are founded in the debris at about level $72-70$, and are built of large, flat pieces of local rock, mixed up with some river-stones and a few pieces of uncut poros. Between Walls 121 and 69 B there was a filling of rubble and earth. The walls served as strengthening bastions to Walls $69 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$.


Fig. 215 . Idalion. Wall 10 .


Fig. 216. Idalion. Wall $9+$ (left), Bothros 7. Wall $7^{6}$ (right) in the foreground; Walls $83,69 \mathrm{C}$ and other walls in the background.

Wall 122.
Width: 0.50 m . Height: 1.00 m .
The material is large blocks of local rock and in their interstices, small stones of every kind mixed with potsherds, all piled up with a minimum of mud-mortar. The wall is founded on the rock and not bonded to the adjoining walls. (Figs. 211-213, 236; Plan XIII, 5.)

Wall 123.
Width: 0.50 m. Height: 0.40 m .
The wall consists of two courses of flat pieces of local rock, mixed with river-stones, constructed as Walls 80 ff . The wall is not bonded to Wall in and its north-eastern end, close to Wall 124 , is destroyed. It is founded in the debris at level 98 .

W'all 124.
Width: 0.50 m . Height: 0.90 m .
This wall is built of the same material and construction as Wall 122 . The wall is not bonded to any of the adjoining walls. It is founded in the debris at level 82.5 .

The upper part of the wall has been destroved and levelled on the erection of the superimposed Altar 48. (Figs. 212, 236; Plan XIII, 5.)

Wall 125 A-B.
Width: o. fo m. Height: 1.00 m .
The lower courses of Wall 125 A contains some river-stone, but for the rest, the material consists of small pieces of the local rock, frequently mixed with larger pithos sherds. Mortar of mud is scanty: The west end of Wall 125 A is destroyed by the sinking of Substructure 19 E. The wall is not bonded to the adjoining walts, it is founded on, or near, the rock, and cuts through Wall 63 ; W'all 125 B is founded in the debris at level 95 . It blocks up the doorway opening between Walls 102 and iot (cf. above, Wall iof). (Figs. 194, 195, 206, 214; Plans XIII, 4; XIV', i; XV, 4.)

IV all 126 .
Width: $0.40-0.45 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.70 m .
This wall was badly destroyed at the erection of Altar 38 . It is of the same type as Wall 125. It is founded in the debris at level 95. (Fig. 205.)

IValls 127 - 130 .
Width: 0.55 m. Height: 0.40 m .
These walls are much destroyed. What remain are two thin layers of foundations of flat, loeal roek, mixed with river-stones, construeted similarly to Wall i23. The walls are founded in the debris at about level ioz-ioi; Walls i29-i30 are not bonded to one another; and the corner construction of Walls 127-128 is destroved. (Fig. 201.)

We thus obtain the following types of walls:
I. Wall of rather large, local limestone bloeks of good quality as facing and smaller stones in the middle ("shell-wall'). Mud-mortar is used to a certain extent. The stone wall is comparatively low as it serves only as base for the upper wall of mud-bricks. (Walls 49-5i.)
2. Wall of limestones of the better quality of various size mixed with a few river-stones. The stones are larger and more regularly laid along the faces. The eorners are built with alternate headers and stretehers and some of the blocks are roughly dressed. The stone wall is rather high. (Wall $69 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}$, western part, D, E.)
3. Wall as No. 2, but built of rock-stones and river-stones in equal proportions. (Wall 69 C , eastern part.)
4. Wall of stones of leeal limestone of varying quality mixed with a few river-stones. The face is built of limestones roughly ecursed. Mud-mortar is abundantly used. (Walls $41,42 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}, 43,47$.)
5. Wall built exelusively of bleeks of limestone, large and of good quality, with a coursed face. Nueh mud-mortar is used. (Walls $42 \mathrm{C}, 45$.)
6. Wall of rather earelessly built bleeks of limestone of rarying quality and size with a levelling course of more regularly laid, flat stones of limestone. (Walls 44 and 46 .)
7. Wall of selected square-eut limestone of rather small size mixed with some poros or river-stones, rather rough face and much mud-mortar. (Walls 21, 23, 30-32.)
8. Wall of bad local limestone of varying size, with no or little poros, numerous riverstones, and rough face. (Walls 22, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 33, 35, 36, 37.)
9. Wall of selected, square-eut limestone mixed with mumerous bloeks of poros, both of large size, and a well built, smooth and coursed face. (Walls $25,34,39$.)
io. Wall of a core of usually lamellar limestone, rough or roughly eut, mixed with limestones of good quality and sparse river-stones, a rough or roughly coursed face and no or little mud-mortar. Sometimes there is a levelling top layer of poros or limestone blocks. (Walls i-6, i4, i9 A-E.)
ir. Wall of an inner core of limestone and eut limestone blecks with sparse poros bloeks in a coursed face. Such mud-mortar is used. (Walls 7-13, $15-17$.)
12. Wall of small narrow edge-stones nearly meeting in the middle and covered by a layer,
of larger stones, all of limestone. Mud-mortar is sparsely used. (Walls 52-56, 68, 96, ioi-io4, io8).
13. Wall as No. 12, but the edge-stones do not meet in the middle but form a shell framing a loose filling in the core. Much mud is used as mortar. (Walls $57-6 \mathrm{r}$ ).
14. Wall of a single line of limestones, lining a rock-eut wall. (Walls 62 and 67 ).
15. Wall of roek-stones of larger and smaller size, the larger stones framing the edges and large stones sometimes covering the whole width of the wall. Mud-mortar is sparsely used. (Walls $63-66,75$ A-B).
16. Wall of local roek-stones and about io "", river-stones with the larger stones usually framing the edges, scmetimes nearly meeting in the middle. Oceasionally corners and ends are built of larger, roughly eut rock-stones. Mud-mortar is abundantly used. (Walls $7 \mathrm{I}, 73,76,78-82,84-95,97-100,106$, $107,109-119,123,127-130$ ).
17. Wall of roek-stones frequently mixed with river-stones and pithos sherds built in a construction similar to No. i6. (Walls $70 \mathrm{~B}, 77,122,124-126$ ).
18. Wall of a double-sided shell of rubble with a filling of earth between. (Wall 20).
19. Wall of an irregular construction. (Walls $70 \mathrm{~A}, 72,74,83$ ).
20. Walls of flat limestone slabs mixed with some river-stones, uncut pieces of poros in the face; filling of rubble and earth. (Walis 120, 121).
21. Walls built over:
a) of Type 10 (Walls 2r-47).
b) of river-stones (Walls $112-119$ ).
c) of Type 17 (Walls 102, 103, 107).

The upper walls, except that of Wall 19 (cf. below), were built of mud-bricks. The bricks are of different types, one typc measuring on an average 0.57 m . in length, 0.47 m . in width and 0.13 m . in height; a second type measuring 0.52 nm . in length, 0.43 m . in width and 0.1 m . in height; a third type 0.43 m . in length, 0.32 m . in width and 0.11 m . in height; a fourth type 0.42 m . in length, 0.22 m . in width and 0.11 m . in height.

The bricks of Type 1 , used in Walls ior and iof, are used in the house-ivalls and cover the whole width of the walls. They are built with alternate joints. The other three types are uscd together in walls of great width (ramparts, etc.: Walls $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{I}}, 5 \mathrm{I}, 69 \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{D}$ ). The proportions of these bricks (cf. above) facilitated their composition into a solid structure, but the construction, so far as could be stated, was not uniform according to a regular scheme, but the different types arc composed in various ways in the superimposed courses, as it seems, without any fixed order. As a rule, however, the courses have alternate joints and straight-joints are avoided. It must be remarked though, that the preserved parts of the mud-walls are too small to allow definite conclusions as regards the general method of construction.

In one case (Wall i9) there are indieations of a wooden wall, resting on wooden beams on a substructure of eubie stone foundations, but about the construction nothing more ean he said as no remains of the wall itself were preserved. The wall was surrounded by sa platform with two steps of well eut, selected hloeks of limestone and oceasional poros block.

## Gates.

Entrance gates are found in the rampart walls $49,50,69,4^{1}, 41+21-22$, and $21+41+6$. Walls $49-50$ have three gateways, one between Walls 49 and 50 A : the North Gate, the second one between Walls 50 A and B , the West Gate, and the third one, a narrow side-gate, opening in Wall 50 B . The North Gate is $\mathrm{I} .80-2.00 \mathrm{~m}$. wide and the West Gate 1.85 m . widc. The flanks are made of regularly built limestonc and a substructure for the threshold consisting of sets of flat limestones is preserved in the North Gate. Of the wooden doors nothing is left and there are no traces of the jambs in shape of cuttings in the flanks of the gates. To judge from the substructure slab for the threshold in the North Gate it was closed by a double door, one at the outer and another one at the inner line of the wall leaving a small, square gate-chamber between the doors. The West Sidegate is only 0.50 m . wide. The gates of Wall 69 open at the same places and were of the same type as those of Walls 49-50. The North Gate, which originally had the same width as the corresponding gate of Walls 49-50, was later narrowed by the addition of a shellwall (Wall 70 ) along its north flank so that it attaincd a width of only $1.05-1.16 \mathrm{~m}$. (Fig. 209).

The entrance gate of Wall $\mathrm{f}^{\mathrm{I}}$ opens in the S . E. part of the same. It is 2.25 m . wide. The flanks are made of well-built limestones in stratified courses, the substructure for the threshold consists of flat, well-cut slabs of limestones, of which two were found in situ, and the third one was missing. Along the south flank of the gate there is a slab of stone placed on the top of the threshold substructure. This served as substructure for the wooden jamb of the door. On the opposite side this substructure was missing as well as the threshold slab. (Plan XIII, I).

The gate of Wall $41 \div 21 \div 22$ is only a deepened entrance of the previous one, resulting from the enlargement of the wall by addition of Wall 2r. Of the thrcshold and deor-jamb substructures nothing is left. Both these gates were filled in with stones and carth at the same time as the walls were built over (cf. above). (Plan XIII, i).

The gate of Wall $21-+1+6$ is $1.20-1.35 \mathrm{~m}$. Wide and opens at the S . E. end of Walls $2 \mathrm{I}+4 \mathrm{i}$, between these walls and Wall 6 . It is of the same shape and construction as the previous ones. A course of stones which served as substructure for the thresheld is preserved along the outer line of the wall. Of the door-jambs there are no traces.

## Subterrancan entrance.

Besides thesc entrance gates above ground there is one subterranean entrance, in the shape of a tunnel passage close to the entrance gate between Wall 49-50 and Walls 69 $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}$ and cut in the rock below these walls. This tunnel is entered by a staircasc, consisting of 14 rock-cut steps. From there the tunnel is cut with gradually sloping floor for about 3.50 m . whence it descends by two wide, and four ordinary, rock-cut steps and reaches the surface of rock on the north-western hill-slope of the acropolis. The tunnel is about 21.0 m . in length, about $0.90-1.00 \mathrm{~m}$. in width and about 1.85 m . in height. The
lower part of the tunnel curves somewhat to the N . W. The side-walls and the roof are slightly curved. (Plan XII.)
Doorways.

The doorways of the rcoms are of different width varying between 0.60 m . and I .08 m . Their flanks are always carefully built. In some cases (e. g. Rooms XIII, XIV, XVII, XVIII) a substructure of rough stones for the thrcshold is preserved. Special substructures for the jambs or traces of cuttings in the walls for fixing of the same are nowhere visible.

The doorways of the temenos are similar in construction but wider, e. g., the doorway leading to the outer temenos from the $న . W$. end of Hall L is I .40 m . wide, and the doorway leading to the inner temenos is about 2.20 m . wide.

As regards the doors themselves, there are indications of the construction of the same in one case. On and near the blocks of Wall 19 close by Wall 42 C there were found three hinges (Nos. 292, 301, 325, see Object Reg.) of bronze. From this it is evident that a wooden door, opening on to the inner temenos (Room LIV) at its north corner, was fixed to a wooden jamb by means of these hinges.

## Floors.

The floors, as a rule, consisted only of stamped earth, sometimes mixed with gravel and split stones. From this rule there are only two exceptions: inside Room LIV, and outside the same there are two superimposed floors made of gypsum mixed with clay, gravel, and occasionally split stones. The same kind of floor is represented in Room L, and partly outside the same.

## Roofs.

The roofs of the rooms were probably built in the way which was usual in Cyprus and other countries in the Mediterranean, i. e., of clay resting on a substructure of straw and reed, but no impressions of the straw or the like were observed, through which this supposition could be proved. Such impressions are, however, only occasionally found (cf. Vol. I, p. 282), viz. when the clay has been so much baked, e. g. by a fire, that it resisted the dissolving activity of the water. In one case, however, it can be proved that terracotta tiles were used as covering material, as fragments of such were found above the floor of the inner temenos (Room LIV). The fragments were few and very scanty so that dimensions of the tiles could not be ascertained. There are two shapes: one flat and wide with one raised short side, and another one curved and narrower to be used as peg-tiles. This inner temenos, however, cannot have been entirely covered in, as it was an altar court (cf. p. 532). Taking this into account on the one hand, and the finds of the fragments of tiles on the other hand, it seems likely that the courtyard was only covered along its sides, learing an open space in the middle.


Fig. 217. Idalion. Bothroi Nos. 9 - II and surrounding walls.


Fig. 2IS. Idalion. Bothroi Nos. 21 and 22.

Column is C.
Column.
There is only one example of columns being used: In the centre of Room NLIX a polygonal column with a 16 -sided shaft, 0.35 m . in diam. was erected on a base of flat stone slabs. Of the shaft one drum was preserved. (Fig. 234.)

R a mp.
Ramp 69 F.
Length: 15.50 m . Width: $1.90-2.00 \mathrm{~m}$.
This is the substructure of a ramp built of large, flat blocks of rock-stone of the better quality, and smaller stones as filling, leading up to Wall 69 C along its inside. (Fig. 208.)

Bases.
Bases 18 A-B.
Length: $1.25-1.40 \mathrm{~m}$. Width: 060 m.
Base 18 A is a square structure built of rough, local limestone. Some mud is used as mortar. It is founded in the debris at level 108 , and close to it there were rectangular, well dressed poros blocks, probably once used as top blocks (cf. below).

Base 18 B is of a similar construction to that of 18 A , but one rectangular, well dressed block of poros of the top layer covering the base substructure is preserved.

## Altars.

Altar 38.
Length: c. $\quad .80 \mathrm{~m}$. Width: c. 1.60 m .
The material is almost entirely cut poros with some square pieces of selected, local limestone. It contains comparatively little mud. The size of the poros stones varies from 0.60 $\because 0.15 \mathrm{~m}$. to $0.35: 0.15 \mathrm{~m}$. It is a sunk structure built in the same technique as Wall 19 A , B, C, D, and E, though, as noted, of different material. It abuts against Wall $4 \%$, and is founded on Walls 63, 64, io9, and 126 . The shape is the same as Altar to but a considerable part has bcen destroyed. (Figs. 194, 204, 205; Plan NIV, 2.)


Fig. 219. Idalion. Bothroi Nos. $2+$ and 25 .


Fig. 220. Idalion. Bothros No. 29.
Length: 1.75 m . Width: 1.15 m .

## Altar for

This altar is cubic in shape. The material is almost altogether square porcs stone, and the construction is the same as that of Altar 38 . The size of the stenes is abcut 0.300 .15 m. It is partly based on solid rock, partly in the debris at level about 93. (Figs. 236-238).

## Altar 48.

Length: 1.80 m . Width: 1.00 m .
This is a cubic construction built of mixed materials. Large, square blocks of selected local limestone, some heary river-stones and one square-cut poros block are kept roughty coursed by thin, levelling layers of mud-mortar and splinters of stone. The altar is founded on top of Wall 124 and in the debris at the same level. (Figs. 212, 236-238; Plan XIII, 5).

## Altar 105.

Length: 0.42 m . Width: 0.42 m .
The altar is small in size and square in shape. It is built of flat limestone slabs framed by upright slabs around the edges. Of these latter slabs only one was found presericd. The altar is founded on the rock. (Fig. 236).

## Bothroi.

The bothroi are all cut in the rock. They are of two different types.

1. Circular, rather shallow pits with a diameter rarying between 0.85 m . and 3.00 m . and a depth varying between 0.20 m . and 1.00 m . This type is the commonest (Bothroi I-24, 26-28, 30, 31). (Figs. 216-218).
2. Square-cut, rather shallow shafts. Of this type there are two specimens: one in Squares G-I: 3 - + (Bothros 29), 3.40 m . long, 2.40 m . wide and 0.65 m . deep, and the other one in Squares $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 7$ and parts of the adjoining squares (Bothros 25 ). It measures 3.55 m . in length, 2.35 m . in width and 0.80 m . in depth. When the latter shaft was made, a circular bothros of Type 1 (Bothros 24) was cut off. (Figs. 219, 220).

Well.
Cylindrical well 1.10 m . in diam. and 2.00 m . deep, situated in Squares $\mathrm{Z}_{15}$-16. (Fig. 202).

## STRATIFICATION

Description of layers.
Section I (Plan VI, 2).
This scetion starts in Square C 3 and runs in a north-eastern direction to Square $Z$ 1o, where it turns to the $N$. and runs in a northern direction to Square FF 23. The section shows the following stratification.

The uppermost layer in the whole section consists of a surface layer of earth mixed with lime-stuff, the upper 20 cm . of which was disturbed cultivation earth. During the first 6 meters there are only two culture strata below this surface layer, one consisting of rather hard, clayey earth (Layer 2), and the other one of darker, clayey earth and pieces of mudbricks (Layer 3). At about the 6th meter Layer 2 is divided into two layers by a separating streak of bright earth mixed with lime, so that there are four layers in all: one surface layer and three culture strata, except for about 0.70 m . in Square $G 4$, where the bottom layer disappears against an elevation of rock. Between m. I6 and 25 the stratification becomes more complicated and the accumulation of culture earth increasce as the rock slopes. Laver $I$ is the same surface layer as in the preceding part of the section, but Layer 2 does not correspond to Layer 2 in the preceding part of the section. Layer 2 splits up in two layers: 2 A and B of which Layer 2 A rests on a floor of clay, gravel, and lime-earth and Layer 2 B on the same floor as Layer 2 in the preceding part of the section. Between m. I6 and. 25 this floor runs just above that of Layer 3, so that ther nearly form one flcor. 'The floor of Layer 2 A , on the other hand, is on a level with the top of the upper step of the stepped platform of Wall 19 and lies on top of the floor-level of Layer 2 at m . I6. It is thus evident that Layer 2 A between m . 16 and 25 corresponds only to the upper part of Laver 2 in the preceding part of the section; and Layer 2 B between m. 16 and 25 corresponds mainly to the lower part of Layer 2 in the preceding section, while Layer 3 in that part of the section is nearly missing between m. 16 and 25 . From this it may he inferred that the remains of Layer 3 in the preceding part of the section were only slighty represented lectween m. 16 and 25, or purposely dug away, when the floor of Layer 2 B was formed. Below the floor of Layer 3 is Layer 4 , consisting of dark, clayey earth. This layer corresponds only to the upper part of Layer $+($ Layer $+\lambda)$ in the preceding part of the section, as it rests on a floor-level appearing as a streak of hard earth, which appears just in the middle of Laver + at m. 16 and extends to Wall 19. Below this layer are Layers 5-6 consisting of culture earth mixed with streaks of ash, carbonized matter and pieces of mud-bricks. Layer 6 rests on the rock. In Squarc $\mathbf{K}-\mathbf{L} 6$ there is a cavity in the rock filled with chips of limestone and some clay. In Square M—N 6 therc is another cavity in the rock, below Layer s, filled with two layers, the upper onc consisting of gray, clayey carth, mixed with picces of mud-bricks. The foundation walls cut through by the section in this part arc Wall 103 in M 6 , Wall 19 and Wall 20 in N 6 and 07 . Layer 3 and the lower hayers, down to the bottom laycr, were cut through by the stone foundation of Wall 19 and Layers


Fig. 221. Idalion. Part of section II in Squares D-E: 9-Io.


Fig. 222. Idalion. Section through the deposit in Squares G-H: G-; of section III.

5-6 by Wall 20. It could not be stated whether Layer $\ddagger$ was cut through by the latter wall. Layer 3 , however, abuts against the wall.

North-east of this wall the stratification changes: Layer 2 is a single layer again and for the floor between Layers 2 and 3 is substituted a vague streak of trodden earth on a level with the lower step of the stepped platform of Wall 19 . The floor of Layet 3 continues, but on a level of about 0.30 m . below the same floor inside Wall 19.

Layer + between m. 16 and Wall 19 disappears and for it is substituted a bottom layer corresponding to Layer 4 of Section YII (cf. below). The section cuts through a square bothros (Bothros 25) which is filled with clayey debris and thick streaks of ash and carbonized matter.

North-east of this bothros the stratification consists of 1 : an upper layer corresponding to Layers $1-2$ of the previous part of the section and to Layer 1 of the adjoining Section XIV. 2: a bottom layer corresponding to Layer 3 of the previous part of the section and to Layer 2 of the adjoining Section XIV. The section crosses the circular bothroi Nos. 23, 22, 21, and Wall 99.

The section continues composed in this way cia the turning point in Square Z io to Square BB i3. There the stratification changes and consists of two upper layers corresponding to the two layers of the preceding part of the section and a bottom layer of clayey culture earth, partly mixed with chips of stones corresponding to Layer 4 of Section VII and Layer 3 of Section XIV'. This bottom layer rests on the rock. In Square CC i6, where the section cuts through the circular Bothros if there is a fourth layer at the bottom of the bothros consisting of debris and carbonized matter.

The walls cut through by this part of the sections are: $98,79 \mathrm{~A}, 78$.

Section $I I$ (Fig. 221; Plan VIII, I).
This section starts in Square C 3, from Section I and crosses Sections XII, XIII, XI, X, running N. N. W. to Square D 16 . In Squares E 10 and $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{I}} 3$ it makes turns to the N. W. The stratification consists of the following layers:
I. A surface layer of clayey earth mixed with large and small chips of stones extending all over the section. The upper 20 cm . are disturbed cultivation earth.
2. A culture stratum of hard, clayey earth corresponding to Layer 2 of Section I. In Square C 5 this layer ends at a floor stratum of clay and flat chips of stones corresponding to the floor between Layers 2 and 3 of Section I (between m. 16 and 25).
3. A culture stratum of darker, clavey earth corresponding to Layer 3 of Section I (between m. 16 and 25), resting on a floor of lime-earth and chips of stones on a bed of clay, partly mixed with carbonized matter, corresponding to the floor between Layers 3 and 4 of Section I (between m. 16 and 27.50).
4. This layer was observed in Squares D 9-10, but petered out towards Square D 8, merging into Layet 5. This vaguely indicated layer corresponds to Laver 4 of Sections III and XIII and Layer 4 of Section I (between m. 17 and 27.50).
5. A thick layer of clayey earth mixed with pieces of bricks, chips of stones, and carbonized matter, in Squares D 7-E io resting on a streak of hard clay and carbonized matter, indicating a floor. The layer starts in Square C + close to Wall in2, where the rock makes a stepped descent, partly cut.
6. Another layer of much the same consistency as the preceding, partly mixed with ash, carbonized matter, and potsherds. The layer starts in Square $\mathrm{C}_{5}$, where the rock makes a second stepped descent, partly cut, close to Wall irif. Between Walls irit and II9 the layer is rather thin; north-west of Wall II9 it appcars again thicker and at a lower level on account of the descent of the rock; it ends at a streak of hard elay partly resting on a substructure of stones, indicating a floor-level. In Square D 9 a streak of ash cuts across the layer, dividing it there into two halves: Layers 6 A and B.
7. A layer of dark culture earth richly mixed with splinters of stones and carbonized matter between Walls II4 and II9 resting on the rock, and north-west of Wall II9 resting on a floor of the same structure as in the preceding layers. It is there thicker and at a lower level than between Walls II 4 and II9 on account of the descent of the rock. In Square D io this layer is cut across by a streak of ash dividing it there into two halves: Layers 7 A and B.
8-9. Bottom layers of culture earth and splinters of stoncs starting in Squares D 8 and D 9 where the rock makes a third and fourth stcpped descent mentioned above.

The walls cut through by this part of the scction are, counting from the beginning, Walls $3^{6}$ A, II2, II4, II6, II9, 127 , 3 I. In the remaining part, where the section is exclusively architectural, it cuts through Walls 33, 42, 29, 28, 27, 25 A-C. Laver 6 has been cut through at the building of Wall 127 and Layers 4 -5 at the building of Wall 31 .

Section III (Figs. 222, 223; Plan VIII, 2).
This section starts between Squares $\mathrm{G}-\mathrm{H} 2$, runs in north-westerly dircction, crosses Sections I, XII, XI, XIII, IX, X, and ends between Squares G-H i6. From Square


Fig. 223. Idation. Section tirough the deposit in $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{c}}$ uares $\mathrm{G}-\mathrm{H}: 0-\mathrm{F}$; of Section III.
G-H II, where the section cuts Wall $4+$ it is exclusively architectural. The layers of the section are composed as follows:
I. A surface layer corresponding to that of the preceding sections.
2. A culture stratum, corresponding to Layer 2 of those sections, resting on a floorlevel of hard-packed earth.
3. A culture stratum corresponding to Layer 3 of Section II and of Section I between m. 8 and i6. From Squares $\mathrm{G}-\mathrm{H} 5$ the dividing streak between Layers 3 and 4 continues as a floor built of lime-earth and splinters of stones on a bed of clay, corresponding to the floor of Laver 3 of Section II and of Section I between m. 16 and 27.50 .
4. A culture stratum corresponding to Laver + of Section II and of Section I between m. 17 and Wall 19. The layer starts in Squares G-II 5 , where the rock descends by a stepped cavity, partly cut.
5-7. Culture strata of dark, clayey earth mixed with splinters of stones and carbonized matter, corresponding to Layers 5 and $6 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ of Section II. Layers 5-6 start in Squares G-H 5, close by Wall III, where the reck descends by the stepped cavity mentioned above and form the bottom strata in Squares G-H: 5-6. Layer 7 starts in Squares G-H 7, above Wall 67, where the rock descends by a second, deep, stepped carity, partly cut. Lavers 5 and 7 rest on floor-levels indicated by
streaks of hard-packed clay of different colours. Laver 6 rests on a streak of carbonized matter and ash, which in Section II only appears in Square D 9 there dividing Layer 6 into two halves: Laycrs 6 A--B (cf. abore).
8-9. Culture strata of a structure similar to Layers 5-7, corrcsponding to Layers 7 A. B of Section II. Laver 8 is scparated frem Layer 9 by a streak of ash appearing in Squares G-H 8. This streak of ash appears only in Square D 9 of Section II, there dividing Layer 7 into two halves: Layers 7 A-B (cf. above). Layer 9 of Section III rests on a flecr-level corresponding to that of Laver 7 B of Section II.
io-if. Culture strata corresponding to Layers 8-9 of Section II. Layer io starts in Squares G-H 7 , close by Wall $6_{7}$, and is the bottom laver resting on the rock between Walls 67 and 108 ; Layer in starts in Square G-H io, north-west of Wall io8, where the rock descends again by a stepped slope.
12-13. Bottom layers of earth and split stones, starting north-west of Wall io8.
In Squares G-H: 3-4 the section cuts through a square bothrcs (Bothres 29) filled with debris and streaks of carbonized matter and ash and in Squares G-II 5 a cireular bothres (Bothros 28) filled with the same debris. In Squares $\mathrm{G}-\mathrm{H}: 6-7$ Layers $3-5$ are cut through by a pit dug down from the level of Layer 2, which also was partly cut through but not the layer itself. It was filled with a deposit of pottery and other objects. The walls cut through by this part of the section counted from its beginning are as follows: Walls III, 67, 46, 108, $107,69 \mathrm{C}$. The debris of the bothros in Squares G-HI 5 is cut through by Wall iri, the upper part of Layer 5 by Wall 46 and Layers ro-is he Wall 107. The north part of the section, which is purely architectural, cuts through the following walls: 44, r6, II, 8 A.

Section IV (Plan IX, I).
This section is merely architectural. It starts in Square I 7 and runs in a north-westerly direction to between Squares I-J 16, crossing Sections XII, MI, IX, X, and Walls 67, 125 , 64,38 , 126, 109, 68, $42 \mathrm{~B}, 69 \mathrm{C}, ~ \mathrm{1} 7,16,8 \mathrm{~B}, 8 \mathrm{~A}$.

The strata which were the same as those of Section III are not indieated on the scetion. The strata in the mural shaft, cut through by the section, consisted of homogencous debris: filling earth mixed with potsherds and other waste material. The debris was of the same consistency from the top to the bottom and the same holds good for the debris of all the other mural shafts.

Section Ir (Plan IX, 2).
This section starts betwcen Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L} 3$, runs in a north-westerly direction parallel to Section III--IV, crossing Sections I, XII, XI, IX, and ends in Square L 12. The part of the section outside the stepped platform shows the same stratification as the adjoining part of Section I, except that bclow Layer 6 there are other culture strata accumulated on the sloping rock close by the platform of Wall 19 (cf. below). The floor of

Layer 2 B abuts against the botton of the lower step of the stcpped platform of Wall 19, which is founded just above the floor of Layer 3 .
Between this and Wall 42 C the stratification censists of the following layers:
I. A surface layer of the same kind as in Section I and the other sections.
2. A culture stratum corresponding to Layers $2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ ontside Wall i9, Layes 2 of Section I between m. 6 and 16, and Layer 2 of Section III. This is evident from the fact that Layer 2 inside the platform rests on a floor which is a continuation of the floor-level of Layer 2 in Section III. Consequently it corresponds to the floor of Layer 2 B outside Wall 19 though on a higher level than that.
3. A culture stratum corresponding to Laver 3 of the preceding sections. The stratum rests on a floor which is a continuation of the floor between Lavers 3 and + in the preceding scetions.
4. A culture stratum corresponding to Layer + of the adjoining part of Section I.
$5-6$. Culture strata corresponding to Layers $5-6$ in the adjoining part of Section I. Both strata inerease in depth as the roek slopes.
\%-8. Layers of pieees of brieks and burnt debris forming streaks of carbonized matter. The layers begin close to Wall 103, where the roek deseends further down. Between Walls 103 and 104 there is a streak of hard-paeked clay below Layer 8 indieating a floor-level.
9 -ro. Culture strata of clayey earth mixed with ehips of stones.
ir. Bottom stratum of ehips of stones mixed with some earth, being a filling-layer in the eavities of the roek.

From the north part of Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L} 7$ to Altar $\mathrm{q}^{8}$ and Wall $\mathrm{q}^{2} \mathrm{C}$, Layers 3 - 5 are disturbed and replaeed by oblique layers of debris consisting of 1 ) deeomposed mudbricks and stones; 2) clayey earth; 3) ash and carbonized matter. As the original culture strata in question cannot have slipped down on aeeount of a eollapse of the supporting Wall +2 C - there is no eridenee of its having been repaired - the only possible explanation seems to be that the strata have been dug away for some purpose and refilled at the time when the floor of Layer 2 was laid. The walls cut through by the seetion are the following, counted from the South: Walls 103, 19, 104, 122, $48,124,42 \mathrm{C}, 37,69 \mathrm{C}$. It is to be remarked that Layers 7 -11 are eut through by Walls 122 and 124 .
The part of the section outside Walls 42 C and 37 consists of the following stratifieation: 1) Surface layer; 2) layer of debris consisting of clay, chips of stones, and chacara; 3) hard layer of decomposed mud-bricks; 4) another layer of decomposed mud-bricks; 5) clay with ash and carbonized matter; 6) clay. All these lavers, cxcept Laver 2 were dug through at the building of Wall 37 and this foundation trench, close by the wall, was refilled with loose earth.

Of thesc layers outside Walls $4_{2} \mathrm{C}$ and 37 the surface layer corresponds to the surface layer inside the wall and Laycr 2 corresponds to Laycr 2 inside the wall being remains of mud-bricks and stones, which have fallen down from the walls at the end of the period



Fig. 224. Idalion. Section VI, with Altar to and the treasure hunters' shaft.
represented by Layer 2. Layer 6 consists of debris of mud-bricks fallen down from Wall 69 and are therefore contemporary with Layers 5-6 inside the wall. Layers 3-5 thus correspond to Layers $3-4$ inside the walls. The finds in these layers (cf. below) show that Layers 3-4 correspond to Layer 3 inside the wall, being remains of mud-bricks fallen down from Wall 42 C at the end of the period represented by Layer 3, and that Laver 5 corresponds to Layer 4 inside the wall, being remains of culture earth thrown out and mudbricks fallen down from Wall $4_{2} \mathrm{C}$ at the end of the period represented by Layer 4.

Section VI (Fig. 224; Plan IX, 3).
This section starts between Squares M-N 5 and runs parallel to Section V, crossing Sections I, XII, XI, IX to Squares M—N 12. The stratification is consistent with that of Section V.

In Squares M-N: 6-7 the section cuts through the same cavity as Section I. In Squares $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N}: 8-9$ and part of Squares $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N}_{7}$, the culture strata are disturbed by a shaft dug by treasure hunters, who then refilled the shaft with the disturbed culture earth. As shown by the plan, a shaft was first dug down to Altar 40 , and at both sides of this, to the S., close by the altar, down to the rock, and to the N . in the shape of a small cave down to Layer II.

Outside Walls 42 C and 37 there was the same accumulation of debris as in Section V.
The walls cut through by the section are the following counted from the South: Walls $62,19,106,40,58,59,39,42 \mathrm{C}, 37,69 \mathrm{C}$. Layers $3-6$ are cut through by Wall 39,

Layers 9-10 by Wall 106 and Layers 6-10 by Altar 40, but on account of the disturbed upper layers it cannot be stated how far up the original strata had been cut through.

Section I'II (Plan IX, 4).
This section adjoins Section I between Squares $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R}_{7}$ and runs in a north-westerly direction to between Squares $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R}$ 13. It consists of the following strata:
I. Surface layer corresponding to Layer I of the adjoining part of Section I and of the other preceding sections.
2-4. Culture strata corresponding to Layers 2-4 of the adjoining part of Section I. Furthermore, Layers 2-3 correspond to Layers 2-3 of Section VI and Layer 4 to Layers 5-6 of that section.
5. Culture stratum, corresponding to Layers 7-8 of Section VI.
6. Bottom layer of clay mixed with chips of stones and gravel. It corresponds to Layers 9--II of Section VI. The walls cut by the sections are: Walls ioo, 53, 55, 69 F , $4^{2} \mathrm{C}, 69 \mathrm{C}$.

Section I'III (Plan X, I).
This section starts in Square R ıo and runs in a north-easterly direction to Square $V_{13}$. The stratification is the same as that of Sections VII and XIV. The walls cut through by the section are: Walls 69 F, 92, 96.

Section $A \mathrm{X}$ (Figs. 225, 226; Plan X, 2).
'This section starts in G I I and runs in a north-easterly direction to Square N 9. The stratification is the same as that of the adjoining parts of Sections III, V, VI.

The different stratification of the lower layers divides the section in three parts: the first part (A) extending from the beginning of the section to Wall 107 ; the second part (B) from Wall 107 to Wall 1 Io; and the third part (C) from Wall 1 Io to the end of the section. Layers $\mathrm{I}-5$ are uniform in the whole section. Layer 6 in C corresponds to Layers 6-7 in A and B; Layer 7 in $C$ to Layer 8 in A and B; Layer 9 in A to Layers 9 - 10 in B and Layer 8 in C ; Layer 10 in A to Layer II in B and Layer 9 in C ; Layer II in A to Layer i2 in B and Layer io in C; Layers 12 -I3 in A to Layers $\mathrm{I}_{3}$ - I 4 in B and Layer in in C.

The section cuts the following walls, counted from the West: Walls $1_{30}, 46,107,68$, IIO, $47,60,123,48,124,59 \mathrm{~B}, 59 \mathrm{~A}$. Wall 46 cuts through Strata 5-9; Wall 107 cuts Strata Io-I4; Wall IIo cuts Strata II-I4; Wall 47 cuts Strata 5-II; Walls 123 and ı 30 are founded in Stratum 6; Altar 48 cuts Strata 5-7; Wall 124 cuts Strata 7-Io.

Section X ( Pl an $\mathrm{X}, 3$ ).
This is a purely architectural section running from Square A 14 to Square K I4 in a north-easterly direction and crossing Walls $2,25 \mathrm{C}, 25 \mathrm{~B}, 26,27,43,34,9,10,1 \mathrm{I}, 12$, I $3,15,45$.

IDALION

PLAN XI
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Fig. 225. Idalion. Part of Section 1 X in Squares J-К 10 .


Fig. 226. Idalion. Part of Section IN in squares 1-J 11 .

Section XI (Plan XI, i).
This section is purely architcctural. It starts in Square $A 10$ and runs in an easterly direction to Square $O 8$ crcssing Walls $4,21,41,24,30,31,127,129,46,107,126,38$, 47, 102, IOI, 40.

The strata which are not indicated on the section were the same as those of the cross Sections II, III, IV, V, VI. Outside Wall $\&$ the stratification consisted of i) a surface layer of earth from the collapsed bricks of Wall $4-21-41 \cdots 24$ and corresponding to Layers 1-2 of Section II; 2) a thick mass of homogeneous debris close by Wall 3 reaching a depth of about 3 meters from the surface; 3) a thin laver of earth corresponding to Laver 3 of the Section II; 4) bottom layers corresponding to Lavers $5-8$ of Section II. From this it is evident that the thick layer of homogeneous debris was thrown out after the earth of Layer 3 and before the earth of Layer 2 had accumulated.

Section XII (Plan XI, 2).
This section shows a stratification identical with that of the cross Sections II, III, V. It starts in Square A 9 and runs in an easterly direction to Square O 6 cutting Walls 5 , $4,21,41,22,51,32,66,19 \mathrm{E}, 63,19 \mathrm{D}, 19 \mathrm{C}, 19 \mathrm{~B}$, and Base 18 B . At the foundation of Walls $19 \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{E}$ and Base 18 B the lower lavers, up to Laver 2, were cut through; at the foundation of Walls 22 and 32 the lower lavers up to Laver 3. 'The lowermost culture strata, on the other hand, abut against Walls 51, 63, and 66 .

The debris outside Wiall $5+\boldsymbol{4} \div \mathbf{2 1} \div \mathbf{2 2}$ was of the same consistency as that of Section XI. The layers are not indicated on the drawing which is purely architectural.

Section XIII (Plan XI, 3).
This section starts between Squares E 9-10 and runs in a north-easterly direction to Squares II 9-10, crossing Sections II, XI, and III. The stratification is the same as that of the adjoining parts of these sections.

The section crosses Walls 129,46 , 107 . At the erection of Wall 129 Layer 6 was cut through. Wall 46 cuts through Layers 5-9; Wall 107 cuts through Layer 10 .

## Section XIl (Plan XI, 4).

This section starts in Square W i I adjoining Section I and runs in a north-westcrly direction to Square W 17 .

The stratification comprises the following lavers:
1-2. Surface layer and culture stratum corresponding to Layers $\mathrm{x}-2$ of the adjoining part of Section I.
3. Culture stratum of clayey earth. This stratum starts close to Wall 91, where the rock begins to slope. It corresponds to Layer 4 of Section VIII.
4. Culture stratum of darker, clayey earth. It starts in Square W 12 and corresponds to Layer 5 of Section VIII.
5. Bottom layer of clay and chips of stones as a filling resting on the rock and thickening as the rock slopes. It corresponds to Layer 6 of Section VIII.
The walls crossed by the section, counted from the S., are: Walls 91, 92, 96, 90, 69 $\mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~A}$.

## Stratification of the N. F. area.

The strata between Section I and Walls $50-69$ are only recorded and no sections were drawn. These records, however, show the following composition of the strata within this area:
I. An upper layer corresponding to Laver 1 of the adjoining part of Section I.

2-3. Culture strata corresponding to Layers 2-3 of the adjoining part of Section I and Layer 3 of Section XlV.
4-5. Culture strata corresponding to Laver 4 of Section XIV.
6. Bottom layer corresponding to Laver 5 of Section XIV.
Periods.

A comparison of the strata in the different sections shows that they represent six different periods of habitation which can be grouped together in accordance with their relations to the floor-levels: the first period of habitation comprising the lowermost culture strata up to the second floor-level, the second period of habitation comprising the culture strata up to the third floor-level etc. It is to be observed that in some parts of the area excarated
Scotan
1.ig. 22\%. Idalion. Stratigraphic diagram.
one period of habitation comprises two or three strata, represented by one or two strata in other parts and cice cersa. Furthermore, there are occasionally two floor-levels within one period of habitation owing to partial rebuildings.

This unequal accumulation of the culture strata in the different parts of the area excavated was causcd by the facts that the lower culture strata, naturally, accumulated easier lower down the slope of the rock than higher up, wherc they were washed away by the winter-rains, furthermore, that the culture earth accumulated more in the centre than in the periphery of the culture area of each period and, finally, that the area excarated was not inhabited uniformally during the different epochs.

The interrelations of the different strata and their combinations into pericdical groups are illustrated by the diagram, p. 503 .

Period i. Period a comprises Layers 8-9 of Section Il, Layers io- in of Section XIII, Layers io-13 of Sections III and IX A, Layers in-mi4 of Sections IA B, Layers 9-II of Sections IX C, V, and VI, Layers 6 of Sections VII and VIII, Layer 5 of Section XIV, and Layer 6 within the N. E. area. It is thus evident that the remains of habitation of this period are concentrated in the centre of the area, while they thin out towards the W. and are nearly missing altogether towards the E. and $\lambda$. In consequence of the accumulation of the culture earth, as pointed out above, the strata of the pericd increase in number and thickness further down the slope of the rock, while they are missing higher up.

Period 2. This period is represented by Layer 7 of Section II, Layers 8-9 of Sections XIII, III, and IX A, Layers 8-io of Section IX B, Layers 7 - 8 of Sections IX C, V, and VI, Layer 5 of Sections VII and VIII, Layer + of Section SIV, and Layers + and 5 within the N. E. area. The culture strata are preserved higher up the slope than in Period i, and the habitation was extended to the East and North.

Period 3. This period comprises part of the mised bottom stratum (Layer 4 B) of Section I between m. I and 16 , Lavers $5-6$ of Section II, Layers $5-7$ of Sections XIII, III, IX A, and IS B, Lavers $5-6$ of Sections IX C, V, VI, and Section I between m. 16 and 27, Laver 4 of Section I between m. 27 and 37, Sections VII and YIII, Laver 3 of Section XIV, Layers 2-3 of the N. E. area and Section I between m. 37 and 82. The remains of the habitation are preserved still higher up the slope of the rock but are, for the rest, represented within the same area as during Period 2. There are two floors represented within this period: an earlier and a later floor. Laver 5 of Sections II, XIII, III, and IX A-B rests on this later floor, reprcsenting a rebuilding during this period. There are, consequently, two sub-periods: Periods 3 A and B.

Period f. This period is representcd by a part of the mixed bottom stratum (Layer 4 A) of Section I between m. I and i6, Layer 4 of Section I between m. i6 and Wall iq, Layer 4 of Section II, which, however, is distinctly represented only in the north part
IDALION
SUBTERRANEAN ENTRANCE Plan and Sections

A
PLAN XII


作


I


Façade G-G

## Façade K-K

Façade I-I

of this section, Laver 4 of Sections XIII, III, IX A-C, V, and VI. Further to the E. this layer is unrepresented. The culture strata are thus concentrated to the western part of the area and do not extend to the top of the rock.

Period 5. This period is represented by Laver 3 of Sections I between m. I and 16 , II, XIII, III, IX A-C, V, VI, I between m. 16 and 27 , I between m. 27 and 37 , VII, VIII, and of Layer 2 of Section XIV. Within the N. E. area, and in Scction I between m. 46 and 82 , the stratum of this period merges into that of Period i without any distinct differencc between them. The culture remains thus extend within the whole area excavated but are much attenuated in the north-eastern part where they are not distinctly separated from these of Period 6, and also towards the top of the rock a distinct layer of this period is usually unrepresented.

Period 6. This period comprises Layer 2 of Sections I between m. i and 16, II, XIII, III, IX A-C, V, VI, I between m. i 6 and 37, VII, VIII, and Layer 1 of Scction XIV. Within the N. E. area, it is represented by Layer I which, however, is formed by the culture earth of Pcriod 5, too, as stated above.

It is to be observed that in Section I between m. 16 and 25 Layer 2 is split up in two layers: Layers $2 A$ and $B$ (cf. above). Consequently, Period 6 compriscs two sub-periods: Periods 6 A and B . As, however, there is only one floor of Period 6 outside the area cut by this part of Section I (Squares I-O: 4-7), the finds of these sub-periods cannot be stratigraphically separated there, except in two cases (the finds in the depesit in Squares $\mathrm{G}-\mathrm{H}: 6-7$, and in the filling outside Wall 3 (cf. below pp. 597, 599). On the other hand, it is possible to attribute the architectural remains to respective sub-periods (cf. below, Architectural analysis, pp. 514 ff .).

ARCHITECTURAL ANALYSIS (FIGS. 228-230).
We will now analyse the architectural elements described above and assign them to the different periods of habitation.

Walls 49-68 and $75 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}, 96$, 1or-104, 108, and Altar 105 were built in Period 1, for the reasons given below.

Walls 49-51 are built over by Wall 69, which consequently must be later than the first mentioned walls. Now it can be proved that Wall 69 was built in Period 2 and cannot have been built later (see below). Furthermore, Wall 19 which was built in Period 2 (see bclow) is also partly built on top of Wall 51. Consequently Walls $49-51$ were built in Period 1 . This is verified by the fact that at the only place where undisturbed culture strata could be studied in connection with the wall, $i$.e., in connection with Wall 51 , the layers of Period I lie close to the wall and culture strata of Period 2 cover it. It is a prioni clear that this wall, being the carliest fortification wall, must have been built in the earliest pericd of habitation. The above mentioned facts are, however, important as they show that the wall has not been used for a longer time than Period i.

Walls 52-68 and 96 and the lower part of Walls ion-104 are all built in the same technique, Type 12, differing from all the other walls. That they belong to Pcriod i is proved by the fact that the eulture strata of that period, everywhere undisturbed, lie consequently dgainst these walls. Furthermore, it is to be obscrved that Wall 92 which belongs to Periods 2-3 (cf. below) is built upon the foundation of Wall 96, and Wall 100 , which also belongs to Periods 2-3 (cf. helow) crosses Walls 52-53. Walls 75 A-B are nearly entirely destroyed and their relation to the culture stratum of Period 1 could not be ascertained, but the stratum of Period 2 corers them. Wall 108 is covered by the floor of Period 2 while the floor of Period a lies close to it which shows that it should be assigned to that period. Altar 105 was built in Period 1 as the undisturbed floor of that period abutted against the altar.

As regards the question for how long a time the walls were used it is to be remarked the fact that Walls 92 and 100 , which cross Walls 96 and $52-53$, exclude the possibility that the complex of Walls 52-56 and 96 was used in Period 2. Furthermore, the foundations of Walls $57-59$ as well as those of the preceding ones are corered by the floor-levels of Period 2 which affords a sure proof that these walls were used only in Period i. The same holds good as regards Walls $60,68,75 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$, and ic8. Walls 62, $10 \mathrm{I}-\mathrm{Io} 4$, on the other hand, were used in Period 2, too, as the floor-level of that period lies close to them (see below). As regards Wall 61 it could not be stated if this was the case as the culture strata of Periods 1 - 2 were disturbed at the erection of Wall 122. This wall was built in Period 3 (cf. below) and that fact seems to show that Wall 6I must have been used also in Period 2, because otherwise Room XXXIH would have been open to the N. W. during this period, which seems most unlikely.

Wall 63 has been cut through by Wall 125 which was built in Period 3 (cf. below). It is thercfore evident that the wall-complex $63-67$ forming Rooms XXXVIII and XXXIX cannot have been used later than Peried 2. On the other hand there is a floor-level of Period 2 above that of Period I within these walls which shows that they were still used in Period 2. Altar 105 was also used in Period 2 as the floor of that period abutted against it (see below).

Bothroi I-24, 26--2S, 30, 3I, finally, belong to Pericd i. The numerous bothroi (Nos. $1-23$ ) in the $\Sigma$. and $\Sigma^{2}$. E. parts of the acropolis were covered by the buildings and floorlevels of Periods 2-3. Bothros 24 has been cut through by the square Bothros 25 which dates from Periods $2-3$. Morcover, most of these bothroi were filled with debris containing groups of potsherds characteristic of Pcriod 1 . Bothroi $1-2+$ can, therefore, be assigned to Period 1. The other bothroi of Type I (Nos. 26, 28, 30, 31) can be assigncd to the same period. Bothroi $26,28,30,3$ I contained debris with potsherds of the same kind as found in the other bothroi of 'Type 1. Bothros 27 containce very little debris, with hut a few insignificant potsherds. It is to be obscried, howerer, that the N. W. side of the bothros, where the rock slopes abruptly (see Section V, Plan X, 2), is not rock-cut but formed by a compact mass of chips of stones which filled the deep carity between Wall 103 and the rock wall. As this filling is not cut through by Wall 103 it must be
contemporary with it, i. e., it belongs to Pericd i. It is therefore reasonable to assign Bothros 27 to the same period.

The following walls belong to Period 2: Walls $61-67,69 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{D}, 7 \mathrm{7}, 73,76,78-82$, 84-95, 97-107, 109, 110, 112-119, and Ramp 69 F.

Of these, Walls 6i-67, 10i-104, and Altar 105, built in Period i, were still in use in Period 2, as shown above.

The other walls were built in Period 2.
Wall $69 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{D}$ is built on top of Walls 49 and 50 ; it is therefore later than the we walls. That it was not built so late as Period 3 is shown by its relation to the walls of the houses of the N. E. area, which were built in Period 2 (cf. below). Some of the walls of these houses abut against the rampart which consequently also serves as back wall of the houses. The same holds gocd as regards the walls and rooms of the N. W. area, where the backwall of Room XLI is formed by the rampart. The same thing was probably the case with the walls and rooms (XLV-XLVIII) of Period 2 along the S. W. part of the rampart but this could not be stated as the rampart could not be cleared out in this place on account of the superimposed walls. Ramp 69 F leads up to Wall 69 . There are no traces that it was added in a later period; it is therefore to be assigned to Period 2. Noreover, it is built on top of Walls 54, 55, and 56 of Period 1 and Walls 90 and 93 of Period 2 abut against it.

Walls $7 \mathrm{I}, 73,76,78-82,84-95,97-100$ were all built in Period 2 as shown by the fact that the culture stratum of Period 2 in the rooms formed by these walls lies undisturbed against them.

Wall ro6 cuts through the debris of Pericd I , while the stratum of Pericd 2 lics close to it.
The lower part of Wall 107 , Wall 109 and the lower part of Wall 1 ro are bonded to each other, so that they must be contemporary. The overlying upper parts of Walls iof and ino belong to Period 3 (cf. below), which indicates a terminus ante quem for the lower parts of the same walls. The floor-lcrels of Period 2 lie undisturbed against the walls and in part cover walls of Period I (e. g. Wall 68, of. above), while the strata of Period r are cut through by the walls. The walls are consequently later than Period I and earlier than Period 3, i. e., are built in Period 2.

Walls in2-irg form a complex enclosing Rooms XLV-.XLVIII. Of the two culture strata which abut against them, the lowermost stratum belongs to Period 2 which proves that the walls were built in that pcriod.

Some walls of Period 2 were not used in Period 3: Walls 61, 63-67 are covered by the strata of Period 3 and Wall 63 is cut through by Wall 125 of Period 3 (cf. below); Wall 7 I is demolished below the level of Period 3 and was substituted by Wall 70 of Period 3 (cf. below); Wall 76 is partly built over and replaced by Wall 83 of Pericd 3; Wall mon, finally, is demolished below the level of Period 3 and covered by the floor of that period.

Bothroi of Type 2 secm to have been uscd in both Period 2 and 3 , since potsherds of these periods werc found mixed up in their debris.

The following walls belong to Periods $3 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ : Walls $62,69,70 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}, 72 \cdots 7,77-95$, 97-107, $110-130$.


Fig. 228. Idalion. Analytical plan of the architecture of Periods 1 -3.
Of these, Walls $62,69,73,78-82,8+-95,97-107,110,112-119$ were built in Pericds I and 2, as shown above, but were in use during Period 3, too, as the floors and culture strata of Period 3, also, abut against them. Some of the walls have been repaired in this period. The part added to the southern end of Wall 69 A , at the entrance gate must be attributed to Period 3 as this reparation of the entrance gate must be connected with the demolition of Wall 71 , which is on a line with the original end of the entrance gate and flanked the northern side of the entrance passage. As Wall 7 I was demolished at the end of Period 2 (ef. above) the reparation of Wall 69 A must be assigned to Period 3 .

The overlying parts of Walls ion-ro4 are of Type 17 which is used exelusively in walls of Period 3.


Fig. 229. Idalion. Analytical plan of the architecture of Periods 1 - 3 .
The overlying part of Wall ro7 belongs to Period 3 as it was continued as a new-huilt wall between the southern end of the original Wall 107 and Wall 64, cutting through the strata of Period 2.

That the overlying parts of Walls 112 ff . were added in Period 3 B seems to be indicated by the fact that the debris of Period 3 A reaches just to the top of the original walls while the floor of Period $3_{3}$ B lies close to the overlying part (Plan VIII, 1).

Walls $69 \mathrm{E}, 70 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}, 7^{2} \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C}, 77,83$, in , $120-130$ were new-built in Period 3.
Wall 69 E is founded in the inner part of the mud-brick structure of Wall 69 D of Period 2. This repair of Wall 69 must, therefore, be dated later than Period. 2. On the other hand it cannot be later than Period 3, as Wall 69 was not used later than that period (cf.
below). Wall 70 replaced Wall 7 I of Period 2 and flanked the northern side of the narrowed entrance corridor of Period 3 (ef. above). This assigns the wall to Period 3. The subterranean entrance was cut in Period 3, which is proved by the fact that it occupies a part of the entrance corridor of Period 2, viz., the part betwcen Wall 70 and the demolished Wall 7 r. Walls $7_{2}$ A-C, 74, and 83 were built in Period 3 as they are founded in the earth of Period 2 - Wall 83 partly on top of Wall 76 of Period 2 - and the floor of Period 3 abuts against them. Wall 77 is built along the $N$. edge of the shaft of the subterranean entrance following its cursed line. Consequently, it cannot be earlier than the subterranean entrance and so belongs to Period 3. Walls i20, 121 are not bonded into Wall 69 , which, of course, does not necessarily imply that they were built later than that wall, but they are founded high up in the debris outside the rampart and not like that on the level of the rampart of Period I (Walls 49,50 ). This seems to indicate that they represent a later addition.

Wall in i was built in Period 3, because the lowermost culture stratum abutting against the wall belongs to that period, as shown by Section III. It crosses Bothros 28 which affords a terminus post quem.

Wall i 22 cuts through the layers of Pericd 2, while those of Pericd 3 abut against the wall. It is therefore to be assigned to Period 3 .

The strata of Period 2 are cut through by Wall 124, too, which assigns it to Period 3 .
Wall 123 is founded in Layer 6 of Period $3 A$, while Layer 5 of Period $3 B$ abuts against the wall. This wall belongs consequently to Period 3 B.

Wall i25 cuts through Wall 63, which was in use in Period 2. It must therefore be later than that and dates, consequently, from Period 3. The relation of Wall 126 to the surrounding layers was difficult to ascertain on account of their disturbance at the erection of the later walls built at this place, but its identical construction with that of Wall 125 and the fact that it was not founded on the rock but in the debris at a level of about 95 , i. e., about the top-level of Period 2 makes it certain that it belongs to Period 3 .

Walls 127-130 are of the same construction as Wall 123 and they are founded in the debris of Period 3 A , while the floor of Period 3 B abuts against the walls. Consequently they belong to Period 3 B .

No walls of Period 3 were used in a later period. The architecture and the stratification show an absolute interruption of the derelopment of habitation at the end of Period 3 .

Walls $4 \mathrm{I}-47$ belong to Period 4 .
Wall 41 forms the inner core of the wall-complex $4+5+21 \div 41+22$. Wall 22 which revets the north-eastern side of Wall $4^{1}$ can be assigned to Period 5 (cf. below). This indication that Wall $4^{1}$ was built before that period, is supported by the find of sherds of White Painted II-III in the interstices between some stones of its north-eastern face. This pottery is characteristic of Period 4 (cf. Statistical list of potsherds, pp. 6I9 ff.). The sherds were found $0.15-0.20 \mathrm{~m}$. inside the face and must therefore be considered to afford a safe date.

Wall 42 A is bonded to Wall $4^{1}$ and must therefore be contemporary with that. Further-
more, it was in part destroyed at the erection of Wall 29 which dates from Period 5 (cf. below), indicating a date carlier than Period 5 for the wall. A terminus post quem is given by the fact that the wall is founded in mud-brick debris of Period 3. Consequently it must have been built in Period + .

Wall 43 is bonded to Wall $7_{2} \mathrm{~A}$, so far as could be stated. This attributes it to the same period as that wall. Furthermore, Walls 28 and 34 , which ean be assigned to Peried 5 (cf. below), revet the south-western and the north-eastern sides of Wall 43, and Walls 29 and 35, which date from Pcriod 5, too, (cf. below) abut against the wall and are not bonded to it.

Wall 42 B is a continuation of Wall 42 A and therefore contemporary with it. Wall $4+$ has been built over twice. The uppermost part of the wall is bonded to Wall $r_{7}$ and consequently contemporary with that. This wall was built in Period 6 (cf. below), and the uppermost part of the Wall 44 must therefore be assigned to that period. The orerlying lower part must therefore be earlier than Period 6. That it dates from Period 5 and not from an earlier period is shown by the fact that the original, lowermost part of the wall is to be assigned to Period 4 , as it is bonded into Wall 42.

Wall $4^{6}$ has cut through the debris of Periods 2-3 but the floor-level of the Period 4 abuts against the wall. It dates therefore from Period + and is, moreover, bonded to Wall 42 B.

Wall $4_{2} \mathrm{C}$ is a continuation of Wall $4^{2} \mathrm{~B}$, though the junction is missing. The difference between the construction of Walls $4^{2} \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ and Wall 42 C is explained by the greater width of the latter wall which necessitated a more solid foundation. That Wall $\boldsymbol{q}^{2} \mathrm{C}$, too, was built in Period + is evident from the fact that Altar 48 , which cannot be later than that period (cf. below) is built against it. Furthermore, close to Altar 48 and the inner face of Wall $4_{2} \mathrm{C}$, in Square L 10 , White Painted II-III and Bichrome II sherds were found in the foundation trench dug in the layers of Period 3 at the erection of the wall. These pottery types are characteristic of Period 4. Finally, sherds of the same kind were found in Layer 5 of the oblique layers of debris outside the wall in Square $\mathrm{L}_{12}$, which represents the earliest debris thrown out from the wall and which is contemporary with Layer 4 of Sections V-VI of Period 4 (cf. above p. 498 and below, Statistical list of potsherds, p. 623).

Walls 45 and 47 are bonded into Wall $4_{2} \mathrm{C}$ and are therefore contemporary with it.
Altar $4^{8}$ is built on top of Wall 124. It must therefore be later than Period 3. On the other hand it must be earlier than Period 5. Unfortunately the layers of Periods 4-5 are disturbed all round the altar, so that it could not be stated how these layers were related to the altar. An indication that it is earlier than Period 5 is given, however, by the fact that the level of the floor of Period 5 , if continued to the altar, passes above it, while it rises above the floor-level of the Period 4 if continued in the same way. That this indication is correct is proved by the fact that, in Period 5, Altar 48 was replaced by Altar 40 . Altar 48 , consequently, dates from Period 4 .

The following walls were built in Period 5: Walls 20-36 and Altars 38, to.
Wall 20 must on the one hand be earlier than Period 6, bccause it is huilt over by Wall


Fig, 230. Idalion. Analytical plan of the architecture of Periods +6 .

19, which was built in that period (cf. below). Furthermore, the floor of Period 5 abuts against the preserved exterior and interior sides of the wall. Whether the culture stratum of Period + had been cut through by the wall could not, unfortunately, be stated as this stratum was only vaguely represented on this spot. Outside the wall, however, there was no trace of this stratum. The wall is partly founded in the stratum of Period 3, so that it must be later than that period. It remains therefore the question if it was built in Periods 4 or 5 . On account of what has been said this cannot be decided with absolute certainty but the eridence speaks in fatour of the supposition that it was built in Period 5, because Altar 40,
which was built in Period 5 (cf. below) is oriented according to this wall, while this is not the case with Altar 48 of Period 4.

Wall 22 is a revetment of Wall $\not 千 \mathrm{I}$. It is founded on the rock to the S. E. and in the debris of Period 3 to the N. W., where the rock slopes, and at its foundation the layers up to the floor of Period 5 were cut through. This proves that the wall was built in Period 5.

Wall 24 is a continuation of Wall 22 and is therefore contemporary with that.
Wall 30 is bonded into Walls 22 and 24 : it is founded in the debris of Period 3 cutting through the culture strata up to the floor of Period 5 and is therefore contemporary with the previous walls. The same holds good for Walls 31 and 32. Furthermore, in the interstices between the stones of the wall were found potsherds characteristic of Pericd 5 (cf. Statistical list of potsherds, pp. 619 ff.): White Painted and Bichrome III-_IV and Black-on-Red II (IV), about c.I 5 m . inside the wall, so that they cannot reasonably have slipped in after the wall was built. That Wall 33 was built in Period 5 is shown by the fact that it was bonded into Wall 24.

Wall 23 is a continuation of Wall 21 and they are therefore contemporary. They are revetment walls to Wall 4 I , which was built in Period 4 . Their identical construction with that of Wall 22 which forms a corresponding revetment of Wall 41 makes it a prion probable that they belong to the same period as that wall. That they cannot be later than Period 5 is proved by the fact that Wall $2_{5} \mathrm{C}$ which was built in Period 5 (cf. below) supports Wall 23. Walls 21 and 23 cannot therefore be later than Period 5.

In the filling enclosed by Walls $26-29$ were found potsherds of White Painted III, Bichrome III, and Black-on-Red I (III) and stray sherds of White Painted IV, Bichrome IV, and Black-on-Red II (IV) which proves that the walls were built at the beginning of Period 5. The same holds good for Walls $25 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ in the filling between which the same kind of potsherds was found. This whole complex of walls is supported by Wall 25 C which also forms its exterior face revetment, the other walls being only temporary retaining walls for the erection of the tower, formed by the walls (cf. below, Architectural synthesis p. 529 ). Wall 25 C is therefore necessarily contemporary with the above mentioned walls.

Wall 34 is bonded into Wall 255 C and is therefore contemporary with that. Wall 35 is supported by Wall 34 and cannot therefore be later than that. On the other hand it is built partly above and along Wall 42 A and must therefore be later than Period 4. It is therefore to be assigned to Period 5 .

Walls $36 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}$ have been nearly entirely destroyed. As stated in the description of the walls, only a part of Wall $36 A$ is preserved. The floor of Period 5 seems to have lain closely against it, but the bad preservation of the wall makes it difficult to ascertain this. General considerations and the fact that the material of the wall is the same as that of Walls 22 and 32 , make it most probable that it belongs to Period 5 .

The floor of Period 5 abuts against Altar 38 while the lower layers were cut through at its erection. Furthermore, Bichrome III-IV sherds, characteristic of the beginning of Period 5, were found far inside the altar between the interstices of the stones. Consequently it is to be assigned to Period 5 .

Altar $4^{\circ}$ is absolutely identical in construction with the previcus one, and this indicates that they are contemporary. Unfortunately its relation to the adjoining floor could not be ascertained on account of the treasure-hunter's shaft dug all round and above the altar, but potsherds of the same kind as in Altar 38 were found between its stones.

The walls of Period 4 were all used in Period 5 except Altar 48 , which was replaced by Altar 4o. They were, as a rule, built over and in some instances these additions are easily distinguished from the later additions of Pericd 6: Walls 44 and 46 (cf. abore).

The following walls were built in Period 6: Walls $1-17,19,37,39$, Bases 18 A, B, and Column 18 C. Walls $\mathrm{I}-3$ date from Period 6 B . The walls are bonded into each other and are therefore contemporary. Their date is given by the following facts. The thick mass of debris (Layer 2 of Section XI, outside Walls 3 and 4) rests against the walls, while the bottom strata of earth (Layers 3-4) were cut through at the erection of the walls. From this it may be concluded that the walls are later than Period 5, as Layer 3, which is cut through by the walls, represents that period (cf. above, Section XI, p. 50I). Furthermore, we may conclude that the debris was thrown out as a levelling stratum contemporarily with the erection of the walls. The potsherds found in this debris were numerous and of a homogeneous character, as is shown by the Statistical list of potsherds (p. 624); the great majority consists of Type $V$, and many of them are late in style. On comparing these sherds with the pottery found in the deposit of Squares $\mathrm{G}-\mathrm{H}: 6-7$ (cf. Condition of finds, p. 597) we find that the pottery of the deposit is decidedly earlier than that of the debris; in the deposit, as shown by the diagram, p. 608, there are intermingled rases of Types IV and V but those of Type IV are numerous. If we now consider that the deposit was buried in a pit dug down from the floot-level of Period 6 (cf. above, Section III, p. 497) and, therefore, must be later than the beginning of Period 6 , it is evident that the erection of Walls $\mathrm{I}-3$ must be still later and date from the beginning of the last phase of Period 6, called Period 6 B (cf. above, p. 505 ).

Walls 4,5 are of the same construction as Walls $1-3$ and their relation to the debris along the walls is the same as that of Wall 3. The walls must therefore be assigned to Period 6 B.

As shown, p. 468 , the original brick wall of Walls 21 and 23 has been removed and replaced by a stone wall. This must have taken place before the erection of Walls 2, 4, and 5, as the brick wall was cut away down to the level of the original stone foundations of Walls 21 and 23 , about 2.50 m . below the top level of the stone foundations of Walls $2,3,4$, and 5 . If the repair of Wall 23 had taken place contemporarily with the erection of Wall 2 it would not have been necessary to replace the original brick wall of Wall 23 by a solid stone foundation but Wall 2 would have revetted the brick wall. On the other hand, if Wall 23 at the time of the repair was an exterior wall such a strengthening of the stone foundation is naturally explained. Walls 2, 3, 4, and 5 were built at the beginning of Period 6 B and the repair of Walls 2I and 23 seems therefore to be earlier than that: it seems to have taken place between Period 5, in which period the original Walls 21 and 23 were built, and Period 6 B ,
i. e., in Period 6 A. The entrance gate of Wall $21 \div 4 \mathrm{~T}-22$ was blocked up (cf. p. 489) with stones of this repaired wall. This dates Wall 6 and the entrance gate between Wall 6 and Wall $2 \mathrm{I}+4 \mathrm{I}$. This gate, Wall 6, and Column i8 C were evidently built when the earlier gate was blocked up, i. e., in Period 6 A.

Walls 7-i7 are a coherent complex of walls forming the framework of a tower (cf. below, Architectural synthesis, p. 53 I ). This tower was built at the beginning of Period 6 B . This is proved by the numerous fragments of pottery in the homogeneous filling of the shafts between the walls. As shown by the Statistical list of potsherds (p. 624), the latest types of pottery are of Type V: White Painted and Bichrome V; Black-on-Red III (V); Bichrome Red II (V); Plain White V. On comparing these sherds with those found in the debris outside Wall 3 (cf. above) we find that they are exactly of the same kind. This fact shows that Walls 7 - $\mathbf{I} 7$ are contemporary with Walls $\mathrm{I}-5$, i. e., were built at the beginning of Period 6 B.

Against this synchronism it may be argued that, as shown by the Statistical list of potsherds, the filling in the shafts between Walls 7 -r 7 contained a number of potsherds earlier than those of the filling outside Wall 3; while this latter contained Iron Age potsherds almost entirely of Type V mixed only with a few specimens of Type IV, a majority of Iron Age sherds of Type V mixed with a number of Iron Age sherds of Types II-IV, and some Late Bronze Age sherds were represented in the filling inside Walls 7-r7. 'This fact is explained by the different composition of the fillings. The filling outside Wall 3 was homogeneous and thrown on top of the surface existing at the erection of Wall 3 , while the filling inside Walls 7 - 17 was mixed with earlier debris. This earlier debris consisted of the earth which filled the turret which was replaced by the tower of Walls 7-17 and of which there remain only Walls 44 and 45 (cf. below, Architectural synthesis, p. 526). On the other hand, it is evident that the latest sherds in the filling are decisire as regards the dating of Walls 7-I7 and these sherds, the majority belonging to Type V , are the same in the filling inside Walls $7-17$ as in the filling outside Wall 3 .

The substructures for Bases $18 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ were dug through the layers of Periods + and 5 while the stratum of Pericd 6 abuts against them.

At the erection of the substructures 19 A-E the stratum of Period 5 and all the other layers below that down to the rock were dug through. Furthermore, the blocks of the stepped platform rest on and above the floor of Period 5. This indicates that Wall 19 was built later than Period 5. On the other hand, the floor of Layer 2 inside the wall lies close to the platform. This floor is a direct continuation of the floor-level of Layer 2 of Section III (cf. Section V, p. 498) and is therefore to be assigned to Period 6 A. The erection of Wall 19 is therefore assigned to the same period. The same date is obtained if the relations of the floor-levels to the wall outside it are studied. The floor-level of Layer 2 B lies close to the blocks of the platform, while the floor of Layer 2 A covers the lower step of the platform and is on a level with the upper step. The platform and Wall 19 must therefore have been built contemporarily with Layer 2 B and earlier than Layer 2 A , i. e., in Period 6A.

 Las: ". Late: 5 if the dehris, eut through by the wall. belong to Periods +
 $\therefore \therefore$... $\quad$ and to he assigned to Peried $h$.
 $\therefore \therefore \therefore$ : Prad 2 and at the erection of the watl the layers up to the floor of Period " A $\therefore$ athem. This floor, howerer, ahuts against the wall, which is therefore to $\therefore . . . \therefore$. $\quad \therefore$ Prind 6 A.
$1 \therefore$ if the ablts existing in Period 5 except Wall 20 - were used in Period 6 $\therefore$ : . . ail bult over with a laver of lamellar linestene blecks as mentioned in the $\therefore \quad \therefore \quad$ at the walls.

- . If hehnes to Period 6 as shown hy the pottely fragments found in it, which $\therefore \quad$ type

> Period I (Phan SVI).
> Wettrial whl Cinhitruction.




The homes-walls were built of muthenche on stonce foundations of Type 12 (Walls 52-

 fant: conserine the whole width of the will. The walls are founded on the roek and, Gen atymmes as a rale bonded ente cath other.

The gates upernes in the rampart were desed by domble doors. The flanks were built .. fendarly coursed limestone and there were stone sulstructures for the threshokds, The : msdrs have mowhere sulstructures for threshold or traces of deor-jambs and of the ... ©erectum of the doors nothing can be said.


f": rast, were mox probably tlat, or nearl! fat, packed with clay on a substructure .. ${ }^{-1}$ and straw retine on wooden heams.

## Form and P'un.

$\because$ - pemme the western acrope ho of Idalion was a fortified stronghold and refuge, a rempart, preserved alone the merth-western and someth-western slopes (Walls I. Wh the ath-easterm, eastern, and north-eastern slopes, where the rock rises,

there are no remains of the ramparts leit. The ramport follos the natural. cursed formation of the hill so that the fertifed arca has $h_{\text {w }}$ the shafe it an whong sack, contrated in the middle. Ifow the detenders of the stremend reabed the top of the ramparts where they met the attack of the ageresors is urcertain. dare are butrace of staircases or rampo serving as means of access witrary to the conditmes: 11 the sucu dine periects. Possibly the warriors climbed up te the top of the rampart and latere fom the reofs of the house built against it.

The rampart had three eates of which two were main gates the Nirth Gate, i. 80 m. wide,
 close by the West Main (jate.

The settlement within this rampan wis concentrated in the anth-mest pat of the acros-
 XXXIII-XXXIV. The roome are tapezodal in shape. Romm XXXIII is contered from





 without entrance, as the outer dow into Room XXXI! I was deat at that time (et. helow). The room measures 3.20 m .5 .00 m . In the moth cormer is the hatall, sumate lhar 105. This and the rotive offermes. fomed in the room (ef. helow p. 5 g.s. show that the homse is a cult-house.


 between Rooms XXXIII and SXIX th the W.

The house of Rooms XXV, SXVI. X.XX. XXXI. SXXII, and XII extended hetween the court and the rampart ard 16 . of the colthouse. It comle onty partly les wasated on account of later, supermpersed watls. The shape of the reoms is traperondal. It mat be suggested that the rooms wore used as handroms for the picst, in the sante wat as as the "Northern House" m Pend 2 : (ct. below).

To the S. W. of the cult-honse is amothor home. This is trapemital in shape and contains two rooms (XXXVHI and XXXIX), hoth trapomdal. Room XXXXII is entered from outside throush a door at the risht end of the borth-west lone she 'The room measures 4.25 m . 3.10 m . It commmmates with Ream XXXIX throush a door openiner at the left end of the wall separatina the turo rooms. The womit matures $3 . \mathrm{f}^{\circ} \mathrm{m} .3 .10 \mathrm{~m}$.

The house sems to have heen used as a storchouse to phede from the finds of larev pieces of smashed pithoi.

In the remainine part of the acropelis there vere ro hatses hut this area was necupied by rock-eut hothroi used as rectptach for the waste of the offerines.


Fig. 231. Idalion. 'The "Northern House" of Periods 2-3.

Period 2 (Plan XVII).

## Material and Construction.

The rampart walls (Walls $69 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{D}$ ) were built of mud-brick on stone foundations of Type 2 (Walls 69 A, B, western part of C, D) and Type 3 (Wall 69 C , eastern part).

Some house-walls of Period i were still used in Period 2 (cf. above). The newly built house-walls were constructed of mud-bricks on stone foundations of Type 16 (Walls 71, $73,76,78-82,84-95,97-100,106,107,109,110,112-119)$. The walls are usually founded on the rock, but in some cases in the debris covering the rock (Walls 86,90 ) or on top of earlier walls (Walls 92, 100, II9). As a rule, adjoining walls are bonded into each other, except house-walls built against the rampart. Some foundations of walls are not built, but cut in the rock (Walls of Rooms XIX, XXIII).

The gates of the rampart were of the same construction as in Period 1.
The construction of Ramp 69 F is described above, p. 49I. The floors and roofs were of a similar construction to those of Period I; in Rooms XIX, XXIII, and XXIV the foor


Fig. 232. Idalion. The "Northern House" of Periods 2-3.
consisted of the smoothly levelled rock; in Room XV the floor consisted of unlevelled or only roughly levelled rock, and in the other rooms a layer of gravel and splinters of stones mixed with earth.

## Form and Plan.

In Period 2 a new rampart (Walls $69 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{D}$ ) was built on top of that of Period r , following the same line as that. Only to the S . W. the rampart of Period 2 runs somewhat further down the slope than that of Period. $\mathbf{1}$.

The rampart had three entrance gates in the same places and of the same width as in Period i. By means of the sloping ramp 69 F the soldiers reached the top of the rampart where they met the attack of the assailants.

The central part of the settlement was still occupied by the cult-house. This was the same building as in Period i, only restored.

The priest's house of Period I, however, was abandoned and replaced by a new house, the "Northern House", built between the North Gate and the court in front of the cult-house, within the area which had been uninhabited before. The rooms are rectangular in shape
wich Remms Slll SIX, SXI, XXIII, which are trapezoidat. From the entrance gate ruas a corritur (Rame $1111,2.00 \mathrm{~m}$. wide and 6.00 m . long, in an tasterly direction dividing the hone in tow parts: whe to the $X$. of the corider with remains of a few small rooms, and the main part th the $\therefore$ of the corrdor Two other corridors ( R ,oms X and $\mathrm{VI}-\mathrm{XI}$ ) provale cinmomication hetwo this entrance corrider and the $S$. part of the house.
 traree of the principa re ones of the house. Ahome the side of the corridor is a rectangular




 Fand the courty ard (Renm XV) to the $N$. part of the herse, thus providine communication ctrun the s. and N. parts of the horee. Whone the F. side of Corrider VII are two rooms
 $\therefore$ :.all-like reme correspondiner to Rom IS atone the W. site of Corrider IX.
()t the romes in the N. part of the hetse only a few walls are prescriced (Walls $-1,-8 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ ), ata , fthe shape of the romes, or their purpese, nothine can be ascertained.

The - - part of the house consists of four different components: if the principal rooms



Rown Xill, 5.40 m . wide and 2.0 no deop, is a wide-fronted reom, rectangular, with a

 dur at the cant end of biall S2.

 atul he amother dome on the eppre wh with Reom XII. This room is very small,














and XXIV. Rooms XIX and XXIII are trapezoidal and pardy cut out of the rock. as mentioned above. Room XIX measures 3.50 m .2 .90 m . Room XXIII 3. 80 m . 2.95 m ., and Romin XXIV e. 4.00 m .3 .60 m . Room XXIII is the kitehen proper: there were remains of a cook-ing-place near the $\stackrel{S}{ }$ W. corner. This cooking-place was a roughly rounded shathow pit, cut out of the levelled rock floor, containing abundant remains of ashes and carlonized matter. On the floor were ako two grindstones. The kitchen communicated with Room XXI ly a door at the N . end of Wall gr. Room XIX prohably commenicated by a dew with the erourtyard, but this cannot be prosed, as there are no traces of the wall left there except the reckcut foundations.

The store-rooms XXI and XXII are probably only parts of one sinere roont, separated by a short piece of wall projectine from Wall 92, and the re anmon han been a door hetweert the two rooms, since the opening is 1.90 m . Wide, or more than wiee the mermal width of the doorways. This dowhle-room is rectangular in shape medsuriner 8.40 m . 2.60 m . As stated above Reom XXI commmicates with the hitchen hy dowe at the X. (nd of Wall 9I, and Room KXIl is cotered from ontside by a dow at lic l: wat Wall 4, The finds of fragments of lares pithoi in these rooms indicate that the were used as store-rems.

Room XX was probal:I mot conced, but an open space hetweet the rampart and Rooms XXI-XXII, as a part of it was occupicd by the ramp kadme rip w we fortitication wall.

Walls 97,98 seem to form part of a corridor rumbing dhen the ratside of the litchendepartment and leadine from the court of the priests house (Rom XV) the thildmes in the W. part of the acropolis.
 partly on the top of the delris of the carlier priests howec. parts above the had af da
 screened off by Walls ge 100 , probalbly formine a sont of a shater.
S. W. of the eulthouse, the carlicr storchomse (Romons XXXVIH and XXXIX, was still in use but a new hmas was hole to the $N$. W. hetween that and the rampart. replacing the earlier buiding, of which Walls of and 10.8 remain. Only ome remm (XXXI A, conld be excavated and cren that mot emirch. on accome of the hat rapermpe act walls It cannot therefore be ascertance, it the house contancel mowe than thas rome it in rectangular in shape.

Finally a new house was urectud alone the south-west rampart. The homse consints of three rooms and one narrow corntor. whether formme one buthine compte. The sombth-
 of the later superimposed walls, so that the extent of the se reoms and consecpuently that of the house is uncertain. 'The rowms are trapezodiat in shape.

Rom XIXIII has a separate entrance to the rieht ond of the north-cast, shent side, and
 form together a separate part of the house, trapeondal in shape, and identical with that of Rooms XXXVII and XXXIS. The house served as atorehomse, whel is wident from the finds of terracota werehts ard peces of hie jars in Romm NIVIH.


Fig. 233. Idalion. Vies of the S. W. hall (Romm L). Wall 32 to the left; Wall $21+4 t+22$ to the right; Walls 51, 112-116, 119 in the middle.

$$
\text { Period } 3 \text { (Plan XVIII). }
$$

## Material and Construction.

The ramparts of Period 2 were still used in Period 3.
The newly built rampart wall 69 E was built of mud-brick on a stone foundation of Type 2, and the bastions (Walls 120, 121) on stone foundations of Type 20. The newly built house-walls were constructed of mud-bricks of Type I on stone-foundations of Type i6 (Walls 111, 123, 127-130), Type 17 (Walls 70 B, 77, 122, 124-126), and Type 19 (Walls $70 \mathrm{~A}, 7_{2}, 74,83$ ). The gates, doors, roofs and floors are of the same construction as in the preceding period. The construction of the subterranean passage has been described abore pp. 489 f .

Form and Plan.
In general, the architecture of Period 3 remained the same as in Period 2, but some repairs and new building took place.

The West Gates were blocked by Wall 69 E. The North Gate was made narrower by the


Fig. 234. Idalion. View of the excavation from the S . The gate-chamber (Room NLIX) and Wall 32 in the foreground.
addition of a revetment to the S . end of Wall 69 A , so that it retained a width of only r.osI. 15 m . Close to the entrance, the rampart was strengthened by the two bastions 120 and 121. In connection with this strengthening of the North Gate, a further fortification work was carried out by cutting the subterranean passage in the rock below the ramparts. This tunnel served as a secret safety port for the defenders of the acropolis. It is entered by a staircase shaft and runs in a western direction below the rampart for a length of about 21.0 m . and reaches the surface of rock on the N . W. hill-slope of the acropolis, as described in detail above, $\mathrm{pp} . \not \mathrm{q}^{89} \mathrm{f}$. The roof above the entrance shaft was supported by the newly built Walls 77 and 70 B , of which the latter at the same time served as part of the N . wall of the new Corridor III (see below).

The priest's house underwent some slight alterations and repairs in connection with this new arrangement of the entrance fortification.
Wall 7 I was demolished, and Walls $70 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ were built in its place, in a line with the N . end of the repaired gate. Thus, Corridor III was made as much narrower as the gate, retaining a width of r .00 m .


Fig. 23.3. Idalion. Vien of the S. W. hall (Room L). Wall 32 to the left; Wall $2 \mathrm{I}++1+22$ to the right; Wialls $5 \mathrm{I}, 112-116,119$ in the middle.

Period 3 (Plan XYIII).

## Material and Construction.

The ramparts of Period 2 were still used in Period 3.
The newly built rampart wall 69 E was built of mud-brick on a stone foundation of Type 2, and the bastions (Walls 120, 121) on stone foundations of Type 20. The newly built house-walls were constructed of mud-bricks of Type I on stone-foundations of Type 16 (Walls 111, 123, 127-130), Type 17 (Walls 70 B, $77,122,124$-126), and Type 19 (Walls $70 \mathrm{~A}, 72,74,83$ ). The gates, doors, roofs and floors are of the same construction as in the preceding period. The construction of the subterranean passage has been described above pp. 489 f .

## Form and Plan.

In general, the architecture of Period 3 remained the same as in Period 2, but some repairs and new building took place.

The West Gates were blocked by Wall 69 E. The North Gate was made narrower by the


Fig. 234. Idalion. Yiew of the excavation from the $S$. The gate-chamber (Rom XLIX) and Wall $\mathbf{y}_{2}$ in the foreground.
addition of a revetment to the S . end of Wall 69 A , so that it retained a width of only 1.05 I.I 5 m . Close to the entrance, the rampart was strengthened by the two bastions i20 and I2I. In connection with this strengthening of the North Gate, a further fortification work was carried out by cutting the subterranean passage in the rock below the ramparts. This tunnel served as a secret safety port for the defenders of the acropolis. It is entered by a staircase shaft and runs in a western direction below the rampart for a length of about 21.0 m . and reaches the surface of rock on the $\mathcal{N}$. W. hill-slope of the acropolis, as described in detail above, pp. 489 f . The roof above the entrance shaft was supported by the newly built Walls 77 and 70 B , of which the latter at the same time served as part of the N . wall of the new Corridor III (see below).

The priest's house underwent some slight alterations and repairs in connection with this new arrangement of the entrance fortification.

Wall 7 I was demolished, and Walls $70 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$ were built in its place, in a line with the N . end of the repaired gate. Thus, Corridor III was made as much narrower as the gate, retaining a width of 1.00 m .

The N. We the lise was rebuilt and some new rooms added (Rooms I, II). They are aporex maty actacular in shape as all the other rooms of the peried, but the walls

 $\therefore \cdots$
( $\therefore \quad \therefore$ VI wheh in Pericd 2 led to the N. part of the house, was now used to pro$\therefore$....... : An subtarancan passure.
1 - a...tithe home "ds subject onty to slieht modifications. Corrider X was narrowed
 :-..... : ant ande to Wall -t.
If. wit-hente was in use during this perited, tow: the only one which was in use from - - An, of Period i to the end of Peried 3 . The $N$. W. side wall of Room XXXIII, $\therefore$. We mesty huilt, and at the same time the outer deor of that room was blocked up.
-. . Were a nest resm XXXVI was attached to the $工$. W. of Room XXXIII. This $\therefore$ : Trupeondal in shape ds the other two rocms of the cult-house, ard measures 2.60 $\therefore \therefore$ m. The callier doorway between Rooms XXXIII and XXXIV was blocked up - W. Wall 102. hy Wall 125 B, and a ne" deorway was opened about 0.50 m . to the S. l... partly on top of the S. W. crol of the feundations of Wall rot.

Ihe sturchouse to the $\therefore$. W. of the cult-heuse (Reoms XXXVIII, SXXIX) was demol$\therefore$ at, and the honse of Rewm XXSV I mederwent both alterations and additions: Wall

 wh-lonse but there was no dirent commameation between it and the newly built house.
 if wheh the hatter cenhe not be enturts weatated on aceount of the later, superimpesed
 It, - 11 . front in entirely upen. It communceates by a deor with the inner room, which in $\therefore 20 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{m}$ wieth. Wut ta Keneth is unkown for the reasons abose mentioned. Within
 $\therefore$ a cal, alans badh, spindle-whorls, knmes, ete., objects similar to these found in the 't-romm racif lhas make it proballe that these romems formed a sert of treasury for -...0. watse whects.




 VIIN is upen the the A W.

 ...red tomad quite intact, where mot danaded by the later buikding enterprises.






$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Mathon' whid (ian 'im', }
\end{aligned}
$$





 the wooden jams．


 Cypriote type，as－upured with whe mear

## Form and Plan.

Along the S. W. and N. W. slopes of the acropolis there are remains of an encircling wall (Wall 4 I and $42 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C}$ ). A gate, 2.25 m . wide, opened in Wall $\mathrm{f}^{\mathrm{I}}$.

It seems certain that the encircling wall was not only a periboles wall enclosing the acropolis area, but at the same time served the purposes of fortification. The structural type of the walls are evidence of this. Wall $4^{2} \mathrm{C}$ served as a fortification wall in Period 5 without being widened or strengthened, and the other walls too, were of a solid construction with high, massive brick-work on well-built stone foundations, quite different from the usual Cypriote type of a peribolos wall, as represented, e. g., in Ajia Irini (cf. below). The interpretation of the technical purpose of Walls $+\mathrm{I}, 43,4+$, and +5 points in the same direction. What was the purpose of these walls? That they cannot be buttress walls, becomes clear if the architectural arrangements at this place in Pericd 5 are considercd (cf. below). At that time the wall certainly served fortification purposes. A massive tower was built around Walls 4 I and 43 , but Walls $4+$ and 45 were still used as in Pericd 4 , only built over. It is then obvious that these walls cannot have served as buttresses, because on account of their length they would have offered to the aggressors a too easy approach, and are, from the point of riew of fortification technique an impossible arrangement. It may therefore be concluded, that the walls in question are not buttress walls. In consideration of this, so far as I can see, Walls $4 \mathrm{I}, 43,4+$, and 45 must be interpreted as remains of two turrets, by reconstructing two cross walls, one between Walls 41 and +3 , and the other between Walls $H+$ and 45 , as shown by Plan XIX. That there were no traces of these cross walls left is easily explained by their destruction at the later rebuildings in Periods $5-6$. These turrets would thus be the predecessors of the towers of Periods 5-6 at this point (cf. below). The E. turret measured about 5.80 7.10 m., and the W. turret about $5.20: 6.80 \mathrm{~m}$.

These turrets must have containcd a filling inside the walls in the same way as the later towers of Periods 5 and 6. It was suggested above, p. 515 , that the filling of the E. turret was mixed with that of Walls 7 -r 7 at the crection of these walls. The fact that this filling, as shown by the Statistical list of potsherds, contained a certain number of sherds of Types II-III [White Painted and Bichrome II-III and Black-on-Red I (III)], characteristic of the beginning of Period 4 (cf. Absolute Chronology) is in accordance with the dating of the turrcts to Period +. Approximately oppositc Walls $+f$ and +5 , Walls 46 and 47 were built insidc Wall 42 B . These walls form the side walls, and Wall $4_{2} \mathrm{~B}$ the back wall of Room LIII, which consequently was enclosed on three sides, while the fourth side, to the S. E., was open. It is, therefore, a room of the so called "liwan" trpe. The room measures $4.90 \mathrm{~m} . \quad 5.05 \mathrm{~m}$.

Finally, Altar $4^{8}$ was built against Wall +2 C to the N . E. of Room LIII, in Square L io.

These are, consequently, the architectural remains: a fortification wall along the slopes of the acropolis with two turrets in the W. part of the N. W. Wall, with an entrance gate

## IDALION <br> Architectural Plan <br> with Finds in situ <br> Period 4

$\qquad$ E F
K


Fig. 236. Idation. Vien of the central part ef the evasated area.
in the S. W. wall; a room of the "liwan" type and an altar, both built inside the N. W. wall. The altar and the finds of rotive objects make it evident that we have to do with a cult-place. This cult-place was, consequently, of the usual Cypriote type: an open temenos enclosed by an encircling wall with an altar as the sacred centre. Room LIII is the only enclosed room, of which there are remains within the temenos. It seems certain, too, that it was roofed. True, there is no direct evidence, but the fact that there is evidence of its roofing in Periods 5-6 makes it more than probable that it was roofed already in Period 4 , since its form remained the same from its erection, in that period. The few finds within the room do not indicate its purpose, but the finds of Periods $5-6$ prove that it was a cult-chapel. The question arises, whether, in this period there was an inner temenos wall separating the altar court from the outer temenos, as in the later periods. Nost probably there was, but there are no remains left of it. It must, howerer, be noted that there are very scanty remains of the inner temenos wall of Pericd 5 , too. Very probably the wall was of a primitive construction, may be of earth as in Ajia Irini, or a hurdle-fenee, perhaps on a poor stone foundation, which easily explains that it has been entirely destroyed without leaving any trace.


Fig. 237. Idalion. The inner temenos, with Wall 19 in the foreground; Walls 42 C and 39 in the background.

## Period 5 (Plan XX).

## Material and Construction.

The walls were built of mud-brick on stone foundations of Type 7 (Walls 21, 23, 30-32), Type 8 (Walls 22, 24, 26--29, 33, 35, 36), and Type 9 (Walls 25, 34). The construction of the brick walls can be studied in Wall $f 1$ (cf. above).

The construction of Wall 20 is uncertain. Its foundations are of Type 18 , but as very scanty remains of it were left, the construction of its upper walls cannot be ascertainced at all.

The foundations of the newly built tower were constructed by a serits of walls (Walls 25 A.-C, 26-29) forming a mural framework, and supporting an inner compact filling of small stoncs, grarel, and earth.

The entrance gate was of the same construction as in Period ${ }_{4}$.
There is eridence that Rooms L, LI, and LIII were roofed in. Abore the floor of these rooms, a laver of ash and carbonized matter was found, which is easiest explained as remains of the burnt roof (ef. Seetions II, III, XIII). As there were no remains of tiles, the roof must have been construeted in the usual way of reed and straw, packed with clay and resting on horizontal, wooden beams.
'The outer temenos was of eourse open, and the inner altar court was uncovered, too: there is no evidence that it has been covered in, not even in part, as in Period 6.

The floors consisted of lime-earth and chips of stoncs on a bed of clay.


Fig. ess. Idahon. The mer temomo

Form and Plan.
In Period 5 the architecture of the temenos was subject to several new-huiddines and rebuildings. Most of the walls of Period + Were built oter. Wall +1 was widened and strengthened by the revetting walls 2124 and Wall 42 A by the revetting walls 3.3 and 35 . In connection with this the $W$. corner of the encircling wall was fortitied hy a masite, trapezoidal tower, 8.00 m . 8.20 m . (Walls $25 \cdot 29$ ), filled with dehris of carth and chips af stone. This tower, then, was a substitute for and strengthening of the W. turret of Period 4 . The E. turret of that period was still used in Peried 5 .
'The fact that Wall $4+$ of this turret has heen built orer in Peried 5 (ef. aloose, p. sin) and the finds of a number of sherds of 'lype IV, characteristic of Period 5 , in the mined filline inside Walls 7 - 17 (cf. p. 515 ) afford indication that the turret was repaired in this periond. A buttress wall (Wall 34) supporting the newly buitt Wall 35 was built alone the $\mathcal{A}$. E. side of the tower.

The entrance gate in the $s . W$. encireling wall remained in the same place as before.
The tower and the widening of the encircling wall give cridenee that it was used for fortification purposes, defending the acropolis, at the same time as heing the peribolsis wall of the temenos. It is therefore evident that it must have run all aloner the slopes of the acropolis hill, though it has been entirely destroyed and no traces left alone the E. and $\mathcal{N}$. W. slopes. This fortification wall of the acropolis was directly connected with the eitywall: the $S$. W. city-wall ended at the $W$. corner and can be traced afone the $W$. stopeof the acropolis down to the plain (Plan IV). The tower, consequently, was inside the city-wall so that it was intended to defend the acropolis from assailants who had intruded inte the city.

Inside the entrance gate a rectangular covered hall, in. 20 m . long and $3.30-3.75 \mathrm{~m}$. wide, was erected (Room L). The encircting wall 2I-4I-22 forms its S. W. long side; the $N$. E. long side is formed by Wall 32; the $N$. W. short side by Walls 30,31 , and the S. E. short side by the two walls $36 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$. Between Walls 30 and 31 there is a door, by which the hall communicates with Room LI, and between Wall $3^{r}$ and the $工$. W. end of Wall 32 there is another door, by which the hall communicates with the outer temenos. Between Walls $36 A$ and $B$ at the $S$. E. end of the hall, there was also a door, leading to the outer temenos, indicated by the hollowed-cut piece of rock hetween the two raised rock foundations on which the walls had been erected.
$N$. W. of the hall there is an irregularly shaped narrow area: Rcom LI.
Room LIII was still used; its walls were rebuilt only, and Altar 38 was built against Wall 47 at the right end of the open front side of the room. The erection of the altar, and the finds within the room prove that the room is a cult-chapel.

Finally there is evidence of a wall enclosing an inner temenos court, to the $N$. E. of the chapel (Wall 20). Where the remains of the wall are preserved it follows the line of the later wall of the inner temencs of Pericd 6, and it may therefore be inferred that the inner temenos of Period 5 had the same shape and extent as that of Period 6. In the N. E. part of this inner temenos, Altar fo was erected.

## Period 6 (Plan XXI). <br> Material and Construction.

The walls were built of mud-bricks on stone foundations of Type 8 (Wall 37), Type 9 (Wall 39), Type 10 (Walls r-6, if), Type ir (Walls 7 -13, $15-17$ ). From this general rule there is one exception: Wall 19. Its upper part was probably built of wood and rested on cubic foundations of Type ro, prorided on the outside, with a double-stepped platform of limestone blocks.

The construction of the newly built E. tower differs from that of Pericd 5. A network of walls was laid out formed by longitudinal walls (Wails $8,15-17$ ) and transverse walls between these (Walls 9-r $\mathbf{q}^{\text {) . ' The small, trapezoid, or rectangular shafts between the walls }}$ were filled with debris of waste material and earth.

The nerrly built W. tower was nearer in construction to that of Period 5. It was constructed of an inner filling of chips of stones, gravel, earth, and debris supported by an exterior framework of walls (Walls 1 - 3 ). The altars were the same as in Pericd 5 (Altars 38, 40 ).

The entrance gate (between Walls 6 and 2I-- 1 ) was of the same construction as that of Periods $4-5$. As to the construction of the doors there is evidence that, at least one of them, turned on hinges: in Squares $\mathrm{O}_{\text {I }}, \mathrm{P}$ 8, $\mathrm{P}_{\text {I }}$ were found door-hinges of bronze which once were used on a door probably opening into the altar court at its $\mathcal{N}$. corner.

The floors and roofs were of a similar construction to these of Perice 5. Only in one case different material and construction has to be assumed. Finds of tiles above the flcor of the altar court indicate that this was provided with a passage cosered with a roofing of tiles





Fig．234．Idalion＇The $\mathbb{I V}$ ，part of the acropolis，with the inner tememos 111 the foreground．
along the sides，while the middle part，including that above the altar，was open to the sky （cf．above p．490）．

In the gate－chamber（Room NLIX），the roof was supported by a polygonal column of lime－ stone，the only case where a stone column is used in the architecture of the Idalion acro－ polis．

## Form and Plan

In Period 6 the cult－place was subject to the following additions and changes．The walls of Period 5 were built over．For the E．turret of Period 4 ，which still was used in Pericd 5，was now substituted a strong，new tower， 10.806 .0 m ．（Walls $7-1$－ ），added to the $\mathcal{N}$ ．E． of the tower of Period 5．In this way a massive double－tower， $20.0 \quad 10.0 \mathrm{~m}$ ．，was formed．

To the S ．W．of this corner，in the angle between the acropolis wall and the city－wall， there was built another tower（Walls $1-3$ ），wheh was not entirely excavated，and therefore its size and exact shape are unknown．

The S．W．encircling wall was strengthened by the revetting walls $q--5$ ，the earlier en－ trance gate in this wall was blocked up，and a new entrance made further up to the S．E． in the same wall．This new gate is 1.90 m ．long and 1.35 m ．wide．It leads into a newly built gate－chamber XLIX， 3.50 m .3 .20 m ．In the middle of the room was the polyonal
column is C supporting its roof. From this gate-chamber, the earlier door between Walls $36 A$ and $B$ leads into Room L, and a new door between the S. E. end of Wall 32 and the newly built wall 6 leads directly into the outer temenos.

The N. W. face of Wall $4^{2} \mathrm{C}$ was revetted by Wall 37, and a part of the S. E. face by Wall 39 .
Hall L and the cult-chapel (Room LIII) were still in use, as well as Altar 38. The inner temenos, howerer, was rebuilt. To the S.E. and N. E. it was enclosed by Wall i9; to the S. W. and N. N . it was enclosed by Walls 47 and $4^{2} \mathrm{C} \div 39$. In this way the inner temenos retained the shape of a rectangle, 9.60 m . long and 5.80 m . wide, with a small, trapezoidal recess in the N. corner, formed by Wall 39. Along the wooden wall, there was a double-stepped platform of limestone blocks. Altar 40 kept its place within this inner temenos. This seems to have had two entrances: the main entrance in the S. corner, formed by a passage, about 2.20 m . wide, between the elongated S . E. wall of the temencs and the cult-chapel; and a second entrance in the $\lambda$. corner, where the finds of bronze hinges seem to indicate the existence of a wooden door, as mentioned above. This may explain why Wall 39 which was intended to straighten the north-west inner face of the temenos, makes a rccessive turn at the north corner. Through this, a small vestibule was formed inside the door.

The architectural analysis has shown that the erection of the peribolos wall of the altar court and the entrance gate took place in Pericd 6 A while the fortification work was done in Period 6 B . The only architectural changes in the interior of the temenos noticeable in the latter period is that a new floor was laid outside the S . E. long side of the altar court.

In architectural respects the cult-place of Pericd 6 was mainly the same as that of Period 5. It occupied the whole acropolis, was enclcsed by an encircling wall, which at the same time was a fortification wall of the acropolis and consisted of an outer temencs with covered halls and an inner altar court attached to a cult-chapel, covered, but with open front.

## FINDS

## OBJECT REGISTER

1. S.arah of amethyst, 'lype $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Winged grifin with otrated wins, seated on a segmental base decorated with parallel rowag line Abose griffin, the winged sun-diwe with rast and strtated wing, See Appen(lis 1I. I lam 22 I) +. 12I s .
2 mall trauments of a hemopherical bronze bowl wath contracted rim, rohbed b)dy. Base missing. © ; 121.5 .
2. Button-shaped bronze mounting; conrex wathout. wnade within: wath a hole through the centre. Dam. 27 (•3. In the - ere
3. Bhomad sondle-whorl of steatite, prerced by a hole through centre I) am 2.3 ( ${ }^{\circ}+115.8$.
 1, horder of dots Reierse: Horse walking 1: abote. star of elght rava: in front. ankh sign: concave field. (Euatroras II) I) 1 am 20. Werght 329 (if. $11+0$
6 Circular, disc--haped hronse meonting with thur holevat the edge Dami if 3. I) 3.1182

7 Circular bronze ring with a flat ware fixed to the ring; belonging to a mounting, an Nio if. Dam ins. I) 3 . In the steses.
\& Bronze con. (bherve Bunch of graper with leaf to the left. Much worn. Rererse Helmet with cheekpreces and plumes falliny down; double-axe in the field to the left. (Herodes Archelaus.) $\mathrm{D}_{1 \mathrm{dm}}$. I 8. Weight 3.9\%. K 6 . Surface layer

9 Circular, plan bronze fingetring Diam. if. K 6. In the seves.
10. Bronze conn. ©herere. Head of Alexander looking to the risht, dademed, woth Ions hat and horn, of Ammon. Reveree: Eagle looking to the left, with wangs open, standing on thunderbolt. In the field, to the left: monogram $x^{\prime}$. above, and helmet below. Around edge:
 Dam. 1-. Welght 325 . K 6. In the steses.
1i. Circular bronze ring, attached to a double mete on
which a convex mounting is passed. Dram. 3.0. M 6. 107.1.
12. Stone pestle of basalt, in the shape of a truncated cone. Length 15.0. (; 5. 1075.
13. I y leaf of hronze prerced by two holes. 'l'wo enchased lines mark the vein of the leaf. Euslently the lower end of a jue's handle. Length 275. E + I 18.3 .
If. Fragment of a horseshoe-shaped finger-ring of aron, with large, flat bezel. Length of bezel 1.85 . E +. 118.5
15. Fragment of a handle of a bronze spoon, ending in a woose's head. Length 14.7 N 6.100 S.
16. 'Thick, circular rine of bronze, probably a bracelet. Dlam 505. H5. IOIソ.
${ }^{7} 7$ Shalluw bronze bowl with flat hase; plain rim; central boss on base, with an encreling ridge. Diam. 13.3. C +. 120.7.
18. Bronze bowl, as No. 17, with an encircling, notched ridge around boss. Diam. If.O. C +. I21.I
Ig. Narrow, leaf-shaped spear-head, with low midrib; curved edges; pointed end; long, tapered socket, circular in section, retaming slit along one side. Length +0.5 . C + 121.8 .
20. Shallow bronze bowl with round, flattened base; plain rim. Diam. 16.8. C' +1222.
21. Sheld boss, as No. 298 Central spike missing. Incomplete. Diam. $220 .\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { ( }+121.9 .\end{array}\right.$
22 Framments of straight aron linife. Only poinied end preserved. Length 95 C+. 1222.
23. Broad, leaf-shaped spear-head of iron, with low mudrib; tapered socket, circular in section, slit up along one side. Length 28.5. $\mathrm{C}_{4}$. 122.2 .
24. Conical spear-head of ron, with pointed end; long, hollow socket, retaining slit along one side Length 29.0. C 4. 122.2.
25. Disc-shaped, flat cover of lead; probably used as cover to a cylindrical box. Dian. 5.3. (C 3. 120.5 .
26. Bronze bowl, as No. 20. Diam. 16.9. C 3. 1216.
27. Plain, shallow bronze bowl with flattened base; central boss in the bottom. One piece missing. Diam. It.4 C 3. 1214.
28. Lancet-shaped iron sword with pointed end; slightly wadening at top, and low madrib. 'l'ang missing. Length by.0. ('3. 1223 .
29. Bobbin-shaped bead of onyx, with a hole through the longitudinal axis. Length 3.2. D 3 Ir6.z.
30. Prramidal loom-weight of terracotta with a transverse hole near the flat top. Length 5.8. D 3. 115.8.
31. Rectangular bronze weight, with three oblong cavities. Length 3.15. Weight 67.50. (C 2 is ©.6.
32. Horseshoe-shaped finger-ring of aron wath a large, Hat, oval bezel. Diam. 2.15. (C 3. is 8.6.
33. Iron finger-ring, as No. 32 Plece of ring missing. Length of bezel 2.1. ( 3. I 8 S. 6.
34. Plain Whate V oval jug with flat base; concave, slightly narrowing neck; handle from rm to shoulder. Hegght 8+. L 6.1103.
35. Siluer com. ()bzerse' Head of beardless Iterakles r.,
in hon's skin; border of dots Rezerse Lion r. bringiner down stag kneeling $r$; the whole in dotted square, wathin intuse square (itium) Diam. O\%. Werght 07. J 6. 114+
36. Shallow Lamp of terracotta with rained. Hat bave. flatened ram; punched wiek-holder Prete of ram missing. Diamı. 109 . (2. 1197
37. Pike-shaped spear-hed of bronze with square transterse section; tapering towards the pointed end; a radge where socket starts; tuhular socket; most of socket missing Length $1 \AA_{5} \mathrm{~K} 5.107 .5$.
38. Three short paeces of bronze chan of equal length fixed to a careular ring, probably used for haneme up a lamp. The links are s-shaped. Length is.o. K6. 1ол.о.
39. Button-shaped, carcular spindle-whorl of steatite, with one side convex, the other fat; a hole through the centre; ancosed, parallel lmes around the edge. Dam +.5. K 6 . In the steves.
fo. Plan Whate $V$ pear-shaped jur wath Hat base. Nock and handle nissmes Herght $7 \cdot 3.16 .1103$.
+I. Oblong plece of blue faience paste, obliquely cut and pierced hy two holes at the upper end. Lower end mussing. Length $5.5 . C^{\circ}+$. II $\$ 6$.
+2. A staple of bronge fixed to a whehtly conoex dise (mounting). Lenesth 30 is. $10+\delta$
 2.3. Q 7. 1039.

4+. Bronze rme wath a pin attached; part of a mounting Length of nail 2.7. Diam. of min 1 S . R S. Iot.3.
45. Circular bronze ring attached by means of staple to a button-shaped bronze mounting. Diam. 32 (S. 10+.0.
46. Bronze rwet with two button heads lemgth 2.7 . PS 100. 8 .
47. Four-sided arrow-head of bronze, wath druble-curved edges: rapering outline; straight tang. Length - '. P7. 106.8.
4. Bronze mounting, consisting of a staple with hooked ends, plerced through a disc. Lengeth $35 \quad(\% 7.1025$
49. Leaf-shaped arrow-hedal of bronze, with madib. straight tang. Iength 50.1 o 6. 10+.0.
50. Horseshoe-shaped finger-ring of mon wath an obloner bezel of bronze, enerated with an anmal wath four leer, perhaps a deer, with head turned back (Only parts of the ornament visible. Diam 2.2. () 7. Io sis.
51. Bull's head of temacotta, triancular, wath larue, projecting eyes, erect horns and ear, Pantings around the eyes. 'Iop of one horn and the whole of the other horn missing. Length 113 . N16. 102.1
52. Arrow-head of hronze, as No. 7 , length 50 . ' X . 104.2.
53. Arrow-head of bronze, as No 47. 'Fang broken. Length 5.0. \& S. 100.2.

55. Arrow-head of hronze, as lo. +7 . 'lane bent leenerth 6.4. 'F9. 1027.

56．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as $\mathcal{A}$ ． 4 ；slightly damaged I 1 am． $22 . N ; 80 .+$
7；．Plain White V shallow bowl with raised．flat base，out－ ward－bent rim，broad idge below ram Rinn chipped． Dam $7+$ C $\therefore 1213$
5S Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．39；incised，concentric semurareles around the edge．Diam．4．55．EE 22．84．0
59 Bronze finger－ring，as Nu．9．Diam 22．EE 22．84．o．
60．Bronze finger－ring，as No．9．Diam． 2 1．EE 22． $8_{+} 0$.
01 spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．4．Diam．23．EE 22 8．4．0．
62．Bronze conn．（）b：erse：Head of Alexander the（ireat， looking to the right．in lon＇s skin Rezerse I． $1 E=I \mathrm{~N}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{I}^{\prime}$ ．Quver and club．Above－（Demetrius Poliorcetes）．Diam．1．7．Weight 6．60．DD 18．Surface．
63．Circular，flat loom－weight of terracotta pierced by a hole through the centre．Dram．56．CC 18.875
$6+$ ．Red Slip III（V）juglet with flat，raised base：spindle－ shaped body；sharp shoulder－line．Neck and handle missing．Height 7．3．C＇5．II 8.5.
65．Pestle of basalt，in the shape of a slightly tapering， truncated cone．Length $69 . \mathrm{C}^{\prime} \mathrm{4} .11+3$.
66．Nother－of－pearl shell，broken．D 5．118．5．
67．Roughly eircular，rosette－shaped button of gilded stiver with a spherical，central knob．The rosette consists of radatine lotus，alternating with papyrus ornaments Enchased work，broken．Diam．3．o．I） 6. IIS 2.
68．Bronze finger－ring，as No．9．Diam．2．15．C＇4． 1183
69．Bronze finger－rıng，as No．9．Diam．2．05．C 4． 118.3
70．Bronze finger－ring，as No．9．Diam．16．C＇4．118．3．
71．Plece of a plain，straight bronze pin．Length 2.9 ． C．4． 1 183．
－2 Globular bead of dark－blue and white variegated glass， with a hole through the centre．Damaged．Diam． 10. （ +120.1 ．
73．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．4．One end chipped Dram．r．8．C + ．In the seves．
It Scarab of blue paste，Type $A_{+}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{+}$．Representation see Appendix II．Lenegth 1．6．BB 16．S80．
75 The end of a spatuld of hronze wath notched edge； broken tane．Lenerth $2.3(\cdot+118.5$ ．
－6 Bronze socket，tuhuldr，with rounded，taperine end．

7 Circular，slver bracelet with a gap hetween the ends． which ale decorated with impressed lines and flattened Broken in three pieces．Dam．4．7．C＇＋．il 8.5.
－S Framment of a llan White $V$ jug．$C+1185$.
－9．Pendant of green faience，phallos－shaped；prerced by a hole at upper end Length $19 .(\mathbb{C} 118.5$ ．
So．Part of a bronze handle，ending in a snake＇；he．rd Length 63 ．In the sieves．
Si Fragments of a shallow bronze buwl with base－ring． ribbed body；erect，concate rim．Diam of base 7．7． $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}+1$ IS．5．
S2．Bronze com，as No 5 Diam 22 Wemph 3 35 Y 24 North slope of acropolis．Surface
$\mathrm{S}_{3}$ ．Globular，plam bead of digate Diam．I 8 In the sieves．
St．Circular button of lead with one side flat，the other convex．On the latter shic，the button 15 cosered $b y$ a

$\mathrm{S}_{5}$ ．Bichrome $V$ small，wide．depressed vase whth a hat base，and short，wade，contave neck Black and red encroling lines Herght 50 ．C 3．izo．2．
S6 Arrow－head of bronze，as No 47．Length 72．（C＇is In the sieves．
$S_{7}$ ．Spindle－whorl of steatite，a $\mathrm{N}_{0}+\mathrm{D}_{1 \mathrm{am}} 2 . \mathrm{A} \mathrm{EE}$ 2284.0

8S．（ilubular bead of grey－blue glas paste liam 10 EE 22．In the sieves．
89．Bronze finger－ring，as 大io．y Jam＝5．EE 22. In the sieves．
90．Circular，plain bracelet of silver with a gap between the ends．Diam．565．D 6．is 8．8．
91．Plan White $V$ depressed manature jug wath Hat bine； concase，narrow neck，thek，slephtly stilted rim，and a handle from rim to shoulder．Ilandle mosing．Heaght 5 ェ．D 6． 188.
92．Circular earring of silver，crescent－shaped below． ＇Two preces missing．Dianı． 215 ．D 6 ．In the sieves．
93．Bead of cornelan，with one convex and one flat sode． Length 1 5．D 6 ．In the sleres
9＋．Globular bead of multicoloured alans，pierced by a hole through the centre．Dame 0．7．D） 6 In the sieves．
95．Sipindle－whorl of steatite，as No．$\ddagger$ ；decorated with small，concentric carcles．Diam．1．5．D 6 In the sieves．
90．Bronze fragment．I ength 56 D）6．III 5
97 Arrow－head of bronze，ds No ty Ienexth so EE 21 In the sieves．
93．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．fy Length 52 EE 21 In the sleves
99．Cylindrical polsher of black steatite，wath a transverse edre at one end；the other end massing Length 375 ． I）S． 1007.
100 Fragments of a straght bronze pin I）太 $100 \%$
IoI fihort，thek，wlindrical peatle ef basalt，with a cataty at one encl．Lenerth 57.1$)$ is 1007
102．Almond－shaped bead with a hole through the longitud－ inal axis：flattened sides．The stone is a black con－ glomerate，veined with gre：ish－green strukes and dots， and highly polshed．Lenuth＋5．I）8．Ico．7．
103 Frament of an wory pon with maised seale－pattern；see

 103.6.

10：．Concal spande－whorl of black steatite，with hole through the centre．Diam 1．b I）6．103．6．
106．Iron knife with Hat tang；slishtiy curved blade wath p．onted end．one edse，threkened hack，two met－ holes through tuner top of tant mamer length 178 $1)+11=i$
107. Globular spindle-wherl of steatite, with a hole through centre Diam 20 D \& $\quad 9 \neq$
108. Bobbin-shaped terracotta wearhts. Leneth 50-55 Wemghta) 3055 . b) 3357 : cl +3.99 . I) 5 . 1067.
109. 'Twehse ustragali, sesen of wheh have traces of soot. 1) $6 \quad 10+5$.

110 Small frazments of a) bronze; h) iron swords and sheets. C. +12 B .

111 a) Circular. flattened pestle of dolerite. Dram. 7.7. D 6. 1025

c) Depressed globular mace-head of hasalt. with a hole bored through centre I iam. - 1. D) 6.102 .5.
112. Sinde-whorl of grey steatite, dis No. 39 Incised pattern around edse consuting of encircline lines and semicircles with a central dot. Dram. 34 . D 6 In the sheves
113. Bronze frayments of. -
a) Fibula with arch-shaped, plain bow, rectangular in section, upral spring. P'an masang. Length 37 . Stray find
b) Bronze mounting. as Nou 4\%. Lenuth 3.5 EE 23. In the sueves.
c) Bronze finger-ring, as No. y. Diam. 2.25 EE 23 . In the sieves.
d) Three-edged arrow-head. with straight sudes; madrib. pointed ind: hort, tuhuldi aocket. Length 6.3 EE 22. In the serem.
114. a) Bronze finger-fing. as No. 9. Diam. 2.2. BB ī. In the sieves
b) Two crrcular finger-rings of bronze, with a gap between the fiattened ends. Diam. 20; 1.8. BB It In the sleves.
() Bronze mounting, eonssting of a staple drawn through two small, crculat rings lengeth 31. BB If In the seres.
d) Piece of leal with flat ends and concave bedy, presed by two rivets. Length i 4 . Width o.9 BB if. In the sieves
(a) Fragment of a creseent-shaped carrmg of iron. Iength 29 $13 B_{17} \quad$ In the weves.
f) Small lump of red echre Dam. © io BB 1\%. In the steves.
Its Spherical bead of cornelan, with a hole through centre. Diam. 055. Bl3 ig In the seres.
116. Fragment of a bronze fibula. Length 56 . DD 22. In the sieves
In7. A large lump of red whe Dam c. 2.7 DD 22 In the sleter
if F Fragments of -
a) Plan, carcular brone rane 1) am 23 DI) 23 In the steves
b) Bronze mounting, consstires of a plan, circular ring. fixed to a hooked nall Dum. 20 . DD 23 . In the seves
() thath-shaped dap. wath a hole through eentre 13am $2+101$ ) 2 a $\ln$ the sieven
d) Piece of a bronze sheet. DI) 23. In the sheves

11g. a) Small, thin bronze pin, broken; b) lump of lead Leneth a) 3.4 : b) 5.5 . DI) 23 . 77.5 .
120 a) Fragment of a hronze sheet, cosered with doto in enchased work. Broken in two pieces E 10.1115
h) Leaf-shaped arrow-head of aron with straight tane: low midrib: point hroken. Length 6.5. E 10. 111.5.
e) Fragment of a celindrical bead of shell, pierced by a hole. Length 1.3. E io. 1115.
121. Bronze mounting, as Noo 3, with moulded edge, and without central hole Diam. 38 . In the stetes.
122. Fragments of an iron knife. In the sheves.
123. Bronze finger-ring, as No.9. I 1am 2.2 EF: 22. In the sieves.
124. a-h) Fragments of bronze and tron, among which, were small preces of bronze bowls; iron knives, prikes. and swords. In the steves.
125. a) Circular bronze bracelet: plan, bent. Diam 6.0 In the sieves.
b) Fragments of bronze and aron, among whoh were small fraements sumblar to those of No. 124, and part of an iron socket of a spear-head, with remains of a bronze ring around the opening. In the seves
126. a-b) Fragments of bronze and 1ron, as Non. I2+ $\mathrm{E}+$ 1217.

12; Framments of a slobular buttle of white and blue green glass. Broken in many pieces. E f. Izo 9
128. A badly damared bronze mounting. in the shape of a wing. Broken in many preces. Length 21.5 . C 2. 121.7
129. Shallow bronze bowl with a central boss in the bottom. surrounded by an encircling ridge and vertical, radiating grooves forming a sort of rosette ornament covering the inside. Diam. 14.2. (C 2. 122.5 .
130. a) Frasment of a bronze bow! wath mwards-bent rim. b) The central boss of a bronze shield. Leneth 56 C' 2.122 .8 .
131 Spear-head of oron with broad. leaf-shaped blade. low midrib; pointed end; tapered sucket, circular in section; etaining slit along one side. Length 3 r.o ( 12.122 .1 .
132 Spear-head of aron, as No. 131, but with the sonket pierced by an roon mal. I.enuth 200 C゚ 2 12i.7.
133. Circular bronze shedd boss with a framed, doted line inside the edre in enchased work, tall, conical peeg in the centre with straight sides and narrow point; parr of holes at the edge for fixing it to a leather shield Diam. 23.5. C 2. 122.1.
134. Saucer-shaped lamp of bronze with flat rim. tretorlshaped wick-holder. Dam. 13.o. ( $=121$;
135 Spear-head of ron with broad, leaf-shaped blade. low midrib; pointed end; tapered socket. circular in section; without shit Length 58 o E f. I21.7.
136. Iron fragments, of which une might be a knific $\mathrm{E}_{4}$. 121.7

137 a) Bronze shield boss, as No 133 , but with the central spike short and with flat top. The sheld is preseed by boles. one near the spike. the other through the
edge. A clecoration of encirching Ines in relief around the edge. In many small fragments $\mathbf{E}_{4}$. r21.7
b) Bronze framments of a herder mounting to a sheld, decorated by a cham of loops. fiamed hy two ridges in relief Length iz.t; in.6. E + 1217 .
c) Bronze frasments of a ditto. hut plan Iength II $6: 165: 110 ; 76,130 \mathrm{E}+121.7$.
138. Fragment of an mon spear-head with midrib. Nuch damared. $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{t}$ I21.7
139 Fragment of an mon spear-head with socket. Lenget $220 \mathrm{E}+\mathrm{I} 2 \mathrm{I}$.
1+0. a) Iron spear-head with leaf-haped hade; two cutang edges, pumted end, madrab socket missing. Length 175
b) Frayment of an iron sword with midrab; two cutting edges Length $10 . \mathrm{S}^{\circ} \mathrm{E} 4 . \mathrm{I} 21.7$.
14. Fragment of an mon sword, with two cutting cdges: low madrib; pointed end. Pieces of hlade and tang missing Lengeth $\mathrm{C}+1.0 \mathrm{E}+\mathrm{I} 2 \mathrm{I} .7$.
If 2 Large, flat iron handle to a knife with one side straght, the other concave; rounded top prerced by two rivets. The blade has one cutting edge and thick back. OnIy a very small part of the blade preserved. Length 215 . Ef. 121.7 .
14.). Fragments of a thin hronze rod, purposely bent into a loop. E 5. izr.z.
It Fiagment of an aron knife wath one edge, broad hate, point of blade and tang massing. Length $\mathrm{S}_{3} \mathrm{E}+$ 120.4 .
145. Narrow, leaf-shaped ron spear-head, wath curved edges; high madrah; pointed end; tapered socket, areular in section, retaning slat along one side. Broken. Length 34.7 E 4 . is 1.
1.f6. Firasment of a bronze handle of a large bowl with shartly concate pate, for fixing the handle to the bowl. Iength 7.0. E 5 IIS2.
147. Circular bronze bracelet with a gap hetween the ends, which are in the shape of consentionalized snake's heads. Dami. 5.5 E 5 11S.2.
Ifs. Sole-shaped, narrow lateral piece of a bronze helmet, perced by one patr of holes through each side of the wide, lower part, amd a parr at the top of the "shaft" lenerth ig. S. E 5 I18.z.
ry. Bronze strigil with a cursed blade; semmencular in section; flat, horizontal loop-handle, endinc in a mounting in shape of an $\sqrt{ }$ s leaf, which is attached hy a met to the bal: of the blade, the under sode of the handle $1 s$ narrow and straght 'lop of blade massing. Leneth 150. E 5 11世.2.
130. Circular bronze bracelet whth a erap between the ends: square in section. Dam. 6.5. E 5. if $\mathrm{S}_{2}$.
15i. Spear-head of aron wath only fragments of the hlade. and a small part of the socket preserved Length 5.9. E 5. 11.82.


153. Lamp of terracotta, as No. 36. R1m chipped. Diam. 12.0. D 2. 1180
154. Red Silp III (V') slohular. depressed minature jug wath Hat hase; short, ennuare neck, threli rmm, hande from rim to shoulder. Ilemat 51 . I) 2.1 ifio.
155. Horseshoz-shaped finger-ring of iron with an wal hezel. Dam 2.3. D 2. 118.5.
156. Finger-ing of hronze, as No. 9. Diam. 2.9. D 2. IIX.5.
157. Finger-ring of iron, as No. 155 Diam. 25 D 2. 11 S. 5.
15s Iron knife, smmar to No rof. Point of hlade missing.

is9 Rectangular sheet of bronze, probably used as a mounting. Length $14.5 \mathrm{D}+$. 116 .I.
160. Circular hracelet of bronze with a gap between the rounded ends. Bent. Diam. 5.7. D +. II8.6.
IGI Rectangular hronze plaque used as a mounting, with two asymmetrically placed, rectangular holes Length 7.0. 1) +. 1ib.o.

102 Broad, leaf-shaped spear-head of iron, wath low madrab; pointed end; convex sides, tapered socket, circular in section, split along one side. Length 38.2 . E 5. II4. '8.
${ }^{163}$ Iron rod with round section. Many fragments. Length 500. E 5. 1If.8.
itif. Iateral piece of helmet, similar to No. it 8 Length 22.9 E 5. 114 6.
165. Framment of an aron spear-head wath socket Lengeth 90 E 5. IIf. 8
166. Disc-shaped bronze mounting, plerced hy two holes in the edge. A large rosette in enchased work covers the disc; a rope-ornament around the edge; pieces missing. Diam c. 9.0. E 5. II5.I
167. Bronze fihula with arch-shaped bow, provicled with beaded mouldings towards ends of bow, sparal spring, straght, poonted pin. Length $75 \mathrm{E}+117.2$.
16S Iron rod wath both ends rounded. Length 17 5. C' 2 . IIS.2.
Iof Plan, dric-shaped bronze mounting, slighty convex. Dıam. 71. C⒉ 118.2.
170. Iarge, elliptical ginder of dolerite, with one side flat, the other consex; beoth ench rounded. Ienerth 20.0 . (. 2. 148.5
iza. Open saucer-haped lamp of won, wath Hat hase, flat,

172. Iton spear-head with broad, leaf-shaped blade; low modrih; ponted end; tapered socket. carcular in section; slit alang one side. Incomplete Length c. fo.0. E 7 . 110 I.
17.3. Fragment of a large iron knife wath leaf-shaped blade, no madrab. one cuttine edge, poonted end. Only half of the blate presersed. Leength i6.0. E 6. IIT 8 .
1 1-4. a) Lancet-shaped blade of an iron knife, as No. 106. Tang missing. Length is \& E 5. ix 6.6 .

1) Iron rod, as N゙o 163 Broken. Length e 230 . E. 5 116.6.

176. Arrow-head of aron with leaf-shaped blade, low midrib; straight tang. Length if 7 . F S. $11+8$.
177. Arrow-head of aron, as Xo. 176 Broken. Length 83 E 5. 1126 .
178. Arrow-head of bronze, als No. ti Length g.o (is 8. 112.1.
 116.6.
iSo. Bronze fibula, simalar to No. 167 ; catch with upturned lip. Length 88 E 5. 112.5 .
isi. Bronze mounting, connating of a rectansular bronze sheet, folded, forming a roughts made socker, purced by a hole at the top Length 6.6. E 5. iro.t.
179. Lamp of terracotta, ds ho $3^{6}$, but with rounded bise. Diam. 12.6. E 5. 110.4
180. Arrow-head of mon, as No. 176. Length 9.3. E 5. 110.4. is. Many fragments of a circular bronze mounting, with a very rich, perforated and enchased decoration of palmettes and papyrus urnaments in the centre; triangular holen around the edge, in three hones. Dam. 19.5 E 6. 1154

185 Plan circular bronze ring with overlapping end-; prohably used as a hraceler. Dam. +5. E G. III.
i86. Iron rod, as No. ifh. Incomplete. Length c. 4 io. E E 6. 114.6
187. Melon-shaped bead of blue glase, wath a wary spiral line from top to base, and a hole through the centre. Dam. If. E 6. IIti.
i8S. Arrow-head of 1 ron, as Nio 1 , b, pointed end mising. Lensth 10.0. F 7 iro.7.
189. Sickle-shaped iron knife with puinted end, one edge; thickened back; flat tang, must part of tany missing. Length II 5. F 7. 1107.
190. Cursed knife of aron with one cuttong edge, cursed, pornted end, hat tane prered by a ruet. leneth ifo. F 7.1107.
igi. (ircular hronze hracelet, with a gap between the flat. melsed ends. Diam. 6.0. (; ;. ifo6.
192. Fragment of a hooked bronze pin, with fiattened ends in the shape of a staple. (i 7. . 1 o 6
19.. Bronze fineser-ring, as No. ©. D1am. f.t. G; 9. 10 , 0.

Igt. Firagment of border of bron\%e mountone to a shield wath one edge plan and pacred be holes for fiane the mounting to the leather, the other framed be a ridge in relief. On the plan edge is a rectangular bronze sheet tolded over the edge and plerced by two rivets. The mounting is decorated with lotus fowers attached to each other be an intersecting tral in embused work. Length $1+5$ F7. 10; 0.
195 Two rectangular bronge theets, the amaller one perced by three holes at the shert ench; the latger one with three holes at the short end and two on one loner side. Length $5 . s ; h+6$ 6. 1107 .
196. Arrow-head of bronze, as Nir. 47. Lenath 8.3. (6 6. IOG 1.
197. Deprenced globular bead of white paste, wath a hote throuach the contre. I Dam 12 . (; 6) 1091.
198. Arrow-head of 1 ron; fragmentary. E $51+22$.
 112.0
200. Leaf-sh-sped arrow-head of iron with trationt tunes. no mudrib Point miwing lengeth 6i. i : s 1120
 +9) E 5. 112.0
202. Fraument of a that iron tane of knife, perced by a riset. Traces of woud still wisible around the rivet. Length 73. E 5. il2.0.
203. Iron rod, an No ist Incomplete, breken Length $c$. 250. (; 9) 1137.
204. Iron rod, de No ion. Incomplete Lengeth e 250. (; 9 112.3
205 Fragment of iron (; 9 113.4.
206. Rectangular hronze mounting with one edge slaghty. curved. Lenath 90. G9 113 4 .
207. Frasment of a thack mon rid. Lenath is 3. (; 9.1 . Ito 1.
208. Longe, lancet-shaped iton sword with ittaght cutting edses; mudrih: ponnted end: that hilt with way vedes, splaying, rounded top, fitted for a hand uralp and preaced by two aron rivets. lengeth 79.7. I* 9 104.0 .
209. Blade of an roon knife, as An. iof. Point and tame missing. Length igo E \& 1153.
210. Rectangular bronze mountind, tolded together forming a sort of socket length 102 E is iff.i.
2II. Straght bronze pin, incomplete lengeth 6.55 . (; 0 . ro93
212. Plain Whate $V$ shallow bowl with ranced. Hat bane; upright, plan rim. Piece of ram missing D dam. $1+0$. E 8. 115.7.
213. Iron sickle-shaped knife, ds No 1hy Lenuth 210 E 8. 116.7.

215 Bronze staple with howhed end, one and bint intw a brop. Length 3 2. E S. $11+1$
216. a) Spunde-whorl of veatite, an Ao. 4 dewarated with incised, concentric carcles 1 bam. i., (i) 1058 b) small, flat, crrcular bead of hatht-blue fatence, with a hole through the centre. 1) wam 0 - (in ics 3
25 Circular earring of bonze with lower part cocemtshaped Dlum 2.35 \I 10 106 H
 115.0 .
219. a) Arrow-head of iron, as Non 17 forerth 60 . b) Arrow-head of aron, as No, reb. Tang and point of blade mussing. Lengrh +8 . (; - . In the seres.
 6.8. (; 9. 1 10.0.

221 Iron spear-head, wath broad. leat-hatped blade. linw midrob; tapered socket, carcular m wetan, retammer sht alone one sude Leneth 4.30 i. is $1007-$
22ュ-226. a-b) Frusments of bromze and iron. Stacy finds.
227 . Fragment of an iron sword Length 75 stray find
22S a-b) Bronze fragment of a rone and a sheet, the latter decorated woth enchaned worla. perced hey a bale. itray find
229. Bichrome IV alobular amphoriskos with rased, Hat hase; almost cahdrical neck; Hat rim: handles from rom to shoulder Buheme encirelones lines around neck, encereline line and bands around belly eoncentric corcles around shoulater, transsemes strokes on iim. Handles and poces of neck and shoulder

230. Bhack-on-Red 11 (IV) spherical bottle with flat base. narrow neck with handle-ridge: tlaring rim; handle from neck to shoulder Enerreling lines around rim. neck, and belly; concentric torcles arouncl shoulder. Huicht 50. (i 7 Iob.s. (1)eposit)
23i. Whate Panted Il spherual bottle, narrow, splayones neck, stilted ram; handie from rim toshoulder. Enesteling lines around rim, neck, and belly: ladder-pattern on handle. Lower part of body missing Height $+7 \quad G 7$ 1066. (Deposit)
232. Black-on-Red Il (IV) oxal jus with rased, flat base Encirchane haces around bells: concentite circles around shoubder. Neck and hanelle mimenge Jeight $11 \%$ ( $7.10+0$. (D)eposit)
233 Bichrome IV wal amphorisko, with hase-ring, eylindrical neeh: flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encotclong lones and bands around neck and belly. concentric carcles around shoulder, ladder-pattern on hamdles Henght 169 (; 7 10s 0 . (Depont )
234 Arrow-hedd of aron, four-sbled, whth stralesht adere, tapering outline, straight tamg lengeh ob 6,7 105.1. (Deporit).

235 Bichrome Red II (V) clepressed amphoriskos wath low stem: çlundrical neck, fat rim; handles from rum to shoulder. A white and a black encorching line invale, below rim; encircling hlack line with white dots around neck; encircline black hoes around hells: concentric carcles around neek and thoulder; ladeler-pattern on handles and rim Height 16 ; (; ; Iof 3. (I)epontt).
236. Armour splints of 1 ron and bronze. The tron splints are of fise types. 'They are all scale-shaped, with straight fong sudes, ore wort side straight and the other rounded, and prosided with a progectoon in the lonestudmall ass. 'IVpes $1-4$ ate of the same size, the neabarements usually baryang between $26,2 \mathbb{S}$ (m in lengeth and $10-13 \mathrm{~cm}$ in width, A tew phants how heleht sarbations from these meaburements. 'lolse splent, ot Type I are pretecd by six holes two natrow holes at the straight short end, to the left of the longirudinal axis (if the sule with the projection is eonstadered to he the extermer, ef below ; tho smalar holes at the raght lune sude, opposite the projectoon; and two waler hole in the fongotudinal avis, one at eathenel of the froject-
 and posituon of the narrow hoken. 'l'he uplentis of 'Type 2 are pretced by two natiow holes at the strame whort end. and rone narrow hole at the atisht lone side: those of 'l'spe ; by two narmow holev at the stramelat shote end. to the right of the longetudanel axis. and two nownow

thise of Type + are preaced by two narrow holes at the staduht short end, and one narrow hole at the left long sule 'lhe splints of 'l'ye 5 are larger in size, ahout 36 an in lenuth and 1.7 cm . In wath 'Thevare pierced by sis holes placed as these of 'rype 3. Of the small splonts, those of 'Type 1 are commonest The splints af 'Type 5 are very few.
'The bronze splints are of three different main types. Type 1 is 2.0, i. +cm . and scale-shaped A verỵ few splints of this tope are smaller in stze. TYpe 2 is rectancular in shape, $1+\mathrm{cm}$. Wide and 2.7 cm . loner, provteded with a centrial ridue projection and perced bs two holes, one at each end of the projection. 'T'se ; is of the same shape as 'lype 2 but smaller, 12 cm . wide and 2.0 cm tong. It is perced by sin holes, one narrow hole in each corner of the splint and two wider holes, one at each end of the projection.

As shown by Fus, 244, the armour had heen thrown in pit together with a number of pots and other objects (ef (ondition of Finds) so that the orignal arrangement was not presersed, and no remans of plats and strips by which the splints were kept together were left, contrary to what was the case whth the amour found in Amathus, Tomh 2 (cf. above) The reconstruction of the armour 1s therefore largely a matter of conjecture. The reconstruction suggestad hulow is hisecl on the following fats, indicatoons and arsuments. A fict is that the twon $\checkmark$ plint were arranged in horsantal row overlapping each other and the splints in each row also overlap, so that each hides half the next. Preces wath several rows of splints rusted together in their original position prove that the splints were thus arranged (Pl. CLXXII, 2) It wa also be seen from these presersed pieces that the sale with the projection is the exterior, indieated both by the more regular adgustment of the splints on this sale and the fact that many of the preces rusted together show a slaghty curved outhne, the convex ude of which is that with the projection. The short rounded end of the splinis was then naturally turned down.
'lhere wete no remans of metal nals on these aron -plate and thes mast therefore hase been laced or wew on atn lomone of cloth or leather.

It is etration that the splints were laced and it seems likely that they were fastened to a linng as well. In order to attenipt a solution of this problem it seems consenoent to start from the fact that the holes at the upper vore encl. and loner sides of the splents are much narrowe than those at each end of the projectwon A smale amd contmuons lacing cannot possbbly hase pamed through all these holes. On the contrary, then diferent widh indicates two systems of lacing wne through the wade and the sther through the narrow hole- How the lacing through the wide holes was wianged cannot be ascertaned Possibly the lacinis "s umalat that of the armour found in Amathus, ' ${ }^{\circ}$ ond 2 . but verer.il bariations are persable and it
seems useless to speculate in this matter How the lanem through the narrow holes may be arranged is explaned by the drawing，Pl．CIXX11，3，better than by words Variations are possible but the sutgested ariangement seems to be the simplest and therefore mont pooholve in this way the thread，ean he passed throurh all the narrow holes in horizontal lines whrch is a character－ istic and natural feature of armour lacing．It can be seen that the narrow holes of the splints arranged as suggested above are placed so that it is possible to pass a needle through them into a lung of cloth or leather，if required．（On the other hand，the splints being arranged as shown by the preserved pleces，it is not possible to pass a needle through the lower of the two wide holes since a metal splint is always below it It is therefore certain that lacing only was used through the wide holes．Such a lacing would be sufficient to keep the splints together，as seen from the Amathus specimen．It is then natural to suppose that the narrow holes were intended for another purpose than lacing， or，most probatly，for fastenine the silints to a linene of cloth or leather．We know that leather curasses were used in Cyprus at the time from which the armour dates（Ohnefalsch－Richter，Kypros，die Bibel und Homer， Pl．CXLII，i）．

The armour would thus represent a combination of the technique of the plated metal armour found 10 Amathus and that of the metal armour fastened to a lining of cloth or leather．

The iron splints which thus formed the＂body＂of the armour amount to a number of about 6500 ．The bronze splints，on the ocher hand，are very few．Ther，and the few iron splints of Type 5 ，were probably used as borders．

Finally，it 1 s to be observed that the reconstruction of the armour，mounted on a cork model（P1．CLXXII，i） serves to give a general impression of how the armour looked but for practical reasons it was not possible to make the reconstruction exact in technical respects： the splints in each row had to be placed side by side and not overlapping as many holew had rusted together． The armour has been reconstructed with shoulder pieces as such are found on the cyprote leather cuirasses as represented on the sculptures（cf．above，Ohnefalsch－ Richter，op cit．Pl．CNLII，I）（Deposit）．
237．Bichrome IV amphoriskos with almost biconical body： cylindrical neck；flat rim；handles from rim to shoulder； basc missing．Encircling lines and bands inside neck， around rim，and body，encircling lines and hand of chequers on rim；row of concentric circles around neck and shoulder；rertical lines on handles，and trans－ rerse strokes on their upper part near rim．Height 16．0．G 7．106．3．（Deposit）．
238．Bichrome IV゙ amphorliskos，as No．235．Encircling lines around neck，belly，and basc；concentric circles around neck；shoulder covered by alternating red and blak latticed panels；ladder－pittern on handle and rim．
 （Deposit）
2：9 Plan Whre 15 open bowl with fat base．splayme sidea． flit riml Dam 127 （；7 104，（1）epont）
240 Bahrome V deprened elobular umphoriskon with tow fout；cylundrual．sherhty splasing netk，flat rime． hindles from rim to shoulder．Bichrome enerchene Ines around rim，neek．and helly．framed zigzag band around neck；pattern of black and red network cusermag the shoulder．One handle and preces of rum restored． foot chipped Hewht 155 （；7．105．（Deposit）
24 I ．Rectangular bronze shect ivereed by holes around the ederes，used as a moontine Bent，incomplete，and in pleces．Lenerth c． 116 ．（；－ $10 \operatorname{li}_{5}$（1）eposit）．
242．Whetstone，rectangula，flat；of andstune．Lengeth 8．1． G 6.106 .0
243．a）Arrow－head of iron，as No．1－6．Length；i．E9．106．9． b）Arrow－head of iron，ds No 1，$\quad$ ．Length 10.0 ． E．9．Iof， 9.
$24+$ White I＇anted IV owal，depressed amphornkss with base－ring，cylindrical neck，thuls，stilted rum；horizontal handles on shoulder Encirclines bands and lines around neck，shoulder，and belly：irregular，sloghtly wary line between handles：framed zagzas line around rim；black handles with long handle strukes．Height 21 1（； 7 iof 2 （Deposit）．
245．Plann White V salk－shaped jue with flat bise；father conkal bode：neck and handle minine fleight 8 ． 3 （；7．Iofin（Deposit）
246 Buchrome IV amphorishos，as Sio 2，3．Encircling black lines and bands around neck and belly；white line around neck；concentric circles around shoulder， ladder－pattern on hanclle，groups of transierse lines on rim One handle missiner．Ileight 17 3．（；7．1059 （Deposit）．
$2+7$ a）Itemopheracal，plan bronse bowl wath round base． plan rim．Dam．2i．o．E 6．103．3． b）Bronze bowl，as No．247 a．Dlann． 210 ．E 61033.
24\％．Bronze finger－ring，as ㄱ．（9．In amm 2．2 L．9． 1057 （Deturbed layer）
249 Fragment of an indented bronze shect．L．9．1077 （D）inturbed laver）．
250．Circular finger－ringe of iron wath onal be\％t Dam 2.3 ．E．8．104．3（1）sturbed layer）．

251．Iron earrons，crrcular，whth overlappine ends Defaced． Dlam．3．5．E 7 10．6（Disturbed layer）．
252 Circular bronze bracelet，with owerlapponer ends．

253．Bronze tinger－ring，as 入in $11+\mathrm{b}$ ．Dimm 25 1．9 106.0 （1）1sturbed lever）
 111．1．
255．Arrow－head of bronze．as Xio．ti．Length 69． 119 ifir．
256．Three－edged arrow－hend of homze wath concare sades： mudrob，hort，rubular whet with riset－hole．Lengeth 32 \19 1111

25．Arrun－head ef bronze，as No to length 6．5．N1 9． 11I．I．
$25 i$ a）Aroos－head of hroneze，as No．47．＇Tane bent Iength io I．G 112.6
b）Bronec momoting consiting of a dise，plerecel by a staple woth hooket end Part of sheet and one end ot －taple missme．Diam 2 ：L． 1 1 1120 ．
259．Arpurhehed of bronze，ds No．256．Length 4．I I． 9 112．6．
20．Trianerular bronze stancl wath concave sides．and a hole throush centre．supported by three feet now mosmer Letertll $+5 \quad$ L．日 $109+$
zor Arrow－hedt of banze，ds No． 77 ．but woth more concase sules．Iteneth 5.3 I，9． 1105
262 Bronce mounting．as $\lambda_{0}+2$ Dlam．2．5．M 10．III 2.
203 Arrow－hedd of bronze，as No．47．Length 7．t．M 10 I1I．2．
264 －pindlewhorl of steatite，as No + ．Diam 2 2．L．S （9） 0
205 Arrow－head of bronze，as No 47 ．Length 5．9．N 9. 108．0
266＇Than bronze nall with a button－head，nal bent．point missing Iength 2．0．L Io．rob．i
2h；Bronze fibula with rather angular，arched bow with three beads alternating wath three dise－shaped mouldines： flat socket．Pin missiner．Length $9+$ M 10.107 .2.
26is．Fragment of a bronze hammer wath square sectom， eireular shaft hole；the hammed walens towards the tront end，part of shatt hole mosine Incurption（see Appendix V）．Iength 5．1．L（）107．2．
269 Finger－ring of bronze，as No．9．Diam．2．2．L 9 10 － 2.
270 Arrow－heat of bronze，ds Xo． 7 Length 5．2．L． 9 107.2.

27I．Leat－ahaped arrow－head ot baonse wath double－cursed wutlane．mulrab；straght tang；thachened below tange

272．I．ong，lear－hhapd arrow－head of bronze with madrab； stratuht tang Lenerth $10+\mathrm{L} 910 \% 2$ ．
273．Iron mountane ut arowalar shape wath a broad redge along the long sule，and a easty oppomte the edge whah matht hate been a ract－hole Probable amount－ mer beed win aboken dam length 123 Width 56 1． 10 1111
 steres．
$2-5$（ircubar bracolet of bronze，wath a sal berween the
 blatarl）ed lasert
－j0（areubar broma bracelet．whth a eap between the

2T－Anow－heal of bronze，a 入o＋i Lengeh 52 L． 9. 10f +
 10h +
 $\mathrm{Ch}_{\mathrm{Ch}}+$

280 Arrow－head of bronze．an No 4 Length 6．1．P S ros．6．
2Si Arrow－hecid of brenze，as Not．Iongth 77．P s． ch 6
 ros 6
2ns Circular bronze mounting．prered by a staple．Diam． 255.061060

こ64．Bronze mounting．as No． 3 Diam 4．j．O 0．Io6．g．
2h5．Bronze finger－rince，similar to No ！．Dlam I．t． P 10． $100+$
2St．Arrow－heal of bronas，a No 47．L．cnerth is．z．P リ． $108:$

2SS．Leaf－shaped spear－head of 1ron，as Nu．22r．Length $3+5$. P 9． $10+4$.
2 89 Bronze finger－ring，as No．IIf b．Diam．3．7 P S． In the steves
290．Bronze mounting in the shape of a trangular bull＇s head with large，prominent eyes，thick，raned neek； short，curved horns and large，projectingears Ineison， between the horns near the ears，around the eyes and on the nose At the back of the neck，there is a Ioop to which a ring is fixed．The head is fixed to a rertical， semmircular plaque which is somenh hat eurved，and at a sloghtly acute angle to the head．The plague is perced by two lules．Ifersht 9．5．O Io 103.1
29i Fracments of a shield boss of boonze．（） 10.1067 ．
202 Bronze honge，conbinting of a bronze sheet with straght， short sides，onc lons side consex，the other with way outline：three crlindrical sockets placed sertically in the midde：fixed by six rivets with larese button－heads forming a loop on the batk side．＇Two of the nals nusonge Idength 7.2 （） 10 106．7
203．Iron spit，squate in section，hale at upper end for himenne：narrowine towards tip．＇Tip massing．I enerth S90（）10． 1067
294 Bronze mounting consisting of a cratar rang attached to a staple wath long，hooked legs，pinched tugether at the upper part．Length 4．4．P io．109．4．
205 ．l＇am Whate $V$ bicomual buttle with Hat，rased base； concase neck，thak rim，hantle from rmo to thoulder． Pat of neah and im and handle manone I Iemght 50 ． P9． 10 ：
206．a）Fragoments of rum belonesing to a bronze bowl．
b）Bronze nail with a circular，fat head．Length in． P9．Ios．3．
207．Irom hnife，smalar to No．rof，flat tang，wath one concase side Pomes of blade and tang masing．I．ength iq．2． P10 IOG：
206 sheld boss of bronze．circular in hape，with a central， concal spike；around the edge alternate concentric strings of beads and radges in tepuasse，and four pars of perforated holes for fixing the hoss to a leather shield． Put tosethei from plecer．small parts of the boss mosing and the－prie damased and depresed．I ham． 23．3．I＇10． 1060 ．

299．Shetd boss of bronze as No．2ghi，but end of spike broken off．The decoration is in more elevated $\boldsymbol{r e p}, \boldsymbol{u} \boldsymbol{s i s e}$ several pieces of the boss musing．Diam 21.5 O io 108．3．
300 （ a al bronze mounting，perced bs a staple with lone hooked ends．Bent．Dam ；${ }^{\prime}$ P 9 ros． 3
301．Bronze hinge，as No 292 ＇Three rrets mbener．Length 7．3．P II． 105.9
302 Broad．sole－shaped cheek－prece of a helmet of bronze： the narrow part has concave sides and slightly curved base，pierced hy two holec；an almond－shaped ridge in rehef with a riset in the centre，in the maddle of the cheek－pace broken．Leneth 193．P 8． 1052.
303．Crescent－shaped mon knife with curved，thatiened back；one straght cutting edge，pointed end，flat． broad，curved tang with rivets．Length 21．0．P9．105．9．
304．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．47．Length 4.7 ．O \＆． 107.5 ．

305．Arrow－head of aron，as No 23．t．Length 71 ．P 8 ． 1040.

306 Arrow－head of bronye，as Nor fi．Leneth 56 ．L．9 104.5 （I ${ }_{1 s}$ turhed layer）．

307．Arrow－head of aron，leat－shaped．with madrih：double－ curved outline；straight tang．Traces of wood strll 1sible around the tang．Length 92 ．L 9．roz．h （Disturbed layer）
308 Iron knife，similar to $\mathrm{Ni}^{2}$ rof Point maning Length 208．L．\％． 1026 （1）sturhed layer）
309．Spear－head of mon，as No．is．Length 350 ．II 8 ． 106.1.

310．Spear－head of iron，as No．ibz．Socket smashed． Length 18．9．P 10．106．S．
3it．Fragment of an aron rod，square in section．P 10 iof．S．
312．Fragment of a limestone bowl．Pro．ions．
313．Arrow－head of aron，as lio．234．Pecee of blade and tang missing．Length 59 （）if．rof S ．
 （Disturbed layer）．
315．Bronze mounting of large size．consisting of an almost semicircular sheet；one side consex，the other concave． with a small，rectangular pecee cut out at one of the angles between the curved and straght suden，plereed ley holes along edge，folled hinese soket preseried along straght sude，frosobls a wouder－plate．or part of a mounting of a helmet，as that repremented on the statuette No． 1555 in Ajla Irint Length $233 . \mathrm{P} 10$. ion．t．
316 Disc－shaped mounting of bronge．Dtam is． 0 o 106：
35．（＇ircular bronze mountung，with three pains of holes at the chase．Dam．St．（）10． 10 解
3 is．Bronze shorel．restangulir．with bine sides stranght． upturned；back side concale and upturned．Length $1=0$ ．P io．106．f
319 Narrow．leaf－uhped dieser of aron wath crow－bar， that halt with phesme．rowded the Langth $\ddagger 20$ I 10 rofir

320 Roughly rounded mace－head of basalt；flattened on hoth ides．with a hole bered in the middle．Diam． 96 【リツツる
$3 \geq 1$ Fruments of a bronve instrument．much damased Length $7+\mathrm{P}^{10} 1055$
32 Sher woket－haped mountins．wereal with a pattern of stringe of beads and rideses：framenentary．lenerth 20 P 10 1042
323 Fragments of a beonze sheet with a broad ridge along the long side Broken Lenarth 40 P 10 105 5
324 Piece of a bronze ，heet with a falle．running spiral P 10 1056
325．Hinge of bronze．小 No 292．Lenesth 7 7．P1o． 10 h 1.
326．Strip－shaped bronze mumnting with two raderes on the long sides，Small preces maing leneth c 0.0 P io． 106．1．
327．Mounting of rectangular bronze sheet．pierced by two holes on one lone side．Three high radges decorate the mounting．Iength $82 . P 10$ 10＇ 1.
 ＋2．（）10． 10 h 1.
329 Circular coser of limeitone with one side consex． the other flat Diam $5+\mathrm{P} \mathrm{S}$ ．giog
330．Bronze cramp consisting of a thack wire with square transerse section：hooked，twited，and wath flat front part．Length is．MI ；In the seres．
 In the steves
332 Fragment of a rectangular bronze ，heet，damaged and crushed．Lenuth 57 ．P il 105 b
3．3．Iron knife with leaf－shaped blade，two cutans edges： midrib；pointed end．Tang missing．Length 9．I．In the seres．
33＋．White Panted IV amphora with base－ming：deprenced onod beds，eghadrad nech．horizontal handlen on bedy．Encorther lene and bands around neek and b dy：frie\％e of setmetricalls drawn buds，wath hate hed bodes，long heaks，and long neeks，around belly． Upper part of neck mosong．Ifeight 20．5．．11 9 gis （Disturbed layeri．
335．Iron arrow－head，as Xio $2.3+$ Broken Lenuth +7 ． P ro भ9：（Dnturbed haser）
336．Narrow，leaf－hhaped upear－he ad of aron wath stravigh
 socket wothout slit Lenerth $=0.51$ 10 101．6（1）1n－ turbed lasery
3．3：Giobular depreaed bead of erey steatite．with a hole

3.3 Plan Whate Wheel－male wat guis wath that hate cy－ lendrical，taperme neek．handle fiom nets ti）heubder．

339．a）Spadte－whorl of teatite．小 N + Diath 23 ． AS 9 9 ． 1

sto Ineence－barner of terrachata．Lade－shined．wath Hat． sertical hmdle wadenmes upwath，rounded top，a hole pereed neat the top，meted．sertich was lane atomer
the maddle at hoindle part of latle mosmer leenerth 310 L リ 13－
 10.66.
 Areund the edare of one sule runs a bodered rope－

34．il Button－head of a bamze nul íenorh za（）u リ）！
b：I＇wo that．dreahaped berrds of lreht－blue tatence． perced bs hole throuch centre 1 mam 0.0500 リリ
it＋framanat－of abrone momantan with hoshtly moulded settom，a trancular notch on une of the lons sudes length $10:$ I！ $103+1$ Disturbed hayer
345（rublar finerer－mas ot sher with an wblone b－zel

3＋${ }^{\text {t }}$ ．Arrow－head of iron，tout－stded．whith droble－curved edge tapering outhne，straght tang Lenuth 90 Mo IOSI
$3+7$（rrcular bronze maantins．perced by three pars of holes at the edere decorated with a rosette in emborsed work and wath a band of runnene loops around the

if）Lecch－shaped．obtong earring of wlier．hroken in three pretes $D_{1 a m} 20 \quad 1.510 \mathrm{~S}_{2}$
 108 y．
350 hpear－head ot mon．as Kio $2+$ lenuth 1$) 0$ M 6 10－ 5
35r．Four－suded arrow－hedu of hronze wath strateht edere． tapering outhne：strateht tang Leneth ；o は 9 In the bsever
352 Bronze thountinge，one，probath atreuler in hape， deworated with a harge ronette it anchased work，one
 palmottes，of the－ame type ds Vo $4+7$ ．Yragmentart Dlam．50， $7 \mathrm{I} . 入 15.1060$
 \ 510 名 $\%$.
$35+$－hber finger－ting wath a thin，wal bexel．eneraved with the wanged sun－dac，sumponded by a ctriner ot homi 1）tam．20 I，5．105 5
 two mumbed halses，unitud madu．ly by it how amd



 hole Ceneth 37 ．K 8 In the serev

 （1） 1 turbed lisel）

3to（n，ula bomme mumtmes with a deprewon it wr

 i） 1.7 roi：
 concentre addes mad a band of rummers - －lanes atound the periphery Length In O $1+10$ is
 100！
？hit dr lrasment of a mectamondar，whled sher strap． prerced with holes along edoco，used as a mounting． （ Ine end preserved．ralled up into a twhe for insertion of a wher pan Decorated with a frocee of alternating lotus flowers and had，in emb ised work：the flowers have three peals of equal hemot Length 5．2．
b）I－ramment of a salded sher ，hect with one end rolled up，the other end masing Decorated with a female herd in emboined work the head is in profile wath －traght noeč．slumtiy sloping forchead，large almond－ daped eve．marked exphow：large ear；strong chan and cheek，the harr on the head in parallel，vertical rulls of wa，lones fallinu freety along the shoulders， where it is marked wath parallel relief lines．Length $=0 \mathrm{~L}+\mathrm{ION} 5$
$3 t .5$＇Theee drow－heads of bernze，as No．fit Length 9． S ： 5 》． 70 K． 10 Ior． 5 （Disturbed laver）．
3tw Bohbin－shaped terracutta werght Length 5 5．Werght ＋410．L 10 ifr．t
sin Button－shaned spundle－whorl of steatite，wath both sdes consex．fuerced by a hrik throunh eentre．Diam． $+21, \dot{S}+1$
join Bronce handle of a juit The start of the handle is a curved，oval mountine pretced by two rectangular holen．trom the eentre of the mountinus springs an elivited hande which spomided with tiat－and leaf－ ornament，Incomplete Length is．z．I． 4 I Io o
？he Cilonder of lame lazell，with representation of two stags， Wathine w the lett．bitwien them an indistinct emblem whah nid：lia the sam and the crescent．Representation

 $X 1+100 t$
37 Bublon－haped wetoht of hoimatate，wath one ude wosex，the mher Hat langth $2+$ Weaght 1720 $\therefore$ to buttomblaser
 －ratio and thateradend，A cental hole starte from $h$ oth
 －it．1．fiml
 fupeorninment and umall duth alone the boreter leength अ1 $1 .+1$ ：







 より 人 がった。

3－s Blach Pohbhed bicombal mmature tue wath roshed． flat base：narrow neck（ipper part ot netk end hambe massing Fleusht $\Xi 9$ K 10 ab 3
 IIO 6.
3io Arrow－head of brenge．ds No Fione bent lenerth ч．6．К 9 1104


$38_{3}$ Bow of a bronze fibula：smmar to No $16 \%$ ．Pin misciner catch brolsen．Lenerth 7.3 O（ ICs $).$
$30^{+}$．Broad－ase，with rather thin blade，splayne tomards the curved coutune edec：thak－hanaced back natrowed， flat，curved tane thanked by two projectoms．Fetween which it was fixed in the clett head of a wroden waft Length $\mathrm{f}_{1} 0.06 .1073$
$3 \$_{5}$ ，Arrow－head of bronze，as No． 35 r Length 6 s $>$. 107．6
i 86 ．Bronze earrang，as No ti Dtam．2．1 N 5 105－
387 ．Piece of cast ledt，probably used as binding matertal in architecture Lenerth $5 \%$ L．2．II2 7 ．
388．Arrow－head of bronze，as No 47 Lenuth io I I II5 8.
3i9．Roughly rectangular prece of thatk bronze plate Length 137．ㅊ． 1069
390．Cylmder of black steatrte．mrecular shape，the cylmder hole starts trom onc side，but is not contmous Iour figures in standing postuon with outstretched arms ared legs，engrased wath lines only；the bead in marked by a dot：scratchangs between fisure Leneth 29 li 10 1128.

391．Bronze earıng．as No 4，Dtam． 5 kio miz
392 Two bronze nals wath slightly contex heade one uf them．ancomplete Lensth $20,0+K$ Io II2
393．Small tragments of bronze stras find
394．Pestle of bisalt，as Nu I2 Lenath 155 Wit of

306 Rane－shaped，noulded stand of bronfe．Wath wneate sides．Dam．7 T，Kio．IIIt

39S．thallow bronze buwl with round bade，moutded lone below rim，Incomplete Jum 125 K 10 1120
30り（ireular bronze badectet，with a wip lewween the flattenede end biam os \a 1053
 III．O．
 Length 2コ．S，K 10． 1110

＋03．Bronze werght th the abope of a truncated prommal Ilenght 15 Werght 4552 ， 3 On the rowh
40＋Plan Whate $V$ shallow bowl with tlat，based lase．



 $\ln$ the suctes

 mondedend，in hape recenimber the Eesptian papyrus

fos Plan Whate V bowl．an Vo＋04．but wath tlat base

 1051
＋10．Simall trament oi a hronze tibuk M 6 1051
fir square weroht of terranota，with round，tapered top （missing）Length ； 0 Wersht wof－W 13 934
＋12 Coarse amphora woth that．ratsed bane，oval body， neck and hand！e maning In many preces Height 215 WI2 引 5
＋13 Strashe，thuk bronze needle with pometed end and an exelet at the upper end Lenerth ifo 7 ．K 7 go
＋14 Square werght of beonze lenerth Ig Werwht +40 ． （）5．107．
＋15 al Bronze bracelet as No 30 ，Dam 5 5．06． 107.3 b）Fragment of an wan sheet Iensth +206 107．3
 202 ．O）6．107．
＋17 Ladle－shaped incense－burner of terracotta with tall，Hat， vertecal handle＇The handle 14 decorated wath an mensed design of running spurds，bordered by twa broad， stratght erooses Part of ladle and wop ot hathalle namone Iength $=23 \mathrm{~K}$－ 9 M
4 F Ftagment of bronze heet I 5110 \％
＋19．Frasment at boonze shect $\quad$ 5．ino．i
＋20．A harae lump of bronce has，bitequar in hape lenerth c 150 ．I＇g．リ＋
＋21 Reoughly sequare bosin of limentone with pounded comers，Hat base．－tatarht atde．a frojection on onte

+22 small，that．crouka bead ai cornelan．puered by a hole through centre（hipped biam 0．5（；S リ：ン
＋2．3 Blach luwhew Wheet－ande mbhular yus with low foot，upwade tapermer neek，phan ram，handle tram rmin thoukter A rodere hetween nock and whulder， thbed bods Hewghtiz2 K $6 . \quad$ リ +
＋24 Bucehern Wheel－mate onal，deprewad lus wath low，
 berween neek and houlder．bucls cosered with fummon
 llerght， 16 ミ $К 3+$
 1は5
+26 Plan Whete Wheetmate gus wah hotermat wal
 －houlder．Relef indee around bdee ot neeth：thate nomb－
 nalv by wheh the hemalle of the netal prototype was fined to the ram．．－mmbar nat－shapeed pargectann at the foner end of hamale on slanukte lhenght 200 K－0 3
＋27 Whate Panted Iland－made flat，lentom bontle，made up

funnel－mouth；two handles from rom to shoulder One sade is covered by a piral from the centre of which radiate line to the periphers，in the interstue of wheh are dots．on the wher sude are concentric earcles．the annermost of whach in decorated by tour comblimes
 edere of the b：stle．Tramserse lines on the handle and enurclang lines around netk and rim Coarse，greenish clay；buff－white slip．nat，brown pant Height 200 ． К7．yI． 3.
+28 Plian，Gucular ringe of bronze with olerlapping ends． possibly a braclet $\mathrm{D}_{1 \mathrm{am}} .+6 \mathrm{E} 21210$.
429 Bronze whet in shape of a set sequare wath rectangular sectoon，one leg of the angle $1 s$ waler that the other Length 21．0．K 10 Iro．9
＋30．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．256．Length 36 K 10 Iro．9．
43．Framment of an iron sword with tho cutting edares． mudrab；pointed end．Only part of the blade preserved． leneth 27 ．o．К io．111 2．
432．Boonge mounteng，as No．fri．Kength 3 2．K io 11 t .2
＋33．Fragments of a arcular bron\％e socket Length 23 ． K Io．I 10.9
434 I＇hick，circular ring of dark and grey glass paste Half of ring missing，badly damaged Diam c．3．7 K 10 10t．9（Drturbed laser）
435．Fragment of a tibuha，as No． 3.55 Only the madelle of the bow left Length 6．2 K 10 ．10＋9（1） layerl．
436．Wounting of bronze，consisting of a corcular ring fixed to a double nail by a loop Diem．of ring 5．0．K io． IOt 5 （Disturbed layer）
437 Pestle of basalt，in the shape of a truncated cone．With rounded base and top 1 enexth 65 K -7.9
4,3 Straight，phan brone pin wath pornted end，broken in two pleces．Lenerth 110 Fis 92.0
 60．（6．1152．
$+{ }^{+} 0$ Chisel axe－head of mon，Hat，whth stranght edge． rounded top．croular hole near top for fixme it in－ to the cleft heas of a wooden hate by means of a bolt． Wueh dentroved lemegth 150 （ 6 11，$i$
++1 liratment，ot an won kate with one cutane calae 1，ensth 59；52，3：（•，11か2．


＋43 The blade of an mon kntfe smalar to No．sof Length $13+(61166$
+++ l＇an Whate $V$－mall bowl．as $\lambda_{0}$ fot，but wathout
 1185
4＋5．Bull of teriacotta wath colindrical boly，strameht． pers－shaped legs viehtly taperine downwards，tranerular head．snout narrow and almont pointed．eyes larere and circular，marked b．eth with buttons in reluef and with paint．horn，ercle，cath indicated bey flat projection，

risht hand leas．braket at neck and breast marked by a ways，vertical rehtif tinc．Body，breant，and legs are eosered by a painted network，sugerestane a ceremonial conemen＇lhe tal w panted black and the har between the horns is marked by a harse black dot inout repared，encls of horns massines．Lenesth 220 ．K 7 ． 91.5
$44^{6}$ ．Pike of mon，round in section，with pointed end and four－sided，narrowed top for fixing it to a wooden shaft． Lengeth 300．\＆ 5 IIf 8.
47 Bronze mounting in the shape of a rosette，plereed by none large，trapezoid and nane small，trangular holes around the central part：decorated with enchased ornaments of rosettes an the central part and a row of nine palmettes and rolutes around the edge．Diam． y． 8 （ 5 1示．\％．
$44{ }^{\circ}$ Arrow－head of bronze，as No +7 ．Length 5．2．In the steres．
＋4）Flat，circular bronze finger－ring：broken：pleces missing

＋50 Fragments ot a bronze sheet．K 7 ． 915.
451．Black thp Wheel－made（turned on twurnette）jug with base－ring：oval body；rather narrow，almost cylindrical neck；ring－shaped rim：encircling ridge around base of neck；ribbed body：handle from rim to shoulder． Heruhe 235 ．K 7.915.
4．52 Jerracotta bull of Baserming Ware，wath cylnalrical f xly：peg－shaped lesi；no feet；very thatk，rased neck， wade，moclelled brisket．Light surface with dark； way lines from neck down to forelegs，dark dots on the back．Two holes bslow the belly．Head and prece of tall and twu lears mossing．Legs reparred Length

4．3．Flat．（arcular beonze finger－rmur．Dam if．Is 7 415
＋5．Plan．straght bronze pin．Length io 8．K 7．9i．5．
455．Bull of terracotta wath eylindrical bady；per－shaped legs tapering downwards；triangular head；neck broad and bulging，snout almost cylindrical；mouth marked hỵ an inclsed，horizontal line；nostrils by twu dots； eyen projectane；horns and ears upright，tal hoot and hangs resht down；bratiet markecl bỵ a verticat ridge； three holen roushly perced at the front The body． neck and les are cosered hỵ a black painted network udesesting a ceremonial covering；forthead is covered by hormontal strokes：the eyes，ears，and the tall are panted black forns．two leas broken；one ear miss－ me．Lenerth 230 ．K－ 915.
456．L．ump of red whre of irregular shape．Leneth 57．K 7 ． 91．5．
＋5\％．Plan White V sack－shaped juer with flat base；plain rim，handle trom rm to beliy．Height 8．0．（ 6 ．in 6.8.
+5 Bronze bracelet，as No． $14 \%$ Diam． 7.5 ．（ 6 ． 116.8.
＋59 Shallow bronze lamp with Hat base；wade，flat rim with a relict lene．endine in two small loups for hanering the lamp＇lhe nowze 1, long and namon with concate ach（）$n$ the rma on each uale of the nozzle are two
conventionalized burds facing each other, also used as mountings for fixing the chain or wre by means of which the lamp was hung up. Diam. io 0. ( 6.1168 . 460. Iron finger-rıng, as No. 32. Dam 3.0. (C 6. 116.s 461. Bronze sheet, very destroyed. Length 90. F 2115.6 462. Iron knife, smildr to No. iSo. Length 21.5 C 5. 117.3 .
463. Terracotta bull with cslindrical body, straight, pegshaped legs; no feet; long tall falling along the left hind leg; rased, cylindrical neck; small, almost pointed nozzle; large hutton-eyes in relief with rased eyebrow. and projecting ears The body is covered hy a coarse network of broad, sertical and horizontal lines. Both horns and plece of left ear mosing. Length 22 \& . K \% . 91.3.
464. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4; decorated with small, concentric circles. Dram. 2.0. F 2 (Bothros).
465. Fragments of a shallow, round bronze bowl. E 2. r21.o.
+66. Fragment of straight iron knife with one cutting edge, point and upper part missing. Length 20.5. K io. i mo. S .
467. Circular pestle of basalt, with one side flat, the other chipped and worn. Diam. 6.6. K 9. 90.3.
46S. Mace-head of basalt, similar to No. 320 . Diam. 14.0. K 9.90 .3 .
thy. Bronze earring, spiral-corled. Diam. i.y C 7 . In the sieres.
470. Oval earring of bronze, similar to No. 217. Dadm. 3.6. K 7. 90.0.
471. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4. Diann. 2.7. K \%. 89.7.
472. Seal of steatite in the shape of a truncated pyramid, piereed by a hole at the top and with a roughly square base Incised with short lines circularly arranged around a central dot. Height 2.0. K 7. 89.6.
473. Earring of gold, buat-shaped, with overlapping ends. Diam. 2.o. К 7. 90.0.
474. a) Depressed globular bead of light-blue glass paste. plerced by a hole through the centre.
b) Bead of multicoloured glass paste, of the same shape, but smaller and with three projections in darker paste. Wurn.
c) Bubbin-shaped bead of dark glass paste: incomplete.
d) Bead of farence, as No. 197. Diam. a) 1.5. b) 1.3 .
c) Length i.O. d) i.2. К 7 . yo.0.
475. Black Bucchero Handmade slightly depressed jug with low foot; slightly tapering neck; handle from rim to shoulder. A nidge around the neck, and body corered by vertical ridges. Rim and pieces of neck and foot mosing. Height 20 5. K 7. yo.o.
4-6. Plan White Wheel-made oval jur with low foot, concave neck; splaying rim, twin-handle from neck to shoulder. A ridge around the neck. Helght 23.5 K -. 90.0.
477. Terracotta bull of Base-ring Ware with eylindrical body; peg-shaped less; tal hanging straght down, very thack, raned neck; large, trangular head; narrow
muzzle; erect horns, large button eyes, short ears; modelled brisket to breast Nouth, nostrils, eqehrows, hairs on forehead and Ines on the shoulder, indicated hy inciouns. Left horn, right ear, and left forelear restored Laght surface with brown. dotted painting. Length $1 \mathrm{~S}_{3}$. K 7 - 90.0
$4-8$ Stranght, thick needle of boonze with ponted end, and an evelet at the upper end. Length 163 . K - . go.9.
479. a) Oval mace-head of basalt with a hole bored through the centre. Length 9 ; K 7 . yo.9
h) Axe-head of basalt: Hat, shightly consex budy: narrowed top; slightly cursed tuttong edge Lengeth 5.0. К 7 ., 9.9.
t 80 . The knob of a bone handle perted by a cylindrical hole: decorated with incised lines Length 2.7. K 7. gi I
48i. Cylindrical bead of multicoloured glass paste, with a hole through the longtudinal axis. Length 2.5 . K 7. 91.1.
fiz. Cylinder seal of steatite with a hole plereed lengthwise Ensraved representation of three women dressed in long gowns, with pronted hoods on therr heads, performong a round dance; eneraced tree ornaments between the dancers. Length 25 . К 7 . gi.i.
483. Circular spindle-whorl of terracota, with both sides slightly convex, perced by a hole through centre Worn and chipped. Dlam. 4.3. F 9. 91 2
$+^{+}+$. Bronze awl, with ponted end, top hammered hopare for fiong to a handle; point misong Leneth 146 . $\begin{array}{lll}W & 15 & 8.6\end{array}$
485 . Leaf-shaped arrow-head of bronze, withnut mudrib; straight tang. Length 7.2 . HI 9. 107.7.
486. Fragment of the cheek-piece of a helmet, only the rectangulat, straght handle, perced at the base by two holes, presersed. Lengeth 9.5. II \&. 115 s.
48\%. Horse's head of terracotta, as that of Nois $55^{6}$ Hewelit $65.11+$ 113. 7
488. a) Bronze mountins consisting of a dine conered by a rosette in enchased work, plerced by a staple to which is attached a small, circular ring. Half the dic missing Diam. ...O. 11 +. 1135
b) Rectangular bronze mounting, prered by holee arranged in righag alones edge. Lengeth 5.5 II 4. 113.5.
c) Fragment of a small bronze bracelet, da $\mathcal{X} \%$ su Defaced and preces misint. Diam. c. $8.0 .11+113.5$. d) Bronze finger-ring, as No int b Diam. 25 . H + 113 .5.
e) Iron finger-ringe as Nou 32 . Only fragments preserved. Length of hezel $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$. 114 . 113.5.
$f^{89}$ Frament of a horse's head the head is adorned wath black pant, formmer a network on the nose. Fars and mane are panted hlack, the eyes progect sloghtly and are indieated by black dots Only the central part of the head remans Lenuth 7.5 . Х is. S6.i.
490. Large iron knife, smmlar to No. iof; tang prerced hy three iron riser, One riset misong Lengeth. 390 H9. 1152.
+y1. Square mounting of bronze with that base and short, concave, tapering sides 'Two holes through base and one hole through each side. Length 6 3. H 9. 1152
492. Small fragment of an arrow-head of aron H9. 1152
493. Circular, than siluer finger-ring. Diam $_{1}=3$. II 8 In the steves
494 Straight hronze awl with pointed end and thicker upper end, square in section, for fixing to a handle Length $1+45$. E 9. $96+$.
495. Plan White $V$ small jug with oval, depressed body: flat base; concave, tapering neck, stalted rm; handle from rim to shoulder Handle missing: rim chipped Surface worn. Ifenght 9.7. H 3. IIt.2
4ob. Fragment of a plate of grey, soft steatite wath base-ring: curved outline; plain rim. The inside of the plate is Hat Diam. c. 24.0. C 7. 1095.
497. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 351. Length 5.5. J 7. 1II.
498. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 47. Length $5 .+\mathrm{j} \%$. III. 3.

49 Bronze finger-ring, as No rit b. Dam. 2.25 J i IfI3.
500. Apindle-whorl of steatite, as No. + Diam 1.65. J 7 III.3.

50I. Straight bronze rivet with a flattened, hammered head at each end. Length 2.5 J 7 . III.3.
502. Arrow-head of aron, as No. 176. Length 7.8 . H 6 1053 (Deposit).
503. Arrow-head of iron, as No 176 . 'Tang broken Lenerth S.2. H 6. 105.3 (Deposit).
504. Fragnent of an iron knite. H 9. 110.0.
505. Fragments of strip-shaped bronze mounting, decorated with grooved, parallel lines The fragments consist of two straight strips at squate angles and a curved strop, together formone approximately a quarter of a circle. The bronze strips are naled to an aron sheet of whith small pieces remain. 'The whole seems orignally to have served as a mounting of a short side of a wooden box with curved lid. Length 6.S. J 6. 110.9.
506. (irculat disc of ivory with one side that, the other side slughtly conses; plerced by a hole throurh centre on the convex sode s a friege of interseating semmerites, burdered by encircling lines. Peces mesine Diapla 52. ( 7. Iot. S .
 7.0. J7. In the sheves
503. Cylindrical bronze socket with one end broken: the other end provided with a rounded heal with upper and lower moulded borders. Length 100 II 9. III.2.
sog. Long, narrow strip of bionze, probably used tor borderine a wooden obect Leneth Iz
510. Arrow-head of hronze, as No. ti Length 5.o. Ja 1 I5.4.
5II. Straght bronze pin with one end ending in a spatula and the other in an ohlong. thick knoh. Instrument for panting eyehrows and lip Length if 3 . II 3 . $11+9$.
512. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 47. Length 6.3. W 16. 91.6.

513 Fragment of a sheld buss of bronze with a conical peg in the centre, b:rdered $b \underset{\text { a dotted and an impressed line }}{ }$ around edge. J 8. i11.0.
5 It 'rhree fragments of arun rods. Length i4.2: 5.5; 5.6 . J S. iliso.
515. Arow-head of bronze, as No 47. Length $65 . \mathrm{J} 8$. III.O.
516. Loom-werght of terracotta, as No. 63. Diam. 4.9. I) $8.103 .+$
517. Iron knife as No. 333; flat, short tang, plerced by rivetholes. Point missing. Length 9.7. D 7. Io6.1.
5id. Lquare plaque of red-brown steatite, being half of a mould fur casting minur ubjects, as three bubbinshaped beads pierced by holes through the longitudinal axis; two small, hemispherical beads with ribbed bodies; a boat-shaped pendant decorated with ridges around the neck, and a crescent-shaped plaque. In two corners are encular holes for fixing the two halses of the mould together. Length 5.2. J 6. 103.4.
5ry. Pestle of basalt, with slightly convex base; flat sides; wedge-shaped. Length 10.0. J 6. 103.+.
520. Spandle-whorl of steatite, as No. 39; around the edge a border of incised, encarcling lines and concentric semicircles Dtam. 3.9 J 7. 102.9.
521 Plan White II bobbin-shaped bottle wath pointed base. Neck and handle missing. Height it. 3. J 7. io4.8. 522. Cylindrical ivory handle with incised lines around the end.. Length 7.0. I 6. rog.7.
523. Earring of bronze, as No. 470. Diam. 2.3. I 6. 109.7.

524 Scarab of white steatite, Tソpe $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$. Representation see Appendices $I$ and II. Length i.i. H7. 1079.
525. Biconkal bead of cornehan, with one sade Hattened. No hole. Lenath 21. II 9.1032.
520. Bobbin-shaped bead of cornelian, prerced by a hole through the longitudinal axis. Ends chipped. Length 2.0. D 6. In the sieves
527. Globular bead of multicoloured glass paste, pierced by a hole through centre, Surface worn. Diam. 1.2. i) 6 . In the sueves.

524 Spandle-whorl of terracota, as No. 4i3. Dam. 5.2. I) 6 . In the sleses.
529. Plan White V small, depressed oval jug with fat base; concave, narrow neck; sulted rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 5.9. I 6. IIo.i.
530. Varıous fragments of bronze sheet; of which one rectankular, pierced by three holes at each short end, and three roughly merced holes in one loner side. Length 59 I 6 110. S
531. Fragment of a bronze pin. Length +.3. D 9. Ioi. S.
532. Par of leech-shaped earrings of bronze, partly broken. Dram. 29. D9. IOI.S.
533 Pear-shaped pendant of green faience paste, with a hole through the upper encl, and a rosette ornament on the front side. Length i.6. J 6. Ior.9.
534. Bronze mounting, as No. 121. Diam. 2.2. I 6. 109.6. 535. Upper part of an ivory pin wath a cylindrical head, decorated with horizontal, incised lines. The pin is decorated with an incised scale-pattern. See Nos. 103, 536. Length of fragment 35. I) 6-S. In the sieves.
536. Part of the ivory pan Nos. 103. 535; the plece fitting in between Nos. 103 and 535. Length of fragment +5 . D 6-8. In the sieves.
537. Waste from bronze castings. Length 5.8. D 6. In the sieves.
538. Circular finger-ring of silver-lead, with overlapping ends. Diam. 2.9 D) 6 . In the sheves.
539. Small, biconcial bead of cornelian, pierced by a hole through centre. Diam. o.6. I) 6. In the sieves
540. Two fragments of cırcular, incised ivory dise; burnt black. Length r.9. D 6. In the sieves.
54 . Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4. Damaged; pieces missing. Diam. 2.2. D 8. In the sieves.
542. Bronze finger-rıng, as No. 9. Diam 2.3. H 9. 102.2.
543. Fragment of a bronze needle with pointed end. Upper part missing. Length 3.7. H 9. Ioz.2.
54. Various bronze fragments. H 9. 102.2.
545. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4. Damared. Diam. 1.65. D 8. In the sieves.
546. Rectangular, flat whetstone, pierced $b y$ a hole; of sandstone. Broken; pieces missing. Length 7.7. J S. 10.3.7.
547. Arrow-head' of bronze, as No. 351. Length 5.2. N 9. 109.5.
548. Nail of bronze. Length $4+$ N 9.1095
549. Pestle of basalt, as No. 12. Length 13.5 . H 6 (Deposit)
550. Coarse bowl-shaped lamp; roughly round; flat bottom; two string-holes below rim. Hand-made. 'Traces of soot left. Diam. 5.8. H 6 (Deposit).
551. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 576. Tang broken. Iength 8.7. H 6 (Deposit).
552. Bronze strıp, as No. 509. Length 5.2. II 6 (Deposit)
553. White Painted IV bowl with flat base, nearly vertical sides; plain rim. Decorated with a broad band below rim. Diam. 10.0. H 6 (Deposit).
554. Coarse depressed globular jug with round base; cylindrical, short, splayng neck; plain rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 13 o. H 6 (Deposit).
555. Bichrome IV globular, depressed amphoriskus with low foot; crlindrical neck; tlat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around neck and belly; concentric circles around neck; bordered frieze consisting of hanging lotus buds alternating with erect, larger buds; in between are two semicircles, the inner filled; ladder-pattern on handles and rim; foot painted black. Rim and foot chipped. Height 17.5. H 6 (Deposit).
556. 'Terracotta horse with tubular legs; short, narrow body; tall, straight neck; hogged mane; small, conical head with mouth, nostrils, ever, and ears roughly modelled; tail hanging along r. hund leg; genital organs marked, front-cover on breast; modelled nose-band, front-hand, cheek-hand, blinkers, and plume, tassels hanginer below
chin. On the horse's back, remains of two figures: of the man rider the seat only is preserved: leas bent hat $k$ and hands grasping the mane close by the borse's ears; in fromt, sttong "side saddle" is a small figure holdines a statf in his bent, r. arm and a ribbon wound around the forthead, modelled in 'snom-man' tecbnique. Black and red bands around hoofi; upper part of tall painted black: body washed red: black lines around eves; red dots on front-cover, traces of black and red chequers on r. hind les. Body of main rider, ears, and cheek-pieces of horse missing, the whole statuette put together from pleces. Length 22 I. HI 6 (Depusit).
557. Straight aron pin with square sectoon. Iead and point missing. I engeth 6 2. H 6 (Deposit)
558. Black-on-Red II (1V) oval amphorrskos with base-rıng; cylindrical neck; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encarcling Ines and bands around neck and body; concentric circles around shoulder; black $I m$ and handles Pieces of neck, rim, and one handle missing. Herght 16.7. If 6 (1)eposit).
539. Coarse Jug, as No. 554. Hencht 13 4. H6 (I)eposit).
560. Terracotta horse. as No. 556. Henght 23.0 H 6 (Deposit).
561 Plain White IV bottle, as No 652. Height ro.h. H 6 (Deposit).
562 Two fragments of iron arrow-heads; one wath square section and pointed end J.ength $4.8 ; 5.7$. If. (o (1)epontt).
563. Arrow-head of ron, as No. 176. Lengeth 72. II 6 (Deposit).
$5^{6} 4$ Arrow-head of iron, as No. i-6. 'Tang missing Length 4.9. H 6 (Deposit)
565. Coarse globular amphoriskos with round base; crlindrical neck; small, vertical loop-handles on shoulders Rim chipped. I Ieight Ir.t. II O ( Depondt).
56x. Bichrome 15 alobular, depressed amphorintos with low foot; cyhndrical neck; Hat rim, handles from rim to shoulder. Bichrome encirclines lines and bands around neck, helly, and inside the neck, irregular wary line around neck; frieze around shoulder consisting of erect lotus flowers, their trangular interstices filled with network; black foot. Peeces of neck, body, and both handes massing. Heraht 18.6. I 6 (Deposit).
567 Arrow-head of aron, as No. 1-6. 'Tang broken. Leneth 7.s. H 6 (Deposit).
568. Grev. Polished conical bottle with flat base; narruw neck with handle-ridge; funnel-rim; handle from radge to bidy. Pleces of rim missing. Ileigbt sio. Il 6 (Deposit)
509 Plan White IV small, depressed juir with flat base; no neck; large, panched rim, handle from rim to body. Height 5.3 H 6 (Deposit).
5\%0. White Painted IV globular miniature jug with flat hase: narrow neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around the neck and belly; three concentric carcles on boulder, black handle. Neck and part of handle masing Hewht b,o. It b (l)eposit).

571．Grey Polshed globular minsature jug with flat hase： narrow neck with handle－radge，funnel－mouth．Handle from ridge to shonlder．Part of hody and handle missingr．I Ierght 7.2 H 6 （Deposit）．
5フュ．（irey Pohshed imall，shallow bowl with flattened hase： contracted rimi with flattented top；two was horizontal handles on the body．Imatation of a bronze bowl． Diam 7．6．FI 0 （Deposit）．
573．Bichrome IV globular amphorskos wath low stem： evindracal neck：fiat rm：handles from rim to shoulder． Enerclines lines and hands around neek，shoulder， belly，and stem，concentric eareles around neck and shoulder：brode tramed．transserse strokes on rim， on handles vertical line and transverse lines framed by rertical bands．Heıght 21.0 ．H 6 （Deposit）．
574．Grey Polished mınıature Jug，as No． 57 i．Height 6．6． II 6 （Deposit）．
575 Grey Polished minature jug，as No 571．Part of body chopped，handle misang I leaght 62．If 6 （Deposit）
576．Coarse amphortskon，as Xo．565 Henght 183．H 6 （Deposit）．
577 Bichrome Voval amphoriskos with flat base：çlindicical， shghtly splaying neck：rim sloping downuards，small， horizontal handles un shoulder．Encirclang lines and h．inds around neck and belly，concentric urcles around shoulder，hack handles One handle misang．Ilenght IS5．H 6 （Deposit）．
578．Arrow－head of ron，as No．176 Length 10．1．II 6 （Deposit）．
579．Arrow－head of iron，as No．i， 6 ＇Tang mussing．Length 7．6．H 6 （Deposit）．
580 Fragment of a horse uf terracota，smular to No 556 ． Iengrth 130．H 6 （Deposit）．
58i．Aroow－head of hronee，as No． 47 Length 6.0 N 9 rog 3.
582．An arrerular，hooked bronze bar．Lengeth 8．o No． 1093
553 ．Fragment of broad aron knife with two cutting edges and madrib．Lenuth g．S．N 9.100 .3
$5^{\circ}+$ ．Frasment of an iron rod，round in section Length S95．N 9.1043.
585．Plan White Wheel－made jug，as No．426．Damaged Heraht $286 . \quad \mathrm{J} 7 \mathrm{~g} 9$
5 86 ．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．4．Diam．20．J 7 941.

587 Pebhle－stone of reddish quartz．Length 2．3．J 7．938
588 ．Conical spindle－whorl，as No．105．Diam． 35 C 6 1025.
$58 y$ small，cone－shaped pestle of basalt llalt of the pertle mwing length 24 C $^{\circ} 7.1025$ ．
590 ．A bundle of than needles shoghty twasted around each other，perced by eselets at the top：pornted ends． Length 9．5．C 6． 1025.
59r．Fragments of aron mounting of irregular shape． prerced by two bronze nals（ -7025
 mising $\mathrm{D}_{\text {lamı }}$～ 1 （．7． 1025.

593．Plan White IV sack－shaped bottle with flat base； very short，concase neck；splaying，plain rim；elevated handle from ram tu hody．Herght 13．9．H 7 （Deposit）． 594．（irey Polshed glohular manature jue with flat bottom； no neck；pinched rim，handle from rim to shoulder． Herght 5．2． H ；（Deposit）．
595．Bichrome IV manature jug，as No． 57 r．but with raised， that base．Black encirching lines around neck：three groups of two large，concentric circles．each with a small corcle in the maddle，coverng the hody in red pant；hack transserse strokes on handle．Rim missing． Heaght 6 6．If 7 （I）eposit）．
506．Coarse shailow plate with flat base and plain ram． Diam． 12 s．II 7 （Deposit）．
597．Black－on－Red II（IV）minature jug，as No．571．En－ cricling lines around rim．neck，and bodṣ；frieze of oblique lines around shoulder；black handle．Pieces of rim and body missing．Hesght 6．3．H 7 （Deposit）．
sos．Plan Whate IV sack－shaped jug with round base； no neek；ponched rim；handle from rim to shoulder． Prece of mom missing Helght go．H 7 （Deposit）．
599．Red Slip III（V）sack－shaped bottle with flat base； concave，narrow neck；pinched rim；handle from fim to shoulder．Only upper part of body is covered by a red slip．Height i8．5．H 7 （Deposit）．
600．Plan White IV bottle，as N゙o．593．Heaght ir．0．H 7 （Deposit）．
601．Fragments of two arrow－heads of aron．Only the tangs and small parts of hlades preserved．Length 4.6 ； 3 5．H 7 （Deposit）．
602．Double－curved iron knife with one curved cutting edge，pointed end；broad，Hat tang pierced by two rivets，and cursed in the opposite direction．Length בSo．II T（Depont）．
00．3．Girey I＇ohshed glohular manature jue with that bottom； narrow neck；handle from neek to shoulder．Part of neck and rim missinc：surface chipped．Height 5．7． II 7 （Deposit）．
6o4．Bichrome $V$ hiconical minature jug with raised，flat base；neck，rim，and handle massing．Black ohloque lines bordered hỵ encircling lines，and a frieze of hanging bichrome lotus flowers around shoulder．Paint worn．Heteht q．o．HI 7 （Deposit）．
605 （irey Polshed minnature jug，as No．603．Neck，rim， and handle missing Ileight 4．4． $\mathrm{H}_{7}$（Deposit）．
6ob．Fragment of a White Painted IV oval jug，with flat base．Encircling lines and bands around belly．Height 7．0．II 7 （Deposit）
tro－Plan White iV plate，an No 239 ．Part of howl missing． Dam． 15.211 －（I）eposit）．
bori．Coarse ulobular amphora，as No 565 ．Preces of rum and neck massing Herght is．i．H 7 （Deposit）．
Goy．Bichrome IV owal，depressed amphoriskos with base－ ring：handles from rim to shoulder．Bichrome encireling lones and band around neck，belly，and base；concentric crrces around neek：two chans of loops filled with red on black ground bordered with encorclane lines，
around shoulder. Neck, handles, and preces of the base-ring missing. Helght 15.o. H 7 (Deposit).
610. Plain White V bowl watb flat base and plan rim Pieces missing. Dam. c. if.o. H 7 (Deposit)
611. Bicbrome IV sballow buwl with raised, that bave; bent-in rim, traces of two horizontal bandles at rim. Bucbrome encircing lines and bands outorde and inside rim; large, concentric carcles inside; encircling lines and bands outside; concentric carcles on bottom. Incomplete. Diam. c. z2.o. H 7 (Deposit).
612. Bichrome V depressed amporiskos wath slightly convex neck; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Bicbrome encircling lines and binds around neck and belly; sertes of black trapezords burdered by bichrome lines and bands on rim; concentric circles around neck, and a panel-pattern consisting of concentric circles separated by red vertical bands on shoulder; handles bordered by black bands, the upper part covered by transwerse strokes, the lower by central band. Part of belly and lower part of pot, missing Heieht 153. II 7 (Deposit).
613. Black-on-Red II (IV) miniature jug, as No. 571. Encircling lines around neck; concentric carcles around shoulder. Further decoration not visible. The surface is covered by soot and damaged by fire. Height 6.3. H 7 (Deposit).
6it. Black Polished miniature jug, as No. 5:s, but with large, flat rm. Ifeight 6.9. H 7 (Deposit).
615. Plain White IV bottle, as No. 593. Damaged. Hetght 11.5. H 7 (Deposit).
616. Bichrome V' biconical amphoriskos with high base-ring Bichrome encircling lines around neck, belly, and base: lotus ornanients framed by oblupue ladder-patterns, and Hanked by concentronaltzed designs of bords on shoulder Neck, handle, and preces of body missme. Height 14.2. IH 7 (Deporit).
617. Bichrome IV amphoriskos, as No. 555. Neck and handles missing Height $\mathbf{1 6 . 0}$. H ; (Deposit).
6IS. Fragment of an iron knife with one cutting edge; flat tang, pierced by a rivet. Length 7.S. $\mathrm{H}_{7}$ (Deposit).
619. Coarse globular ampboriskos with round base, sharply marked sboulder-line; concave, short neck; plan rim; rertical loop-handles from shoulder to belly. Pieces of neck, shoulder, and belly missing. Herght 16.5. H 7 (Deposit).
620. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 176. Tang and point missing. Length +.4. $\mathrm{H} ;$ (Deposit).
621. White Painted IV oval jug with flat base. Encorcling lines around neck and belly; groups of small, concentric circles around sboulder. Surface and paint much worn, tbe upper part, pleces of belly, and handle mossing. Height 11 5. H 7 (Deposit)
622. Loom-weight of terracotta, as No. 3o. Height 50 I 6. In the sieves.
623. Finger-ring of bronze, as No.9. Diam. 2.3. $\mathrm{H}_{2} . \mathrm{I}_{17} \mathrm{~S}$.
624. Bronze earring, as No 4.3. Dram 2.1. H1 2. 117.8.
625. Finger-ring of bronze, as No 9. Diam 22. II 2. 117. X.
626. Black-on-Red II (IV) oral, depressed ampborishos with Hat, ralsed base: celindrical, slightly concave neck, flat run; handles from rum to sbsulder. Encircling lines and bands around neck and belle: eoneentric wrea around neck and shoulder: transseree strohes burdered wath bands on rim preces of rim, nech, and bork handles mising Helgbe i6.4. H ; (Depusit).
627. Grey Polshed manature ghobular juy with that base; no neck: pinched mouth, bandle from rim to sboulder. Pleces of body and handle mising Helght $5+117$ (Deposit)
62B. Hechrome $V$ biconical ampborshon with low foot: taperines neck: rum blopme downards. handic from rim to shoulder Decoration as No 5.55 R im and forst chipped: one handle misomer. Hergbt $\mathbf{1 5 . 2}$. H 7 (Deposit).
629. Bichrome IV amphoriskios with base-ring; ovord body. celindrical neck, flat rim, handles fiom rim to sboulder. Framed transverse lines on rim: ladder-patten on handes, concentric areles on neck, crossed by an encircleng red line, encircline bands and lines around base of neck, body, and base, on shoulder a frieze of alternating, erect and pendant lotus Howers with five petals. Hersht 19 5. H 7 (Deposit).
630. Bichrome V biconical amphoriskus with low forot; handles from run to shoulder. Decoration almost obliterated but traces of encirching lines around neck and groups of cherrons on shoulder still whble 'The upper part of pot massing. Jeesht 137 . H 7 (1)eposit).
631. Black-on-Red II (15) oval amphoriskon with rathed. flat base: handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around neck and belly; aroups of small concentric circles around shoulder. Neck ancl handles. missing: mat pant Itergbt if.o H 7 (l)ejoratt)
632 Arrow-head of uon, di N. 1-6 Thans misung 1 anuth 39. 117 (I)eposit)
633. Bichrome IV depressed amphornkos wath low foert; cylondrical reck; flat rim; handle trom rum to shoulder Btchrome encircling lines and bands around neek and bells; concentric circles around neck, alternating red and blak vertual bands filled with herring-bine pattern on shoulder; transserse strokes on rom, ladiler-pattern on handle: inside of neck and the towt panted ted One handle massing; rum and foot chapred. Iletrht 16.5. H 7 (Deposit).
634. Iron fragments belonging to the armour No 236. 11 , (Deposit).
635. Bichrome IV depressed ampboriskos, as Nor 55. but wath small, erect lotus buds motead of the semecircles Pieces of neck and rim restored. Whagh 1 is 5. H 7 (Deposit).
636. Finger-rine of bronze, as No. 9 Dam 21511 ニ In the sieves.
637 Bichrome IV depressed ampboriskos with low foot and handles from rom to shoulder Buhrome encirchag lines and bands around neck and belle: friege around shoulder of erect lotus buds, eiery second bud con-
neected with intersecuner tral Neck，handle，and most of foort missing．I Ierght 115 ．II 7 （Deposit）．
03 liagment of an ron pin with one thate end Half of the pin masing lengeth +55 II 7 （Deposit）
 6 5 II - （Deporat
（1，Aro Aro－head of rom，is No iof．Tang broken．Length bの H 7 （Depusit）．
ofr Bichrome IV amphoriskos，as No． 633 Base chrpped． Hewht 1h．3 I－（Deposit）．
$6_{+2}$ Black thp Whect－male on．ll jue wath wade．rased，Hat bane，shaghtly tapering neek；rulge around neck．Body w wosered b veatical urooses．＇The upper part of neek， rma，and handle misaine．Height If．2．I－J 7．103．4
${ }^{6}+3$ Contcal seal of black steatite，puerced hy a transverse hole．Representation of a deer lying，with bent legs； head turned backwards．Head，horns，and body naturalistacally rendered with delicately earsed detarls Hewht $1+1 I-(1$ eposit）．
6＋t．Arrow－heid of beonze，as No．351．Ienerth 7．2 J 10. 110.5

64．5 Conical seal of hard，black steatite，plerced by a hole at the top．Eneraved lepresentation of a tree or a tway of a tree with lancet－shaped leaves．The surface is badly injured and a large plece moning．Herght 2.15 ． I） 6 In the seres
 In the sicues
 $92+$
645．Arrow－head of bronze，ds Niv．4．Length $5 . \overline{\mathrm{F}} \mathrm{J} 10$. II 3.1
6＋1）I＇win－handle of hronze jue with a eemacircular cramp， pereed bs tour racts for fivane the handle to the jug． and endane at the lowor end wath a palmette lenerth 101）J 10 1147
 N s．gy．s．
651．Red Silip 1 II（V）cup－shaped，small howl with raised， Hat hase，icrtical，depresed handle from rim to belly．

652．Plan White V bottle．a No 59．i．but without neck and with ordinary handle Iferght 117 ． 11 （（I）eposit）
＂s．Buhrome IV spheracal jug wath rased．Hat bane： narrow，slightly playing neck with handle－ridge， wade，flat rim；a handle from radge to shoulder．En－ erreling black lines around uppes part of neck；rim painted red，three groups of hangine concentric eireles attached to each other as front ornament，opposite the blatk handle．Irece of handle mossing Ilemght S．a． I 1 －（I）eposit）．
65t．Black Polinhed jug，hape as No．653 Prece of handle minsing I Ielght $1,7 \mathrm{H}$ •（Depent）
655．（irey Polwhed jug，shape as No．653，hut with flat base． Heluht os $1[7$（Deposit）．
656 Plan White $V$ buttle，as No 6ラマ．Neck and handle maming．Iferght 120 ．II 7 （I）ip int

657．Bichrome V shallow plate with Hat base；flat，slightly splaying rim；two strong－holes at rim．Encurcling bi－ chrone Innes and bands inside；rim painted black outside $\mathrm{D}_{\text {tam }}$ ． $12+\mathrm{II} 7$（Deposit）
658．Plan Whate IV plate，as No 2．39 Dama． 136 ．I 7 （Deposit）．
059．Bichrome V shallow plate with flat base and plann rim． Bichrome encarcling lines and bands inside．Paint much worn．Incomplete．Diam．I3．0 H ，（Deposit）．
660．Grey Polished globular miniature jug with that base； long，eyrindrical，narrow neck；pinched mouth；handle from rim to shoulder．Handle missing，body chipped． Hewht 60 ． I 7 （Deposit）．
661．Plan Whate $V$ hattle，as No 652．Handle missing， rini chipped．Herght 12.0 ．IH 7 （Deposit）．
662 White Painted IV globular jug with flat，raised base； short，narrow，concave neck；pinched mouth；handle from rum to shoulder．Encircling lines around rim and neek；threc groups of concentric circles around shoulder； one group placed as front ormanent and the two others on each side of the handle；rertical bands on handle． Preces of rim mising．Ileight it．5．If 7 （Deposit）．
663．Grev Pols hed shallow bowi with rounded base；concave， splaying rim：two small，horizontal handles on body． Diam．S．+ H 7 （Deposit）．
66 + Coarse shallow，shell－shaped lamp with rounded base； Adt，wide rum，punched wick－holder on each side of the lons，slightly curred trin－handle．Dam．I5．＋．H 7 （Deposit）．
655．Plan Whate V shallow bow with flat base and plan rim．Incomplete and much damaged．II 7 （Deposit）．
666．Arrow－had of bronze，as No．271．Length＋S．J II． 113.0 ．

60，${ }^{-}$．Bronze cramp in the shape of a staple with both end， hooked，formmer a straght sade．＇I＇he buw is sheghtly moulded．Width 25 J 10 ．I 100 ．
6os．Fragments of a monting of thack bronze sheet in the shape of a rosette．Length＋0．J ro．IIO．O．
669．Iron knife，similar to No．ro6．Length 20．9．J II． 1129.

6－o．a－b）A thell and an olve stonce，the later carbonised and broken．S 17 iso．
6－1 l＇estle of bavalt，in the shape of a truncated cone， wath that hwe．Base chppped Heluht 60 W 17．75．t．
6，2．Finger－ring of bronze，as No．9．Diam．2．2．II 2． In the sicues．
67．3 Arrow－head of bronze，as No． 351 Length 62．Stray find．
674．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．47．Length +9 ．Stray find．
675 Arrow－head of iron，as No．176．Lenerth 15.3 J to． 1115.

676 Iron mounting．flat，ohlong，long sides curved in the maddle and tapering towards the slightly rounded ends． Length 2fo．J io．Iog 3 ．
677．Arrow－head of ron，as No．307．Nost of tang massine． Length 52 J io 1093
678. Finger-ring of iron, as No. 250. Diam. 2.3. Stray find.
679 . Bronze fragments of one, or probably several bowls. Very fragmentary stray find.
68\%. Amall fragments of two Bronze - Age Black Slip wheelmade jugs with ribbed body. Ienerth 5.0; 6.3. Stray find.
68'. White Painted IV depressed amphoriskos with basering; cylandrical neck; that rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around neck and belly; concentric carcles around shoulder; transierse strukes on rim; vertical bands on handles. Preces of neck and one handle missing. I Icigbt 15.9 . II 6-7 (Deposit).
682. Plain White V bottle, as No. 652. Rim missing. Height 12.+. H 6-7 (Deposit).
683. Plain White $V$ sballow bowl with flat, rased base and plain rim. Incomplete. Diam. 11.7. H 6-7 (Deposit).
68.4. Bichrome IV depressed amphoriskos with low foot; calindrical neck; handles from rim to shoulder. Bichrome encircling lines and bands around neek and belly; concentric circles around neck; on the shoulder, a triangle filled with chequers flanked by parallel lines, crossed by a vertical line, and with filled excrescences at the top; the middle square in the chess-board pattern is unfilled except for a dot in the centre, and flanked hy two degenerate lotus flowers on the shoulder between the handles, ladder-pattern on handles; foot painted red. Part of neck, one handle and preces of the other handle missing. Herght 5 .5. H 6-7 (Deposit).
685. Spindle-whorl of grey steatite, pierced by a central hole. Nuch damaged; only half preserved. Diam. 2.3. C'8. 96.6.

6S6 Earring of bronze, as No. 43. 1 1am. 22 H 2. In the sleves
6内7. Finger-ring of hronze, as No. 9. I mam. 2.2. II 2. In the sieves.
688. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 351. Length 6.2. I 7. 114.7.
689. Bichrome IV globular, depressed amphoriskos with flat base; slightly tapering neck; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling bichrome lines and bands around neck and belly; concentric circles around neck; hatack handles with triple strokes pendant from base of handles. Nost of the neck, one handle and preces of the other missing. Height 12.2. H 6-7 (Deposit).
690. Bronze earring, as No. 43. Diam. 2.0. J 8. 89.9.
691. Fragment of an ivory pun with thick, pear-shaped head. Length 6.1. J s. $88 \%$
692. Bichrome 1V-V amphorsskos whb low foot, depressed oval body; eylindrical neck; fat rim, handles fiom rim to shoulder. Framed, filled trangles on rmp; ladderpattern on handles: encircling lines around neck: encircling lines and bands around base of neck, body, and base; on sboulder a frieze of male heads. promitively drawn in profile watb large esea en face, panted cyebrews and har; two heads with conical helmets,
upper border of dress rendered as a batcbed band below chin. Height 19.5. H 6-7 (Deposit).
693. Arrow-head of bionze, as No. 256. Lenuth 3.4 17. IIfr.
694. Sphencal head of cornelan, a* No. 115 Diam 14 H7. 101.5.
695. Fragment of an mon knife witb two cutting edges and midrib. Length 5.0. S 10.10 S.r.
696. Straight iron pin; point missing. Length io 5. Nio. 108.1.

697 Circular, flat bronze finger-ring. Ibam. $24 . \times 10$. 108. 1.
608. Plan White V bottle, as No. 652. Incomplete. Ileieht 10 o. H 6-7 (Deposit).
699 Plain White V bottle, as Co. 652. P'leces of rim and budy missing. Herght ar.f. H 6-7 (Deposit).
700. Bichrome IV oval, depressed amphoriskos with small base-rins; cylindrical neck; flat rim, handles from rim to shoulder. Bichrome encircling lines and bands inside 11 m , around neck, and belly, concentric cacles around neck; erect lotus buds attached to each other by a wavy line; transverse strokes, framed by encircling lines, at rim; ladder-pattern on handles. Height 160. H 6-7 (Deposit).
701. Coarse globular jug with round base; short. shohtly concave neck, plan rim; handle from rim tu body Prece of rim miosing. Henght $135110 \rightarrow$ (1)eponit)
702. Bichrome IV oval, depressed amphoriskos with low foot; cylindrical neck, Hat rm. handles from rime to shoulder Encircling bichrome lines and bands around neck and belly; concentric circles around neck; shoulder covered by network, transserse strokes on rim; foot and inside of the neek painted red. Ram chupped, pieces of neck and both handlea maning llenght i6.5 II 6—7 (1)eposit).
Tos Iron cramp, consmane of a tratert bar wath the two ends bent at right angle: Length $5 .+\mathrm{H}$ (i--- (1)epumat)
704. a) Fragment of the periphere of the entular bronge mounting of a shold with two broad rodges around edge: one of the short ends rierced hy two holes for fixine the bronze sheet to a leather sheld. Length 19 3. H 3. 113.2.
b) Finger-ring of bronze, as No. 1. 1) 1 am 2111 . 1132.
c) Finger-ring of bronze, as $11+b \quad D_{1 a m}=3 \cdot 113$. 1132.

7os Strip-shaped mounting of lead, oxal in section. Length 4.1. I 2. 1189.
job. Oblong, flat scaraboid of white paste. A horse walkiner in profile to the roght, with arehed neck; rased, arehed tal. Finer detals worn out $\mathrm{D}_{1,1 m} 13.121189$
707. Finger-ring of bronze, as No. (1). D1am. 22 $1+1170$.

7og Plain, circular bronze mountincr plerced by two boles at the edge Dum. $2+$ (; 2. 116.1
7o. Roughly circular mountmes of bromye, plerced by holes along the edere 1) am 11.25 114 tosio (Bothrosi).
－11 Iramment of two bronze needles；one pierced by a hole through the top．length 6．1，5．4 H7．97．4．
－12．Cylmdrical bead of multicoloured glass paste．wath a hole through the longudinal axs．Lemeth is II 7 ． 100 S
713．Red Shp 111 （V），hughty beonical gug with that base， taperinge concolve neck，moulded radee between shatder and net L im and hindle mising Height $; 8$ ． H ； （Deposit）．
 Wightly splayme nect．plan rum Ifewht in．z．II 7 （1）${ }^{\text {epomat．}}$
－15 Fragments of a lmestone bain．sumbar to No $4=1$ ． Lenath too No． 9 s．
7ith．Depressed spherical bed of cornelian．with a hole through centre．Dum，is J 9．S9 i．
717．A piece of a hooked bronze bar wath square transverse section．Length $c$－ 7 N 11 ．107．9（ 0 n Wall 42 c ．
7is．Ilooked，thick moulded prece of a bronee bar Length

719）Silser pendant with rideed edee：central progection； tubutar string－hole on the edge．Dam 1 6．I 2．i15．8．
720．a）Bronze mounting，smalar to No．4 4 S a．Dam． 3.5 ． b）Bronze mounting as above，but without the disc． Dlam of ring a．fys
c）Bronze ruet in the shape of a collar－stucl with a short stem on which a smaller hutton ts fixed．Dam i． S ． $12115 \%$
i21 Fragment of thin bronze sheet．H＋ 107.6 （Bothros）
－22 Bronze comn Ohertse：Head of Zeus Ammon．Reaerse： ／／TO IEMAIUE B．AンIIE！2 Two eagles：between leas of eagle，in front $\perp$（Ptolemaeus Pholadelphus， 26－B．（＇）D 1am +7 Weight 679 ．I 3．Surface layer．
T2．）Iramment of an aron arrow－head，much rusted Leneth $+7.1311+7$.
724 Frasment of eeated，naked female fisure of terracota with modelled breasts，navel marked by a dot；mened ＂tranyle sacre＂；the arms hase been hent upwards， presed aganst the chest between breasts：lower part of legs，arms，except remans of one hand，and head morones leenuth 6．7．人 10950.
725．乌traght bronze bar w：th one end rounded．Fragment－ ary 1．ength 65 117． 1026
720．Leat－hhared arrow－hedel of tron with no madrih； －tratght tang Length 575 II 7 ．Stray find．
727 a）Arrow－head of ron，as No． 234 ：point mosing． Length 10 f． 17 ． 107.5 ．
b）Part of the thin blade of a leaf－shaped knofe of aron． with two edgen，lon madrib，pointed end Length § ； 1 － 107 5．
T2S Bronze nocket with tapering end and a large，round head． deconated with three rodsee around neck．Detaced and broken in muny preces．Lengeth 25 ．I－． 1075
（2，Arrow－head of iron，as No．i2h Point mosing Length －6 1 － 107.5
 1075.

731．Scarab of white steatute with a black glaze，Type A3－ $\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{+}$．Representation see Appendix II．Length 15． HI 7 g6s．
732．＇Two boonge strip，one rectangular in shape，with traces of an embesed ornament，and plerced by two holes through the short end；the other irregular in shape． and plan．Length 7．9：6．2．H 3． 113.7.
73．Bronze weight，as No． 403 ，inscribed（see Appendix V）． Height i．o．Weight 22.53 ．K 5 ．II 3.3 ．
－34．Sinall terracotta anımal with concare back ending in a small，knoh－shaped tanl．Neck and the two hind legs missing；only part of forelegs preselsed．Length 3 5．J Io． 872.
735．Arrow－head of bronze，as Nin 47. Length 6.3 I 2. $11+2$.
736．Finger－ring of bronze，as No．9．Diam．2．15． 12. $\mathrm{II}_{4} \mathrm{I}$
737 Fragments of a bronze sheet，one piece pierced by holes． I +111.5 ．
7,3 ．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．256．Length +0 I 4. 1115．
739 a－b）Iron fragments of a handle of a strigil and of an arrow－head．I + ．inif．
740．Fragment of the peripherrc，circular bronze mounting of a shield decorated with a string－ornament，flanked by two ridges in embossed work Length 8.0 I 2 it5．6．

7＋2．Irregular bronze mounting，consisting of a rather theck sheet．with three stdes straight；the fourth with a semi－ circular prece cut away．Length 12．2．I 3．Ini．7．
743．Bronze finger－1ing，as No．9．Incomplete．Diam．2．1． K 3． 1155 ．
i＋t Circular finger－rıng of bronze with oval，plain bezel， hammered flat．1 lam 1.2 K 2 ．it6．7．
$7+5$ Straugh bronze pin with pornted end．Kpper part masing．Length 113 I 6． 1044.

it Bichrome V＇biconcal jug with flat，raised base；short， splaying neck；pinched mouth；handle from rim to shoulder．Bichrome hands around rim and neck； leat－shaped strokes hanging in groups from neck over shoulder；red dots arranged vertically in the inter－ stices．Handle mssing Heght rio．Hy（Deposit）．
it 8 Plan White V sack－shaped jug woth flat，raised base； no neck；pinched mouth，handle from rim to shoulder． Henght iz．2．H 7 （Deposit）．
7．9 Plan White IV sack－shaped jug with flat，raised base； moulded line between neck and shoulder．Neck，rim， and handle mosine Heght 10．7．H 7 （Deposit）．
tso Plan White V sak－shaped jue，as No． 652 Rim and handle manmer．Herght 128 HI 7 （Deposit）．
T51 Plan White $V$ sack－shaped jug，tapering upwards； very short，concave neck；funnel－rim；rased handle from rum to hody．Rim chipped．Height 13．5．H 7 （Deposit．
752．Plan White V jue，as No． 652 Rint and handle mossing． Hewht re．9．II ；（Deposit）．

753．White Painted IV bowl with flat base；oblique sides； concave rim；two horizontal handles below rim Band around rim．Dlam 9．5．H 7 （Deposit）．
754．Fragment of a Plain White IV aryhallos，partly covered by a red wash；globular hedyy narrow neek with handle－ ridge；flaring rms：handle from neck to shoulder． Lower part of hody missing．Heıght 7.0 ． H 7 （Deposit）．
755．Black－on－Red II（IV）glohular mınıature jue with flat， raised base；no neck；pinched mouth；handle from rim to shoulder．Black encircling lines around neek and rim；black handle．Herght 73 H 7 （Deposit）．
756．Black－on－Red III（V）plate with flat，raised hase， erect rim；two horizontal，small handles below rim． Eneircling lines．The red slip has turned black．Decorat－ on much faded．Part missiny．Diam．ig．o．If 7 （Deposıt）．
757．Black－on－Red II（IV）globular miniature jus with flat base；narrow neck with handle－radge；handle from ridge to shoulder．Black encircling lines around ridge， neck，and belly；concentric circles around shoulder； black handle．Part of neck and rim misine Helght 5．3．H 7 （Deposit）．
758．Plain White IV jug，shape as No 757 Rim missing． Herght 7．3．H 7 （Deposit）．
759．Black－on－Red II（IV）oxal amphorsisos with flat， raised base；shgrtly convex neck；rmm sloping downwards． handles from rim to shoulder．Encircling lines around neck and belly；groups of small，concentric eircles around neek and shoulder Surface worn，pant almost obliterated here and there．Rim chipped，pieces of body missing．Height 5 5．5．H 7 （Deposit）．
760．Black－on－Red III（V）oval，slightly depressed amphor－ iskos with low foot；cylindrical neck；rmm sloping downwards；handles from rim to shoukler Enemidins lines around neck，belly，and base；frieze of oblicpue lines around shoulder．Pece of body and one handle missing．Paint worn．Hetght $20 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{H}$ ，（Deposit）．
761．Plain White IV sack－shaped jug，as No 652．I Ietght r3．2，H 7 （Deposit）．
762．Plain White IV minıature jug，as No．757，but splaying． flat rim．Slıp almost obliterated．FIeıght $5 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{H} 7$ （Deposit）．
763．Black－on－Red II（IV）minnature juer，as No 7 （bz，hut with wide，Hat，stilted rim Encarchore lines around neck and belly；concentric circles around shoulder． Paint obliterated here and there．Height 6S．H 7 （Deposit）．
764．Bichrome IV miniature jug，shape as No．－63．Bichrome encircling lines and bands around the upper part of the neck．Red painted rim and two groups of hanging， concentric circles as front ornament opposite the handle． Rim chipped Heisht 62．H 7 （I）eposit）．
765 ．White Painted IV oval jug wath flat hase，handle from ram to shoulder．Encircling lines and bands around neek and belly；concentric carcles around shoulder： transterse strokes on handle．Veck mimsing．I leisht 17．0．II 7（Deposit）．

766．The pin of a hronze fibula with a twisted spiral sprine； point missing．Length 5．6．H 7 （Deposit）．
76－．Plan Whate IV Jug，as So．652，but with ralied．flat base．Kim and handle massing．Leneth if．z．II 7 （1）eporit．
－65 Plan Whate V jug．as No 652, hut with Hat．raised base； elevated handle；moulded line between rim and houkder． Length 12．3．H 7 （Deposit）．
7og．White Pamted IV shallow howl with flat base，rounded outline：slightly splayed rim，two horizontal handles on hody．Encarciner hand around rim and inside． INiam． 7.5 II 7 （Deporit）．
770．I＇lan White IV plate．smilar to No．339．Dam，IS o． II 7 （I）eposit）．
7i．Bichrome IV amphoristos．as No 555．Rim and handles missing．Height 17．7．H 7 （Deposit）．
772．Red Shp II（IV）globular jug with base－ring Neck and handle massing．Heaght raf．$H=$（Deposit）．
77．3．Bichrome IV jus，as No．764，hut with groupe of con－ centric cireles as front ornament and transierse strolses on handle．I leight $\mathbb{S}_{2}$ ．II 7 （Deposit）．
7if Bronze fragments，prohahly belonging to check－prece of a helmet；and a fragment of a broad，straight sheet bordered by two ridges on each long side．Lenath Sч，6．8．К з．108．3．
－75 Bell－shaped bronze mountine woth two holes at the top Height 20 ．1i 5 10 3 ．
$7,6 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b})$ ．Fragments of an mon rod and a mounting，the latter consisting of a narrow，flat sttip phered be a nall．Very fragmentary．Lenath 7．0；5．6 K 5 10is．
77，Bronze bracelet，as No 147 ．Defaced．Diam．73． K゙5．1083
7－s．Bronze nanl with larese flat head and pornted end． I Looked．Lensth +S ． K 5．Io 3
フラソ．Framment of an arow－heal of mon．laneth 51 ．İ 5 10S 3.

－Si．Conical spindle－whorl of terracotta，wath a hole plereed in the middle．Height 1．9．$\lambda$－98．3．
－82．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．4；decorated with incised，small，concentric arcles．Ibam． 2 I I 6. later 6.
－83．Whetstone，rectangular，flat；of limentune leenoth 13．75．I 3． 1096 （Bothros）．
－84．Bell－shaped bronze mountong with arcular bate， concave sides，pierced by trantrular hale：top endines in a loop．Herght 3 S ．E 6．107．o（Disturbed laser）
 see Appendices 1 and 11 ．Iemerth 12. J．IIy 1.
Th6 Frasment of a carcula bronze shect．Dam． 6.5 K 10 S .3.
$\mathrm{F}_{7}$ Arrow－head of hronze，as $\mathrm{N}_{0}$ 47．Leneth 5．3．Atras find．
万is Aurow－head of hronze，as No．2－1 Lenorth ：o．Ii 4. 110．0．
－Sis）（reular，than bronze mountmat I efaced．I tam 6s． $\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{II}$ о ．
700. Bronze mounting, as No. int Dianı. 9.4. K t. ino.0.
791. Arrow-head of bronze, as No 351 . Length 9.0 'T io. 1027.
792. Iragment of an mon rod Length 6.0. 'T' II. 102.7 .

793 . Closed spout of blue fasence with rectangular transwerse section; plerced by a çlindrical hole with a shovelshaped outlet, encircliner ridere around the hole at the inner end for fiving it to the vensel Lengrh $3+45$ I 31080 (Buthros).
79+ Fragment of a hronze sheet which has been the edge of a circular plate or sheld decorated by a framed running doge ornament in enchased work. The ohject has heen molded. Length $52.1+$ In the seses.
T95 Arrow-head of bronze. a No isi. Lenoth 62. U 1 I. In the sieves.
796. Earring of sliver, as No. 348. Prece of ring missing. Dram. 1.9. I 3. Ilo 5 (Bothros).
F9\%. (ilobular head ot mold leaf. Damazed. Diam. o.6 II 3. 1105 (Buthros).
798. Finger-ring of bronze, as No. i+4. Dam. a.f. H 3 $15+5$.
799. Fragment of a stralsht bronze pan. Length 29 . HI 3 . 1105 (Bothros).
Soo. Flat, creular bead of glass paste, with a hole throush the centre; rosette ornament on the fiont side. Dram. 1.15. I 6. 104.5.

Soi. Bronze mounting, smilar to No 48. Diam. 2 4. II 3. 112.3.

So2. Bronze mounting, smmar to So. If, hat rine attached by S-shaped mounting, fixcd by rovets Diam 3.0. stray find.
bo3. Plan strıp of than geld leaf. I.ength $+\mathrm{S} . \mathrm{K} 7.90 \mathrm{~S}$.
Sof 'laraczond mountiner of lead with two knobs lenesth 3.7. J 2 II 8.

Sos. Framment of an rom wh Lenerh $42 . J 211 \$ 3$.
8o6. Har-ring of hronze. carcular, wh oserlappine ends I 1am. I \& . J 2 IIf.3.
So7. Pentagonal bead of dark ghase. anerunted by spoth of lasht paste of daferent colours; hole through centre.

So8. Sirrp of lead. Length 5.7. J 2. 115.2.
So9 Earring of bronze, as Sio. fog. Diam. 28. H 3. Ios.z (Borhros).
Sio. Iton fingur-inge is No 250. Piece of ring mosing. Dam 2.3 If 3. IIf 3
Sin. A prece of a lead sheet. I ength S.o. II 3 . Ios. 2 (Bothros).
81z. Fragments of two thin tronze rings. J 2. In the sieves
81 3. Bronge earring of flat ware, simblar to No. foo. Diam. 2.0 J 211.32.

Sis Bronze tinger-ing, as No 9. Diam. i.6 J 2 115.2
Sib. Arrow head of hronze. as No. 35i. Length s.o. J 3. 114.2
817. Larte -pear-head of mon. 小 No. ifoz Socket miwing

SIX. Bead at cornchan, a No 5.39 Hiam of $Q 91022$
Sig. Button-shaped mrounting of shluer, semicireular in
section, with a loop in the centre of the concase side. Pieces missing Dlam. 25. Q 9. 102.2.
szo. Framments of two spear-heads of ron with conical sockets; leaf-shaped hades wath two edges and nidribs. Points and several preces missing. Length 19.1 ; 17.4. 'T11-12. 99.0.
S2r. Conical socket of iron, split up at the long side. Length 1.30. Q 9. 10.3.

8z2. Bronze finger-ring. ds No. 9. Dlam. 2.2. G; 10. 115.9.
823 . Spear-head of mon with broad, leaf-shaped blade; high midrib; rapered socket, circular in section, retaining slit along one sude. Piece of blade, point, and end of socket missing. Length ig 5. (; 10. 1159.
SIz4. Small, roughly disc-shaped bronze mountine, slightly convex Diam. 2.5. G 10. 115.9 .
825. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 176; tang pierced by a rivet. Length 9 9. F io. inf.r.
826 . Arrow-head of 1 ron, as No. 825 . Length 10.5. F 10. I16.I.
8ัュ7. Fragments of a thin bronze sheet. I 3. 112.2.
828. a) Fragment of a hinge, consisting of a bronze sheet, folded over and pierced by a rivet through the double edges. The hronze sheet is also plerced by a carcular hole for fixing the hinge to the wood Length 50 1 3. 1 I2.2.
b) Fragment of bronze sheet decorated by duts and ridges in enehased work, and pierced by a hole at one edge. Prohably a part of the bronze mountings on a leather shield. Eength 56 I 3. IIz.z.
Sz9. Fragments of two bronze rings, one very thin and one thicker. Length 60; 4.2. I 3. II2.2.
830. Fragments of two aron arkow-heads, one slightly bent. Leneth 50,60 H 3. II25.
8.31. Fragment of a bronze shet woth a moulded edge Length 5.1). II 3. 112.5.
832. Arross-head of bronze, as No. 47. Leength 72. R in. IOI.2.
S3.3. Apindle-whorl of steatate, as No. 4. Dian 2.0. V I3. sso.
Sit Minature rosette of gold leaf. Diam. O + H 10 . In io
S:35. Broad, sole-shaped lateral piece of a helmet with an almond-shaped excrescence fixed to the leather helmet with a inet in the centre: slightly concave "shaft" with "madroh", pierced at the base bỵ two holes. An impressed line all round the edge and two circular holes at each side at the edge for fixing the bronze preee to the leather. Length 21.3 . I 7. II5.4.
8.36. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 256. Length 4.05. I 7. 1107
8.37 Bronze earıing, as No. 43 Dıam. 2.05. I 7. I 10 .
$\mathrm{B}_{3} \mathrm{~K}$. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 4 S 5 . Length +25 . I 7 . 1073.
839. Button-shaped hronze mounting with fragments of lead insude. J $\mathrm{mam}_{\text {am }}$ 19. 17.1073 .
sfo. Plan White III sach-shaped bottle with flat base, sery short, cslondrual neck; tunnel rim: hande from rim to shoulder. Ilandle missing. Height 11 6. I7. 105.6.

Str Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．t．Diam．27．I 7． 103．6．
$\$ 42$ Large prece of raw rock crystal Length 33 ．I 7 ． 1036.

S43．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．＋．Diam．2．9 I 7 ． 103.6
$8_{4+4}$ Iron fragments．In the sieves
$S_{+5}$ ．Bronze fragmeati．In the sleves．
$8+6$ ．Iron fragments．In the steves．
$s_{47}$ ．Bronze fragments．In the steres．
$S_{4} 8$ ．Biconical spindle－whorl of terracotta．pierced by a hole throush the centre．Diam＋．9．Q 10．9＋．0．
$8_{4} 9$ ．Biconical，depressed spindle－whort of terracotta，plerced by a hole through centre．Incised．concentric semi－ carcles around budy．Diam 2．6．I 7．I03．6．
850．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．47．Length 87 ．H 11. I13．1．
85w．Lamp of terracotta，ds No．36．Didm．6．75．Hin． 113 ． 1.
S52．Lamp of terraesta，as No．36，bat wath that base． Dram．8．2．Hif．I13．t．
S53．Fragment of an iron rod．Length 57. H 10. I 10.3.
854．Fragment of an tron spear－head with two edges；nudrib； socket．Much damaged．（；1． 113.7.
855 ．Small fragments of an iron sword．H 10．110．3．
856．Fragments of an iron sword．H io．110．3．
857．Fragment of iron．Length 6．0．H IO．IIO 3.
858. a）Conieal socket of bronze with pointed end，the central spike of a sheld．Lengrth $5 . \delta$. I 10.110 .3 ．
b）Bronze bracelet，as No．39＇）．Defated and half missing．Length 10.0 ．H 10110.3.
859．Straight bronze needle．with an evelet at the top and pointed end．Length 7.05 L 12．92．0．
8 （oo．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．47．Ianath＋．s．L 15 ． giso．
861．Fi｀e tiny fragments of bronza sheet，probably belonging to a bowl．VI6．94．b．
862．Fragments of an iron invuntiner，consisting of a reat－ angular plaque parced by two bronge wets．Length c．Io．o．UI2．91．2．
863．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．351．Length 7．35．I 9. 116．1．
S64．The flat handle of an iron sword wath slightly concave sides at the upper end，and part of the lancet－shaped blade，with two cutting edges．Length $155^{\text {．}}$ E 10 ． 1 10 ．S．
865．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．\＆．Diam．＋．65．V is． SI．5．
866．Iron knife，double－cursed；with one cutting edge； pointed end；flat tans without risets．Leneth 310. I 9．I10．g．
867．Fragment of a rectangular iron sheet；one end preserved． Length 5.5 ．I 9 ．I 10.5 ．
868．Glubular，depressed bead of blue glass paste，perced by a hole through centre．Diam．0．7．I 10． 115.5.
869．Bronze finger－ring，as No．9．Diam 2．2．I 9－10． In the sieves．

870．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．7\％．Length 5．0．＇T I 3. 969.
$\mathrm{S}_{7} 1$ Iron fragment．Iength 60．（；11． 1027
S72．Stone pestle of basalt，a No．6－1．Lenenth 6 1．F 10. 102．1．
873．Pestle of basalt，in shape of a truncated cone with flat base and tep．Length 12．6．F ro．102．1．
Sił．Spindle－whorl of steatite，a，No．+ Itann 2.3 IV 11. IO2 1.
875 Bronze needle，aч No．\＆－8．Length 15 is．I S．Sis 3.
8，6．Spindle－whorl of steatite．as Nu．+ Diam i7．F in． 100．8．
STT Cylinder of hacmatite with enerased representation of a conical fetish standing ab see and between a par of horns of consacration．＇I＇o the left is a kneeling stage with long，raised neck，and above the stag a sun－disc To the rigite a crescent and a sun－disc and still farther to the right，a figure which seems to be a flying bird Shaghty worn．Length i．t． 1 9．9⿵゙．ミ．
8－8．Pian bronze cylinder，pierced by a hole through the top．Length 26 ．I 10．108．7．
879．Arrow－head of bronze，as Nu．fis．Length sio．Hir． 100．6．
SSo．＇lwo bronze rivets with bith ends flattened Length 3．1；3．5．I 10． 1 ro．4
88I．Ledge－shaped b－onze handle of a b sul．Lenerth 6．5． I 9．98．3．
882．Arrow－had of iron，as N， $1 / 6$ Pount masines Lengeth 6 \＆L 9．106．5．
8s 3．Red Slip Wheel－made rlobalar，depreseed jug wath base－ring：decoration of furrowed lines cosering the bodv．Neck and handle missing．Height 8.0 ．F 1 i $101 \%$
Sis．Bucchero Hand－made ubbular，depressed jug with bise－ring，short，eyfindrical neek；annular rmm，handle from rim to shoulder（missing）．Ilewsht is is．I＇ 11 101．7．
885．Contcal seal of greynis steatite，pierced by a hole． Eneraved representation of a stag standiner rught $1 n$ profile；a sun－dise above ha，batk；tree in frome of has nuse．Length 1．7．I 9. Ior．7．
886．Ivory knob in the shape of a pomeghate，prereed los a hole through the centre；the head of a pin Leneth 21 ． I 9 （Layer 6）．
887 ．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as $\left.\mathrm{Ni}_{1}+\mathrm{D}\right)_{1 a m} 2=1 \mathrm{y}$ （Laver 6）．
 I 9 （Layer 6）．
889．Spindie－whorl of steatite，as No．$+\mathrm{D}_{\text {man }} 2.3$ I 9 （Laver 6）．
Syo．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．＋．Diam． 2219 （Laver 6）．
S91 Conical seal of biack steatite．as No．6＋3．Engrased representation of a roughly carved stas wath long horns and short tall，looking to the left．Above filling orna－ ment．Length i．i．I ソ．ò゙．3．
Soz．Plan cylinder of steatute，with a hole through the lone－ itudinal axis．Length 2．95．I y ys 3 ．

Bys. Arrow-head of hronze. as No 35 F . Lengh 67 Q 6. 10: S
Sigt (neular mesuntme of bronze pered be two pars of hole at the ulise Ruaghls embonsed, hear omament, D1.111. 7 7. () - 102.0.
Sus htaple of bronze wath both erds hooked. I.ength $z_{2}$ R -. $106+$
Aff Arowhead of bromze as Noti Leneth 50 () 12. 10:.3 (Debis, Layer 3).
 12. $86+($ Debris, Laser 6 ).
sig. Frument of strucht, phan bronze pin Lenesth 51 110 . ve 0

y00. (srincler of dolerite as No ioo, with hightly concase top Lensth 35.0 . J io so.7.
go1 Bronze mounting consisting of a k-shaped plate. pierced by two wets whe round head and poonted ends One rase broken length $31, \mathrm{~K} 7.1076$

903 Rosette-shaped bronze mounting with it harge knob of iron in the centre. Diam $35 . \mathrm{R} 7.10 ; 6$.
yot lramments of bronze sheets. R ; $106+$
 So +
yot. Bronze mounting, as lo +8 D1am. 28 stray find
yo7. Fragment of a bronze sheet. Lenath.$+ j$ R 7 10i) 3
yos. Bronze nal Length 24 R 9. 1055.
yoy. Contal seal stone of blatk steatite, preted bș a hole through the top. Base chapped and preces monane, only a small part of the representation vistble: anmal with curved horns (goat). Hencht 17.1 10. so 3.
9ro. Bronze knife with leaf-hhaped blade, two edses; malrah Pount and tane mesine locneth \& 1 1 11 . , fion
9II. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 35r. Lenesth $7+11$ is 1115.
912. Fragment of an iron rod. Length 5.6. 11 13. 1121
 man" technigue 'The arm, hase been outstretehed 'Trace, of hlack pant wable llead and arm momeng base chipped. Length y.g. XI I2. 9:.7 (IDehor, Layer 5).
914. Bronze needle with pornted and and perced by an eselet through the top. Fegelet broken Leneth 82 Q 7. 100 :
915. Fragment of a bronze ring with a sap between the end Diam 2.5. Q 7. 1027.
916. Fragment of bronze sheets (2 7. 1025

917 Finoh-shaped bead of sres steatite, with a coneatit? in the maddle. Length +3 J so so 3
gis. Cylindrical bead of multeoloured glas, preaced by a hole through the longitudinal anı One end mosing Lengeth 2.f. J ro. -x,
y10 Tool made of a rib of an ox and prohally used for polishong potters, perced by a hole. Lengeth 124 . I 10 -
920 . Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No + decorated with
incised, concentric circles on body. Diami, 2.0. I 11. $45 \%$
 $9,-3$
922. Circular. plan bronze mounting, slightly convex; perced by a hule at the edue; probably used as a cover. Incomplete. Dam $7.55 . Q_{\text {0 }}$. 97.3.
y23 Bromze fragment of a mounting consistine of an oval bronze dise, prerced by a staple with hooked ends. Incomplete Length of staple 2.0 R 7.103 .7.
924. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam 2.3. R 7. 103.7 .
y25 Bronze staple wath an oual loop. Length 2.2. S 7. 1055.
g20 Buenze finger-ring, as No o. Only half of the rang plesersed. Diam. 2.3. רi iz. 99.6 (Debris, Layer 5).
92-. Spindle-whorl of steatite, is No. +. Diam, i.S. Y if, $9+5$.
yes. Earring of bronze, as No. 532, the upper part missing. Dium, 195.110 . 93.0.
929. Iron fragment. Length 8.0. I 10. 78.3 .
930. Bronze sheet of triangular shape. Diam. 3.8. I 10. 78.3.

931 A dogs tooth, probably used as an awl. Length 3.0 . J ко. -8.3.
032. Almost entircty mouldered framments of cloth. Quite blackened. J io 78.3.
933 Sundle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4 , decorated with incised, concentric circles on body. Diam. 2.0. J io. $-8.3$
93.4. Lump of red whre. Length 2.9. J 10. -8.3.
935. Concal seal of blads steatite, pierced by a hole through the top Engrased representation of a male figure walking to the left, dressed in a mantle, and carrying a bow and quater. Nuch worn Henght i.5. J io. 78.3 . 1936. Siraucht, plan bronze pan, fragmentary, I.enuth s.8. J 10. -8.3.
937. Earrang of bronze, as No. 928. Diam. i.9. Q 7. ioo.o.

93 '. A large ron tany of a knife with a curved top; pierced by ten ricts symmetrically arranged along the edges, for fiung the wood or bone handle. Length 12.4 . Q 7. 102.6
139. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4 , decorated with incised, concentric circles on body. Diam. 2.I. Stras find.
$9+0$ ©ibobular, depressed bead of multicoloured glass paste, pierced by a hole through centre. Surface worn. Diam. 1.3. $\mathrm{R} 7.10 \geq 0$.
9.1. A rectangular plaque of greenish steatite, being the half of a mould, wath a hole in each corner, into which lnobs of the other half of the mould fitted. On the back a warue inction of crossed lines. The mould epresents a bull in left profile with rased head, large eres, and skin and muscles consentionally marked by vertical lines on the shoulder and hind quarters. The metal wa poured into the mould hy a $V$-shaped channel gome from the upper part of the mould to the back of the bull One corner chipped. Length 5 2. J 10. -7.3
942. Straight bronze pin with pointed end. Broken. Length 9.3 . I 11.95 .7
943. Iron fragments of arious shape. H1.3. 1106

94+. 'Trapezond fragment of a handle of iron, perced by three risets. Length 6.3. H 13. ili.t.
945. Globular, depressed bead of multicoloured glass paste; surface worn. Diam. i.o. IIi. 95.4 .
946. Bronze handle with the upper part in the shape of a large spiral, the lower part as a that plate, and fixed by means of a bronze mounting, consisting of two leafshaped bronze sheets put together with a flat loop. Height 9.3. R 7. 103.8.
947. Arrow-head of bronze, as No 47 . Length $5.5 \mathrm{R} 710: 5$.
$94 \%$. Bionze bracelet, as No. 399 Dram. 6 i. Q 7. roz.9
949. Bronze rod bent into a loop at both ends. Length $4 . \delta$. Q 7. 102.9 .
950. Bobbin-shaped weight of lead. Length 33. Weight 58.80. I 10-il. In the steres.

95 I . Bronze rivet with a button-head and one end stilted. Length 3.1. O 12. 105.8 (Debris, Layer 3).
952. Fragment of an iron rod. H $\mathrm{H}_{3}$. Ifin.
953. Iron handle, as 八o 938 , but smaller and pierced by an oval hole at the top, instead of ruets. Length 7.6 . R 9. 102.4.
954. Bronze mounting conssisting of a small, eonvex disc pierced by a narrow staple with long ends. Damaged, incomplete. Length of staple 3.9. R 7.102 .4 .
955. Fragment of an iron rod. Length 7.8. Q 7. 103.0.
956. Bronze ruet, as No. 95ı. Length 3.0. (; 13 . ifi.9.
957. Fragment of iron sheet. Lenyth 5.6 . G13. inio.
958. Bronze earring, as No. 217. Diam. 1.75. N 12 . 9 S 5 (Debris, Layer 5).
959. Fragment of the body of a terracotta anımal. Leneth 8.2. XI 12. 923 (Debris, Layer 6).
960. Fragments of bronze shect. S 7.103 .2 .
961. Lump of yellow ochre Length 25 . R 7. 103.5
962. Iron rod with pointed end. Incomplete Length 10.5 . $N_{7}$. In the sutes.
963. Bronze mounting, as No $\mathrm{f}^{8}$. Dam 2.35 S $7 . \mathrm{D}_{103.2}$.
964. Fragment of a slightly bent iron rod. Length 5.6. S 7. 103.2.
965. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 256. Length 2.55. Q 12. $98+$ (Debris outside W"all +2 C ).
966. Arrow-head of ron, as No. 176. Tang broken. Length 1+6. O 12. 99.2 (Debris, Laỵer 5).
967. Shallow, rounded bowl of grey tufa with three short legs tapering downwads; erect, plain rim. The legs are combined with a curved ridge in relief. Half of the bow 1 and one leg mising. Surface weathered. Diani. IK.4. X 12. 970 (Debris, Layer 5).
968 . Bull's head of terracotta, triangular, with thick neck; projecting ears; two horns (broken) Heaght 6.f. N 12.96 .6 (Debris, Layer 6).
pho. Head of terracotta in "snow-man" technique with a conical helmet: large nose, traces of lack pant on the rounded beard. Henght +2. N 12 9\%.i (Debris. Laver 5).

970 . Frasment of a bronze sheet Length 8.0. N12 971. ( Dehris, Layer 3 ).
971 Lamp of tenacotta, d No 182 , but with flat, dosnturned rim. Wich-hr lder chipped. Dam. $11 \%$. W 12. 96.7 (Debris, Layer 5).
972. Roughly globular mace-head of basalt. with a hule bored through centre. Dian. 12 5. A 7. 91.4.
973. Bronze com. Ohatrst: Bust of Constantus 11, looking to the right constantile P F $\mathrm{Al}^{-}(\mathrm{s}$. Recerse:
 (Constantius H). Dlam 1.7. Weight I.55. S - . Surface layer.
94. Plan, carcular bronze mounting. probably used as a cover. Diam. 69. S 7 . ioz.I.
975. Siponde-whorl of steatite, as No. 4. Length 2.6 Q if. 92.9 (Debris outside Wall $4_{2}$ ().
976. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 176. Tang missing. Length 5.05. Q $11.9^{2} .9$ (As No. 975).
977. Spinclle-whorl of steatite, as No 39 , decorated with incisions of two groups of concentric erreles alternationg with two dots, bordered by encircling lines, around the edge. Diam. 3.5. (G 13. 109.0 (Filling layer).
978 . Fragment of an iron rod. Length 3.1. G 13.108 .0 (Filling layer)
959. Fragment of a shallow, rounded limestone bowl. Length 11.1. N 12. 94.1 (Debris, Layer 6).
g80. Plain White III oval jug with base-ring, defined shoulder-line; cylindrical neck; three ridges around neck Handle, most of the neck, and rmmens. Height 13.i. N 12. 951 (Debris, Latyer 5).
98 I . Fragment of finger-ring of iron with a large, Hhat, oval bezel. Much rusted. Diam 25. S 7. 102 I.
982. Bucchero Wheel-made oral juy with low foot; cylindrical neek with a rudge. Rubbed body. Most of the neck, rim, and handle mising. foot chipped lleme in 3 . N 12. 95.2 (Debris, Laver 6).
983. Fragment of a terracotta statuette, representing a figure riding on a horse with both arms holdine the animal's neck. The firure's head and legrs and the animal's head missing. Length 10.7. Niz. $9+0$ (D)ebris, Layer 5).
984. Fragment of a disc-shaped bronze mounting, prerced by holes at the edge. Length b.4. N゙iz. 94.1 (Debris, Layer 5).
0 $\mathrm{S}_{5}$. Fragment of an iron sword fength 210 II 1.3 , w, (Filling layer).
986. Bronze bracelet, as No. ifo. Bent. Dam. , 7. 'T \& 101.9.

95:. Small framment of check-piece of a helmet Length 7.0. T 8. 1021
gis Foremen Ware jug woth hase-ring, wal body: short, concare neck; pinched rim; elevated h.indle from rim to shoulder. Body covered by a brown lustrous shep; decorated with lustrous band around rim; encirching lines of bown and wolet colour around bode. Height

989 Ram of terracotta with concal less, short, slightly
concase back, splaying neck; head with pointed nose; small ears, fragments of horns 'Traces of black pant wable on chest, around netk, on horns; eyes painted blak 'Two leas, one ear, and horns missing. Length by. T' \& roz.r.
9yo. Iron knife, as Mo. syy. Tang broken Length $12.9 \mathrm{H}_{13}$. 94. $\boldsymbol{h}$ (Filling layer)
 rofis (Filling layer).
ソyュ. Fragment of an iron nall wath large head. The pointed end mising Length 5.0. G i3. 106.9 (Filling layer).
993. Arrow-heal of irnna as Nu. 176. Tang broken. Length 77. (; is. Iob ${ }^{\circ}$ (Fillune laser)

904 Small tron knte, smalar to No 106 . 'Tang missing. Length 7.i. (; 13. 1065 (Filling layer).
995. Cyludrical bronze mounting in the shape of a socket with one flat end, the other open, the socket pierced be large, circular holes Length 1.5. T 8. 99.9.
996 Arrow-head of hronge as No. 47 Length +.4. 87. 90.
997. Framment of the blade of an iron knife with one edge and thicl back. Length 4.1. S 7. 99.0.
y,s. Bronze earrmg, dis lo. 4.3 liece of ring masing. Dam. 2.3. T 8 . In the seves
gy. Three lumps of iron slac. R 9. 9 r .7.
1000. Arrow-heat of hronze, as No. 271. Length 5.2. stray find.
foor straght bronze raset with a thattened, hammered head at each end I.eneth 32 . Vit. 100.8 .
1022. Sipherical sling-stone ot basalt. Diam 66 I 10. 9 Siz.
1003. Bronze staple with pounted ends. Defaced. Length 34. L 9. 102.5.

1005 Rectansular weight of bronze with two sides inewed. Ienurth 2.3 Weusht 3.78. I $^{\circ} 11.1003$
roof Iron knite, smilar to No. 10f, tang pierced by a riset. Broken, pieces of blade and tang missing. Length 154. [' 11 . 100.3

1007 A bow-haped bronze handle with square section. fength 69 [11. 100 ,
roos. Contal upande-whorl, as Nio 105. Dam. 315. I 11. 113.3 .
1009. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. 2.2 H I 1 i8.3. 1010 Frazment of an iron sheet Iength 5.4. [' 101006. 1011 Bron\%e conn (Storse" Head of Aleaunder looking to the right. Nuch worn Recerse Eagle looking to the left with wings open, standing on thunderholt. In the fiekl, to the left. E Y above, and monouram $A$, below. Much worn. (Ptolemacu, II Phiadelphui) Dam

1012 Sphertal, hollow knob of terracotta, with a hole, not plerced through, in one side Dram. 28. L' io. 10.3.2.
1013. The pomt of an rom knfe with one cuttone edge and

roit frament of the blade of a large aron hmite with one cuttong cige Length 5; 10 of :
1015. Iron fragments. Víis, 99.6.
1016. Bronze finger-ring, as No. ift b. Dam i.8. Ki. 1205.
1017. Bronze finger-ring. as No 9 Diam. 2.4. K 1 . 120.8.
rois Iron fragments. Vili. 99.1.
rorg. Fragment of an iron knife. Length 4.0. Vir. 99.i.
1020. Iron kmfe, similar to No. 1of. Damaged. Length 7.2. V 10. 99.5.
1021. Small bronze strip, trangular in section. Length 4.5 . N 10.99 .5.
1022. Iron fragments. V io. 99.3.
1023. Fragment of a terracotta statuette with flat base; straight, eylindrical body. Neck, head, and arms missing. Herght 8.0. ['if. 99.5.
1024. Small bracelet of bronze, as No. 160. Diam. 3.9. ['ir. g8.ı.
1025. Small, cylirdrical bead of light-blue glass paste, pierced by a hole. Diam. 0.3. I 10. 995.
1026. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. +6. H iz. 109.I (Filling layer).
${ }_{1027}$ Bronze sheet of irregular shape. Length 3.5. H 12. 109.1 (Filling layer).
1028. Leg of hell-shaped idol pierced by a hole at the upper end. I.ength 4.9. V if. 99.2.
1029. Fragment of a bronze sheet. Length 4.0. L'il.98.2.
1030. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. 2.3. J i. 120.7.
ro31. Small bronze finger-ring, as No. IIt b. Defaced. Diam 1.55. K \&. 1 18.8.
1032. The muzzle of a terracotta horse with the nostrils andicated hy impressed dots. Length 1.8. J I. II8.3. 1033. Small prece of red ochre. Length 1.1. V 10. 96.9. 1034. Biconical bead of red-verned, white marble. Diam. 0.85. J 1. 118.2.
1035 Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. 2.3. Is i. 121.8. 1036. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Dlam. 22. K 1.1210. 1037. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. 2.2. J I. 117.2. io38. T'wo irregularly shaped fragments of lead. Length 52; 30. J 12. 113.4.
1030. Iron tragments L' 10. 98.2.
1040. Fragment of statuette of a rider, simular to No. 983 , wearıng a conieal helmet. Horse, left arm, right hand, and legs of rider missing. Bichrome paintings: helmet red; large, black eye; red and black, tiansverse lines on arms. Height 92. K 1. II9.3.
$10+1$ Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. i.5. L i. 119.4 . 1042. Bronze earring, as No 43; plece of the ring missing. Dram. 2.1. Lí io. $9^{8.5}$
1043. Silver mountung, as No. Sig. Edge chipped. Diam.

1044. T--haped bronze mounting. Length 32. I II. II5.5.

1045 Fragment of an mon rod. Length 6.6. K 12.113 .4 .
1046. Fragment of an iron knife with two cutting edges and midrub Length 8.3. J 13. 109.7 (Filling layer).
104\%. Fragment of an mon rod. Length 6.8. HI 12. 104.8 (Fifling layer).
 1049. The pin of a fihula(:). Length 5.9. P 6. 107.6.

1050．Saucer－shaped lamp of terracotta with flat，raised base；flat rim；trefol－shaped wick－holder．Length 8．5．P 6．107．3．
1051．Straight，thick needle with pointed end and an evelet in the upper end Length 15.25 ．L 10.97 .9 ．
1052．Bronze finger－ring，as No．i1t b．Diam．2．i．L i． 117 ．3．
1053．Fragment of a thick iron rod．Length 8．5．K 12. 114．4．
1054．Straight bronze rivet with flattened，hammered head in each end．Length 3．2．Stray find．
1055．Bronze finger－ring，as No．9．Dıam．2．0．L ェ．í7．S．
1056．Fragment of cheek－piece of a helmet；plerced by a hole．Length 5．S．L I．IIf．9．
1057．Fragments of a bronze spear－head with socket．Length 6．0；2．9．Q 10．106．6．
1058．Fiagment of an axe－head of iron，as No．440．Length 6．8．I 11． 113.3.
1059．Sntall iron fragments of a curved sickle，a sword，and a knife with one cutting edge．I if．in：5．
1060．a－b）Fragment of a bracelet；one fragment of bronze strip decorated with ridges．Diam．7．0．Length 6．5． I 1I．II2．5．
1061．Iron sheet with one angular corner．Iength 6．S．I in． 112.5.

1062．Bronze mounting，as No．48．Diam．2．4．I 1 1． 112.5 ．
1o63．Fragment of a large iron knife with one cutting edge． The knife has probably been curved．Length S．i． Q 10．107．4．
1064．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．47．Length 7．S．P 7 ． 10ミ．8．
1065．Fragment of an iron rod．Length 5．8．Q 10．105．7．
1066．Circular button of bone，with both sides flat；pierced by a hole in the centre．D1am．22．H1 12． $101 . \mathrm{S}$ （Filling layer）．
1067．Grinder of dolerite，as No．900．Length 24．0．Q 10. 105．2．
1068．Iron knife，similar to No．106．Length in．8． 17. 95.7.

1069．Plain．circular bracelet of bronze．Incomplete and defaced．Diam．5．9．P 6．105．8．
1070．A circular，flat amulet of red stone pierced by an eccentric hole．Diam．2．8 Stray find．
1071 ．Iron mounting decorated with strip－shaped bronze mountings around edges，similar to No． 505 ，but the curved strip only curved at the angle，and with three nails with button－heads inside the bronze strips．Frag－ mentary．Has been used as mounting on a short end of a wooden box．Length i2．0 I if．ini．6．
1072．Silver coin．Obierse：Head of Aphrodite looking to the right．Rezerse：Lotus flower in the maddle，wy leaf to the left；astragalus to the right．（Idalion）．Dram． i．o．Weight 0.76 ，I in．ini 6 ．
1073．Spindle－whorl of stertite，as No．39；incised semı－ circles with a dot in each centre，flanked by encireling lines around edge．Dtam． 5.6 I ro．95．o．
1074．Conical loom－werght of terracotta with fat base；
pierced by a hole near the rounded top．Height 5.0 ． ［－ $10 \quad 975$.
1075 Small，brodel，conical bead of blue and white wlas paste，ornamented by a paral rumme from the centre to the periphers．No hole．D1am．i．O ViI．yo7．
1076．Bronze nal with a flat head and pointed end hooked into a loop Lencth 23 ．（21i． 100 ．
1077．Bronze mountine，smalar to No．f8．Dam 2．3．（）i1． 1054.

1078．Arrow－head of mon，as No．1，6．Length y $1 .(2) 1$. 105.6.

1079．Small fragment of an iron rod $Q_{11} 1056$
10So．Fragment of an mon wod．Length 5．7．Q io．1056
10Wi Arrow－head of bronze，as No．47．Leneth $5+\mathrm{V}$ 12 1002.

1082．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．4．decorated with incised circles with a dot in each centre．Diam．i．9 I 10．95．0．
1083．Arrow－head of bronze，as No． 47 Length 5．3 Q It 106．3．
1084，Silver coin．Nuch corroded and indecipherable． Probably of the same type as No ioフュ．Diam．Io Weight 075 Qil． 1063.
1085．Fragment of an iron sheet．Length +7 Q 101030 1086．Bronze bracelet．as No 309 ．Defaced I lam 60 W1．II2．0．
1087．Iron finger－ring，as No．250．Nost of the rinum missing Diam．1．7．Q II．105．3．
1088．Central shield bose of bronze，as No． 137 a，but plaın．Diam，0．7．P 7．IO5．3．

IOQ0．＇Tang of an ion knife of rectangular shape，paerced by five rivets placed closed tugether，with one in the madde and two on each short sade．I enurh of XI 12. 110.9

1091．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．4\％．Length 55．（）in 102.8.

1092．Arrow－head of bronze，as No 256．Length 3．2．Q II． 103．0．
1093．Arrow－head of aron，ds No．34 I enerth ；－0．（）is． 103．0．
1004．The half of a circular bronze bracelet with a wap between the flattened ends $\mathrm{D}_{1}: \mathrm{mm}$ ．5．2．\I 1100 ．
1095．Bronze dise，plerced by holes；decorated with a ronette ornament and a bedded strmg around edece lidice chipped．Diam．S．O．$\therefore$ 1．I11．1．
1096．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．4\％．Leneth 7．i l＇$\quad$ ． 1030.

1097 Arrow－head of bronze．as No． 351 Lenath 7 1．Q It 1030.

1098．Small iron fragments．Lenerth 50 Q in．io．i．0
ro99．＇Two small iron fragments $Q$ 10． 1030.
iroo．Plan White Wheel－made wal gug with base－ring． Neck and handle missiner Heworty 2 I 10.05 .9.
 riwet＇The pointed end missing．leength 65 ．（2 1 I． 103．0．

IIO2 Iron socket to a pear－head Picces missing．Length 5r．Q it． 1030
 103．0．
frof．Fair－ring of bronze，as lo．So6 Diam．i．s．Q if． 103．0
rros Fragment of the handle of an aron sword Length $\$ 2$. （）II 103．0．
inob．Pestle of hasalt，smalar to No．ifi a Dam． 575. I IO． 459.
1107 Spindle－whorl of terracotta，with fat base；conical body，filed off top；pierced by i hole through centre． Deoorated with enctrcling blach lines around the body．Itam．2．4．I II Iog．6．
I IoS．Nall head of bronze．Diam．i．7．Liz．Surface layer．
inog．Arrow－head of iron，as No 1，6．Tang missing．Length 7o．Q II．103．2．
Ifo Bronze earrine，as No +70 ．One piece mossing I Dlam．3．5．I Io 950
1：11 Fragment of an ron rod，with round transicrse section．Length if．o．P6．1038．
IIIz Coarse bowl wath flat base：defined shoulder－line； slightly sut－turned rim．Both handles mass！ns；rm chopped Dlam．9G P 6．Io6o．
IIt3．Bronze mounting，as No．千害．Staple missing．Diam． 2．0．T 11．IO2．2．
11It Arrow－head of bronze as No． 35 I ．Lengeth 58．Q if． $10+0$ ．
1115．Arrow－head of 1 ron，as No $\mathbf{1}$ ，6．Sightly bent．I engeth I +0 ．（i I 2 Iob．g（Filling layer）．
IIr6 small，oblong lump of red ochre．Length 26 ．I ro． 92．0．
IIIT Hooked pin of bronze，in the shape of a modern hatr－ pin Length 615．＇1＇ir． $100+$
I If Large，conical socket of iron spear－head；the upper end bent Length iI．＋5．Q II．Siray find
Itig．Fragment of a bronze stand，consisting of a corcular ring with the upper sicle Hat，short feet，in the shape of a cloven hoof．Only one foot and a snall part of the ring preserved Ilemght 2．5．K I2．103．9（I）ebris， Layer 4 ）．
1120 Varıous very small iron fragments．＇ I ＇if．yo 0.
1121．Fragment of an ron knife with flat tang，perced by one rivet．Iength $67 . \quad K i=101+$（I）ebrs． Iaser 5）．
1122．Aresw－head of bronze，an No．77．Leneth 50．Q if． 1031.

1123．Fragment of an mon arrow－head．Rusted into small fragments．Length 76. ＇I＇io．Io0．0．
I 124．Aliet com．（）hacese：Bull standing I．；abose，wonged solar disc，border of dots．Reterse＇Eagle（＇）itandine I．； at its feet， 1 ，one－handled wase，to $r$ ，ahove，is s－leaf； incuse square．Nuch worn．（Paphos）Diam 07. Werght 02．＇l＇ 9.1032.
1125．Fiamment of an ron finger－rine with large bezel Only halt of the bezel，and a umall part of the roner preserved．Diam．of hezel i．3．T 9 roz．久．

1126．Iron pin．with a large head．Pleces of head，and the lower part masing．Length 5.3 ＇ 1 ＇9．Ioz．6．
112，Fragment of a bronze shect，pterced by a hole at one edge；evadently a part of the cheek－piece of a helmet． Length 6．7 V＇iz．92．2（Disturbed laver）．
1128．Iron fragments．K 12． 100.9 （Debris，Layer 5）．
ifzg．Iron knife，similar to No 106 ；prerced by one riset． Point missing．Leneth io．0．\I iz．Ior． 6 （Debris， Layer 5）．
II30．Terracotta back with straight back；straght，tapering neck：long head with rather ponted nose；projecting eyes；small ears；horns，small guat＇s beard；peg－ shaped legs，short tanl．Buchrome black and red horr－ zontal lines and band，over front；fertical ladder－ pattern from ears all along forelegs；irregular red stroke along neck，back，and tail；horizontal，bichrome ladder－pattern on each long side widening over the hind quarters and tuining down the back legs；red painted nose，heard，and ears；eves namked by two encircled black dote；black lines on the horns．The fout legs and the two horns are missing．Length 7．1．K Іュ．100．9（Debris，Laver 5）．
1131．Bronze nountmus，as No． 48 ．The how of the staple mussmag．Diam．2．5．Q 9．10＋．9．
1132．Shont，rather wide，leaf－shaped iron knife；no midrib； one cutting edge；curved，flat tang with rounded end， pierced by rivet－holes．Traces of wood still visible over the whole blade，probahly the remains of a wooden sheath．Lenyth 129 ．I $10.92+$
1133．Bronze braceler，as No．399．Defaced．Length 16.5 ． Q 9．105．0．
II34．a）Fragment of an iron rod．Length 5．6．Q in．In the sleves．
b）Arrow－head of iron，as №．726．Tangs missing． Length 4.3 （ 2 II．In the sieves．
1135．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．f．Length 2．0．＇l＇ 9. 100.0

1136 ．Bronze bracelet，as No．160．Broken into five pieces

1537．Lump of mon slas．Leneth 6．7．I io．9r．9．
1138 ．Circular wheel of terracotta belonging to a chariot， perced by a hole through centre．Pieces missing． Diam．り§．K 12．yo 2．（Debris，Layer 5）
I139．Spindle－whorl of steatite，ds ．Wo．+ Incised inscription Di：im． 3 c5．I 10 93．t（see Vol III，Appendix I）．
I 1 ＋o．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．39．Plann．Diam．i．6． L＇i2．\＄6．2．
IIfI．Bow of hronee fibula，similar to No． 267 ．Length 9.5. K゙ェ2．100．7（Dehris，Latyer 5）．
1142 Bronze mountiny，as No．qs Diam 2．2．Q S． 105.3.

It 43．Bronze mounting eonsisting of a circular ring attached to a staple with pointed，hooked ends．Length of staple 39 Q 8． 1053.
114＋Bronze mounting of thin bonze heet，with scalloped edge．pierced by holes．Very fragmentary．IIeight 7．0．Т 10．100．4．
$11+5$ ．Pin of ivory with a long，moulded，carved head． Pointed end mossing I ength 66．V 12．900．
 106.6 （Debris，Laver 2）

IIf7．Spear－head of ron，as Nio．ig．Leneth I5．5．Q 9 IO5．4．
1Ifi．Fragment of a spear－head of iron，with socket．The socket was filled with woul tragments．Iengeth 170 P7． 1031.
ift Plan White III glubular．depresed amphoriskos with flat base；tapering neck；thick，flat rim；handles from im to shoulder．Height 10.0 ．\I 12.99 .2 （Debrıs， Layer 5）．
I 50 ．Rectangular pyxis of white limestone，four short legs with square transverse section；flat bitom； straight，erect sides．On the lung sides are two，and on the short one，rectangular projection imitating metal mountmes on the wonden protorype Preces of sides and two legs missing Lenuth iz．6．Width io．3． I ro．8g．o．
1151．Globular，depressed bead of multicoloured glass paste， pierced by a hole though centre．Diam．o．8．I 10. S8．6．
II52．a）Slushtly biconical，oblone bead of cornclian．wath a hole through the longitudinal axis．Length i．t． I 10．88．6．
b）Pear－shaped pendant of cornelian，with dise－ shaped base，and plerced by a hole at the upper end Length 1．75．I Io． 88.6
I153．Bronze finger－ring，as No．7t＋．Dam．i． 8 Stray find． II 54．Weight of haematite，as No．371，Lenyth 3．9．Werght 28．35．V12． 102.9 （Debris，Layer + ）．
II55 Arrow－head of iron，as No．176 Lensth io．i 1 in 12. 96．6（Debres，Layer 5 ）．
II5h．Scarab of white paste，rype $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{+}+\mathrm{Represent}-$ ation see Appendix II．Length 1．5．Q 9．10．4．5．
II57．Female statuette of terracotta，dressed in a long chiton reaching to her feet and with mantle arranged in ＂swallow tails＂on both sides；both hands at the hreasts； isolmear feet．Head mussing．Herght $67 . Q 9$ ．IOt．i
II58．Tubular，light－blue paste bead，surface worn length 1．2．I io．91．9．
1159．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．47，but flatter．Tanes broken．Iength $+2 . Q 7.107 .0$ ．
II60 Bronze mounting in the shape of a conventromalized bird＇s head，surmounted by a loop troni the neck． Length 3．7．R 6．108．0．
II6I．Tubular bead of hight－blue faience paste，with an incised line around the middle．Length 0．3．I 10 ． 90.0 ．

II 12 ．Bull＇s head of terracotta，trangular，wath wide neek； two erect horns and ears；projecting eyes；nostrils marked hy two dots，mouth by a horizontal，intised line．Black，sertical strokes on each side of the snout and neck；black ears and eves；a black stroke hetween horns and an encurcling hand around neck．Length 7．8．1 ıı．98．5．

1163．Bronze staple with hooked end：．Length 2 か 0 I2 109．0
 $V_{12} \mathrm{~S}_{2} 1$.
1165．Fise lumps of red oilire of diterent thipes．Lengeth 27 －I．5．V $12.8+2$.
1166 Spindle－whorl of steatite，a，No．＋Dam． 24 ． 1 о． Sッフ．
 Q 7．In the sieves．
inf（．a）Harr－ring of bronze：sparal－twisted．Dtimin． 1.2 stray find
b）Bronge riset with hammered，flattened ends， frasments of a perced bronze sheet around the molde Length 2.9 stray find．
c）Bronze nail with a defaced head around which ron fragments are attached，a pornted end．Length 3 ＋．Stray find．
 81.9

1170．Spindle－whorl of terracotta，as No．+S 3 ．Edges chipped．Diam 5．0 V 12. s 9.
117．Sipindle－whorl of terracotta，as No．＋が3 I Mam 52 V12．Si．9

1173．Silver mounting，as No ro＋3．Dam．3 1．＇T 8＇． 100 o．
1I7t．Plain White III glohular，depresed jue with base－ring； concase neck，handle from rm to houldur．Rimi missing．Ilenght its．＇l＇ 7 ．IO X
1175．Fiamment of an ron kntte wath leat－shaped blade， two edges；low mudrob．＇I＇ang misones Lengeth S．I．「 $\quad$－．IOI + ．
15－6 Hand of terracotra wath bent fingers Length +0 ＇l＇ 7 102．1．
 101．9
IIf 8 ．Two tiagments of an iron rod．Lengeth y．b； 5.3 7 7. IOI9．
1179．Fine tubular haht－blue parie beade，attached to edth other，each bead perced by a hole throueli the long－ itudinal axis Broken．Iength i．1．Y Is 872
IISo．Bronze finger－ring．as No．ilt b Dum．2 3．＇ 7 － 101．7．
118i．The that handle of an won knife，premed by three rivets vertically atianged．Length 3 S F 71017 ．
Ifiz．Beads，as No．I179，but unls two presersed lenerth

183．White Panted $V^{\circ}$ amphora wath base－rine；biconical hooly：neck waleneng upwads．swollen rim：horoontal handles on shouldes．Fintreltng lines and bands around body and neck，zoyzad lines around rim． Budly damaged．Hersht 23．0．G 13 1037（Filling layel．
 101．7．
If $\mathrm{S}_{5}$ Fragment of an mon rod with square section．Length 6．2．＇T 7 IO1．7．
if86. Plan White V sack-shaped lug wath flat base; no neck: splaying rmm handle from mm to shoulder Herisht gS ' $\bar{\prime}$, 10 \%
118, Fragment of an mon rod. Leneth 6.7. ' T 7 I 01.7.

11bg. Fragment of a bronze mounting; flat with tapening, rounded top, plerced by a hole. Length i.S. $T \quad 7$. 101.7
1100. Contal bead of multicoloured glass, pierced by a hole: prohably the head of a pin Dam 07. ( 13 . 1026 (Filling laser).
Iayi. 'The aron handle to a tool, piereed by one ravet. Length $4+$ (i Is ra4 (lilling layer).
IIg2. Fragments of iron $G$ İ. rof. 8 (Filling lạer).
II93. Sheet of lead, pierced by two holes at the edge. Length 5.1. I 10. 83.9.

IIg+ Bobbin-shaped bead of cornelan, pierced hy a hole through the longitudinal axis. Length i.6. Z if. 93.1

1195 Bronge rivet, as No. 103. Length 2.6. S 9. 1033.
1196. (ilobular spindle-whorl of arey steatite, prereed by a hole through centre $A$ decoration. consisting of circles with central dot, on body. Diam. 2.5. Yif. 9I 1.
1197 Fragment of a plate of dolerite with flat bottom. Lenerth 300 Stray find.

IIgo. 13ronze sheet with one edge folded, moring a socket. Length S.I. L'S. Iof. 6 .
I200. Fragnment of a bronze rod. Length 6.0. U S io4.6.
I201 Square coser of stone. Length 36 . I II. $85 \%$
1202. Airow-head of bronze, as No. 47. Lensth 5.05. R II 103.4.
1203. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 47. Length 5.15. R II 1034.
1204. a) Arrow-head of aron, as No 1 , 6 . Iength 125. b) The upper pate of a large aron pin with a large button-head. Length 7.r.
c) Fragment of flat iron tang. Lenerth $3+5$.
d) Fragment of hooked iron rod. Length 6.2. (i 13 . 103.6 (1.1llane layer)
1205. Arraw-hedd of bronze, ds No 351. Lengeth 6.3. (; 14. 107.9 (lillines layer).
izob. Rectangular hronze plaque, plereed hy three holes at hoth shoit ends. One piece missing. Length 63 lif. iifo.
1207. Bronze riset, as No. 1054 Length 3.0. R if. 1005 1208 . Large aneular handle of aron with square section, probably belongeng to a wooden benul. Ienesth $2+0$. S 10 IO.
1 209 Fragment of a bronze strip, with one sode that, the other shahtly convex, pretced by a hole for fixme the strap to wood or leather. On the convex side are transwerse

1210. Arow-head of bronze, as No 47. Ieneth 6.6. LS. $10+1$
izif. Bronze rosette in emhaned woik with a central, pros-
jecting dot. One prece missing. Dram. 6.4. G 13. roi 5 (Filling layer).
1212 Fragment of an mon knfe with one edge; thickened back. Length 6.7. H1 $1+$. 107.4 (Wall shaft).
1213. Fragment of a plan bronze pin. Length 2.2. T 7. 93.5.
1214. Iron finger-ring, as No. 250. Only the half preserved. Diam. 2.3. T 7 . In the steves.
1215. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 47. Length 6.6. T 7. In the steves
I216 Simall frasment of a sheld boss; decorated wath palmettes in enchased work. Length 4.5. S 9.100 .8 .
1217 Seal of lead, as Xo. 645. Plain. Henght 1.5 . I io. 78.2.
I2ı. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. 2.2. G 13. 99.7 (Filling layer).
1219. Small bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. 1.5. H 14. 105.6 (Filling layer).
1220. Fragments of an ron spear-head; only one piece of the blade with two edges, and one prece of the socket preserved. Leneth 5.1; 6.4. II If. 107.7 (Filling layer).
1221. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4. Diam. 2.2. I If. 79.7.
1222. Pendant of cornelan, as No. II52b. Length i.8. R II. 9才 9.
1223. A carcularly hent bronze pin with hooked ends in the shape of the handle of a drawer. Dram. 4.3. U7. 101.0.
1224. Fragment of a thin bronze sheet, with one edge straight. I.ength 6.3. C S. 100.8 .
1225. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 47. Length 5.I. I 12. 113.4.
1226. Fragment of an iron rod. Length 5.5. L' 8. 102.1.

1227 Fragment of an mron rod Lengeth 60 Li S. Ioi.o.
1228. Bronze pin with thack top and fiattened, pointed end. Length $6 \mathrm{~S} . Z \mathrm{I} 2.8$. 6.
1229. Grinder of dulerite, as No. yoo. Length 50.0. L 7. 98.8.
1230. Arrow-head of iron, as No. m6. Length 8.1. U7 100.6.
1231. Pestle of basalt, nearly eylindrical, tapering slightly upward, with convex hase and Hat top. Length in.o. / I2-13. Stray find.
1232. Bronze staple, wath both pointed ends mussing. Length 1.9. Stray find.
1233. Rectangular aron sheet. probably used as a mounting. Shehtly convex by deformation. Length 7.4. G 13 . 97.6 (Filling laṣer)
1234. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4, decorated with incred, concentric eircles on hody. Dtarn. i.8. D 11. 101.3.
1235. Earriner of bronze, as No. 43. Diam. i 5. R if. 92.o.
i236 Iron kinfe, sımilar to No. io6. Tang missing. Length 8.5. I I2. IIz.8.

123\%. Leeth-shaped earring of hronze, wath an oblong paste head attached. Broken into preces. Length i.z. (; 13. 93.9 (Filling layer).
1238. Angular, hooked iron rod. Length 9.4. G 13. 96.0 (Filling layer).
1239. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9; one piece missing Diam i.8. G 13 . 93.9 (Filling laser).
1240. Fragment of the blade of an iron knife, with one cutting edge: thick back. Pornt and handle missing. Length 15.5 . I 12 . 111 .9.
1241. Cylindrical, narıow bronze socket with thickenıng, moulded end. Broken into preces. Length c. io.o. I 12. 113 . I .
1242. Bronze staple, as No. 1167 Length 2.7. Y 16. 907.
1243. Flat, circular bead of bone, puerced by a hole through centre. Diam. 0.6. A.A 16 . Bg.2.
124. Plain, circular silver hair-ring with overlapping ends. Defaced. Diam. i.o. \& 13 . Sg I (Filling layer).
1245. Plain, shallow bronze bowl with round base. Diam. 11.7. D ıо. 96.6.
1246. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 39; inc1sed, concentric semicircles around centre. Diam. 3.3. D 10. 988.
1247. Irregularly shaped piece of a bronze ingot. Length 7.5. D 10. $9^{8.3}$.
1248. Fragment of a bronze tool with a flat, leaf-shaped blade with thick edges; flat tang with slightly concave sides. Point missing. Probably used as a chisel. Length 6.7. D 10. 98.0.
1249. Leaf-shaped spear-head of bronze with high midrih; two edges; pointed end; tapering socket, pierced by two holes at the lower end Length 20.8 . D io I 00.1 .
1250. Loom-weight of terracotta, as No. 63. Diam. 5.7. D г. 98.3 .
1251. Globular bead of hlue and white varlegated glass, pierced by a hole through centre. Diam. 2.5. S 10. 92.9.
1252. White Painted Whecl-made jug with base-rmer; oval body; narrow neck; tubular spout un shoulder; rehef ridge around base of neck. Plain encirchng bands around body; a freeiy drawn frieze of hatchings and vertical wary lines on shoulder. Part of spout, neck, and handle missing. Height in.6. Yín. 83.1.
1253. Pestle of basalt in the shape of a truncated cone, with flat base and rounded top. Herght 50. Y if. 83.4.
1254. Straight pin of bronze with square transserse section; pointed end. Length 10 \% $5 . \mathrm{Y}_{1} 6.83 .3$.
1255. Bronze pin, as No. 1254. Length 5.7. Y 16. S6.7.
1256. Bronze nail, slightly bent, and without head. Length 3.2. Y $16 . \quad 7.3$.
1257. Biconical, narrow bead of lead, with a wide, longitudinal hole; used as a mounting. Ileight i.f. Y 16. 80.9 .
1258. Globular bronze mounting with a small socket and a ridge in relief around the socket; probably the top of a handle. Length 2.2. A.t 15 . 907.
1259. Earring of bronze, as No. 928. Diam. z.o. BB 16. $84 . \delta$
1260. Bronze fibula with fiddle-shaped bow; spiral spring:
straight pon wath pointed end: fat catch. Broken into many preces. Length $8.5 . \mathrm{BB}$ 16. 84. 8 .
1261 Necklace made out of 28 is beads of white farence parte: all of the same shape: plan, that and arcular with a central hole. 'lwo bead, broken. Lengeth 54.5. Dam of beads $0_{5}-\frac{\mathrm{s}}{} \mathrm{s}$. B13 16. 84 s .
1262. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 4, decorated with groups of incised, concentric carcles on body. Diam. 1.6. Stray find.
1263. Cylundrical bead of lead, pierced b $\because$ a large hole through ceatre; used as a mounting. Diam. I. 2 AA 17. \&2.2.
1264. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as Nor 4 ; decoration, as No. 1262. Dam. 2.9 \& го. リз.t.
1265. Arrow-head of iron, as Nis. iz6. Point massing. Length 8.i. I 12.100 .2 (Filling laver).
1266. Straight iron nall, wath pointed end; flat button-head. Broken into two preces. Length 9.5 . I 12. 100.9 (Fillung layer).
1267. Bronze bracelet, as No. 160. Diam. 5.I I I2. 100.4 (Filling layer).
1268. Iron nail, with large hutton-head. The nall is thisk and slightly bent. Lenath 9.0 I 12. 100.3 (Filling layer).
1269. Fragment of an iron rod with pointed end. Length 7.65. I 12100.3 (Filling laṣer).
1270. Arrow-head of hronze, as No. 47, but fatter. Tang missing Length 3.5. () 5. 107.4.
1271. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Dham. 2.3. () 5.107 .5.
1272. Thin, carcular hronze finger-rine with a flat, round bezel composed by a thin wire, spurally twisted. Diam. 1.א. O 5. 107.5.
1273. a-b) Bronze and tron fragments of varoous shape 0 5. 10-0.
1274. Arrow-head of iren, as No. ifh. Leeneth is 212 95.3 (Filling layer).
1275. liragment of an aron rod. Ienuth e. 12.4 I $129 \mathrm{~g}+$ (Filling laver).
1276. Bronze pin with thickened top and pointed end. Length c 5.3. A.A $17 . X_{3.1}$.
1277. Disc-shaped bronze mountine: part of the periphery missing. Diam 7.25. AA 16.1022 .
1278. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 176. Leneth 10.1 . I I2. 95.0 (Filling layer).
1279. Fragment of a straught iron rod. Lenuth 6.7. I 12. $95 \cdot 4$ (Filling layer).
1280. Fragment of a straight 1 ron pin. Length 5.8 . I 12. 95.4 (Filling layer).

1281 Fragment of an ron rod Length 66. 112. 95.7 (Filling laver)
12\$2. Lamp of hronze slag. Stray find.
1283. Ivory statuette of a bull. standing in position of attack with lowered head and projected horns; the back is culved indicating a turning position; the tall has, apparently. been erect, the eves are larqe and have been inlad with some other material, inctoons indicate the mane, and the wronkles around the eses;
the muscles are visully modelled. On top of the wathers. a projection of womethene, broken off 'The tour leew, the tall, and the thpe of the horne mesinge; one sale of the firsurine much worn, the other sule tarly well presersed "The firurine has probably been part of bull sport representation, and the projection on the back seems to be the position for a male fieure jumpine wer the bull. leneth 71113.95 .2 (Fillones laver).
$12 \mathrm{~K}_{4}$. Small bronze dise. Dam. 4.2. (; 13 go 9 (Filhng layer.
1285 . Cilobular spandle-vhorl of grey steatite. pierced hy a hole throush the centre, inseribed feee . Appendix V) $\mathrm{D}_{1 a m} 2 \mathrm{~S}$ sitrạ find
1206 Iron knife, smalar to No. iSo. Length 120 . I is 9r.o (Filling layer).
$128_{7}$. Straght, awl-ahaped ron nat with pointed end head thackenang upwards, square ransterse section Length S.I. I 13. 900 (Falline later)
I28S Bichrome Red II (V) juglet with flat, rased base; biconical body Encireling black lines and band with a white line between, around hody. Neck and handle mosing. Height 62. J 13 93.1 (filling loser).
12Sy. a) IBonge finger-ming, as No. 45s. Broken into mans pleces and one plece missing. Dlam. 2.9
b) Biconical, flat head of multicoloured glass, piereed by a hole through the centre Diam. of. I is 929 (Tilline ldeet)
1290. Bronze fibula with sulted fore-end, large, flat witeh, straight, pointed pin length +4 . D) 10 . Ss 3.
1291. Button of 100ry, as Non 1066: decoration of incrsed, encurcling lines: on the flat side is a carcular concavitr in the centre for fixing the hutton Dame 2.1. I Is So O (lilling histu)
1292. Loom-werght of terratota, is $\operatorname{lon} .30$ Itewht $5+$ AA 17 74.2.
1293. Circular, Hat, light-hlue fatence bead, pierced hy a hole

1294. ('slinder of fatence pate, pleseed bs a hole through the longitudinal axs. Inswhed sums (see Vol. Ill, Appendix I) Length 2.5 Sil 950.
1295. Iron tod, as No 163 Length 19.0 I 12.58 .5 (Filhng layer.
12,96. Bronze finger-fing, as No. 11+b. Only the half preserved Dame $2.1 \mathrm{BB} 5 \mathrm{~S} \quad \mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{g}} \mathrm{S}$
1297. Arrow-head of hronze, a No. 47. Length $74 . \therefore 12$. 1034.
1298. Arrow-head of bronze, as No fy Leneth 9 is At 19犬-o.

1300 Lump of copper slag. Length $90 \quad 21$.
1301 Framment of aron arrow-head Length 6i. Siz. 103.6.

1302 l ragment of a bronge bownl. whth two radere below the atilted rim Manh defaced Ienerits is $\quad Z_{5} 5$ S. 2
1303. Plam, carcular bronge mountine perced by tour hole at the edge. Diam. - 6 Z 15 . is 2
1304. Fragment of a bowl of grey-brown steatite whth rouns hase, and mpodic feet. Decorated with incised zigzag. lines on body, and rim; crossed lines on feet. Only one foot and small part of the bond preserved. I lenght +0 At 16.83 .5 .
1305. Arrow-head of 1 ron, as No. 234. Length 6.4. $/ 2$ 13 (Well). s; 6 .
1306. Rectangular hronze mounting, pierced by three hole at each short end. Length 5.t. $Z \mathrm{I}_{5}$ (Well). $\mathrm{S}_{3}$. 4 .
1307. Small fragments of a bronze sheet. $\mathrm{Z} \mathrm{is} \mathrm{(Well)}. \mathrm{TS} .4 .^{\text {n }}$ 1308. Lump of copper slag. Length 1.2. Z 15.85 .1 .
1.309. Obloner, fluted bead of blue faience paste, pretced hy a hole through the longitudinal axis length 12 : A.A $19 . \quad 795$.

1310 Fragment of a bronze knife with two cutting edses: no midrıb: sloping shoulders; narrow tang. Point and tang missing. Length 3.8. C'ig. 82.o.
1.31 Artow-head of loronze, as No. fis Length 6.5. DI) 20 Si.O.
1312. Bronze finger-ring, as No. ifth Dana. I.9. (C'z. 87.5.
1313. Loom-weight of terracotta, as No. 30. Height 6.1. CC $21 . \mathrm{J9.9}$.
1.114. Arrow-head of brunze, as No. 351. Iength 7.5. (i' 20. $8+5$
1315. Iron finger-ring, as Nio. 155, bezel mussing. Diım. 26. Z 15 (Well). 757 .

1317. Bronze mounting, in No. 3. I) am 30. $Z$ is (Welli. 750.

13IS Iron sheet of rectangular shape; angular corner: on one of the short sides is a semuarcular projection: the orher short sude seems to be bent over an mon rod. 'l'races of wood attached to the sheet on both side Lenerh 6.5. Z 15 (Vell). 75.0 .
1.3ig. Iron fragments of rarıous shape. $Z$ I5 (Well). 756 $13 \geq 0$ Gilobular, depressed bead of blue glass paste, pierce.

1321. a) Fragment of an rean blade with pointed end and one cuttong edge Length +6 . Z 15 (Well). ob.c. b) Framment of an iron rod Length 5.6. Z i5 (Well. 76.0 .
1322. Flat aron tang, prohably helonging to a knife 'Trace of wood still risihle on hoth sides. Length it:. Z 15 (Well), -60.
1323 Rectangular seal of hack polished steatite, percel by a hole through the longitudinal axis, engraved on a'l sides. On one of the broad sides representation if two male figures with lone, poonted heards; walkins to the lett in a procession, holding each other hard.. and dressed in long chatons with flounces; on the $r$ heads they wear conical helmets; between the heare are two short, vertical lines. On the other broad sidirepresentatoon of a runnong goat on left profile wit': large. curved horn and uplitted tall, and in the right corner three short, sertical lines. (On one of the narrow sides representation of a bull, standing $1^{1}$ :
position of attack with lowered head and projecting horns; the eye is indicated by a dot; the muscles are finely engrased, the tall hangs down. (on the other narrow side representation of a warrior, in left profile, with long, pointed beard; dressed in a long, flounced chiton; conical helmet on the head; the left foot advanced; the left arm outstretched holding a drawn bow; the right arm drawn back holding the arrow. On each end, around the hole are radhating lines. Length $1.8 \quad B B 22.79 .7$.
1324. Fragment of a straight, plain bronze pin. Length 4.0. AA 19.75 r.
1325. Straight bronze pin with rounded, thakened top. Point missing. Lenerth 1 i. $6 Z_{15}$ (Well). i3.z.
1326. Fragment of an arrow-head of iron, with leaf-shaped blade; midrib: two edges, narrow tang with round transverse section. Broken Length $87 . \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{I}_{5}}$ (Well). 732.
1327. Fragment of 1ron with traces of wood stall visble. Length 48 . Z 15 (Well). i3.2.
1328. Bronze finger-ring, as No. y. Diam. 2.5 Stray find.
1329. Fragment of an iron rod. Length $230 . \mathrm{Z}_{15}$ (Well). 73.2.
1330. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 176. Traces of wood attached to the arrow-head all over. Length 9.9. $Z_{15}$ (Well). 734.
1331. Angularly bent, flat iron cramp with traces of wood attached. Incomplete. Lensth in.6. Z 15 (Well). 73.4.
1332 Iron finger-ring, as Xo. 155. Part of ring misomg Diam. 2.S. Z 15 (Well). 73.4.
I 333 Oblong, biconical weight of lead. Length 3.3. Weight 56.17. P-Q: 6-7 (Bothros).

I334 Bronze tweezer with the arms splaying downwards; bent catch; loop-shaped top. Lensth $75 . \quad$ CC 19. 83.7.
1335. Earring of bronze, as No. 43; containıng some iron. Diam. 1.7. CC ig. In the sleves.
1336 Loom-weight of terracotta, as No. 30 . Height 6.45 . DI) 20. 8I. 7 .

1337 Circular pendant of sold leaf, with a dotted star in embossed work and a tubular sting-hole at the edge, for hanging it. Diam. i.j. Z 15 (Well). 70.3.
1338. Biconical bead of green paste, plerced by a hole through centre. Diam. 12. Z 15 (Well). -o.3.
1339 Fragment of an iron ring with bezel Diam z.6 Z 15 (Well). 70.3 .
1340 Pick-axe of iron splaying towards the slightly curved cutting edge; cylindrical shaft hole in the mudde; end of prek missing. Length $11.2 . Z 15$ (Well). 72.5
${ }_{1341}$ Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 47. Length 5.7. $\mathrm{R}_{13}$. 104.0.

1342 Arrow-head of iron, as No. 176 Traces of wood attached to the arrow-head. Length 9.9. Z 15 (Well). 71.o.

1343 Pragnent of a bronze sheet with one straight side and one angular corner. Length 10.7. Z 15 (Well). 70.4 .

134+ Bronze mounting, consisting of a circular hronze sheet with enibossed ornaments. pierued by a staple wath flat low and hooked, pumted encls. Dam 15. Bl3 19. In the sucte.
$\mathbf{1 3 + 5}$ Fragment of a plam, straght bronze pin. Length 5.s. IV II (Buthros)
1346. Plain, quadrangular hronze mounting with one edge turned up. Ieength go. Z 15 (Well) (ing.0
1347. Arrow-head of bronze, a No. 25 h. Lengeth 36 Z 15 (Well). 6y.o.
1348. Fragment of an aron toul with narrow tang 'Traces of wood attached to the ron. length $8:$. Z 15 (Well). Gog.o.
 68.2.

1350 Arrow-head of iron, as No. i26 Wood framments still visble on the tang. Length 8.7 Z is (Well) 68.2.
1351. Fragment of an arrow-head of iron, whe narrow tang. Traces of wood stall wisble on the tance. leneth 6.t. $Z_{15}$ (Well). 682.
1352. Iron finger-ring, as No. 155 Diam $2.5 \mathrm{Z}_{15}$ (Well) 68.2.

1353 Silver-plated, horsehue-shaped tinger-mine of aton with

1354. Iron arrow-head, as Nio.23+. Remans of worden arrow around the tang. Lendth 6.s. $Z_{15}$ (Well) 671
1355. Bronze bracelet, as No. 1fo. Dam 5.0 Z 15 (Well) 671.
1356. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 250 'Trace- of womd still wisible in the sochet. Lensth $36 \mathrm{Z}+5$ (Well) 67.1 .
1357. Arrow-head of bronge, ds Nio 351 Lenuth 7. Z 15 (Well). 67.1
1355. Fragment of a bronze sheet, broken into mans precen Z 15 (Well) 67.1.
1359. Large, round, flat head of an ron nail. Trace of wowd still visible on the small part of the shatt I mann $3=$ $Z 15$ (Vell) 6-.1.
$13^{60}$ Framment of a plan bronze heet wath one ecle Length +7.7 . $/ 215$ (Well). 67.I.
1361. Bead of cornelian, as No. +22 Diam. 0.7. (C'21 798.
1362. Arrow-head of hoonze, as $\lambda$ is $25^{6}$ ) Lengeth $: 1$ $Z 15$ (Well) $6,1$.
1363. Arrow-head of bronze, dis $\mathrm{N}_{0} 25^{6}$ leneth $: 7$ $\mathrm{Z}_{55}$ (Well). 67.1.
1364. Fragment of a bronze red with carcular vectoon, bent in a high bow. lenerth h. f BB 14 so
1365. Bronze handle, as No. Sis1 Length 3.9. ( $C^{\circ} 20$. 83 4
1366. Framment of aron arrow-head. 'Trace of word stall attached to the arrow-head. Lenuth 7.1 Z 15 (Well). 66.6

136- Frasment of a flat, narrow bron\%e stip. perced by two rate. Length +6. 6.215 (Well) 60.6 .
1368. Plain. circular bronze dise Broken in many pecee: incomplete Diam. c. 9 3. Z 15 (Well). 66.6.

1309．Plan，rectangular bronze sheet，pierced through both short ends by three holes．Length 5.6 Z 15（Vell）． （i） 6.
 and with an almost circular prece cut out from the angle between two sudes．Lenerth 12．5．$Z 15$（Will）． 66.6 ．

1371．Small，conical spindle－whorl，as No．105．Incised， encreling lines and concentric semicircles Diam． 22．$Z 16.8_{+7} 7$
1372 Lomm－weroht of terracota，is No．30．Lenerth 7．4． Z $16 . S_{7} 7$.
137．3．Prasment of an iron knife wath one cuttong edge． theck back，and that tang．＇The poont mossing．Length It．2．Z 15 （Well）．66．0．
13．4．Arrow－head of bronze，as No．256．Length 3．7． Z 5 （Well）．6） 0.
1375．Arrow－hed ot bronze，as No 256．Length 3．7． Z 15 （Well）．6s 7.
13，6．Arrow－head of bronze，as Nis． 256 Length 35 Z 15 （Well）．65．7
1377．Arow－head of bronze，as No．256．Length $36 . Z 15$ （Well）．65．7．
137－Bronze mounting，rectangular，folded，forming a sort of a socket．Length 385.215 （Well）．65．7．
I379（ircular button－hed of a bronze pin．Diam．Io． Z 15 （Well）In the steres．
13Ho Arrow－head of bronze，as No． 256 Leneth 36. Z i5（Well）．65．5．
13Si．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No．+ Diam． 172 ェ 6 ． $8 \geq 9$.
1382．Fragment of a bronze awl．Length 2 S．Z 16．S2．9．
13 $\mathrm{S}_{3}$ ．Whetstune，smmlar to No．$-\mathrm{x}_{3}$ ．Length 20．0．Z 15 （WCll）． 05 5
${ }_{13} \mathrm{~K}_{4}$＇l＇en arow－heads of bronze，as ．No． 256 Length $3.25-$ 3 リラ．Z I5（Vell）．65 0.
13 ${ }^{\mathrm{S}} 5$ ．Fracments of carbonized bone．Length 3.1 ；I．9． Z 15 （Well）．65．0．
1386 Frasments of arrow－heads of ron．Length 6．5；7．3． Zis（Well）． 65.0
13 $\mathbf{S B}_{7}$ ．Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No． 4 ，with incised， encircling lines and carcles with central deis Length $2.0 \quad / 16 . \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{~s}$ ．
13 s ．＇Thack，disc－shaped weight of lead wath one sale Hat， the other with a cavity in the centre．Diam．ユ9． Werght 99．56．Z if．S4．z．
a 3 Oo．Paralleleprpedic lom－weight of terracotta with that base and top，prerced by a hole through the upper end． Length S．＋．／16．i＋ 3 ．
13yo．Spandle－whorl of steatite，as No．39．Around the edge， incised encorclang lines with eroups of four vertical lines at equal intervals Diam $3 \mathrm{~K} . Z 16 . S_{4} 4$ ．
1301．Arow－head of bronze，as No．351．Length 52. R 5．3． 93.7.
1302．Bronze coon（ohcerse：Athena in Cormontan helmet， lowhing to the raght．Reicrse：Prow of war galley，to the raght Above，uncertan letters（ $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{A}^{\prime}$ ），below， M ．
（Menelaus of Salamis）．Diam．1．5．Weight 3.90 ． CC 2ュ．Surface ldyer．
1393 Spindle－xhorl of steatite，as Jo＋．Dam．2 I．BB 2 I． 77．7．
139＋Bronze pan，straght，with plan top．The pointed end missing．Lenerth S．2． BB 21 ． 777.
1395．Fragment of a bronze pin．Only the point preserved． Length 2．9． BB 22．79．0．
1396．Bronze finger－ring，as No．iff b．Diam．i．6．BB 22. 79．0．
1．39\％．Sponde－whorl of steatite，as No． 4 ；incised with concentric circles Ilalf the spindle－whonl missing． Damı．1．5．Stray find．
1398．Lamp of coarse terracotta with flat bottom：flat，broad rim；channel－shaped wick－holder．Traces of soot around wick－holder and around inn．The lamp has been washed over with a white slip．Diam．If．5． W II（ $)$ n top of Wall 42 C）．IIO +
1390 Spindle－whorl of steatite，as No． 4 ；incised with groups of concentric circles．Diam．I．5．L Io．In the sferes．
r 400 Lump of copper slag．Lenuth 2．6．I 13 ．In the sieses．
Ifor．Shark＇s vertebra；chipped．Length 1．5．I I2（On Wall 69 C）．
rfoz．Plan，shallow bronze buwl with round base．Dam． 10．0．В 2 I ． 7 I ．i．
1403．Bronze finger－ring，as No 9．Diam．2．r．The sub－ terranean entrance．Surface layer．
rof．Bronze mounting consisting of a circular，plain ring attached to a staple，the legs of which are pinched together Dam．of ring I．g．Stray find．
I405 Alrow－head of bronze，as No．47．Length 8．0．At 20. S6 6.
rfof．Bronze finger－ring，as No．9 D Dam．2．0．BI3 20. In the sicres．
1 407．Bronze finger－ring，as No 9．Diam．i B．Y is．gi i．
1＋o8．Arrow－head of bronze，as lio．351．Length 73. Ri3．In the steves．
Ifog．Bicunsal，bead－shaped mounting of lead，similar to No．1257．Helght 1．6．F 9．87．3．
r4o．a）Spindle－whorl of terracotta，as No．483．Diam． ＋．6．Stray tind．
h）Sipondle－whorl of terracotta，as No．－Sis．Diam． 2．6．Stray find
r4i．Fragment of a spandle－whorl of badly burnt clay， Stray find．
1412 Iron fragment．Length 3.3 H 12.95 .2 （Filling layer）． 1413．Scarahoid of white paste．Representation see Appendix II．Lenarth i 5．L．I2． 1037 （Dehris，Layer＋）．
14i4．Framment of a terracotta horse wath hugh neck；flat front；mane marked out by ridue of terracota．Black bands along both sides of the neck；horizontal red and hlack strokes and a lattice band over the front；the eves indicated by black encircling dots；traces of red on nose and mane．Only the neck，head，and a small part of the body preserved；paint almost obliterated． Height ro．o．L 12．9y）（Debris，Layer 5）．

1+15. Arrow-head of bronze, as No. 256. Length 4.6 . Stray find.
1416. Fragment of a large handle belonging to a Plain White Wheelmade juer. Insernbed surs. (see Vol. IIl, Appendis I) Length 11.0 Stray find.
1417. Iron knife, smbar to No. io6. Broken in the ce pieces Length $17.5 . \mathrm{L} 12.94 .6$ (Debris, Layer 5).
if18. Tbin, circular silver finger-ring with a gap between the ends. Diam. 1.55. L, 12. 99.0 (Debris, Layer 5). IfIg. Ram's head of terracotta with pointed nose; projecting eyes; and horns bent foreward. The eyes are painted as black dots, surrounded by black, encircling lines; the horns are painted red. Pant almest obliterated. Height +.1. L 12.99 I (Debris, Layer 5).
1420. Lamp of terracotta, as No. 182, but with traces of a handle from the base. Part of rim and handle missing. Diam. 9.5. L 12. 99.0 (Debris, Layè 5).
142r. Black Polished globular minature jug with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; handle from below radge to shoulder. Rim missing. Height 6 3. I, 12. 98.5 (Debrıs, Layer 5).
1422. Plain White IV slightly pear-shaped miniature jug with flat base; short, splaying neck. Rim and handle missing. Height 5.1, L 12. 100.2 (Debris, Layer 5).
1423. Seated female figurine of terracotta, with head bent back; left arm bent at elbow and hand touching the breasts; legs turned outwards; left knee touching left elbow, around head a broad band; the sexual parts indicated by a circular hole; eves panted as dots, surrounded by large circles. in black pant, har and upper part of dress also painted black: nose, mouth, head-dress, and the lower part of the dress panted with clear red colour. Left arm, and buth legs below the knees are missing. Height 8.7. J, 12. 9S. 5 (Debris, Laỵer 5).
1424. Spindle-whorl of steatite, as No. 39. D1am, 3.5. E 12. 72.6 (Disturbed layer)

I+25. Bichrome V' biconical amphoriskos-shaped, deep bowl with flat base; short, concave neck; no handles; out-bent rim. Red and black encircling lones around rim and shoulder. Height 6.4. K I3. 103.7 (Debris, Layer 2).
1426. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 176. Length 12.4. K 13 . 97.2 (Debris, Layer 5).
1427. Iron knife, similar to No. 106. Length 22.3. K 13. 96.1 (Debris, Layer 5).
1428. Cylindrical female terracotta figurine, with both arms erect; the face roughly modelled with nose and eyes producing a bird-like effect; the breasts indicated by small conical dots; the head-dress is flat and rectangular. The dress is panted as encircling black and red lines around arms and the lower part of body, at the back is a bichrome lattice triangle, and on the breast are black crossed lines. Left arm missing; base chrpped; paint worn on the face. Height i1 6. On hall-slope close by subterrancan exit.
1429. Fragments of a terracotta figurine, ds No 1428.

Head and right arm missing; paint almost obliterated.
Height 7 7. As No. 1428.
1430. Terracotta figurine, as No. I 428 liack lines around arms and lower part of the bods, black arcles around breasts. Right arm and head mossing; pant worn. Heicht 9.9. As No. $1+2 \mathrm{~S}$.
1431. Terracotta head in "nnow-man" technique; on head, a low belnet with ear-flaps. The har falls down in a plait at the back. Traces of black paint suggesting the hair around helmet on front side. Height +6 . K i3 (Debrs, layer 4).
1432. Nounted warrior of terracotta in conical helmet with upturned ear-flaps and top falling back. The figutme bas a bearded "snow-man" face; a per at the back of the neck; a shreld banging from the bent, right arm. The warror bas been ruding on a horse. Legs, left arm, and right band missing. Height 17.8 . $\mathrm{K}_{13}$ (Debris, Layer 4).
1433. Conical spindle-whorl with top filed off, pierced by a hole through the centre Encircling black lines on body and at base. Height 24 . К 13 (Debris, Layer 5).
1434. Scarab of black steatite. TYpe $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Represent. ation. a chariot drisug to the right surmounted by two men, one of them bolding a whip and driving the horses, the other, standing bebind him. In profile only one horse is visible, but the legs of a second are clearly indicated (f. Appendix II. Length 2.0 J 14 go. S (Wall shaft).
1435. Small, conical spendle-whorl as No. 105. A pattern of encircling lines and concentric carcles around the edere. Diam. I.9. Stray find.
1436. Arrow-head of mon, as No. i-6. Tanes slightly bent. Jength $9.5 \mathrm{~J}+(\mathrm{Wall}$ shaft)
1437. Arrow-head of iron, ds No. 17\%. Lengeth 10.3 An No. $143^{6}$.
 135. As No. $143^{\circ}$.
1439. Straght iron rod. Lengeth in if $A, ~ N i s .1+36$
1440. Fragment of large, thick handle of iron. Length y.7. As No. 143 K.
1+4. Fragment of a circular bronze mountinge, decorated with an embossed rosette. Length s.i. As No. 143t.
1442. Iron knife, simular to No. ioh. Length is.o As No $1+36$.
1443. Saucer-shaped lamp of bronze with hattened bottom, flat rim; treforl-shaped wick-holder. D1am. 12.4. As No. 1436 .
$14+4$. Bronze bracelet, as No. ${ }^{1}+7$. Defaced Dam. $\quad 3$ Stray find.
1445. Large iron ravet with a large button-hed at one ond, and a corcular plaque piereed be the roset's rounded end at the other. Length 7.1. Outsule Wall 3 (I)ebus. Layer 2)
14.f6. Fragnent of a bronze fibula; only the stracht pin with once twisted loop, preserved. Length 5.5. (; 14 (Wall shaft).
1447. Nussel shell of mother-of-pearl. Broken into many pleces. As No. $1+36$
$1+4$ lron knife, similar to No. 106 , tang pierced by three riveta, artanged in a row Length 203 . As No. $1+45$
$1+4)$ (ircular aron finerer-ring with owal hezel. Dam 2.7. $A=$ lo $1+45$
$1+50$ Arrow-head of aron. as $\operatorname{Nos} 1$, 6 lengeth 9-3. As Nos $1+4^{6}$.
1+5r. .tialght bronze pin with plan top and pointed end. Length 15.2. As N"o $1++^{\circ}$.
1452 Arrow-hed of ron. as No 176 Only a very small part of the blade presersed. Iength 8.6. As Nos $1+45$
${ }^{1}+5.3$ Conual bronge prece with concase sides, evadently the central peg of a sheld. Length 70 . As No. 1445 .
$1+5+$ Circular iron finger-ring with oval bezel. Diam. 2.2 As No. $1+45$.
1455. Iron finger-ring, as No. 1+54, but larger and thicker. 1) am 20 . As No. $1+45$.
${ }^{1}+5^{6}$ Iron knife, umblar to $\mathcal{N o}$ oh. 'Iang missing. Length is. B A, No. $1+45$.
${ }^{1}+57$ Black-on-Ked 111 (V) biconical mmature jur with rased, flat hase: short, narrow, concase neck, splaving rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Black encircling lines around hodẹ; paint almost obliterated. Height +9 . As 分 $1+t^{6}$.
$1+5^{\circ}$. Plan, circulat, thack aron finger-ming. Dam 2.7. A, No) 1445

1+59 Plann, circular hronze ring with overlappong, flattened ende, possibly a bracelet. Dam 4.S. As No. 1445.
1 foo. Aquare lead wewht. Length 2.35. Wenght 88.79. As No. Ift5
$1+61$ Arrow-head of aron, as No. 307. Length 10.5. As No. $1+45$
1462 Arrow-head of branze, av lo. 47 Iength S.g. As No $1+45$
 obliterated lienght 50 . As $\operatorname{Nos} 144^{6}$.
1qht. The how of a bronze fibula, fragmentery; catch damaged. Length 120 . As No. I $4+$ f).
$1+65$. Arrow-head of iron, as No. 176. Length 9 6. As No. $1+f^{6}$.
1q6f) Arraw-head of bronze, as No 256, but longer. Iength +6 A, Nor $1+45$.
1 tht. Fragment of a large cheek-piece of a helmet of hronze, evidently pear-shaped, pierced by several holes Lencrth 107 As No. $1+45$.
1+6is. Bronze hracelet, as Ňo $1+7$. Dam. 67. As No. $1++5$
$1 f^{6} 9$. Bronze pin with plan top: pointed end miseing. leneth 105 . A, No $14+5$
17\% Arrow-head of 1ron, ans. No. 17, Iengeth 10.5. As No $14+5$
${ }^{1}+71$ Bronze finger-ring. as No ilth. Diam 2.4. As Vo. $1+45$.
142 Blade of a cursed iron knofe with one tutting edge, revembline a wakle lengeh 162 As No. $1+45$.
$1+7.3$ Strawht blade of an ran linte with one cuttong edge
and thick back. Point and tang missing. Length i8.2. As No. $1+45$.
1474. Sicarab of white paste, Type $A 3-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Representataon see Appendiv II. Lenarth 1.6 stray find.
I4\% 'Terracotta lamp, as No $3^{\text {t }}$ Plece of rim missing. Diam. 6.9. As No. $1+45$.
1476. Plain White V barrel-shaped jug with shoit, concave neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to body. Herght 14.1. As No. $14+5$.
147. Twin-handle of bronze attached to a semicircular strıp, pierced by two holes, for fixing the handle to the rim, and a semicircular plate, pierced by a hole, for fixing the handle to the hody Length 7.5. As No. I +45 .
$1+78$. Bronze finger-ring, as No. 9. Diam. 2.3. Fit (Wall shaft).
1479. IVory button, as No. 1291. Plain. Top of the convex side missing. Diam. i.6. As No. ${ }^{4} 78$.
14So. Plain White $Y$ pyexs "ith flat rased base; biconical body; no neck; splaying rim. Height 6.5. As No. 1445.
1481. Fragments of a spear-head of 1 ron with socket. Length 7.3; 9.1. As No. 1445.

1;82. Finger-ring of bronze, as No 9. Diam. 2.2. As No. 1445 .
1483. Crlobular, depressed head of white paste with three inlad, circular ornaments of yellow material, pierced hy a hole through centre Diam. i.2. As No. 1478 .
I4 84 Bronze ring with spirally overlapping ends: possibly a small bracelet. Diamı. 4.35. As No. i4 46 .
i485. Fragments of a large, shallow bronze howl with outturned rim. The handle has been fixed by means of rivets. Length 161 . As No. I 445.
1486. Finger-ring of hronze, as No. 74+. Diam. 1.75. As No. 1445.
1487. Finger-ming of 1 ron, as No. 32. Diam. 2 6. As No. 1445 .

1488 Arrow-head of 1 ron, as No. 176. Length 8.6. As No. $14+5$.
1489 Slightly curved iron knife with one cutting edge; thick hack; pointed end; flat tang. Prece of tang missing. I.ength 128 . As No. $1+45$.
1490. Handle of wory with cylindrical head. Bronze nails indicate position of appled decoration. The tapering end massing. Length +0 . As No. Iff5.
1491. 'Two arrow-heads of 1 ron, as No. 176. Length 8.9; 8.5. As No. 14+5.
1492. Flat, circular cover of white limestone, with a short, eylindrical projection to fit into the mouth of a jar, and a hole at the edge to tie it to the neck. Half the coser massine. Diam. if.6. As No. i475.
1493. Square hronze werght, with two long sides incused; on one short side palmette and volutes in relief. Length 0.9. Weight 38.02. As No, Ifq6.
1494. Ivory hutton, as No. no66. Diam. i.45. As No. i4+6.
1495. Ivory button, as No. io66. Dıam. 1.35. As No. i+t5.
1406. Bronze clasp plate for fastening a dress belt, composed of 8 -shaped shghtly consex shields, arranged
in continuous rows，surrounded by stragbt bronze strips．One end missing，the other end with a double－ curved outline pierced by two holes．The sheclds are concate on the back side．Iength 13.7 As No． $14+5$.
1497．Iron finger－ring，as Nor 155 Dam 25 As No $1+45$.
1498．Bronze finger－ring，as No．itith．Broken in thrce preces．Diam．2．5．As 人n $1+45$ ．
1499．Earring of bronze，as No．928．Diam．2．15．As No． 1445.

1500．Arrow－head of bronze．as No 351．Length 107 As No．it45
${ }^{1501}$ Iron finger－ring，as No．32．Diam．26．As No 1445.

1502．Two finger－rings of iron，as No．32．Diam．2．4： 255．As No． 1445.
1503．Circular bronze mounting with turned－up edge， prerced he a large hole through centre．Diam．2．9． As No． $14+5$
1504．Bronze hracelet，as No ino．Diam．5．9 As No．i445． 1505．Plan White V jug，as No．1476．Neek，mouth，and handle missing Height g．i．As No．itys．
1506．a）Fragment of plain，shallow bronze bowl．Diam． c． 10.5 ．As No． 1445 ．
b）Small fragments of a sheeld boss，as No． 209 As No． 1445.
1507．Arrow－head of hronze，as No． 35 r ．Length 5．6 As No． 1445.
1508．Plain White V sack－shaped jug with flat base；no neck； splaying rim；handle from rim to shoulder．Hewgh 12．9．As No． 1445.
1509．Plain White IV pear－shaped minature juy with raised， flat base；cylindrical，swollen neck；flat funncl－math； handle from the swollen part of neck to shoulder． Rim missing．surface worn．Hughth b2．As No．i4ts
15 io Circular bronze mounting，ornamented by a rosette； plain edge pletced by holes．Dian．8．o．As No．I $44^{6}$
1511．Scarab of black steatite，Type $A_{1}-B_{2}-C_{3}$ ．Engraved， worn representation of standing figure looking to the left，with long，striated hair falling to shoulder， and holding a papyrus staff in the left hand；filling ornaments of papyrus plants．Length i．f Stras find
1512．Bronze finger－ring，as No．（9；one plece missing． Diam．2．3．As No．i44f．
1513．Sack－shaped aryballos of alabaster，with round base． One of the side knobs preserved．The upper part of the aryballos mussing．Height 5．9．As No．It7 f ．
1514．Fragment of a bronze mounting，with only the convex， central boss presurved．Diam．4．6．Ah No．If 8 ，
${ }_{1515}$ Finger－ring of iron，as 入o．32．Dtam．27．As No． $14+5$.
1516．Circular finger－ring of iron with owal bezel．Diam． 2．5．As No． $1+45$ ．
1517．Arrow－head of iron，as No．176．Tang with traces of wood still attached．Length 68 ．As No．I445
1518．White Panted V oval amphora with base－riner splaymg neck；swollen rim；larpe，horizontal handlen．IEn－ circling lines around rim，neek，and below belly；
black handles Around shoulder and belly runs a rehef frece of dancens female figurines holding cach other＇s hand，in coarse execution．Feet and fates in profile，hody en fate．Thes are dressed in loner chitons and short eloaks with lones，wide slecoch． The harr is combed behend the cars，and falls frecly down the back and shoulders．Pant worn．One of the handles，a plece of the rim and of the shoulder restored．The vase has been put together from many preces．Herght 2025 ．As Nón 1445.
1519．Plan Whate V juglet with flat base：depressed body； short，norrow，concate nock；flarine，swollen rmm； rased handle from rim to shoulicr．Rim chipped Henght 5．0．As No．it45．
1520．Scarah of green fallence，Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ ．Represent－ ation see Appendis 1I．One edge slightly chipped． Length 145 As No 1445 ．
1521．Horseshoe－shaped finger－ring of iron with large， flat bezel．Much rusted $D_{1 a m,}$ 285．As No． $14+45$ ．
1522 Bichrone $V$ onal amphoriskos with flat base and two vertical handles．Bechrome encircling lines around neck and belly；a panel pattern between the handles， consisung of the following elements vertical lines； trapezotd fields crossed by dagonal lines the trianeles thus formed are filled with red pant acoorching to a horizontal scheme on one sode，and a vertical one the other．Neck and handle missing．Height 87 ． As 入o． $1+45$
1523．Iron handle with a leaf－haped mounting，piered hy two bronze nuls for fixing the handle to the jus Upper part of the handle nussing Length 95．As No． $14+5$.
1524 Scarah of gresish－white stedtite，Type Ar．Repre－ sentatoon wee Appendex II．Chipped on the back． Nuch worn．Dami 1．55．As Nio．i445．
1525．Iron finger－ring，as No．32．Diam．30．As Nois 1445.
1526．Bull＇s head mask of terracotta with holes for suspension； narrow eyes with incised lids；hair on forchead ind－ cated by hatchings around a hun and crescent in relleff： stripes around the nose，bands from the exes down to the neck，aboo in relief．Black pant on the horns， around the eyes and the neck．Horns and one ear mussing．leeneth 6．6．As No． $1+45$ ．
1527．Circular bronze mounting．ornamented by a rosette， and a string－ornament around the edge in embossed work；plereed by holes throueh the edge．Broken into many preces Dram．c．73．As No． $1+45$.
${ }_{1528}$ Minature fibala of bronze with areh－shaped，rather angular how；spiral sprine：straght pin．Lenerth 39 ．Ss No． 1445.
1529．Silver finger－ring，as No．345．Defaced．Diam． $25 . A s$ No． 1445.
1530．Frarment of a male terracotta statucter in＂snow－man＂ technique，with conical helmet．Head and breast presersed Length 65 As No． $1+45$ ．

## Supplementary Catalogue

I531 Bichrome N amphorishos with low foot; depressed body: wale ellindracal neck, flat rim; twin-handles from rim to shoulder lonereling lines and bands inside rim, around bexts, and base: enureled band of fillad trangles on rimp; plan and rippled hanes around neck; on shoukter contıguous, hatched traangles; black handles. Height 20.7. Put tegether of sherds from Deposit, Squares $\mathrm{Ci}_{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{H}$ : 6--7.
1532. Brehrome 1V amphorsisis, shape as No 1531, but neek sleshtly taller. Encircline lines around rim; enerching lines and hands arount body and base; concentric carcles on neek crossed by an encirching line; on shoulder metope decoration of concentric lozenges stparated by groups of vertical lines, the exterior groups of lines with semmercular excrescences; black handles. Height 22.2. As No. 1531 .
1533 Bichrome iV amphoriskos, shape as No. 1531 , but wath hagh base-ring and plan handles. Fincirclines band and linces inside rim, around bodys, and base: encircling lines on rim; rippled hine and plan line encircling neck; on shoulder metope decoration of hatched four-leaved ornament with central clot separated by groups of vertical lines, and with semicircular excrescenses between leaves; black handles Height 18.5 . As No. $15.3^{1 .}$
1534. Bichrome IV amphoriskos, shape as No. 1531, but plan handles. Decoration as No is3i, but framed. transverse lints on handles, and on shoulder a triangle with filled chequers framed hy groups of angular lines, and ledge-shaped excrescences; on either sade of this ornament are lotus flowers with three petals and two buds Hewht 18.5. As No. I53I,
1535. Behrome IV amphorivkes with base-ring; depresacel globular lode, eylindrical neck (rime mosing); horizontal handles on belles. Encircling lines and bands around neck, shoulder, and below belly; black handles; frieze of genmetrically drawn hirds with hatched bodes; rased wings; tall, curved necks; long beaks, and ceces marked by dots; legs and necks are indicated by lines. Height 202 . As No. 153 r .
1536. Bechrome IV amphoriskos, shape as No ris3i; parts of nock and handles missing. Encirclene lines and bands inside rim, around body, and base; framed, transverse lines on rim: plan and rippled lines around neck: on shoulder a frieze of pendant, alternating lotus huds and flowers connected by parallel, horizontal lines Heroht 56.5 . As No. I531.
1537 Bichrome $1 V^{\prime}$ amphoriskos, thape as No. I531; parta
of neck and handles missing. Encircling lines and bands inside rim, around body, and base; encircling lines on rum: concentric corcles on neck; framed band of vertical, alternatmes red and black lines below neck; band of gulloche pattern in outline technique on shoulder. Height 162 . As No. 1531.
1538. Bichrome $V$ anuphoriskos with low foot; biconical body; neck splaving upwards; twin-handles from rim to shoulder; upper part of neck, part of handles and body messing. Encircling hands and lines instde neck, around body, and base; plan and rippled lines around neck; black handles; on shoulder central ornanent of triangle with filled cheguers framed by parallel, angular lines with filled excrescences; on either sade a lotus omament of carelessly drawn lotus flowers and buds framed by vertical bands. Height 17.7 . As No. 1531.
1539. Bichrome IV amphoriskos with high base-ring; depressed oral bode; neck tapering sloghtly upwards; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lincs and bands insude rim and around body; framed transverse lines on rim and handles; plain and rippled lines around neck; on shoulder metope decoration of outlined four-clover ornaments with central dot, separated by framed, vertical band in outline technique and chevrons flunhed be vertical hands with cxerescences. Henght io.3. As No. 1531
1540. White Panted V crater with celindrical stem; splayed b.se; depressed oval bocly; short, erect, splaying rim; rertical triple handles with metal imitation knobs on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around rim, body, and stem; framed, transwerse lines on handles; an upper row of alternating swasticas and trople dors, and a lower rest of ee neentric areles on shoulder; rows of concentric careles eronsed by enorreling lines on belly and stem. Herght 38.5 As No. 1531 .
1541. Black-on-Red II (IV) large, deep bowl with hase-ring curved outhe; somewhat contracted, splayed rim horizontal handles belort rim. Encircling lines and bands inside; encircling hands around rim, belly, and base; black handles: on shoulder metope decoration of vertical rows of concentric circles separated by vertical, parallel lines. Diam. 30.5. As No. i531.
1542. Bichrome IV amphoriskos with basc-ring: depressed oval body, Mctope decoration of rosettes and vertical, framed guilloche pattern in outline technıoue; parallel, encircling lines around body. Part of body, basering, neck, and handles mossing. Heaght 2 I.o. As No. 1531.

CLASSIFICATION OF FINDS
As shown by the descriptions of the finds in the Object Register they consist of the fullowing main classes: pottery, objects of iron, lead, bronze, silver-lead, silver, gold, terracotta, faience, glass, stone, alabaster, semi-precious stone, bone, ivory, and glyptics.

Pottery (Group: Pls. CLXII, CLXIII; Types: Pls. CLXIV-CLXX).
The pottery is represented by both hand-made and whecl-made warcs.
Hand-made arc: Bucchero and Whitc Painted wares, both of Bronze Age types. The Bucchero Ware is represented by two specimens of different types: a jug of black bucchero with vertical ridges along body; tapering neck; handle from rim to shoulder (No. 475), and a jug of reddish bucchero, with plain body; crlindrical, short neck; handle from rim to shoulder (No. 884). The White Painted Ware is represented by a single specimen only: a lentoid bottle with tapering neck; handlc from rim to shoulder; decorated with radiating lines, circles, spiral ornament etc. (No. 2 $27^{7}$ ). Thus the hand-made wares arc very few in number; they are altogether of types characteristic of Late Cypriote III.

Wheel-made are the following Bronze Age classes: Bucchero; Black Slip; Red Slip; Plain White; White Painted; Coarse Ware, and the following Iron Age classes: White Painted II, IV, V; Bichrome IV, V; Black-on-Red II (IV), III (V); Bichrome Red II (V); Black Slip IV, V; Red Slip III (V); Black and Grey Polished; Plain White III-V; Coarse Ware; Foreign Ware.

The Bronze Age wares are all of the types characteristic of Late Cypriote III. The Bucchero Ware is represented by jugs with ribbed or furrowed body and handle from rim to shoulder (Nos. 423, 424, 982); the Black and Red Slip Wares by similar jugs (Nos. $45^{1}$, $642,680,883$ ); the Plain White Ware by jugs with cylindrical or concave neck; handle from rim to shoulder, usually provided with relief lines and knobs imitating ridges and bosses on metal prototypes (Nos. $338,426,476,585,1100$ ); the White Painted Ware by jugs with tubular spout on shoulder, decorated with a rather free pattern of encircling bands, wavy lines and hatchings (No. 1252); the Coarse Ware by an amphora with flat base and oval body; neck missing (No. 4iz).

Of the Iron Age pottery, White Painted II is represented by a single specimen (No. 231): a depressed globular juglet with narrow neck, swollen rim, and handle from rim to shoulder. It is decorated with encircling lines round body, and a ladder-pattern on handle.

White Painted IV is represented by bowl with flat base; nearly straight sides; plain rim (No. 553); bowl with flat base; oblique sidcs; concave rim; two horizontal handles below rim (No. 753) ; shallow bowl with base-ring (No. 769) ; globular juglet with flat base; narrow neck; handle from rim to shoulder (No. 570); globular jug with flat, raised base; short, concave neck; pinched mouth; handle from mouth to shoulder (No. 662); similar oval or globular jugs, but more or less incomplete (Nos. $606,621,765$ ); oral or deprcssed amphorac with base-ring; cylindrical neck; swollen or flat rim; handle from rim to shoulder (Nos. 244, 334, 681).

The bowls are decorated with encircling lines and bands; the jugs and amphorae with encircling lines and bands around the neck and body; occasional zigzag and wavy lines (No. 244) and often concentric circles on the shoulder.

Of White Painted V Ware only three specimens were found; two amphorae, oval (No. 1518 ) or biconical (No. II 83 ) with base-ring; neck widening upwards; swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder; and one stemmed crater (No. i540). The amphorae are decorated with encircling lines and bands, and No. isi 8 has a unique decoration of a relief frieze of dancing female figurines. The crater is decorated with encircling lines and bands; upper row of alternating swasticas and triple dots and lower row of concentric circles on shoulder; row of concentric eircles, crossed by encircling lines, on belly and stem.

Bichrome IV pottery is represented by a single bowl (No. 6II) with flat, raised base; bent-in rim; horizontal handles at rim; four jugs (Nos. $595,653,764,773$ ) with flat base; globular body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; flat or flattened, swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder; a najority of amphoriskoi (Nos. 229, 233, 237, 238, 246, 555, 566, 573, $609,617,629,633,635,637,641,684,689,700,702,771,1531,1532,1533,1534,1535$, $1536,1537,1539,154^{2}$ ) with flat base, base-ring or low foot; globular, oval, or depressed body; cylindrical neck; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder, or occasionally horizontal handles on shoulder. The amphoriskos No. 692 is Bichrome IV-V.

The bowl is decorated with encircling lines and bands inside and outside; the jugs with encircling lines and bands, and groups of concentric circles on bedy; the amphoriskoi with encircling lines and bands; various ornaments on neck and shoulder; wavy lines; concentric circles; network pattern; rertical panels of herring-bone pattern; triangle filled with chequers and enriched with excrescenses; guilloche pattern; metope decoration of rosettes; friezes of lotus flowers and buds; occasionally figural decoration of birds and male heads.

In Bichrome $V$ the following shapes are represented: plates, bowls, jugs, amphoriskoi. The plates have flat base; plain rim (No. 659) ; flat, slightly widening rim and two string-
 short, concave neck. The jugs have flat, raised base; biconical body (Nos. 604); neck widening upwards; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder (No. 747). The amphorae (Nos. $240,577,612,616,628,630,1522,1538$ ) have flat base, base-ring, or low foot; oval, depressed, or biconical body; neck widening upwards or slightly convex; rim down-turned; horizontal handles on shoulder, or handles from rim to shoulder.

The plates and bowls are decorated with encircling lines and bands only; the jugs with encircling lines and bands; frieze of lotus ornaments on shoulder (No. 604) and leaf-ornaments in front (No. 747 ); the amphoriskoi with encircling lines and bands, sometimes with oblique lines between; concentric circles on shoulder or neck; panels of concentric circles separated by vertical bands; panels of hour-glass ornaments separated by bands of vertical lines; lotus ornaments, sometimes framed by ladder-pattern and flanked by conventionalized birds, on shoulder.

The shapes of Black-on-Red II (IV) include one specimen of a bowl (No. 1541) and many juglets and amphoriskoi. The bowl is large and deep; curved outline; contracted, splayed
rim; horizontal handles below rim. The majority of the juglets are globular, sometimes oval; with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; flaring or flattened, swollen rim; handle from ncek to shoulder (Nos. 230, 232, 597, 613, 757, 763); a single juglet (No. 755) has globular body; flat, raised base; no neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. The amphoriskoi (Nos. 558, 626, 631, 759) are oval or depressed; with flat, raised basc, basering, or low foot; cylindrical or slightly concave ncek; flat or down-turned rim; handles from rim to shoulder.

The bowl is decorated with encircling lines and bands; on shoulder metope decoration of vertical rows of concentric circles separated by vertical, parallel lincs. The juglets arc decorated with encircling lincs and bands, and concentric circles on body; the amphoriskoi with encircling lines and bands; concentric circles on neck and shoulder.

Black-on-Red III (V) is represented by a plate (No. 756) with flat, raised base; erect rim; horizontal, small handles below rim; decoratcd with encircling lines; a juglet (No. 1457) with raised, flat base; biconical body; short, concave neek; widening rim; handle from rim to shoulder; decorated with encircling lines; and one amphoriskes, with flat, raised base; oval body; slightly convex neck; rim down-turned; handles from rim to shoulder; decorated with encircling lines and frieze of oblique lines on shoulder (No. 760 ).

Of Bichrome Red II (V) only two specimens were found: an amphoriskes with low foot; depressed body; cylindrical neck; flat rim; handles from rim to shoulder; decorated with encircling lines and bands, partly white-dotted; concentric circles on neek and shoulder (No. 235); and a juglet with flat, raised base; biconical bedy; decorated with encircling lines and bands with white line in between (No. i288).

Black Slip V is represented by a juglet with raised, flat base; biconical body; narrow, concave neck; splaying rim; handle from rim to shoulder (No. if $\boldsymbol{\sigma}_{3}$ ); Red Slip II (IV) by a globular jug with base-ring (No. 772); Red Slip III (V) by a cup-shaped bowl (No. 651) with flat, raised base; vertical handle from rim to body; three juglets: one, with flat, raised base; spindle-shaped body; sharp shoulder-line (No. $6_{4}$ ); the second, with flat base; globular, depressed body; short, concave neck; thick rim; handle from rim to shoulder (No. 154); the third, with flat basc; biconical body; tapering, concare neck; moulded line between shoulder and neck (No. 713); and a sack-shaped jug with pinched rim and handle from rim to shoulder (土o. 599).

Grey and Black Polishcd Ware is represented by a majority of juglets and two bowls. Both of these are shallow: the one has rounded base; concave, out-turned rim; two small, horizontal handles on body (No. 663) ; the other has flattened base; contracted rim with flat top; two wary, horizontal handles on body (No. 572). The juglets are usually glohular, with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; flaring or flat, splaying rim; handle from neck to shoulder (Nos. $571,574,575,603,605,614,654,655,1421$ ). No. 568 is conical, with flat base; narrow neck with handle-ridge; funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder. No. 378 has biconical body and raiscd, flat base. Nos. 594 and 627 are globular, with flat base; no ncek; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. No. 660 is similar to these, but with long, narrow neck.

Plain White III is represented by the jugs Nos. $8 \not+0,980$, ${ }_{117} 7$; the bobbin-shaped bottle No. 521, and the amphoriskos No. II 49 ; Plain White IV by bowls Nos. 239, 607, 658, 770; globular juglets with handle-ridge Nos. 754, 758,762 ; miniature jugs with handle from rim to shoulder Nos. 1422, 1509 ; the jug No. 569 with pinched rim, and the sack-shaped jugs Nos. $561,593,598,600,615,749,761,767$; Plain White V by plate No. 610; bowls Nos. $57,212,404,408,4+4,665,683$; pyxis No. ${ }_{4} 40$; oval or piriform jugs with concave neck and handle from rim to shoulder (Nos. 34, 40, 495); sack-shaped jugs (Nos. 78, 245, 457, $652,656,661,682,698,699,714,748,750,751,75^{2}, 768$, i1 86,1508 ); barrel-shaped jugs (Nos. 1476, 1505); miniature jugs (Nos. 91, 295, 529, 1519).

Coarse Ware is represented by the following shapes: plate (No. 596); bowl (No. III2); jugs (Nos. 554, 559, 701); amphoriskoi (Nos. 565, 576, 608, 619).

Foreign Ware is represented by the jug No. 988.

## Iron.

The iron objects are of the following classes: sword, spear-head, pike, dagger, arrowhead, shield, axe, knife, armour, spit, rod, strigil, pin, earring, finger-ring, mounting, sheet, lamp, cramp, nail, rivet.

Sziord (Pl. CLXXI).
The swords are, apparently, of one single type: long, lancet-shaped; with straight edges; pointed end; midrib; flat hilt with wary sides and rounded, splaying top pierced by two iron rivets for fixing the wooden plaiting. Only one specimen (No. 208) was entirely preserved. The others, so far as preserved, seem to have been of a similar shape.

## Spear-head (Pl. CLXXI).

The spear-heads are represented by the following types: i. Broad, leaf-shaped spearhead; low midrib; socket with no slit (No. 135). 2. Broad, leaf-shaped spear-head; low midrib; socket retaining slit along one side (Nos. 23, 131, 132, 162, 172, 221, 288, 3 10). 3. Broad, leaf-shaped spear-head; high midrib; socket with no slit (No. 823). 4. Narrow, lancet-shaped spear-head; high midrib; curved edges; socket retaining slit along one side. (No. 145). 5. Narrow, leaf-shaped spear-head; low midrib; curved edges; long socket retaining slit along one side (Nos. 19, 309, if47). 6. Narrow, leaf-shaped spear-head; high midrib; straight edges; socket with no slit (Nos. 336, inо ). 7. Conical spear-head; socket retaining slit along one side (Nos. 24,350 ).

These socketed spear-heads were usually fitted to the wooden shaft by means of nails; the slit served to give enough elasticity for a firmgrip on the shaft; sometimes a ring-mounting around the mouth of the socket served to strengthen the fitting of the shaft. None of these mountings were preserved on the Idalion specimens, but raised edges around the mouth of the socket give eridence of them.

Pike (Pl. CLXXI).
Only one specimen (No. $44^{6}$ ) is entirely preserved: it is rounded in section with pointed end and four-sided, narrowed top.

## Dagger (Pl. CLXXI).

The daggers are represented by No. 319; it has narrow, lancet-shaped blade; cross-bar; flat hilt with splaying, rounded top.

Arrow-head (Pl. CLXXI).
The arrow-heads are of these different types: $\mathbf{1}$. Leaf-shaped arrow-head; straight tang; without midrib (Nos. 200, $726,729,730,1134$ b, 1350 ). 2. Leaf-shaped arrow-head; straight tang; low midrib (Nos. $120 \mathrm{~b}, ~ 176,177$, 183, 188, 199, 201, 218, $219 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b}, 243 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b}, 502$, $503,507,551,563,564,567,578,579,620,632,639,640,675,825,826,882,966,976,991$,
 1437, 1450, $145^{2}, ~ 1465,1470, ~ 1488, ~ 1491, ~ 1517$ ). 3. Leaf-shaped arrow-head; doublecurved outline; straight tang; midrib (Nos. 307,677, i461). 4. Four-sided arrow-head; straight edges; tapering outline; straight tang (Nos. 234, 305, 313, 335, 353, 727 a, 1177, 1305, 1354). 5. Four-sided arrow-head; double-curved edges; tapering outline; straight tang (Nos. 220, 346, 1093).

## Shield.

The shield bosses were, as a rule, of bronze (see below). There was found only one specimen of iron: a circular boss with central, conical spike (No. 375). As the bronze bosses, it was used as central mounting of a leather shield fitted to that by nails through holes pierced at the edge of the boss.

## Armour (Pl. CLXXII).

Armour of iron and bronze splints, of the type described in No. 236 (see Objeet Register).
Axe (Pl. CLXXIII).
Of axes there are thrce different types: i. Chisel-axe; head with straight edge; rounded top; circular hole near top for fixing the axe-head to a cleft shaft by means of a bolt (Nos. 440, 1058 ). 2. Pick-axe; one end with curred cutting edge; shaft hole in the middle; ending in a pick at the other end (No. 13+o). 3. Broad-axe; rather thin blade; splaying towards the curved cutting edge; thick-flanged back; narrowed, flat, curved tang flanked by two projections, between which it was fixed in the cleft head of a wooden shaft (No. $3^{8} 4$ ).

Knife (Pl. CLXXIII).
The types of knives include the following classes: i. Leaf-shaped knife: pointed end; two cutting edges; midrib; narrowed, flat, short tang fixed to the handle by rivets [Nos. 333, $5^{17}, 727$ b (only the point preserved), 897, 990]. 2. Leaf-shaped, short, rather wide
knife; rounded end; one cutting edge; narrow, curved, flat tang fixed to the handle by rirets. Of this type onty one specimen is entirely preserved (No. 1132). 3. Long, lancetshaped, straight (or nearly straight) knife; one cutting edge; pointed end, thickening back; flat, straight (or nearly straight) tang fixed to the handle by rivets (Ncs. $106,1_{5} 8,174 \mathrm{a}, 209$, $297,308,4+2,4+3,490,669,994,1006,1020,1068,1129,1236,1417,1427,1438,1+42$, $1+4^{8}$, I +56, I $\left.4^{8} 9\right) .4$. Crescent-shaped knife with curved, thickened back; one cutting edge, straight; pointed end; flat, broad, curved tang fixed to the handle by rivets (No. 303). 5 . Curved knife; one cutting edge; curved end; flat, straight tang fixed to the handle by rivets (No. 190). 6. Double-curved knife; one curved cutting edge; pointed end; tang flat, curved in the opposite direction, fixed to the handle by rivets (Nos. 602, 866). 7. Sickle-shaped knife; curved as a sickle; rounded or pointed end; flat, narrow tang, sometimes fixed to the handle by rivets (Nos. 189, 213, $462,1286,1472$ ).

Spit (Pl. CLXXIII).
Only one specimen (No. 293) was preserved: it is square in section with a pointed top and a hole at the upper end for hanging.

## Rod.

Tany fragments of iron rods, circular, or square in section are represented. Their use is uncertain. Some of them may be fragments of pikes and spits. (Nos. $163,168,174 \mathrm{~b}$, 186, 203, 204, 207, 214, 311, 5i4, $584,776 \mathrm{a}, 792,805,853,912,95^{2}, 955,962,964,978$, $1045,1047,1053,1065,1079,1080,1111,113+\mathrm{a}, 1178,1185,1187,1188$, $1204 \mathrm{~d}, 1226$, $1227,1238,1269,1275,1279,128 \mathrm{r}, 1295,1321 \mathrm{~b}, 1329,1439$ ).

## Strigil.

There is only one fragment of a strigil handle preserved (No. 739 a). It is to be supposed that the iron type of strigil was the same as that of bronze (see below).

Pin (Pl. CLXXIII).
The pins are all straight. Only in one specimen the head is preserved and button-shaped (No. $120+$ b).

## Earring (Pl. CLXXIII).

Of earrings there are two types represented: i. Circular earring, with overlapping ends (No. 251). 2. Crescent-shaped earring (No. IIte).

Finger-ring (Pl. CLXXIII).
Three types of finger-rings are represented: i. Plain, circular finger-ring (No. ${ }^{1} 458$ ). 2. Cireular finger-ring with oval bezel (Nos. 250, 678, 810, 1087, 1214, 14+9, 1454, 1455, 1516). 3. Horseshoe-shaped finger-ring with oval bezel (Nos. 32, 33, 50, 155, 157,460 , 488 e, 1315 , 1332 , 1352, 1353 , 1487 , I497, $1501,1502,1515,1521,1525$ ).

## Lamp (Pl. CLXXIII).

There is only one single specimen of lamps represented: open, saucer-shaped; with flat base; flat, wide rim; pinched wick-holder (No. 171).

Mounting, cramp, nail, rizet.
Various pieces of iron used as mounting on wooden or leather objects, cramps, nails and rivets were found. They are all of plain, simple shapes showing no typological variations (see diagrams).
Lead.

The leads objects are few, and as a rule, of non-typological character. Covers, mountings of different kinds, and weights are represented.

## Cozer (Pl. CLXXIV).

Only one specimen of a cover (No. 25) was found: flat, disc-shaped and probably used as cover to a cylindrical box.

## Boss (Pl. CLXXIV).

The boss (No. 84), with one side flat and the other convex, was corered with a bronze sheet and has probably served as filling of the central boss in the bottom of a bronze bowl (cf. p. 583).

Mounting (Pl. CLXXIV).
Among the mountings four types may be mentioned: I . Cylindrical, with a longitudinal hole (No. 1263). 2. Biconical, with a longitudinal hole (Nos. 1257 , 1 $\ddagger 09$ ). Both these types were probably used as mountings on wooden or bone pins. 3. Strip-shaped (Nos. 705,808 ), probably used as mountings on wooden boxes. 4. Trapezoid mounting with projecting tops (No. Sof ).

## Weight (PI. CLXXIV).

The weights are square, flat, circular or biconical in shape. The specimen of the first type (No. I +60 ) has a weight of 88.79 gr .; that of the second type (No. 1388) has a weight of 99.56 gr .; those of the third type a weight of 58.80 gr . (No. 950 ) and 56.17 gr . (No. 1333).

## Bronze.

Among the bronze objects the following classes are represented: spear-head, arrow-head, shield, helmet, knife, hammer, chisel, rod, strigil, tweezer, spatula, awl, needle, pin, fibula, hair-ring, earring, finger-ring, bracelet, clasp, hinge, chain, mounting, nail, rivet, cramp, cylinder, lamp, shovel, rase, weight.

## Spear-head (Pl. CLXXIV).

The spear-heads are of three types. 1. Leaf-shaped spear-head; with midrib; tubular socket, pierced by rivet-holes. (No. 1249). 2. Pike-shaped, four-sided spear-head, tapering towards the pointed end; tubular socket. (Nos. 37, 401). 3. Pike-shaped spear-head; with circular section; tapering towards the pointed end; tubular socket, towards the pike ending in a moulding resembling the Egyptian papyrus capital (No. fo7).

## Arrozt-head (Pl. CLXXIV).

The arrow-heads are of the following types: i. Short, leaf-shaped arrow-head;straight tang; without midrib (Nos. $485,838,879,131$ I). 2. Short, leaf-shaped arrow-head; straight tang; with midrib (Nos. 49, 97, 98). 3. Long, leaf-shaped arrow-head; straight tang; with midrib (No. 272). 4. Leaf-shaped arrow-head; double-curved outline; straight tang; with midrib, usually swollen at base of blade (Nos. 271, 379, 666, 788, 1000). 5. Foursided arrow-head; straight edges; tapering outline; straight tang (Nos. 35I, 363, 385, 497,
 1408, 1500,1507 ). 6. Four-sided arrow-head; double-curved edges; tapering outline; straight tang (Nos. 47, 52, 53, 54, 55, 86, 178, 179, 196, 254, 255, 257, 258 a, 261, 263, $265,270,277,278,279,280,28 \mathrm{I}, 282,286,304,306,328,34 \mathrm{I}, 365,380,388,400$, $448,498,510,512,515,581,648,674,735,787,832,850,860,870,896,947,996,1064$,
 I 34 I, I 405 , I 462 ). 7. Three-edged arrow-head; with straight sides; midrib; short, tubular socket (Nos. in $3 \mathrm{~d}, 370$ ). 8. Three-edged arrow-head; concave sides; midrib; short, tubular socket with rivet-hole (Nos. 256, 259, 349, 357, 430, 693, 738, 836, 965, 1092, 1347, 1356, 1362, 1363, 1374, 1375, 1376, 1377, I380, I384, I415, I466).

## Shield (Pl. CLXXV).

The shields were of leather and covered with metal mountings of iron (see above p. 575) or, usually, of bronze. These mountings were applied as central bosses and peripheric bands on the leather shields.

The central bosses are all of the same shape: a flat disc with a straight spike tapering towards the point in the middle. Only the spikes are of slightly different types: i. Long; with straight sides; narrow, pointed end. 2. Short; with concave sides; flat, broad end. 3. With concave sides; narrow end.

Type 1 is represented by No. 133; Type 2 by Nos. 137 a, 1088; Type 3 by Nos. 21, 298, 299. The bosses are all decorated with the same ornaments in repoussé: concentric strings of beads and ridges around the edge.

The peripheric bands are only preserved in fragments (e. g. Nos. 137 b-c, 194, 344, $\left.704 \mathrm{a}, 7^{21}, 729,74^{0}, 794\right)$. They are of different width and diameter, depending whether they were mounted around the edge of the shield or further in between the edge and the central boss. Some of these bands are plain; some are decorated with ornaments of beaded strings, running spirals, wavy line and row of circles, cable pattern, frieze of lotus ornaments etc.

Both the bosses and the bands are provided with small, pierced holes at the edges for nails by which they were fixed to the leather shields.

## Helmet (Pl. CLXXVI).

Of helmets only cheek-pieces of bronze were found. These are sole-shaped, with straight upper end. Type 1 is rather narrow (Nos. $148,164,416$ ) and Type 2 is broader (Nos. 302,835 ). The shaft of the "sole" is either straight-sided or concave.
Of the specimens of the second type, No. 302 is provided with an almond-shaped ridge and a rivet in the centre of the sole for receiving an inlay of some other material, possibly ivory. No. 835 has a midrib on the shaft and a similar, raised, almond-shaped projection in the centre.

The cheek-pieces have been fixed to a leather helmet by nails through pierced holes at the edges. These holes are, as a rule, placed two and two.

Knife (Pl. CLXXVI).
The bronze knives occur rarely. Two types are represented: r. Leaf-shaped knife with two edges; no midrib; sloping shoulder; narrow tang (No. 1310). 2. Leaf-shaped knife with two edges; midrib; tang of unknown shape, missing (No. 910).

Hammer (Pl. CLXXVI).
There is only one specimen of hammer represented, and that fragmentary (No.268). This is square in section, widening towards one end; other end missing; circular shaft hole.

Chisel (Pl. CLXXVI).
One specimen of chisel is represented (No. 1248). It has a flat, leaf-shaped blade; thick edges; flat tang with slightly concave sides.

## Rod.

The rods are of the same type as those of iron. Only fragments are preserved (Ncs. $143,374,582,717,718,725,1200,1364$ ).

Strigil (Pl. CLXXVI).
The strigils are of the type represented in iron: curved blade, semicircular in section; flat, horizontal loop-handle ending in an ivy-shaped mounting attached to the blade by a nail. Only one specimen is entirely preserved (No. 149).

Tweeser (Pl. CLXXVI).
One specimen of tweezer was found (No. 1334). It has bent catch and loop-shaped top. Spatula (Pl. CLXXVI).

The spatulae consist of a thin, straight rod; one end with knob-head; the other with a small, flat, trapezoid, or oval blade (Nos. 75, 511).

## Awl (PI. CLXXVI).

The awls are of one single type: straight pin with pointed end and four-sided top to fit into the handle (Nos. $4^{8} 4,494$ ).

Veedle (Pl. CLXXVI).
The needles are all of the same type: straight, with pointed end and eyelet near the top (Nos. 4i3, 478, 590, 711, 859, 875, 914, 1051).

Pin (Pl. CLXXVI).
The pins are of four types: i. Straight pin with plain top (Nos. 7 I , in9 a, $438,454,898$, $942,1254,1255,1394,1451,1469$ ). 2. Straight pin with rounded thickened top (Nos. 1228, 1276, 1325). 3. Straight pin with button-head (No. 1379). 4. Hooked pin, in shape of a modern hair-pin (No. irif).

## Fibule (Pl. CLXXVII).

All the fibulae, with a few exceptions, are provided with spiral spring; straight, pointed pin; flat catch. The following types are represented: r. Fibula with fiddle-shaped bow (No. 1260). 2. Fibula with stilted fore-end, sometimes without spring (No. 1290). 3. Fibula with plain, arch-shaped bow; four-sided in section (No. II3 a). 4. Fibula with archshaped bow, provided with beaded mouldings towards ends of bow (Nos. $167,180,383$ ). 5. Fibula with plain, arch-shaped, rather angular bow (No. 1528 ). 6. Fibula with archshaped, rather angular bow, prorided with large beads and disc-shaped mouldings in the middle of bow (Nos. 267 , rrit). 7. Fibula with angular bow; large mouldings; knobbed top (Nos. 355, 435).

## Hair-ring (Pl. CLXXVI).

The hair-rings (Nos. 806, rio4, ir68 a) are small and spiral-coiled.

## Earring (Pl. CLXXVI).

1. Circular earring, with overlapping ends (Ncs. 43, $38 \mathrm{r}, 386$, 39r, 624, 686, 690, 837 , 998 , 1042, 1235, 1335). 2. Earring, with spiral coils (Nos. 469, 809, 813). 3. Earring, with lower part crescent-shaped, almost circular or oblong (Nos. 217, 470, 523, 708, 958, in io). 4. Earring, with lower part leech-shaped (Nos. 532, 928, 937, 1237, 1259, 1499).

Finger-ring (Pl. CLXXVI).
I. Finger-ring, round in section; plain (Nos. 9, 59, 60, 68, 69, 70, 89, I13 с, II4 a, 123, 156, 193, 248, 269, 285, 382, 395, 402, 405, 542, 623, 625, 636, 672, 687, 704 b, 707, 736, $74^{1}, 743,814,815,822,869,902,924,926,1009,1017,1026,1030,1035,1036,1037,1041$,
 2. Finger-ring, with flat coil, narrow or wide (Nos. 449, 453, 697, 1089, 1289 a). 3. Finger-ring with a small gap between the ends (Nos. if4 b, 253, 289, 425, $488 \mathrm{~d}, 499$,
 oral bezel (Nos. 74, 798 , 1153,1486 ). 5. Finger-ring with a spiral-twisted, round bezel (No. 1272).

Bracelet (Pl. CLXXVII).
The bracelets are of the following types: 1 . Plain, circular bracelet (Nos. 16, 125 a). 2. Bracelet, with overlapping ends (Nos. 185, 252, 428, 1459). 3. Bracelet, with spiral coils (Nos. 376,1484 ). + Bracelet, with small gap between rounded, flattened, or knobbcd ends, sometimes decorated with engraved lines (Nos. 150, 160, 175, 191, 275, 276, 399, $4^{15}$ a, $488 \mathrm{c}, 858 \mathrm{~b}, 94^{8}, 986$, 1024, 1086, II 33 , II36, 1267, 1355, 1504). 5. Bracelet, with gap between ends, which are in shape of conrentionalized snake's heads and sometimes with engraved lines (Nos. $147,314,439,458,746,777,144,1468$ ).

Clasp (Pl. CLXXVII).
There was found one fragment (No. in 8 c ) and a better preserved specimen of clasp (No. 1496) consisting of two continuous rows of 8 -shaped links; one end missing, the other of double-curved outline, pierced by two holes.

Hinge (Pl. CLXXVII).
Four hinges were found (Nos. 292, 301, 325, 828 a). Nos. 292, 301, and 325 are of the same type, consisting of an oblong bronze sheet with straight short sides, one long side conrex, the other with wayy outline; three cylindrical sockets placed rertically in the middle; fixed with six nails with button-heads. No. 828 a is fragmentary and of a simpler type; consisting of a bronze sheet with sockets formed by folding the sheet and fixed by bronze nails.

Nos. 292, 301 and 325 are solid enough to have been used for a wooden door; No. 828 a can only have been used on a wooden chest.

Chain (Pl. CLXXVII).
A triple chain of $S$-shaped links fixed to a circular ring and probably used for hanging a lamp (No. 3 8).

Mounting (Pls. CLXXVIII, CLXXIX).
Sockets, discs, plaques, strips etc. of bronze are very common. They were used as mountings of wooden or leather objects and are accordingly of non-typological character, the different shapes showing no trpological sequence. The following main shapes arc represented:
r. Button-shaped; circular with convex outside and concave inside; sometimes with pierced holes (Nos. 3, 121, 274, 284, 534, 839, 1317). 2. Disc-shaped; circular or, occasionally rosette-shaped; flat or almost flat, often with pierced holes (Nos. 6, $166,169,184,316$, $317,347,352,360,409,447,709,710,789,790,824,894,903,922,974,984,1095,1211$, 1277, 1284, 1303, 1368, 1441, 1503, 1510, 1527). 3. Button- or disc-shaped; with staple
and attached ring; occasionally 8 -shaped and pierced by nails (No. 901). Some of these mountings are more or less defective; the rings or discs are sometimes missing (Nos. 7, in , $4^{2}, 44,45,4^{8}$, II 3 b , II4 c, II $8 \mathrm{~b}, 2$ I5, $258 \mathrm{~b}, 262,283,287,294,300,432,436,488 \mathrm{a}, 720$
 1163 , I167, I232, 1242, I344, If04). 4. Rectangular; usually pierced by holes; sometimes with raised edges (Nos. 159, 161, 195, 206, 241, 327, 389,488 b, 491, 1206, 1306, 1346, 1369 ). 5. Strip-shaped; narrow straight strips; sometimes pierced by holes; probably used as mountings of wooden boxes (Nos. $326,505,509,55^{2}, 732$, $102 \mathrm{I}, 106 \mathrm{ob}$, 1071, 1367). 6. Leaf-shaped; specimens in shape of ivy leaves (Nos. 13, 359). 7. Mounting, used as a shoulder-plate or part of a helmet (No. 315). 8. Wing-shaped; thin sheet in shape of a wing, with curved pinions in embossed work; one fragmentary specimen preserved (No. 128). 9. Irregularily shaped; with straight sides and semicircular or cut out pieces (Nos. 742, I370). io. Folded; rectangular sheet, folded, forming a roughly made socket (Nos. 181, 210 , 1199, 1378). ri. Socket-shaped; of different shapes: a) tubular, with rounded, tapering end (No. 76), b) cylindrical, narrow, with moulded end (Nos. 508, 1241), c) cylindrical, short; with one end closed, the other open; cylinder pierced by large, rounded holes (No. 995 ), d) knob-shaped ( 1258 ), e) angular; square in section; one leg widening towards the open end (No. 429). 12. Bell-shaped (Nos. 775, 784). 13. Figures; in shape of a conventionalized bird's head, with a loop on the neck (No. ir60); in shape of a bull's head with attached ring (No. 290).

Most of the mountings are plain or only decorated with plain, embossed ridges. Some of them, the button-shaped (Type 1) and the disc-shaped (Type 2) are decorated with rosettes, lotus, palmettes, dots, beaded strings etc. in embossed work.

Nail, rizet, cramp.
Nails, rivets, and cramps of simple shapes, as described in the Object Register (See diagrams).

## Cylinder (Pl. CLXXIX).

Plain bronze cylinder, solid (No. 878).

Lamp (Pl. CLXXIX).
There is only one main type of lamp: saucer-shaped, with flat base; flat rim; and pinched wick-holder (Nos. 134, 459, 1443). Nos. 134 and 1443 are plain; No. 459 is of a more elaborate design, with a relief-line on rim ending in two small loops for hanging the lamp; on each side of wick-holder two conventionalized birds facing each other.

Shozel (Pl. CLXXIX).
Shovel; rectangular, with raised edges; concave back; handle missing (No. 318).

I'ase (Pl. CLXXX).
Of the vases, only bowls are entirely preserved. They are of the following different types. 1. Hemispherical bowl with round base, and plain rim (Nos. 247 a-b). 2. Shallow bowl with round or flattened base; rounded outline, and plain rim (Nos. 20, 26, 1245, 1402). 3. Shallow bowl, with flat or flattened base; plain rim, and central boss on base, sometimes surrounded by relief-line (Nos. 17, 18, 27, 129). 4. Hemispherical or shallow bowl with round base; moulded ridge below rim (No. 398). 5. Hemispherical bowl with ribbed body; contracted rim; base missing (No. 2). 6. Shallow bowl with base-ring; ribbed body; erect, concare rim (No. 81). 7. Large, shallow bowl with out-turned rim and handle (missing) fixed separate by nails (No. 1485 ).

Of other vases only fragments are preserved, among which handles of jugs (See diagrams).

Other fragments of vases are ledge-shaped handles of bowls (Nos. 881, 1365); ringshaped, moulded stands (Nos. 396, 397); base-ring with animal's foot (No. ini9); triangular base-plate with concave sides, supported by three feet, now missing (No. 260) etc.

Weight (Pl. CLXXX).
The weights are square (Nos. 414, 1493), rectangular (Nos. 31, 1005) or in shapc of a truncated pyramid (Nos. 403, 733). No. 1005 has a weight of $3.78 \mathrm{gr} .$, No. 733 a weight of 22.53 gr., No. 1493 a weight of 38.02 gr ., No. 414 a weight of 44.96 gr., No. 403 a weight of 45.52 gr ., and No. 3 I a weight of 67.50 gr .

No. 733 has an inscription in Cypriote syllabary, reading 2 shekels (see Appendix V).

## Silver-lead.

Finger-ring (Pl. CLXXX).
The silver-lead objects are only represented by a circular ring with overlapping ends (No. 538).

Silver.
In silver the following classes of objects are represented: hair-rings, earrings, finger-rings, bracelets, pendants, and mountings.

## Hair-ring (Pl. CLXXX).

There are two types of hair-rings: i. Thin, circular hair-ring, with overlapping ends (No. 1244). 2. Thick, circular, spiral-coiled hair-ring (No. 1004).

## Earring (Pl. CLXXX).

The earrings are of two types: 1 . Circular, crescent-shaped earring (No. 92). 2. Leechshaped earring, with overlapping ends (Nos. 348, 796).

Finger-ring (Pl. CLXXX).
The finger-rings are of two main types: i. Finger-ring with circular coil, rather thin, or thicker (Nos. 493, 646), sometimes wich a small gap between the ends (No. 1418). 2. Finger-ring with circular coil and oval bezel (Nos. $345,354,1529$ ). The bezel is sometimes decorated with engraved designs: the winged sun-disc, surrounded by a beaded string (No. 354).

## Bracelet (Pl. CLXXX).

The bracelet are uniform in trpe: circular, with a gap between the flattened ends, sometimes decorated with engraved lines (Nos. 77, 90).

## Pendant (Pl. CLXXX).

A circular pendant with tubular string-hole (No. 7I9).

## Monnting (Pl. CLXXXI).

The mountings are button-shaped, disc-shaped, strip-shaped or socket-shaped. I. The button-shaped mountings (Nos. 8ı9, io 4 , II73) are semicircular in section with convex outside and a loop on the concave inside. 2. The disc-shaped mountings are represented by one specimen (No. 67): a flat disc of gilded silver with a central, globular knob and decorated with an embossed rosette consisting of alternating lotus and papyrus ornaments. 3. The strips are rectangular in shape, with short ends rolled up, and pierced by stringholes along the edges. They are decorated with floral and figural representations (Nos. $36+\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ ). 4. Only a fragment of a socket-shaped mounting (No. 322) was found.
Gold.

The gold objects are very few and insignificant: earring, bead, pendant, mounting.
Earring (Pl. CLXXXI).
Only one specimen was found (No. +73). It is of the oblong, boat-shaped type.

Bead (Pl. CLS゙XXI).
A globular bead of gold leaf (No. 797).
Pendant (Pl. CLXXXI).
A circular pendant with a dotted star in embossed work in the middle and a tubular string-hole at the edge (No. 1337).

Mounting (Pl. CLXXXI).
The mountings are represented by a plain strip (No. So3) and a small, plain disc (No. 834).

Terracotta.
The terracotta objects comprise the following classes: spindle-whorls, loom-weights, lamps, incense-burners, weights, and statuettes.

## Spindle-whorl (Pl. CLXXXI).

The spindle-whorls are usually Plain White Ware. Only two specimens (Nos. 1107, 1433) are painted with encircling, black lines (White Painted Ware). In shape they are of different types: 1. Conical spindle-whorl (Nos. 78 I , 1107 , $1+10 \mathrm{~b}, \mathrm{I}+33$ ). 2. Biconical spindlewhorl (Nos. 848, 849). 3. Circular spindle-whorl, with both sides convex (Mics. 483,528 , ${ }_{117} \mathrm{O}$, 1171, 1410 a). All the spindle-whorls are pierced by a central hole.

## Loom-weight (Pl. CLXXXI).

The loom-weights are all Plain White Ware. The following types are represented: 1 . Flat, circular loom-weight, with a central hole (Nos. 63, 516,1250 ). 2. Conical loom-weight, with a hole near the rounded top (No. ro7t). 3. Pyramidal loom-weight, with a hole near the flat top (Nos. 30, 622, 650, 1292, 1313, 1336, 1372). \&. Parallelepipedic loom-weight with flat base and top, and hole near the top (No. $1_{3} 89$ ).

## Lamp (Pl. CLXXXI).

The majority of the lamps are of this type: I. Open, saucer-shaped lanp with rounded or flat, raised base; rounded, flattened, or flat rim; the latter imitating the metal prototypes; pinched wick-holder (Nos. 36, 152, 153, 182, 851, 852, 971, 1050, 1420,1475 ). 2. Open, saucer-shaped lamp with flat base; raised body; wide, flat rim; channel-shaped wick-holder, evidently imitating the metal prototypes (No. 1398). 3. Open, saucer-shaped lamp with two wick-holders one on each side of a curved twin-handle (No. 664). 4. Bowl-shaped lamp, roughly round, with flat bottom; two perforated holes for suspension (No. $5_{50}$ ).

## Incense-burner (Pl. CLXXXI).

The incense-burners are of one type only: ladle-shaped, with tall, flat, vertical handle; rounded top and hole near top for suspension. (Nos. $34^{\circ}, 4^{17}$ ). The handle is decorated with incised design of running spirals bordercd by straight furrows.

Weight (Pl. CLXXXI).
The weights are of two types: square (No. 4 II ) and bobbin-shaped (Nos. $108 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$, 366 ).

No. 41 i has a weight of 19.67 gr . (top missing); No. 366 a weight of 4 .ro gr. (slightly damaged). Of Nos. io8 a, b, c, parts are missing. These were reconstructed according to the method mentioned by Evans ${ }^{+}$and the reconstructed weights are: 30.55 gr . (No. io8 a); 33.57 gr . (No. 108 b ); 43.99 gr . (No. 108 c ). It seems as if the reconstructions of Nos. a and $b$ are somewhat too small.

## Statuette.

The statuettes comprise the following classes: animals, riders, male and fcmale figures.

## Animals (Pl. CLXXXII).

The animal statuettes include five types.
Type I is represented by the bull statuettes Nos. 452, 47\%. They are made of Base-ring Ware and of the type characteristic of that ware: cylindrical, rather thin, body; narrow, peg-shaped legs; triangular head with narrow muzzle; button-shaped eyes; short ears; horns crect; wide brisket falling from nose to chest; mouth, nostrils, cyebrows, hairs on forehead marked by incisions.
Type 2 is represented by the bull statuettes Nos. 445, 455, 463, and heads Nos. ${ }_{5} 1$, 968, 1162. The clay varies in shade from brown to buff and is covered with a light, sometimes greenish slip. The bulls are of a more clumsy, unelastic shape: the body is crlindrical; the legs peg-shaped but thicker than those of Type r; the head is triangular; the snout cylindrical, sometimes incised, and nostrils marked by dots; the eyes are button-shaped; the horns erect; the ears pellet-shaped; brisket sometimes marked by a wary ridge. Paintings in dark colour mark details of the head and the body is covered with network-pattern or dotted ornaments indicating a ritual cover.
Type 3 is represented by the buck statuette No. II30 and the ram's head No. 1419. They are of a stiff, very thin, rather abstract shape. The back is straight; the neck straight and tapering upwards; the head long with pointed nose; projecting eves; small ears; curred horns; goat's beard marked. Bichrome painting corer the buck's head and body.

Type 4 is represented by the ram statuette No. 989 . The modelling differs from that of Type 3 by being clumsier, and less distinct; the shape is more full-bodied but at the same time less strict and laxer. The legs are conical; the back slightly concave; the head is triangular; eyes painted black and traces of black paint on chest, neck, and horns.

Type 5 is represented by the bull's head No. 1526. This is moulded, of a Cypro-Archaic type representing a combination of the conventional idol plastic and beginning stylistic cxpression.

Riders (Pl. CLXXXII).
Two types are represented. Type i by Nos. 983, 1040, 1432, and Type 2 by No. 556 and fragments Nos. $487,560,580$. The rider of Type 1 is represented as a warrior wearing a conical helmet. Both he and the horse are modelled in the same lax and summary technique characteristic of Type + of the animal statuettcs, with paintings in black and red, mat colours.

Type 2 is of a more claborate but still conventionalized modelling, reminiscent of the wood-carving tcchnique. The horse has a short body; tubular legs; tall, straight neck; flat chest and front; hogged mane; small, conical head with mouth, nostrils, eyes, and ears roughly modelled; details of horse-trappings indicated. Of the riders, only one small figure is preserved. The statucttcs were painted in the usual way.

Male figures (Pl. CLXXXII).
Two types are represented; Type i by No. 969; Type 2 by Nos. I43I, 1530. Only fragments are preserved. The figures wear conical helmet and may have been standing figures of warriors or have formed part of rider statuettes as those above.

Type I is of the thin, "pointed" shape, characteristic of Type 3 of the animal statuettes, and Type 2 is of the same shape as Type 1 of the rider statuettes.

Female figures (PI. CLXXXII).
Three types occur.
Type I is represented by No. $7^{24}$ : a seated, female figure with flat body, naked; breasts modelled; narel marked by dot; incised "triangle sacre"; the arms once pressed against chest between breasts. Parts of body and head missing.

Type 2 is exemplified by Nos. $1423,1428,1429,1430$. No. 1423 is a seated figure with cylindrical body; head back-bent; left arm bent and left hand touching the breasts. Nos. 1428 - 1430 are standing figures; with cylindrical body; uplifted arms; pellet breasts; projecting nose and eyes; the head-dress is flattened and rectangular, probably indicating a polos.
The figures are painted in black and red, mat colours. The way of modelling is similar to that of Type I of Male figures.

Type 3 is represented by No. 1157 ; a moulded figure in the Greek, late Archaic style.
Apart from the two moulded specimens (Type 5 of Animal statuettes and Type 3 of Female figures) the statuettes thus represent different types of pure idol plastic.

## Faience.

The following classes of objects are represented in faience: beads, pendants, necklaces, bowls.

## Bead (Pl. CLXXXIII).

Circular, flat bead, with a central hole, of light-blue paste (Nos. 216 b, 343 b, 1293). 2. Globular depressed bead, with a central hole, of white paste (Nos. 197, $47+\mathrm{d}$ ), and with yellow-coloured, circular inlays (No. 1483). 3. Oblong, fluted bead, with a central hole, of blue paste (No. 1309). 4. Biconical bead, with a central hole, of green paste (No. 1338). 5. Tube-shaped bead, sometimes with several tubes attached to each other, of light-blue paste (Nos. 1158 , 1179,1182 ). 6. Bead, as Type 5, but with horizontal, incised line around the middle (No. ir6r).

Pendant (PI. CLXXXIII).
I. Pear-shaped pendant, with a hole through top and a rosette ornament of green paste (No. 533). 2. Phallos-shaped pendant, with a hole pierced at upper end, of green paste (No. 79).

Vecklace (Pl. CLXXXIII).
Only one necklace of paste was found. It consists of 28 I circular, flat beads with a central hole, of white paste (No. 1261).

Bozl (Pl. CLXXXIII).
No intact bowls were found, only a spout of blue faience, square in section, closed, with shovel-shaped outlet (No. 793).
Glass.

The glass is moulded and of various colours: white and blue-green (No. 127); grey-blue (No. 88); light-blue (Nos. 474 a, 1025, i161); blue (Nos. 187, 868, 1320); blue and white (Nos. 72, 1075, 1251); dark and grey (Nos. 434, 474 c); multicoloured (Nos. 94, 474 b, 481, $527,712,807,918,940,945$, I151, 1190, 1289 b).

The majority of the glass objects are beads. Besides one specimen of a ring and a fragment of a bottle were found.

## Bead (Pl. CLXXXIII).

1. Globular bead (Nos. 72, 88, 94, 527, 1251). 2. Globular depressed bead (Nos. 474 a, b, 868, $940,945,1$ I5I, 1320). 3. Nelon-shaped bead; globular with wavy outline (No. 187). 4. Rosette-shaped bead; flat, circular with ribbed body (No. 800). 5. Narrow, conical bead; plain (No. II90).6. Broad, conical bead, with spiral line running from centre to periphery (No. 1075). 7. Biconical, flat bead (No. 1289 b). 8. Pentagonal bead (No. 807). 9. Cylindrical bead (Nos. 48r, 712, 918, 1025). ro. Bobbin-shaped bead (No. 474 c). The beads are all provided with a central, or longitudinal hole except No. 1075, which has no hole.

## Ring (Pl. CLXXXIII).

A circular, rather thick ring, square in section (No. 43H).

## Bottle.

Fragments of a globular bottle (No. 127).
Stone.

The stone objects include the following classes; axe-heads, mace-heads, grinders, pestles, whetstones, spindle-whorls, amulets, weights, moulds, vases, and cover.

## - tre-head (Pl. CLXXXIII).

Only one specimen (No. 479 b ) is represented. It is of the celt type, with flat body, narrowed top and slightly curved cutting edge.

## Mace-head (Pl. CLXXXIII).

The mace-heads are made of basalt. Their shapes differ. r. Globular mace-head (Nos. 972, if64). 2. Depressed globular mace-head (No. ifi c). 3. Flattened, circular macehead (Nos. 320, 468). 4. Oval mace-head (No. 479 a). 5. Cylindrical mace-head, with slightly convex sides (No. 372). All have a hole bored in the centre from both sides; that of No. 372 is unfinished.

Grinder (Pl. CLXXXIII).
There is only one type represented. Elliptical, saddle-shaped grinder of dolerite (Nos. 170, 900, 1067, 1229).

Pestle (Pl. CLXXXIII).
The pestles are of basalt and of these different shapes: i. Flattened, circular pestle (Nos. ifi a, b, 467, ino6). 2. Cylindrical pestle (Nos. ioi, i231). 3. Small, cone-shaped pestle (No. 589).4. Pestle in the shape of a truncated cone (Nos. 12, 65, 394, 437, 549, 671, 872, 873, 1253). 5. Wedge-shaped pestle (No. 519).

## Whetstone (Pl. CLXXXIII).

The whetstones are of limestone (Nos. 783,1383 ) or sandstone (Nos. 242,546 ). They are rectangular in shape and flat, sometimes provided with a pierced hole for suspension.

## Polisher (Pl. CLXXXIII).

One specimen of steatite (No. 99), cさlindrical in shape, was found.

## Spindle-whorl (P1. CLXXXIV).

The spindle-whorls are usually of steatite and of the following types: i. Globular spindlewhorl (Nos. 107, 1196, 1285). 2. Conical spindle-whorl (Nes. 105, 588, 1008, 137i, 1435). 3. Biconical spindle-whorl (Nos. $4,56,61,73,87,95,104,216$ a, 264, 331,339 , 406, 464, 471, 500, 541, 545, 586, 592, 647, $780,782,833,841,843,865,874,876,887,888$, $889,890,920,921,927,933,939,975$, 1082, 1135, 1139, 1166, 1169, 1221, 1234, 1262, 126., I381, I387, I393, 1397, I399). \&. Button-shaped spindle-whorl, with one side flat, the other convex (Nos. 39, 58 , in2, $520,905,977$, 1073, ilifo, 1246, 1390, 1424). 5. Button-shaped spindle-whorl, with both sides convex (No. 367 ).

All the spindle-whorls are pierced by a central hole. They are sometimes decorated with incisions of circles, semicircles, encircling lines, bands of running semicircles, dotted semicircles, groups of rertical lines etc.

Bead and amulet (Pl. CLXXXIV).
i. Globular depressed bead (No. 337). 2. Almond-shaped bead (No. 102). 3. Knobshaped bead (No. 917). 4. Biconical bead of marble (No. 1034). 5. Flat, circular amulet with an eccentric hole (No. rōo).

Weight (PI. CLXXXIV).
The weights (Nos. 371,1154 ) are bobbin-shaped with one side flat, the other convex. They are made of haematite. No. 371 has a weight of 17.20 gr . and No. 1154 a weight of 28.35 gr .

## Mould (Pl. CLXXXIV).

Square moulds of steatite used for casting minor metal objects (No. 518) and a bull's statuette (No. 94i).

## I ase (Pl. CLXXXIV).

The vases are made of steatite, limestone, or dolerite. Bowls, plates, pyxides, and basins are represented among the shapes. Nost of them are only preserved in fragments.

The bowls (Nos. $967,979,1304$ ) are shallcw, rounded, sometimes provided with a tripodic base (Nos. $967,130_{4}$ ). No. 1304 is decorated with incisions of zigzag lines on body and rim, crossed lines on feet.

The plates are shallow, with base-ring or flat bottom and curved outline (Nos. 496, 1 197).
Only one pyxis (No. 1150 ) is preserved. It is rectangular in shape, with four short legs and small projection on the short sides, imitating metal mounting on the wooden prototype.

The basins Nos. $4^{21}, 715$ are roughly square in shape, with rounded corners.

## Cozer (Pl. CLXXXIV).

Circular or square cover, sometimes with a short, cylindrical projection to fit into the mouth of a jar and a pierced string-hole, represented by Nos. 329, 1201, and 1492.

## Alabaster.

l'ase.
A fragment of a sack-shaped aryballos (No. 1513) is the only object of alabaster found.

> Semi-precious stone.

Bead and pendant (Pl. CLXXXIV).
The stone varieties represented are agate, onyx, and cornelian.
In agate only a globular head (No. $\mathrm{S}_{3}$ ) was found and in onyx a bobbin-shaped bead (No. 29). The majority of the semi-preeious stones are cornelian and consist of beads and pendants. I. Globular bead (Nos. 115, 694, 716). 2. Bieonieal bead (Nos. $5^{2} 5,539,818$, 1152 a). 3. Bobbin-shaped bead (Nos. 526, ir94). 4. Button-shaped bead, with one convex side, the other flat (No. 93). 5. Flat, eireular bead (Nos. 422, 136r). The pendants are pear-shaped with dise-shaped base (Nos. 1152 b , 1222).
Bone and Irory.

The bone objects include: pins, awls, polishers, handles, buttons, beads, discs, statuettes.
Pin (Pl. CLXXXV).
The pins differ mainly in the shape of the heads: 1 . Pin with pear-shaped head (No. 69r).
2. Pin with pomegranate-head (No. 886). 3. Pin with long, moulded head (No. 1145). 4. Pin with short, cylindrical, moulded head (No. $103^{\perp} 535+536$ ). The pin of Type + is decorated with an incised scale-pattern.

Awl.
Dog's tooth, probably used as an awl (土̃. 931).

## Polisher (Pl. CLXXXV).

Polisher made of a rib of an ox; pierced by a hole for suspension (No. 919).

## Handle (Pl. CLXXXV).

The handles are cylindrical. 1. Handle without head (No. 522). 2. Iandle with knobhead (No. 480). 3. Handle with cylindrical head (No. 1490). Sometimes they are decorated with incised lines (Nos. 480,522 ).

Bobbin (Pl. CLXXXV).
Bobbin with knobbed ends and a concavity at the middle (No. 377).

## Button (Pl. CLXXXV).

The buttons are circular, one side usually convex, the other flat; sometimes decorated with encircling lines (Nos. 1066, 1291, 1479, 1494, 1495).

## Bead (Pl. CLXXXV).

Small, flat bead pierced by a central hole (No. 1243).
Disc (Pl. CLXXXY).
The discs are circular, flat, or slightly convex, and decorated with incised, encireling lines, rope-ornament etc. (Nos. $342,506,540$ ).

Statuette (Pl. CLXXXV).
Bull's statuette of ivory (No. 1283) as described in the Object Register.

> Glyptics (Pls. CLXXXV, CLXXXVI).

The kinds of glyptics represented are: seal-stones, scarabs, scaraboids, cylinders.
The seals are of steatite, conical, domed or pyramidal (Nos. $47^{2}, 643,645,885,891,909$, 935, 1217), and rectangular (No. 1323).

The scarabs are of amethyst (No. i); steatite, of various colours (Nos. 524, 731, 785, II $56,1434,1511,1520,1524$ ); paste (Nos. 74, 1474); the scaraboids are of white paste (Nos. 706, $\mathrm{I}_{4} \mathrm{I}^{2}$ ); the cylinders of haematite (No. 877), steatite (Nos. 390, 482, 892), lapis lazuli (No. 369), and paste (No. 1294).

The seal-stones may be divided into six different stylistic groups: i. Vigorous style; figural representation of animals (No. 909). 2. Rough, conventionalized style; figural representation of a stag; filling tree-ornament (No. 885). 3. Fine, linear style; representations of men and animals (Nos. 935, 1323). 4. Rough, linear style; simple geometric; floral, or figural designs (Nos. $4 \mathbf{7}^{2}, 645,891$ ). 5. Naturalistic style; representation of lying deer (No. 643). 6. Plain (No. 1217).

The cylinders include six different types: i. Vigorous style; animal representations and religious symbols (No. 877). 2. Fine, conventionalized style; representation of animals and religious symbols (No. 369). 3. Fine, linear style; representation of dancing woman alternating with tree-ornaments (No. 482). 4. Rough, linear style; figural and floral representations (No. 390). 5. Inscribed cylinder (No. 1294). 6. Plain (No. 892).

The types of the scarabs are described in Appendices I-III.

## Coins (Pl. CLXXXVI).

The coins are of silver and bronze. The silver coin No. 1084 was too much corroded to be determined. Of the other silver coins, one (No. 1072) is Late Archaic, Idalian ${ }^{5}$; another (No. 35) is from Citium ${ }^{6}$ and a third (No. 1124) from Paphos ${ }^{7}$; Nos. 35 and 124 date from the 5 th Cent. B. C., but their exact date within that period is uncertain.

The bronze coins are of different mints: Nos. 5 and 82 were struck by Euagoras II of Salamis ${ }^{8}$; No. 8 by Herodes Archelaus ${ }^{\text {; }}$; No. io by Ptolemaeus Soter ${ }^{\text {10 }}$; No. 62 by Demetrius Poliorcetes ${ }^{11}$; Nos. $722^{12}$ and ioi ${ }^{13}$ by Ptolemaeus II Philadelphus; No. 973 by Constantius $\mathrm{II}^{14}$; and No. $139^{2}$ by Menelaus of Salamis. ${ }^{15}$

## CONDITIONS OF FINDS (FIGS. 240-249; PLANS XVI-XXI).

By indicating the square and level of each find in the Object Register given above, there are determined their horizontal and vertical position. This is a summary of the general conditions of finds.

The objects were found in different intact culture strata, disturbed layers, filling layers, waste layers, and waste deposits.

On account of the intensive building activity, earlier layers were often disturbed by foundation trenches of later walls, as shown by the stratification. Only in one case, around Altar $4^{0}$, had the layers been disturbed by treasure-seekers (cf. p. 499).

Filling layers occurred mainly in the interior of the towers and bastions, and outside Walls $3-5$ as a levelling of the road leading along the south-west wall to the entrance gate of the temenos.


Fig．2fo．Italion．The deposit in the cult－house of Period I ．


Fig．2ti．Idalum．The deposit in the cult－house of Period 1.

Waste layers were found outside Wall +2 C ，especially in Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Q} 12$ ，and consist of remains of culture earth and broken waste objects thrown out from the temenos．

Waste deposits were found in the bothroi，in the Well，and in a pit in Squares G－II： $6-7$ dug down from the floor－level of Pericd 6 and containing ex cotos of pottery and other material．

The majority of the objects of Periods $1-3$ were found in undisturbed culture strata． Some of the objects were found in groups，or deposits．Such a group of objects was found in the cult room of Period 1．The main deposit was discovered in the west corner of the room：five terracotta bulls（Nos． $4+5,45^{2}, 455,463,47$ ）and threc jugs（Nos．$+51,475,476$ ）， surrounded by pebbles of various colours；a mace－head of stone（ No． 479 a）；a chisel ave of basalt（No． 479 b ）；a spindle－whorl of stone（No． 47 I ）；glass beads（Nos．474，48 ）；a bronze needle（No．478）；a bronze pin（No．454）；bronze rings（No． 449.453 ）；a bronze sheet（No． 450）；a knobbed bone handle（No． 480 ）；earrings of bronze and gold（Nos．470， 473 ）；a conical seal（No． $4^{2}$ ），and a cylindrical seal（No． $4^{82}$ ）．A little farther N．E．of this main deposit were found a stone pestle（No． H 37 ），and carbonized olive stones（No．1532）in asso－ ciation with carbonized wood．A third deposit consisted of a spindle－whorl of stone（No． 586）；a pebble stone（No．587）and terracotta jugs（Nos． $426,427,585$ ）．These objects are evidently to be interpreted as ex rotos，or remains of such．The cult object itself was not found．

The cult paraphernalia of Periods $2-3$ were less well preserved：only two libation jugs （Nos． 423,424 ）belonging to Period 2 and an incense－burner（No． 4 F ），a bronze ring （No．252），and a bronze needle（No．${ }^{113}$ ）belonging to Period 3，were found in the cult room．It seems that the majority of the ex rotos of Period 2 were removed to the newly repaired cult room of Period 3 and then destrosed when the eult house was definitely ruined at the end of that period．A head of a statuette of a bull（No．5i）found in a stratum of Period 3，outside the cult－house，in the courtyard，seems to be a fragment of these destroyed


Fig. 242. Idalion. The deposit in the cult-house of Period I.


Fig. 243. Idalion. Room NLYI, with pithoi in situ.


Fig. 24t. Idalion. Room XXXIN, with pithoi in situ.
ex rotos, and indicates at the same time that the cult remained essentially the same to the end of Period 3 .

Less important, smaller deposits were found within some of the rooms of the other houses of Periods $\mathrm{r}-3$, as seen by the plan of the finds in situ: e. g. grinders in the kitchen, storage vessels and big jars in the store-rooms, loom-weights, spindle-whorls, weights of lead and terracotta; pins, needles, fibulae of bronze; knives, arrow-heads, spear-heads of bronze and iron; finger-rings and earrings of bronze, etc. in the other rooms, illustrating the standard of living.

Some of the objects of Pericds $1-3$ were not found in the ordinary culture strata but in waste deposits. Such deposits from Pericd a were found in the circular bothroi, and deposits from Pericds $2-3$ in the square bothroi. The dating evidence for these deposits is already given above, pp. 506 f .

In the temenos of Period + the objects found were rather few and scattered about.
A certain number of objects were found in Stratum 5 of the waste layer outside Wall 42 C. This stratum, as shown above, pp. 498 f ., 5 II , is contemporary with the culture stratum of Period 4 .

The objects of Periods $5-6$, on the other hand, were to a great extent found in definite groups.

As seen from the diagrams of the finds they consist chicfly of a representative series of tools and weapons, such as swords, daggers, spear-heads, shields, armours, helmets, knives, axe-heads, pins, needles, fibulae, finger-rings, earrings, bracelets, lamps, vascs of bronze and terracotta, glyptics, etc., brought to the temencs and dedicated as ex rotos. A glance at the plans of finds in situ shows that most of them were found in groups along the walls of the sanctuary: there are such groups in the gate-chamber (Room NLIX); in the hall (Room L) along the N. E. side of Wall 32, in the cult-chapel and along the walls of the inner temenos. If the levels of these objects are studied we find that some of them were found on, or near, the floor-level, and others high up in the stratum of their respective period. This seems to be best explained by assuming that some of the objects were hung


Fig. 245. Idalion. Deposit in Room MLIX.


Fig. 246. Idalion. Deposits along Wall 32 (Squares $\mathrm{E}+$-5).
on the walls and fell down on the collapse of the wall, while others were deposited on the floor, or on some shelves or pedestals, whenee they dropped onto the floor before the collapse of the walls. Other explanations may be rentured. In any case, it is not possible to associate the objeets found higher up in the stratum with a subsequent floor-level, of which there was absolutely no trace.

The fact that a great number of the ex cotos were found along the walls and high up in the stratum of their respective period scems, therefore, to indicate that it was eustomary to hang up the ex zotos on the walls.

A certain number of finds were not associated with any visible traces of walls. The bulk of these, as shown by the plans of finds in situ, were gathered along two lines, one extending to the $N$. E. from the gate-chamber, and another to the $N$. E. from the E. corner of the inner temenos and turning to the $N$. W. towards the eneireling wall $\mathfrak{q}_{2} \mathrm{C}$. These lines of finds possibly mark the existence of a fence or some sort of a sereen whieh bounded the temenos to the $工$. E. and S. E. and on whieh the objects in question were hung.

Apart from the objects found in the culture strata, a number of objects were found in waste layers, waste deposits, and fillings.

A few objects of Periods 5 and 6 were found in waste lavers $3-4$ and 2 , respectively, outside Wall $f^{2}$ C. These layers, as shown above, pp. 498 f., 516 , are contemporary with Periods 5 and 6.

A waste deposit of arrow-heads etc. from Pericd 6 was found in the well (Squares Z $15-16$ ). On the evidence of the potsherds found in the well (cf. above p. 516) the deposit may be assigned to Period 6.

Another deposit of waste ex rotos was found in Squares (;-H: 6-7. This deposit consists of a group of pottery and some other rotive objects buricd in a pit dug down from


Fig. 2+7. Idalion. The deposit in Squares G—H: 6-7.


Fig. 248. Idalion. The deposit in squares (G-II: 6——.
the floor-level of Period 6, as shown by Section III. Apparently, these objects are old ea zotos cleared away from the temenos. Being holy things they could not be thrown away, but were buried in a pit within the sanctuary. As the pit was dug from the floor-level of Period 6, the whole group must have been buried after the boginning of that period.

On the other hand, the deposit must have been buried shortly after the beginning of Period 6, i. e., in an early phase of Pericd 6 A. This is proved by a comparison of the pottery types of the deposit with those found in the filling outside Wall 3; the deposit contains a majority of Type IV and a considerable number of '「ype V, while the potsherds in the filling outside Wall 3 consist of a great majority of Type $V$, i. e., a combination of pottery types characteristic of the beginning of the last phase of habitation on the acropolis (see Diagrams and Statistical list of potsherds). The filling outside Wall 3 was thrown as a levelling stratum contemporarily with the crection of Wall 3 and it is, therefore, necessary to assign this wall to the last building-phase within. Pericd 6, i. c., the wall was erected at the beginning of Period 6 B . The finds in the homogencous filling outside Wall 3 thus represent the end of Periced 6 A , and those in the deposit in Squares (; - $11: 6-7$ the early phase of Period 6 A .

Finally, the condition of finds in the filling inside Walls $7-17$ must be discussed. As shown above, pp. 5 If f., this filling differs from that outside Wall 3. This latter is homogeneous, but the filling inside Walls 7-17 is mised with earlier debris. It is, therefore, not possible to assign the objects found in this filling to their periods on stratigraphical evidence (cf. below, Relative Chronology).

## RELATIVE CHRONOLOGY

These finds will now be assigned to their respective perieds.
The following remarks deal with the methodic principles applitd for this determination of date.


A-A
Fig. 249. Idalion. The deposit in squares (;-H: 6-7.

The finds in undisturbed culture strata are assigned to their respective periods in accordance with the levels of the finds.

The finds in disturbed layers, and stray finds, etc., are assigned to their pericds on typological grounds, after having been compared with similar finds in undisturbed layers. Such objects, of types which occur in more than one period, have been assigncd to more than one period, e. g., objects typical of any of the periods $1,2,3$ are assigned to Periods $1-3$, and objects typical of both the periods 5 and 6 have been assigned to Pericds $5-6$, etc.

To Period 6 A are assigned the objects found in Squares $\mathrm{J}-\mathrm{O}: 4-7$ below the flcor of Period 6 B. This is the only area within the temenos where a new floor was laid in Pericd 6 B and no other finds, therefore, can be assigned to Period 6 A on stratigraphic evidence, except those of the deposit in Squares G-H: 6-7 and in the filling outside Wall 3 .

As regards the objects found in the debris, the finds in the circular bothroi are assigned to Period $x$; those in the square-cut bothroi to Periods $2-3$, and those in the well to Period 6. The finds in the deposit in Squares $\mathrm{G}-\mathrm{H}: 6-7$ are assigned to Pericd $6 \mathrm{~A}^{1}$ (early phase of Period 6 A) and the objects in the filling outside Wall 3 (end of Pericd 6 A) to Period $6 \mathrm{~A}^{\mathrm{II}}$, on the evidence given in Conditions of Finds.

The finds in the debris outside Wall $4_{2} \mathrm{C}$ are dated according to their occurence in the debris of the respective periods, on the evidence given in Conditions of Finds.

The finds in the mixed filling inside Walls $7-17$ are, as far as possible, attributed to their respective periods on typological grounds. In cases where this has been impossible, the objects in question are registered under the heading of "'incertain period".

Under this heading are registered all the objects which are stray finds or have been found in intermingled layers and, typologically, may belong to several periods.

In accordance with these chronological principles, the finds have heen assigned to their respective periods, as shown by the following diagrams:

PERIOD I



PERIOD 1 . 2


PERIOD 2




## PERIOD 3





PERIOD 4


PERIOD 5









PERIOD $6 A^{1}$


| Pottery |  |  |  | 1 r 0 n |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Lead }}{-\quad .}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $=$ | ； | こ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spedr- } \\ \text { head } \end{gathered}$ | Arrow－head |  | K゙nıfe |  |  | Finger－ring |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{y}{\Xi}$ | 关 | $\pm$ | Z | $\stackrel{ت}{E}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $m$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | － | r | $\cdots$ | 2 |  | －－ |
| $\stackrel{\square}{5}$ | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ | $=$ | $\bar{\square}$ | $\underset{y}{3}$ | $\ddot{y}$ | 㒸 | $\stackrel{~}{\leftrightarrows}$ | 号 | E |  | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ | $\dot{\square}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{E}$ | \＃ | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |
| $三$ |  | $\overline{\#}$ | 三 | $\pm$ | 5 | E | E | $\stackrel{\square}{\sim}$ | 号 | E－ | $\stackrel{\square}{-}$ | E－ | ت | $\Sigma$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{6}$ |
| 15.8 | 1522 | 1500 | $1+76$ | 148 | 1452 | 1461 | $144^{8}$ | 1472 | 1473 | 1458 | $1+49$ | $1+87$ | 1523 | $14+5$ | $1+60$ |
|  |  |  | $1+80$ |  | 14.0 |  | $1+56$ |  |  |  | $1+5+$ | $1+97$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1505 |  | 1488 |  | I 4 SO |  |  |  | $1+55$ | 1501 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1508 |  | 1491 |  |  |  |  |  | 1516 | 1502 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1519 |  | 1517 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1515 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1521 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | I525 |  |  |  |
| －I | －I | －I | －5 | －I | －5 | －I | －； | －I | －I | －I | －4 | －7 | －I | －I | －I |



PERIOD 6






| B r on z e |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mounting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| تِ | $\stackrel{\ddots 1}{¢}$ | m | ＋ | \％ | O | 号 | 号 | － | － |  | $\sim$ $=$ $\vdots$ $=$ | \＃ $\sim$ $\vdots$ $\vdots$ $=$ | $\cdots$ | 关 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 284 \\ 1317 \end{array}$ | 6 | 7， 42 | 159 | 326 | 13 | $3{ }^{15}$ | 128 | 1330 | 210 | 76 | 1241 | 429 | 1140 | 433 |
|  | 166 | 44． 45 | 161 | 1021 |  |  |  |  | 1199 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 169 | 215， $258 \mathrm{~b}^{\prime}$ | 195 | 1060b |  |  |  |  | 1378 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 184 | 262， 283 | 206 | 1071 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 447 | 287． 294 j | 327 | 1367 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 789 | 300， 432 | 488 b |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 790 824 | 48 Sa. 720 b. 8 lza 802 | 491 1306 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 903 | 7205． 802 | ${ }_{1}^{1346}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1095 1368 | $\begin{array}{rr}\text { 925，} & 1003 \\ 1044, & 1062\end{array}$ | ${ }_{1} 369$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1368 | $\begin{array}{ll}10+4, & 1062 \\ 1077, & 1113\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | coly，1113 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1143． 1163 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| －3 | －I I | －28 | －10 | －5 | － 1 | －1 | － 1 | － 1 | －3 | －I | －1 | －I | －I | － 1 |






UNCERTAIN PERIOD AND SUBSEQUENT FINDS


The chronological sequence of the different types of objects is easily surveyable with the aid of these diagrams. Before I sum up the chronological results I wish to draw attention to some points which are of importance for the right interpretation of this chronological sequence.

The stratification has already shown that the culture strata of the different periods are unequally accumulated, and the unequal number of finds in each stratum affords clear evidence that the culture strata of some periods are much less "fertile" than others. Periods $1-3$ are, on the whole, of equal fertility, though the finds of Period 3 are more numerous than those of Periods 1 -2. Period 4, on the other hand, is a very poor period, with few types of objects and a small number of finds. Period 5, although represented by a great number of various finds, is less fertile than Period 6, which is the period richest of all in finds. We must, therefore, bear in mind that Period 4 , especially, is not represented by a sufficient series of objects characteristic of the pcriod. Thus, the first appearance of a type of object in Period 5, for instance, does not prove in itself that the type of object in question would not have existcd at the time represented by Period 4 , and the occurence of a type in Periods 3 and 5 , for example, and its absence among the finds of Period 4 , affords no evidence that it was non-existent at that period, and so on.

Further, it is clcar, that types of objects which are represented only by few or even single specimens, such as daggers, earrings, strigils of iron; chisels, awls, tweezers, strigils of bronze; rings, pendants, and mountings of gold and silver; beads of faience, glass, and semiprecious stone; rings and bottles of glass, etc., are of no great value from a chronological point of wiew; their first appearance in the stratum of one period or their absence in strata of other periods, affords no conclusive proof as to their chronologieal sequence. Conclusive in this respect are only such types of objects as are represented by a great number of specimens.

Finally, it should be borne in mind that the chronological sequence is, of course, immediately conclusive only in regard to the local development of culture in Idalion, and the extent of its general bearing on the conditions in the whole of Cyprus can only be ascertained by comparison with the chronological evidence from other sites (cf. Vol. IV).

Bearing in mind these restrictions as regards the evidence of the chronological sequence, we may sum up the results as follows.

Bronze Age pottery, hand-made and wheel-made, of the White Painted, Bucchero, Red Slip, Black Slip, and Plain White classes, is characteristic of Periods 1-3. The wheel-made pottery increases remarkably in Period 3 .

Iron Age pottery is characteristic of Periods $4-6$. Pericd + is represented by a majority of Type III, and a minority of Type IV. Period 5 is composed of Types III-V, with only one specimen in each class. At the beginning of Period $6\left(\right.$ Period $\left.6 \mathrm{~A}^{1}\right)$, there is a majority of Type IV, and a great number of Type V. At the end of Period $6 A\left(\right.$ Period $\left.6 A^{\text {II }}\right)$ the pottery is almost entirely of Type $V$, and Type IV is represented by only one specimen. The pottery of Period 6 B may be considered as represented by that registered under the heading of Period 6. It is true that the finds of Period 6 may belong both to the beginning and to the end of the period, but as regards the approximately intact pots found in the stratum of the period it may be safely concluded that they are to be attributed to the end of the period, as pottery is fragile and cannot last any considerable time, unless under farourable conditions. Consequently, the pottery to be considered as representing Period 6 B is entirely of Type $V$.

Swords of iron are represented from Period 3 to Period 6.* Only one specimen (No. 208) of Period 3 is preserved in its entirety, and it cannot therefore be ascertained, if the other specimens represent different types, but, as far as they are preserved, all the swords are of one type.

Iron spear-heads of Types $1,3,4,7$ occur in Period 6 ; those of Types 2 and 5 in Periods 5 and 6, and those of Type 6 in Period 5.

Pikes of iron are represented in Period 6. Iron arrow-heads of Types 1, 3, 4, 5 occur in Periods 5 and 6; those of Type 2 in Pcriods $4,5,6$.

The single specimen of an iron shield boss belongs to Period 6 A and the armour to Period $6 \mathrm{~A}^{\mathrm{I}}$.

All the iron axe-hcads (Types $1-3$ ) belong to Pericd 6.

[^15]Iron knives of Type i appear in Period 2-3, Period 3, and Period 5 ; those of Type 2 are represented only in Period 2, and that by a single specimen; those of Type 3 start in Period 2-3 and eontinue to Period 6; those of Types 4 and 5 are represented only in Period 6; those of Type 6 in Period 5 and $6 A^{1}$; these of Type 7 in Pericd $5-6$ and Period 6.

Iron spits and rods oceur in Periods 5 and 6.
A single iron strigil was found in the stratum of Period 5 .
Iron pins belong to Periods 5 and 6.
Iron earrings of Types I and 2 are represented by single specimens, Type i in Period 5, and Type 2 in Pericd 5-6.

A single speeimen of iron finger-ring, Type 1 , was found in the stratum of Period $6 \mathrm{~A}^{11}$. Iron finger-rings of Type 2 oecur in Periods 5 and 6 ; those of Type 3 only in Period 6.

Iron lamps are represented in Period 6 by a single specimen.
Of the lead objeets, single specimens of eover and boss were found in strata of Period. 6. Mountings of Type 1 oceur in Period 2 and of Type 2 in Periods 1 and 2; those of Types $3-4$ in Period 6.

The single specimen of lead weight of Type i belongs to Period $6 A^{\text {II }}$; weights of Type 2 to Period $2-3$ and Period $1-3$; weights of Type 3 to Period 2.

The various bronze objects are distributed among the different periods, as follows:
Spear-head, Type 1, is represented in Period 3; Type 2 in Period 6; Type 3 in Period 5.

Arrow-heads of Type I occur in Periods 3, 4, 5; those of Type 2 in Pericd 2-3 and 4; those of Type 3 in Pericd 5 ; those of Types $4,5,6,8$ in Pericds 5 and 6 ; those of Type 7 in Period 5-6 and Period 6.

Fragments of shield mountings appear already in Period 4 ; shich bosses of Types $1-3$ were preserved only in strata of Period 6.

Fragments of cheek-pieces of helmets were found in the stratum of Period 5, and intact specimens of Types $1-2$ in Period 6.

Rods occur from Period 2 to Period 6.
Specimens of knives of Types i and 2 occur in Periods 2 and 3 respectively.
One or two specimens of chisels, awls, and tweezers were found in the strata of Period 2; strigils and spatulae in Period 6.

Needles are represented from Period 1 to Pericd 5 .
Pins of Type 1 oceur in Periods $1,2,3$ and 6; those of Type 2 in Periods 2, 3 and 6; those of Types $3-4$ in Periods 6 and 5 respectively.

Fibulae of Types $1-2$ are represented in Periods 1, 2 and 3 : Type 3 is of uncertain attribution; Type 4 in Perieds 5 and 6; Type 5 in Period $6 A^{11}$; Type 6 in Periods 4 and 5; Type 7 in Periods 5 and 6.

Hair-rings have heen found in strata of Periods 5 and 6 .
Earrings of 'Types 1 and 3 appear already in Period 1 ; those of 'lype 2 in Pcried 2-3; those of Type + in Period 2. All are represented by specimens down to Period 6.

Finger-rings of Type i appear in Period 2-3 and continue to Period 6; those of Type 2 have been found in strata of Periods 1 and 5 ; those of Type 3 are represented from Period 3 to Period 6; those of Type 4 in Period $5-6$ and Period 6; those of Type 5 were found in strata of Period 6 only.

Bracelets of Types I and 2 oecur from Period 3 to Period 6; Type 3 is represented by a single speeimen in Period 6 A ; Types 4 and 5 belong to Periods 5 and 6.

Specimens of elasp and ehain appear in Period 5-6 and Period 6, and hinges in Periods 5 and 6.

Mountings of Type 1 oceur in Periods 5 and 6, and those of Type 2 from Period 2 to Period 6. It is, however, to be observed that only plain speeimens are represented in Periods 2 and 3 , while those with embossed rosette ornaments, etc. do not appear before Period 5 . Mountings of Types 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12 in Periods 5 and 6; those of Types 6, 7, 8 in Period 6, and those of Type 13 in Periods 3 and 6.

Lamps occur in Period 5-6 and Period 6; bowls of Type i in Period 3; bowls of Type 2 in Periods 2 and 6; bowls of Types 3-7 in Period 6; weights in Pericd 5-6 and Period 6.

The types of silver and gold objects are represented by only one or two specimens: fingerrings of silver-lead in Period $\mathrm{I}-3$; silver earrings of $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{yp}} \mathrm{I}$ in Pericd $5-6$; earrings of Type 2 in Period 2-3 and Period 6; finger-rings of Type 1 in Periods 4 and $5-6$; fingerrings of Type 2 in Periods 5 and 6 ; bracelet and pendant in Period 6; mountings of Type 1 in Periods 5 and 6; mountings of Types 2-3 in Period 6; gold earrings in Period 1 ; bead in Period 2-3; pendant in Period 6; mounting of Type I in Pericd 1 , and mounting of Type 2 in Period 5 .

The types of the terracotta objects are represented in the following periods:
Spindle-whorls occur in Periods $1,2,3$, but those of Type 1 are also represented by single specimens in Periods 4 and 5 . These latter belong to the White Painted class.

Loom-weights are represented in Pericd $1-3$, and Periods 2 and 3; lamps of Type 1 in Periods $4,5,6$; lamps of Type 2 in Period 6 ; lamps of Types $3-4$ in Period 6 A $^{1}$; incenseburners in Period 3; weights in Periods I and 3.

Animal statuettes of Type 1 are found in Period 1 ; those of Type 2 in Periods 1 and 3; those of Type 3 in Period 4 ; those of Type 4 in Period 5 , and those of Type 5 in Period $6 A^{11}$.

Statuettes of riders of Type I are represented in Periods 4, 5, 6; those of Type 2 in Period 6 .

There is a single specimen of a male figure, Type 1 , in Period 4; those of Type 2 are found in Periods 5 and $6 \mathrm{~A}^{11}$.

Of the female figures, Type 1 is represented in Period 1 - 3 ; Type 2 in Period 4, and Type 3 in Period 6.

Faience beads of Type 1 are found in Periods 2 and 3 ; those of $T_{y p e} 2$ in Periods $1,5,6$, and 5-6; those of Types 3, 5, 6 in Period 2, and those of Type 4 in Period 6.

Single speeimens of faience pendant, neeklace, and bowl oecur in Period 3 (Pendant, Type 1); Period 6 (Pendant, Type 2); Period 2 (Necklace), and Period 2-3 (Bowl).

Glass beads of Type 1 appear in Periods $1,5-6$, and 6; those of Type 2 in Pericds 1 - 3 , 5, 6; those of Type 3 in Period 5; those of 'Types 4 and 6 in Periced 3; these of Types 5 and 8 in Period 5-6 and Period 6; those of Type 9 in Pericds 1 and 3; that of Type 10 in Period m ; that of Type 7 is of uncertain attribution.

Single specimens of glass ring and bottle were found in strata of Pericds 5 and 6 respectively.

Of the stone objects, all the mace-heads belong to Pericds $1-3$.
Grinders are represented in Periods $1,2-3$, and 6; the single axe-head was found in the stratum of Period I .

All the pestles belong to Periods 1, 2, 3, except one specimen of Type 4 , which appears in Period $6 \mathrm{~A}^{\mathrm{I}}$.

Whetstones of Type I are represented in Pericds 2-3 and 6; those of Type 2 in Pericd 3 ; the single specimen of polisher was found in the stratum of Period 3 .

The majority of the spindle-whorls belong to Periods $1,2,3$, but one specimen of Type 3 is represented in Period 5, and single specimens of Types 2 and 3 in Pericd 6.

The beads and amulets of steatite occur in Periods $1,2,3$; that of marble in Period 6. Of the two weights, one specimen belongs to Period 2-3, and the other to Period 5 . One mould was found in the stratum of Period 1 , and the other in the stratum of Period 3 .
The bowls are represented in Periods 2, 3 and 4 ; the plates in Periods 3 and $1-3$; the pyxis in Period 2; the basins in Periods 2 and 3 ; the covers in Periods 1,3 and $6 A^{11}$, and the alabaster bottle in Period $5-6$.

The majority of the beads and pendants of semi-precious stone were found in strata of


I refer to the silver patere and the inscribed bronze tablet. It may seem hazardous to try to ascertain the circumstances attending the finding of these objects, but a combination, on the one hand, of the information given by the finders themselves to Ohnefalsch-Richter ${ }^{16}$ and the observations made during our excavations, on the other, will enable us to reach conclusive results. As find-spot of the silver patere there is indicated a locality which approximately agrees with the north-east end of the inner temenos. Furthermore, the patere were said to have been found deposited in a terracotta vase. The only place close to the indicated locality which showed traces of having been ransacked was the area around Altar 40 (cf. p. 499) and this was, moreover, the only place where extensive treasure-seekers' excarations could be observed within the whole area of the acropolis. We are thus justified in considering the silver patera as having been deposited in a terracotta vase, as a foundation offering close by the altar when this was erected, i. e., the patere are contemporary with the erection of this altar and should, therefore, be assigned to the beginning of Pericd 5 or to a somewhat earlier date if they were deposited much after their manufacture.

As regards the inscribed bronze tablet, it is said to have been found within the N. E. area of the acropolis. ${ }^{17}$ Within this area there were no indications of the layers below the surface layer having been disturbed, so that it seems certain that the tablet was found in Layer r, i. e., it belongs to one or the other of Periods 5-6. Its epigraphical evidence makes it impossible to assign it to Period 5 and it should, therefore, be attributed to Period 6. Considerations based on the fact that the inscription of the tablet ${ }^{18}$ mentions a joint attack by the Persians and Citians make it most probable that the tablet was erected in Period 6 B (cf. below).

I have dealt with the archaeological evidence for the date of these objects found before our excavations, as, in themselves, they are of great chronological importance for the Archaic history of art (cf. Vol. IV).

## ABSOLUTE CHRONOLOGY

The absolute chronology of the periods is made possible by the great amount of pottery, both of registered vases and of the mass of potsherds from each stratum in every square. In many squares, however, as exemplified by the sections, the strata were disturbed either by diggings for foundations of the walls or, in one case, by a treasure-hunters' shaft. In other squares, the levels of the strata were vaguely indicated in consequence of the poor accumulation of culture earth, and in squares where the rock is near the surface some strata are missing. It is, therefore, only a limited number of squares where there existed representative and complete series of undisturbed culture strata, from the uppermost to the lowermost. The pottery finds in these squarcs which alone are instructive in stratigraphical respects, are statistically registered in the descriptive list given below. Besides, there arc registered a quantity of potsherds from debris and filling layers which are important from
a chronological point of view: the filling layers outside Walls 3-5, inside Walls $7-17$ and the debris in Square L 12 , outside Wall $4_{2} \mathrm{C}$.

It is to be observed, that only the decorated pottery has been classified into respective rase classes, while the undecorated pottery is classified merely summarily. Everyone who has dealt with Cypriote pottery knows that only small differences in shape and decoration distinguish the different vase classes, and it is, therefore, often impossible to state to which class a pottery fragment belongs if it is undecorated and so small that the shape is not recognizable. Thus, the method of classifications here used is the only possible one if the principle "Safety first" is to be observed.



Square $F$ б.

White Panted IV . . . . . . I
Whate Pantet V. . . . . 5
Bichrome V. . . . . .. .. +
Red Sllp 111 (V) ..... 2
Red Shep Iontion ..... 1
Plam White (IT:pic repiesented) . qs
Whate Ianted III .. . . 3
White Panted ${ }^{-}$ ..... 12
Brchrome IV ..... 3
[3lack-on-Rud II (IV) . ..... 3
Rea Sly 11 (IV ..... 2
Black Silip IV゙-V ..... I
Plan Whate (Tope iv repreanted) th
White Panted II ..... 2
White Panted III ..... 8
White Panted IV ..... 3
Brchrome 1I-III ..... 1
Blaclo-on-Red I (III) ..... 1
I3lack-on-Red 11 (I) ..... 1
Black Shp 111 ..... $=$
Plan Whate (TYpes H-1II represented 5 )Coars Ware .. .. ..
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { White lanted I . } & & 2 \\ \text { Whate Panted Whecl-made .. . . } & 3\end{array}$
White shased ..... 2
Pithon Ware ..... 49
Plann Whate Itand-made ..... 9
Plann Whate Wheel-made ..... 10
Coarse Ware ..... 5



| Eth-6th strata <br> (Period 3) | Late Helladic III <br> Whate Panted Wheel-made <br> Plan White <br> Plan White Hand-made <br> Pithos Ware . | 2 12 15 2 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sth-oth strata (Period 2) | Late Helladic III | I |
|  | White Panted Wheel-made | 10 |
|  | Basc-ring | 2 |
|  | Buechero Hand-made | 2 |
|  | Plain White Wheel-made | 26 |
|  | Plan White Hand-made. | 18 |
|  | Pithos Ware. | 28 |
| ruth stratum <br> (Period I) | White Painted Wheel-made | 7 |
|  | Base-ring | 2 |
|  | Bucehero | 4 |
|  | White Shp | 3 |
|  | Plan White Wheel-made | 14 |
|  | Plan White Hand-made. | 16 |
|  | Pithos | 30 |
| 2nd stratum (Period 6) | Square Gio. |  |
|  | White Painted IV-V. | 4 |
|  | White Painted and Bichrome Y | 8 |
|  | White Painted VII | 2 |
|  | Plain White | 22 |
|  | Black Glazed Greek | 2 |
| 3rd stratum <br> (Period 5) | White Painted and Bichrome IV | 6 |
|  | White Panted V | 2 |
|  | Black-on-Red II (IV) | 6 |
|  | Black Slip IV゙-V | 3 |
|  | Red Shp II (IV) | 4 |
|  | Red Slip III (V) | 2 |
|  | Plain White ....... | 19 |
| fth stratum <br> (Period 4) | White Painted II-III | 4 |
|  | White Painted III | 7 |
|  | White Panted IV「. | 2 |
|  | Black-on-Red I (ILI) | 2 |
|  | Black-nn-Red II (IV) | I |
|  | Black Shp II-III | 1 |
|  | Black Slip III | 2 |
|  | Red slip I (III) | 1 |
|  | Plain White .. | 56 |
|  | Coarse Ware | 7 |
| 6th stratum (Period 3) | White Panted Wheel-made | 6 |
|  | Black Slup | 1 |
|  | Plan White | 3 |
|  | Plarn White Hand-made. | 4 |
|  | Pithos Ware . . . . . . . . | 5 |
| Sth-oth stiata (Period 2) | Late Helladic III | 1 |
|  | White Panted Wheel-made | 3 |
|  | Plan Whate |  |
|  | Plan White Hand-made. . |  |
|  | Pithos Ware . . . . . |  |

Ioth stratum lain White Hand-made ..... 12
(Period 1 ) Pithos Ware ..... 20
Square $H S$.
2nd stratum White Painted and Bichrome IV .... 2
(Period 6) White Painted IV-V ..... 3
White Painted and Bichrome $V$ ..... 22
Black-on-Red II (IV) ..... 3
Black-on-Red III (V) ..... 2
Red Slip IV-V ..... 2
Black Polished ..... I
Grey Polished ..... 3
Plain Whate ..... 26
Coarse Ware ..... 9
3 rd stratum White Painted III ..... 2
(Period 5) White Painted III-IV ..... 4
White Painted and Bichrome IV ..... I6
White Painted and Bichrome V ..... 3
Black-on-Red I (III) ..... 2
Black-on-Red II (IV) ..... 8
Black-on-Red III (V) ..... I
Black Slip III-IV ..... I
Plain Whate ..... 60
Coarse Ware ..... 2
fth stratum White Painted II ..... 5
(Period 4) White Painted II-III ..... 9
White Panted and Bichrome III ..... 23
White Painted and Bichrome IV ..... 5
Black-on-Red I (III) ..... 4
Black-on-Red II (IV) ..... 3
Black Slip III ..... 3
Red Slip I (III) ..... 4
Red Slip II (IV) ..... 2
Grev Polished ..... I
White Panted Wheel-made ..... 2
Plain White ..... 78
Coarse Ware ..... 17
5th-oth strata White Panted I-II ..... 6
(Period 3) White Painted III ..... 2
Black-on-Red I (III) ..... I
Black Slip II ..... I
Red Slip I (III) ..... I
Late Helladic IFI and Levanto-Helladic ..... 6
White Panted Wheel-made ..... 55
Bucchero ..... I
Plain White Wheel-made ..... 54
Plain White Hand-made ..... 5
Coarse Ware ..... 16
Sth stratum Late Helladic III and Levanto-Hel-
(Period 2) ladic ..... 5
White Panted Wheel-made ..... 34
Plan White ..... 51
Plan White Fand-nade ..... IO
Pathess Ware ..... I
Coarse Ware ..... 8



This statistical list of potsherds from the strata of each period shows that Periods 4-6 are characterized by Iron Age Wares; Period 6 by a majority of Type V; Period 5 by a majority of Type IV, a few Type III and some Type V; Period 3 by a majority of Type III, a few Type II and some Type IV. In some squares (e. g., E 8), Types I and II are represented by small quantities in the lower part of the stratum of this period. Periods I-3 are characterized by a few Levanto-Helladic and Sub-Mycenaean and Bucchero sherds; further, White Painted Wheel-made, occasional Base-ring and White Slip sherds, rich quantities of Wheel-made and Hand-made Plain Ware, Pithos Ware, etc. There is not much difference between the pottery from these periods, only that the hand-made ware increases in number towards Period 1 , and the wheel-made ware is common in Period 3. As may be seen from the diagrams, the pottery vases found in the undisturbed layers are in agreement with these results.

We are thus able to assign Periods $\mathbf{1}-3$ to Late Cypriote III. They represent there successive stages of this epoch, called Late Cypriote III A, B, C.

The latter part of Period 4 is approximately contemporary with Cypro-Geometric III, and lasts to the beginning of Cypro-Archaic I. As seen from the Statistical list of potsherds, the lower part of the stratum of Period + contained small quantities of sherds of Types I and II, but there is no distinct stratum containing only these types of pottery, and no remains of architecture are combined with them. But, on the other hand, we must reckon with the probability that a non-architectural, intermediate pericd with a poor surrival of the cult filled up the gap between the end of Late Cypriote III and the beginning of Cypro-Geometric III, when the cult again left definite traces.

Period 5 covers approximately Cypro-Archaic I and lasts to the early part of CyproArchaic II.

Period 6, finally, can be assigned to Cypro-Archaic II.
The end of Period 6 is approximately contemporary with the transition from CyproArchaic II to Cypro-Classic I; only two White Painted VI sherds (in Square G io, see Statistical list of potsherds) was found in the undisturbed strata of the periced. The beginning of Period 6 B is characterized by pottery almost exelusively of Type V, but with stray specimens of Type IV (see Statistical list of potsherds) from the filling outside Wall 3, in Squares A II-I2. Such a predominance of pottery of Type $V$ is characteristic of the last phase of Cypro-Archaic II, and we are, therefore, not far from right if we assign Subperiod 6 B to the last quarter, and Sub-period 6 A to the second and third quarters of C proArchaic II.

This dating of Sub-periods 6 A and B , bascd on archaeological evidence, is supported by a combination of the archaeological data and historic events.

As mentioned above, the inscribed bronze tablet states that the Persians and Citians attacked Idalion. The first question is then: When did this happen: This will involve us in problems of Cypriote chronology into which we cannot enter farther in this context than is necessary for our present purpose. For a detailed discussion of these chronological problems, the reader is referred to Vol. IV.

It is well known that the bronze tablet is usually assigned to about the middle of the 5 th century B. C. This is much too late a date. We have already seen that the end of Period 6 B is approximately contemporary with the transition from Cypro-Archaic II to Cypro-Classic I. As the end of Cypro-Archaic II is to be assigned to about 475 B. C. (see Vol. IV), it seems that the end of Period 6 B in Idalion should be assigned to about $+7 \circ \mathrm{~B}$. C., but not later. The end of Period 6 B marks the end of the cult on the Idalion acropolis. It seems safe to conclude that this catastrophe is to be connected with the capture of Idalion by the Citians: when Idalion ceased to be a formally independent kingdom, the cult on its acropolis, being a cult of its city goddess (see below), was forbidden. It is then evident that the aborementioned dating of the bronze tablet is too late, and, on closer examination, it turns out that the arguments in favour of this dating are not defensible. If, thus, the attack mentioned in the bronze tablet must be assigned to a date earlier than $4,0 \mathrm{~B}$. C. and we search for a historic situation which would explain this joint attack of the Persians and Citians, the Cypriote revolt in 4998 B . C. is the only historically known situation that can come into question. We know that Kition joined with the Persians against the rebels, and it was natural that the Citians should grasp the opportunity and try to rcalize their conquest-policy by incorporating the kingdom of Idalion.

If we now combine these historic events with the archaeological data, it is worthy of notice that Period 6 B is inaugurated by a remarkable activity in fortification work which suddenly sets in after a long intermission of such labour since the beginning of Period 5 . On archaeological evidence we can assign this fortification work to the last part of CyproArchaic II, as shown above. In consequence, it seems natural to combine this fortification
of the Idalion acropolis with the time of war connected with the Cypriote revolt in $499 / 8$ B. C. It may thus be inferred that the dividing line between Periods 6 A and B should be assigned to about $500 \mathrm{~B} . \mathrm{C}$.

It remains to be stated that all the foreign dating material found during the excavations is entirely in agreement with the ehronological data given aborc and based on Cypriote evidence. A discussion of the chronological evidence of this foreign material must be reserved for Vol. IV, where the general chronological problems will be dealt with. In this place it can only be pointed out that the Egyptian scarabs Nos. 74 and 731 with the names of Amenophis III and Sethos I were found in strata of Period 3. The scaraboid No. I4I3, which dates from the first part of first millenium B. C., was found in the stratum of Period 5, and affords a terminus post quem of this period. Furthermore, the scarab No. in 5 , of the Saite Period, was found in the stratum of Period 6.

Finally, sherds of the "Ionian Cup fabric" and Black Figured Clazomenian fragments were found in the fillings outside Wall 3 and inside Walls $7_{7} I_{7}$ (cf. Statistical list of potsherds).

## SUMIMARY

Summing up the evidence of the architecture and finds, we obtain the following picture of the historical development of culture on the western acropolis of Idalion.

Habitation began towards the end of the Late Bronze Age, in Late Cypriote III. The type of settlement remained essentially the same during the whole of that period, from the beginning, in Late Cypriote III A, to the end in Late Cypriote III C. The acropolis was fortified by a massive rampart built of mud-brick on stone foundation. It formed a curved line, following the natural formation of the hill, so that the fortified acropolis had the shape of an oblong sack, contracted in the middle. There were three gates: the North Gate, the West Gate, and the West Side-Gate. In Late Cypriote III B, a new rampart of similar construction was built above the remains of that of Late Cypriote III A, and this new rampart was repaired, to some extent, during Late Cypriote III C; the West Gates were blocked up by a wall; the North Gate was narrowed and strengthened by two flanking bastions, and a subterranean passage was cut through the rock below the gate.

The houses were of rather primitive construction, with mud-brick walls on rubble foundations, floors of rammed earth, and probably flat roofs of reed and mud. In Late Cypriote III A, the shape of the rooms is usually trapezoidal; in Late Cypriote III B and C, rectangular. The plan of the houses is rery simple and artless, without architectural style. The buildings did not form a single complex, but there were separate blocks of rooms with a culthouse in the centre, surrounded by storehouses and a house for the priest and chief of the city.

The cult-room contained a small, square altar and a deposit of the regetables which were brought as gifts (of which carbonized olive stones remain); libations were poured out of terracotta jugs, and ex zotos of terracotta bulls and various minor objects, as specified
above, were deposited therc. The sacrificial waste was collected in rock-cut bothroi outside the houscs.

By means of comparison with remains of similar cults in Ajia Irini (cf. below) and in foreign countries, it may be infcred that the cult performed was a cult of fertility. . ${ }^{19 \%}$

In the Cypro-Geometric Age, the character of habitation was quite different. The Idalion acropolis was then occupied by a sanctuary of the temenos typc. There are no traces, however, that this complete change was preccded by a violent destruction of the Bronze Age settlement.

It seems probable that there was a poor beginning of the cult already in Cypro-Geometric I-II. The scanty pottcry fragments from these periods may be supposed to indicate this, but there are no architectural remains that can be connected with them, and the cult place must, therefore, have been of a very rustic and primitive type: a sacred enclosure fenced in by twigs, brushwood, or some other casily perishable matcrial.

Not before Cypro-Gecmetric III is there reliable architectural and stratigraphical evidence of the new sanctuary. The acropolis was enclosed by a fortification wall, with two turrets in the $W$. corner and an entrance gate in the $S$. W. wall.

The sanctuary, situated within this fortified acropolis, consisted of an altar-court probably enclosed by a hurdle fence with a square altar of stone as the sacred centre, and a cultchapel of the liwan type adjoining the court.

In Cypro-Archaic I the temenos was enlarged. The acropolis wall was strengthened by revetting walls and by a massive tower at the W . corner, rcplacing the W . turret of CyproGeometric III. This tower was connected with the city-wall. Inside the entrance gate was erected a long, rectangular hall; a square altar was built at the right end of the open front of the cult-chapel which was repaired, but retained its original shapc. The inner temenos was enclosed by a wall which was preserved in such a fragmentary state that its construction is rather uncertain. For the same reason, the shape of the inner temenos cannot be ascertaincd, but it seems most probable, for the rcasons given, that it had the same shape and size as during Cypro-Archaic II, i. e., roughly rectangular, with the entranec at the S . W. short side, close by the cult-chapel. A square altar, of the same shape and construction as that of the cult-chapel, was built close to the $N$. E. short side of this inner temenos.

In Cypro-Archaic II, a new entrance to the temenos was opened in the south-wcst acropolis wall lcading to a small gate-chamber, S. W. of the long, rectangular hall.

The inner temenos was enclosed by a new wall, probably made of wood and supported by stone foundations. This inner temenos, or altar court, was oriented S. W.—N. E. It was rectangular in shapc; the main entrance was at the S . W. short side, close by the cultchapel, but a back door seems to have opened in the $N$. corner. The court was open to the sky, but provided with a roofing of tiles along the sides. On the outside, along the S . E. and N. W. walls there was a two-stepped platform built of well-dressed limestonc hlocks. The altar of the court remained the same as in Cypro-Archaic I.

* A full discunson of the character of the cult will be given in a comprehemese tudy on the ancient religen of Ciprus.

The cult-chapel was repaired and a new floor laid, but otherwise it remained of the same shape as before.

The earlier fortification walls were repaired and heightened. The E. turret was replaced by a strong tower which adjoined the tower of Cypro-Archaic I and thus a massive doubletower was formed.

To the S. W. of this tower, the angle between the acropolis wall and the city wall was strengthened by another tower.

The ex cotos deposited in these successive sanctuaries of the Cypro-Geometric and CyproArchaic periods consisted mainly of weapons and tools of different kinds: swords, daggers, spears, arrows, shields, armours, helmets, knives, axes, etc.; specimens of personal accessories, such as pins, fibulae, earrings, finger-rings, bracelets, beads, seals, etc., and other offerings of different kinds of pottery.

A great number of these ex rotos were hung on the walls of the temenos.
The cult object itself was not found; we know that the deity worshipped was a goddess, and we know that the Greeks called her Athena. This is borne witness to by the inscription on the bronze-tablet, mentioned above, and by another inscription on an ex roto of bronze, ${ }^{20}$ found together with the bronze tablet, silver pateree, etc. during the illicit diggings previous to our excavations.

The Phoenicians called the goddess Anat, as indicated by an inscription on a block of bluish marble which was found built into the foundation of the chapel of Aj . Georgios ${ }^{21}$ close by the N. E. city wall. This inscription contains a dedication to Anat. That Anat refers to the same goddess as Athena seems evident from the fact that these goddesses were regarded in Cyprus as identical, as is shown by a bilinguistic inscription from Larnaka tis Lapithou ${ }^{22}$. It is, therefore, to be assumed that the marble block stood at one time on the western acropolis within the temenos, and was then removed to be used as a building-stone in the chapel of Aj . Georgios.

The Cypriote name of the goddess identified by the Greeks as their Athena and by the Phoenician as Anat is unknown. Probably she had no name, as seems to have been the rule with old-Cypriote local deities. She was simply the Mistress of Idalion, its city goddess. The kinds of ex rotos indicate that, at the same time, she was a war goddess, like Athena.

The cult of this Idalian goddess was, thus, the religious symbol of the existence of the city as an independent state. This is in accordance with the fact that the cult ceased to exist when Idalion was captured by the Citians and ceased to exist as an independent state.
E. $G$.

## The Necropolis

The situation of the necropoleis and their topographical relation to the city were described above, p. $4^{62}$.

In the nccropolis outside the later city-wall we opened only two tombs (Tomb 1 and 2) and that in order to save them from being plundered, a fate which was to be feared as they were easily visible. Tomb i was situated N. of the road from Pcra Chorio, which crosses the site of the ancient city. In fact, a part of the chamber lay below the road. Tomb 2 was situated close by.

Our main assault on the necropolis aimed at an examination of the Late Cypriote cemetery, within the later city-wall, where, as mentioned above, p. 462, Ohnefalsch-Richter had opened some tombs. We came across many of these tombs alrcady excavated, but discovered only one intact (Tomb 3). This one, however, dates frem Cypro-Geometric I, which from a topographical point of riew is still more interesting than the erentual discovery of some Late Cypriote tombs, as it proves that this cemetery within the later city-wall continued into the Early Iron Age.

| TOMIB 1 (Fig. 250: $1-5$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIZE |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Lensth | Wrdth | Depth | Heruht |
| Dromos |  | 4.30 | 1.05 | 1.80 | - - |
| Stomion |  | 0.42 | 0.67 | - | 0.90 |
| Chamber |  | - | - | - |  |

Shape
The dromos is a staircase shaft of medium size, with walls narrowing slightly upwards, and descending to the doorway by five steps. The lower steps are wider than the uppermost. The doorway and stomion are rectangular, with a flat roof, and the door was closed by a rectangular stone slab kept in position by wedging stones along the left side. The floor of the stomion slopes gently towards that of the chamber. Only the front part of the chamber was excarated, so that the original shape is unknown; the back part is below the road, which passes above the tomb. The floor slopes gently from the stomion towards the back which was cut at a level of o.io $m$. below the front part of the chamber. The roof had entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The dromos was filled with intact layers of charara. Below the upper, covering lavers there was found the original filling of the chamber. This was composed of the following layers:

1) Thick top layer of infiltrated clay mixed with pieces of rock from the collapsed roof and walls.

2-3) Thin layer of silted, infiltrated clay.
4) Layer of clay with chazara and small pieces of rock from the crumbled walls and roof.
5) Bottom layer of silted, infiltrated clay.

The water of the infiltrated layers had occasioned great disorder among the burial remains and the tomb-gifts, which had floated about and were found at different levels in the filling layers. It is therefore impossible to say, if there was more than one burial period.

## BURIALS

On account of stratigraphic condition, nothing certain can be said about the burial customs. Two groups of skeletal remains were found in hopeless disorder. Among these were six skulls.

## FINDS (GROUP: PL. LXXXVIII I ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

I Open, saucer-shaped lamp of terracotta with rased, flat base: out-turned rim; pinched wack-holder with traces of soot. Parts missing. Dian. 10.2. -8.
2. Pigment-rod of bronze, thickening at both ends. Length 150 . $\ddagger 0$.
3 Open terracotta lamp, as No. r, but with rounded bottom. Diam. in.8. - 3 .
4. Hellenistic Plain White open bowl with Hat, raised base; curved outline; plan rim. Diam. 13.5 - 1 .
5. Open terracotta lamp, as No 3, but with flat rim. Diam, 10.5. -13.
6. Hellenistic Plain White shallow bowl with Hat, rased base; out-turned, flat rim. D1am. 8.5. - ${ }^{5}$.
7. Hellenistic Plain White biconical jug with Hat, rased base; very short neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Height in.o. -r6.
8. Hellenistic Plain White bowl, as No. +. Diam i2.0. -2.
9. Hellenistic Plain White sack-shaped jug with that, raised
base; pinched rim; handle from rim to body. Height 8.5. -I2.
10. Fragment of a Hellenistic Plain White amphoriskos. - 9.
ir. Hellenistic Plain White depressed jug with flat base; short neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to body. Height 9.0. - 13 .
12. Hellenistic Plain White jug, as No. Ir. Height 7.5. +io.
13. Hellenistic Plain White jug, as No. ir. Height 7.4. -8.
14. Hellenistic Plain White Jug, as No. in. Part of rim missing. Helght 9.0. - 10.
15. Open terracotta lamp, as No. 5. Small parts missing. Diam. if.o. - 9.
16. Hellenistic Plain White globular jug with raised, Hat base; wide, short neck splaying upwards; plain rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Reddish surface. Small parts missing. Height 15.0 . $\pm 0$.
17. Hellenistic Plain White bowl, as No. 6. Diam. 8.7. - 4 .

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:

| Pottery | Bronze | Terracotta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hell. Pl. Wh. | Pigment-rod | I amp |
| $\begin{array}{cccccc} 4 . & 6 . & 7 . & 8 . & 9, & 10 \\ \text { II, } & 12 . & 13 & 14 & 16, & 17 \\ & -12 \end{array}$ | 2 -1 | I, 3. 5.15 -4 |

CHRONOLOGY
The pottery found in the tomb shows that it dates from the Hellenistic period.




$$
\text { TOMIB } 2 \text { (Figs. 250: 6-8; 251: r) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | Width | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 2.20 | 0.90 | 1.50 |  |
| Stomion | 0.60 | 0.65 | -- | - |
| Chamber | 2.95 | 2.40 | - | - |

## SHAPE

The dromos is a short staircase shaft, widening towards the door. The walls narrow slightly upwards. It descends by six steps to a horizontal platform in front of the door. The doorway is rectangular in shape and was closed by three superimposed stone slabs and a packing of undressed blocks in front of the lowermost slabs. It opens on to the chamber approximately in its longitudinal axis. The stomion widens slightly towards the chamber and its floor descends by a rather steep slope. Its roof has entirely collapsed. The opening of the stomion towards the chamber had been closed by a similar packing of slabs and blocks of stone which had fallen into the chamber when the rock roof collapsed. Only one block was approximately in situ. The chamber is almost square in shape, with a wide recess in the back wall. In the longitudinal axis of the chamber a narrow shaft, $0.35-0.40 \mathrm{~m}$. deep, is cut in the rock. The floor is approximately horizontal and the roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two layers of chazara. In the chamber, the stratification was composed of the following layers:

1) Top layer of earth, clay, and pieces of rock from the entirely collapsed roof.
2) Layer of infiltrated clay, sand, and rock material from the partly collapsed roof.
3) Burial stratum (2nd burial laver).
4) Levelling layer of chacara for the second burial layer.
5) Remains of another burial stratum (ist burial layer).

The stratification shows that there are two burial periods. The remains of the first burial period (Layer 5) were found on the floor. At the time of the second burial period, these remains were covered by a levelling layer of charara (Layer 4). The later interments were deposited on top of this (Layer 3). Then the roof began to collapse and the chamber was filled with infiltrated clay, sand, and rock material (Layers $\mathrm{r}-2$ ).

Of the finds, Nos. $1,2,5,6,1_{5}$, and 17 belong to the 1 ist burial period, and Nos. $3,4,7-$ ${ }_{14}$, and 16 to the second burial period, as is shown by their levels.

## BURIALS

Skeleton remains of the ist burial period were found in the right front corner of the chamber, remored there in the and burial period to make room for the bodies buried at that time.

In the second burial period，four bodies were buried，two along the left side of the chamber and two along the right side．The skeletons are well preserved．They are placed side by side in a dorsal，outstretched position，with the heads towards the front wall of the chamber．

## FINDS（GROLPS：PL．LXXXVIII，3－5；TYPE：L．OF PL．II）

1．Circular bronze button．Diam． $3.0 \div 4$ ．
2．Bronze button，as No．1．Diam．3．0 ． 4 ．
3．Roman Plain White sack－shaped bottle with Hat base； narrow，cylindrical neck；rim nussing．Inmtating glass bottle．Herght 12.0 .25.
4．Cylindrical deep bowl of blown glass with rounded bottom；plain rim．Encircling，impressed Ines near hottom and rim．Irdescence of mother－of－pcarl colour． Height 8．o．－3．
5．Black Glazed lamp with low foot；squat hody；hole on top with moulded rim；rather short nozzIe；projection on other side．Glaze rather mat and worn．Lengrh 75 ． --3 ．
6．Black Glazed lamp，simitar to No．5，hut with more Iustrous glaze．Length $8.0-12$.
7 Roman Plan White pirıform，slender amphora with knobbed hase；almost cellndrical neck；swollen rum； moulded handles from neck to shoulder Height 73.0 $-16$.
8．Roman Red Slip glohular jue with base－ring；narrow； concare neck；flaring ring with Hat top；encorcling．in－ cised line around base of neck；moulded handle from neck to shoulder．Height 31．5．－22．
9．Fragment of Roman Plam White amphoriskos；only a plece of the upper part preserved with a horizontal handle on shoulder；short，concate neck；flaring rim． Height 13．8．+14 ．
10．Bowl of blown glass with flattened bottom；consex out－ line；plan rim．Impressed，encircling Ines around maddle of bow and below rmm．Blue－green ridescence． Height 7．0－16．
11．Open bowl of mosaic，honey－coloured glass with flat
bise，splaying，stranght sides，plan rim．Impressed． eneircline lines inside rim．Diam．105． 15.
12．Niniature sack－shaped bottle of blown glass with thattened bottom；narros neck；out－turned rim．Irdeseence of mother－of－pcarl colour．Heterbt 35.16
13．Miniature bottle of glass，an No 12，but with modan blue iridescence．Helght 3．7．－－ 5 ．
4．a）Bronze com．Ohzast：Head of Zeus Ammon，
 ［Jハエリル！ 1 ！$]$ ．Eagle looking left，on thunderbolt；in front aplustre．（Ptolemaeus，King of Cyprus）Diam． 2．4．Weight 6．37．


c）Bronze com．Similar．Worn．Diam．2 5．Werght 6 ғо．
d）Fue bronze conss probably smalar．Indectpherable． Dtam．2．2：24；2．3：2．3；2．0．Wisht 5 80；5．77；7．05； 6．95；3．70．
15．Bronze comn．Obzelse Bust of Comstantius II（ $\%$ ），looking
 Emperor crowned be Victory［VIR］TLS EXI：R［C＇I＇1］． Diam．16．W＂elght 2．60．
16．Beads of defferent materails and shapes at one bobhin－ shaped bedd of cornclain；b）one depreshed，and one globular bead of famence paste；e）twalse beads of dark－ blue，white，and multicoluured glass paste，ghobular， biconcal，and fluted；d）prismatic bead of green artas； c）shell．D1．111 a） $08: 311+1,2,() 03-12 ;(1)$ 1，eneth I．f．In the seres．
17．Fragments of than gold leaves．In the tilhng of lower hurial stratum．

Summing up the classification and the stratigraphical data given in the Object Register， we obtain the following diagram：

|  | Potters |  | Bronze |  | Gold <br> Leaf | Terracotta $\qquad$ <br> I amp | Faience <br> Bead | ciass |  |  | Cornelain |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rom，m <br> Pl．Wh． | Roman R. it. | Button | Com |  |  |  | IBowl | Bottle | Brad | Bead |  |
| Ist burial period | । |  | $1,2$ | $\begin{gathered} 1+ \\ a-d \end{gathered}$ | 17 -3 | 5.6 -2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2nd bural | 3． $7 \cdot 9$ | 8 |  | 15 |  |  | 16 b | $+10$ | 12．13 | 16 cc d | 16 1 | 16 e |
| Pei | －${ }^{\text {a }}$ | －1 |  | －1 |  |  | － 1 | －． | －2 | －2 | －1 | －1 |

The bronze coin No. is seems to be a coin of Constantius II (cf. Obj. Reg.); in any case it dates from the middle or later part of the $f$ th century A. D. This indicates that the second burial stratum dates from the $\not$ th century A. D. Of the tomb-gifts of the first burial period, only a few minor objects are left: the pottery was evidently cleared out of the tomb at the time of the second burial period. The bronze coins (No. 14 ) assign the first burials to the end of the Hellenistic period.

$$
\text { TOMB } 3 \text { (Figs. 250:9-11; 251: 2, 3) }
$$

SIZE

|  | Length | $W_{\text {d d }}$ | Depth | Height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dromos | 5.00 | 1. 20 | I. 95 | -- |
| Chamber | 2.25 | 2.10 | - | - |

SHAPE
The dromos is a rather long staircase shaft widening towards the door. It descends by seren steps - of which the second from the top is more than twice as wide as the others to a slightly sloping platform in front of the door. The walls narrow upwards. In the right wall, close by the door, a loaf-shaped niche is cut in the rock. The door opens on to the chamber to the right of its longitudinal axis. It was closed by two superimposed slabs of mud-brick. Above these was found a roughly dressed block, which has not been used for closing the door but seems to have been a tomb-stone erected on the surface above the door. On the collapse of the rock it sank down into the filling. There is no stomion, and the floor of the dromos platform, in front of the door, descends to the chamber by a gentle slope. The chamber is trapezoid in shape, with rounded corners. Its floor is approximately horizontal and its roof has entirely collapsed.

## STRATIFICATION

The filling of the dromos consisted of two horizontal layers of chazara, on top of which was the culture earth of the Classical and Hellenistic-Roman town. Above the door was a wedge-shaped layer of disturbed earth, indicating that a pit had been dug through the culture earth, probably traces of an attempt to discover the tomb which was given up before the filling of the tomb was reached.

The chamber was filled by the following layers, below the earth of the town:
i) Rock material from the collapsed roof.
2) Layer of dark, infiltrated clay.
3) Another layer of rock material from the partly collapsed roof.

4-5) Layers of infiltrated clay.
6) A third layer of rock material from the crumbling roof.
7) Bottom layer with burial remains.


Finds of dromos niche in situ ( i ). . Tom of chamber th situ (2):

The stratification thus illustrates the successive destruction and final collapse of the roof of the chamber, and shows that there was only one burial period.

The majority of the objects were found on the floor, but a number of them had been piled up on top of the others, in order to make room for the subsequent interments and had floated about in the water of the infiltrated layers.

## BLRIALS

Remains of three skeletons were found, one at the back wall, another along the left wall, and a third beside the right wall. Skeleton I is the earliest. The bones were almost mouldered away, and only the skull was well preserved. The body had been corered with the pots which were piled up along the back wall of the chamber. Body II was represented by burial earth only. Skeleton III was best preserved. The body had been placed in a dorsal, outstretched position, with the head towards the door.

In the dromos niche was found a well preserved skeleton in a dorsal, outstretched position.

## FINDS (GROUPS: PLS. LXXXVIII, 2; LXXXIX)

I Black Slrp Bichrome I shallow plate with base-ring; rounded outline; grooved sides; closed spout, horizontal, knobbed handle. On base a hand of latticed lozeneses framed by parallel lines, Hanked by two framed, latticed triangles. Inside, encirching lines and bands around sides; concentric circles in bottom; rum, spout, handles, and sides of body panted black. Duan. i8.o. In dromos $-79$.
2 Bichrome II harrel-shaped jus with cylindrical neck; farmg, funncl-shaped mouth; handle-radec; handle from neck to shoulder Black and red concentrie carcles on eather side of body: encircling black and red lines around neck and mouth; black zigzag lines on handle. Herght 25.0. - 62.
3 Black Slıp I jug with globular body; low foot; concave neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder Body vertically grooved Hetght i7.0. Floor.
4. Black Slip 1 jug with depressed piriform body; low foot; rather narrow, shghtly concave neck; ponched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Body vertically grooved. Heicht 10.5. Floor.
5. Black Slıp 1 jug with globular body; short foot; coneare neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Ridge around base of neck; hody vertically grooved. Handle and part of mouth missing. Height io.o. Floor.
6 White Panted 11 oval amphora with base-ring; shergtly eoncave neck, tapering upwards; out-turned, flat rims: horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around neck, shoulder, belly, and hase-ring; short-rippled line around belly; latticed triangles bordered by parallel lines alternating with vertical, parallel lines on shoulder; blach handles. Height 33.0. Floor.
7. Bichrome II mall barrel-shaped jug, as No. 2, but without handle-rdece. Virtieal black and red concentric
circles on either side of body; encircling lines and wawy line around necl; black and red enercling lines and band around ram; vertical strokes on handie. Height y.2. Floor.
8. Black Slıp I depressed piriform amphoriskos on low foot; concave, wide neck; flat rım; handles from rim to shoulder. Body vertically grooved. Parts of neck and body missing. Height 17.0 . Floor.
9. Black slıp I jug with depressed oval body; base-dise; wide, concase neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. A horizontal ridge around hase of neek; body vertically groored Hetght 29.0. - 21 .
10. Black Slıp I jug, as No. 9 , but with oval body. Herght 180. - 47.
11. White Painted I depressed oval hỵdria with base-ring; concave neck; flaring rim; vertical handle from neck to shoulder; horizontal handles on belly. Part of rim missing. Fincircling lines and bands around rim, neck, shoulder, and belly; short-rppled band around neck; on vertical handle ziezag band; horizontal handles panted black. Herght 465 . Floor.
12. Fragment of White Painted I amphora. Floor.
13. White Panted I shallow plate with curved outline; flat, rased base; flattened rim; horizontal handles below rim. On hase dametrical band of contiguous lozenges and triangles with eentral dots framed by vertical lines: on cuther side a transverse, hatched band framed by wertical lines, around base and inside bottom, encircling lines and bands; black handles and rim. Diam. 22.0. On No. 14.
If Black Slup Buchrome Il shallow plate with rased, flat base, curved outhoe; rounded rim; horizontal, knobbed handles. On hase black maltese cross encricted by concentric black and red lines and bands from which
alternating groups of threc parallel lines and latticed triangles framed by single line radiate; in one interspace is a swastica; monde, a central black dot encircled bey concentruc black lines. Sides of bode panted black. Diam, 22.5. Floor.
15. Buchrome Il shallow plate with curved outhene, rased, flat base; horizontal, knobbed handles below rum. On base, wide central ornament of concentric lines and bands from which framed, latticed triangles alternating with groups of parallel lines radiate; encircling lines and bands on sides and inside. Diam. 22.0 Floor.
16. White Panted I howl un low fuot; double-cursed outlone; plan rim; horizontal handles on choulder Encarcling lines and hands around rim, shoulder, and foot; between rim and shoulder a row of two latticed lozenges with filled top triangles, framed by vertical, parallel lines. One handle missing. Heigbt 9.2. Floor.
17 Black Slip 1 jus, as No. 5, but without ridge around neck. Height 16.5. Floor
18. Black She I jug as Nis. 5 , hut with erooves around the shoulder. Height 11.5 Floor.
19. Black Ship I depressed orold jug on low foot; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth; handle from rm to shoulder. Horizontal ridge around base of neck; body vertically grooved. Height 20 . Fluor.
20. White Panted I oval jug on low foot; shehtly concave neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around body and neck: wals hine around neck, foot panted black; bordered zigzag band along handle. Height 21.4. - 50.
21. Black Slip I jug, as No. 5, but with depressed piriform body. Height 16.5 . (nn No $8+$
22. White Panted I amphora with high hase-ring; narrow. almost eylindrical neck; rim missing; horizontal handles on shoulder. lincireline lines and band around basering, hody, shoulder, and neck; short-rppled band around belly; on shoulder framed, latticed trangles. Parts of neck missing. Heght 20.0. Floor.
23. White Panted I depressed pirıform amphora on low foot; neck and handles missing. Encircling lines and bands around body; basc panted black. Hewht 115 Floor.
24. Late Helladic Ill pirfform amphoriskos with rased base; wide, concave neck, flat, down-turned rim; three horizontal handles on shoulder. Fencircling lines and bands around base, body, and rim; a hatched band around shoulder; neck covered by paint; encarcling band inside neek. One handle missing; red lustrous pairit. Height 12.5. Floor.
25. Concal spindle-whorl of stone, perceed by a hole through centre. Diann. 2.2. Floor.
26. White Panted I shallow heml with base-ring; curved outline: in-turned rim; horizontal handles helow rim. Encircling lines and hands; concentric carcles on hasc and inside bottom, black rim. Diam. zi.o. Floor
27. White Panted 1 bowl, as No. 26, but with ransed, flat
base. On base three crossed lines; two groups of encarcling lines around sades, central arcle insude, rim and handles black panted. Parts of sade maseng. Dam. 23.0. Flour.
28 White Panted I depressed oxal amphora with basereng; concate neck, splatine rem; horizontal handles on shoulder. Encircling hands around base, bods, and shoulder; encircling, broad bands around neck; on shoulder framed, latticed hour-glass ornament and eroups of rertical lozenges with filled top triancles, framed hy vertical, parallel lume, black rim and handles Henght $4^{8.0}$. Floor.
29. Fragment of a bronze fibula. Floser

30 Black Slup I depressed ghohular gus, low foot; concave neek; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Relef stripe on handle; hody vertically grooved Henght 19.0 In No 3 .

3r. White Parnted I bowt on lan foot, double-curved outline; plann rim, horizontal handles on hody linerecheng lines and bands around foot, bods, and rim: docoration of crossed lines, separated by werteal bands of framed, latticed lozenges with top trangles, flanked by sertical, parallel lines; black handles. Diam 22.0. ()n Nio 32.
32. White Panted 1 shallow plate with flat base; rather straueht sudes: slughtly in-turned rim; horizontal handles, below rim. Wheelornament on bate; encirchene limes, and bands around base and below rom; encireling lines and bands inside, hlack handles. Dium. 205.-57
33. White Panted 1 shallow plate with wade base-ring, curved outlonc; flatened rim; horizontal knobbed, handles below rim. On base, three rows of latticed lozenges, some of which end in latticed trangles, encarching lines and bands around hase on adees: concentric circles and encirching lines and bands intede; handice and rim black Decoratom much effaced; one hamalle massing. Dlam $15.5 \ln$ Nio. 32.
34. White Panted 1 shallow plate with flat, raned bace rounded outline; flattened rimp; horrontal, knoblod handles. On hase a dametrical hand of two latticed
 lines; on either vele two framed, lattieed tranglen, around hase encircling lines and bands; tivo coneentric carcles mside bottom; black handles and rim One handle missing Dam 22 5. Floor.
35. White Panted I lentord jur with round hase: short, narrow, concave neck: collar-shaptd rim, handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim and neck; groups of concentric circles all areund bedi: transterse strokes ower handle Hereht 21.0 Flowr
36. White Panted II barrel-shaped jug with depreched body; conical neck, hondle-ridge, handle from neck to shoulder. A maltese cross encircled by lines and band on etther side of hodly: wide. sertical, coneentite circles on ewher sude; as front- and bate ornament row
 250 On No. 37
37. Black Shop I Jug. ds No. 21. Hutht 210 - 58
38. White Panted I plate, as Xo 32 , but with tour opposite, latticed bands hetween the encircling bands on stides, filled circle inside bottom, encircled hy concentric bands. Dam. 220 . Floors.
 harndle, and a closed spout oppesite the same. On base onerclud maltase cross from wheh tilled trangles radate: enurcling lenes and bands, around sides: rim, -pout, and handles hlack, inside, filled circle and encircling lines and bands. Diam i6o Floor.
qo. Plan Whate I jue on low foot: rather wade, short. concase neck; annular rim; handle from neck to shoulder Rim chipped Herght 210 In No. 41 .
41. White Panted I howl, as No 3I. Encircling bands around rim and body: black foot: between rim and shoulder a metope decoration consisting of a lozenge filled with smaller, latticed and filled lozenges, and crosened lines flanked by sertical, parallel lines and bands of tramed, latteed lozenges endong in lataced trangles, hordered by vertical, parallel lines; encireling hands inside; black handles. Diam. 25.5. - 55.
+2 Black Shp I jug, as No 5 , but with depressed globular body; ridge around neck. Parts of body missing Hewht if $5 .-62$.
4.3 White Panted I shallow plate with wide base-ring; buleing outline; Hattened rim; knohbed, horizontal handes helow rim. On base a diametrical, latticed hand framed hy parallel lines; a latticed, framed triangle on ether side of this, groups of transversic lines on base-rine, encrecline lines and bands around base, black rim and hadides, concentric lines and band inside. One handle mising Diam. 20.0. In No + .
44. White Panted I plate, as No. 33, hut with domnturned rim In centre of hase a wheel ornament, eneareled by concentric lines, between centre and periploers of base, two opposite bands of lattieed lozenges ending in litticed trangles, and two opponite, framed trangles, one latticed and the other filled with chess-hoard pattern; around base enereling lines and hands: filled errcle and enctreline lines and hands insitec: black rim, hasc-ring, and handes Diam 25s. On No 52.
45 Plan White I wal juy with wide, low foot: narrow, eoncase neek; handle-rdge, flaring rim; handle trom neck to shoulder. Height 20.0 . Un Nio. 52.
$4^{6}$ Black Slip I jug, as No. 21. Heught 18 O. On No. 52.
4; White Panted I shallow plate with rased, that hase; cursed outline: flattened rim. horizontal. knohhed h.indles below rim. On loase, encireled wheel-ornament from which four upponte zoleag bands framed by parallel lines raclate; around hase encircling lines and bands: insude, filled carcle enearcled hy encirchang lines and bands. One handle maseng Dam. ibs Floor.
48 Blak Bhp I jus, ds N゙o o, beat with low foot and oral bedy Harht $250-6$.
49 Black ship 1 juge as No Heweht 290 - 15
so Bronze necdle, hroken at eyclet lengeth II $3-54$
51 Black 'ilp I jue, ds Nu 30 Henght 21 o. In Nos 52.
52. Fragment of White Painted I amphora, as No. 22. Encircling hnes and bands around neck, shoulder, and belly: on shoulder framed, latticed triangles; black handles. Parts missing. Henght c. +5 o. Floor.
53. White Panted I plate, as No. 4 . On base, central ornamiont of concentric cireles from which three latticed triangles framed by parallel lines with filled lozenges in the angles radiate; three swasticas in the spaces between, groups of transverse strokes on base-ring: encircling lines and bands around sides; inside botton, filled circle encircled hy concentric lines and hands; black handles Diam. 22.0. On No. 54 .
54. Whate Panted I plate, as $\mathcal{X o} .43$. On centre of base two concentric carcles; between centre and periphery of base, two opposite latticed bands, framed by parallel lines, and two oppositc latticed triangles, framed by parallel lines; groups of transverse strokes on hasering: encircling lines and band atound sides; encireling lines and hands anside: hlack handles. Diam. 253. Fluor.
55. White Panted I bowl, as No. 3 I, but more bulging outside. Encircling bands around rim, body, and foot; helow rim, on one side, metope decoration of crossed, hatehed bands and lozenges filled with smaller, latteed lozenges forming a secondary cross and framed hy vertical, parallel lines; on other side, a central lozenge as above, flanked by metopes of crossed, hatched hands framed hy vertical, parallel lines. Height 2 io. Floor.
56. White Panted I howl on low, stemmed foot; doublecurial outline; vertical handle fron rim. Double, swecping line around body; enearcling lines and hands around rim. Handle massing. Height 8.0. In No 55.
57. White Panted I depressed harrel-shaped jug with nurron neak; handle from neck to shoulder. Incircled maltese cross and vertical, concentrie cireles on either side of bods; encireling bands around neck; horizontal strokes aeross handle. Part of handle and rem massing Henght 9.0. In No. 55.
58 White Panted I bowl, as No. 53. Fncireling hands around rim, hody, and foot, hetween rim and body a central metope with double, crossed lines and two band of latticed lozenues ending in latticed trangles and filled, lateral trangles, all separated by vertical lines. Broken: decoration worn. Height c. 20.0. - 66
59 White Painted I bowl, as No. 16. Encircling lines around rom, bods, and froot; other decoration worn off. Broken. Hercht 8o. In No. 58
6o Coarse ond amphora with Hat bace; short, wade. concale neck plan rim, handles from rim to shoulder. Herght 3 sio. Floor.
6I White Panted I amphora, as Nis. 22. Encircling lines and bands around neck, shoulder, body, and hasering. a waty band around body, in shoulder, vertical ziezag bands alternating with latticed triangles, franeed loy lines and cherons; on rim groups of transverse strokes: black handles. Herght 49.0 Floor.
62 Buchrome II pilgrim hottle with concave nock; handles
trom neck to shoulder Black and red concentric corcles on etther srde of bods. Upper part of nuek and rm mussing. Hetght ir.o. - 48.
63. White Painted I chalice-shaped bowl wath that bottom, concave, splaying sades: hormontal handles. On base a star ornament of sad filled trangles encireled by lines and bands; on sades encorchne lanes and bands. from rim vertical bands of latticed trangles, framed by parallel lines: handles panted black. Dram. if.o. -69.
64. White Panted I spherical juy with narrow, concase neck; collar-shaped rim; handle from nech to shoulder Fincreling band around rim and hase of neck: filled circle encircled by concentric lines on etther ste of body: transverse strokes on handle. Heaght 13.0. - $5+$
65. White Painted II amphora, as No. 6. but upper part of neck missing; two short-rippled lines around shoulder Height 270 . - 5 I.
66. White Painted I bowl with low foot: double-cursed outline; slightly out-turned rim; handle from rim to body. Encircling band around rm and foot; two way bands around bode; band alony handle, and a curred stroke from base of handle to rem; enearehne band inside. Heght ro.0. - 55 .
67. Black Shp I depressed globular jug with base-ring, handle from rim to shoulder. Body vertically groord; ridge around base of neck. Neck and upper part of handle missing. Heqht ito. - 49
68. Bichrome I oval, slender jug with bast-ring: short. concave neek; pinched rm, handle from rom to shoulde $r$. Encircling hlack and red lines and bund, around rim, body, belly, and bast-ring; short-rippled line around neck; encircling black line around base of neck with short, vertical strokes: groups of transverse lines, framed by vertical lines, on handle. Henght 290. - 37 .
69. Bichrome II oval, deprencel juer with Hat bane; neck tapering upwards; (rim partly misong), handle from rim to shoulder. Encirching black and red hones and bands around base of neck, shoulder, and belly; framed zogzag band along handle. Heruht $25.0-41$.
70 White Panted I plate with wade base-ring; curved sides; knobbed, horizontal handles below rim. Decorattion much effaced. In centre of base a wheel-ormament with encircling bands and lines Much damaged. Diam. 250. Flour.
71. White Painted I shallow plate with wade base-rine, cursed outline; plan, in-turned rmm, horizontal، knobled handles on rim. On base a diametifeal band of latticed lozenges ending in latticed trangles, tramed by paralled lines; between centre and periphery of base. two opposite triangles filled with latuced and plan lozenges, franed by parallel lines: on base-rine groups of transerese strokes; around suden encorcling limen and bands; inside rim encereling bands. encareled maltese cross in bottom; back handles Part of plate and one handle missing. Dam. 26.o. Floor.
72. Black Ship I jug. as No. 5 , but without ridee around
bane of nuth. Part of bate arad ram manh llaght 10.5 Flown
 11.0. Flowr

 Parts of bods, nuth, and one hamble maneme lluat 235 Floor.
75. Whate Panted I deprenad ownd amphord with haserene, conical neek (rum minomet. horizomtal handlo on thoulder limardine lince and bands atomend mok, shoulder, and bellis Broken. Howht 150. Iflowr
7t, Brchrome if Wallow plate with has-tins: cursed
 rim. Part of handles mosong (on base, central dint encircled by red and black concentric ! ines and bands. between centre and periphors of bat, estoup, of tour paratlel hanes alternasues with latticad thanelas, framed by parallal hanes: on lact-ring gruepp of trambiace strokes; on odes encirchene leme and bande, rim and handles blak. coneoneric limes and band intade Diam. 22 S. Floor
75. White Pantud I wake, Whatlow bowl with hac-rines.
 one limes and bouds mate, encmbling bands around run and beds ; anereled det on bane Dann. 18 o Fhom
F8. Black Shp 1 jug. as $\mathcal{N o} 21$, hut without radec around neck Part of tum mowne. Hathe iflo Flowr
79 Whate Panted 1 hemupherical bowl with rounded
 cireling bancl around rim 1 ham 90 Floon.
 knohhed, horizontal handes blew rim leat of phate and one hatadle misume On hase. dammetral batid of
 thanked b! parallel line: on othe weld of this band. a tramed hour-ulan ormament, on the other ate, athamed. angular line, broal band denund babe-mens, wate line lone around rim; blacl, hatades. Dam. zha 15
8i. Buchrome I plate, hape as $\dot{\text { io }} 71$, hut with thatemed

 between centre and paphore of hate hattual hark alternatins wh lattued iranulo, trames in parallal lines: on haterane groups of tramberes towke. on sales encorchone lines and beands; biack 1 mm and handles; filled carcle acmalad lys comentere band made lootom, encireline band neai mim 1) 1,im 260 - 6\%

82 Whate Panted 1 amphora, vape as No. (ot. Fut with hase-ring. İnemeline band, and lince around nech, shoulder, body, and bave-rme: a double. Wa! bime around bells. on boulder hateed trangite framed
 - - s.

84. White Panted I plate with raved Wate cursud ide-,
knobbed, horizontal handles helow rim. On base, encircled wheel-ornament from which framed, hatched bands and trangle: radate: around base encircling lines and bands, black handles. Diam. $210 .-55$. 85 . White Panted I orord Jue with pointed base; short, eoncare neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling bands around rim, base of neck, shoulder, and body; base panted black. Part of handle mussing. Height 15.5 - 62.
86. White Panted I bowl, shape as No. 3I; decoration smalar to No. 16 Heaght 19.0. Floor.
8 S. White Panted I bowl, as No. 66. Height 8 o. Floor. 88 White Panted I plate, as No. 30 , but more shallow. Handle missing. On base, a diametrical band of filled lozenges ending in filled triangles, flanked by parallel lines; on either side, two opposite latticed triangles. framed by parallel lines; black base-ring; encircling lines and bands on sules; transterse strokes on spout; mosde bottom filled carcle, encircled by concentric lines and bands; inside of spout painted black. Diam. Ito Floor.
89. White Painted I depressed ovord amphoriskos on low fout; concare neck; flat, flarıng rim; handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling bands inside rim, around base of neck, and belly; foot hlack painted; zigzay band on handles. Incomplete. Height 15.5. Floor.
90. White Panted I amphorishos, shape as No. 89. Incireling lines and bands around body; band around base of reck; short-rippled band around neck: groups of transterse strokes on rim and handles. Herght 16.0 Floor.
91. White Panted I bowl, as No. 66. Hetght 10.0. - 43 .

92 White lanted Il barrel-shaped jug. Neck and handle missing lincireling lines and hands on either side of hody. Height $72-56$.
93. Straight bronze pin with knob-head. length 5.0 . Floor.
94. Plain, circular finger-ring of bronze. Diam. 2.4. Floor.

95 Black Slip I ovoid amphora on wde, low foot; concare neek: flarıng rim, sharply defined; knobbed handles from neck to shoulder. Shightly marked ridge around bale of nech: hody sertically grooved. Height 280. -63 .
96. White Painted I orord crater with depressed, piriform hody; wide, low foot; flat rim; vertical handles on shoulder. Foot and lower body painted black wath outspared lines hetween; encircling hands around shoulder and rim; on shoulder vertical, latticed hands framed by parallel lines, alternating with hands of latticed lozenges ending in latticed triangles and framed by parallel lines: on rim ladder-pattern; black handles. Height 28.0. Floor.
97. White Painted I amphora, as No. 61, but with basering, and with framed, latticed triangles on shoulder Hfught zy.0 Floor
98 White l'anted 1 glohular jug with narrow, concave neck, slightly marked collar rim; handle from neck to
shoulder. Groups of concentric circles all around bods; encircling lines around mouth: transverse strokes on handle. Hewht 105 . In No. 97.
99 White Panted I bowl, shape as No. ib. Encireling hands around rim, bods, and foot; encirchare lines inside; handles panted black. Height 90 . Fluor.
100. White Panted I plate, shape as No. $4+$. On base, filled circle encircled by concentric hines from which four opposite hands of herringbone-pattern, framed by parallel lines radate; on base-rine groups of transeerse strokes; around steles encircline lines and bands; black rim; inside botton, filled carcle enareled by lines and bands: ladder-pattern on handles. Part of one handle missing. Dlam. 20.0. Floor.
101. Conical, flat spindle-whorl of tufa, pierced by a hole in the centre. On top encircling ridges around the central hole; incised, encircling zigzag hnes with semicreles in therr interstices at the periphers; on base border of concentric lines; a trece-ornament and curred lines. Diam. 37 Floor.
102. Bichrome 1 shallow plate with wide base-ring; bulging outline; sloping, in-turned rim; horizontal, knobbed handles below rim. On base, central maltese cross encircled by black and red lines and bands, from which sis latticed trangles, framed by parallel lines, radiate; transwerse strokes on hase-ring; on sides, near basering, encircling black and red lines and bands; inside bottom, central maltese cross encircled by concentric lines and bands; black handles. Diamı. 27.5. On No. 103.
103. White Painted I plate, shape as No. 8i. On base, a central maltese cross encircled by lines; between centre and perrphery of base, two opposite latticed bands and two opposite bands of latticed lozenges ending in latticed trangles, all framed hy parallel lines; in their interstices four latticed lozences wath filled triangles in the angles; black hase-ring; on sides, near base-ring, black encircling band; encircling line around rim; encirching bands and lines inside; black handles. Diam. 3r.0. Floor.
10.4. White Painted I bowl, shape as No. 3r. İncircling bands around rom and body; black foot; between rim and shoulder vertical, latticed bands, bands of small, latticed lozenees ending in latticed triangles, bands of zogzag hnes, large latticed lozenge ending in latticed triangles, and bands of contiguous, hatched triangles, all framed by parallel lines; bluck handles. Height 12.0. Floor.
105. White Panted I bowl, as No. 66, but without curved stroke from base of handle. Hught 8.5. In Nos $10+$.
106. White Panted I globular jue on low foot; concave neck; flaring, flat rim; a tubular spout on shoulder; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines around rim, hase of neck, and belly; black foot; two wary lines around neck; encarcling line around base of spout; on shoulder contmuous, arched lines; ladder-pattern on handle. Part of rim and rpout missing. Neight 160. In Nor ro.

107 Black Slip I jug, as No. 21. Height 150 . - 62
108. Coarse depressed globular jue wath flat base; wade. short neck, splaying upwards; handle fronn rim to shoulder. Herght 11.5. On Nor. iog.
109. White Panted I amphorsisos, shape as No So, decoration as No. go. Parts of neck, rim, and ont handle missing. Hught 17.5 . Floor
IIo. White Painted I howl, as No. 26. Dram, 21.0. Floor. iri. White Painted I depressed ovond crater with base-ring and bent, tripodic legs; short, concave, rased rim wath flat top; vetical twin-handles on shoulder lincircling lones and bands around rim. bods, and base-ring; ladder-pattern on legs; on shoulder a framed, latticed
lozenge flanked by parallel lines: on each side of this ornament vertical, latticed bands framed by parallel lincs: on rim wabus of transsere strokes; ladderpattern on handles Dam. 250 Plown
112. White Panted 1 phate, hape as \o. 3 . On loate. central maltese crose encorded bs plan and fimed bands, from whel four large, framed, lattaced triangles radate; on base-ring groups of transberse strotics. black sades with an encircling, outspared line near base-ringe, insade bottom central, maltese cross encireled by concentric lines and bands; blath handles. Diann. 250 . Floor
113 Black Silip l jus, ds N゙o. 5. Hewht ito. Dromos niche.

Summing up the classification given in the Object Register, we obtain the following diagram:


CHRONOLOGY
The diagram shows that the majority of the pottery is of Type I and only a small number of the objects are of Type II. Some of the specimens of Type I are carly in style. 'This indicates that the earlier interments belong to Cypro-Geometric I, and the last interment to the beginning of Cypro-Geometric II. The Late Helladic III amphoriskos (No. 24) may be an old heirloom belonging to the family buried in the tomb.
E. $G$.


Fig. 252. Ajia Irini. General view of the temenos and the site from the East.

| $A$ | $J$ | $I$ | $A$ | $I$ | $R$ | $I$ | $N$ | $I$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## INTRRODLCTION

On a day in the beginning of Norember, 1929, a priest made a trip from his village in Cyprus, up to Nicosia. Ilis name is Papa Prokopios, and Ajia Irini is the name of his village. He brought with him a present to the Cyprus Museum, and his present was the upper part of a terracotta statue from the beginning of the Sixth Century B. C. When asked where he had made this discovery, he replied that the find-spot was his own field in the rillage. A few days later we made a preliminary examination of the place and were able to state that Papa Prokopios had discovered an intact temple-site with numerous terracotta sculptures. By courtesy of the Governor, Sir Ronald Storrs, the members of Cyprus Museum and Captain Rupert Gunnis, Inspector of Antiquities, we obtained a permit to excavate the place.

Ajia Irini is a small village near the north-west coast of Cyprus, situated on the rock plateau which extends between the alluvial plain of Morphou and the off-shoots of the Kerynia range projecting into Cape Kormakiti. 'This rock platcau is covered with a thin layer of soil with seant regetation and yielding rery poor crops where it is cultivated. To
PLAN XXII


some extent it is planted with pine-trees, but the general aspeet of the district is that of a barren and sterile land, desolate and poor. The plateau slopes gradually from the village of Myrtou and Diorios towards the sea. Ajia Irini is situated on the cdge of this plateau, where the rock is buried below the dunes of the seashore.

The place of excaration is situated close by the village, to the West not far from the village church, in a field, as mentioned above, belonging to Papa Prokopios. The place is bounded to the N . by a shallow ralley, and the to S . and $\mathbb{I V}$. by coastal duncs of sand (Fig. 252; Plan XXII).

On the other side of the valley is a necropolis with rock-cut tombs. The carliest of those opened date from the Cypro-Geometric period, and the latest from Roman times. Further down towards the sea are ruins of a small, ancient town; the surface is covered with cut stones, pottery fragments, and tiles. The earliest of the dateable finds observed on the surface can be assigned to the Hellenistic period.

## ARCHITECTLRE (Plan XXIII)

ARCHITECTURAL ELIENINTE (FIGS. 253-- 2ース)
Walls.
Wall $I$.
Width: $0.65 \mathrm{~m} .11 \mathrm{cight}: 0 . \not 0 \mathrm{~m}$.
The wall is built of rubble of medium size, occasionally roughly smoothed at the outside. The edges are laid with slightly larger stones of roughly triangular shape, the base forming the edge of the wall. The internal filling consists of a homegencous mass of smaller stones, with mud mortar scantily used as binding-material. The wall is solidly built with exactly perpendicular sides. It is properly bonded to Wall 2. It is founded on the rock, as also the following walls, when not otherwise stated.

IWall 2.
Width: 0.60 m. Height: 0.40 m .
The wall is built of the same material and construction as the previous one, but of considerably larger edge stoncs. Consequently the filled interspace is narrower.

Wall 3.
Width: 0.70 m . Ilcight: 0.50 m .
This wall is built exactly as Wall 2; it is bonded to Wall 6.
W'all + .
Width: 0.60 m . Height: 0.50 m .
The wall is built as Wall I ; it is not bonded to Wall 5 .
Wall .5.
Width: 0.55 m . Height: 0.50 m .
The construction of this wall resembles that of Wall 2 : the edge stones are large and the inner core is narrow. The wall is not bonded to any of the adjoining walls.


Fig. 253. Ajia Irini. Walls 1 -9.


Fig. 254. Ajia Irini. Walls I-9.

Wall 6.
Width: 0.65 m . Height: 0.60 m .
The wall is of the same material and construction as Wall I. In the south-west corner there is a large river-stone. The corner stones are roughly cut. The wall is bonded to Wall 3. The space between Walls 3,5, and 6 is entirely filled with rubble, forming a solid substructure, as it seems, for a staircase leading to the upper story of Room II (cf. below pp. 667 f.).

Wall 7.
Midth: 0.70 m . Height: 0.65 m .
This wall is of exactly the same material and construction as Wall 1 .
Hall $\delta$.
Width: 0.65 m . Height: 0.70 m .
The material and construction of this wall exactly correspond to those of Wall I ; it is a continuation of Wall 7 , but separated from it by a door.

Wall 9.
Width: $0.65-0.80 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: c. 0.40 m .
The construction of this wall resembles that of Wall 1 ; it is built along the interior face of Wall 8 .

W'all io.
Width: 0.75 m . Height: I. oo m.
The lower part of the wall is built of medium-sized rubble and the upper of smaller stones. The material is sand-stone, schist, limestone, and river-stones. The wall is constructed with large stones at the edges, and a filling of smaller stones. The stones are well jointed and occasionally sherds of terracotta pithoi are used for levelling purposes. At the ends large stones are used.


Fig. 255. Ajia Irini. The S. temenos wall.

## Wall II.

Width: 0.70 m . Height: 1.10 m .
The wall is of the same material and construction as Wall 10. It is bonded to Wall 12.

Wall 12.
Width: 0.60 m . Height: 1.10 m .
The material and construction of this wall are similar to the preceding one. In the north-east façade, c. 1.00 m . from the north-west end, an unusually large stone is built into the wall. The wall is bonded to Walls in and i3.

Wall 13.
Width: 0.75 m . Height: o.go m.
The matcrial and construction are identical with those of Wall io. Opposite the door between Walls in and $1_{5}$, there is a change in the construction, which is there rather careless, and built of medium-sized rubble-stones, meeting in the middle of the wall. This part of the wall is about 1.50 m . long and is not property bonded to the remaining part of the wall. It is evidently an earlier doorway, which has been blocked up. This is corroborated by the fact that there are large, flat stones built into the wall, on both sides of the blocked-up portion: it is usual, as has been observed, that the ends of the walls, especially at an entrance, are built in this way. The wall is bonded to Walls 12 and i4.


Fig. 256. Ajia Irini. The W. temenos wall.
Wall If.
Width: 0.70 m . Height: 1.10 m .
This wall is of the same material and construction as Wall ro. It is bonded to Walls 13 and $I_{5}$.
II all $I_{5}$.
Width: 0.70 m . Height: I .10 m .
This wall is of the same type as Wall 10 . At the north-west end, at the entrance to Room VII, large, flat stones are used. The wall is bonded to Wall it.

Walls $16 — 18 . \quad$ Width: $0.60-0.75 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: $\mathrm{I} .00-\mathrm{I} .10 \mathrm{~m}$.
These walls are built of the same material as the preceding ones, but the construction differs somewhat and resembles that of Wall 2: larger stones, sometimes meeting in the middle, being used at the edges, and a narrow inner core. The walls are bonded to each other, but Wall i6 is not bonded to the adjoining Wall in.

Wall I\%.
Width: 0.80 m. Height: 1.00 m .
Of this wall only the exterior and the top face were laid bare. It is built of rubble of the usual kind, and constructed as Wall i. The south-east corner especially, is carefully built with fairly large, roughly cut corner stones.

Wall 20.
Width: 0.80 m. Height: 1.00 m .
This wall is of the same type as Wall 19 and bonded to it.
Wall $2 I$.
Width: $0.75-1.35 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.85 m .
The material and construction of this wall resemble those of Walls $16-18$ : the wall is built of rather large stones at the edges, sometimes meeting in the middle, with a narrow core of small stones on the side, opposite Wall 10 . The wall is widened into a projecting rectangle: it is bonded to Wall 23, but not to Wall 22.


Fig. 25\%. Ajia Irini. The . temenos wall from the 1 iest.
IVall 22.
Width: 0.75 m . Height: 0.85 m .
This wall is similar to Wall 2I, but its east face is revetted by large monolithic blocks with smaller stones in the interstices.

Ifall 2.3-25.
Width: $0.60--0.75 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.60 m .
These walls are of the same material and construction as Wall 21. Wall 23 is bonded to Wall 21, and Walls 24, 25 to Wall 23 .

Irall 26.
Width: 0.70 m. Height: 0.40 m .
This wall is of the same material and construction as Wall I .

Walls 2ヶ $A$, $B$.

Wall 27 A is built of rubble, rather carelessly piled up, but the edge stones are carefully laid. It is founded on the virgin soil of red earth covering the rock. Some parts of the wall are destroyed. It is partly overbuilt by Wall 27 B , and partly runs inside this wall. There is no eridence that there was an upper wall of mud-brick on this stone foundation. On top of the wall was an aceumulation of dark, organic earth (cf. Stratification, pp. 654,658 ). This laver seems to be the mouldered remains of a hurdle fence, or the like, which once covered the stone foundation. The wall served as part of the temenos wall.

Wall 27 B is a temenos wall of the same material and similar construction to Wall 27 A. The edges are more carefully laid and the northern end of the wall, towards the entrance gate, is built of a single course of roughly square-cut blocks of limestone. The wall is partly built on top of Wall 27 A , and founded higher up in the debris.

Hall 28.
Width: 0.65 m . Height: $0.10-0.75 \mathrm{~m}$.
This wall is a continuation of Wall 27 A and is of the same material and construction as it.
Hall 29.
Width: o.70—r.io m. Height: o. $30-\mathrm{r} .00 \mathrm{~m}$.
This wall is a continuation of Wall $2_{7} \mathrm{~B}$ and is of the same material and construction as it. The wall runs at a distance of about 0.60 m . from the exterior face of Wall 28. Between these two walls is a filling of stones and earth gradually rising from the lower level of Wall 28 to the higher level of Wall 29. The stone-filling is used at the north and south ends of the wall, and the earth-filling in the space between.

Trall 30.
Width: $0.70-1.45 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: $0.20-0.75 \mathrm{~m}$.
This wall is a continuation of Wall 28 and is of the same material and construction as it.
Wall 3 .
Width: $0.70-1.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: $0.20-1.00 \mathrm{~m}$.
This wall is a continuation of Wall 29 and is of the same material and construction as it. Between Walls 30 and 3 r is the same filling of stones and earth as between Walls 28 and 29 .

Walls 32 A, B.
Width: $0.80-1.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: $0.15-0.65 \mathrm{~m}$.
These walls are of the same material and construction as the preceding, and run from the N. W. end of Walls $30-31$ to the entrance gate of the temencs. Wall 32 B is founded on top of Wall 32 A ; Wall 32 B is bonded to Wall 31. Wall 32 A is a continuation of Wall 30 , though the connecting part is missing.

Wall 3.
Width: i. 10 m . Height: 1.40 m .
The wall is built of rubble of tarying size with roughly coursed edge stones. The wall is bonded to Wall 34, but not to Wall $\mathbf{3 6}$. Its north end is founded on the same level as Wall 36, at a level of about 94 , but the rest of it is founded higher up in the debris on a level of about roo. Wall 40 is built over it.

Wall $3+$.
Width: 1.10 m . Height: 1.35 m .
This wall is of the same material and construction as Wall 33 , to which it is bonded. It is not bonded to Walls 35 and 37 , and is founded in the debris at about level 100 .

Wall 3.5 .
Width: 0.95 m . Height: 1.26 m .
This wall is of the same material and construction as the preceding. It is bonded to Wall 36 but not to Wall 34 , and is founded in the debris on the level of Wall 36 .


Fig. 258. Ajia Irini. The N. temenos wall from the East.
Wall 36.
Width: 1.05 m . Height: 1.30 m .
This wall is of the same material and construction as the preceding. It is bonded to Wall 35 , but not to Walls 33 and 37 . It is founded in the debris accumulated on the rock at a level of about 94 .

ITall 37.
Width: 0.90 m . Height: r .30 m .
This wall is of the same material and construction as the preceding. It is bonded neither to Wall 34, nor to Wall 36 . Its northern part is founded at the level of 94 , and its southern part at the level of 100 . At the point where the foundation level changes, there is a break in the laying of the wall indicating that the southern part has been relaid.

The top of Walls $33-37$ is levelled and there is no evidence that they have been higher, nor that they have supported an upper structure of mud-brick or any other material: no clay from mud-bricks or mouldered remains of organic material, as in Walls 27-32, covered them.

Walls 38-40.
Width: $0.50-0.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.20 m .
These walls are built of rubble in one or two courses with large edge stones, meeting as a rule in the middle. The upper walls have been built of mud-brick (cf. p. 653 ). Wall 39 is founded on top of Wall 33 and is much destroyed. Walls 38 and to are founded in the debris at a level of about 105-110.

Wall $\neq I$.
This wall is an earth wall; an agger formed by a filling of the red, virgin soil of the site, and enclosing a roughly oval area. The sides of the agger are sloping and the top is slightly


Fig. 259. - -jia Irini. The eastern temenos wall and Walls 38, to from the South.


Fig. 260. Ajia Irini. The eastern temenos wall and Wall 38 from the North.
convex. Sections through the agger (cf. p. 662) show that it has been built at two periods; an upper filling covers the top of the original agger (Walls 41 A and B ).
The description of the walls given above, has shown that there are five main groups of walls.

1. Walls built of mud-brick, on a stone foundation of considerable height (Walls $\mathrm{I}-26$ ).
2. Walls built of mud-brick, on a stone foundation of one or two courses (Walls $38-40$ ).
3. Walls, with a roughly built and irregular stone foundation, and an upper hurdle fence (Walls 27-32).
4. Walls built entirely of stone with no upper structure of other material (Walls 33-37).
5. Wall built of earth filling (Wall +I ).

Benches.
Bench 72.
Width: 0.65 m . Height: c .0 .25 m .
The bench is entirely built of rubble-stones of medium size held together with abundant mud mortar. It revets the outside of the Walls 1 and 2 , and is founded on the rock.

Bench 4.3 .
Width: 0.65 m . Height: c. 0.20 m .
The bench is of the same material and construction as Bench $+^{2}$ but with larger, roughly cut stones at the ends. It revets the outside of Wall 7 .

Bench 4 .
Width: 0.65 m . I Ieight: 0.20 m .
This bench is of the same material and construction as the preceding ones. It revets the exterior of Wall 8 .


Fig. 26r. Ajia Irini. The altar of Perjods $4-6$ from the East.


Fig. 262. Ajia Irini. The altar of Periods + from the N. E.

## Bench 45 .

Width: 0.60 m . Height: 0.20 m .
The bench is built of one to two courses of rubble of medium and small size, along the inside of Walls I4 and 15 . A large stone is built into the bench at its north-west end.

## Bases and Substructures.

## Bases 46 A-D.

Four bases of flat stones, probably serving as bases for wooden poles; they are founded in the debris at a level of about 93 .

Substructures 77 A-C. Width: $0.50-1.20 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: $0.30-0.50 \mathrm{~m}$.
Three straight settings of rubble, in one or two courses running parallel. Parts of the settings are destroyed. They are founded in the debris, at a level of about 93. These settings may have served as substructures for wooden poles, supporting a roofed shelter.

Substructures $\ddagger 8 A, B$.
Width: $0.25-\mathrm{I} .00 \mathrm{~m}$. Height: 0.25 m .
Two settings of rubble, segmental in shape, in one or two courses, founded in the dehris at a level of about 92 . The purpose of these substructures seems doubtful.

## Altars.

- Altar 49.

Width: 1.60 m. Height: 0.30 m .
The altar is built of rubble in two or three courses. It is roughly triangular in shape, and is founded partly on the rock, partly in Stratum 12.

## Altar $5 \%$.

Width: 0.70 m . Height: ..io m.
The altar consists of a monolithic block of limestone; the upper part is square and well dressed; the lower part is unworked and eroded by the water, so that the hlock has the
shape of a roughly modelled head on a narrow ncek. Only the upper, drcssed part was visible while the altar was in use (cf. p. 663). The top of the altar is slightly hollowed out, into a shallow square cavity, with a raised edge. The altar is founded on a levelling substruction of rubble, on the rock.

> Gates and Doors.

Betwecn Walls 27 and 32 is an entrance gate. In front of the gate are remains of a stairway lcading up to the entrance. The preserved part of the stairway is built of well dressed blocks of limestone in three steps: it is founded in the virgin soil covering the rock at a level of 87 . This gate belongs to Walls 27 B and 32 B , which is evident from the fact that Wall $2_{7} \mathrm{~B}$ abuts against the stairway, and Wall 32 B is on a line with the north face of the stairway, while Wall 32 A turns to the S . in front of the entrance; moreover, the upper level of the stairway is that of the floor belonging to Walls 27 B and 32 B . The east end of Wall 32 B is not preserved; the wall has originally projected to a point in a line with three more steps adjoining those preserved to the $\mathrm{N}^{\circ}$., so that the stairway originally extended along the whole width of the entrance having been approximately 1.60 m .

If there once had been a corresponding entrance at this place, belonging to Walls 27 A and 32 A , cannot be stated with certainty as the remains of this original gate, if ever there was one, would in such a case have been destroyed at the building of the preserved gate.

The doorways belong to Walls $\mathrm{r}-26$. They are usually provided with thresholds of rubble. About the construction of the doors not much can be said. The preservation of a stone with a pivot-hole in the doorway between Walls 19 and 22, shows that at least this door turned on a pivot.

## Floors.

The floors are of four different types: rock floor, earth floor, floor built of rubble and earth, and floor of lime-earth. The floors of Type I are connected with Walls I-26; the floors of Type 2 with Wall 4 r ; the floors of Type 3 with Walls $27-37$; the floor of Type + with Walls 38 -4o.
R o o fs.

For the construction of the roofs, there is no evidence. It is certain that the area enclosed by Wall $f^{1}$, and that enclosed by Walls $27-32$ has becn open to the sky. Furthermore, it is evident that Rooms XII and XIII have been unroofed, also (cf. above p. 649). The rooms enclosed by Walls l-26 were probably covered with flat roofs built of earth and wattle in accordance with the usual practice in Cyprus. No remains of the roofs, however, such as impressions of the wattle etc. were preserved.

It was suggested above that wooden poles on Bases $46 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{D}$ and Substructures 47 A-C had supported the roofs of two shelters. It may be conjectured that the roofs of these sheltcrs had been of a construction similar to those conjectured above.

Hearth.
A hearth, consisting of a shallow cavity filled with ash and carbonized matter, was found in the S. W. corner of Room V.

STRATIFICATION (PLANS XXIV-XXVII)
Description of the layers.
The stratification can be studied with the aid of several sections which run through the area of excavation as marked on the architectural plan.

Section $I$ (Plan XXIV, 1).
This section runs between Squares D and E in west-east direction from Squares $\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{E}$ 3 to Squares D-E i2. It cuts Sections IX-XII, XIV and is composed of the following layers.

1. The uppermost layer consists of surface carth being the cultivated soil of the field.
2. Below the surface layer there is a local accumulation of sand and gravel in Squares D-E: 3-4. This represents the alluvium of a flood, which can be traced in other sections too (cf. below). This flood must be assigned to a period later than Layer 3 since this layer is covered by the alluvium and has partly been cut into by the activity of the water. On the other hand it must be earlier than Layer i, by which it is covered.
3. This layer consists of dark culture earth mixed with sand and clay from mudbricks; it extends from Squares $\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{E}_{3}$, where it has been nearly altogether washed away by the flood of Laver 2, to Squares D-E 6 where it ends approximately in line with Wall 44. It rests on a floor stratum of white lime-earth. The floor has the same extent as the culture stratum. It abuts against Wall 38 and is therefore contemporary with that wall.
4 A-C. A triple layer of alluvium, of which Layer 4 C consists of small river-stones mixed with gravel and sand being the heavier alluvium of a flood whose lighter alluvium is formed by Layers $4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}$. Layer +B consists of alluvial sand and contained a compact mass of terracotta sculptures and fragments thereof, placed as a means of substructure immediately below the floor of Stratum 3. Layer 4 A consists of sand mixed with gravel.
4. Stratum 5 has been nearly altogether washed away by the flood of Layer 4 , and mixed with the alluvium of that layer. Only a part of its floor stratum remains intact in Squares D-E: 9-10.
6-7. Layer 6 consists of fine sand, dark-coloured and mixed with remains of culture earth. The layer extends from Wall 29 to the end of the section. Above Wall $3^{\circ}$ it has been entirely washed away by the flood of Layer 4 , but it is evident that
it accumulated on top of this wall, as it rests against the fat, dark earth of Layer 9 (Layer y B, cf. betow) which rests directly on the wall, and it appears again to the W. of the wall between this and Wall 3 r , against which it abuts. The layer represents a culture stratum mixed with, and covered by sand, being alluvium of a tlood. The culture stratum itself, Layer 7 , is only partly preserved as a thin streak of eulture earth resting directly on the floor-level of the laver. This floorlevel extends between Walls 29 and 3 I ; it consisted only of a streak of hardpacked sand and gravel, but was rather indistinct here and there, being difficult to distinguish from the sandy accumulations. This floor-level passes on top of Laver 9 B (ef. below) which covers Wall 30, and abuts against Wall 3r.
8-9. Layer 8 consists of sand mixed with culture earth of Layer 9. It marks the activity of a flood and is represented in Squares D-E: 6-9. Layer 9 A , the intact culture stratum of dark, fat earth mixed with fatty sand, extends between Walls 28 and 30 on both sick of Laver 8 . On top of Wall 30 , it is substituted by a special Layer 9 B consisting of dark, fat organic earth. Layer 9 A rests on a floor built on a substructure of rubble. This floor abuts against Walls 28 and 30. The layers below this floor down to the reek-level are not recorded by this section, but it was noted that a thick layer of red earth extended below Wall 30.

Section $I I$ (Plan XXIV, 2).
This section is + metres to the $\mathcal{N}$. of Section $I$, between Squares $F$ and $G$, running from Squares $F-G 2$ to Squares $F-G$ - $q$. It crosses Sections IX-XV, XVIII. The layers of the section form three different stratigraphical groups: a) outside Wall 29; b) inside Walls $28-29$ and $30-3 \mathbf{1}$, but outside Walls 33 and $35 ;$ c) inside these latter walls.
a) Below the surface laver of cultivated soil there are different layers of sand and gravel being the alluvium of successive floods. Only close by Wall 39, there are remains of a culture stratum of dark earth resting on a floor of white lime-earth. This floor is the same as that of Layer 3, and the culture stratum the same as Layer 3 of Section I. The floor goes right up to Wall 39 hut rests on the accumulation of sand above Wall 29. It is therefore contemporary with the former, and later than the latter.
b) This part of the section shows the same stratification as the corresponding part of section I. The floor of Layer 3 abuts against Wall 39: this floor and Stratum 3 are therefore eontemporary with this wall.
thove Walls 28 ancl 30 , there is the same Layer 9 B of organic earth as was observed in Seetion I. That this layer is contemporary with Stratum 9 A , and earlier than Strata $6-7$ follows from the fact that the latter layers cover it, while the former layer gradually mixes with it. The evidenee of Section I as to the interrelations of these layers is therefore fully confirmed.

Betow Walls 30 and 31 was observed a compact layer of red earth, mixed with chazara forming a bank of earth sloping inwards; and the same bank of earth appeared below the Hoor of Stratum 9 in Squares F-(; 5 . The structure of this bank and its relation to the




layers below the floor of Stratum 9 are not, however, clucidated by this section, which was not excarated below this floor, hut are fully clared up by Section IV (cf. below).
c) The stratification between Walls $33-37-35$ both differs from, and agrees with that outside them. The difference is formed by layers of sand mixed with dark mould which are characteristic of the area within these walls, but are contirely absent outside these. These layers of mould are represented at two levels, on top of the floor-level of Layer 9 and the alluvium of Laver +C . Apart from this, the stratification within the walls agrees with that outside them. The lavers are marked on the section with the numbers of the corresponding layers 4 and 6-7 outside thee walls.

Wall 33 is founded in Laver 6, and the floor-level of Layer 5 abuts against it, proving that this part of the wall, which has been repaired (cf. p. 648 ), is later than Lavers $6--7$, and that Layer 5 and the wall are contemporary. The same holds good for Wall 37 (cf. p. 649). Wall 35, however, is founded decper down, at a level just below that of the floor of Layer 9, which abuts against the wall. This wall was therefore contemporary with Laver 9.

Section III (Plan XXIV, 3).
This section runs 4 metres to the $N$. of Section $I I$, between Squares $H$ and I. It begins between Squares H-I 2 and ends between Squares II-I 15 , crossing Sections IX-XV. It displays entirely the same stratification as that of Section II b, and does not require any comments. The section was not sunk below the level of the floor of Layer 9, this, too, in conformity to the preceding sections.

## Section $I^{*}$ (Plan XXIV, 4).

This section runs + metres to the $\lambda$. of Section III between Squares J and K . It begins between Squares J-K 2 and ends between Squares J-K if, crossing hections IX - XV.

The stratification of this section conforms to that of the preceding ones, but displays a greater variety and complication from the fact that it runs throush the central part of the temenos, and includes all the layers right down to the rock. It requires, therefore, a detailed description.

1. The surface laver all over the section is the same as that of the preceding sections.
2. Scanty remains of alluvium in Squares J-K: $8--11$, corresponding to Larer 2 of the preceding sections.
3. From Squares J — K + to $\mathrm{J}-\mathrm{K} 7$, there is a culture stratum corresponding to layer 3 of the preceding sections. The floor of this culture stratum consists of the same hard-packed, white lime-earth as in the preceding sections. This floor abuts against Wall fo. From Squares J-K 9 to J-K 11 the floor-level is represented by a thick layer of the same kind of lime-earth (Layer ? B), used as a covering stratum for the deposit of votive sculptures (cf. below). The floor appears agrain in the west part of Squares J-K 13 and extends to the end of the section, but its culture stratum has been washed away by the flood.

4-9. Layers of the same composition as the corresponding layers of the preceding sections. Layer 5 has been entirely mixed with the alluvium of Layer 4, and the river-bed has partly sunk down, as far as the level of Layers 6-7.
ro. A layer of light-coloured sand with remains of ashes, carbonized matter, etc., being a culture stratum mixed with accumulated sand. The floor-level of this stratum consists only of a trodden strip of sand.
II. A laver of dark-coloured sand mixed with clay representing remains of a culture stratum, a strip of trodden sand being the floor-level of this stratum.
12. A culture stratum of fatty, dark, sandy earth resting on the rock.

This stratified series is partly broken by different intrusive matters. From the beginning of the section to about the end of Squares J-K 6 and from Squares J-K Iq to the end of the section there is a thick and compact layer of red earth mixed with chatara below the floor of Layer 9, and below Walls 27, 30, and 31 on top of Stratum 12. On the other hand, Strata io, ir, and their floor-levels rest on this accumulation of red earth. This layer of red earth is the same as that observed in the preceding sections, where, however, its structure and relation to the culture strata below the floor of Layer 9 could not be studied (cf. above). The earth consists of the red-coloured, sterile earth covering the rock surface all round Ajia Irini, from where it was brought to its present place and heaped up into a compact bank of earth. From the relation of the culture strata to this bank of earth (Wall 41), it is evident that it was heaped up at the beginning of the period represented by Stratum 11, and was in use to the end of Stratum io.
Between the bank of earth in Squares J--K 6 and Squares J-K 8, there was a pit dug through the layers below the floor of Layer 9 , right down to the rock. The pit was filled with debris of disturbed culture earth and fragments of pottery. From the relation of the pit to the adjacent layers stated above, it is safe to conclude that it was dug and filled in at the end of the period represented by Stratum io. From this pit to Squares J-K ir, the section cuts through a compact accumulation of white lime-earth resting on Stratum I2 and reaching up to the floor-level of Stratum io. On the other hand, Stratum ir abuts against the accumulation of lime-earth.

On top of this heaped-up layer, the section cuts through a set of stones belonging to Substructures 48 . Layer io abuts against these stones and the floor of Layer 9 passes over them.

## Section I' (Plan XXIV, 5).

This section runs 2 metres to the N . of the preceding one between Squares K and L , from Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L} 8$ to $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}_{13}$. Only the layers down to the floor of Layer 9 are recorded, except in Squares K-L 13 where all the layers down to the rock are represented. The section shows a stratification which conforms to that of the corresponding layers of the preceding section. In Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}, 9$ and $\mathbf{1 2}$, the section cuts through pits dug from the surface to about the floor of Layer 7. These pits are those of Papa Prokopios.

Stratum 3 and its floor are missing. The covering layer of white lime-earth, corresponding
to Layer 3 B of section IV, is, howerer, represented from Squares K-L 8 to K-L I I. It shows the peculiarity, that its central part close to Altar 50 is much thicker and of a homogeneous white lime-marl, while its peripheric parts are thinner, and of the usual lime-earth mixed with sandy clay.

The river-bed of Laver + has partly sunk down to the floor-level of Laver 7 .
The culture earth of Layer 10 is covered by a thick accumulation of alluvial sand, divided by a streak of gravel into two superimposed parts: Layers so A-B.

## Section ll (Plan XXV, i).

This section runs 2 metres to the $N$. of the preceding one between Squares $L$ and $\backslash I$, from Squarcs $\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{M}+$ to $\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{M} 7$. Only between Sections XIV and XV, are all the lavers, down to the rock, recorded; in the remaining part of the section, only the layers down to the floor of Stratum 9 are represented.

In general the layers of the section are consistent with those of the preceding sections. The particulars requiring attention and description are as follows.

In Squares L-M: 9-io there is an accumulation of ash and carbonized matter in a shallow cavity dug from the floor-level of Layer 5 into the subjacent Layers 6-7. 'This accumulation of ash, etc. is covered by the alluvium of Laver 4, and the top of the accumulation has been washed away by the flood. It is therefore evident that this accumulation is contemporary with the period represented by Layer 5 .

In Squares L-M: Io-II, on both sides of the crossing point of Section XIII, there is another heap of ash and carbonized matter accumulated on the floor of Layer 9, while the floor-level of Layer 7 passes over it. This accumulation is therefore contemporary with the period represented by Stratum 9.

This latter heap of ash, etc. is covered by a similar mound of ash mixed with sand and tough, clayey earth. Lavers 5 and 6-7 abut against this upper heap, showing that it is contemporary with them.

In Squares L-M: $\mathrm{I}^{-1} 5$ the section cuts through a large and thick accumulation of fatty earth, mixed with ash and carbonized matter and full of pottery fragments, animal bones, etc. The top of this waste material is covered by a layer of rubble. The relation of this accumulation of waste material to the surrounding culture strata is not shown by this section, as the lower part of the debris and the subjacent layers are not here recorded, but Sections VII, VIII, and XV will eludicate this point (cf. below).

## Section V'II (Plan XXV, 2).

This section runs 2 metres to the $N$. of the preceding one between Squares $M$ and $N$, from Squares M-N 8 to $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N}_{13}$.

The interest of the stratification lies in the fact that the section cuts through a part of the same accumulation of ash, carbonized matter, animal bones, etc. (Squares M-N13) as Section VI where, however, as stated above, the interrelations of this accumulation and the adjacent layers were not clear. The part of this accumulation cut through by

Section VII displays the following composition. At the bottom is a layer of dark sand mixed with fragments of animals' bonts in a shallow cavity dug in Layer in of red earth and alluvial sand. On top of this layer is the floor of Layer io. It is therefore evident that the cavity was dug and filled in at the end of the period represented by Layer in, or the beginning of the period represented by Layer io, when the floor of this layer was built. Above this bottom layer is the same accumulation, as in Section VI. Layer io abuts against the lower part of this accumulation and Layer 9 abuts against its top: the lower part of this accumulation is therefore contemporary with Layer io and the top with Layer 9.

The stratification of the rest is quite normal. It should only be noted that the riverbed of Layer 4 has reached the level of Layer 7 along the whole length of the section.

Section VHI (Plan XXV, 3).
This sections runs 2 metres to the $N$. of the preceding one, between Squares $N$ and O , from Squares $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O}_{3}$ to $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O} 17$.

The stratification is intact from the beginning of the section to Squares $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O} 5$ and consists of the following layers:
r. The surface layer, represented in every section.
2. A layer of alluvial sand corresponding to Layer 4 A of the preceding sections.
3. A culture stratum corresponding to Layer 5 of the preceding sections.
4. A culture stratum corresponding to Layer 7 of the preceding sections.
5. A bottom layer corresponding to Layer 9 of the preceding sections, and an accumulation of dark, organic earth on top of Wall 27 A , corresponding to Layer 9 B of the preceding sections.
Layer $5(=$ Layer 9 A ) abuts against Layer 9 B on top of Wall 27 A , while Layers 3 and $+(=$ Layers 5 and 7 ) pass over this wall, and abut against Wall 27 B , corresponding to the stratification of the preceding sections.

From Squares N -O 5 to the end of the section, the stratification resembles that of the preceding sections. The surface layer is the same as usual. Of the second laver of alluvial gravel and sand, some remains are left. Of the third layer of the preceding sections, no remains are represented. The fourth layer, the flood layer of alluvial remains, is mixed with Layers $5-7$ in the same way as in parts of the preceding sections. Layers $8-9$ are better preserved and are only occasionally disturbed by this mixed flood layer (Squares N-O: 6, II-If), where the river-bed has reached the floor of Layer 9. Layers io-m2 are the same as those of the preceding sections. Layer 12 consists partly of clayey earth covering Wall 3 being the remains of the sun-dried bricks of that wall. Wall 4 I of red earth is represented in Squares N - O : $10-\mathrm{I} 2$; there is an accumulation of ash, carbonized matter, animal bones, potsherds, and other waste material filling in a shallow cavity, dug in the bank. The floor-level of Layer io passes over this accumulation, indicating that it is later than the construction of the earth bank and earlier than the beginning of Layer ro, i. e., contemporary with Layer II. The accumulation of waste material in Squares M—N: $\mathbf{I 3 - I}^{-1}$ is the same as that of Section VII (cf. Section XV).


Section IX (Plan XXV, 4).
This section runs between Squares 3 and 4 , from Squares $A_{3-4}$ to $S_{3-4}$. It crosses Sections I-IV, VI, and VIII, and displays the same stratification as the intersecting parts of these sections. To the N. of Section VIII, in Squares O-S: 3-4, the stratification is the same as that of Section YIII in Squares $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O}: 3^{-5}$ (cf. abore).

Section X (Plan XXV, 5).
This section runs 4 metres to the W. of Section IN between Squares 5 and 6 , from Squares A5-6 to T5-6. It crosses Sections I-IV, MI, and VIII. In general the section displays the same stratification as that of Section IX and does not therefore deserve a detailed description; from Squares $05-6$ to the end of the section, the stratification is undisturbed except for a small part of Squares $S_{5-6}$, where the alluvium of a river has mixed up Layers $6-9$; from the beginning of the section to Squares () 5-6, the flood of Layer 4 has disturbed Layer 5 and parts of Layers $6-7$ (Squares J-N: $5-6$ ), and in Squares M-O: $5-6$ the flood of Layer 2 has disturbed Layer 3 too, in agreement with the stratification of the intersecting points of the above mentioned sections. Layers $6-7$ pass over Wall 30 , and abut against Wall $3 \mathbf{I}$, while Layers $8-9$ abut against Wall 30. Only the layers down to the floor of Layer 9 are recorded by this section.

## Section XI (Plan XXVI, 1).

This section runs 4 metres to the $W$. of Section X between Squares 7 and 8 , from $A$ 7-8 to $\mathrm{S}_{7}$-8. It crosses Sections I-VIII. A minute description of its stratification is not wanted, as this is similar to that of the preceding Sections $I X-\lambda$, and is identical with that of the crossed Sections I-VIII. The stratification within Walls 34 and 36 differs from that outside these walls in the same way as shown by Section II (cf. abowe). Wall 34 is founded in Layer 6-7, while Wall 36 is founded at a level just below the floor of Layer 9: the same difference which was noted as regards Walls 33, 35. 37 (cf. ahowe). Outside Walls 34 and $3^{6}$, the flood of Layer 4 has caused the usual disturlance of Layer 5 . some parts of Layers 6-7, and even reached the level of the floor of Layer 9 in siguares $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O}: 5-6$. From Squares $\mathrm{P}_{5}-6$ to the end of the section, the stratification is undisturbed, in the same way as in the corresponding parts of the preceding sections IX-X. The relation of Walls 30 and 31 to Layers $6-7$ and 9 is the same as in Section $X$.

Only the layers down to the floor of Layer 9 are recorded, but Wall 41 of red carth was noted from Squares $\mathrm{O}_{5}-6$ to the end of the section.

Section XII (Plan XXVI, 2).
This section runs + metres to the $W$. of Section XI between Squares 9 and io, from, and inclusive of, Squares A 9 -1o to R 9-10. It crosses Sections I-VIII, and cuts through the middle part of the temenos, in that respect corresponding to Section IV. On account of this, and the fact that all the layers down to the rock are recorded, it deserves a more minute description. The following layers are represented.

1. The usual surface layer.
2. A flood layer corresponding to Laver 2 of the preceding seetions, from Squares N 9 - ro to the end of the section.
3. A layer of white lime-earth eorresponding to Layer 3 B of Seetions IV--VI. The layer extends between Squares I 9-10, and the middle of Squares M 9-10.
4. A flood layer corresponding to Layer 4 of the preeeding seetions. The layer consists of hearier alluvium of smaller stones, and lighter alluvium of sand with strips of grarel, the former represented from the beginning of the seetion to Squares $\mathrm{H} 9-\mathrm{Io}$. For the relation of this flood layer to Strata $5-7$, see below.
5. A eulture stratum corresponding to Layer 5 of the preceding seetions. This layer has been almost altogether mixed with the alluvium of Layer 4 . The floorlevel of the layer is partly preserved from Squares D 9-10, and so is the aecumulation of ash and carbonized matter in Squares L-M: 9-10, identical with that of the cross section VI. As was stated in the description of that scction, this accumulation fills a shallow carity dug out of Layers 6-7. It is crident that the top of the accumulation has been washed away by the flocd of Layer + (ef. above Scction VI).
6-7. A laycr of alluvial sand mixed with culture remains, corresponding to Layers $6-7$ of the preceding sections. Also these layers have been partly mixed with the alluvium of Layer + (Squares $\mathrm{B} 9-10$, and from Squares $\mathrm{M} 9-10$ to the end of the section).
8-12. Layers corresponding to Layers 8-12 of the preceding sections.
On the floor-level of Layer 10 , there is an accumulation of ash in Squares G 9-10.

In Squares J-L: 9-Io, there is an accumulation of white lime-earth, mixed with ash and dark culturc earth in the middle. This accumulation rests on Laver 12, while the floor-level of Layer io passes over it. It is therefore contemporary with Layer in (cf. Section IV).

Wall $4^{1}$ of red earth appears in Squares C 9-10 and O-P: 9-io.
The section crosses the following walls: $3 \mathrm{I}, 30,7,32$, Substructures 48 , Altar 49, and Bench 43. The relations of the layers to these structures are as follows. Layer 9 abuts against Wall 30; Lavers 6-7 pass over Wall 30, and abut against Wall 31. Layers 4-9 abut against Wall 32. Layer io abuts against Substruetures $4^{8}$ which are founded on top of the white layer of lime-earth, contemporary with Layer II. Layer 12 is eut through by Altar 49; Layer I1 abuts against it, while Laver io covers it. Layer 12 abuts against Wall 7 and Bench 43 , while the bank of red earth eontemporary with Layers io-iI covers them.


Section XIII (Plan XXVI, 3).
This section runs 2 metres to the $W$. of Section XII, between Squares 10 and 11 , from Squares $G$ ro-I to N ro-II. It crosses Sections II-VIII and does not display any peculiar stratification different from that of the cross sections. Only the layers down to the floor of Layer 9 are recorded, except in Squares $N_{10-11}$, where all the lavers down to the rock are included.

## Section XIV (Plan XXVI, 4).

This section runs 2 metres to the W. of Section XIII, between Squarcs 11 and 12, from the middle of Squares $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{I}-\mathrm{I} 2$ to R II-12. It crosses Sections I-VIII. In Squares $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{O}$ all the layers down to the rock are represented but in the other part of the section only the layers down to the floor of Layer 9 are taken into account. The stratification of the section does not display any peculiar formation between the points of the cross sections. The following facts may be noted. Layer 9 B covers Wall 30 ; Layers $6-7$ pass on top of that and abut against Wall $3 \mathbf{I}$. The river-bed of Layer + descends to the floor-level of Layer 7 already in Squares J II-I2. The accumulation of ashetc. in Squares N - O : II-I2 appearing below the floor of Layer io and on top of Layer II is the same as the corresponding accumulation of Section VIII (cf. abore).

Section XI (XXVI, 5).
This section runs + metres to the $W$. of Section XIV between Squares is and ${ }_{14}$, from
 to $\mathrm{P}_{13}-\mathrm{I}_{4}$ all the layers down to the rock are included, while in the remaining part of the section only the layers down to the floor of Layer 9.

The stratification is the same as that of the cross sections and dues not display any stratigraphical peculiarities between the intersecting points of these sections.

The main interest of the stratification of this section lies in the fact that it cuts through the thick and extensive accumulation of ash etc. in Squares L-O: 13-I f. 'The stratigraphical evidence as regards the formation of this accumulation and its relation to the adjacent layers given by this section conforms altogether to that given by Sections VIVIII. It is evident that the bottom layer of this accumulation, filling the cavity dug in Layer $I I$, is contemporary with Laver 1 I : it was filled at the beginning of the period represented by Layer io as the floor-level of that layer passes on top of it (cf. Section VII). The accumulation above the bottom laver is divided into two parts: one part right on top of the bottom layer, and another part, extending over Squares L-MI, where the bottom layer is missing. These two parts are separated by a set of stones. The latter part of the accumulation fills in a cavity dug in Laver io, and riscs above the floor of Laver 9 approximately up to the level of Layer 5 . It is covered by the layer of rubhle already met with in Section VI (cf. above) marking the floor-level of Layer 5. It is therefore elear that this part of the debris was accumulated contemporary with Layers $7-9$. About the middle
of this accumulation there is a horizontal strip of gravel and sand which seems to indicate the alluvium of the flood of Layer 8 covering Stratum 9. The lower part of the accumulation below this strip of gravel and sand seems, therefore, to be contemporary with Laver 9, and the upper part contemporary with Layer 7.

The part of the debris accumulated right on top of the bottom layer is of a different structure. From a comparison with the evidence of the cross sections VII-VIII it is quite clear that the accumulation around Section VIII is contemporary with Laver 9, while the lower part of the accumulation around Section VII is contemporary with Layer ro, and only the upper part with Layer 9. It is very probable that there once was an accumulation contemporary with Layer 7 on top of the accumulation of Layer 9, as stated within the southern area, but in such a case it has been washed away by the flood of Layers 4-6.

Wall $4^{1}$ of red earth appears in Squares $N$ _-P. It is interesting to note that it could be observed that the original bank has been heightened by a layer of red earth, less compact, on top of this original bank. We know that the bank is contemporary with Layers ro-in (cf. above), and it seems therefore jusififiable to combine the original bank with Layer in, and the built-up bank with Laver ro, from the fact that the upper level of the bottom layer of the accumulation of ash etc., which was formed at the beginning of Layer 10 , is on a line with the upper level of the original bank.

Apart from the sections described above, there are particular sections through different parts of the excavated area. Of these, three sections are stratigraphically important and complete the evidence given by the other sections. These sections are a section through the cult-house, Rooms V and VI: Section XVI, a section through Altar 50 and the strata close to it: Section XVII, and a section through Room XII: Section XVIII.

## Section XVI (Plan XXVII, 1).

This section runs in the longitudinal axis of the cult-house, Rooms V and VI, cutting Walls 12, 18, 14, and Bench 45 . The stratification comprises the layers below the floor of Layer 9 .

On both rooms there is a thick layer of red earth, being part of the red earth filling, known from the other sections. This red earth covers the culture stratum resting on the rock-cut floor. This stratum consists of dark culture earth, fatty and mixed with fragments of animal bones and ash close by Bench 45. 'The section cuts through an offering table, close to Wall 18 (cf. below p. 798).

In Room VI the stratification is similar to that of Room $V$, only that the culture earth is not mixed with ash and animal boncs, etc. The culture earth thickens towards Walls 12 and 18 , indicating that the earth accumulating on the floor was swept towards the walls.

Section XI'II (Plan XXVII, 2).
This section gives evidence of the stratigraphical conditions close to Altar 50. The altar rests on the rock and the layers close by it are as follows, counted from the top:



I. The top layer represented in this section corrcsponds to Layer 3 B of the other sections.
2. A layer of sand and culture earth, close to the altar mixed with carbonizad remains, corresponding to Laver 4-5 of the other sections. From the floor-level of this stratum the altar has another revetment of a similar lime-earth, rising 0.15 m . above the upper level of the altar, and rctaining a layer of ash and animal bones from the sacrifices resting on top of the altar.
3. A layer of sand mixed with scanty remains of culture earth, corresponding to Layers $6-7$ of the other sections. The floor-level of this stratum is on a level with the top of the lime-earth revetment of the altar referred to above.
4. A layer of alluvial sand corresponding to Laver 8 of the other sections.
5. A culture layer mixed with sand, corresponding to Laver 9 of the other sections. Close to the altar, the culture earth is mixed with clayey ash. The altar is revetted by a cover of lime-earth, against which the culture stratum abuts.
6. An irregular layer of fatty earth mixed with votive objects, ash, animal boncs, being remains of sacrifices. This laver cuts through Layer 7 of this section and Laycr 10 of the other sections. On the other hand, it is covercd by the fioor of Layer 5 of this section corresponding to Layer 9 of the other sections. Laver 6 of this section is therefore earlier than the period represented by Layer 9 and later than the period represented by Layer 10 , i. e., it must be attributed to the transition between these periods, or, in other words, the filling was deposed at the end of the period represented by Layer 10 and the beginning of the period represented by Layer 9. It forms the upper sacrificial filling at the altar.
7. A filling of dark earth mised with sand, representing the transition between Layers 10 and 11 of the other sections, i. e., the filling was deposed at the very heginning of the period represented by Layer io, as it is covered by the flcor of I.ayer io and rests on the bottom filling of Layers 8-9, by which Layers in- 12 of the other sections are cut through (see below). Layer 7 forms the lower sacrificial filling at the altar. 8-9. A layer of hard sand and a bottom layer of sand, mixed with clayey rock material Both these layers are sterile filling layers. Layers in-12 of the other sections are cut through by this bottom filling.

Section XVIII (Plan XXVII, 3).
This section runs through Room XII, between Squares 6 and 7. 'The stratification conforms to that of Section II (cf. above). Wall 36 is founded at level 94 and Wall 34 at level ioo.

Periods.
The analysis of the stratification of the different sections given above has shown that the different lavers represent both culture strata and layers of alluvium brought there by rivers flooding the area.

The culture strata represent seven periods of habitation.
Period I is represented by Stratum 12 resting on the rock. It appears in the sections, everywhere within the excavated area.

Period 2 is represented by Stratum 11, which appears in the sections within the area enclosed by Wall ${ }^{4}$ r.

Period 3 is represented by Stratum ro, which appears in the sections within the same area as Stratum ir.

Period 4 is represented by Stratum 9. This stratum occurs within the whole area enclosed by Walls 27-32.

Period 5 is represented by Stratum 7, which appears within the same area as Stratum 9. The stratum is partly mixed with the upper flood layers.

Period 6 is represented by Stratum 5, which appears within the same area as Strata 7 and 9 . It is to a great extent mixed with the alluvium of Layer 4 .

Apart from the regular culture strata, accumulations of ashes, carbonized matter, and other waste material were associated with them. The attribution of these waste layers to their respective periods is given by their relation to the strata of these periods as made clear above, in the description of the layers.

Period 7 is represented by Stratum 3, which is mainly restricted to an area within Squares E-K: 4-7.

The other strata which do not represent culture periods are Strata $1,2,4,6,8$. Of these, Stratum I represents the cultivated soil accumulated on the surface. Strata $2,4,6,8$ represent alluvium of floods which have inundated the place on different occasions: Stratum 2 after the end of Period 7 , Stratum 4 between Periods 6 and 7, Stratum 6 between Periods 5 and 6, Stratum 8 between Periods 4 and 5 .

ARC'HITEC'TURAL ANALYSIS (FIG. 263)
The attribution of the architectural elements to these different periods is very simple, on a basis of the structural and stratigraphical evidence given above.

Walls I-26 belong to Period I as the culture stratum of that Period (Stratum 12) abuts against the walls and the filling of the agger (Wall 41 A) which belongs to Period 2 covers the walls.

Wall 41 A (the original earth bank) belongs to Period 2 as the culture stratum of that period (Stratum ir) rests against the wall; Wall 4I B (the heightened earth bank) can be assigned to Period 3 (cf. above, Section XV, p. 662).

Walls $27 \mathrm{~A}, 28,30,32 \mathrm{~A}$, are assigned to Period 4 by the fact that the culture stratum of that period (Stratum 9) abuts against the walls.

Walls $27 \mathrm{~B}, 29,3 \mathrm{I}, 3^{2} \mathrm{~B}$ are attributed to Periods 5 and 6 , as the culture strata of those periods abut against these walls, and pass on top of Walls $27 \mathrm{~A}, 28,30,32 \mathrm{~A}$.

Walls 35,36 , and the northern part of Walls 33 and 37 belong to Periods $4^{-5}$, as they are founded on the level of Period 4 , and the culture strata of Periods $4-5$ abut against
ajia irin Period I



|  | Prood + |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $: \quad$ Perood | 5 | 6 | I?

the walls. Wall 34 and the southern part of Walls 33 and 37 belong to Period 6: they are not bonded to the walls mentioned above, but they are founded on the level of Period 6. The floor-level of that pericd, preserved in Section II, abuts against the southern part of Walls 33 and 37 as well as the flood alluvium of Stratum + partly mixed with Stratum 5 , which is that of Period 6.

Walls $38-40$ belong to Period 7 : they are founded on Stratum 4 , and the floor and culture stratum of Period 7 (Stratum 3) abut against the walls.

Benches $4^{2-45}$ naturally belong to Period I being built along the walls of that period and covered with the red filling of Period 2.

Bases $4^{6}$ are founded at the floor-level of Period + as well as Substructures 47 , and were covered by Stratum 8: they must, thercfore, belong to Period 4 .

Substructures 48 , on the other hand, are founded on the level of Period 3, and are covered by the floor of Period 4 . This assigns them to Period 3 .

Altar 49 belongs to Period 2. It must be later than Period I as it is partly founded in the stratum of that period, and it must be earlier than Period 3, as it is covered by the stratum of that period (Stratum io). Furthermore the culture stratum of Period 2 (Stratum II) abuts against the altar.

Altar 50 was erected in Period 3, and was in use until the end of Period 6. Section XVII has shown that for Strata II-I2 close to the altar are substituted the layers of sterile filling. These layers were placed there at the erection of the altar which, consequently, happened later than Period 2. The floor-level and stratum of Period 3 (Stratum 10) passes over the sterile filling and is not, as Strata if-i2, cut through by the filling pit. This fact assigns the erection of the altar to Period 3.

Close to the altar the stratum of Period 3 is cut through by a pit with sacrificial filling dug at the end of the period (cf.p. 663). It cannot be doubted, however, that the stratum of Period 3 once abutted against the altar, and this is confirmed by the fact that the floorlevel of Period 3, if continued to the altar, reaches the point from where its surface is dressed.

The strata of Period $\ddagger-6$ abut against the altar, proving that it was in use until the end of Period 6.

ARCHITECTCRAL SYNTHESIS (FIGS. 26ұ-272)

$$
\text { Period } I \text {. }
$$

The architccture of Period 1 so far as excarated consists of threc buildings: one to the North (the northern building), another to the South (the southern building) and a third between thesc (the central building). Besides, there is a house to the West, (the western building) of which only Wall 26 was laid bare.

Every house forms an isolated unit with no direet communication between it and the others, but they are placed approximately at right angles to each other.


Fig. 264. Ajia Irini. View of the cult-house of Period i.

Between these houses there is an open space, about 3020 m ., so that the buildings form a rectangular block of houses enclosing a large, open court. There is no evidence that this dwelling formed part of a town or village: in trial trenches dug in the fields around the place, we did not discover a single piece of wall or other signs of habitation. We are therefore bound to consider the houses as forming an isolated building complex.

Between the northern and central buildings there is an entrance passage, nearly 6 m . wide, leading into the courtyard. The south side of the court between the southern and western buildings is entirely open and there is also an open passage between the western and northern buildings though its width is unknown, as we do not know how far the western building extended to the N .

The walls of the houses were built with stone foundations of rubble and upper watls of mud-brick; the floor both of the houses and the courtyard was formed of the levelled rock; the roofs were probably flat, constructed of wattle ceiled with elayey earth resting on wooden beams, as described above p. 652. All the walls are straight and the shape of the rooms is rectangular.

The northern building was built in two stories, with three rooms (I III) on the groundfloor. Room I is approximately square, with a width of 4.40 m .

The back wall of the room (not excavated) runs below Walls 32 A-B meeting Wall 1 just inside the interior face of these walls, and the depth of the room can therefore be fixed at 4.50 m .

The room is entered from the courtyard by a door, 1.70 m . wide, opening in the right end of the front wall. The substructure for the threshold is built of rubble. Along the exterior face of the west wall and the west part of its front wall, there is a low bench, built of rubble (Bench $4^{2}$ ). Just inside the door, on the right hand, seem to be the foundations of a staircase, which led to the upper story of Room II. The foundations of this staircase consist of a filling of rubble retained by Walls $3,5,6$ as deseribed above, p. 644. 'The


Fig. 265. Ajia Irini. The cult-house of Period I


Fig. 266. Ajia Irini. The cult-house of Period I during the excaration.
steps may have been of wood or mud-brick. The width of the staircase is 1.10 m . and the length of its base 3.60 m .

Room I communicated with Room II by a door at the north end of Wall 4. This room is rectangular in shape, $12.75 \% 4.50 \mathrm{~m}$. It is entered from the outside by two doors, one in the left end of the front wall and another somewhat to the right of the middle of the wall. On both sides of the second door two benches, (Benches 43, 44) of the same construction as Bench 42, are built along the front wall.

It is to be supposed that Room II communicated with Room III in the same way as with Room I, and as there is no door in the front wall this was necessarily the case, if there was no entrance from the outside in the east and back walls. The existence of such an entrance seems unlikely, but cannot be denied with certainty as the walls were not laid bare.

Room III corresponds to Room I; it is almost square, measuring 4.40 .4 .50 m . Its southern wall (Wall 9) is built along the inside of Wall 8.

The finds (cf. p. 8oz) indicate that the northern building was used as a storehouse.
The central building is a rectangular house. Along its front is a corridor, Room [V, bounded on the W. by Wall 10 , and on the E. by the front wall of the house. The corridor is 11.0 m . long and 1.70 m . wide. It could be entered from the outside at its north, open side and by a door at its S. end. By this corridor the front of the house was screened off from the outside. It seems likely that it was roofed. Only in that case the very solid construction of the high stonc foundation of Wall to is explained, whereas if the corridor had been open to the sky and Wall io was not intended to support a roof, but only to be a screen wall, such a solid construction was superfluous.

From this corridor the central building is entcred by a door, 1.40 m . wide, in the middle of the front wall. The house is rectangular, 8.00 m . long and 5.80 m . wide. It contains two rooms, an outer, principal room (V) and an inner, smaller room (VI), separated by the zigzag Walls $16-\mathrm{I} 8$ and communicating by a door, 1.40 m . wide, in the east end of


Fig. 25-. Ajia Irini. General view of the temenos from the North.
these walls. The rooms are rectangular, but through the zigzag separating walls, they obtain a somewhat irregular shape, with two small, rectangular recesses; the one in the principal room immediately to the left of the entrance door, and that in the side-room in the inner, western part of the room. Exclusive of the recess which measures 1.101 .10 m ., the principal room is approximately square, measuring $+.40 \quad+.+0 \mathrm{~m}$. Along the inside of the front wall, and the west part of the south wall (Walls 1 Sand 14 ) is a bench (Bench 45 ) built of rubble.

In the triangular space between the two, was the hearth, without any structural element and only traceable in a distinctly defined laver of ash and carbonized matter.

The side-room exclusive of the recess, which measures $1.65 \quad 1.15 \mathrm{~m}$., is 2.05 m . longer and 2.10 m . wide: it is wide-fronted.

There is no evidence that the house had more than one story. The finds discorered in the rooms (cf. pp. 797 ff .) show that the building was a cult-house.

From the corridor, a door, 1.30 m . wide, opened in the exterior south-west angle of the cult-house into a small room (VII), almost square in shape and measuring $2.65 \quad 2.65$ m . This is a vestibule of the southern building. By a narrow door, 0.90 m . wide, at the


Fig. 268. Ajia Irini. General view of the temenos from the N. E.
north end of the east wall the room communicates with an exterior entrance hall (Room VIII) measuring $2 .+5 \mathrm{~m}$. in width. The restibule could thus be entered both from the W., through the corridor, and from the E. through the entrance hall. At the east end of the south wall of the restibule a door, 2.30 m . wide, opens into the southern building. The rock floor of the doorway is sloping, leading down to the lower floor-level of that building and the door turned on a pivot (cf. above p. 652). Of the disposition of the rooms and the interior arrangements, there is not much evidence, as this part was left unexcavated to a great extent being buried below the later walls and the compact filling of red earth of Period 2.

To judge from the objects found it seems likely that this building served as a storehouse for cult requisites, ex zotos, etc.

Of the disposition and purpose of the western building nothing can be said as it was almost entirely unexcavated. The building probably served as a dwelling-house for the priest.

Thus the architectural evidence of Period i can be summed up as follows.
A building complex serving cult purposes was erected around a large, open court. The houses are rectangular, built at right angles to each other, in isolated blocks along the sides of the court. Along the north side, is a storehouse in two stories; on the east side, the cult-house proper, occupying a central position; to the $S$. a house for cult requisites, etc.; and to the W., the priest's residence. The cult-house and the southern building do not communicate directly, but are connected to each other by a roofed passage. Through

the corridor in front of the cult-house, and the restibule of the southern building, the isolated character of the buildings is thus preserved, while at the same time the two houses, which together form parts of the sanctuary, are united.

Thus the type of cult-house is that of a house-chapel and the type of the whole building complex is that of a geometrically planned entity, with isolated house blocks.

$$
\text { Period } 2 .
$$

The architecture of Period 2 is of quite another type, marking a sudden change of the previous conditions. The houses of Period i were covered with the filling of an carth wall (Wall 4 A ) enclosing a roughly oval, open area: 11.50 m . long and 7.90 m . wide. The only structural element within this enclosed space is a low altar built of rubble (Altar 49 ); this and the finds show (cf. p. 803) that the enclosure was a cult-place. Instead of the housechapel of Period I, we have an open temenos with an altar as sanctuary. The entrance was at the south end of the temenos where the earth wall runs out.

## Period 3 .

In Period 3 the same temenos was still in use; the temenos wall was only heightened by addition of a new filling of red earth (Wall 4 I B) on top of the carlier wall; the floorlevel was raised and a new altar (Altar 50 ) was crected. In front of the altar, are two curved courses of stone, the purpose of which I cannot explain.

## Period 4.

In Period + the temenos was subject to greater changes. The same altar was still in use, but the temenos was widened beyond the earth wall and reached a size of about 40.0 30.0 m . Around this enlarged temenos, a new wall was built of rubble, covered by a hurdle


Fig. 27 r. Ajia Irini. Wall 40 in the foreground. Wall 28 and the tree-enclosure behind, and Wall 38 in the background.
fence, and the floor-level was raised again. The temenos has a roughly triangular shape with the base to the E. and the apex in the N. W. corner. Where the entrance had been is not clear. The entrance of the temenos of Periods 5-6 was in the N. E. corner (cf. below), but if there was an entrance at this place in Period 4 , too, cannot be decided with certainty, (cf. above p. 652) as the temenos wall has been partly destroyed at this point by the later rebuildings. On the other hand there is a gap between Walls 30 and $32 A$ in the $\lambda$. W. corner of the temenos. It is possible that the wall has been destroyed at this point, but also possible that the entrance was there.

Within the temenos a few new structures were erected. Nost remarkable is the enclosure S. E. of the altar. It consists of two small, rectangular rooms (XII, XIII) and measures $5.80 \quad 5.60 \mathrm{~m}$., Room XII being r .50 m . and Room XIII r .75 m . in width. It has been shown that the enclosing rubble walls are preserved to their total height, about i.o $m$. abore the floor-level of the temenos, and that the enclosure was open to the sky. What was their purpose: Observations of the stratifications gave evidence, that the culture stratum of Period + was different within and without this enclosure: within the culture carth was of a decayed, organic consistency. A comparison of this enclosure with pictures of similar ones on Minoan seals representing cult-places and cult-scenes (cf. E. Sjöquist, Die Kultgeschichte eines cypr. Temenos in Arch. f. Rcligionswiss., XXX, 1932, pp. 308 ff.) makes it likely that Rooms XII, XIII were enclosures of holy trees. In this way the organic earth within the enclosure is explained, as being the decayed remains of the trees.

Remains of other structures erected during this period are found east and north of the


Fir. 272. Apla Irini. The tree-enclosure.
altar: Bases $4^{6}$ and Substructures 47 . It was suggested (p. 651) that these were loases and substructures for wooden poles supporting the roofs of two shelters, one along the north wall of the temenos and the other between this and the tree-house. 'These shelters are to be considered as rustic parallels to the stoai of Greek sanctuaries and the hall (Room L) of the Idalion temenos, and in this way the central part of the temenos around the altar became an enclosed area limited by the north and east shelters, the tree-house, and the west temenos wall.

$$
\text { Period } 5
$$

At the end of Period 4 , a flood inundated the temenos. The stream of water came down from the hill-slope east of the site and entered the temenos from the E. and $S$. E. as did the successive floods of Periods 5 and 6: they naturally followed the slope of the ground, as is also shown by the formation of the alluvial layers of these floods in the sections (cf. pp. 653 ff ., Plans XXIV ff.). The stream of water does not seem to have flowed very rapidly this time and caused but little damage to the temenos: its alluvial sand only covered the floor-level and culture stratum of Period 4 . On this raised level the temenos of Period 5 was erected. The altar of the previous periods was still used and the temenos was of the same type and shape as in Period 4 : the temenos wall was only relaid, partly on top of the earlier wall (Walls $27 \mathrm{~B}, 32 \mathrm{~B}$ ), partly outside, running parallel with it at a distance of about $0.50-2.00 \mathrm{~m}$. and with a filling of earth and rubble in the interstice.

A new entrance gate was built in the east corner of the temenos with a stairway of welldressed stone blocks, leading up to the gateway.

$$
\text { Period } 6
$$

At the end of Period 5 another flood inundated the temenos and its alluvium raised the floor-level again. The flood destroyed the south-east part of the tree-enclosure, i. e., the part opposed to the stream of water and had to be repaired: new walls (Wall $3+$ and the southern part of Walls 33 and 37) were built instead of the destroyed ones. Within this repaired enclosure new trees were planted instead of those apparently destroyed by the flood, which were planted at the beginning of Period + and lived until the end of Period 5. This is evident from the fact that there are only two layers of organic earth inside the enclosure: one abore the level of Period + and the second above the alluvial layer of the flood, which inundated the site at the end of Period 6.

In other respects the arehitecture of Period 6 remained the same as in Period 5. The old altar was still in use but on account of the successirely raised floor-level, it was now not more than 0.15 m . above the floor, its height was therefore increased by a raised border of lime-concrete around the top edge.

As mentioned above, the temenos was again inundated by a flood at the end of Period 6. This flood was the heaviest of all, the action of the water in some places cut down the river-bed to the floor-level of Period 4 , and the whole temenos was covered with a thick alluwial layer (Stratum + ). After this destruction the temenos was abandoned, as the finds show (cf. p. S20), for some centuries.

$$
\text { Period } 7
$$

In Period 7 there was a very poor revisal of the sanctuary as shown both by architecture and finds (cf. p. 820). On top of the alluvial layer a rectangular room (XIV) was built between the earlier temenos wall and the tree-enclosure. The walls were built of mud-bricks, on stone foundations of one or two courses of rubble. Of the wall foundations only parts of the wall and the two side walls (Walls $38-\mathbf{t}^{0}$ ) are preserved: the back wall is missing. The room had a width of 11.30 m . It faces the $W$. and was entered through a doorway at the $N$. end of the front wall. The floor was made of a layer of lime-concrete. The room was probably unroofed: the wall foundations are too insecure to support the pressure of a roof. The room was thus an open enclosure: a small hypathral shrine.

When this sanctuary was ruined the site was never again inhabited either for sacred or profane purposes. The brick walls crumbled into clayey earth, winter torrents covered the place with lavers of alluvium (Stratum 2), the soil accumulated (Stratum 1) and the site became a cultivated field.

## FINDS

## OBJECT REGIETER

1 -- 1618 - 16 mg.
statue representing a male fieure standiner woth the left foot adranced. fert with andale wath sinele, knotted strups, slughtly slupinis. brual shouldets.concase moek, head of trapezomd type, chnen with punted beord with spiral curls; straght mouth whth sharp-ederd lips; moustache panted black; rather thin. conves nose: eve's with rased lets. curved. ralied hrows: irm and brows panted black: roughly madelled, larese ears with carrmge of terracata, one below and one at the top of the car: straght forchead, plain, rased har on back of the head; rerical arms hands woth modelled fingers (one hand No. romg); conical helmet with upturned check-pseces and soft top bent back 'The statue is dressed in a short tunce ending above linees. woth short slewes and markect cder round neck. The clay is brown, cosered by a luht-brown slip The statue is made in two hilves, the lower half (No. 16I8) ending in a collar, 1009.060 plerced by two holes to recewe the upper body (No. I) which was fised by a bar passed throuth the he hole and through corresponding holes at the bettom of the upper part. The feet are attached seardtely to the lower hody, and the lower arms were separately put in, and attached hy means of pins through preread holes. T'he upper hody has a bach-hole. 'ithe figure stands on a hase tablet. The upper boely is broken aeross breast and rerthall: pate of ats bottom meswne. legs broken at ankles, the left lees at the kneee, the right leg below knee and smaller parto missing Itenght if 83. Shoulder whath 330 Wanst wath $2 \mathrm{I} . \mathrm{S}$. Breast dam 18.7. Feet to hip 600 Ficet to shoulder 92 0 . Neek

 excarations
$2-1625$.
Statuette with tubular, whecl-made hods: slopine shoukders: somewhat hulemus breast, concas neck, trangubar hoak; chin woth rouncled bearel; mersed mouth with rourhiy modelled liph, promincont checks, curved nose with nostrilh, prominent eses with motelled lids, fallen off, nearly straght forchead, vert cal arms; hands with fingers; helmet nade eparately in front; dressed in chiton martieck at the arm Hackhole Rech-brown cla! ; heht slpp, partle rftaced Neck and base broken and partly mosing; tup of helmet, left check-plece, top of roght check-prece, fineres of both hands, and right ear missing. Heseht 672. No. 2 found before exeavations
3 Head of statuette; traplown in hape ; short, trangul.ar bearet: incescd, smaner mouth: thin, profecting mowe: almond-shaped, promment Ues: lopmer turehend, pellet ears with earrmgs, helmet with atraght spike. Herght 160 . Found before excosatoms.

4 'low arms without modelled hand lenerth 70 Found before (scasations
5 Foist of atatuctte. with modelled tas. . and part at kat

6 Ftamment of tace, mased mouth with morklled !ap:


- Body of statucttc, colmedracal, splated at hase. Husht 160. Found before cacaditoms.
 bods anct hedel manime It: taht 70 limand bifise acalsatoms

9. Head of statuctte as that of No. 9 Hught 77. Found betore excatations
10 Statucte woth volul, cilondreal besh : llittencd hresst;


 nese: pellet cars, tall, strateht helmet lower part miseine. Herght 136 . Found betore aceatann
10. Cpper part of body af -tatuette. a that ot $\mathrm{N}_{1}$ ous. Herght is 6 Fourd batore evedratwon
 Heloht 8.5 louad betore eseasatoma
I3 1007
Statuette with bedy, ds $\log 42$, - puare head. hons. rounded beard: wes-shatived harr, bind resund hedu,

 of pantens ísht bip lladat $2=0$ D 1,3 found before cixcdateone
If Heal fragment witathete. wome with loner. heguare-



 soft cap wath triple bands, lomes, thineht-cut beark
 Slep llemeht wo found hetore wasatom-
 Part of nech artat mane preatred lemeth bo lient betore excerathonts
17 Frument of a boly of a bull statucte leneth S S Found betore excasation
s8. Shoulder and upper arm of a ctatette. Hereht wo. Found before excasatwon
 in a compact mase to the woukdere alone boble ot had.
 nosce, and board meseine lleight $f_{1}-$ Found bifore eversutoms

 75 Found letare chaction
21 Hand of terrocotta. Lenerth $\delta$ S I, if. 100 y

22．Fert of terracorta attached tor a plinth，I foot adranced． lengeth 3s．o．1．9 $100 \%$
23．Arm of terracotta lenerth 170 $1,9.101 .7$.
24 Syuare head wath rounded hearel：pinched nose pellet cars and mouth：band around head，was－shaped har lusht alip．Hevint 53 I． 9 roi 2
25－1113；
Statuette with buely as to $f z:$ square head：long． straghtecut beard：hond around head：pinched nose： pellet cars：statuette dressed in a shavl cosermen hoth shoulders＇Traces of colour．Red－brown ciay：reddesh slip．Right arm and waist broken：left arm missing Herght 22．1． 1.9 .1002.
26．Statuette，as No．13，short，mangular，rounded beard； no base；left arm rertical，right arm uphfted．Red clay：light slip：no traces of colour．Left arm and wast broken．Herght 20．7 L 9．I00．2．
27．Statuette as No 25－1113：rounded beard；w1e－ shaped haur；no shawl modelled．Eyes，eyebrows， and beard painted black；three black，horizontal lines on breast and two around wast．Itght slip Hewht 21.9 1．9． 1002.

28 Situtuette with buely as No．$f^{2}$ ：rectaneular head： pellet motath．wag－shaped h．ar．He lmetr．eselads，iris． monustache，beard，and hat are panted black，shawl coserad bs blak network，two black lines across Wast．1．arm missane：broken at want Brown elay： loght slip Hewrht 21.0 1．0． $100=$ ．
20．Framment of stituctte．Only lower part of c！lindracal hod！wath splayed base preeersed Black，vertual bands on looly．likizht i8 L 8 ．roo．z．
30．Sitatuctte，is No 27；trapcasid head，pells．t mouth． The decoration is thee same but with a band round head，latticed lines on breast；no lines round waist Lower part of body，looth arms，and part of band round head missing Hereht of Ly 1002.
31 Fragment of a terracota horse lengeh $7.3 \quad \mathrm{~L}, 91002$
32．Statuette，as $\operatorname{Si}$ 27，longer，triangular，rounded heard The decorateon 14 the same as No． 30 ，hut har panted black Both arms massing．Heweht $203 \mathrm{~L}, 9.99 .7$.
33．Conical torracotta helmet with straught top．Hught $13+$ I．rr． 1006.
if Oral head；short，trangular chon；thack lips marked by a peilet；bug nose；efos sloghtly andicated，fọ ing forchead，pellet eats；turban－haped hair－dress．Hewhe S7．1．11． 1022.
25 ．Lower part of eylendrical boly of statuette widenine at the base Howht in 7. L，11．IOIO．
36．Framment of a terracotta head；carcfully modelled with stranght nosc：ahmond－haped（yes．hads in relact． Herght 8．t．1．11．100．7
37 statuctte bod！，as No 42 ：rectangular head：shert， straght－cut beard，band roumd head；statuctte dressed in ．l stramht shawl wer both shoulders Red－hoown clas，hehte hlep，partly turnod red No traces of colour． Want broken：band around head and left ear mesheng Herght 213 Lif．Io0．5．
$3^{8}$ Statuette as Sio．2tog，lout with shoulders less slopiner， and longer，rounded beard Lewher part missiner． Herght 17．3．1． 11 ． 100.5.
39 Head of statuette，reetansular，with rounded beard： prominent nose：pellet cars，turban－shaped har－dress Herght 5．3．I．it．9e 8
to Statucte with body as Nil 42 ：huare head，short， trangular，rounded beard，modelled eyes short， straght helmet with band round the same，shawl with fringed horders fallinge fruns left shoulder oble－ quely across body Left arm vertieal；rught arm bent betow shawd Eyehrows，eyes，beard，har．fringes of the shawl，and a line along shoulders marking the chiton are blacls panted：shawl panted red．Light slip．Right part of face，left arm，and lower part of body mussing．Hwight 10．5．H．If． 100.2
4r．Statuctte with hody as No． $4^{2}$ ，trapezoid head；big nose；roughly modelled cars：long，rounded heard； modelled eyes：conical helmet；statuette dressed in a rouahly modelled shawl falling over borh sheulders Deck broken．Red－brown clay：laght slip Herght 23 5．III 夗り。
42 Statuctte with ？lindrecal bonly arms oblique and entirely free trom body．horizontal shouldere；square head，long，roundid beadd，no hadeconerong．＇traces of colour on beatal Brown chay；light whp lloght I．3． K ，if 909．
43．Frasment of arm and hand wath bent fingers laneth 95 1．II． 1000.
$4+$ Sitatuctte wath body an No 42 ，trapezond head；lone， straght－cut beard；larese，roushly shaped ears；no head－covermen：tight arm bent oser breast；left arm bertical，arms whth undigitated hands；dressed in a horizontal shaml draped over shoulders Traces of coluur Both arms broken；part of base mossing Light slip．Hetght Ig 2．L．I1．（ay．4．
45．Plann Whate V yus wath fiat base；bobhin－shaped hody； out－turned rim；handle from rim to shoulder；parts of rim missing．Height is 6．L．it．gK．i．
4）．Plan White $Y$ sack－shaped jug with pointed base； hohhin－shaped body；rased，out－turned rim；handle from rim to shoulder Height 10.3 ．Lam． 98 I.
47．White Panted V plate wath rased base；two manature horizontal handles at rim lincircling hlack lines round rim；broken，and small parts missing Diam $i \rightarrow 0$ ． I．II．，s．i．
48．Circular earrine of bromat，thaternine below Diam． 25 1．11． $9 \times 1$.
49．Plam ilhate $I$ ：ack－hhaped juer wath tlat lowe．leody tapering uphirds，out－turncel tim；hamalle from rm to shoulder．I Ienght 901.9 ．unt．
 9.0 L я．эか．O
 （4） 5
52．Siatuette with hollows Lylmatral，whecl－made body； mouleled 9 oal head made separately ；slopang towehew ：
curved nose, rather thick lips: small mouth; rounded chin; semm-lunar eyes with hids and cy boross in relief; large cars; har in a compact mas down the back of head and alonir the shdes to the shoulders 'Traces of black colour on har, eses, and chon, marking the beard; black, angular lines round neck and on breast; plan, black lines aloner shoulders; bands of ladderpattern along sades of body; transserse lines at wast. Red slip. Height 19.0 . L 9.972.
53. Statuette, as No. 52; no beard indicated; statuctte dressed in straight shawl draped oxer both shoulders. Traces of colour. Light slip Height is.5. L 9.97 .7
54. Leaf-shaped arrow-head of ron with madrih. Tans missing. Length 8.3. L 9. 97.7.
55. Statuette, as No. 41 ; eves not modelled; pellet mouth. Neck broken; lower hody massing. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 18.5 . L. 9. y9.i.
56. Statuette, as No. 27; trangular, rounded heard; arms with undigitated hands: statuette dressed in straght shawl. Eyebrows, eyes, heard, and har panted; fant traces of colour on body. Red-brown shop Herght 20.6. Found on top of $\lambda 1058$.
57. Statuette, as No. +1; e! es not modelled Fop damaced, breast vertically hroken. Hetght 19.7 . On top of Nos 60 .
58. Statuette, as No. 57. Ileight 228 1.9. yu.6.
59. Statuette, as No. 57. Herrht 222. On tup of No. 6o.
60. Statuette, as No 57. Eyes, eyebrows, beard panted black; angular lines on shavel, vertieal lines done sides of body and arms. Height 23.2. 1.9. 996.
6I. Statuette, as No. 42; short, rounded beard; strachtsided, conical helnet. Helmet, eyes, beard, and haur painted black; black, horizontal lines on breast; black lanes along sodes of body; and hlack transterse lines at waist. Red-brown clay; light slip, partly turned reddish. Helght 22.8. On top of No. 62.
62. Statuette with cylindrical, solid body; flattened breast; horizontal shoulders; splayed base; vertical arms without shaped hands; square, rather trapezond head: rather long, trangular beard; marked eyebrow lines; pinched nose; pellet curs; eves painted, tall, stramht helmet. Base damaged. Red-brown clas, light slip. Height 22.5. L 9. 98.8.
$6_{3}$ Statuette wath sold, eylindrical body; square head: pointed beard; short, straght helmet; dressed in shawl draped ower both shoulders; border wath strepes in relef. Traces of colour. Red-hrown clay; light slip. Height 13.1. N12. 946.
6.f. Black-on-Red II (15) ar! batles wath that base: narrow neck with handle-ridare: out-turned ram; handle from neek to shoulder. Large, concentric carcles on body. Blackened by tire. Hespht 5.8 M iz. 98 i.
65. Plan White $V$ juglet; wal body: base-ring: short, concare neck; ralsed handle from ram to shoulder. Parts mussing. Height 7.2. N12. 95.7.
66 927.

Statuctte with body as No. 42 ; square head (No. 66), short, triangular beard: pellet mouth; band round
 'Iraces of blat colour on wes abd bocly Braten
 M12. W2.
67 Plan Whate $V$ sack-shapel jus. as $\operatorname{Nin}+5$. but brods splaying towards the base. Herght $7+1.11 \quad 97+$
 rased, out-turned rim, tion horizonital hamdle on shoulder. On the outside encarehne: bitech and rad lines around rim and body: groups of itracal line between these, insade broad. rad band between emcarcling. bHack lines Dam 115 L. 11.95
69. Shallow bowl of limestone with that base: sixhtly concare sides, incised, encirelines line below plan rim: thek, rectangular shaft handle with splayed, curved end; crossed, incised lines on handle langth (with handle) II 5. L II 07.6
70. White Panted IV apen bowl with round base; wade, out-turned rim. Lincircliner line around rimi $\mathrm{D}_{1, \mathrm{~m}}$ í S. L. í. 96.7.
7i. Iron arrow-head, ds $\mathrm{Ni}_{0} 54$. Lenesth 0,3 . 1,11 In No 70.
72. Bichrome Rud II (V) upen bowl with raned lowe, curved outhone, witturned rmm: one bortoontal hatide helow rim l nearding lines made amd watsde tand, groups of framed, tranchere linco on rim thip tumad

73. Sitatuctte with sohd, tall, colenalical bods. splased base; sloping, wade shoulders, vartical ditis, without shaped hands: square, rather trapeand head, pellet ears; panched nose, short, tramgudar hoad, comeal helnet; dressed in a roughly indmated shamb 'lomes of pantings. Red-brown cldy: light hlip. llasht 26 8. I. 11. 975.
74. Plan Whate IV stemmed goblet wath wale foot, ammalar rim; the bowl wath rased, out-turncd rim: two hamdles below rim: broken and parts masong llasht $1+2$ L. II. 97.5
75. Plain White IV stemmed goblet, 小 Xio. it lleralit I42. LII 475.
76. ['lan Whate IV shallow bowl with ramed bas. rimb curvane outwards. D1.1m 1.39 1. 11 475
 bent ofer bredet [tar, eges, and beard pantad hidech. Wack lines alone armm; band of laddet-patte an alone
 blatk line around hase Hetoht 20011.11 if. 5
78. Plam White $V$ stemmed aoblet with comese -tom, wate foot, the howl with ramal, crect 11 m , two horizontal handles below rim. Hushin $1+2$ 1. 11 15 T9 Sitatucte with solde cylandracat body, -placel hane: slopmes, wate thoulders: vertical arms wothout hapud hands: square head; panchad nowe. pellee e.11, - hart. rounded beard: short. conveal helmeet blach border at base. Brown elas: brown shp $K$ ama liroken Herght 24o. L. II. On tup ot Vio bo.
So. Statuette with cylindrical. solud body:
splayed base; flattened breast: square head wath pinched nose, pellet ears; short, rounded beard, soft, conical helmet. Blach, encircling line round helinet: face and ears painted red; black eyes, eyehrows. beard. and fant traces of black on harr: black border at the base. Red-brown claỵ; light slip. Height 24.5. Lin. On top of No. 81
8r. Statuette, as No 8o, but with longer, narrow beard: black, encirclane lines round helmet crossed hy four vertacal lines; har marked by small, vertical lines encircling head; laree exes and plana, black heard. horizuntal line over hreist and shoulder just below neck: band of ladder-pattern along arms and alone sides of body; gerdle around wast consisting of horizontal and vertical lines crossing each other; line round neck supporting a round dot suggesting a necklace wath a pendant; traces of colour on base. Helght 25.2. L 11.197 .5.
82. Statuctte, as No. 8o, but with triangular, rounded beard, blaek, eneireling line round base of helmet, face, neck, and lower arms panted red, eyes, eyebrows, beard, and hair painted black; hlack, transverse lines at elbows. Height 25.2 L II. 97.5.
83. Statuette with body as No. 52; moulded, ovord, rather triangular head, put in separately; slightly sloping forehead; curved, projecting nose; rather than lips; rounded chin; narrow, lancet-shaped eres with lids and evebrows in rellef; large ears provided with large earrings; hair in compact mass down back of the head and along stedes, strateht shawl draped over shoulders Harr and eyes panted hlack; horizontal lines oa shawl; vertical lines along sides of body; transverse lines at wast. Herght 2 I .4 . LII. 975.
84. Statuette, as No. 79. Herght 23.8. L II. 97.5
85. Statuette, as No. $8_{3}$; painted chın indicating beard; band of ladder-pattern along shoulders, black neckline; ladder-pattern along sides of body and at wast. Height 20 7. I. II. On top of No. 86.
86. Statuette, as No. 52 ; r arna vertical; 1 arm lent over hreast; har panted black; traces of colour on body. Light slip. Herght 192 LII. 978
37. Plan Whate $V$ stemnaed goblet, as No. 78. Parts missing Height $1+0$. LII. 97.8.
88. Statuette, as No. 83. Height 25.4. I. II. 978.
89. Statuette with square head; long, rounded beard; helmet with top hent backwards. Neck and base broken; parts of back massing. Reddish slip Herght 23.0. LII. 97.8 .

9o. Statuette, as No, IIIf-IIIs, but with long, round beard; projecting mouth; thin nose, modelled cars; haur falling in a compact mass on back of head; no head-cover; figure dressed in a chiton with overfold: grrdle painted by three lines; lines along shoulders and arms with transterse lines on shoulder and upper arm indeating sleeves of chiton; fringed horder around neck: vertical hanes dong sides of legs, beard, har. iris, eyelids, eyebrows are panted black. Height ig.6. I. II . 97.4.
91. Statuctte, as Nio. 56. Hermht if6 M 8. 1027
92. Sitatuctte, as Co 52 ; shorter har; both arms bent over breast holding tympanon. Hatr, eves, and chin panted black (indicateng heard); hlack netk-line; bands of ladder-pattern along stdes of body and round waist; black lines along arms; encircling, black line round base Lower part of body broken; part of base missing. Height 19.i. L9 93.6.
93. Fragment of statuette, as No. 269. Face detals, top of helmet, r . arm, lower part of 1 . arm, lower part of body missing. Herght 12.2 L 9.936.
94 Statuttec, as No 52. Body decorated with angular neck-lines; black tines along shoulders; bands of ladderpattern along sides of body; transterse lines at wast. Light slip. Height 19 8. L 9. 93.6.
95. Statuette, as No. 79; trapezold head; very short beard; conical helmet with top bent forwards. Reddish slip. Herght 20.4 L9. 93.6.
96. Statuette, as No 86; Iather long, rounded beard; hoth arms bent over breast holding a quadruped. Hair, eyes, and heard panted black; black neck-lines; horszontal lines alone shoulders; vertical lines along sides of body, horizontal line at waist; encireling band round base, eves of quadruped painted. Light slip. Height 18.1. L9. 936.
97. Statuette, as No. 79. Light slip. Height 22.2. L 9. 93.6
98. Statuette, as No. 79, but with very short beard. I.eft arm and neek hroken. Red clay; red slip. Height 2I.4. L. 9.936.
99. Statuette, as No. 96 ; bands of ladder-pattern along sides of body, and around waist. Height 20.7. L9. 93.6.
100. Statuette, as No. 79. Broken at top, neck, arms, and wast. Part of helmet and r. arna missing. Height 20.7. L 9. 93.6.

Ior. Statucte, as No. 22. Hair, eyes, and chin painted black; two black neck-lines; lines along shoulders and arms; vertical lines along sides of body, three horizontal lines at waist, oblique lines on undigitated hands, narking fingers; traces of black colour on tympanon; black border on front of base. Light slip. Height 20.9 L 9. 93.6.
102. Statuette, as No. IoI; tympanon brown-red; black and red strokes aboie border of base Height 202. I. 0 93.6.
103. Statuette, as No. 77. Head and arms panted red; fant traces of black colour on har, e?es, and beard. Height 21.7. 1.9. 93.6.
104 Statuette, as Co 52; longer, trangular beard. Lower hody hroken. Height 2i.z. L.9. 936.
105. Statuette, as N゙o. 52 , longer, rounded beard. Ha1r, eves, and beard panted black; body decorated as No. 94. Height 20.1. L. 9. 93-9

1of. Statuctte, as No. 26y, but with wedee-shaped head; pointed, thack beard; more sloping shoulders. Herght 28.6. 1.9. 93.9.
107. Statuette, as No. 10, but with wedge-shaped head: short, trangular heard, black border on base Wast and lower arms broken. Red-brown clay: reddab ship. Height 29.+. L 9. 93.9.
108. Statuette, as No. ro\%, but with longer beard, and the upper body heart-shaped. Red-brown clay, reddish slip. Helght 282. L9 939
rog. Statuctte, as No. 92 ; longer, ponted beard Traces of hlack paint on haur, eves, and beard, hines alone arms: hand, painted black; bands of tadder-pattern alones sides of body; tympanon with black border. Herght 20.2. L. 9.939.
110. Statuette, as No 79. Red clay; red slup Herght 22.4. L 9. 93.9.
iif. Statuette, as No. 52 ; longer, rounded beard. Hair, eves, and beard panted black; angular black and red lines from neck to wast; black lines alone arms endine in two black, transverse lines at elhows. Height 203. 1.9.93.9.
112. Sitatuette, as No. 79. Traces of black pant on back of head. Broken helow maddle Height 24.7 1.9. 93.9 .

113 Statuette, as No 83, but witbout earrings; wedgeshaped hnes below neck Height 21.0. L 9939
IIf. Statuette, as No. 79. Red-brown clay: red slip. Herght 21.2. L 9 93.9.
115. See No 249 I © 9 . 93.9.
116. Statuette, as No. 73; long, triangular beard. Herght $21.1 . \mathrm{I}$ 9. 93.9.
 trapezordal head. Height 23.0. L9 939.
ri8. Statuctte with cylindrical, solid body, splayed hase: rertical arms; square head; pinched nose; pellet ears; short, rounded beard; short, soft, concal helmet. Traces of colour on body. Red-hrown clay, reddish ship. Height $2+3$. 1 ، 9030
if9. Statuette, as No. 79 'Top of helmet chipped; nuek broken. Heaght 257.1 .91939
120. Statuette, as No. 79. Lett arm misaner Clay black in core; hrick-red slip. Hewht 2371.9939.
121 Statuette, as No. 73, but with longer, trangular, rounded beard. Helght 25 5. L 9 93.9.
122. Statuette, as No. 73. hut with longer, pointed beard. Height 238. I. $9 \quad 939$.
123. Group of ring-dancers of four female firures (two missing); one standing in the modale. The figures are attached to a doec; flattened bodes: outstretched arms; face detals worn, lone wel on head falling down the body. Parts of arms massing. Brown elay : loght ship Heaght 250 . L.9. 939.
124. Statuette with solid, cylindrical body; splayed base; square head; pinched nose; pellet ears; rounded heart: long, soft helmet of rounded outline. Black border at base. Reddish slip Helght $2+8$ L 9.939.
125. Statuette with solid, cylindrical beds: splayed base. wide, sloping shoulders: vertical arms with unchestatect hands; square head, rather traperont; marked ese-
brow line, pellet nose and cars; long. rounded beard; coniesl, etratight-add hetmet with traight tup. Brown clas, heht shp. Helght $250 \mathrm{~L} 9 \quad 939$
 210 L9 939
127 Statuette, as No. 79. Red-brown cld!: hught slip. Hescht 22 1. L9. 939.
128 Statucte, da Xio. 79: wor short, tightly wo beard. Red-brown clạ. lutht slip, partly turned red. Herght 222. 1.11 9311
 1.9. 939
130. Statuctte, dis No. 124. but with no border round hase Herght 26 5. Lay 939.
13r. Statuette, as No 79. but with rather tong. conical helmet. Norse missing. Herght 270 L 9.93 .9
132. Statuctte, as No fo, but with longer, triangular beard: hlack horder at the base. Nose, 1 ear, and both arms masing Light-brown shp Hemght $2+2$ LO $9+8$.
133. Statuctte, do No 124 R. arm misong. Heright 232. I.9. 948
134. Statuette, ds No 124 Back broken. Heluht 235 1.9.94 8
135. Statuette, as No. 79, but with longer, stadubt-cut beard. Brown slip. Hetght $2+8$ I. y. $9+8$.
136. Sitatuctte, as No s2. Hetcht 227 . Lo 948
137. Statuctte with cslindrical, solid beds: eplayed base. reertical arme; shawl wer both , houlders, squate head, pinched nose; pellet edra: short, straught-cut beard: concate helmet wath top bent forward Rod-brown clas, light slip 'lraces of horisontal, latticed border over shanl; twi, horisental hines at want and on the arms; traces of black colour at hase. Hembt 235 LII. 94.4.
138. Statuette with eylindrical, solid bods; splated base: vertical arms; traperond head; roughly shaped nose. pellet ears; triangular, rounded beard, short, soft, conical helmet; statuette dressed in a short thawl of rounded outline ower both shoulder $R$ arm monong Red clay; red slip. Henght 250 . L. 11. $9++$
130. Statuette, ds No. 137; square head: promment cheehs; incised mouth: long, trangular beard: rased eyebrow line; vaguely indicated eyes; concave helmet. Height 26.5 Lil. $9+4$.
140. Statuette, as No iof hort, traneubar. rounded beard. Helght 232 l.11. $19+4$.
 wast. Red-brown clat: reddble bip Hemeht 215 I. 11. $9++$
142. Statuette, as Nio. 138; square head. pornted beard, tone, stranght helmet: shawl of wquate outline. Broken at wast; 1. arm, and lower part of $r$ arm mossing Brick-red clay, red ship. Hetight 25.5 Lif 94.4.
143 Statucte. as ${ }^{2} \mathrm{n}$-9: longer beard hower part of r. arm masing. Rul-hrown clav: leght shp, mostly turnct rad-brown. IFewht 232 1.11. $9++$
$1++$. Statuette, as Xo 79 : lonemer beard. 1Feded broken at
neck, r. arm broken Reddish slip Herght 227 . 1. ri. 1 + +
14.5 Statuette with eyhndrical, solid body, splayed hase; sertical arms without shaped hands; square head with long. rounck beard: marked exebrow line: pellet ears and nose: short, straght helmet with splayed, Hattened top. 'Praces of black colour on beard and helmet. l.usht slip. Hersht $2+0$ L, 11. 944
146. Statucté. as No $1+5$; square, rather trapezoid head. Red clay, red slip. Height ig.6. L ir. 94.4.
14. Statuette, as No. 12t; roughly shaped shawl. Neek broken. Hewht 26.2. I. 1 I. 94.4.
Ifi Sratuette, as Nos, longer, trangular, rounded beard 12 armemsang: nose damased. Herght 22.7. 1. I1. 94.4.
149. Statuctte, as No. 39; long, straght-cut beard and plerced eyes. Light slip. Hejsht 226. LiI. 94.4.
1 so Statuctte, as No. 6I; marked exebrow line; short. conical helmet with top bent back; short, trianeular, rounded beard. Traces of black colour on helmet, eses, and heard; vertical lines along arms; two horizontal lines, one at elbow, the other above hands; black base; three red vertical lines on body. Lower part of 1 . arm missing. Height 255 . L , If. 944 .
151. Stathette with cylinelrical, solad body; splayed base; slopine, rounded shoulders; very short, vertical arms; square, rather orond head with large pellet nose; pellet ears; short, conical helmet whth top bent furwards. Height 21.0. LII. $9+4$.
152. Statuette with eylindrical, solid hody; splayed base: rertical arms: whageshaped head; rounded, trangrular bead; long, straght helmet. Broken below waist, top of helmet masune. Dark-brown clay; leght-brown, blackened slip. Height I8 2. LII. 94.4.
153 statuette wath tuhular, wheel-made body; trapezord head, rather loner, rounded beard; prominent nose; pellet cars, hurt, straught helmet. R. arm and woust broken Ifeqght 210 . L. 11. 9 $4+$
Isf tatucte with c!lindrical, whal boaly, flittened breast; heart-haped upper body: splayed base; vertical, short arms; wedge-shaped head; large, pointed nose; pellet cars; lone, triancular, narrow heard; tall, straght helmet. L arm missine. Red-brown clay; light slip. Hearht 28 3. LASI. 94.4.
135 Statuctte with tubular, whecl-made hody: splayed biae; trapezord head; rather long, rounded beard; short, straight helmet. Broken it neck. Height 2 r. 8 . 1. 1 I. 94.4.
 broken below want. Ifowht 216 . I. 11. リt 4.

15 S. Statuette, as No. 155. Broken neek; base missing. Hereht 20 g. 1, ir. 9+ 4.
 at watiot and $r$ amm: and of l. arm masung. Brick-red chas, red lif lifagh $225 \mathrm{I}, 11 \quad 9+4$
 23 \%. 1. II. $9+4$.

16n. Statucte, as No F9. Face damaged; top of helmet missing Red-brown chay; light, reddrah slip. Herght 20.0. LII. 94.4.
162. Statuette with cṣlandracal, solid hody; splayed base; slopings shoulders; vertical arms; narrow, trapezord head; ponched nose; pellet eats; promenent eycballs: long, straight-cut beard; long, straght helmet. Ears panted red; eyes, exchroms, beard, and harr panted black; line round neck; curved, black lines on breast, bordered below by two horizontal, black lines; upper arms green and black; black lines with red transterse lines on lower arms: hetween breast and warst black traingles flanked by two red lines; two black lines round waist; two black angle lines, flanked by vertical, red hnes below wast; black hase; blue helmet with black band round head. Broken at waist. Height 24.9. LII. 9+4.
163. Statuette, as No. I54. Helmet massing; broken at middle. Height 252 . L II. 94.4.
164. Statuette with solid, cylindrical hody; flattened breast; rather horizontal shoulders; vertical arms without shaped hands; square, rather trapezoid head; very short beard; marked evehrows; pinched nose; pellet ears: tall, strancht helmet. Top of the helmet damaged. Brown clay; light sip. Heisht 22 9. I. If. 94.4.
165. Statuctte, as No. 73; longer, rounded beard. Redbrown clay; red slip. Herght 23.7. LiI. 94.4.
166. Statuette with cylindrical, hollow body; trapezoid head; slightls prominent eyeballs; harr falling in compact mass on back of head; long, triangular beard; helmet with upturned check-pieces and with hollow, straght top; arms are vertical with undgitated hands. Nose, part of chin, and breast missing; apper part of hody hroken. Height 26.2. LII. 94.4.
167. Statuette with cẹlindrical, solid hody; splayed base; very wide, slopines shoulders; oval, trapezod head; long, soft helmet. Traces of colour on body; black border at base. Red-hrown clay; light slip. Height 27.8. LII. 94.4.
168. Statuette with solid, eylindrical body; splayed base; trapezoid head: short, rounded beard; short, straight helmet. Traces of colour on body; black border at base. Height ig 7. Lir. 94.t.
169. Statuctte with body as No. 42; trapezoid head; pellet mouth; marked eyebrows; long, narrow, round beard; short, straight, conical helmet; helmet, evebrows, eyes, moustache, beard, and hair panted black; ears and lips panted red; red band bordered by blue lines over breast below neck; black border on base. R. arm mussing. Height 23.9. L I I. 94.4.
17o. Statucte with cylindrical, solid body; flat breast; vertical arms without modelled hands; upper body heart-shaped; trapezold head; pellet nose and ears; loner. rather stramht-cut beard; concave helnet with strachat spoke. The helmet, eges, efehrows, leard, moustache, and har panted black: ears and mouth panted red; black line around neck; vertical black
lones along arms and hormontal hanes at the dbows； traces of black colour mdicate the hands，red hori－ zontal lines over the breast and at wast：black vertical lines along sider of body：angular black lines on bode from wast to base：black border at base Broken at wast； 1．car missing．Redulinh－hrown slip．Heasht 253. 1．11．944．
171．Statuctte，as No．145．Heaght 24.2 I． $1194+$
172．Statuette，as No．i45．Helght 24．0．I／II，94．4．
173．Head．See No．175．LII．94＋
174．Statuette，as N o． 170 ，but with lonerer，trangular beard；conical helmet with splayed top Vertical black lincs along sider；red lines with transserse lines on arms．Height 247 LII．y．t 4.
175 － 173.
Statuctte，as ㄷo．79．Height $16.5 . \operatorname{Lir} 94.4$.
176．Statuette，as No．79．Helght 21 o．L．Ir．94．t．
177．Statuctte，as No 164；longer，triangular beard，and heart－shaped upper bode．Body broken below waist； r．arm and side missing．Red－hrown clay；reddish slip．Herght 299 ．Lir．94．4．
173．Statuette，as No．I45．Beard，top of helmet，and hand of 1 ．arm missane；wast broken．Traces of black colour on hair and a bond round hase of helmet Reoldoh slip．Height 259 LII． $94+$
179．Statuette wath cylindrical，solicl boely：vertical arms； rather rectangular head，short，trangular beard，head bent back：straight shawl，falling ofer both shouldere， across breast：lone，conical helmet．Reddish slip． Height 184 ．I，II 94.4
180．Statuctte，as No．79．Both arms broken Heruht 22． K ． LII． 944.
181．Statuette，as No．73；very short beard．Traces of colour on helmet．Red－brown clay；reddish slip．Heruht 245．I．11．94．4．
182．Statuctte，as No，79 Lower part of r．arm mosing Helght 25．9．I，9．948．
183．Statuctte，as No．79．Herght 258.1 .994 .8
184．Statuette，as No．79．Hersht 21.0 L 9.948.
185．Statuette，as No．79：longer，stramht－cut beard，and plorced ears．R．arm and wast broken；end of beard missing．Hewht 207 L．9．94 8.
186．Statuette，as 79 ；longer，rounded beard．Inght slip． Height 23.7 Lg． 948.
187．Statuette，as No．79．Broken at the mddle of bods． Height 24.3 L9．94 8
188．Statuctte，as No 124，Héght 21 3，1，9．948．
189．Statuctte，as No．79，lonecer，rounded beeard Red－ brown clay；light ship．Black border on base．lleight 25．9．L．9．94． 8.
190．Statuette，as Vo．79．Light－brown slip Height 22.6. L．9． 94.8
191．Statuctte，as $\operatorname{Non} 12+$ Herght 2r2． 1.9 g． 8
IO2．Statuctte，as $\operatorname{\lambda io} 79$ ，short，straght－cut beard＇Top of helmet damared Hembt Ig．2．I．9） $9+8$
193．Statuette，as No．79．Light－hrown slip IIerght 242. L9． $9+8$.

194 Statuette，as 大o．क9，sers whort beard blakk burder on base．Ifaght $2+31.9$ 9＋ X
 clay，red lip Hemht $2231.9 .9+\mathrm{K}$ ．

 1．9．94 8
 227．I． 9 9．f．

199 Statucte wath exlindrical．solud body，－phesed bate：
 marked eybrow，short，wertal drma：lone．herhtly concave helomet．Lowor part of I arm mosomer Rollinh slip．Herght 255 L．g． $9+x$ ．
200 Statuette，ds So．16．t Broken at wast．He1ght $26+$ 1，9．94．
201．I＇lan Whate IV torpedo－pithos wath cylindracil boely： ponted base；anerular shoukler；dunular ram；sutical handles at shoulder．Heruht $542 . \quad$ N9 950
202 Plan White $V$ sack－shaped juas with that hase，bobbin－ shaped body：out－turned rim，handle from rim to shoulder Hetuht iא．7．No． 951
 95 I
 951.

205．Black－on－Red II（1V）Jue with rathed bave，deprened wal bods，vers hort neck，welening upwards；pinched rim，handle from rom to shoulder fincolinge lines around rom and base of neels，weatal gronpe of two or three coneentrie circles on bois；handle momer Hercht 7.2 入9． 95 I ．
206．Plan White Viug．smmar to No． 202 Iferuht $\mathbb{K}_{5}$ ※9 950．
 956
20K．Fragment of a Plan Whate 15 hatk－shaped due wath rabsed base；cylandracal body：upper part ot bocls mossmes．Heasht c 90．No． $3+4$
209．Plan White IV open bowl with eylindried tom； rased，pplayner rm，two smatl horsontal hamdes below rim．lincirchang，groosed linter round teme Lower part of stem and hale of bowl mane lherght 10．7 N゙g． $9+2$
210．Red Silp III（V）jux with hase－ring：pear－shaped body：aneular shoulder；neck with handle－ridiac：handle． from neek to houlder．Nouth masing Mempht 8. No．94．2．
2If．Whate Panted IV juglet with hime－ring；globular bode：narrow neck with hande－ridse；narrow mouth： wde．flat rim：handle from neck to shoulder lin． corchage line and bands round rim．noek，and bode， concentric carcles on boulder．eroups of framed， tramsere line on hamelle decosation parts effaced Hevght 102 入0 $9+2$.
212 White Panted IV jug with base－ring，globular body；
neck with handle-ridee; flat, wide rman handle from neck to shoulder lincircling lines and bands round neck and bods: friese of concentric circles on shoulder; filled trandetes encretcd ly lines on ram, ladder-pattern on hindle: Heteht 8.+. 人 9.9
213. White Panted IV jug, as No 2iz, hut wath oral body Herght 8 s. N $9.0+2$.
214 - 803.
Statucte with tubular. wheel-made hody (No. Roz); vertical arms: undentated hands; hulgine hreast; rather tall, concare neck; rather square head (No 21f); chan with pointed beard; promment, thin nose: pellet mouth and cars; no marked e?es; har is a plain and rased surface on neck; helmet with straight, hollow spike modelled in front and at sides. Gritty; red-brown clạ. Top of helmet, r. arm, lower part of 1 . hand, parts of base missing. Body badly hroken. Hetabt 393. No. 9+1.
215. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Redbrown clay; redlish slip. Hegght 22.4. L9. 93.6.
216. Sitatuette, is No if 4 : square heal. Rather red-brown clay: liabt shep Herght 23 5. L, 9. 93.6.
217 Statuctte, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Redbrown clay; red-brown slip. Height 24.9 L9. 93.6.
2IS. Statuette, as No. inf; rather trapezoid head; trangular, ponted beard Broken at wast. Height 207.100. 936.

210 statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard; black border on base. Nose damared. Red clay; red ship. Herght 213 Lag 936.
220. Statuette, as No. 73: short, rounded heard. Reclbrovin clas; lacht-brown slap. Traces of red colour on nose and ears. Henuht 20 S. L. 9. 93.6.
221. Statuette with sold. cylindrical body; splayed base; flattened breast; short, vertical arms; square, rather trapezord head: pinched nose; pellet ears; short, rounded beard; soft, short, conical helmet. Traces of hlack colour on eyes: black heard and har; traces of hack lines on bods; red helmet and ears. Hersht 20.5. L.) 936.

222 Statucttc, as $\operatorname{lon}$ 79. Height 227.1 .9 93.6.
223 Statuette, as No. 79. Broken at neck and 1. arm; top of helmet nussing. Red slip. Heisht 22.8. L 9 93.6.
224. Statuette with cylindrical body; splayed base: vertical arms; trapezold head, narrow, short, rounded beard, pellet nose and ears: short, strateht, conical helmet Red-brown cla! ; lisht slip Hewht 201.1 .9936. 225. Statuctt, as Nis 79 ; short, stralight-cut beard Hewght 220 L 943 h.
226. Statuctte, as No. T9 Black border on base. Red clay; red slip. Height 16.3. L.9. 93.6.
227. Statuette with body as No. 79; rather trapezord head; sery short beard; no head-cotcring. R. ear missing. ship partly turned red. Heisht 15.2 . L 9.936.
228 Statucte, as Non. y9; trapezoid head. Black border on bae. Brack-rud clay with black wore; light slap Hlapht 2t) 2 I.9.93.6.
229. Statuette, as No. 73; trapezord head; very short beard. Red-hrown clary; redush ship Hetght i6.0. La 9. 93.6.
230 Statuette, as No 79; trapezold, rather square head; sery short beard. Black border around base. L. arm broken. Red clay; red slip. Herght 21.6. L 9. 93.2.
231 Statuette, as No. 218; oro1d head; short, round beard. Traces of black colour on body. Black border around base Hersht 219 . L 9. 93.2.
232. Statuctte with tubular, wheel-made body: slightly splayed base; lone, concave neek; trapezord head; short, triangular heard; pinched nose; pellet ears; promonent eyeballs; helmet whth wide, straight, hollow spike; vertical arms with undigitated, closed hands; Traces of a black border at base. Back-hole. Reddish slip. Hught 27.0. L 9.932.
233. Statuette with cylındrıcal, solid body; splaved base; oval head; rery short beard; turhan and three or two bands around bead; rertical arms. No traces of colour. L. arm and nose missing. Slip pattly turned brownred. Heught 22.3. L,9. 93.6.
234. Statuette, as Nio. 79; rather trapezord head; longer, rounded beard. Red-hrown clay; light slap, partly turned red. Heght zi.7. L.9. 93.6.
235. Statuctte, as No. 79. R. arm missing. Hetght 21.5. L 9. 93.6.
236 Statuette, as No. 79 ; rather trapezold head; longer, rounded beard. Black border around base. Hetght I8.8 L. 9.936
237. Statuette, as No. 79. Heught 20.0 L. 9. 93.6.
238. Statuette, as No. 79; rather trapezoud bead; trangular, rounded beard. Broken at wast and base, parts of base missing. Height 216 . L9. 93.6.
239 Statuette, as No. 73; longer, triangular heard. Lower part of r . arm missing; broken at breast and 1. arm Red-brown clay; light-brown slip. Height 21.8 Lg. 93.6 .
240. Sitatuette, as N゚○. 79; rather trapezold head. Black border on base Heght 21.4. L 9.93 .2
2+1. Statuctte, as No. 96; without black line at wast. Heaght 18.5. 1.9. 932.
242. Statuette, as No. 53. Traces of black colour on harr, eyes, and chin, indicating heard; black neck-line; angular lines orer hreast; lines along shoulders; bands of ladder-patterns along sides of body; three horizontal lines at wast. Black border at base. Height 185. S.9. 934 .

243 Statuette, ds No 155; Ionger, triangular beard. Traces of black colours on helnet, eres, and beard; black line round neck; horizontal lines over the shawl, and lones along the shoulders and armes and along the sides of the body. Base broken and part massing. Henght 19.5. L9. 93.4.

244 Statuette, as No. 53. Traces of colour. Base missing. Herght 180. I.g. 93.4 .
$2+5$. Statuette, as No 92. Harr, eyes, and beard painted black; angular lines on neck; traneverse lines at waist: fingers roushly panted; burder at base. Black and red
radating lines encircled by black booder on the tym－ panon．Hetght $19+1$ 19 $93+$ ．
240．Statuette，as No 79．Hewht 220 ．1．9． $93+$
$2+7$ Statuctte，as Nis 79 ，but whout traces of colours Top of helmet and base missing Hetght 207 1.9 $93 .+$
248．Statuette，as No． 53 Har and exes panted black， black neck－lines；lines alone shoulders and arms to elbows；transuerge lines at wast：border at babe．Ht ight 20．2．L9 93＋
$2+9$ 115．
Chanot drawn by four hurses，with straght，peg－ shaped legs without marked hoots：thin，stranght hoody； tall necks tapering upwards，with flat，wide front； the outer r．（ $\mathrm{Ni} 1 \mathrm{I}_{5}$ ）and l．horses have lune tank falling down r．hind leg；long，narrow heads；incesed mouth；pierced nostrils；prowded with nose－binds， cheek－bands，front－bands，and blinkers，the top of the head is covered by a crest consisting of smatl，round dises and a central knob indeating a plume，carb erect． Body of charot rectangular with three plam sudes and open in the rear，resteng on an axle with two large wheels with rounded hubs，and prowded with five spokes．In the muddle of the rear of the chariot is a rectangular support．Between the outer and inner 1．horse is a beam which is fastened to the rolie Cach horse has two reins．The outer r，and 1 ．horses had been provided with a side－coser，only partly preserved The horses have also had front－coners and bredt－ bands of whach only a part of the breast－band of the 1 outer horse is presersed．Two figures（now missing）have been standing in the charot The whole group stands on a roughly rectangular tablet． Brown clay with thick，black core Heads of inncr horses，1．foreleg of outer r ．horse，buth forcless of $r$ ．inner horse，one spoke and part of the felloe of 1．wheel，and part of the tablet are restored Drivers， parts of beans，reins etc．misonge．Lengeth 335 M 8 ． 93.1.

250．Searab of white paste，「ype A4－ $\mathrm{B}_{3}-\ddots_{4}$ ．See Appen－ dices I and II．Length 1.5 ．II 8.931 ．
251．Statuette with tubular，whet－made body；shghtly bulging breast：somewhat sloping shoulders：short， thick，rather straght neck；square hedd；short，pointed beard；pellet mouth；thin，prominent nose，no marked eyes；pellet ears；short，stranght forehead，plan har mod－ ellect at the back of head，helmet with straght，hollow spike，in one plece with head：wertical arms with un－ degitated hands．Gritty，red clay，black in core；light slip，partly effaced．Back－hole．J．oner pait of r．arm missing．Hetght 45．4．1．9．93．3．
252．Statuette，as Nio．79；trapezord head；ponted beard L．arm missing．Red clay；red shp．Height 21.0 ． L． 9.93 .3.
253．Statuette，as No．79；square，rather trapezond head， triansular，rounded beard．Ifead broken at neek． Hought 23 8．L 9.933.

 elled hands，oval，shashty trapecond hond．pmond nose，pellet cars，shart，strashit－cut buard，hlort， soft，comad helunct．＇Trace of wour on hourd，hath and red lines on bods：black border at hiace．Rad－ brown clay；light shp．Hewht 215 1．9．リ3． 3
255．Statuette，a No 29 ．lonerer．roundad board Blak border on base brown elay．light hip lhemt $22+$ 1．9．93． 3.
256．Statuette，is No is．R．arm moming Rad－hamn cla！：light blap Hewht 203 1．9 933
 Top of helonet and beih arms masanes brack－rad clay，red slip Herght $208,1.9$ 93． 3.
258．Statuctte，as No．\％o．Longer，triansular，rounded heard： plerced cars．Part of 1 war missing Red－brown elles； heght slip Herght 28.0 1．9． 193.
259 Statuette，ds No 23.3 ，helure，rather traperond heds； lones，ponted beard larts of band mame Red clas：red slip．Whath is＇ 1.0193
260 Statuette，dis No 7 ，bers short beard Top of halmet mesme： 1 arm broken llewht $1+41.9$ 9．3 3.
261．Statuctte，ds No．ifos Traces of black colour on eses． beard，and bods；black bonder un busc．Lawht hip Heught 13 5．L9． 933
262．Statuette，as No．218；traperend head，short，rounded beard．None mbane thengt 22.0 1．9 193
 beard．＇Wop of helinet，both arms，and part of the bane

$26+$ Statucte．do
265．Statuctte，do No 1hog：wothout pellet mouth and with ponted beard．Traces of black colnur on ues，aneular hane on neck；sertical lones alone matale of loads． vertical lines aleng arms wath two tramerne lome． black border on bate Brick－red（lat，heht alp Howht 167．L．9 933
 tramsular bearal Rul－boma clou，ad hip lhaht $18.6 \quad 1.9 \quad 933$
 helmet Niose damatrel Red elas．rather red－brown shp Heteht 10.3 L．g．93． 3
 Brack－real elay Blach boreter on bane 1luwt 212 ． L9． 933
ztog Statucte with celandacal，whal bonls．Hattenced brent．
 without modelled hands，equate，rather trapeand head with tendences to the wedme－hapud lepe，ponted， thack beard；marked exebrom lincs，panched mose： pellet cars；tall，strancht helmet．Brown clay；lisht slip Henght 220．Le $1 / 3 \mathrm{~B}$
270 statuettic，da No zery＇lop of helmet，$r$ acke，and lower part of bods manial，bods，and l．am brohen． Hucht 207 1．9 933
271. Statuette, as No. 269, long, rounded beard. Traces of black colour on bods. black berder on base. $L$. car missing llewht 23.8 L,9 933.
272. Statuette, as No 7g: very short beard. Brown clay; rudush slip. FIcteht 188 L. 9.933.
273. Statuette, ds No. 7o. Red-brown chay ; red slip. Height 16.9. I. 9.933
 'Iop of helmet masonge; r. arm broken. Herght 20 . I. 4. 933.
275. Sitatuette, as No. I6S; sifuare head. Helaht 21.9 L9 939.
276. Statuette with solid, cylindrical body, splayed base; wertical arms; wale, slopener shoulders: wedee-shaped head, long, straght helmet. Helmet, eyeleds, iris, beard, and har panted hlack; black and red vertical lines on body; black border at hase. Brown elay; light slip. Height 24.6. I. 9. 93.9.
277 Statuette, as No 79 ; pointed beard. R. arm massing; 1. arm and wast broken. Hewht 22.5 1.9 93.9.
278. Statuette, as No. 2I8, trapezord head; very short beard. Top of helmet danmged; hand of 1 arm missing. 'Traces of red and black colour on shoulder; three short, vertical, black lines on $r$. hand suggesting fingers. Herght 19 2. L.9 939.
279. Statuette, as No 232; puinted beard Broken neek and breast. Herght 21.3 . L 9.93 .9.
28o. Statuctte, as No. 26\%. Broken wast and 1 arm, lower part of r. arm masing. Herght 24.1. L. 9 939
281. Statuette, as No. 138; head of broad, wedge-shaped type; pellet eses; goatee; short, strught helmet. Redhrown clay; luht shp. Ifeight is.2. L. 9939
282. Statuette wath long, cylndrical bosly wath splayed base; sloping shoulder, vertical arms; heart-shaped upper bude:; wedge-shaped head, pellet ears; long goater: hair falling down in plaits hehond ears; long, straight, contial helmet Helmet parnted greenblue with a hlack border round head, red ears; black eves, evebrows, beard, and har; black neck-line; horizontal, eursed red lines over breast bordered by black lines; upper arms panted green, bordered hy black lines, extending below elbow: and ending in blak, transierse lines, vertical and horimontal black and red lines on lower bodỵ; hlack border on base. Herght $2+0.1$ 9. 93.9
$2 \mathrm{~S}_{3}$. Statuette, as No. 145, transular, rounded beard, roughly indicated shawl. Traces of colour. Iterght 19.7. 1.9.93.9.
$2 S_{4}$ statuette with cylindrical hicly, splayed base: slopiner shoulders, sertical arms without modelled hands; wal hoad; pellet cars, roughly modelled nose, long, rounded beard; tall helmet whth upturned cheek-preces and top bent backwards Top of helmet missing; hroken at wdist. Ileught 26.5. 1.9. 93.9
2 85 . Statuette, as No. $12 \$$; trapezord head; very short beard. Nose damaged, both arms and wast hroken Ife1ght 24.3. L. 9 . 93.9 .

2S6. Statuette wath eyhndracal body; splayed base; sloping shoulders; vertual arms; square head; roughly shaped nose; pellet tars; pointed beard, long, sheghtly concave helmet: figure dressed in a short shawl falling straight over both shoulalers. Ifelmet, mouth, and ears are panted red; eyes, eyebrows, moustache, and beard black; dress panted red with angular opening at neck hordered hy two black lines; two black, transverse lines at elhows; traces of black and red colours on Iower body; black burder on base. Hegght 24.2 L 9 . 93.9.
257. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Black horder on base. Helght 23.5 L 9. 93.9.
288. Statuette with onal head; long, straight-cut beard; pellet ears, straight nose; helmet with tup bent back; upturned cheek-pieces; advanced arms; plain feet; r. foot adianced; legs separated by a groose; statuette dressed in a shart with fringed horders round lower hody, ending along r. leg. Lower parts of arms missing; 1. arm ind legs broken Red-brown clay; light slip, mostly turned red. Height 23.7. L 9. 93.9.
289. Statuette, as No. 73; longer, triangular beard. Traces of hatak and red colour on arms, red colour on body. Red-brown clay, light-brown slip. Height 21.3. L9. 930.

290 Statuette, as No. 2I 8 ; trapezond head; longer, trangular, rounded beard. Base damaged. Red ears; traces of black paint on arms. Height i8.6. L 9. 939.
291. Statuette, as No. 2\%9. Rather red-brown clay, reddish slip. Height 13.0 L 9.939.
292. Statuctte, as No. 79. Iteight 21.5. L 9. 93.9.
293. Statuette, as No. 79, sery short beard; perforated ears. Parts of 1 ear and $r$. arm broken. Height $25 \cdot 3$. L.9. 93.9.

294 statuette, as No. 79. Herght 17 4. L 9.939
205. Statuette, ds No. 79; very short beard. Height 21.5. L. 9. 939.
296. Statuette, as No. 269; short, trangular, rounded beard. Arms and wast broken. Red clay, reddish slip. Height 26.1. L.9. 939.
297. Statuette, as No. 209. Broken at middle and at arms. Red clay; reddash, blackened slip. I leight 24.4. L. 9. 93.7.
298. statuette, as No. 79 ; stramht-cut beard 'lop of helmet damaged. Red-brown clay; reddısh slip. Ileight 23.2. 1.9. 93.7.
299. Statuctte, as No. 7リ. Arms masing. Helght 20.7 . L9. 93.7.
300. Statuette, as No. 79, rather trapezod head, short, trangular, rounded heard. Height 20.I. L 9.937.
301. Statuette, as No. 232; without bent fingers. No backhole. Nome and base masimg. Helght 240 L 9.93 .7.
302. Statuette, as No 218, trapezond head. Part of base missing; wast hroken. Brown clay, black core, loght shp. Ileisht 20 S . I. 9. 93 7
303. Statuette, as No 79 , rather trapezoid head; short, trianeular, rounded beard, base of the helmet marked. Hewht 25.5. L.9. 93.7.

304．Statuette as No．79；short，trangular，rounded beard． Top of helmet and lower part of 1 ．arm mosing；$r$ ． arnm and wast brohen．Brown elas；red－brown shp Herght 22．3．L．9 9． 7.
305．Statuette，as No．79．Broken below breant．Red－

306．Statuette，as No．79；ratber trapezond head，very short beard；black border on base Latht－brown slop，partly darkened．Ifeight 21．3． $1,0 \quad 9.3 .7$
307．Statuette，as No．79；longer，ronnded beard．Broken at neck．Hetght $2 \mathrm{r} .2 \mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{~g}$ ．93．7．
308．Statuette，as No．79：very short beard．R arm massing． Height 21．0．L9．93．7．
309．Statuette with sohd，cylndrical bods，splayed base， wide，sloping shoulders；vertical arms without mor－ delled hands；oval，slighty trapezord bead，pinched nose；pellet ears；short，rounded beard；conteal，soft short helmet．Red－brown elay；lieht slop．Herght 21．2．L 9． 93.7.
310．Statuette，as No 73 ；short，rounded beard．Red－ brown clay；red－bruwn shp Ileight 2．3．2．Ly．937． 3If．Statuette，as N゙o．79；very short heard．Black border on base．Red slip．Heright if 5．L，9）93．7．
312 ．Statuette，as Do．2I $\%$ ，rounded head，short，rounded helmet；very short beard．Height i6．s L 9．y3．7．
 rounded beard；without pellet mouth．＇Iraces of black and red colour on face；two vertical，black lines along maddle of body；transtorse hnes at watst，two vertical， black lines along arms interrupted by two transierse lines；black border on base．Height $18+$ ．I． 9.193 .7.
3 r 4 ．Statuette，as No．269．Ileaght 21．5．1．11．94．4
315．Statuette，as No．79．Red chy，red slip．Ilcight 24.7 ． L11．リ44．
316 Statuette，as No． 7.3 ；longer，rounded beard．Red－brown clay，hight－brown slip．Feight 2．3．2．L I1．94．4
317．Statuette，as No 79 ；short，straght－eut beard．Nose and arms mishing；brohen at wast．Briek－ted chay， red slip．Height 24.0 ．I I 1 ．94．4．
318．Statuette，as No．79；short，rounded beard．Brack－ red clay；red slip．Brohen at neck and watst．Meight 22．0．LII．94．4．
319．Fragment of statuette，as $\operatorname{Nos} 28+$ ，without cheek－ preces．Lower part of body，both arms，and top of helmet missing．Height io 3．L，in．94．4
320．Statuette，as No．79；lonver，rounded beard Broken at neck，wast，and below wast；both arms missing． Black－brown clay：hoht $\because$ lip．Herght 23．6．LII． 94.4.

321．Statuette，as No．145．Height 247 1．11．94．t．
322 Statuette，as No． 7.3 ；longer，rounded beard．Both arms mussing．Red－brown clay；red sipp．Iterght 26．3．LII．94．4．
323．Statuette，als No． $1+5$ ，hut with short，rounded beard． ＇Iraces of black colour on helmet and face．Ifeght 253 －LII 94 4．
324．Statuette，as No 79．Bane partly massums，top of helmet
damaged；brohen below the wath liane of black colour．Red clay；red－brown shp．Hengbt 23．5．L 11 ． $9+4$
323．Statuctte．a No 73．longer．Founded berrd Red clas，rather red－brown ship Height 21 5．L．11． $94+$
 resunded beard．Broken neeh Red－boown clas，reddably shp．Herght ュs．o．LII Ift．
32 Statuette，a $\lambda_{0}$ 2fog，hort，traneular，womd beard． Vase mosing，b．oth arms and watst brohen．Red－

32S．Statuette as Do $\ddagger 9$, lonerer，rounded beard．Ilemght 22．3．L11．94 4 ．
320 Statuette，as No． 73 ：lonerer，rounded beard Ifenght $22 . S .1 / 11.9+4$ ．
330．Statuette，as No．124，Wathout panted burder on base Brohen at neck．Héght 22 5．I．11．リ＋4．
331．Statuette，as $\operatorname{lio} 73$, trapezod head，eals placed at the occeput．Red－brown clay，hght－brown slip．Iteight 20.0 LII．94．4．

332．Statuette，ds No 79 ．＇Top of helmet damaged，head broken at neck．Brown－red chas．brown－red ship． Henght 22.3 I．11．It．t．
333 Statuette，as No． 70 ，vers short heard Brohen it wast and both arms Red clay．red shp llemght 26.8 ．L， 11 ． $94 \cdot 4$
334 ．Statuette，is $X$ or． 70 ，lonerer，rounded bedad 1. arm mismar，broken at neck and waist．Hentht 227．L， 11 ． $1+4+$
335．Statuette，as No．7．5，short，rounded bead Red elas； red－brown wip leaght 240 l．if．リ\＆$f$ ．
3．3．Statuette，als No．73，short，rounded board Red dat， red－brown shop．Ilenght $228.1 .11 .13+4$ ．
33．statuette，as No 7i．lomger，trianeular beard Neck broken．Red－brown clas：redduh hip ileurht 220 L． 11 ．94．＋．
 lones，conteal helmet Brokern at nexh llewht 23．3 LII．94．4．
 of black eolour．Hewght 21.7 LII $3+7$.
370 statuette，as No．73．Height 222 LiI $9+4$
341．Statuette，an No．－iy black bordor on base．laght slip．Meıцht 2．3 ミ．L． 11 リ\＆ 4 ．
342 statuette with cylindical，sohd bods；splased base； square head，pmehed nose：pellet eare，bent－ehapect heimet，Iett arm holding circular shach，$r$ arm ad－ vanced．＇Iraces of black colour．theed and $r$ arm broken．Red－ix．，nn dis，hatht lip Blak border on

343 Statuette，av Vo 7.3 ：short，rounded heard．Herght 22 S．1．11 94＋
$34+$ ．Statuctte as So． 7 ；short，rounded beard．Mersht

$3+5$ Statuette as No．7．3．short．rounded beard＇lop of helmet damaged．Red－brown clay，reddish slep Ifewht 210．I．II．94＋

3+6. Statuette, ds No. r2+: Ionger, rounded beard. Hereht 21.0. Lir. $9+4$
$3+7$ Statuette, as No 73: longer, rounded beard Height 232 Lir. $9+4$.
$34^{8}$ Statuette, as No. 73 , longer, triangular beard Red clay, red-hrown shp. Heasht 237 Lir 9+4.
349. Statuette. ds No. 145. Height 235 Lit. 94+4.
350. Statuette, as No. $12+$ : short, transular heard R. arm massing. Shp partly turned red. Herght 253 . L if. 9+4.
351. Statuette, as No 73. Height 25 5. Lit. 94.4.
352. Statuette, as No 73 Red clay, red-beown slip. Herght $25+$ LII. 94.4.
353. Statuette, as No 124 . Laght ship Ifeight $235 . \mathrm{L}$ it. $94+$
354. Statuette, as No 73. Height 22.0. L il . 944.
355. Statuette, as No 73: short, rounded hard Redbrown clay; red-brown shp. Height 24.6. Lit $9+4$
356. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. R. arm missing. Red clay, red-hrown slip. Heirht 23.8 . Lir. 94.4.
357. Statuette, as Xio. 73, hort, rounded beard. L. arm and nose missing. Red clay, wath dark core. Height 23.5. I II . 944.

358 Statuette, as No. 124, longer, rounded heard, whout panted horder on base. Broken at neek, hreast, and below wast. Height 24.2. LII. J+4.
359. Statuette, as No. 79: longer, rounded, narrow beard. Both arms hroken Red clay: red slap. IIeight 228 LII. リ+ + .

3to. Statuette, as No. 79: longer, rounded, narron beard. Height 24.0. L il. 94.4.
36 f . Statuette, as No 73 , longer, rounded beard. Sipp partly turned red fleght $2+1$. Lif. $9+4$.
362. Statuette, a, No. 79. Black border on base. Broken at middle and 1 . arm. Height 22.3 . L. it. 94.4.
363 Statuette, as No 73. lung, rounded heard slip partly. turned red. Height $2+7 . \mathrm{L} 1 \mathrm{I}$, 9 $4+4$.
364. Statuette, as Xo. -y; longer, straght-cut beard. Redbrown slip, red-brown clay. Height 26.7. L in. $9+4$
365. Staruette, as No 73; short, rounded beard $R$ arm missing. Red-hrown clay: red-hrown slip. Heaght 249 Lir. $9+4$.
366. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 217 . K. i1. 9 +4 .

367 . Statuette, as Mo. 79 ; short, trangular, rounded heard. Top of helmet damaged; r. arm broken. Red-hrown clay; hght slip, mostly turned red Heneht 2 (6. L in $9+4$.
368 Statuette, as No 79; long, straukt-cut heard Both arms broken. Red-hrown clay, light slip, partly turned red. Heisht 23.0. Lif. 94.4.
$36 y$. Statuette, as No. 30y; longer, ruanded beard; ver wide shoulders. Height 20.3. L ir. i) +4
37 o . Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded heard. R. arm musiner. Traces of black colour on beard Hensht 20.7. L II. 94.4.

371 Statuette, as No. 79; short, straight-cut beard. L. arm and neck broken; helmet, r. arm, and nose missing. Brown-red clay: red-brown slıp. Height ig.o. Lim.0.4.t.
3,2 Statuette as No. $1+5$, rectangular head, trangular heard. Broken neck and wast. Brak-red clay; light shop. Height 21.3. Lir. 9t+.
373 Statuette, as Xo. 79. Broken at wast. Brick-red clay; light slip. Height 20.3 L. II 9+.t.
374 litatuette with cylindrical body; splayed hase; sertical arms; square head; pinched nose; pellet ears; pointed beard, soft, conical helmet; dressed in chiton with a horder modelled round neck and along upper arms; sleeves end at the elhows. Reddish slip. Heisht 20.6. $\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{I} \\ \text { 9+4. }\end{array}$
375. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard. R. arm missing Height 2I.4. Lir. 94.4.
376. Statuette, as No. 79; very narrow body Broken at madlle. He1ght 21 4. Lim. 94.4.
377. Statuette, as N゙o. 232; without bent fingers. No backhole. Top of helmet, neck, and base broken; part of hase and l. ear missing. Height 21.X. Lin. 94.4.
37 s . Statuette, as No. 79 short, triangular, rounded beard. Broken arms and waist. Herght 21.5 . Lir. 94.4.
379. Statuette, as No. 79: very short heard. Black border on base. Height 24.3 . L It. 94.4.
3 3o statuette, as No. 309. Broken at wast and 1 arm, r. arm mising. Red clay; light shp. Height 230. LII. 94.4.

38 I . Statuette, as №. 79 . Broken at waist; r. arm missing. Helght 24.4. I. II. 944.
$3 \mathrm{~S}_{2}$. Statuette, as No. $2 \mathrm{~S}_{2}$, but without paintings Height 15.3. LII. 1944.
$3 \%_{3}$. Statuette, as No. 70. Red clay; red slip. Height 22.0. LII. 94.4.

3s. Statuette, as No. io Top of helmet damaged; 1 arm missing. Black border on base Red-brown clay; light, partly reddish slip. Height 22.0. L if. 94.4.
355 . Statuette, as No. 73 ; short, rounded beard. T'op of nose and lower part of r . arm missing. Red-brown clay; redduh slip Traces of hlack colour on hody and face. Height 24.7. I, II 94.4.
386 . Statuette, as No 79 : longer, rounded beard Brownred clay and ship Herght 20.4. LiI. 94.4.
$3_{3} \mathbf{F}_{7}$ Statucte, as No. 7 , less sloping shoulders. Nose mosing Red-brown clay and slip. Height 20.7. Lit. 94.4.
388. Statuette, as No. 7o. L. arm missing; top of helmet and 1 side of the face damaged. Red-brown clay and slop. Iferghtig S . Lir. gt+
3\%9. Statuette, as No 79, very short beard. Nose damaged; neck broken. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height is.z. LII 9+4.
3yo. Statuette, a No. $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{3}$, short, rounded heard. Red-brown clay; light slip. Top of helmet damaged. Henght zi.6. L. II. 94.4.

39r. Statuette, as $\times \mathbf{N}$. 86 . Traces of red paint on face and hody, black harr. Ileight iz.I. L. ir. 94.4.

392．Statuette，an No．107．＇Traces of black colour on heard and arms，verticil，black line aiong madde of body； black border on base．Red－brown clay：reddish ship． Herght 2 I 9．LIr．94．4．
393．Statuctte，as No Fg．Nose and r arm mosines， 1 arnin broken．Brick－red claỵ；brown－red slıp Iteght 220 ． LII．94．4．
394．Statuette，as No．73，longer，trangular heard L．arm missing．Red－brcwn clas，reddesh slop Hequht 20．7． Lin． $94+$ ．
395．Statuette，as No．269．Top of helmet damaged； 1. arm broken．Traces of colour Red－brown chay； reddish slip．Herght 24.3 ．1，II． $9+4$
396．Statuette，as No．79；longer，rounded beard．Red－ brown clay；red slip．Height 26．0．L II．94．4．
397．Statuette，as No．73；longer，rounded beard．Red－ brown elay；light－brown slip．Herght 190．Lir．94．4．
 brown clay；reddsh slip．Height 22 I．L，1I．94．4．
399．Statuette，as Nio．79；longer，rounded beard．Light slip． Height 20．2．LIr．94．4．
＋oo．Statuette，as No．73．Height 22．4．I．It．94．4．
401．Statuette，as No．79．Height 207．L II．94．4
402．Statuette，as No．237；with long，pointed beard；hands whout bent fingers．No back－hole．Base broken． Height 2i．2．LII．94．4．
403．Statuette，as No．79．Broken at wast．Height 23.2. L，iI．94．4
404．Statuette，as No 79．L．arm missing．Red－brown clay；hght slip．Height 23．2．L 11.944.
405．Statuette，as No 145 ；short，rounded beard Red elay， red slup，partly darkened by soot．Height io．5．L．ir． 94.4 ．

406．Statuette，as No．79；short，triangular，rounded beard Broken below breast and at 1 ．arm．Herght 24 5．I，in． $94+$
407．Sratuette wath cylindrical，solid budy，played base； r．arm bent over breast；1．arm sonewhat advanced， trapezoid head；large，pinched nose，pellet ears，short beard，soft，short，conical helmet．Both arms and body below breast broken，lower r．arm numing． Light slip，partly turned red．Height 219．LLiI． 94.4 ．

4ok．Statuette，as No．79，shorter，triancular，rounded beard．Nose missiner．Red clas，red slip．Ileught 21．5．LII，94＋．
409．Statuette，as No．73；short，rounded beard．Red－brown clay：light－brown shp．Hetght 22．7．LII．94．4．
410．Statuette，ds No．21S，longer，rounded beard．Meight 23．2．LII1．94．4．
4II．Statuette，as No．79；very short beard．Broken at wast．Height 23．9．LII．9＋4．
＋12．Statuette，as No 79 ；long，rounded beard Light－ brown slip．Ilenght 21．0．Lif．94．4．
413．Statuette，as No．79：short，triancular，sounded beard． ＇Top of helmet missing；head hroken at neek．Herght 17．5．L，II．94．4．

4．4．Statuette，do．No．is：short，straght－cut beard．lower part of body and 1 ．arm misaner，upper part of body broken blep darkened by soot．Ilemht $13+$ ．Li1． $94+$

 Lix． $9+$ \％．
417．Statuette，as No．124．Merght 21 5．Lil $9+4$
4ix．Sitatuette，as 入o 79 ，short，triancular，rounded beard． Iterght $21+\mathrm{L}$ ，II $9+7$ ．
＋Ig statuette with eylendrical body，splayed base，vertical arms，with flattened hands；trapezond head；pinched nose，pellet ears：long．pointed heard，concale helmet with strateht spobe，made separatels；upturned check－ pieces，wath two straps crossed at the bach Top of helmet，part of the straps，1．cheek－prece，and part of beard missing；neek，1．arm，and luwer part of the body hroken Red elay．red blip Ifemphtigs．I，in． 94．7．
420．Statuette，as No．79，very short beard Nose dumaged． slip partly turned red．Herght 20．2．L II．94．7．
421．Statuette，as No．79．Black horder on basc．blip partly turned red．Ileight 210 ．I． 11.947 ．
422．Statuette，as No．ju；longer，triangular beard Bhach border on base．Red－brown clas：red－brown slip． Herght 21 3．LII．94．7
＋23．Sitatuette，as No．7y，no heard．Iterght 24．5．I．II． 94.7.

424．Statuette，as No 74 ，short，triangular，pomeded beard． Red－brown clay；light slip．Height 24．0．ILII 94．7．
425．Statuctte，as No．Jy Both arms misaner Red chay； lyght shp，partly turned red．1lenght 2251111 9\＆\％
426．Statuette，as No 70 ；straght－cut beard，head pushed forward．Head broken at neck．Lisht slip，partly turned red．Henght 19.3 ． 1.11 9＋ 7 ．
427．Sitatuctte，as No．フ9，very hort heard．None damated Light slop．Height 24．2 L． 11 94．7．
42§．Statuette，as No． 4 rg；rectangular head；pointed beard， undigitated hands，short，straight，conved hehnet， whout straps Red－brown dis，hagt lip．Helieht 241 Leri 94．7．
429．Statuette，as No．79；longer beard；modelled mouth． Broken at wast．Slop partly turned red．He1ght 213. L． $11.19+7$
430．Sitatuette，a No．2as；more asomi head，longer，tra－ angular heard；black brorder on base．Reddish elas． Height 19．7．L．if． $194 \%$
431．Statuette，is N゙o．26o．short，rouncled beard Base mis，ing．Heteht 21.5 L ，It．9 7 ．
432．Statuette，ds Xo $37+$ ，trapezod head，short，rounded beard；stranght，concial helmet made separately，dresised in chiton wath elhow slecres．Black border at base． Broken wast．Shp mostly turned red－brown．Hemeht 193．L．II 947．
433．Statuctte，as No．フ9．Iferght 21．5．I．11．94．7．
434．Statuette with hody as No．42；ovord head，pinched nose；pellet ears：pointed beard，three boinds around
head，shasl wah rounded edge draped ower both shoulders lise and hoard chupped．Reddesh slap． Height 225 Lir．9＋．
 r．arm misines，walst and 1 arm broken．I．ght shp． Herght 21．2．L．11． 947 ．
436 Amphora of limestone with base－ring，depressed globular busly，short，concave，wade neck；ring－shaped rim；handles from rim to shoulder A pseudo－sase， sohat，only the mouth hollowed out．Heght if．5 Lir． 947 。
437．Statuette，as No．79；without beard；sligtly indicated knob on top of helmet Red clay，red slop．Height 17．＋．L it．リ4．
438 Statuette，as No．79．Height 206 Lir．94．7
439．Statuette，as No．79；short，trangular，rounded heard． Red－hrown clay；red－brown slip．Henght re．5．L．ia． 94．7．
4＋0．Statuette，ds Nio 166；triansular heal，pointed，longer beard；helmet，made separately，with top bent back． Broken neck and lower $h$ ody of whach a small part 1s masoms．Silpe partly turned reel．Hewht 21.0 ．L 1 I $9+7$.
＋tr．Statuette，as No．2ho．Red－brown clay，reddısh slip． Herght 20．7．I，il．947．
$++^{2}$ Statuette，an No．2fop very short beard Brohen at nech Red－brown clay，reddsh ：hp Height 21.5 Lil． $9+7$ ．
＋43 statuette，as No．fig，trangular head，short，rounded beard，vaguely indicated eyen；concave，short helmet with splayed top Red－brown ela？；light hip．Hetght 19み．Lir 9＋7．
44．Statuette，as No．79；long，rounded beard．Height 20．7．Lil．947．
 LII．94．7．
446．Statuette，as No．ig，very short heard．Top of helmet masong；broken below wast Henght 220 ．LiIf． $9+7$.
$+{ }^{7}$ Statuette，as N $21 \%$ ；short，round beard Trate， of black colour on hack of head and arms Laght slop， partly turned red．Height 20．9．L if．94．7．
$4+$ Statuette，an $\mathrm{N}_{1}$ 233：trapezond head，trangular， rounded beard．Nione damared Hemghtig6 L． 11 947 ．
$4+9$ Statuette，as Nors short，straucht－cut heard．Broken beluw mudde．Henght 2I．6．Lit．947
450 Statuette，as Nor 233；trapezond head．trangular beard，hands with modelled fingers Top damased Hewht 22．7 Li1．94．7．
451 statuette，as No．269；rery short beard，eyebrows shghtly indicated．Base mome Red－hrown clas， reduhly slap．Helght 57.5 L．11． 947.
452 Statuette，as No．Jo；longer，straght－cut bard．＇lop misonge，broken below waist．Height 133 ．Lit 94.7
45．3．Statuette，as No $\quad$ ig，longer，rounded，trangular beard．Red elay；red slip Hegrht 212 LII 947．

454 Situette，do No．7o，wers short beard Top of helinct damaged，neck broken；r．arm massing．Brick－red clay；black core；hight ship．Hearht $19+$ Lar．94．7．
4.55 ．Statuette，as No． 56 ．Herght 200 ．L．it $9+7$.

45 Frasment of statuctte with hollow，calindrical body， plan，vertical arms．Head and 1 arm missing Herght 17．5．Li1．94．7．
＋57．Statuette，as No 79 ；very short hard．Lhght－hrown ship Ileght w．f．Lif $9+7$
$+5 \%$ Statuctte，as No 79 ．Lower part of b dy，and r．arm missing，broken at bredst．Red－brown clay；reddish slip．Height 13 5．L．If． 947 ．
＋59．Buchrome If howl with rased bise；curved outline； rased rem；two horizental handles below rom．Insude， encirelong black lines wath broad red band between； on the outside，encircling black lines around rim and holy below handles；groups of red vertical lines b：－ tween these．Diam．13．0．L if．9＋．7．
foo statuctte with eilindrical hody；splayed base；square head，pellet nose and ears；long，narrow，rounded beard，and lung，strasht helmet．Ilelmet painted red with border round the head，blatk eyes，eyebrows， and beard；green line round neck；red network on breast，brdered by black lines；upper arms painted green，with black borders；on arms below elbows red， transierse lines；traces of colour below breast；black painted borcler at base．Broken at neek．Henght 26.8 ． Lir．9＋7．
461．Statuette，as No 145 ，straght－cut beard．Red－brown elay，lught slip．Helght 23.9 ．Lif．94．7．
$4^{6,2}$ statuette，as No． $33^{\circ}$＇Top of helmet damaged； 1. arm mossing．Briek－red clay；blackened slip Helght 21．5．Lif．94 7.
46.3 Statuette，as No． 338 ；short，rounded beard．Traces at colour．Black horder on babe．Red clay；ied slip． Hemght 240 ．Lif．94．7．
4＇4．Statuette，as Nio．73，lung，rounded beard．Lower part of r．arm missing；r．shoulder broken．Height 25．0．L．II． $9+7$.
＋65．Statuctte，as No．73．Height 23．0．L 1 I ．947．
fo6．Statuette，ds No 372．Herght 22．0．L II．94．7．
+57 itutuette，as No．79．very short beard．Black horder on base．Red clay；red－hrown slip．Heeght 22．4．Lir． 94．7．
46ゝ．Statuette，als N゙o．26n；wedge－shaped head；longer， triangular，narrow beard；pellet mouth，heart－shaped upper body．Arms and wast broken．Red－hrown clay；light slip Henght 29．5．Lif 94．7．
forg．Statuette，ds No ${ }^{1} 45$ Top of helmet and hase damaged； moddle of body and 1 ．arm broken．Darkened slip． Herght 220．Lif．977．
470．Statuette，as No．122，longer，rounded beard．Reddsh

471．Statuette，is No．28S，short，rounded beard．Black horder on base．Height i8．9．Lif． $9+7$ ．
＋7ッ．Statuette，as No．79；lonser，rounded beard．Red－ brown clay；light slip．Height 22．2．Lif．9＋7．
473. Statuette, as No. 124; longer, rounded beard. Silp partly turned red. Height 22.9. Lir1. 94.7.
474. Statuette with cylndrical body; splayed base; vertical arms; trapezoid head; pinched nose; pellet ears; lang, narrow, rectangular beard: long, stranght helmet. Brick-red clay; light slıp. L. arm missing; broken above and below waist. Herght 22.4. Lir. 94.7. 475. Statuette, as No. 73. Red clay; red-brown slıp. Height 22.0. L 11 . 94.7.
476. Statuette, as No. 137; very short beard; short, soft helmet. Traces of colour. Ship mostly turned red. Height 21.3. Li2. 94.7.
477. Statuette with cylindrical body; splayed base; vertical arms; square head; pinched nose; pellet ears; marked eyebrow line; long, rounded beard; helmet with top bent forwards. Traces of colour; black border on base. Top of helmet broken. Light slip, partly turned red. Height 23.4. Lir. 94.7.
478. Statuette with cylindrical, solid body; splayed base; vertical arms; square head; pellet mouth; roughly modelled nose; pellet ears; tall helmet with top bent backwards; pointed beard; dressed in a plain shawl wrapped from 1. shoulder below r. arm-hole. Light slip. Height 20.2. Lir. 94.7.
479. Statuette, as No. 145; long, curved, straight-cut beard. Black border on base. Height 22.5. L 11.94 .7.
480. Statuette, as No. 79; long, rounded beard. Black border on base. Brown-red slip. Height 2r.8. Lif. 94.7.
481. Statuette, as No. 124; longer, rounded beard. Height 23.0. LII. 94.7.
482. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Height 24.4. LII. 94.7.
483. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Broken at neck. Red-brown clay; reddrsh slip. Height 25.3 . LII. 94.7.
484. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. L. arm broken; lower part missing. Height 22.4. L ir 94.7.
485. Statuette, as No. 338. Top damaged; r. arm broken. Height 23.3. LII. 94.7.
486. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, reunded, trrangular beard. Red-brown clay; brown slip. Height 24.7 . LII. 94.7.
487. Statuette, as No. 269; longer, triangular beard; only slightly marked eyebrows; helmet with splayed top. Broken at neck. Height 19.S. Lir. 94.7.
488. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Part of beard and 1. part of chin missing. Red-brown clay and slip. Height 25.2 . Lif. 94.7.
489. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Lightbrown slip. Height 20.2. L 11 . $9+7$.
490. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Black border on base. Height 26.2. Lir. $9+7$.
491. Statuette, as No. 79; long, rounded beard. 'Iraces of a black border on base. Height i8.r. Lir. 947. 492. Statuette, as No. 79. Broken at middle. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 23.2. LII. 94.7.
493. Statuette, as Noty Nibse and bane mange. Brakred clay; black care Herght 23 : 1.11 . $9+7$
494. Statuette, as No. 79 ; longer, triangular. rounded beard. Herght ig.o. Lfir. 94.7
495 Statuette as Ko. 79 ; straght-cut heard. R. arm mabing. Red-brown clay; black core. 11cight 26.0. Lif. 1947.
496. Statuette, as No 73. Hempt 24.1 . L 11 947
497. Statuette, as No. 73 ; short, rounded beard. Red-brown clay and slip 1 leisht 25.6 . L 11 , $9+7$
498. Statuette, as No. 73; longer, triansular beard. L arm missing. Ileight 25.4 . L 11 . 94.7.
499. Statuette, as No. 79; short. triangular, rounded beard. Top of helmet and nose missine; broken at neck, below breast, and beth arms Red-brown clay, red slop. Height 22.6 . L $11 \quad 947$.
500. Statuette, as No. 79. Top of helinet damaged. Red clay and slip. Herght 259. LI1. 947.
501. Statuette, as No. 7o: short, straght-cut beard Black border on base. Red-brown clay and slip llesht 22.0. LII. 947.
502. Statuette. as No. 79; longer. rounded beard. Redbrown clay; light shp Height 23 5. Lif. 147.
503. Statuette, an No 73: longer, straght-cut beard I, arm missing. Height 27.8 . Lir. 947
504. Statuette. as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. 'Iop and front of helmet mosing; 1. arm and waist broken. Red-brown clay; red slyp Iteight 210 . Lir. 947 .
505. Statuette, as No. F9; loneer, rounded bedrel. Top of beard chipped. Red-brown day, red-brown slip. Height 23.0. L.11. 947.
506. Statuette, as No. Jo, very hort beard. 1 Lemgt 20.0. Lir. 94.7
507. Statuette, as No. 79. R. arm misime llempt 239. LII. 94.7.
508. Statuette, as No. 79; transular beard. Red-brown

509. Statucte, body a No. z9: larese, apure hemd: lone, rounded beard; uncosered head, roughly indicated shawl over b:th shoulders. Brown elay., harht dip. Height is.o. L. if. 94.7.
510. Sitatuette, as No. 79, trape\%onel head, longer. otraughtcut beard. L. arm missing; broken at want and $r$ arm. Height 20 9. L. ir. 9+7.
51 I . Statuette, an $\mathcal{X}$. 73 , short, rounded bead lianes of colour. Red-brown clat, haght shp. 1lemght 225 . LII. 947
512. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. R. arm broken. Heught 236 . L11. 197 .
5r3. Statuette with solid, eflindrad bodes, splased bane: vertical arms. R. arm and head mostum: wast brohen. Henght 22.3. LII. 94.7.
514. Statuette, as No. 59 Nose broken and top of helmet damaged. Hengh 184 . LII 194.7.
515. Statuette, as No. \%9. R arm manme. Tiaces of chlour. Red-brown clay; light shp. Hetght 21.6. Lat 114.7.
516. Statuette, as No. j9: longer, roundel beard. Lightbrown slip. Height is 8 . L. In. 9+7.

518 Sitatuette as No．－g，loneer，tranerular beard．Nose masomy Herint 23． B ．II．9＋7．
5ig．Statuette，as Vo．jo．lunser，straght－cut beard lose damaced．I fersht 206 ．L． 11 ．94．7．
$\equiv 20$ statuctte．ds No．－9．loncer．sounded bedrd．R．arm masing．Red－brown day：brown slip．Ifereht ig\％． 1．11．リ＋－
5ンI Statuette，as No． $\mathrm{N} \%$ ；short，trangular，rounded beard． Height 2 I S．I．in $9+7$.
522 Statuctte，as lo．－9，very short heard．Red－hrown clas，red slip Ifoght 2I 3 L，II．ソ＋7
523．Sita u tee，as No．itog．Niddle part of arms missing． Helmet，hatr．eschows，beard panted black．girdle， fingers，base panted hlack．red lines along sides of hody．Herght $2+0$ ．I，II．94 7 ．
524．Sitatuette，as No．F）Broken at wast．Ileight $=05$ ． I．II． $9+7$.
525 Sitatuette，as $\operatorname{Nis} 79$＇Iop of helmet massing．Light－ brown slip．Heaght 20．4．L，I1 94．7
526．Statuette，as No．7\％；short．straight－cut beard Body broken below and at waist Part of base missing． Flewht 220．Lil．94 フ．
527 Statuette．as No． 7.3 ；short．rouncled heard Red－ brown clas；harhtbrewn shp．R．arm missing：I arm hroken Ilerght $2=3$ ．L．in．94．7．
528．Statuette，as No．73．short，rounded beard Red－brown clay；reddish slıp．IIeıght i太．$\delta$ ．L in．94．7．
520．Statuette，as Nic．73．Kicd－hrown clas；light－brown shp．＇lraces of colour．Ilenght 232 ．L I I．94．7
5．30．Sitatuette，do No． 73 ，short，rounded beird＇Traces of whlur Red－bown elaỵ；light－brown slep．＇Top of helmet chipped．Henght i87．LII．94 7
531 Statuette，as No．79．R．arm mossing．Brick－red clay； hight－brown slep，partly turned red．Iteiuht 20.0 L in． $9+7$.
 slip Ileraht $=3+1.119+7$ ．
533 Statuette，is No．2IS；short，runded beard．Height 17．3 L．II 947 ．
534 Sitatuette，ds No．；o．Broken helow hreast and both arms，top of helmet mbsing Brown elay；red slpp． Metuht 245 I II 94．7
535 －thatuette，as ㅅo -19 Blak horder on base．Neek broken，breast damased Red－brown clay；Hght slop． Hersht 23．0．L．Ir．リf．z．
5.36 Situtuette，a， $\mathrm{N}_{1} .79$, lonqer，stratuht－cut beard．Neck

537 Statuette，ds Nis．7．3；short．ounded beard．Red－ brosin chay，ededrh slip．Blak h．rder on hase；traces of colour on bocly．Herght 19＋4．LII 9＋7．
538 ．Statuette，as lo．73；short，rounded beard．Red－ brown clas，haht－brown slip．Itelght 23．3．L．II．94．7．
5．9）Statucte，a Nir 7． 7 ，very short beard Red－brown clay，reddinlz hip．Ilenght 222 ．I．II 9＋．7
340 Statuette，ds \o．21§；short，rounded beard．Black border on base．Hererht 23．2．Lin．9＋7．

5＋I．Statucte，ds No 79，very short bedrd．Iferght 22.4 L． 1 I． $0+7.7$ ．
5＋2．Statuette，as No．2I＇；sho：t，rounded bearu．Black border on base．Veck broken IMeight 235．LiI． $9+7$.
54.3 Statuette，ds N 2 IS ，very short beard．End of r． arm massing；hroken at neck，r．arm，and wast．＇lraces of hack and red colours on face and $b$ ous．Heght 22．6．Lii．9＋7．
54．Statuette，as No．79；very short beard．R arm missing； broken neek and top of helmet．Brack－red clas，black core；light slip．Heroht $2+0$ L．II．9＋7．
545．Atatuette，as No．73；short，rounded beard Red－ brown clay，light－brown she lleight 23．9．LII． 94.7.

540．Statuette．as No 73；short，rounded beard．Broken below moddle．Red－brown clay：light－brown slip． IHeqht 22．2． $1.1 \mathrm{I} . y_{7}$
547．Sitituette，as No．26o．Neck bioken．Red－brown clay，reddish slip．Height 23．5．LII．94．7．
548．Statuette，as No． 79 ；short，straght－cut beard．Traces of black colour on helmet；black border on base．Nose danaged．Height $2+5 . \mathrm{LII} 9+7$.
5\＆\％．Statuctte，as No． 218 ；short，rounded beard．Black border on base．Broken abose base．Ileght zis． LII．Y4．7．
550．Bcdy of a statuette，cylindrical；head missing．Height I＋6．L 9． 956.
551．Statuette，as No．73：trapezoid head；short，rounded beard．R．arm broken Red－brown clay；lught－brown slip IIersht is．7．L．リ．95．6．
552．Statuette，as No．73；trapesurd head，short，rounded beard R．arm broken．Red－brown clay，light－brown slip．Height 22．8．L 9.05 .6.
553．Sitatuette，as No．269．Traces of colour．Hetght 23．9． I．9 95．6．
554．Statuette，ds No．50y，oval head，very short beard； closed，undigitated hands．I．arm missing Red－ brown clay；Ight slip．Height 16 I ．L 9．95．6．
555．Statuette，as No 79．Herght 2r．4．Lg．95．6．
556．Statuctte，as No 73 ；short，round beard Nose damaued； body hroken below and abone wast．Red－brown clay，hoght－brown slip＇Traces of black and red colours． Herght $22+$ LII 9． 7
557．Statuette，as No 79；short，rounded beard．Height 19．0．L II．9＋．7．
558．Statuette，as No．7．3；short，rounded beard．Nose mmsing＇Frates of black whour．Red－brown elas； leght－broun slip Ifeight is：L．II．ot 7 ．
539 Statuette．as No．79．Part of base missing．Iferght 21 4．LII．9＋7
560．Statuette，as No．2r\＆；short，rounded beard．Black horder on base．R．arm broken．Ileiart I97．L．II． 947.

56r．Statuette，as No．－9；very short beard．Base partly missines．＇lodes of black colour．Henght 23．7．L II． $9+7$.

562．Statuette，as No．+19 ，trangular head；modelled eres； pointed，longer beard，contase，hort helmet with splayed top．Heicht 23．2． $\mathrm{L}_{11}$ 1／f 7 ．
563．Statuette with cylindrical hodr．splayed base；vertucal arms，square head；short，rounded beard；pinched nose：pellet eare，suft belmet with knobloed top．Traces of colours．Broken near buse．Laght slip Henght $227 . \mathrm{L} 1 \mathrm{I} .9+7$.
564．Statuette，as No．79；short，triangular，rounded beard． Traces of colour on body，black border on bise．Height 25．0．LII．94．7．
565 Statuette，as No．is Henght 25.0 ．I．ir．94．7．
566．Statuctte，as No．79，short，trangular，rounded h：ard． Top of helmet damayed．Red clay and slop Herght 26．0．LII．9＋．7．
567．Statuette，as No．79．Lower part of body mising． Herght if．r．L11．947．
56k＇．Statuette，as No．79：longer，rounded heard．L．arm mising，broken ab we and bilow wast， r arm broken． Red－brown clay，heght slip．Helght 25.2 ．Lif． $0+7$
509．Statuette，as No．73．Herght 22.2 E if． $9+7$.
570．Statuette with soltd．cylindrical body，splayed base： sloping shoulders；oval head；pinched nose；thin pellet ears；short，rounded beard；long．soft helmet．Broken at neck．Red－brown clay，red lip．I lewht $2+1$ ．Lif． 94.7

571．Statuette，as No．79；longer，rounded beard Black broder on bise，which is partly mising．Red－brown clay；light shp．Hemght 23．6．Lit．94．7．
572．Statuette，as Nio．218；longer，triangular beard；very wide and much sloping shoulders $R$ arm and lower 1 arm missing；broken at waist and nose．Slip some－ what effaced．Height i \＆2．L．1I．9＋．7．
573．Statuette with body of elliptical section；flattened breast；almost horizontal shoulders；stramght neck； ovold head；rounded beard；open mouth with roughly shaped lips，strausht，promment nose without nositrils； leaf－shaped eyes with ratsed lids；marked eyehrows： sloping forehead；helmet with straight spike and hanging cheek－pieces $R$ arm uplifted；l．arm bent over the breast holding anmal，hands with fingers；solinear feet witls sundals itanding on a hase tablet，statuette dressed in chaton endiner some centumeters ah se base tablet；feet attached separately Hand－made．R．check－ piece，part of neck，r．hand，some fingers of I．hand missing；broken at neek and lower part of body． Brown clay；haght slip．Height 59.0 L 11.947.
5 it Statuette with hollow，eylindrical body，splayed bose； r．arm hent over breast；1．arm vertical；trapezond head；punched nose；pellet ears；rather long，triangular， straight－cut beard：helmet with straight，hollow spike． L．arm mussing；broken at neck，below and above waist．Red－hrown slip Hetght 200 L L 11．9＋7．
575 litatuette with sold，cylndrical beds，splayed hase， vertical arms，traperond head：pinched nowe，pellet ears；short，trangtilar baard，lone，straght，concal helmet．Traces of colour on body，hlack border at
base Red－hrown day，hagt hap Ilaght $2=0$ ．L．it． $9+7$.
576．Statuette wath cylondrial，wold buts，－played bace r．arm bent forward：1．arm hent forward holdine a sword beluw the arm－hule．square head，h ort，rounded beard，penched nome：large pellet carn：three bind round head．statuette dresed in chaton wath elb w－ sleeves．Blach border at bane．Redush ship Harht 191．Lil $94 \%$ ．
577 Statuette，as No．42：1．arm hent forwards；r．arm vertical；onal head，pinched nosic：pellet mouth and ears；weshaped harr；band around the head，dresed in a chiton with short slewes．Band round head． chon and lower r arm missing，none damated lasht shp nearly effaced．Height 15 5．L．if．at 7 ．
578．Statuette，as No．79；trancular beard Mising．r． ear，nose．and r．arm．Red－brown clay Ilewht 2.3. 1．11． $94 \%$
579 Statuette，as No $\operatorname{cog}$ ，wery short bard Nise damaged． Broken at mudde．Heught 222 ．L 11 ． $9+7$
5\％．Statuette，as No．73．Hescht 27.7 Lif．94\％．
$\mathbf{5} \$ 1$ ．White Painted $V$ jug with raised base，bicontal bedy： wide neck，splay nge upwarde，ponched mouth，handle from rim to shoulder．Plam bind，around in $n$ ，bae of neek，and body：vertual lines on handle．Hewht 192．1．11．94．7．
582．Bichrome 15 bewl wath rounded bave；timl curling inwards．Enerreling black lines inside and outide rim；buttom painted red D ，am．11．7 $\mathrm{L} .1 \mathrm{I} \quad 9+7$.
 black line，outvide and made rime，the reat of the binl is painted red．Dam．18．5．L 11 9＋7
584．Sratuetre，as Mo．53．Black har and esen，two hurs－ zontal lines below neck wer breast，ladder－pattern along arms to elbews；black line from elh 小⿺𠃊 to hands， two sertical lenes alones ader of beds ：three homantal lines at wast；border on base．Ilemht 208 ．I．It 147.
5.5 statuette，as Xo．フッ．R．am manmer，Brah－red ，lis． Herght 259.1 11．947
586．Statuette，as No．145．Reddlsh slip．Helsht 22．7． Lin． 947.
5s－Statuette，as hos very short bard llead broben at neek；top of helonet manmer Rediburne clat． red slip．Hetuht 230 ．L．it $9+7$ ．
588．Statuette，as No 79，slort．trancular，rounded beard Height 27．2．L／11．94．\％．
$5 \$ 0$ Statuette，as No 79 ；short，tranavalar．raunded beard． Red elay and ship．Traces of black colour Herght 23 3．L，11． $9+7$.
som．Statuette with eylindreal．solnd buds，played b．sse； Hattened breast：slopmos shoulders，sertical arms； square，rather trapezond head；Elubular eyeballs： pinched nose：pellet eare；rounded，trancular beard； straght，leng，conual helmet Beard damaged．Broken at nech and below wast Heregt 215 ．I．1． $9+7$
sor Statuette，as $\mathrm{N}_{0} 73$ ．short，rounded beard．I．．drm and body abose wast broken Height 258 L．I1．94．7．

592 Statuette, as So $1 \neq 5$; trapegond hedd; helnet with top slightly leaning backwards. R arm and waist bruken. Hewrht ig4. I, if. 94-7.
593 Statuette, as No. 16is, longer, rounded beard Reddish slip. Ileusht 200 . I. 11. 947.
594. Statuette, as No. 79 ; longer, rounded beard. Broken at $r$. arm and breast Red clay; red slip. Traces of black colour I Ierght 237 I. II. 94.7.
595. Sitatuette, as No. 73; longer, rounded beard Ifeight $267 . \mathrm{L} 11$ 947.
596. Statuette, as No 269; roughly modelled shavel. Height $24+$ I. II . 94.7.
597. Statuette, as No. 79; nearly horizontal shoulders, qoatee. Rounded bsee. L. arm broken; r. ear mosiing. Herght 195 5 I, II. 947
598. Statuette, as No. 79 ; short, triangular, rounded beard Ifead broken at neck. Brick-red clay; reddish slip. Height 230 . I, II. 947.
5y9. Statuette, as No 79 . Black border on base. Broken neck, r. arm, b.dy below and ahove waist, l. arm missing. Red clay and slip. Herght 23.5 . L I 1 . 94.7.
600. Statuette, as No. 124. Herght 259 L. II. 947.

601 Statuette, as No ith8; square head; very short beard. Reddish slip. Herght 17.3 . LII. 94.7.
602 Statuette, as No. 79. Top of helmet damaged. Traces of black colour on head and helmet. Brick-red clay; light slip, partly turned red Height 23.3. L I I. 947.
603 Statuette, as No. I3-; trapezoid head; short, rounded beard; short, straght helmet; modelled shawl with border indicated hỵ reluef strıpes. Height 20.7. L in . 94.7
60+. Statuette, as No 73; short, rounded heard Red clay and slip. Helart 223 . Lit 947 .
605. Statuette, as No. 2h9, short, trangular beard. Arms and lower part of hody missing; bady hroken but repared with gypsum; top of helmet damaged Hersht 21 +. 1.11 . 947
606 Statuette, as No. 564 ; short, trangular, rounded heard. Black border on hase. Red clay; red slip partly lieht. Hersht 21.5. 1.11 . 947 .
6o7 Statuette, as $\mathcal{N} 07.3$, longer, rounded beard. Redhrown clay; reddinh ship Traces of colour on bsdy; black burder on base. Helaght 23.4. Lin. 94.7.
fos. Sitatuette, as No. 2ng. Black border on hase. Height 239 I. 11. 977
(oor) Sitatuette, as No. 73 , short, rounded beard. Heaght $219 . \mathrm{L} 1 \mathrm{I} .94 .7$
6 oro Statuette, as No. 79 Height 22.8. LII. 94.7.
611. Statuette as No. 73: short, rounded beard. Nose missing: $r$ arm and body below waist broken. Redbrown clay; reddish slip. Height 25.6 Li1. 94.7.
612 . Statuette, as No. 73 ; short, rounded beard Redbrown clay; light slip. Height ig.S. L, II. 94.7.
613. S'tatuette, as No 79 ; very short heard. I feight 24.0. I. 11. 94.7.
bIf Statuette, as No. 7.3 ; longer, triangular beard. Broken at moddle and 1 . arm Red-brown clay: reddish slip. Hetwht 25 3. L 11 . 947

6I5. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Rather well marked shawl. Red clay and slip. Heıght 24.9 . Leim. 94.7.
616. Statuette, as No. 477 ; triangular, rounded beard. L. arm broken. IIerght 22.3. L II. 94.7.
617. Statuette, as No. 477; trapezond head; curved, straightcut beard. Head broken at neck; right arm broken; lower part of body missing. Dark-brown to grey slip. Herght 16 5. Liri. 94.7.
6I8. Statuette, as No. 145; triangular, rounded beard; roughly indicated shawl. Traces of colour. Height 20.0. Lil. 94.7.
619. Statuette, as No. 269; long, rounded beard; pellet mouth Helmet slightly concave. Height 24 5. LII. 947.
620. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 21.3. L 11.94 .7.
621. Statuette, as No. 73. Height 250 . LII. 94.7.
622. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Height 240. LII. 94.7.
623. Statuette, as No. 124. Height 23.8. LII. 94.7.
624. Statuette, as No. 73 ; longer, rounded beard. Nose broken. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Height 21.5. LII. 94.7.
625. Statuette, as No. 474; oral head; longer, rounded beard. Broken neck. Brown clay; dark core. Height 24.1. LII I. 94.7.
626. Statuette, as No. 73. Height 25.4. LII 94.7.
627. Statuette, as No. $56+$; longer, rounded beard. Nose missing; top of helmet damaged. Red clay and slip. Hetght 23.0. L II. 94.7.
628. Statuette, as No. 73, longer, rounded beard. Broken at muddle and 1 . arm; end of r . arm missing. Redbrown clay; reddish slip. Height 23.4. LII. 94.7.
629. Statuette, as No. 167; oval, rectangular head; straightcut, short beard; less sloping shoulders Both arms missing; part of hase chipped. Red-brown clay; hlack core; light slip. Traces of colour. Height 25.0. LII. $9+7$.
630. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, straight-cut beard. Redbrown clay, light slip. Height 24.3. LII. 94.7.
631. Statuette, as No. 73. R. arm missing. Height 25.5. Lir. 94.7.
6.32 Statuette, as No. 79; trapezoid head; long, triangular, rounded heard; short helmet; Hat body; arms in one prece with body. Height 23.5. Lin. 94.7.
633. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 22.3. LII. 94.7.
634. Statuette, as No. 162; incised mouth wath modelled Inps; nose with plerced nose-holes. Hair, beard, eves, and evebrows painted black; ears and lips red; two black, angular lines from shoulder to waist; between them, three transserse lines; transverse lines on arms helow shoulders; two vertical, black lines along body on back R. ear missing. Height 2r.0. LII. 947.
635. Statuette, as No. 7.3: short, rounded heard. Broken at waist; top of helmet and base of body damaged. Red-brown clay; teddish slip. Ileight 26.2. I, II. $9+7$

636．Statuette，as No． 145 ；short，rounded beard．Black border on base．Broken at neck．Hleight 230 ．L 1 I． $9+7$.
637．Statuette，as No．79．Height 2＋7．L I I 9＋7．
638．Statuette，as No．79．Nose mising．＇I＇races of colour． Red clay，light shop．Height 25 6．L，xi．94．7．
639．Statuette，as No．73；short，triangular，rounded beard． Helght 25.4 L II．94．7．
6＋o．Statuette，as No．124；short，triangular beand Herght 25．9．LII．94．7．
64 F ．Statuette，as No 79 ；short，straight－cut beard．Broken at waist and l．arm．Red－brown clay，reddish slip． Herght 22．1．LI1．リ＋7．
642．Statuette，as No 73．Helght 2＋2．L，11．94．7．
64 ．Statuette，as No．79；longer，rounded beard Feight $2+$ ．8．LII． $9+7$.
644．Statuette，as No．73；short，rounded beard．Both arms， r．ear，and part of base missing；neck and body broken； top of helmet damaged．Height 23．5．L11．94．7．
645．Statuette，as No．218；longer，rounded beard；very wide， much sloping shoulders．Slip much effaced．Height $2+9$ ．LII． $9+7$ ．
6＋6．Statuette，as No．79；longer，trangular，rounded beard． Top of helmet damaged．Red clay and slip．Traces of colour．Height 22．7．L II．94．7．
647 ．Statuette，as No．124；wathout painted border on base． End of 1．arm missing．Height 25 \％．Lin．9＋7．
6．48，Statuette，as No．12．4．Broken at wast．Height 27.3 LII．94．7，
649．Statuette，as No．79；longer，rounded beard．Head broken at neek．Height 208 ．LII．9＋7
650．Statuette，as No．73；short，trangular beard．I．．arm missing；broken below wast and at nose Red－brown clay；light slip Height 24．6．LII $9+7$.
65 r ．Statuette，as No． 79 ；short，triangular，rounded bward． Height 24．1．L II．94．7．
652．Statuette，as No．79；longer，rounded bcard．Nose damaged．Red clay and slip．Herght 22．4．L 1 r． 94.7
653．Statuctte，as No．79，longer，rounded beard．Height 22．5．LII．9＋7．
65t．Statuette，as No．73；longer，trangular beard．Heaght 24．8．LII．94．7．
655．Body of statuette，cylindrical，solid，slightly splayed base： vertical arms．Head and r．armmesmes Heght 145 EII． $9+7$ ．
656．Statuette，as No．79．Arms and lower part of body missing．Height I4．2．L II． 94.7.
657．Statuette，as No．79；short，straight－cut beard．Height 20．0．L 11.9 ． 7.
658．Statuette，as No．＋77；trapezoid head．R．arm missing； broken at waist，r．arm，and below waist．Black clay： dark－brown core；brown，blackened slip．Height 20．8．LII 94．7．
659．Statuette，as No．79；very lone helmet；short，rounded beard．Dark－brown clay；black core；brown，dark slip．Herght 22．7．Lin．94．7．
660．Statuette，as No．169；wedge－shaped head，longer，
rectangular，straght－cut beard．Black encaraling line round helmet；eyes．eycbrows，beard，har panted black，line round neck；vertical lines along arms； transwerse lanes at elbows，blach b．rder on base．Iteasht 182．L．II．94．7．
661．Statuette，as Do．79 lleight $229 \mathrm{~L} 1 \mathrm{I} \quad 9+7$.
662 Statuette．as No．79；long beard．Menght iy．2 Lir． $9+7$.
$66_{3}$ ．Statuette，as No．79．L．arm misuing，hrohen it reght shoulder，breast，and r．arm．Herght 24．5．L 11 ．947．
$66+$ Statuette，as No．79；short，triangular，rounded beard． Lower part of 1 arm missing．l．shoukder，r．arm，and wast broken．Herght 270 ．LII． $9+7$
665．Statuette，as No．79；short，triangular，rounded beard Lower part of 1 ．arm missines．Black burder on base． Inght－brown ship．Height 25．2．L II 94．7．
666．Statuette，as No．79；pointed beard．Niose damaged． Dark－brown clay．hegt－brown ship．Ieight 25．o．L 1 I． $9+7$ ．
667．Statuette with cylindrical，sold body：splaycd base： vertical arms；square head；pinched nose；pellet ears； promment eyeballs；rased eyebrows；inctsed mouth； short，trangular beard；lone，straisht helmet I．． arm broken．Red－brown clay；licht slip．Ifemht 24．9．LII．94．7．
668＇．Statuctte，as No．73；longer，rounded beard．Height 26．0．L．II． $9+7$ ，
669．Statuette，as No．73，short，rounded beard．R．arm missing Red－brown clay；light－brown hip．Height 22．2．I．II 94．7．
670．Statuette，as No 7o．Hersht 25．2．L．II．9＋7
67，Statuette，as No．137；trapezold head；，hort，founded beard；short，soft helmet，shawl with marhed border． Herght 2 I .5 L II． $9+7$.
6－2．Statuette，as No．21ふ；short，rounded beard．Blak barder on base．Brobion neck and wart， 1 arm mesome Heaght 21.2 L II．リ 7 ．
673．Statuette，as No 79 ，triangular beard．R．arm and waist broken．Iferht 21．9．L．II．9＋．7．
$67+$ ．Statuette，as No． 79 ；vers bhort beard Brohen at muddle and r．arm．Hetght 22 2．I．II．94．7
675．Statuette，as No． 218 ；short，rounded beard．Black border on base．Neek broken；nose damazed lieight 22.2 L．11． $9+7$.

676．Statuette．as No 70 ；short，rounded beard．12．ear and $r$ ．side of face mossine：broken at breast llewht 23．3．LII．9＋．7
677．Statuctte，as No．7．3．Herght 26.0 L． 11 94．7．
6，S＇Statuette，as No． 124 ；lenger，thaneular，rounded beard． Heaght 26．5．I． 11 9＋7．
679．Statuette，as No．269．R．arm missing；broken below waist．Height 2－．1．I．11．9＋7．
6io．Bedy of statuctte，cylindracal with splayed base：hori－ zontal arns，head，parts of arms，and base misumer． I Fenght 15．S．L 1 I 94．7．
68ı．Statuette as No．7o；trapezond head．Traces of colour round base，neck，ears，and chin．Henght 20 3．1．11．94．7．

6Sz．Sitatuette，as No．T9，short，rounded beard．Laght－ brown slip．Helght 21 S．L，II．9＋．7．
683．Sitatuette，as No．73；short，round beard．Red－brown clay，haght－brown slip．IIeight $19 \%$ L，II．9＋7．
6S＋．statuette，as lis 7．3．Ioncrer，straght－cut beard．＇loraces

685 ．Statuette，as No．12t；longer，rounded beard．Herght 2． $6 . \mathrm{L}$ If． $9+7$.
686．Statuette，ds Nio．73：sh．ort，rounded beard．Both arms masing；broken at neck Red－brown chay and slip．Height 235 ． 1 II．9＋7．
687．Statuette，as No．79；but with long，stranght－cut beard Black burder on base．Broken at waist．Brick－red claỵ；red slap．Ilenght $2+0$ ．LII．9＋ 7
688＇．Statuette，as No．79，longer．trangular beard．Light－ brown slip．Height 22．4．Lix．9＋．7．
689．itatuette，as No 73，longer，straight－cut heard．Black burder on base IIeresht 250 ．Le if．9＋7．
690．Statuette，as No 269．Well marked，ralsed eyebrows ＇Top of helmet missing Black border on base．Height 25．5．LII．94．7．
69r．Statuette，as No 73；longer，rounded，narrow beard． ＇Iraces of black colour．IRed clay；red－brown slip Height 28．3．LII．9＋．7
69 2．Statuette，as No． 2 I 8 ；longer，rounded beard．Black border un base Reddish clay．Height 20．5．I．II． $9+7$.
693．Statuette，as No．218，longer，rounded beard；roughly indicated shawl over shoulders．Red ears；traces of black colour on face．Height 21．2．L II．9＋7．
$69+$ ．Statuette，as No． 79 ；longer，straight－cut beard．Broken at both arms and watst；top of helmet dannaged Red－ brown clay：reddish slip．Height 20．9．L in．94．7．
695．Statuette，as No．79，pointed beard．Buth arms missing； slip partly turned red．Height 22．. ．L，iI 9＋．7．
bof．Statuette，as No．79 Broken at neek and below wast； top of helmet missing Red－brown clay．Height 22．2． LIII， $9+7$ ．
697 ．Statuette，as No 73 ：short，rounded beard．Top of helmet minsing．Red－brown clay，light slips．Iferght 2II．LII． $9+7$ ．
6，9．Statuette，as No．79；short，straght－cut beard．Lower part of $r$ arm missing．Brown clay，red slap．Ileight Ig．8．L，II 9＋．7．
699．Statuette，as No．79，long，straight－cut beard．Arms and wast broken．Brick－red clay＇；light slip．Heıght 19．2．LII．94．7．
700．statuette，as No．79．Black border on base．Herght 21．6．LII． $9+7$.
701．Statuette，as Vo．79；very short beard．Broken below waist；part of base missing．Herght 21．6．LII．9＋．7．
702 Statuette，as No．7．3；short，rounded beard．Red－brown clay；light slip．Lower part of r．arm broken．Iferght 200 ．L11． $9+7$ ．
703 Statuette，as No 79；Ionger，stranght－cut beard．Broken at neck，breast，wast，and 1．arm；back of head，part of 1 ．front missing．Herght $2+5$. L II ソ＋．7．

7o＋．Statuette，as No．＋07，onal head，trangular beard． Red－brown slip．Height zi．i．LII．9＋．7
705．Statuette，as No．79．Slip partly turned red．Height 2コ7．L． 11 9＋7．
706 Statuette，as No 79 ，langer，trangular，rounded beard． Black b order on basc．Height 23．3．L II $9+7$.
7o7．Statuette，as No 155, longer，straight－cut beard． Red－brown slip．Height 217 ．Lii．9 +7.
7oS．Statuette，as No．155．Broken neck and waist．＇Traces of colour．Herght 22．I．L，in．94．7．
；oy．Statuette，as No． 79 ；trangular，straght－cut beard； conical helmet with splayed top；almost honzontal shoulders．Broken at 1 shoulder，1．arm，and at waist． Black－brown elay：grey－brown slip，partly turned black．Height 2i．o．Lif．9＋7．7．
7 ro．Statuette，as No． $1+5$ ；longer，triangular，rounded beard．Black border on base．Height 22．3．L．if． $9+7$.
7 II．Statuette，as No．I＋5；longer，stranght－cut beard．Top of helmet massing．Height zi．$\delta$ ．Lin．y＋．7．
712．Statuette，as N゙o．269；lunger，rounded bard．Broken at wast；nose chipped．Brown clay；light slip．Herght 297 LII． $9+7$.
713．Statuette，as No．86；longer，rounded baard；both arms bent over breast holding quadruped，of which forepart is missing．L．arm missing．Traces of paint． Height 20 5．Lin． $9+7$.
7I＋．Statuette，as No I +5 ；short，rounded beard；no marked eqebrow line．Wast broken．Black border on base． Heıght 20．0．L II．94．7．
715．Statuette，as No． 269 ；short，pointed beard．Top of helmet damaged．Height $23 .+$ ．LII．94．7．
716．Statuette，as No．282．Black line round base of helmet； black painted eyes，ears，and beard；black nech－line； horizontal red lines over breast divided by central， vertical，black band consoting of two superimposed， black crosses Alanked by black lines；black lines along shoulders and upper arms；red transferse lines at elb ws；red and black vertical and horizontal lines on luwer body；black burder on base．Ifelght 27．i． L． $11.9+7$ ．
717．Statuette，as No．145．Tup of helmet damaged，both arms，beard，and chin missing．Herght 25 I．LII． $9+7$.
71 S Statuette，as No． 7.3 ；short，rounded bedrd．Red－brown clay；brown or light－brown slip．Height 22．5．L II． $9+7$.

7 \％O．Statuette，as No． 73 ；longer，rounded beard．Red clay； red－brown slip．Height 22．0．L i i．94．7．
721．Statuette，as No．73；longer，triangular beard．Red clay：red－brown slip．Height 23．2．LII．9＋7．
722．Statuctte，as No 2fog．Red－brown clay；light slip， mostly turned red．Ileight zठ．9．L I I．9＋．7．
723．Statuette，as No．269；trapezord head；modelled eyes． Height 24．0．LII．リt 7 ．
724．Statuette，as No．590；trapezond head；incised mouth；
pierced nostrils; longer, straght-eut beard. Blick border on base. Height 23.5. L 1 I. 94.\%.
725. Statuctte, as No. 269; short, rounded beard. Redbrown clay; reddash slip. He1ght 22.0 l. 11 94.7.
726. Statuette, ds So. 269; short, trangeulior haiad Redbrown claỵ; light slip. Ileight 25 S Lir, 947 .
727 Statuette, as Lo 269 ; short, trangular beard. Redbrown clay: light slop. I leisht $二 6.1$. L 11 , 947 .
72S. Statuette, as No. $1+5$; short, trangular, rounded heird Base partly missing. 'Iraces of red colour on back of helmet; black colour on beard. Height 23.4. L II. 94.7.
729. Statuette, as No. 7 ; ; longer, triangular, rounded beard; conical helmet with splayed top Ilelmet red with black lones around base, black eyes, evebrows, beard, and moustache; upper bedy covered by black network; triangular lines on neck, and transverse lines at waist; vertical lines along arms with transverse lines at elbows; traces of black lines on hands and fingers. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 26.3 . L I i. 947 .
730. Statuette, as No. 282. Black helmet; hlack eves and beard; traces of black colour on hreast and arms; green, black, and red vertical lines enclosing red transserse lines, black border on base. Ileight 26.7 LII. $9+7$.
731. Statuette, as No. 108 . Broken at wast. Red-hrown clay: reddish slip Height 25 9. L. II. 9+7
732. Statuette, as No $2 \mathrm{~S}_{2}$. Traces of colour on head; green, black, and red transverse lines on arms; traces of colour on body; black border on hase. Height 284. LII. 9+7.

733 Statuctte, as No. 260; long, triangular biard 'lop of helmet damaged; 1 arm missing. IRed-brown chay; light slip. Heaght 27.1. LII. 947.
734. Statuette, as No. 218; longer, rounded beard. Black border on base. Wast hroken Reddish slip. 'Traces of black colour on body. Iteight 234 . L, 11 . 947.
735. Statuette, as No. 79. Nose broken; back of base musing. Height 25 6. LII. 94.7.
736. Statuette, as No 79 ; short, strawht-cut beard Herght 26.2. LII. 947.
737. Statuette, as No. 73 ; short, rounded bead. Head broken at face. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Height 25.1. L 11 . 94.7.
$73 \%$ Statuette, as No 79 ; short, triangular, rounded beard. Black border on bise. Red chay, red shp. I leight 23.5 . LII. 94.7.
739. Statuette, as No. I4s, but with short, stranght-cut beard. Dark-hroun claỵ; red, partly blackened shp. Base and lower part of body massing. Hemgt ig 8 . LII. 947.
740. Statuette, as No. 739: shawl roughly indicated. Red clay: hight shp, partly turned red. R. arm misomer. I Ieight $208 . \operatorname{LII} 94.7$.
741 . Statuette, as No. 73; linger, rounded be:nd. Nose, i. shoulder, wast, and base broken. 'Traces of black colour on body. Black burder on hase. Red-brown clay; reddush slip. Ileught 24.4 . 1 . II $9+7$.

742 Budy of stitucte, cslindrical; splated bise; wertucal arms Ileaght i6o l, 11 9+7.
743 Statuette, as No 73 ; short, rounded beard; hormontal shoulders, marked eychrows, head bent baekwards. Neck and $r$ arm broken. Red-hrown clay, reddinh slip. lleaght 24.2. I. II 947 .
744. Statuette, as No. 73, short, rounded beard ked-brown clay. reddish slip. Heisht 23.8 . I. II. 94.7
745 Statuette, as No -3: short. rounded heard. 'Irraces of hlack colour Redi-brown clas, reddah slip leweht 227, LII. 947
746 Statuette, as No. 233; trapezoid head; long. rounded beard, incised mouth Bands around hoad twisted 'Trates of colour Broher at $r$. shoulder. Hewhet 20 S LI1. 94.7.
747. Statuette, as No. 79. K arm missing. Hewht 230. I, $11.9+7$.
74\%. Statuette, as No 218 , lonerer, rouncled beard and very wide shoulders. Heimht 22.7 J. 11 947.
749. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded heard. Red-brown clay; haht slip. Herght 239 . LII 947 .
750. Statuette, as No. 79, longer, rounded heard. Helsht 23.7. I, II. 94.7.
751. Statuette, as No 73, short, rounded beard $R$ arm broken Red-brown clay, reddsh slip. IIeaght 248 LII. 947 .
752. Statuctte, is No. 269; lonerer, rounded beard 'Iop of helnet damared. Red-brown clas ; reddish shep. Hewhit 26.2. L. II 94.7.
753. Statuette, as No. 124. L. arm broken. Herght 23.0 . 1.II. $9+7$
754. Statuctte, as No. 73; longet, rounded beard lloght 24.7. LII. 947.
755. Statuette. as No. 79. Black border on hase. Red chay and slip. Helght $25+\mathrm{I}$ II. 947
756. Statuctte, as No. 73, loner, rounded beard: short, conical helmet; very wade shoulders; head bent backwards. Height 23 4. I. If. 94.7.
757 Stituctte, as No 124 ; lonser, rounded beard Slip partly turned rech. Helght 245 I, in $9+7$
75. Statuctte, as No 2S6; rounded outhne of the what. Traces of red colour on helmet; traces of black cobour in face, red and black, cursed bands on shamb, two forrizontal bands at wast, concentrac, black, aneubar lines representine the fold, of the skirt on lower bods. Red-brown clay; hoht slip. LIteht 251 1, 11, 047.
759. Statuette, as No 29 ; short, rounded beard Reddish slip. Hewht $253 . \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{It} 947$
 beard, and hamr, curved black hase wer breast; borizontal lines at elhows and wast. Red-brown cldy. light slip. Height 23.1. L. If. 947 .
7 bi Statuette, as No 73 , longer, rounded beard. Black border on base, Ilewht 200 L, 11, 3 7.
762. Statuette, as No 73; longer. rounded. narrow beard. Traces of black colour on body Ilaght 23.1. 1.11. 94.7.
763. Statuette, as No. 79: longer, rounded beard Black horder on hase. 'Top of helmet missing. Red clay and slip. Height 23.5. L. if. 94.7.
764. Statuette, as No 269: long, curved, straight-cut beard. Henght 24 2. 1.11 . 94.7.
765 . Statuette, as No 145 ; longer, stranght-cut beard. Nose missing; neck broken. Height 2io. Lir. 947.
766. Statuette, as No. 79. Damaged. Height 22.0. LII. 947 .
767 Statuette, as No. io; pointed beard; traces of colour. Height 23 2. Lir. 94.7.
768. Statuette, as No. 79. Broken at waist. Brick-red clay. Height $23_{2}$ L. Ir. $9+7$
769. Statuette, as No. 233; long, rounded beard. No traces of colour. Broken at r. arm and below wast. Nose and most of bands around head missing. Height 21.9. LII. 94.7 .
770. Statuette, as No. 79 Broken at wast and r. arm. Part of hase missing. Breck-red clay, red ship. Henght 23.0. L II . 94.7.
771. Statuette, as No. 137; triangular beard: long, concave helmet; shawl falling from 1. shoulder across breast to lower part of r. arm. Heught 27.2. L ir. 94.7.
772. Statuette, as No. I37; trapezoid head; very short beard; long, soft helmet. Traces of colour on hody: hlack horder on base. Height 24.2. L 11 . 94.7.
773. Statuette, as No. 338 ; short, rounded beard; erect head. Broken neck. Height 25.2. I 11 . 94.7.
774. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. R. arm broken. Herght 25.5. L, II 94.7 ,
775 Statuette, as No. 79; longer, triangular heard. Nose and all body broken; base, parts of body, and rarm missing. Red-hrown clay, red slip. Height 27.0. L ir. $9+7$.
776. Statuette, as No 73; short, rounded beard. Red clay; red slip. Height 25.0, 1, 11. 94.7.
777. Statuette with cylindrical, sold body, splayed base: vertical arms; rectangular head; roughly modelled mouth; long, triancular heard, long, straght helmet with hand round base: shawl with rounded outhe over both shoulders. Both arms and wast broken. Brick-red clay:; light slip. Herght 297 Lir. 947.
778. Statuette, as No 269, trapezotd head; longer, triangular heard. Top of helmet damased. Red-brown clay; reddush slip. Heaght if.7. LII 94.7 .
779. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Red clay:; red-brown slip. Height 24.2. LiI 94\%.
780 Statuctte, as No. 73; longer, rounded heard Red clay; red-hrown slip. Height 23 2. MI 8. 94 I.
781 Body of statuette, as No. 742 . Heght 14.5 . MI 8. 94.1.
782 . Ram statuette with short, concave body; straight legs and tail; triancular head with sloghtly prominent eves; peflet ears; back-eursed horns. Length 75 MI 8.94.1.
783. Hand of terracotta with modelled fingers. Length 67. MI 8. 94.r.
784. Fragment of an arm, hollow Hand and upper part miscing. Length 23 o. M18. 94.I.
785. Statuette, as No. 227; rectangular head. Height 13.5. MI 94 I.
786. Head of statuette, similar to that of No. 73. Height 4.5. M18. 94.i.
787. Statuette, as No. 269; short, triangular beard, only slightly marked eyebrows: helmet with splayed top. Height 220 . II 8. 941 .
788. Bull statuette with flat, short body; genital organs; sold Fegs tapering downwards; long neek, flat in front, with wave brisket; triangular head with curved horns; oval, prominent eves; curved. incised lines indicating eyebrows; inctsed, slightly angular, transverse lines on nose; nostrils vaguely indicated by slight projections; incised mouth. Ends of horns, both ears, ends of both forelegs, hind legs, and tall missing. Red-brown clay; light slıp. Hand-made. Length 162 . MI 8, 94.I.
789. Horse, see No. ifz3. Length inio. Ni 9. 94.1.

790 . Horse, as No. 789. Length 120 . MI 9. 94.1.
791. Statuette, as No. 787; square head; longer, rounded beard: short, triangular helmet. Nose missing. Light slip. Hught 21.5. M 8. 94.1.
792. Statuette. as No. 79; longer, trangular heard. Broken neck. Red clay; light slip, partly turned reddısh. Height 22.4. MI 8. 94.I.
793. Statuette, as No. 169: trapezoid head; longer, rounded heard; without pellet mouth. Vertical black lines on helmet; encircling band around hase of helmet; eyes, eyehrows, beard, and hair panted black; horizontal black lines across breast and back continuing along arms to elbows; crossed lines at elbows; two transverse lines at wast, hlack horder on base. Lower part of 1. arm missing; beard damaged. Height 22.0. II 8.94 .1 .
794. Statuette, as No, 79; longer, rounded beard. Top of helmet massing. Height 23.4. MI 8. 94.1.
795. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded heard. Black border on base. Height 24.5. MI 8. 94.1.
796. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Redbrown clay; red slip. Height 2 I.I. MI 8. 94.I.
797. Statuette with cylindrical, solid body; splayed hase; vertical arms; almost horizontal shoulders; oval, rather rectangular head; slightly prominent eveballs; marked eyebrow line; pellet mouth; long, straight helmet. Traces of red colour on helmet; black, rertical lincs on body, red, oblique, transturse lines carelessly drawn on body; traces of red colour on body. Brown clay; light-brown slip. Height 215 . MI 8. 94.1,
798. Horse statuette. See No. 1781 . M 8 . 94.1.
799. Terracotta sheld. Diam. 5.7. II 8. 94.1.
800. Statuctte, as No. 79. R. amm missing. Height 2 I .7. II 8. 94. I
8or. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Nose damaged. Heght if 5. MI 8 94.i.
8oz. Fragment of a terracotta head. 118 94.r.
Bo3 Body of statuette. Sice No. 214. M18. 94.1.
So4. Charotetr, as No. 2388. Height 13.3. MI 894 I.
805. Statuette, as No. 79: triangular beard, short, conical helmet. Red-brown clay; red slip. Height II.4. MI8.94.r

806．Arm of terracotta，hollow；hand with fingers．Cpper part missing．Length 28．6．Kio．99．2．
807．Legs and feet of terracotta attached to plinth；1．foot advanced．Height 30．0．K゙ 10 ．100．8．
808．Feet of terracotta，isohnear，without modelled toes； attached to a square plinth；basket－handle from one foot to the other．Height 175 ．K ro． 997.
809．Masked figure，with 1．arm hifting mask of hull＇s head， holdıng the mask over his own head．The hull＇s head has curved horns，sheghtly prominent eyes；pellet ears； brisket；rather pointed nose without mouth and nostrils indicated．The male figure has rather broad，hori－ zontal shoulders．L．horn，r．arm，and male hody from hreast missing．Brown clay，hight shp．Height 16．5．K 10． 99.6.
810．Feet，similar to No．808，but with no basket－handle． Height i4．0．K io． 99.6.
81i．Statuette，as No．233；lone，trangular heard；flat body；nose，hars，ears roughly modelled；prominent eyeballs．Traces of colour．Light slip．Height 29.5. K го． 99.6.
812．Body of statuette，eylindrical；splayed base．Upper part missing．Height 10．0．K 10.99 .6.
813．Statuette，as No．44；oval head；pellet mouth；plain ears；r．arm bent below the shawl，which falls from 1. shoulder obliquely across body．Broken at wast；r． hand missing．Brown－red slip．Henght 19．1．K ro．99．6．
814．Statuette，as No．233．Lower part missing．Herght 12．2．K 10． 99.6.
815．Statuette with body as No． 42 ；square head：short． stralght－cut heard；band round the head．Traces of colour．Light slip．Height 19．8．K 10 99．6．
816．Statuette with cylindrical，solid body；splayed base； both hands holding a flute：square head；thick bands around head；mouth－band tied behind head to hold flute in place；knap－sack hangrng in a strap on 1. shoulder．Ears and head－band are painted red；eyes， evebrows，and the mouth－band painted black；traces of black colour on arms and body．R．arm broken； most parts of thute missing．Light slip．Height 17.8 ． K 10．99．6．
817．Statuette，as Ňo．233．Neck broken；chin missing； body chipped．Herght 21．2．K ro． 996.
818．Statuette，as No．138；rectangular head，ears roughly modelled；pellet mouth；long，curved，rounded heard； shawl stranght，with a semıcircular Hap in the middle over breast．Waist hroken；r．ear，part of r．shoulder， and r．hand missing．Height 250 ．K io．99．6．
819．Statuette with body as No． 42 ；trapezond head；separate， conical helmet with upturned cheek－picces and top bent back；arms with undigitated hands．Nose and thumb of 1 ．hand missing．Lught slip．Height 19.7. K 10．99．6．
820．Statuette，as Ňo．27，trapezold head；large，projecting nose；roughly modelled ears；long stranght－cut，in－ cased beard；thick band round head．Eyes，eyebrows， moustache，and beard panted black；black lines along
shoulders；two horizontal hene at want．Hught ifg К 1 о 99．6．
821．Statuctte，with body as No． 42 ，thin，square head， long，straght－cut beard．Batek of helmet blatk，herti－ zontal blach lines on back of what．Broken at wast； 1 ear massine Reddesh slip．Herght 109 ．K 10 ．ap 6
822．Statuette，as No．821；trapezond head；brg nosc；roughts modelled ears；short，stramht helmet；long，strameht－ cut beard Herght 220 K io 996
S23 Lower end of cylindrical bods of statue with twis isolunear feet；modelled toes，attached to plinth．Dam of hody 23．0．K ro 997.
82＋．Statuette with body as No 42 ；trapezond head：bir， cursed nose，promment cephalls，pellet tars；short， rounded beard，long，narrow helmet with top bent back．Both arms massing；broken at waist Lught slip． Herght 2r．4．K 10.99 .7.
825．Statuette，as Kor．73．Hethht $2+2$ ．К 10 ．（90．7．
826 Statuette，as No． 79 ，longer，rounded beard，pellet nose；short heimet．Lower part of 1 ．arm misang． Hemht i8．1．K゙ ı． 997
827．Statuette，as No 138，bonger，strasht－cut beard． Broken wast and r．hand．Hegght 21 I ． 1 i 10 yof．
828 Statuette，as No．815；longer，rounded heard k ． shoulder broken，part of hand round hedd，and $r$ ． ear missing．No panting Herght is \＆．K 10 g9\％．
829．Hollow statuste with aplayed banc；upper part masemg． Height 10．0．K 10.99 .7.
830．Statuette，as No．42，pellet mouth；band along back of head；cross bands on top．Lower part of body and r．arm nutsing Brown clay；hath slip．Heght 139 K10． 997.
831．Statuette with hody as No 42；trapezond head：panched nose；pellet ears；long，rounded beard，short，straght conical helmet，h．ww over both houlder，Red－brown clay；huht slip．Hewht 22 \％．Kio．g8．5．
832．Statucte，as No 577；square hetal，honser，rounded heard；both arms bent ower breat holdines aquadruped． No pantane Iaght slep．Helght 20．4．li io us
833．Statuette，as No．7\％．Heught $21+$ ．K 10 ． 185.
 projecting，curved nose；pellet ears；long，roundel beard，band around head falling down back of head indeating har；both arms ad anced holding a thete，now missing Beard chipped．Shp montly turned redelinh Henght 17 3．K 10.18 .5.
835 Statuette，as No． 25 －1113；short，rounded beard， hand round hedd folline down the batk of hedal，pro－ hably indeatune har Hescht is．z．K io as 5.
836．Statuctte，as Mo． 42 ：hand around head．＂is－shaped hair．Chin damaged；bods chupped；r arm broken． Lieht slup．Heught 222 ．K゙ 10 ， 8 8．5．
837．Arm of terracotta sculpture prowded with a hole for fixing it to the sculpture looner part of hand moseng． Length 23 5．Kio． 885.
838 ．Head of statuette，owil in hape with thick，rounded chin，mouth with softly modelled hpe（much worn），
straght nose wath thack tip: leaf-shaped eyes with raned has whe thek, almont strameht eyebrows (probably once feathered, but worn ofi), roughly modelfed cors with emremes at tup and ant of car: sloping forebead; the hair is falling over the back of the head in a rased mas and comes wut from cap in front, indicated by incisions, the cap is concal with a hole at the top. Hand-made. Cpper earrmes of l. war massing Brown chey: huht slip. 'Cotal herght $19+$ Height of head 105 Lencth $8+$ Wieth 8.0. K io. 98.9.
'i39. Fragment of a bull statuctte wath rather triangular head: incred mouth and nostrils; slightly modelled eyes, pellet ears, stranht legs; horns and back part of bode miwing Herght 8 o. K io. 989.
8 $\ddagger$. Frogment of statuette, hollow, elliptical in section Wath bulgang, wademing breast. Height rqo. K ro. 90.2 .
$8_{4}$. Head of statuette, as that of No 25 I Height it.5. Kio. 902.
842. Statu•tte, as No 7y: short, straght-cut beard. Top of belmet mssing, broken at maddle. Red-brown clay: black core. Herght 2 I.o. I, IO. 94.3.
Siz C'sindicical body of statuette. Traces of colour on body. Height 15.0 L Io. 94.3 .
$8_{44}$. Statuette, as No. I $3^{8}$, rectangular head; long, rounded beard, arms with undigitated hands. Black border on base $R$. hiand mising. Red-brown clay, heht slop. Herght 207 . 1.10 .94 .3 .
B4.5. Statuette, is No. 7! Arms missing. Hetght 237 LIC. 1 \# 3 .
8,6. Statuette, is No 79 ; longer, rounded beard. Shoulders, body, and r. arm broken; part of 1 shoulder, 1 . arm, and lower pert of body noissmes Black-red clay; greybrown slip Height 20.8. I, 10. 9+3
$8_{47}$. Statuette, as No. 477 owal head Broken at neck, wast, and $r$. .rm: lower part of f . arm mismen. Hequht 212 . 1. TO. $9+3$.
$88^{8}$ Statuette, :1s No. 79. Broken belons wast and top of helmet. Black border on base Hewht 25.2. I 10. 94.3.
 at neck, $r$ arm, and wast; lower part of 1 . arm missing. Heruht 22.3 1.10.94.3.
8.0. Nitatuctte, as No. 79 ; vers short beard. Lower part of atme mosmer Brek-red clay; black-ied ship Ifeneht 125.1.10 94.3
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{B}} 1$ statuette wath flattened body, splayed base; short, serteal arms in one piece with body, trangular, wedgethaped head, pincbed nose, trangular beard, pellet eare; stramht. short behmet. length 230 . I, 10. 9+ 3 .

S53 Sitatuette, as No 7o. R. arm broken, lower part of 1 arm and top of helmet miseme Herght 20.8. L, 10. 45
S3t Statuette, as No. 79. short, consal helmet Height

855. Atatuctte, as No. 218. longer. rounded beard. Black boriler on bose broken it want Hereht 22.91. 10943.
856. Statuette, as No. 218; short, straight-cut beard. Black border on base Top of helmet damaged. Hereht 19.4. L 10. 94.3.
857. Statuette, as No. 73; longer, trimgular beard. Broken at wast; l. arm missing. Red-brown clay; light-brown slip. Herght z2.0. L тo. 9+3.
858. Statuette, as No. 282. Red coloured helmet with black border; black eves, evelorows, and beard; black neck-line; black horizontal band across breast; black lones along shoulders and arms ending in black transverse lines below elbows; traces of black and red vertical lines along body; black border on base. Broken at neck and below wast. Heaght 26.6. I Io. 94.3.
85y. Statuctte, as No. 79. Broken at waist; top of helmet musing Black border on base. Height 22.0. Lio. $9+3$.
860 Statuctte, as No. 269; ratber wedge-shaped, square head; slighty marked evebrow lines; short, rounded beard. Broken neck and $r$ arm. Red-brown clay; reddish slıp. Heıght 23.2. L io. 94.3.
S6I. Statuette, as No 2 I 8 , longer, rounded beard. Broken at 1. arm and waist. Henght 20.2. L 10. 9+3.
862 Statuette, as No. 79; longer, straght-cut beard. Heaght 22.7. L 10. $9+3$.
863. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Broken at wast; base partly damaged. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Hewsht 23.6 . I, 10. 94.3.
864 . Head of statuette, as that of No. 79. Helmet, eves, ears, and beard painted black. Height 6.0. L Io. 94.3.
865 Statuette, as No $\mathbf{~ 5 2}$. Black eves and har; black angular lines below neck on breast; lines along shoulder; ladderbands along sides of body; transverse lines at wast. Inwer part of body broken. Height $17.5 . \mathrm{L} 10.94 .7$.
866. Statuette, as No. 52, but without beard; same decoration as No. 865 , but without angular lines. Height i9.4. L. 10. 94.7.
867. Statuette, as No. 155; longer, triangular beard; horizontal shawl draped over beoth shoulders. Broken neck. Light slip. Herght 21.3 Lio. 94.7.
868 Statuctte, as No. 53. Black har, eyes, and beard; black neck-line from which run angular lines; ladderband along sides of body; transverse lines at waist; lines along shoulders. Heght 19.8. L io. 94.7.
8oog Statuctte, as Nio i5s Broken neck. Height 198. L 10.94 .7.
870 Statuette, as No 52. Har and eyes are panted black; black neck-line, angular lines over breast; black lines along shoulders and arms; bands of ladder-pattern along sides of body, three transverse lines at wast; a black border on base. Broken neck. Height 185. I, 10. $9+7$.
871 Statuette, as No. 86; both arms bent over the breast holdinge quadruped, beard only indicated by black colour. Hanr panted black, bands of ladder-pattern along shoulders and :arms; horizontal, oblique hanes over breast; bands of ladder-pattern along sides of body; two bands of ladder-pattern at wast; black
border on base; ears and neck of quadruped panted black. Part of lower hody and hase missing. Height 17.4. L 10. 94.7.
872. Statuette, as No. 871. Both arms and lower part of body broken; part of hase missing. No panted beard; only traces of colour on back of head. Heaght ri.0. L 10.94 .7.
873. Statuette, as No. 155 , longer, triangular beard. Both arms and base missing; broken neck, wast, and base. Height 25.5. L 10. 94.7.
874. Statuette, as No. 99; without beard. Reddish slip. Height 19 o. L 10. 94.7.
875 Statuette, dis No. 221; longer, triangular, rounded beard. Black helmet; traces of black colour on ears and eyes; black beard, hlack lines alone arms and sides of body; black border on base. Nose and 1. arm missing. Height 24.2. 1. 10. 94.7.
876. Statuette, as No. 53; traangular, painted beard; sem1circular lines below neck-line; bands of ladder-pattern along sides of body. Height 20.2. L 10. 94.7.
877. Statuette, as No. 83. Beard indicated by black colour on chin. R. arm missing. Height 212 . Lio. $9+7$.
578. Statuette, as No. 52; short, panted beard. Har and eyes are painted black; black angular neck-lines; plain lines along shoulders; band of ladder-pattern along sides of body, transverse lines at wast. L arm broken. Height 19.8. L 10. $9+7$.
879. Statuette, as No. 83 Beard panted on chin. Heıght 21.7. L10. 94.7.

88o. Statuette, as No. 86, both arms bent over breast holding a vase. Hair, eyes, and beard painted black; lincs along shoulders and sides of body; transterse lines at wast; black border at base; blak line along rim of vase. Herght 21.3. L 10. 9+.7
581. Statuette, as No. 53. Hair and eyes black; black neeklines; bands of ladder-pattern along shoulders to elbows; black lines along sides of bodyy transverse lines at waist; black border on base Height 220 . L 10 . $9+7$.
882. Statuette, as No. 269; square head; marked evebrow lines, without border on base. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 23.4 . L io. 947.
883. Statuette, as No. 53. Height 21.6. L io. 947.

88\%. Bull statuette with roughly modelled body. senncrecular in section; freely hanging tail; legs tapering downwards; neck with stralght brisket, triangular head; curved horns, oval eyes; modelled eyebrows; modelled nose with nostrils; open, incised mouth. Hand-made. Ends of looth horns and 1 car mussing. Red-brown clay; reddish shp. Length 22.2. Lio. 97.5.
885. Statuette, as Ňo. 79; long, trangular, rounded beard, Nose chipped. Reddısh slip. Henght 245. L.9. 99.4
886. Statuette, as No. 73. Height 26.0. L9. 99.4.
887. Statuette, as No 124; lonser, rounded beard, eyes, eycbrows, beard, and moustache painted black. R. arm missing. Helght 256 1.0 994.

888 sitatucte, as No 53. Black beard, red wars, blach har and exes; lines alone shoulders and body; neck-line; angular lines and horizontal lines over brait, three transverse lines at wast. Herght 19.8. Ly $99+$
889. Body of a statuctte, cilindrical, uplested bast, wertacal arms. Head messing Height i4.5. L, g. 99.4.
890 Statucte, as No. rog, trapezond heded, longer, trimencular, rounded beard, wathout pellet mouth Helnet, eess, beard panted black, rertical, black lines on batk of head indicate the hair, hatched fields on breast; vertical lines alonse sades of hod!; transserse lines at wast. Height 21.5. L9. 994.
Sor Statuette, as No 831 ; short, rounded beard; anderitated hands, incised eles. Helght 22.2. L9 99.4
802 Statuette, as No. 138; rectangular head; loneer, rounded beard; roughly shaped ears, shawl with stringht, slightly rounded outhe, head uncosered. Broken below wast. Red-brown clay; hyht shp. Height 18.1. L 9. 99.4.
893. Statuette, as خo. 27, but wearme a bow and filled quiver hanging behind 1 . arm from the shoulder in a strap. Panted eyes, eycbrows, beard, and har; shawl marked by red band bordered by black lines oblequely from 1 shoulder to r . arm-hole. Broken wast and $r$ hand. Lught slip. Heluht 2I 6. L 9. Mg.t.
894. Statuctte, as No. Sos but with pellet mouth; scarab on breast; rounded shawl. Helght 18.3. L. 9 994.
So5 statucte with thody as No. 42 , slighthy splayed base; straight shawl falling over both shoulders, across breast, trapezond head; nose and ears roughly shaped; short, rounded beard; head uncovered Harr, eyes, eyebrows, moustache, and beard panted black; red horiantal lines on shawl; red neck-line, arms red with black border lines; black vertical lines along sides of body, belt of black latticed band bordered by biack lines around wast, black border on basce. Brown chay: light slip. Heught 217 . L.9. 99.4
896. Statuette, as No. 716; lonser, rounded beard, nose and ears roughly shaped Black horianital lines on helmet; eyes, eyebrows, beard, and moustache punted black; horizontal, hatched lines on breat, band of ladder-pattern along upper arms to elbows; three transserse lines at waist. Hewht 19 1. 1.0 yo 4 .
897. Statuette as No. 831. Black lines round helmet; eyes, eycboows, moustache, and beard panted hlach, hlack network over breast on front of shawl; black horizontal lines on back of shawl; transserse lines at wast. Broken at neck. Helght 17.2 . Lo. 99 4 .
Su8. Statuette with body as No 42 ; tall, strumht helmet, tall head woth roushly shaped nose and cars; exes shagtly marked by two moptesod limes, trangular, rounded beard. Broken at neck: top of helmet misshas. Height 202 L 9. gy.t.
899 Statuette, as No. 83i; short, rounded beard; straght shawl. Red-brown clay: hight slip. Broken at neck, nose chipped. Hersht 19.5 L.9. リリ + .
900. Statuette, as No. + ; trapezond hedd, plann cars; r.
arm bent ofer brais:, 1 arm, now missing, probably aloo bent. Sistracts of colsur. Lower part of r. arm, 1. arm. and lower part of body missing Hergbt if 5 . I. $9 . \quad(0)+$

وo1. Arm of turracotta, hollow, hanal with fingers. Length :+7 1810 969.
902. Bull statuette. wath budy ds No. $88_{4}$, curved back: freely hanerine tall, solud legs with knees and hoofs roughly modelled: plan neck, flat m front; head with cursed horns. roughly modelled ears: promanent exes, luner nose without nostrils and mouth; the head is panted black. Hand-made. R. horn, 1. fureleg. and both hand legs missing. Red-brown claye, red-brown slip. Length 185 . K io g6.9.
903 Arm of terracotta, hand with fingers. Middle tinger and index missing. Length 26 3. K io. On No. 904
got Statucte wath tubular boely: splayed base; I. arm sertacal: r . arm bent over the breast in the folds of the mantle, both with undiritated hands; sloping, wide shoulders, tall neck; small, oval head, short, rounded beard, straght, slightly smalneg, mouth with roughly modelled lips: thin nose; round cheeks, roughly modelled (ars with two earrings, eves are only indicated by panting, rased tuebrows: sloping forehead; har falliner in rased mans with concare sides on hack of the huad, one curl in front; helmet strasht, conical with spleted. hollow top: a band round the hase of helmet 'The statuette is dressed in a chiton wath short sleeses, and a mantle over hoth shoulders with plan relief border, in winch the $r$. arm is slung in a fold The haur is panted batack, traces of hack colour on elss, arrs, had, and beard: traces of read colour $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ the face The statuette is made in two parts hoth with holes on the bach, the upper part fits on the lower wathout any collar. Wheel-made and hand-made Part of base, upper besly, and one carione in l. tar maseiner, parts of upper body broken. Red-broun chas, haht shep. Hewht 930. Shoulaler welth 23.7. Base whath 155 . Wast walth $1+5$. Breast damm. 107 Neck horuht 55 Neck walth 7.0. Head heruht 47 Head walth 82 llead length 8.2. Arm length

yos Hollow leas and fiet. anolmear, attached to a plinth.

yot 92S 93r.
Lpper part of statue with Hattened body, oval in secthon, almost hosizontal shoulders, concave neek, rather small, rectangular head (No. 931), plan, rectangular bearal: a fant smak on the thon hips: straght, then nome: lancet-shoped eycs with rased hads and marked éblorow , rutghly modedled ear wath carrings, stranght torehead; rows of small curls in faont helow helmet; helmet is of a hemopherical type woth neck-coner and a round hole at top, probably for insertion of spike of another materad. it is decorated with vertical incisons in front and with carcular, stamped incisions on sades, 1 arm is icrtical, $r$. arm bent and slune on
a fold of the mantle. The statue is dressed in a chiton with short sleeves and a mantle oser both shoulders leaving a trangular opening in front. The statue is hand-made, woth back-hole, and two small holes on sudes of base for ansertion of pegs to fix lower part (now massing): the l. lower arm was separately put in by means of pegs in pierced holes. Luwer 1 . arm, back of helmet, thumb of $r$. hand, earrings of $l$. car mossing; smaller parts of head, parts of shoulder and back restored with gypsum. Red-brown clay; brown slip. Length 89.5. Shoulder width 480 . Base width 340 . Head herght 18.5 . Head length 18.5. Head width i6.0. Neck height 8.7. Neek width 1I.5. K 10. 99.5.
907 Sitatuctte wath tubular, wheel-made body; somewhat sloping shoulders; flattened breast; ovoid head; rounded beard; incised mouth with thack, ratsed edges; long, prominent, slightly curved nose with nostrıls; promonent eves with rased eychrows, sloping forchead: helmet with straght spike: hangang cheek-pieces modelled in front covering tars; vertical arms; hands wath fingers, dressed in a mantle with fringed border hanging over l. shoulder. Spike of helmet, ends of cheekpleces, and both arms mussing; breast broken. Height 41.I. K 10. 99.5.
yo8 Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flattened hreast; somewhat sloping shoulders; thick, concave neck, lons, thack nose; incrsed mouth with rased edges; promment eyes with raised eyebrows; chin with straightcut beard; helmet wath straight spike and hanging cheek-pleces; the helmet and head in one piece; cheekpleces made scparately; vertical arms; undigitated hands; and sloping forehead. Brown-red, gritty clay; light slip. L. arm broken. Height to I. Kio. 99.5.
yoy. Statuette whth tubular, wheel-made hody; flattened hreist; horizontal shoulders, concave neck; oval head; short, rounded beard; roughly modelled lips; almondshaped eyes with lids and marked eyebrows; carefully modelled ears; straght forehead, hair not andicated; separate helmet with straight spike and upturned cheekpieces; vertacal arms; hands with fingers; dressed in a folded mantle with fringes falling over 1 , shoulder; statuette made in two halves, the upper one with conical top; head made separately. Brown clay; light slip, pantly effaced. Nose, 1. cheeli-piece, and parts of base missing; head hroken at neck. Height 85.0. K 10. 97.6
910. Armı hollow; hand with modelled fingers. Length 260. К 10. 97.6.
911. Fragment of a cyllindrical bodỵ, hollow; splayed base. Herght 23.0. Ki ro. 100.0.
912. Statuette, as No. 815. Lower part of body and both armis missing. Hught g.8. K 10 . 100.0 .
913-- 1086.
Statuctte wh tubular, wheel-made body; bulging breast; sloping shoulders; trapezoid head; rather long, straght-eut beard; incised mouth, with roughly shaped
lips; pellet nose; leaf-shaped cyes with painted hds, 1ris, and eychrows; plan ears; hair indicated by plain, rased surface on back of head and relief stripes along sides of neck; straight forehead; helmet modelled in front, with straight, hollow spike: hangeng cheekpieces. Eyes, beard, and haır painted black; black border round base of helmet; encircling, concentric red bands ahove the black horder; below neck in front, are two black angular lines; black, vertical lines along arms; two vertical, hlack bands along sides of body indicatıng chiton. Body broken at waist, neck, and beard; both arms and ends of cheek-pieces missing. Back-hole. Green, gritty clay; greenish slip. Height 56.3. K го. 96.6.

9rf. Bull statuette, sımilar to No. 884. End of r. horn and ear, nose, tall, r. hind leg, and end of 1 . hind leg missing. Red-brown clay; light slip, partly effaced. Length 12.5. Kir. 100.1.
915. Fragment of a terracotta head with straight, thin nose; almond-shaped eres with lids in relief; slightly curved eyebrows in high relief. Lower part of head and headcover missing. Eyebrows, 1ds, tris panted black; traces of red paint on face. Height 53.2. K ir. 100.1.
916. Fragment of head, oval, with pointed chin; incised mouth; full cheeks; upturned nose; almond-shaped eyes with lids in relief; slightly curved eycbrows in relief; hair visible in contiguous plaits on forehead below covering venl. Height io 5. Kir. 100.3.
gr7. Fragment of head of terracotta. Kil. ioo.o.
918. Black Slup V small jug with raised base; sack-shaped bodyr; neck with handle-ridge; narrow mouth; outturned, swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 6.5. K 11 . 99.9.
919 . Head of statuette, as that of No. 79; rather straight helmet. Height 5.1. L 10.99 .9.
920. Head of statuette, as that of No. 83 . Height 4.7. L 10 . 99.9.
921. Statuette of horse and rider; similar to No. 922; the horse with front-cover; head-cover with plume; strap With tassels round neck; the rider with conical helmet; hanging cheek-preces with upturned ends; sheld with central boss and strap over 1. shoulder. End of 1 . hind leg, end of tail, top of head-cover, and plume of the horse missing; end of r. check-plece, part of strap over r. shoulder, lower part of legs of rider missing; horse and rider broken in seceral pieces. Red-hrown clay; light slip. Length of horse 115 . Heigbt of horse-man 12.0. L 10. 999.
922. Statuette of horse and rider; the horse with narrow, short body; tall neck; long, narrow head; prominent eyes; erect cars; hogged mane; slightly marked nostrils; peg-shaped legs, tapering downwards; tall hanging along right hind leg; the rider with flat, rectangular body; large, wedge-shaped head with pellet eyes and ears; big nose; rectangular, rounded beard; conveal straight helmet; both arms stretched out grasping horse's neck; legs stretched out along sides of borse.

Black mane, eves, iris, front-band, check-band, and three horizontal, black lines between eyes; black bands along sades of neck and forelegs; breast-band indicated by two groups of three horizontal, black lines; black lines along the hind legs, which eontinue over the back. The rider has black helmet; black band along arms and ower bach; traces of black lines along sides and legs. Rider's left arm and waist, horse's tanl, r. hind leg, and neek broken. Length of horse 15.2 L 10. 999.

923 Open lamp of terracotta, saucer-shaped, with flat rim; wavy sbaft-bandle; two projections at the square wick-holder. Lengeth (with handle) 28 o. Min 98.o.
924. Feet, solinear, attached to a plinth; part of hollow legs preserved. Height 20.0. K-I, 11. 989
925. Hollow arm and hand with modelled fingers. Length 38.6. K ir. 99.2 .
926. Fragments of a statuette with oval head; thek lips; curved nose; leaf-shaped eyes; ralsed lids; feathered eyebrows; ears with earrings; hatr falls along neck, with horizontal incisions; sloping forehead; conical helmet with uplifted cheek-pieces. The body is broken in small pieces, and has not been fut together, head broken at neck; $r$ part of neck and $r$ ear massing; the surface chipped and effaced here and there. Brown, soft clay; brown slip, rather worn. Head helght io i. Head length 6.9. Head width 77. Kif. 996.
927. See No. 66. Kır. $9,2$.
928. See N N . 906 . K 10.99 .5.
929. Fragment of a cylindrical, hollon body, splayed hase Herght 19.0. К 9 -- 10 . 100.5.
930. Upper part of statuette, elliptical in section; 1. arm vertical; r. arm bent holding buck statuette in front attached to body; concare neck; oral head with rather narrow, rounded chin: full lips; nose with thin ridge; tip slightly upturned with incised nostrils, semi-lunar eges; hds in low relef; feathered eyebrows; cars with earrings; hair falling in compact mass with curved sides on back of head; head corered with conteal helmet with uplifted check-pieces and top bent back The figure is dressed in chiton with short slecres. Much damaged and put together from hundreds of pleces. He1ght 33.3. K 10. 99.2.
931. See No. got. K ro. 999.
932. Statuctte, as Nor 25 - iliz; arms with undigitated hands; raised hds. Fyes, eyebrows, beard, and har panted black, traces of black colour on body: black neck-line; black line along shoulders; transverse lines at arms; double lines along sodes of hody with transverse lines between; transverse lines at wast, black border at hase. Broken neck. Hexgh 18.7. K 10 IoI. 1.
933 Arm and hand whth top of fingers missing. Length 24.8. K9-10. 101.1.
934. Arm and hand with modelled fingers. 1.ength 263 . lig. iol.i.
935. Foot with modelled toes. Length S.2. Kig. Ior.i.

936 Head，as that of if2．Flewht int．K9 10 ol ．
937．Iland of terracotta with modicllal tinger Laneth 102．K9 IOII
938 Rucr－stone of dhmot rimbular whape with trace of hasing bean rubbed with onement and burnt by fine The stune has been used do cult object Broken Dlam． it） 0 1．io．（90 $)^{0}$
939 statuctte，as N 27 ，short，rounded heard；band around head hangeng down the back of head．probably indecatines harr，shawl with rounded outhe oser both shoulders．lise，egebow，and bar panted hlack Broken at neck Heaght 175 1． 10 100．8
isto Statucte with that bods，hloping houlders．1．arm vertical．r．arm bent oeer the breast boldine a quat： concate neck，wal head，rather thatk lips，somewhat concave nose with nostris；modelled ears with douhle carrines，leaf－shapul eyes：rased hids，feathered ere－ hrows；sloping forchead，modetled harr falling in a mass on the back of head：woft．conical helonet with top bent back．The statuctte is dressed in a chiton，with short sleeses，punted with hack and red sertical lines．Ionere part of hody mesane：upper booly and head broken．Hancl－madt；back－hole．Brown clay： brown slip Fletuht 201.1 .10 gin．i．
9＋1（ Nal hody of statuctte．Heal masong．Heaght 35.0 L，io．ioi．r．
942 Hedd of statucte，do that of No it Hetwht ；O．I． 10 （0） t 。
943 Framments of a bods of a statuette．elliptical in seetuen． に゙ェо ヶ 7
9＋4．Iforac，as No．7ro Lenatis 170 ．K 10979
945．Fiat handle with wneade－dew belonging to an incense－ burner of terracotta．Lengeth ith 5．Wio． 101 I．
（94）．Arm，hollow，and hand woth modelled tingers，upper end of arm with pees poreecl with holes for fixing it

947 Lower part of itatue，owal in wetwon，wath collar at the end for boepine the upper p．irt of satue in plate

9tr．Frasment of head with conical helmat Ifeaght e 120 に11 100 亿
04）．Arm，hollow，and hand with mondelled finsers leeneth 310 К18．1007
950 Red thip 111 （V）shallow bowl wath rased hase；wade run，turned downtards．two pheced hole at rim linercheng，groosed lines round rim Dam 12．3． Mrifys．
 haghtly bent－m．Finereling blak and red hines outshe and inude rem；the reat of inssale panted red，broad red band below ram on the outote Dam．I2 2 Mif． in Xu 952.
952．Bachrome IV bowl．a＊No．t59．Dam．130．МIII 153.
 95 ：
954．White Panted IV rather deep bexil with rased base：
bulging outlent；contracted rim；one horisontal handle betos rim．Linarcling lincs round bode；concentric corcles below rum：part of bous and handle missing： Uewration amost effaced Diam．io7．Мir．In No 95
955 Kul shp II（IV）bowl with ralsed bast，bulging out－ line：flat rime，plereed be two hokes．Diam．13．3．Min． 953.

956 Plan White V「 jug，as No．45．Height iz．6．Mif． 953.

957．Red Slep 111 （ 10 ）jug with biconcal bode：rather wide， short neck，splaying upwards：handle from rum to shoulder：lower part nussener Hewht 6．6．Mir 95.3.

9．8 Plan White V small juer with pear－haped bods：flat hase；neck with handle－ridge；narrow mouth：wide， tlat hip：handle from neck to shoulder．Height 7．0． Mry 95 ．
959．Plan Wint：V jug，as No． 45 Height 15.5 ．Mir． 953.

960 Open lamp of terracotta，saucer－shaped，with pinched wack－holder．Dtam．136．XI 11953.
96i．Black－on－Red III（V）plate with rased base；wide rim，shghtly turned down，and plereed by two holes． Enctrcling lines inside；groups of transverse lines encircled hy lines on rim．Dam． 21 3．Mir．96．7．
962 Plan White V jug，simular to No．49．Height 7．8． Mra．（1）

（f） 4 ．Mann White V jug，as Xo 45 ．Height 12．9．Xit． 950
0e5 Plan White IV small Jug wath flat base，oral body； very short neek；pinched rim，handle from rim to shoulder．Hegeht 7．7．MII．95．7．
g66 Plan White V jug，as No．45．Height 168．Mir． 95.7.
（26）．White Panted V jug with rassed hase；ovond body； narrow neck，tapering upwards；pinched ram；handle from ram to shoulder Encireline lines around rim， neck，and body；parallel，vertical lines on shoulder； vertical lines along handle．Heneht 180 ．Min． 95.3.
g6s：Plan Whate IV small jues，as No．965．Henght 8.3 Mif 953.
（169）Plan White IV small jug，as No 965 ．Height 7.8 ． Mit．953．
$97^{\circ}$ Plain White IV small juer，as Non．9f5．Height 8．o． M11 953
971 Head of statuette，as that of No．79．Heght 5．5．II in． $100+$.
972．Statuctte，as No 70 Hepht 213 3．Lio． 996.
933 ．Statuctte，as $\mathrm{N}_{0} \mathrm{Sis}_{5}$ ，trapezond head，short，rounded beard，head－coser with fringes Height 17．3．L io． $90 . f$
15t Sitatucter woth body as No +2 ；long，rounded beart， trapezond head，short，stratisht helmet，strawht shawl wer both shoulders Red helnet，（yes，egebrows， moustache．heard．and hair panted black；black neck－
line; red band bordered wath black lines on shawt; black border betow; two transwerse lines at wast, lower body panted red. Hught 199 . L io. 99.0. 9.5 Fragment of cylindrical body of statuctte. Hueht 7.0. L io. 99.6.

1,6 Statuctte with boely as No. pz; narrow, square head; nairow, straight-cut beard; excballs vaguely modelled; punched nose; pellet cars, lome, straught hetmet. Broken at neck and waist; base damaged. Hetght 242. L. ı3. 99.6.
,i77 Statuette, as No. 73; trapezond head; short, rounded beard. R. ear and 1. arm missme Red-brown clay; lyght-brown slip Ifereht it5 L io 996
158. Statuette, as No. 79; black eyes; short, triangular beard. Top of helmet and arms missing Heaght 21.7 . Lro. 996.
474. Statuctte, as No. 79. Height 16 +. L. io. 996.
,880. Statuette, as No. 895; square head; pinched nose; pellet ears; longer, straght-eut beard. Har, eves, evelbrows, moustache, and beard panted black; honzontal network bands on shawl; traces of colour on body. Broken breast. Helght 17.5 . L 10. 99.6. usi. Statueite, as No. 509 Helght 160 . L 10 99.6.
1822 statuette, as No. fo; sertical arms; no shawl, trapezord head. No traces of colour. Light slip. R. shoulder and neek broken. Henght 27 7. I, io. 99 6.
483. Statuette, as No. 137; :rapezoid head, incised, lancetshaped eyes; longer, strasht helnuet. Nose, 1. car, and part of base missing; neck, 1. arm, and waist brokicn Herght 20.3. L io. y9.6.
984. Statuette, as No. I38, trapezold head; very short beard, short, straght helmet. Traces of black and red colour on helmet, panted border at base. Broken at neck; r. arm missing. Red-brown cldy; liqht ship. Herght 20.3. L Io. g96.
485. Statuette, do No. 282, hut with square head; long, rounded, narrow beard. Helmet painted red wath a black border line round base, eyes, eyebrows, and beard panted black; black vertieal line from neck to base wheh is disided into two lines around neck and bordered by two vertical red lines; black and red transwerse lines on arms; red cars. Red-brown elay, light slip. Hewght 26.5 I , to 996.
(986. Statuette, as No. 79, but with oval head. Henght 25.3. L io. 996
(, $8_{7}$. Moulded statuette with plank-shaped body; isolincar feet peepins out of the chiton; 1 . arm vertical, r. arme slung in a fold of the mantle, whoch has a fringed border and is thrown ower both shoulders; trapezonl head; long, rounded, tapering beard with vertical, thin incisions; mouth with thick lips; broad, thick nose; semi-lunar eges; slopine forchead; modelled cars, a real on the head. Black beard; traces of red border on mantle. Head, bredst, and wast broken; upper part of head and small parts of body mosong. Herght 23.7 I, 10. 990.
0.88. Statuette, as No. 987. Hlarr, uce, eycbrows, uris,
moustache and beard panted black. Whaht 130 L 10 9.0.
 longer, trangular, narros beard $\operatorname{li}$ bathe border 'Top and neek bruben. nose damated Rul-biown

y, o Statuette. is No. 4t, rectangular had; short, round beard. Traein of colnur Nick, bralist, and 1. shoulder broken; r. ear and tront of face missing Brown clay, light sipp Heteit $20+1$, io 906 .
991. Statuctte. as No. +07 ; trapczosd head; triangular, rounded beard, helinet with top bent bakk; $r$ arm bent holding strord accoss body, 1 arm holding a shold with central spoke Red and black lines along arms: traces of coldur on budy; helmet and sword panted rad. red and back radiating, filled trangles on slucld divided by red, radating lines. Neck, r. arm, and sheld broken, nose chipped. I Lyht slip. Height 17.9. L10. 996.
992. Statuctte, ds No. S6, but hedd as No. $\mathrm{s}_{3}$ Traces of paunt on head; black lines on neek; transterse lines at watst; black border on bdse. Broken below waist and at neek, part of babe missing. Hught 215 . Lio. 996.
993 Statuette, as No. 233, sungle broad band around head, pellet mouth. Beand and lower part of body missines. Heqght I4.5. L. 10. ys'. 3
994. Head of statuette, as that of Nio. 52 Height 5 .r. Lio. 97.6.
995. Statuctte with body as No 22 ; short, soft helmet, rectangular head; longer, rounded beard; vaguely modellad exce. 'l'races of black and red colours. Herght is 7. L io. 9' 3.
got. Statuctte, as Nio. Fo; longe transular beard; rouphly modelled ears, horizontal shoulders. Red-brown clay; light slip. Henght 200 . I. Io $2 \mathrm{~S}_{3} 3$.
997, Statuctte, as No. 83 ; peilet mouth, long helmet; shanl falling ower 1 . shoulder, undegtated hands Neck broken; r. arm mussing. Heteht 27.0. L. 10 . 18.3.

gg9 Statuette, :as No. 822; long, rounded beard. Broken at neck Reddish slip. Hewht 23.9. 1, 10. 1,83.
1000. Statuette, as No. 1154; onls a tivisted bancl round head. Lower part of base masing. Hewht it a L $10 \quad 983$.
1001. Black Pollohed small Jug, shape ds No 2iz. Huwht 7.1. Міп. 96.8.
1002. Plan White V jut, smmatar to Nis. fo. Height 7 f. Мı. 96.8.
 narrow neek with landle-ridge. Hlat, out-turned rmm, smalt handle From nuek to shoulder. Nat slip, damaged. Hemght S.- Mir of.8.
100f. Coarse small jug with that base, depressed ad benle; wade neck. splayed upwards, handle from ram to shoulder. Herght 57. AI II. 90.8.
1005. Feet, isolnear. wath modelled toes; attached to a trapezond plinth. Herght 16.0 Kig. yf 8 .
1006. Statuette, as Xo. 815; rectangular head; longer, strangh-cut beard. Part of band round head; both cars, nose, both arms, and part of base mising. Reddish slip. Helght 23.4 Il9. 99.5.
1007. See خo. 13 \19. 99.5.

1008 Coarse jug, as No root. Danared. Herght 7.1. X 9. 49.5.
1009. Searab si white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base incised signs for Horus and uraeus. See Appendices I and Il Lenath ifs Kil 95.3 .
1010 - rozo.
statue with flat body (No. 1ojo), widening wast; isolnear feet, visible below the chiton; vertical arms; horizontal, somewhat concave shoulders; tall, concave neck; small, narrow; trapezord head (No. 1oro); long, rounded beard; smaling mouth with rather angular hps; thin, curved nose; roughly modelled, large ears; almond-shaped eves with raised lids: ridged eyebrows; sloping forehead; soft helmet with top bent back and seams marked by relief lines. The statue is dressed in a chiton; upper border marked by painted line around neck and seams by lines along shoulders and upper arms; overfold with side-flaps; girdle of plain band in relef; ridged folds below grrdle. Eyehrows, lids, irns, moustache, beard are painted black. The upper part of the body is wheelmade and provided wath back-hole; the lower body is all hand-made, with a collar to receive the upper part (230 8.0-12); the upper part is provided with pierced holes on the sides corresponding to holes in the collar of lower part for insertion of pegs hy which the two halves were fixed. The feet and lower arms are separately fitted. Head and body broken into pieces; both forearms and smaller parts of the head and body massing. Brack-red clay; heht ship, partly turned red on the upper budy and on most parts of the lower body. Hught $\ddagger 00$. Shoulder wadth 332 Base wadth $22.4 \cdot 8.0$. Warst width 28 5. 12.3 Breast dam. 140. Neck height 70. Neck wath 8.5. Head herght 142 . Head length 15.5. Head width in.o Feet length 17.8 K 10. 97.i. 1011 10;6.

Statuette, as No. 89s, but wath square head (No. 1056); longer, rounded heard, promanent eveballs; shawl bordered by two stripes meeting in angle from shoulder to wast. Hair and beard panted black; traces of black pant on eyes, face painted red; red neck with black border line; on shawl black and red angular lines between stripes suggesting folds; black lines round upper ends of arms, black lines alone sides of the body bordering a network pattern; black horizontal lines at wast; below that, crossed lines bordered by a segment. Neck broken; r. arm mussing. Height 21 6. Kg. 98.7.
1012. Fragment of statuctte, as No. 619. Lower part missing. Helght 11.5 . K io. 98.7.
1013. Fragment of a statuette, as No. 79. Lower part of body missing. Height 125 . K 10. 98.7.
${ }^{101}$. Scarab of black steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. See Ap pendix II. Length i.15. M11. 96.1.
1015. Lower part of statue; flattened body; dressed in girdled chiton; overfold with side-flaps: ridged folds below girdle; plan girdle; 1solnear feet; modelled toes; attached to plinth. Upper end prowided with collar for keeping the upper part of statue in place. Much damaged. Height c. 95.0. K ro. 96.1.
1016 , 2505.
Statue made in two halves; isolinear feet; flattened body; almost horizontal shoulders; left arnı vertical; right arm bent over breast and slung in a fold of the mantle; small hands; concave neck; oval, rather narrow head; rectangular beard with vertical, narrow incisions; full, softly modelled lips; straight nose with thickened tip; semi-lunar eyes; raised lids; ridged eyebrows; roughly modelled ears; sloping forehead; harr rased surface on back of head; head covered hy a soft helmet wath stamped circles and top bent back; dressed in a sleeved, girdled chiton; overfold with side-flaps and ridged folds below girdle; short, fringed mantle thrown over both shoulders leaving triangular space open in front. Part of upper body; left thumb, and part of face and helmet missing and restored in gypsum. Brown clay; light slip. Height 164.0. Shoulder width 4 I.0. Base width 26.8. Waist width 23.7. Breast diam. 12.5. Neck height 8.0. Neck width it.2. Head herght 23.0. Head wadth 15.0 . Head length 17.0. Arms length 44.0. Hands length 11.5. Feet length i8.0. Kio. 96.1.
1017. Lower part of cylindrical body, slightly convex; splayed base. Height +4.2. K io. 96.1.
1018. Body of statuette, oval in section; isolinear feet, visible in quadrangular, cut-away part at base of body; upper part of arms modelled and provided with a hole for attaching the lower arms. Head and r. shoulder missing. Herght 54.3. K 10. 96.r.
roig Fragment of the lower part of a statue with oval section; somewhat widening downwards; ridged folds of chiton in front; overfold with side-flaps. The body is hand-made, provided with back-hole. Part of upper end and most of collar missing, broken all through, Brown clay; light slip. Height 90.9. K 10. 94.5. 1020. Fragment of a statuette, as No. 1383. Head, r. arm, and base missing, part of the border of the mantle missing. Height 38.0. K io. 96.1.
1021. Statuctte with tubular, whecl-made body; sloping shoulders; flattened breast; concave neck; ovoid head; chin with broad, pointed beard; incised mouth with thick, raised under-lip; very prominent eyes; raised egebrows; large, roughly modelled ears; sloping forehead; helmet and head in one prece; helmet with straight spike; undigitated hands; 1. hand closed;
r. arm uplifted. Salmon red clay, butf corc, light slip. Head broken; part of r. arm misang. Height 40.5. К го. 96.т.
1022. Terracotta arm, hollow, and hand with modelled fingers. Length $4+5$. К ro. g6.1.
1023. Conical terracotta helmet. Height 10.7. K 10 06.1 1024. Fragment of a statuette K io. y6.1.
1025. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flattened breast; somewhat sloping shoulders; concxve neek, ovoid head; thek, long nose: incised mouth with rased edges; promınent eyes; ralsed eyehrows; triangular, rounded beard; helmet with stranght, knobhed spike; hinging cheek-pieces, coverines ears, sloping forehead; vertical, long arms; hands with fingers. Traces of black colour on back of head and on heard; lines on back of body; rased surface on upper arms indicating sleeres of tunic. R. arm hroken; thumb of 1 . hand missing. Brown-red, gritty clay, light slip. Height +3.6. Kio. 96 I.
1026. Statuette, as No. 79; a short, rounded beard. Height 232. K io. 96.x.
1027. Back part of bull statuette with cylindrical body; straight legs. Height 85 . Kio. 96 i.
1028 - 2077.
Statue with naked, isolnear feet; marked toenails; flattened body of elliptical section; bulging hreast; slightly concare neck; ovord head; short, round beard up to the temples, with stamped, circular incisons; straight mouth with thin, softly modelled l lps and panted moustache, short nose with thick tip; leaf-shaped eyes with raised lids; ridged, curved eyebrows; roughly modelled cars; rather straight forehcad; hair is modelled in a plann, raised mass on back of head; tall cap with short top bent back; 1. arm vertical with closed hand; and the $r$. arm uplifted in position of aduration. The statue is dressed in a chiton, with short sleeves and overfold with side-flaps; a mantle with fronged border in relief slung orer both shoulders. Eyebrows, lids, iris, moustache, and beard are painted black; helmet, ears, and the fringed border of mantle painted red. The statue is hand-made; the feet are put in separately and attached to the clay; the 1. forearm was put in separately hy means of pins through perced holes; upper half (No. 2077), kept in position hy a collar on the lower half (No. roz8); upper half with hackhole. Upper part broken (now repared); lower part intact. Brown clay; light slip. Height 172.5 . Shoulder width 45.0. Base width 37.0. Wast width 26.r. Breast width 18.i. Neck height 8.7. Neek width 12.4. Head height 17.7. Head length 17.6. Head width 15.4 Arms length 64.0. Hands length 15.5 . Fect length 21.0 . K 10. 96.I.
1029. Statuette, as No. 907; horizontal shoulders; mantle with plain border. Brown-red, gritty clay, light slip. Neek, body, and 1. arm broken; r. arm and part of border of mantle missing. Henght 6o.2. K io. 96.1.
1030. See No. 1010. K 10 . y6.1

103I Statuette with tubular, whecl-made body; flat breast; sloping shoulders, coneave neek; trapezond head; short, rounded heard: incised mouth with rased edges: pellet nose with nostrils, promment escs; marked eyebrows; roughly modelled ears with holes for carrings, plan hair: slightly slophny for head, helmet niade separately, with straight, hollow spike ancl upturned eheck-pieces; vertical arms; hands with fingers; dress indicated hy modelled, short sleeves on arms. 'Traces of red colour on helmet and recl border at base. Back-hole. Fingers of r. hand and waist broken; fingets of 1 . h.ind and part of base missing. Brown-red, gitty clay; light slip, partly effaced. He1ght 53.5 . K 10 . of I .
1032. Statuette with body and moulded head, as No. rogz; helmet with straight, clored spike, hanging checkpieces; arms holding a round sheeld with eentral spike. Top of helmet, neck, shecld, and lower body broken. Height 22 +. Kio. y6 I.
1033. Statuette, as N゙o. 1025; horizontal shoulders, long, concave neck; rounded beard; cheek-preces and front part of helmet are made separately. Spike of helmet, end of 1 . check-piece, and fingers broken; one finger on $r$. hand missing. Brown-red, gritty clay; light slip. Hecght 398151096 I.
1034. Statuette, as No. 102r; rounded beard; nearly stranght nose. Dark line round neck, traces of dark wolour on beard, transverse lines over breast indieating ehiton. Lower part of 1 arm broken; top of helmet missing. Height +0.6. Kio. y6 r
 horizontal shoulders. Neek and both arms broken. Red-brown, gritty elay; loght slip, partly affaced. Herght +9.5. K10. 96.t.
1036. Statuette, ds No 73; short, rusunded beard. Redbrown clay; reddish slip. Hegght 26.2. K 10. yfor
1037 - 2454.
Statuette with tubular body (No. ro37); upper part of elliptieal section, somewhat convex breast; sloping shoulders; long, concave neek; head (No. 2454) rather long, trapezond; square beard; face moulded, as that of No. 1725; modelled hanr falling in a semmercular mass hehind; concal helmet; vertical arms with fingers. The statuette is dressed in chaton with short slues with marked borders; overfold with side-flaps, plan girdle in relicf. Black border around base Wheelmade up to hack-hole on haek. Head broken and partly damaged; top and parts of sodes of the helmet. hoth thumbs of the hands, cars, and part of the gredle mussing. Brick-red clay; black core; heht slip. Height 79.0. Shoulder widh 257 . Base whdth 18.2. Wust width 127 Breast dann. i2.I. Neck hewht 6.2. Neek whdth S.i. Head helght 9.0. Head leneth 13.0. Head width 10.6 Arms lensth 325 Hand length 8.2 K ro. 96.i.
1038. Statucte, as No. 1032. r. arm vertical; and 1. arm
bent, holding object now missing. Top of helmet ' and part of 1 . arm masing; broken at neck. Height 22.3. К io. 901.
1039. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body, slightly Hattened breast; sloping shoulders; onord head; mouth with roughly shaped, thick $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{p}}$, rather short, thick nose, promment efes; rased eyebrows; prominent cheeks: rounded beard; belmet with straight, closed spike; hanging cheek-pleces made separately; rest of helmet in one plece woth head; long, vertical arms; undigitated hands with modelled thumbs. Lower part of $r$. arm, and end of $r$. cheek-piece missing; neek broken. Brown-red clay. Height 36.4. К 10. 96 1.
1040. Statuette, as No. ro21; pointed beard; dress indreated by colours; chequered border along r. side indicates border of chiton; mantle painted black, with oblique red border and black lines across body; black border at base. Breast and arms broken; top of 1 . ear missing. Height 40 3. K 10.96 .1.
rofi. Statuctte, as No. 1668. Height \&i.o. Kio. 96.i. 1042. Statuctte with hollow; cylindrical body; splayed base; flat breast; sloping shoulders, oval head; pinched nose; pellet ears; marked eyebrow line; mouth with thick pellet lips; no beard; conical helmet; statuette dressed in a shawl falling over both shoulders. Lower part of arms missing; wast broken. Brown clạ; light slip. Height 3 i.o. K io. 96.i.
1043 Statuette, as Xo. 1035; somewhat sloping shoulders; straight-cut beard Head broken; 1. hand, two fingers on r. hand, and top of helmet missing. Brown-red, gritty clay; light slip. Height 54.5. K io. 96.i.
1044-2495.
Statue with isolonear feet; modelled toes; vertical arms with modelled fingers, separately attached; sloping shoulders; concave neek: rather triangular head (No. 2495), short, rounded beard, marked by contiguous, stamped circles, slightly smiling mouth with earefully modelled lips; full checks; curved nose with modelled nostrils; eyes leaf-shaped with promunent eqeballs; slightly curved eyebrow line, stranght, brodd forehead; rather carefully modelled cars; hair falling in a compact mass on back of head and marked by narrow, vertical incistons below helmet in front; head covered by conical cap with plan top The figure is dressed in a chiton wath short sleeves; plain overfold with side-flaps; ridged folds below overfold; a mantle slung round both shoulders and falling along back of figure; the mantle incised with horizontal lines at short intervals. Height 102 o. Budy to shoulder 77.5 . Shoulder width 26.5 . Wast width 14.5 . Breast dam. 12.5. Neck height 5.0. Neek wadth 6.8. Head height 13 o. Head wadth 118 . Head length 13.0 . Arms length 27.5. Hands length 9.7. Feet length 90 . Kio. 94.4.
1045 Lower body of statue, osal in section; dressed in girdled chiton; overfold with side-flaps; plain girdle:
ridged folds below girdle; collar at the upper part for kecping the upper body in place. Herght 52.0 . Куо-их. y 5.9 .
1046. Chariot, drawn by four small horses, with short, narrow bodees; stranght, pes-shaped legs; straight necks with flat fronts; talls falling down 1. hınd legs; heads with pellet eves provided with blinkers; incised mouths; perced nostrils; small pellet ears; plain head-cover; two front-bands starting from head-cover and meeting each other on nose; on necks of horses 1 s lad a yoke which connects the horses in pars. Breast-bands which are placed rather high up on necks are attached to yoke; from the outer 1. and r. horses is a pole fastenced to the yoke; of the reins, only that of the outer l. horse is preserved.
The body of the chariot is high and of a rectangular shape with three plan sides and open in the rear. It is hollow and provided with a floor placed rather high. Two plan wheels are resting on an avle with slightly projecting hubs. Two figures are standing in the chariot, both with outstretched arms below front edge of the chartot. The heads are moulded, as that of No. 1092; pointed beards, short, conical helmets, the 1 . one with haneing cheek-pieces, the r. one with upturned check-pleces. The 1. figure is dressed in a fringed mantle falling over 1 . shoulder. The r. figure is of smaller size. On either side of the charot hang a shield and quiver, the 1 , shield decorated with pellets suggesting bronze mountings; the r. one plain with central boss. The chariot is divided in two parts by a low partition, with one figure standing in each part. The group stands on a roughly rectangular tablet. The reins of the outer and inner r., and the inner 1 . horses missing; top of 1 figure's helmet and $r$. figure's r. cheek-preces missing. Light-brown clay; light slip. Length $\mathbf{1 6 . 5}$. K io. 96.1.
1047. Lower body of statue, oral in section; provided with collar at upper end for keeping the upper body in place. Height 47.5 . K 9-10. 97.2.
1048. Feet attached to a plinth Height 22.1. Ki 9-10. 97.0 . 1049. Statuctte with Hattened hody of oval section; sloping shoulders; tapering, concave neck; ovoid head; straight, rather short nose with somewhat thickened tup, well modelled mouth with full lips; prominent, semi-lunar eyes with raised lids; feathered, straight brows; modelled tars with double earrings; somewhat sloping forchead; harr with concave sides falling in a compact mass on back of head; thick "turban" with incised network round the head; 1. arm vertical; r. arm bent over the breast prorided with a bracelet on the upper arm and holding a goat in the closed hand. The statuette is dressed in a chiton with short sleeves. Hair and eyebrows panted blaek, traces of red colour on the face; traces of black and red lines on body. Lower part of body, parts of back, and lower part of I. arm missing, neck and body broken. The statuctte is hand-made, the face seems to be moulded
and touched up; 1. forearm is separately fixed to the upper arm. Brown clay; brown slip. Length 3+7. Shoulder wadth 21.4 Wast width I4.r. Breast dram. 7.8. Neck herght 4 7. Neck width 7.8. Head height 122. Head length ro.4 Head width 8.3 Arms length 39.0. K9-10 972.
1050. Feet with modelled toes; isolinear; attached to a plinth; at the top a wedge-shaped eross-plece. Height 18.5. K 9.97 .0 .
ıosi. Statuette with tubular, whecl-made hody; flat breast; sloping shoulders; short neek; trapezord head; incised mouth; rather thick and short nose; prominent cheeks; prominent eyes; roughly modelled cars with holes for earrings; short, rounded beard, straight forehead; conical helmet; vertical arms with undigitated hands; chiton indicated on arms at elbow. Lower part of body missing; head broken at neek. Back-hole Brown, gritty clay; ship almost effaced. Height 37.8. K 9. 97.2.
1052 - 2442 .

Statuette with body of hour-glass shape; bulging breast; horizontal shoulders; long, concave neck; oral head (No. 24+2), mouth with finely modelled, rather thick lips; faint smile; nose with upturned tıp; semi-lunar eyes; lids in relief; feathered, arched evebrows; panted irls, roughly modelled ears wath two earrings, one at the top and the other at the lower end of the ear; plan, rased hair with concare sides falling in a compact mass on neck; almost straight forehead; hemispherical helmet with short, straight spike and large, rounded cheek-puces; 1. arm vertical, the $r$. arm bent over breast. The feet are isolinear. The statuctte is dressed in a chiton with short sleeves with borders in rellef, and two black lines round the neck; black and red band round waist suggests girdle; black lines on the lower body indicate folds; a red mantle over both shoulders and falling over the r. arm with borders in relief. The eyes, eyehrows, and hair are panted black; face with hps, ears, helmet, arms, and hands are panted red. The statuette is made in two halves; the lower one is promded with a collar, $8.0^{\prime} 70.3 .0$, to receve the upper body; each part is provided wath back-hole. The feet which are peeping out from the lower body are made separately and attached to the body. The lower part of each half is whecl-made; the rest hand-made. The clay is hard and red-brown covered by a light slip. Neck and 1. shoulder broken. Heaght 84.5 $^{\text {. Shoulder width } 22.3 \text {. }}$ Base width 180. Waist width 12.4. Breast dram. 14.2. Neck height 7.0. Neck width 8.5. Head height II.4. Head length 13.2. Head width 10.5. Arms length 183 . Hands length 6 o. K 9.96 .6.
1053. Feet, isolinear; roughly incised toes; attached to a square plinth; on top a hollow cross-piece Height 15.5. K 9. 97.0.
1054. Feet with modelled toes; attached to a plinth: 1. foot ddvanced. Lower part of legs preserved. Heqght 345. К9. 97.0.
1055. Feet, 1 solinear, with modelled toes; attached to a plinth. Toes of 1 . foot missing. Height 18.0. K 9. 97.0. 1056. Head. Sce No. ıors. K 9.98 .9.
1057. Body of statuette, oval in section, with concave sides; vertical arms with modelled fingers; owerfold of chiton and girdle indicated by horizontal black hands Cpper part and head missing. Height 57.0. K 9 . $96 . \mathrm{I}$.
1058. Body of statuette, oval in section, tapering upwards; with small, solinear feet peeping out of body; chiton with overfold painted red; gerdle indicated by horızontal black bands. Height 57.6. K 9. 96.1.
1059. The lower part of a statue, standing on base plinth with 1. foot adranced; feet with modelled toes; a tunic reaches to the knees with rounded outline and with ridged folds; sode-flaps along the sides and a plain belt. The lower part is provided $w$ ith a collar to recerve the upper body. Hand-made. Back part of collar mussing; body broken in small parts over the hips. Brown clay; brown slip. Length 52.1 . K го. 98.8.
1060. Moulded statuette with flat body; r. arm vertical: 1. arm bent over breast; isolinear feet; rather square head: broad chin; thick hps; thin nose, lancet-shaped eves with lids; marked brows; harr falls in a heary mass on neck; tall helmet with flat top: statuette dressed in a girdled chiton; black ıris, 11ds, beard; lower border of helmet black, three black, horizontal lines at wast suggest the girdle. Statuette moulded, but later touched up as to the dress, 1. arm and helmet, which are separately added. Red clay; hight slip. Height 25.6. K io. 99.2 .
1061. Statuette with body as No 42; rectangular head; pointed beard; pellet mouth; vell and turban on head, shawl draped horizontally over hoth shoulders. Harr, evelids, iris, and beard panted black; traces of black lines on shawl; transverse lines at wast; hlack, vertical sude lines along body. Broken wast; r. arm misming. Brown clay, black in core; brown slip. Height 20.7 . K 10.992.
1062. Statuette with narrow, flat, solid body; splayed base; plain, small, isolinear feet peeping out of hase; oblique arms, entirely free from body; undigitated hands; rectangular head, incised nouth; big nose; vaguely projecting cess; roughly modelled ears; long, rounded beard; short, triangular helmet made separately; rased border of chiton risible above feet; over breast and both shoulders shawl of rounded outhne, with a large border of incised lines, and decorated with incised, angular lincs in the middle. 'Traces of black colour on beard. Broken at waist and 1. hand. Red-hrown clay; light slip. Height +3.S. K 9-10. 992.
ro63. Statuette of limestone with rectangular body: r. arm vertical, 1. arm bent helow breast, hoth attached to body. The statuette stands on a square plinth which is in one plece with body. No modelled fect. Head mussing; surface of upper part of body damaged. Height 53.8. K-L:9-10. 99.0.
rof+. Scardh of white paste, Type $A_{5}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. On base inched, wined eriffin sice Appendices I and II. Length 2 I. L 22 . ys.b.
1065 . Situtuctte with tubular, wheel-made body, roughly flattened breast, broded shoulders; short, vertical arms; no fingers, oval head; c̣llondrical neck; large, straght nose; large, oral eyes slightly prominent; reunded beard: larete, dise-shaped ears placed high up; a helmet with straight spike separately modelled. Traces of black colour on base, 1. eyebrow, and cheek 'Iop of nose and r. arm missing. Back-hole. Herght 423. К ir. 95.0.
robth. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flat hreast; sloping shoulders, nearly straght neck; trapezond, rather oval head; chin with rounded heard; incised mouth with roughly shaped lips; curved nose; slightly prominent eves; marked evebrow line, plan ears; straight forehead; modelled helmet with bent top, and upturned cheek-pieces; plan, slightly rased har; rertical arms; hands with fingers. Beard, eyes, and hair panted black. Traces of black lines on helmet; black transuerse lines on arms; hlack border at base. Back-hole. Brick-red, gritty clạ!; black core: light alip, partly burnt red. Top of helnet, ncek, and fingers of $r$. arm broken. Herght 6r.7. K 11 . 95.0.
1067. Statuette, as No. 52. Traces of colour on hair: ladderpattern along sides. Height i9 4. Kin. 930.
1068 Arm, hollow, and upper part of hand. Fingers missing. Length 34.9. K II. 95.0.
Io69 Spear-head of terracotta with cylindrical socket; leaf-nhaped blade; modrib; painted black. I.ength 15.3. K II. 95.0.

1070 -- 1072 .. $1073 \div 1075$. Body (No. 1070) of statucte with tube-shaped legs; fect attached to plinth; r. foot adranced; both arms advanced; hands with modelled thumbs and incised fingers; r. arm (No. IO75) with bent fingers having hold of a reeapon, possibly a spear; 1. hand (No. 1073) holding handle of sword ( N (). I072) horizontally attached to body and hanging in a relief strap running obluque'y. over r. shoulder and below 1. arm. The figure is dressed in a tunic ending a little below hips, and slit up at left side; a girdle around wast indicated by rettical incisions. Tunce painted red with hlack ornaments consistine of pars of vertical lines in front of upper part of girdle cneireled hy black bands and vertical hins hetween incisions, lower part provaded with hatched border and a central ornament of trapezold shape with four black rectangles forming a secondary ornament of fork-shape, probably indicating a bag hanging from girdle. Strip of sword panted black. Fect and head missing. Height 68.o. K ri. 25.0.
1071. Statuctte with tubular, wheel-made body; somewhat bulsing breast: almost horizontal shoulder; straght neck; trangular head, narrow heard endene in speral curls, with circular impressions; mouth with modelled
lips and moustache with circular impressions; prominent eves; eythrows marked by circular impressions; roughly modelled ears with double carrings; short nose with slightly upturned tip and nostrils; sloping forchead; har is plan and slightly rased surface on back of head and falls down in front in strips, marked by circular inpressions; helmet with front border; upturned cheek-pieces, and soft top bent back, with tassel; arms slightly advanced: $r$. hand holding a round object with shaft; dressed in chiton with elbow slecves, bordered by incisions; angular incisions suggesting folds; plain girdle; mantle falling over both shoulders and hreast. Hair, beard, eyebrows are panted black; traces of black colour on eycs; face, neck, the naked parts of arms, and helmet painted red; traces of red colour on border of mantle. Back-hole. Lower part of body, upper part of $r$. arm, lower part of 1 . arm missing; end of beard partly missing. Lower part of body and neck broken. Redbrown clay; light slip. Height 44.8. Kíif. 950.
1072. See No. 1070. K II. 950.
1073. Sce No 1070. Kir. 95.0.
1074. Fragment of a horse statuette with thin body; flat front; provided with breast-band; cheek-band; headcover. Legs, tall, part of head, and mane missing. Length 8 5. KiI. 95.0.
1075. See No 1070 K í. 95.0 .
1076. Statuette, as No. 25 I , slightly marked eyes. Height 43.3. К ІІ. 95.0.
1077. Statuette, as No. 79; triangular beard. Body broken at wast, l. arm broken; r. arm missing. Height i8.5. KII. 95.0.
1078. Body of statuette, cylindrical; splayed hase. Height 9.0. K II. 950.
1079. Statuctte, as No. 79. Base partly missing; waist hroken. Briek-red clay; black core; red slıp. Height 22 5. K 11. 95.0.
1080. Statuette with tuhular hody, elliptical in section; Hat breast; shghtly sloping shoulders; long, rather trapezold head, straght-cut beard; mouth with smiling lips; prominent cheeks; nose with curved, broal tip; promment eges with marked eyebrow lines, roughly modelled ears; rather straight forehead; square, raised mass of hair; helmet wath closed spike modelled in front; then, vertical arms; hands with fingers. The statuette is dressed in a chiton with a triangular opening in front of the neck; slecres of medrum she Traces of black oblitue lines along the opening in front, traces of black on beard and hair. Wheel-made, except the head and smaller parts, which are modelled. Back-hole. Breast and neck broken; thumb of $r$. hand missing. Red-brown clay; light slip. Hewht 7I 2. Shoulder width 2I.8. Base width is +-I21. Wiast widh II.4-86. Breast diam. 7.5. Neck hemght 3.6. Neck walth 5.i. Head herght ir.3. Head lengeth 8.6 Head width 8.i. Arms length 23 2. Hands length 5.2 K-L II. 95.0.

1081．Lower part of a figure standines with l．foot adsanced， feet well modelled and painted red．The dress con－ sists of a short tunic pressed asdinet the legs and endeng above the knec：wertold with ste－flaps and rided folds befos（lnis the loser part of the statue up to the haps presericd Brown－sellow clas，black core；brown－sellas alip．Hand－made Herght 67．0． K 1 I ． 950 。
1082．Statuette with tubular．wheel－made hody；bulgine breast：slopine shoulders：concase necli：trapezond head，strasht－cut beard：mesed mouth with roughly modelled lips：curved nose whth Hattened radge and nostrits；almond－shaped eye with rased hde，ears woughly modelled wath triple carrings；sloping fore－ head，plan，shghtly rased har，modelled helmet with bent top，fertical arms，hands with fineers； dressed in purded chaton with orerfoid，and radged folds below girdle．Helmet and ears panted red， check－peces wath black berders：black border round helmet；har，beard，eyelds，and irs panted black： traces of black on chiton．Back－hole＇Top of helmet and neck broken，fingers of l．hand，and fingers of $r$ ． hand partly missing Bricli－red clay；light slip．Herght 61．3．K11． 950.
ro83．Fragment of lower part of statue owal in section， relief lines along shes and curved rehef tines in front indicating folded dress．Height 7 g．o．Kit． 950.
108f．Statuctte with tubular，whed－nade bedy；bredst and back somewhat bulging，sloping shoulders：rathersquate head；short，trianeular beard；incised mouth with roughly modelled lips，nose somewhat concale，with curved tip；pronment eves；plan ears，straght fore－ head；plan har，helmet moclelled in front，with bent top and upturnod cherk－picess；arms with undigit－ ated hands；r．hand rertacal，closed；l．hand bent， holding sword in a strap wer shoulder Buek－hole， Head broken：base and part of strup over l．shoulder nussing Brown－red clay；slip much effaced Height 398．К1ェ．95．0．
1085．Lpper part of forearm，hollow，cnding in a peg， pierced by hole for fixing it to the upper arm．Length 257 líi．95．0．
1086．Head，as that of I480．K in 950.
ro87．Statuctte with tubular．wher－made body；vers sloping shoulders．Hattened breast，sherhtly concate neck；ovold head，chin with small，rounded beard；pro－ jectiner pellet mouth；heg，nearly straght，prominent rase；promment eles；evebrows with ransed ederes； plain pellet ears；sloping forchead；plain har，shohtly rassed；arms with undigitated hands；helmet with straght，closed spule．Base and lower part of body missing．Brown－red，rather gritty clay；slip almost effacud．Hersht $505 . \mathrm{K}_{1} 1$ ． 95.0
ross．Head of statuette，his that of No．25i．Fies，evebrows， and beird panted black Top of helmet masing． Herght 100 ．K 11 950
1089．Hand with modelled fingers Length 215 K in． 950.

10go．Head of owod thape；long，triangular beard，incised mouth woth rassed，roushls shaped hips；eursed， thack nose：promment chechs，leaf－shaped ues with ralsed lids；marked a eborows：short，laping tore－ heid，eat，not modelled，mace wored by chucti－ preces of now missing helanct．Three piereed holes on batk of head The head is hamed－made and made separately for insertion in the bose：Brown－rud clat，lieht slip Hersht iof．Length 7 ．Width So Kíro 95.0
rogr．Framment of best：fif statue，wal in scetion Hurght 270．K 10．950
og2．Statuette with hollow，cylindracal，wheel－made luds， trapezold，rather onond，moulded head，put in eeparate－ ly：smang mouth；narrow，lancet－shaned eyes with heds and elebrows in rehef，lones，rounded beard： strabght torchead．shurt，concase helmet isth hangeng cheek－preces．Inght slip．Hewht 228 ．K io． 950.
rog3 Body of statuctte，calandracal；spla！bd bisc．I，nath 11 \＆K 10．95．0．
1094－1429．
Statuette with tubular，wheclmade bosty（No ifzen， bulgine breast；sloutly sloping shoulders，triancular head（No．IC0．4）with no buard，melsed mouth，stratioht nose；no nestials，sherftly prommont coses，marked exebrow line，sloping forehead，pllet ears；modelled helmet woth top hent back，ramed check－paces Back－hole．R．sale of face，upper part of breast， part of neck，lower parts of arms，and most part of lower body and hase missing Red－brown clas，slip effaced．Hereht 30.6 ．Ki 10.950.
Io95 Statuette of soft limestone standine with 1 ，foot ad－ sanced；thbs and knce marked，narrowing wast： Hat，sloping breast．horizontal shoulders；short neck， orod，reunded head；nu heded；promanent checks： theck lips；wide，fattened nose，narow，lancet－ shaped efes with modelled had and marked exe－ brows；slopone forchat，large ears，hat falls in a compact square mass on back of head，conmeal helmet with top bent back；vertical arms with elosed hands： dressed in a runce woth short weres，endines abose knees；platingirdle round watht＇The hase and statuette are made out of one storet，which is prosided at the back wath a praver，traperond in wetann，di a support for ile figure．Put toxether from nade preces． Top of helmet massing，Leineth +2.3 ．I．e日s to knees
 wadh 6．5．Breast damm or，mhouider wath 114. N゙eck herorth 2 I Nech wrdth +7 Ifad heisht \＄．z． Heal leneth 9 2．Head waith 63 ．Fect lunth 7.2. Arms leneth ix．s．K y．$⿰ 丬 夕$ 。
rogh statuctte，as No．5ד－：traperand head．Tracen of black colour on ças，beard．har，and body Lower part of body，and l．arm mesmme．Herght 105 ．N゙8． 10019
1007．Squale bane of lamestone and feet of laree statue with modelled toes；feet isolinear，attached to a square
stone plintly sunk into base. The base is well dressed from top to about 20 em from lower end. Sise of

1og8. Body of statuctte, hollow, oval in section, vertical arms. Lower part of arms and head missing. Height +3.8. L9 98 O.
1099 - 2735.
Statuette with hollow body, oval in section; small feet peeping out of holy and attached to semicareular plinth; sherhtly slopine shoulders; vertical arms; hands with mudelled fingers; slightly concare neck: orond head (No. 2735); trangular chen. rather thek, soft lips; thin slightly curved nose; roughly modelled cars; almond-shaped eyes; shahtly curved eyebrows in rehef; harr falling in a mass on back of neck and aloner stdes to shoullers; conic.l, soft helnet whth upturned cheek-picees and with top tassel hanging backwards. The figure is dressed in a long chiton with short sleeves, overfold with side-flaps; gralle at wast. Traces of red and sellow painting on dress, head, and helmet. Herght 84.5. Base width 19.5. Shoulder width 26.0. Wanst wath i6.6. Breast dram. If.3. Neck herght 5.5. Neck width 6.2. Head herght 127 . Head wadth 118 . Head length 10.9 . Arms length 23.0. Hands length 91. K-1, 9. 98.6. I100. Arm and hand with modelled fingers. Letegth 25.5 . L 9. 97.4.
1101. Fragment of a statuctte with plank-shaped hody; isolinear feet with modelled toes, standing on a base planth. The statuette is dressed in a long chiton, with redged folds below plan girdle around wast. The feet are panted red. Hand-made and provided with a collar to reedse the upper body. Cpper part hroken and large part masing. Red-brown clay; light slip Henght 47.3. K-1.9. 965.
IIO2. Open lamp of terracotta, saucer-shaped, with Hat rim; pinched wick-holder, with traces of smoke. Dram. 1 5 5. K゙g. On Nöo. 1103.
rio3. Open lamp of terracotta, as No. iro2. Dani. if.o Kg. Ior.4.
IIof. Hand with modelled fingers. Length 136 . Kig. ion.t. 1105. Fragment of cylindrical body of a statuette with splayed base. Herght g.8. L, 8. 101.8.
Iro6. Statuette, as No. 27; only traces of colour. Height y.o. I. 8. 101.8 .

I 107 . Statuctte, as No 1571, but with square-cut beard, and fillet around head. Lower part of body and left arm missing. Heeght 12.8 . 1, 8. 101.8
ino8. Terracotta bracelet. Diam. in.5. I. 8. ioi.8.
rioy. Statuette, as No. 73. Base missing. Height 25.2 . L. 8. IOI. 8.

IIIO. Statuctte, as No. 974, but shawl with rounded outline; triangular, rounded heard; long, straight helmet. Helmet, eyes, eyebrows, moustache, beard, and hair black, traces of black colour on shawl and arms. R. arm broken; lower body and l. arm missmg. Height 17.0 L, 8. 101.8.

IIII. Body of statuette. ç̣lendrical; splayed base: vertical, frec arms. Lower part of body and hedd mossing. Height 96 . L 8. Iois.
1112 Sitatuette wh hody as So. f2: trapezoid head; short, round beard, pellet mouth and ears; wer-shaped har; theck band round head; r. arm bent oeer breast; I arm bent over breast below the other; underitated hands Traces of black on eyes. nose, harr, beard, body, and base, traces of red colour on ears and hand around head, arms, hands, and body. light slip. Herght io 2. L. S. rois.
1113 . Sce No 25 L S. rois S.
1114~1115.
Statucte with solmear, plan feet; less separated by a groove; rertical arms wath undistated hands; strap over the 1 shoulder for holding ohject, now massing; trapezoul head (No. I1If) with long, stranghtcut beard; pellet mouth; thick, curved nose; pellet ears, haur wis-shaped; head covered by a soft cap. Broken at neck; 1. arm mussing. Red-brown clay; redash shp Hewht 13 6. 1.8. ror.8.
II16. White Panted V jug with hase-ring; hiconical body; neck with handle-ridge: flat, wide rim; handle from neck to shoukter. Fincieling lines and bands around rim, neck, and shoulder; freze of concentric circles on shoukder, ladder-p.ttern on handle. Height 7.5 . L8. 101.S.
1If7. Scarah of green stone, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base ancison of 'lype VII representing a standing stay with twig-shaped horns. See Appendix 11. Length $125 . \quad$ 人 8. 938.
1118. Oral scaraboid of multicoloured glass, almost that on both sides. The representation is entirely effaced. Worn and chipped Iength 1.3. Oin. 94.0.
III9. Flat, square seal of black steatite with three loops on the top Above: conventionalized bucraniun, sun-disc, and two stars; below: two geometrically designed animals of uncertain kind, framed hy parallel lines. Length i 8. Oif. 94.o.
II20. Oval scaraboid of grey-blue steatite, with slightly convex upper side. Representation of a Cyprote goat walking, in profile. On his back is sitting a little burd and in front of the hrad is a flower. See Appendix 1I. Lenuth 1.3 L 12.95 .7.
It2I. Body of statuette, cylindrical; splayed base Head and r. arm missing. Height is.o. M io. 99 9.
1122. Statuette of a minntaur with thin, cylandrical body; freely hanging tanl; hand legs with modelled knees; human forelegs; genital organs: human body Hattencd: navel and muscles on breast marked, uplifted, advanced arms with undegtated hands, trapezord head: long, stranght-cut beard with rertical incusions, straight, neised mouth with modelled lips; straght nose with nostrils; almond-shaped, deep eyes: rased erebrows; two short horns on head: ancesed lines sugeresting har in front; long, flat plats With spiral ends fall down to shoukders. Traces of
black colour on anımal's body, black line along middle of human body. Hand-made. Broken at junction of human and animal's hodies; cracks at hind quarter; base of hind legs, part of body, and part of 1 . foreleg missing. Brown clay; light slip mostly effaced Length 16.5. Height 28.i. Lir. 94 I.
$1123-789-790-1864-1971$.
Chariot (1123) drawn by fout horses (Ňos. 1864, 197r, 790, $\quad 809$ ), with straight legs; short, thin bedies; straght, or sluehtly concave backs; straight, cylindtical necks with slyghtly flattened fronts: plam, hanging talls: "duck's" heads: shightly projecting eves; incised, open mouths; perced nostrils, erect small cars: cheek-bands: nose-bands; plam headcover with erect plume. Inner r. horse has an crect support for the reins on back. Roughly modelled front-cover; small remans of yoke. Body of chariot rectangular with three plan sides and open in the rear; two plan wheels with plan, projecting hubs on an axle; snmall remans of two heams. At the back of chariot is an erect support ending in a loop. Two figures stand in the chariot. The 1 one is an archer with r. arm drawn back to draw the bow. He has a rectanyular head wath pellet nose and cars, and wears a soft cap. R. figure, beams, rems, parts of chariot and horses missing. Broken. Red-brown clay; hyht slip, nearly etfuced. Hand-made. Leneth 19s. I. in. 94.1.
1124. Charoot drawn by four horses, of the same shape as the horses in group No. if23, but with Hat, straight necks, and wathout nose-bands. On necks is lad a yoke with ends bent upwards connecting horses two and two; breast-bands, which are placed very high up, are attached to the roke; on the outer $r$. and 1 . horses the breast-band continues along side of neck below belly. Body of charot high and rectangular in shape; open in the rear; rests on a central support; two plain, solid wheels whe projecting huhs attached directly to sides of chariot, between outer and inner 1. and outer and mner $r$. horses two beams attached to yoke; at the back of charont erect support ending in a loop. In the chariot stand three figures. The $\mathbf{I}$. in front is a warrior dressed in a concal helmetwithout cheek- pieces; vertical arms; square chin: pallet ears. The $r$. in front is driver; he is dressed in a soft helmet with top bent hack; upturned check-picees; pellet ears; square chin; arms outstretched, holding rems. The r. man in the back of the chariot is of the same type as the driver: r. arm rests on side of chariot; the 1 holds an uplifted, circular sheld with spoke, hehind the warrior. The group stands on a roughly rectangular tablet, with rounded back corners, small parts nussing. Hand-made. Brick-red clay; light slpp, somewhat reddish. Length 22.5 . 1 , i I 94 . 1 .
1125. Charoot drawn by four horses with thin, short bodes; long necks: narrow heads; long, hangme tals, slephtly prominent exes; plain head-covers; smail, crect
cars. Body of chanot hugh and of the same shape as in group No 1046 . but solid. Two beams are fastened by straps around horses' necks to the soke In the chariot are three figures, standing. One driver in middle, dressed in a topered helniet with outstretched arms; to the I. a warror with soft helmet and henging check-preces, holding a circular shecld with a spike in the centre, in front of him; and to the r , another man with a band round the head, both arms bent over the breast holding an animal In the rear of charict is an erect support ending in a loop. The group stands on a roughly rectangular tahlet. Parts missing and broken. Hand-made. Red-brown clay: light slip much effaced. Length 24.0 , LiI. 94.1.
1126. Statuctte, as Nis. 145. Nose broken. Slip partly turned grey-brown. Height 21.7. Lir. 94.1.
1127. Fragment of a terracotta hon. Length c 12.5. 1. if. 94.1.
r128. Statuette, as No. g6: longer, rounded beard. No traces of pant. Height ig.b. L. II 94.1.
1129. Statuette, wath body as No. 42 ; tall, straight helmet; with longer, narrow, trangular beard. Brown clay? light slip. Height 24.5 . Lim. 94 I .
Hzo Statuette, as No. rizo, Traces of hlack and red verical lines on luwer body, black band round the helmet and black border on base. Red-brown clay, hight slip. Herght 25.9 L. II. 94.1.
113I. Statuette with bell-shaped, wheel-made body, Hattened breast; sloping shoulders; concave neck; "traght-cut beard; mouth with modelled lips; large eyes with modelled lids; shaghtly marked eyehrows; large, roughly modelled cars: double bronze earrings in r. ear; single bronze earring in 1 ear; sloping forthead; helmet noodelled in front, wath soft top bent back; hair plain and slightly rassed on back of head; arms bent over breast holding a buck: undicitated hands. Arms and body broken, top of helmet minsong. Brown, grety clay; light slip, somewhat effaced. Herght 3i 6. 1. if. 94 I.
1132. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body: slightly widening breast: cylindrical neck; wide head, large, ncal eyes; marked esebrows; pointed beard; disc-shaped ears; short, thin arms: undigitated hands: helmet with stranght top, in one prece with had. Back-hole. Both arms broken. Gritty clay, thin, light slip. Height 49.1. LII $94 . \mathrm{I}$
1133. Statuette with tubular. wheel-made body; bulging hreast; sloping shoulders; concare neck; traperoid head; pointed heard, mouth indicated by ransed line; convex nose without nostrils; straight forehead; slughtly promunent eves; marked evebrows: har is plan and slightly rased surface on back of head: modelled helmet with upturned check-pieces and soft top bent back: vertical arms: hands undigitated: dressed in plain chiton with orerfold. Black border at buse. Back-hole. Neck broken. Brack-red, rather dark clay: light-brown slip Height 57.0 . Lin. 94.r.

In 34. Statuette with tubular, whel-made hody: somewhat bulgines breist. heuhtly slopenge thoulders: fother rrangular herd: loner. Elightey curved nose: prominent, leaf-shoped, narrow eys. marked eyehrows, incead mouth whth than cetres. promment checks: stranghtcut beard, slopener forchead; rowisly shaped cars; plan, slaghty rased har, helmet with bent top and upturned check-pleces: Vertical arms: hands with fincers. Dressed in chiton with modelled, short slecves. Base and hur panted black Back-hole. Four finger, of $l$ hand missing. Red-brown clay; light slip. Hemht fy \& L II. of 1 .
1135 statuette with tubular body: flattened breast; wade, slopiner shoulder, than arms, stragnt hands weth fingets, ẹlindracal neck; oval head: trangular face; small, stracht nose, large, dise-shaped ears; ponted beadi straght helmet. $R$ thumb missing. 'Jom, white slip. Heisht 43 I. I. II. Qt I.
It 36 . Statuette wath tuhular, wheed-made body, Hat breast: slughtly slopiner shoulders; pyramodal nose wath nostrels; pellet mouth; prominent exes, merced exebrow hane; chin with puinted beard: strasht forthead: concal helmet with hanerne check-peces; rertical. arms: hatheds wath tinuer: D.ark strupe at base Backhole. A crack at r . arm to middle of the body. Recl chay; light slip Herght $55+\mathrm{I}$ III. 0+1.
1137. Statuette with tubular, whecl-made body: sumewhat flattened breast, sloping shoulders; r. shoulaler is broader and more sloping: straght neck, tripezond head; rather square beard; ancosed mouth with modellal lips: nose blyhtly eursed; leaf-shaped eyes with rased lids; marlied eyebrows; roughly modelled ears wath double earrongs; stranght forehead; hair marked by plan and rased surface on the neck; vertical amms; hands with fingers, dreased in plan chiton with overfold and short sleeres, helmet with comeal top and no check-pieces. Back-hole. Brown-red elds; lught shp. Niek, 1 and $r$ arm brokert; fingers of 5 . hand massing. Henght 73.0. I, II. 94.1.
1138 statuette with tubular, wheel-made body, somewhat bulging breast; sloping shouklers: straght rieck; trapezond head, rounded beard, incised, norrow mouth whth thin, modelled lips; , hort, straght nose wath nostrals; leaf-shaped eyes with lids in relicf; roughly modelled ear, wath triple earranes, strasht forehead. plam hair, modelled helmet with bent top and upturned check-peces; vertical arms, hands with fingers; dremed in grdled chiton woth overfold; plan, modelled grodle; ralged fold below and above girde. block border at hase. Back-hole. Top of helmet, end of $r$. check-plece mosing, beth , irms broken and $r$ hand broken Brick-red clay, heght slip, partly

1139. statuctte wath tubular, wheel-made hody: somewhat bulerines bresist, sloping shoulders, conease neck; trapezond, rather oral head, then with ponited beard: incised mouth with rourhly modelled liph, concare
nose woth nostrils; plan ears; stranght forehead; plan, shoghty raisecl har, helmet with top bent hack and upturned cheek-pieces; rertical arms; hands with fingers. Black border round base; traces of black transserse lanes on arms; red binds along sudes of hodey, mdicating slecres and dress. Top of helmet maseine: r. arm broken. Back-hule Brack-red clay; 1: sht slip, partly burnt red. Helght 68 2. L, I1-12. $9+1$.
IIfo. statuette whth tubular, wheel-made body; flattened hreast; sloping shoulders; concase neck: rather subure head, no beard, ineved mouth with roughly modelled lups; leat-chaped eves, rased eyelads; marked eyebrows; routhly modelled ears with single earrones; sloping forehead, band across forehead; vertical arms. Back-hole Back. top of 1 . sicle of head, and thumb of 1 . hand missing, head broken. Brownred clay; black core. Height 60 4. L. II. 94.i.
1ifi. Stathette with Hertened body, rectangular in plan, bobbin-shaped in section; upper body very thin; flat breast. slopong shoulders; straight, tall neek; trapezoid, almont tranoular head; stout, prommeat chin; smiling mouth: hort nose with upturned, thick tip; large, almond-shaped eyes with inesed lide; rodged eyehrows; roughly modelled cars with double earrings; sloping forchead; hanr falling in a compact mass down to shoulders; flat band round hedd; thin, short arms: 1 arm vertical: r. arm holding circular object; both prosided with undigitated hands; isolinear feet, peeping out of the chiton. The statuette is dressed in a chiton with sleeves below elbow; border of sleeves marked hy incisions; overfold with side-Haps; girdle is shown hy two black transverse lines; grooved folds below gralle; mantle falling over both shoulders, back, and along the sides of the body with folds in relief and pantings. The folds of the mantle are panted red; traces of black on the harr. The statuette is whecl-made up to the wast; other parts are hand-made; feet peeping out of the chiton and resting on a separately attached front base; the statuette has two back-holes. Top, part of back of head, and 1 . side of head nussing; head broken at neck, body broken at breast Red-brown, hard clay; l:ght slip. Hught 58.2. Shoulder wolth I8.8. Base width 159. Wast width 138 . Breast diam. 6.6. Neck heiglit 4.9. Neck width 5.6. Head heigth 8.3 . Head length 98. Arms length 19.6. Hands length 50. 1. 111 - 12 + 1.
1142. Statuctte, as No. Io66; roughly modelled ears provided with double earengs. Traces of a black border at base. I. check-plece, lower part of 1. arm, and finecrs of $r$. arm missing; neck, breast, and $r$. arm broken. Back-hole. Brack-red clay; heght slıp, partly burnt red. Height 66.1. L II-I2 94.I.
arf3. Statuette wath tubul, wheel-made hody, somewhat bulgense breast. slightly sloping shoulders: depressed orond head; short, reunded beard: mouth incised,

With roughly modelled lips; thin, curved nose; slightly promment eyes; raised evehrows; sloping forehead; small pellet ears, helmet and head in one piece, with straight, hollow spike, hoth arms adranced; undigitated hands with small thumbs, chiton indicated by modelled sleeves on the arms Hair painted black; black border round base: traces of red colour on helmet, on horder of sleeves, and on body below sleeves. Back-hole. Head hroken at neck; l. arm missing: a crack along upper part of r . arm. Brown, gritty claỵ; light slip, partlỵ effaced. Height 5i.i. Lir. 9+ I .
rit+ Statuette with tubular, whecl-made body; splayed base; slightly adranced arms, in one piece with bodr; rather trapezond head, hroad, short chin; promenent cheeks; incised mouth; thick nose, roughly modelled eyes; ears with carrings; conical helmet without cheek-preces, har modelled as a compact mass on hack of head. The figure is dressed in a gurdled chiton with short sleeves sht up at sides; plan overfold with side-flaps, ridged folds below girdle. Traces of colour round base and figure Lower part of hands missinz; lower part of body damaged. Height 65.o. L. II. 9+. 1.

II45. Scaraboid of white paste. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.6. N 8. 93.0.
1146. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. On base some meaningless heroglyphs Length 1 5. N' 8. 93.0.
1147. Scarabold of white paste See Appendices I and II. Length I .2. N゙8. 930 .
1148. Scarabond of grey steatite with one side flat; the other convex, pierced by a hole through the longitudinal axis. On base incision of Type III representing chariot mounted by three men, one of them the driver, the horse is galloping with fying mane and lifted tail See Appendix II. Length I 3. 犬8. 93.0.
ir49. Cylindrical body of statuette; dressed in a chiton, marked by relief borders along sides of upper arms and around neck. The lower part is wheel-made; other parts hand-made; the forearms are separately attached to the clay. Back-hole. Head and end of fingers missing; breast broken. Red-brown clay; light siip. Heaght 63.3 K-I. 11. 94.I.
1150. Statuette with tuhular, whecl-made body; flat breast; horizontal shoulders, short, rertical arms; undigitated hands; short, wide neck; oval head; large, straight nose: disc-shaped ears; stout chin whthout beard, small pellet mouth; promment eyeballs; indicated eyebrow line; conical, straight-sided helmet with hollow spike; black border on base; two black and red vertical lines from breast to base. Back-hole. Herght +8.6. L. ir. $9+\mathrm{I}$.
1151. Fragment of a statue, with isolinear fect; modelled toes, sandals with straps; feet peeping out of a square excision in front; the excision has a border consisting of a dented frame, arms vertical, figure dressed in a chiton with ethow sleeves; overfold with side-

Haps: ridged folds below grde of three reltef stripes Head and part of r. arm, part of hody. part of straps of sandals, end of finuers of 1 . hand miseing, broken helow wast. The feet are put in separately on a tablet: arms are attached separately inte the clas. Hand-made. Brown clay; hight shp. Heruht 738. Lit. 9+1.
1152. Lover part of cylindrical hody. splayed hase, dress with rulged folds. Lpper part mizsines. I.enerth 50.0 Lif. $9+1$
1153. Statuctte, as lon 79. Nose damaged: lower part of r. arm mosing Dark-greg, red clay. Height 20.0. L. II. 94.1.

1r54. Statuette with tubular hody: traperond hasel, triangular beard: pellet ears; then nose, no eyes: contal, soft cap with triple band Hand-made Find of nose. and part of 1 . hand messing Red-brown clay: leght slip, partly turned reddish. Height $2+0$. L if. $9+1$
1155. Statuctte, as No 79 . Herght 216 . I, ir $9+1$
1156. Statuette, as No. 79: short, strawht-cut beard. Herght 21.5. L11. 9+1.
1157. Statuctte, as No. 79; 1ery short, stralcht-cut beard; head bent forwards; slightly advanced arms. Top of helmet missing Brick-red clay; redduh slip Hereht 17.8. LII. 94.1.
1158. Statuette, as No. 162; hroader, onod had, larger, prominent eycballs; trangular beard; long, slightly concare helmet. Traces of black colour on hemet; eyes, eyebrows, and beard panted black, two black lines and traces of one red line ending in an angle, from shoulder to wast, black tranturac lines, above elbows; traces of black, sertical lines from wast to base alone hody. Traces of red colour on cars, shoulder, and on back. Herght $219 \mathrm{~L} 1 \mathrm{It} 9+1$.
1159. Statuette whth tubular body; splayed base; wortical arns: square head; no heard, pellet nose and ears; separate, short helmet with top bent back. L. (ar, top of helmet missing. Helght is 3. 1. It. 94.1.
1160. Statuctte, as No. 73: longer, rounded beard. 'Iraces of hlack lines along arms and black border on base. Herght 216 . L. in. 9+.1.
116r. Statuette, as No. 79: longer, triangular, rixunded heard. Brick-red clay: black core, light slip. Helugt 190. I. If. 94 I.
1162. Statuette, as .No. 79: longer, strameht-cut beard Hemeht 18 +. Lir. $9+1$.
1163. Statuette, as No. 124 Tracts of black on har on back of head and black border on base. Hetght 266. LII. 94.I.
1164. Statuctte, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. $R$ arm missing Brack-red clay: loghe slip Iraces of red colour on ears, face, and neck Herght 220 . I ir. $9+1$.
1165. Statuette, as No 79. Top of helmet misany; broken

1166. Charoot drann by four horses with sheort, than bodes: rather short legs; thick, lond necks, narrow heads,
with cheek-bands and nose-bands; plain head-cover with small, erect plumes; long tails; across horses' necks a yoke, of which only a part is preserved; from the outer $r$. and 1 horses a beam fastened to the voke; the $r$. one missing; chariot rather low, rectangular in shape, with two roughly cireular, small wheels with large, projecting hubs: body of the chariot divided in two parts by a low partition with an erect support ending in a loop at the back of chariot. Three figures stand in the chariot; two warriors in the r. part, and a third in the 1. part: the driver (missing). The warroors are of the usual type; they have rounded beards, bands round heads, and hold swords under their 1. arms in strans over 1 . shoulder. The group stands on a rectangular tablet. Parts missing and broken. Hand-nade. Brick-red clay; red slip. Length 245 . Liri. 94. I .
1167. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flattened hreast: sloping shoulders; vertical arms; concave neck; trapezoid head; chın with triangular, long beard; thin, curved nose without nostrıls; prominent eyes; marked eyebrows; pellet ears; slightly raised hair on back of head; helmet with hollow spike, in one piece with head. Eyes painted black. End of lower body and of both arms, small parts of helmet and back missing; helmet, back of head, and lower part of body broken. Back-hole. Brown clay; light slip. partly turned reddish. Height 33.5. L II. 94.I.
1168. Fragment of chariot. Lin. 94.r.
1169. Fragment of group of ring-dancers; four figures attached to a roughly trapezoid tablet. Heads, some arms of all figures, and most of the body of one figure missing. Length il.5. Le II. 94.I.
1ifo. Chariot drawn hy four horses with short, straight bodies; short, straight legs with roughly marked hoofs; heads with open mouths; pierced eyes and nostrils; erect ears; blinkers; the outer r., and the outer and inner 1 horses provided with head covers, reaching down to mouths, and decorated with mountings representing sun and crescent; the inner r. horse has a head-cover of usual type with erect plume; horses have double breast-band, and cheekhand; they are provided with front-covers; the outer r . and 1 . horses have rectangular side-covers; across their necks a yoke; and hetween the outer and inner $l$ and $r$. horses a beam is fastened to the yoke. The chariot is low with two plan, large, circular whecls; projecting huhs. Three figures stand in the chariot. The l. one in front is the driver; pointed heard; pellet ears; soft helmet with upturned cheekpreces, a full quiver in front of him. The r. figure in front is an archer; pointed beard; helmet with straight spike; hanging cheek-pieces; arms uplifted and outstretched holding a drawn bow. In front another full quiver. In the rear a man with pointed heard; pellet ears; band round head; uplifted 1. arm holding a circular shield above the driver and areher; the
shield with central spike and decorated with radiating mountings, alternating with circular, small dises, placed two and two in the interstices. The group stands on a rectangular tablet Parts missing and broken. Red-brown clay; light slip. Hand-made. Length 19 5. Lir. 94.i.
rifi. Statuette with tuhular, wheel-made hody; hulging breast; sloping shoulders: concave neck; or ord head: short, rounded heard; meised mouth; thin nose turned upwards; incised nostrils; pellet ears; no eyes, helmet in one plece with head. Part of body, r. ear, arms, top of helmet missing, all the figure much damaged. Height c. 45.0. Lir. 94.r.
1172. Statuette, as No. 79: rather square head; short, triangular, rounded beard; rounded, tall, straght helmet with spike R. arm and waist broken; chipped at wast and back of head. Brown clay; brown slip. Height 22.3. Lil. 94.1.
1173. Statuette, as No. 232. Black border on base. Top of helnuet and arms missing, upper body and head broken. Herght 20.3. L ir, 94.1.
1174. Statuette, as No. 79, short, trangular beard. Broken at r. shoulder and at waist. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Herght 23.7 LII. 94.r.
1175. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Top of helmet damaged; waist broken. Red-brown clay; light, thick slip. Height 22.6. Liif. 94.1.
1176. Statuette, as No. 1154; shorter, pointed beard; conical helmet with spike. Traces of colour. R. arm missing; neck and lower part of body broken. Wheel-made. Red-hrown clay; light slip, partly turned reddish. Height 23 2. Lir. 94.1.
1177. Statuette, as No. 269. Top, r. part of face, and part of base missing; hroken below wast and at neck. Red-brown clạ; light slip. Height 18.5. Lim. 941.
1178. Statue with tuhular, wheel-made hody; hreast and back bulging; shoulders sloping; straight neck; rather square head; chin with rather long, pointed beard; incised mouth with thin, ralsed edges; thin, projecting nose without nostrils; slightly prominent eyes; plan ears; straight forehead, helmet modelled in front, ending in spiral curls on back of head; hair plan and slightly rased; vertical arms; closed, undigitated hands. Back-hole. Top of helmet and 1 . arm missing; neck and lower part of body broken. Brown-red cla!; light slip, partly effaced. Henght 48.8. Lir. 94.1.
1179. Jug of limestone with rased, flat hase; oval hody; short neck, splaying upwards; rim intended to be pinched, handle from rim to shoulder. The jug is solid, only hollowed out inside rim. Height in.o. Kir. 94 I.
1180. Fragments of chariot, much damaged. Fín. 94.1. 1181. Statuette, as No. 232. Beard and part of base missing; chin and hase broken. Height 267 . Ki1. $9+1$. 1182. Statuette, as No. 115t; shorter, rounded beard; douhle band round head. No traces of colour. Part
of lower body missing; broken below waist and across body Red-brown clay; light slip, mostly turned red. Height 21.7 . Kiri. $9+1$.
1183. Fragments of a head of trapezold shape; chin with trangular beard of wertical stripes, incised mouth with well modelled lips; thin, nearly straight nose, but with curved tip; modelled nostrils; leaf-shaped eyes; promınent eveballs; raused lids; marked eyebrows; well modelled ears, double earrings, one prerced through the top and the other through the lower part of ears; short, plann, slightly raised hair on back of head. Parts of forchead mussing; broken at neck. Hand-made. Red-brown clay; light slip, turned reddish; partly effaced. Height 23.0. Kir. 94.1.
1184. Statuette, as No. 79. Nose chipped; head broken at neck. Light-brown clay; light slip. Height 23.2. Kil. 94.I.
1185. Statuette, as No. $\ddagger 19$; hands whout modelled fingers; 1. arm holding fragment of a sword. Lower part, 1. hand, and cheek-preces missing. Height 10.8 . Kir. 94. I .
I 186. Head of statuette, as that of No 9. Herght 7.r. K-MI II. 94.1 .
1187. Head, as that of No. 590. Height 4.6. Kir. 94.r.
in88. Plain White IV mmature amphoriskos with flat base, oval body; very short neck; swollen rim; horizontal, erect handles on shoulder. Height 6.8. Kir. 94. I .
1189. Body of statuette, standing with 1. foot advanced; feet with modelled toes; sandals with straps, modelled ankles and knees; 1. arm rertical; r. arm bent forward with closed hand, which might once have been holding a spear; the hands with modelled fingers and short thumbs; sloping shoulders and narrow waist; figure dressed in a girdled chiton with sleeves ending above elbows; border of vertical incised lines around wast; girdle with tassels falling along the r. stde. Traces of red colour at the naked parts of legs. Head and part of r. shoulder missing; body, legs, and arms broken. Hand-made. The legs rest on a plinth, put in separately; the forearms were fastened by pins to the upper arms. Brick-red clay, sometimes black; light slip, partly turned grey-black. Height 59.8. L, in. 94.I.
irgo. Statuette with tubular, whecl-made body; flattened breast; sloping shoulders; thick, tall, cylindrical neck; cubic head, triangular face; straight, thin, vertical arms with undigitated hands; large, discshaped ears; huge, triangular, pointed nose; small mouth; pointed, thick beard; helmet with hollow spike. Back-hole. No traces of colours. Base, head, and arms restored. Laght slip, badly worn. Height 43.5 . L. I1. 94.1.
1191. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body, flattened breast; small shoulders; straght, vertical arms with undigitated hands; very thick neck; oval head; tri-
angular face; pointed beard; large, trangular nose; disc-shaped cars placed high up; incesed mouth; helmet with hollow spike. Head, r. arm, base, and body broken slap effaced. Height 487 . L 11. 94 1.
1192. Statuette, as No. 73. Top of helmet missing; broken at neck and wast. Black border on base. Brick-red clay; red slip. He1ght 20.2. L 11.941.
1193. Statuette, as No. 282, but with rather trapezord head and triangular beard. Helmet panted red; traces of black on eyes, chin, and beard; black lines along arms ending at elbows; alternating black and red transwerse lines on lower arms, black and red alternating, vertical lines along lower part of body; black border at base. Herght 20.5. L 1 I. 94.1.
1194. Statuctte, as No. 79. Herght 22.4. Lir. 94.I.
1195. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body, flat breast; sloping shoulders; straight neck; trapezord head; flat, rounded beard; plain pellet mouth; straight nose with nostrils, promment eyes with arched brows; somewhat sloping forehead; plain, slightly raised hatr on back of head; two twisted, plain bands around forehead, falling down the sides of head; vertical arms. Hole on top of head, back-hole. L. arm broken. Brown-red, gritty clạ; light slip. Height 454. Кit. 94.1.
1196. Lower part of body, cylindrical, splayed base. See No. 2 +37. K 1 I. 94.1 .
1197. Statuette, as No. 269; longer, triangular beard. Redbrown clay; reddısh slip. Height 25.0 . K-L 11 94.I.
irg8. Statuette, as No. 218; short, rounded beard. Black border on base. Traces of black on beard and shoulder; traces of red colour on ears, face, and neck. Height 22.2. K-1. II. 94.1.
1199. Statuette, as No. 227; elliptical head, pointed beard. Height 16.4. K-LII. 94.1.
1200. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flat breast; sloping shoulders; slightly concave, rather long neck; trapezord head; chin with puinted beard; incised mouth with rased edges; thin nose; projecting cheeks; promınent eyes; plan pellet ears; slopine forchead; slightly raised, plain hair on back of head; helinet with hollow, straight spike; upturned cheek-pieces; vertical arms, closed, undigitated hands. Back-hole. Lower part of 1 . arm missing. Red-brown, hard clay ; slip almost effaced. Heught 43.0 L II . 94.1.
1201. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made bode, oval in section; bulging breast; very sloping shoulders; slightly concave, rather tall neek, trapezond head; incised mouth with roughly shaped lips; prominent cheeks; thin, straight nose without nostrils; prominent, lancet-shaped eyes; pierced pellet ears; marked eyehrows; straight forehead; top of head flattened; plain, raised mass of harr on back of head; double bands round head, vertical arms; undigitated hands; dressed in plan chiton, and mantle draped over 1. shoulder. Harr, beard, iris, hds, and eeebrows are painted black; ears, neck, chiton, and arms painted
red Back-hule and hole on top of head. Earmags of $r$ ear, and thumb of 1 hand missing, hase and lower part of bouls brohen Butf clat light, greenish slip. Hutht 511. I LII 9 11
12021830.

Statucte wath tuhular, wheel-made hody (No. 1202); helmet and head (No 1836 ) in one plece; smmlar to No. irb7. R ear, part of beard, and trangular pueces on base meseing, arms and hedy hroken. Brownred clay. Ilerefht 4.50 . I, i1. 94.i.
1203 Statuette, as Šo 52. Base hroken. Height 10.8 1. $10 \quad 9+1$.
1204. Sitatuette, as No. 79, rather horizontal shoulders. Broken in moddle. Reddish slip Height 23.0. L, io. $9+1$.
I205 Statuette, as No. 32 . Traces of colour. Laght slip. Herght 19.3 L (10. 94.1.
1206. Statuette, as No. 52 : decoration as No. 878 , but without neck-lines and horizontal lines ower breast. Height Iy 3 L 1o. ytir.
1207. Statuette, as No. 52. Heruht 19 S. I, IO. 94.1.
1208. Body of statuette, cylindrical, splayed base; sertical arms. Head missing. Heirht 15.7 . L, 10. 94.I.
1200) Statuette, as No. Fo, loneger, rounded beard. Lower part of body and 1. arm missing. Brick-red clisy; red-brown slap. Heisht is 5. 1, io. 94.i.
1210 Statuette, ds No 79. I.. arm nassing. Helght 23.0. LIO. 94.1.
1211. Statuctte, is No. 73; longer beard. Buard damaged. Red-brown claỵ; light slip. Height i97. L io. 941.
1212 Statuette, as No 70; longer, rounded beard. Redush slip. Helght 22.5. I, fo. 94 1 .
1213 Statuctte, as No. 79. Heleht 203. L Io. 941 .
1214. Statuette, as No. 70 Herult 18 5. 1. 10. 94.1.
1215. Statuette, as No. 79. Broken in maddle. Height 19.0 . I, IO. $y+1$.
1216. Statuctte, as No. 79 Lower part of $r$. ear missing. Hatrht 22 6. I, 10. 94.I.
1217 Statuette, as No. 79. Red-brown clay, red-brown slip. Height 22.6. 1, io. 94.1.
121S Sitatuctte, ds No. 26y Red-brown clay, light slip Fraces of colour. Height 252 . L. $10.9+1$.
12I0. Statuette, as No. 233, ovold head, undigitated hands. Redi-hiown elay; light slip R. car, hand of r. arm, nose, and part of hands missing. Herght 2a.6. L io $1+1$
1220. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made hody; vertical arms, undigitated hands; sloping shoulders; cylindrical neeli, trapezond head; ponted, rounded beard; melsed pellet mouth; thiri, projecting nose, pellet ars; sloping forehead; har plan and rased on hack of head; triple band round head. Height 25.0. L 10 . け 1
1221 Sitatuctte, is Nio. 251; narrow valst, slightly concave neck, promment eyes, very thin, concave, prominerit nose. head and wast broken, 1. part round ear, and lower part of $r$. arm massing. Gritty, red
clas, hlack core, haht slip, partly effaced No backhole. Herght 436 . I 10 4 1
1222 statuctte, as No 21 S , oval head, with tendeney so the trapezord trpe. longer, rounded beard. Redierown Chas, red slip. Hesht 159 l. 10. 9f.1.
1223. Statuette, as No 233; trapezoid head: undrgitateci hands Neck broken, lower r. arm and part of band around head missing. Recldish slpp. Elewht $26 .+$ L. IC. 94.1.
1224. Sitatuette, as No. 233. tiapezond he..d. Neck broken, both arms and most of the bands around head missing. Redursh slip. Hught if.o. I, 1o. 94.i.
1225. Statuette, as No. 79. Red-brown clay; light and reddish slip Herght $23.8 . \mathrm{L}$ Io. 94.1
1226. Statuette, as No 70 ; pointed, long beard Black border on base. $R$. shoulder broken. Red-brown clay: light slup. Herght $57.5 . \mathrm{L}$ 10. 9+ I .
1227. Statuette, as No. 73; trapezold head; short, rounded beard. Nose damaged. Red-brown clay: light-brown slip. Henght 2i.7. L 1o. 9+I.
1228. Statuette of sandy limestone with 1 foot advanced; feet uncovered wath medellect toes; vertical arms with medelled fingers, in one piece wath body; concare waist; Hat, sloping brcast, horizontal shoulders; very short neck; rather square head with face of negro type; broad, short chın; full lips; promment cheeks; broad, flat nose; eyes indicated by deep cutting; roughly modelled ears; 1. ear with silver earring presersed, rather long, concal cap; dressed in long chiton with overfold. The feet of the figure are in one prece with the trapezold plinth and along back of figure is a support, square in section, and also in one piece with figure. Height 54. L Io. 94.I.
1229. Statuctte with tapering, tubular, wheel-made body; Hattened breast; concaie neck; oblong face; large, rounded beard; eves not indicated; large, curved nose; incised mouth; circular, dise-shaped ears; helmet with straght spike, separately made, rather short and vertical arms: undigitated hands. R. hand nussing; 1. arm broken. Light slip. Height 42 9. L 10. 94.1.
1230. Statuette, as Nio. 73 ; longer, triangular beard. Redbrown clay: light slip. Height 23.3. L IO. 94.1.
1231. Statuette, as No. Si5; longer, rounded beard. Lower part of body, part of beard, and r. ear missing. Height 14.0. 1, 10. 94.1.
1232. Statuette, ds No. Fy; longer, rounded beard. Black b rder on hase. L. arm broken Helght 23.0. L 10. 94.I.
1233. itatuette, as No. 79; short, straght-cut heard. Ifelght 19.7. 1,10 . $9+1$

1234 Statuette, as No. 73; longer. trangular beard. Broken below wast. Red-bruwn claỵ; light silp Height $23.2 \mathrm{~L} 10.9+1$.
1235 Statuctte, as Nio. 52; trangular, rounded beard. Broken neek and base. Height ig.2. L io. Y+1.
1236. Statuette, ats No. 52 ; trangular, rounded beard. Breken neek and base, of whath part is mossing. Height 20.3. L 10. 94.I.
1237. Statuette, as No. 79; oval head. Nose missing. Height 26.0. L. 10. $9+\mathrm{I}$.
1238. Statuette, as No. 79. Herght 23.3. L io. 94.1.
1239. Statuette, as No 221; longer, triangular, rounded beard; long, soft, concal helmet. Black and red transverse lines on helmet; eyes, beard, hair painted black; red ears; black trunsterse lines on arms; black border on base. Heaght 27.6 . L io. 941.
1240. Statuette, as No. 73 Height 29.2. L 10 94.r.
1241. Statuette, as No. 73 ; trapezord head; longer, rounded beard. Nose damaged; neck broken. Red-brown clay; light slip. Herght 20.9. L io. 94.r.
1242. Statuette, as No. 570; oval, rather rectangular head; longer, rounded beard. Height 22.7. L 10. 941.
1243. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 23.7. L 10. 94.1.
124. Statuette, as No. 269. Lower part and 1 arm missing; neck and body hroken. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Height 15.2. L io. 94.i.
1245. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Broken below middle. Heaght 21.7. Lio. 94.r.
1246. Statuette, as No. 269; short, triangular beard. Neck broken; lower part of body missing. Slip partly turned reddish. Height 25.9 . L io. 94.1.
1247. Statuette, as No. 96. Part of 1. arm missing. Heght 197. Lio. 94.i.
1248. Statuette, as No. 9+: without painted beard. R. arm missing. Height ig.0. L io. 94.1.
1249. Statuette, as No. 105. Height 20.7. L 10. 94.1.
1250. Statuette, as No. 52. Height is.8. Lio. 94 I.
1251. Statuette, as No. 2I8; longer, straight-cut beard. Black border on hase Height 20.5. L io. 94.1.
1252. Statuette, as No. 137; long, rounded beard; trapezord head. Herght 20.7. L io. 94.1.
1253. Statuette, as No. 79. Red clay and slip. Height 21.6. Lio. 94.r.

1254 Statuette, as No 70, pointed beard Head broken at neck; top of helmet, lower part of r. arm, and part of base missing. Height i9.0. L io. 9+ 1 .
1255. Statuette, as No. 79. Broken in middle; reddısh slip. Height 21.7. Lio. 94.I.
1256. Head, as that of No. 79. Herght 6.8. L 10. 94.r.
1257. Statuette, as No. 342; oral head: pointed beard. Brown clay; light ship. Height 2i.7. Lio. 94 x .
1258. Statuette, as No. 269; longer, trangular bard, upper body heart-shaped. R. arm broken. .ilip partly turned reddlsh. Height 27.3 . L 10. 941 .
1259. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Broken at neck; beard chipped. Slip mostly turned red Height 22.7. L Io. 94.1.
1260. Statuette, as No. 99 ; longer, triangular heard. Broken in middle. Light-brown slup. Height 24.7. L io. 94.1.
1261. Statuette, as No. 269. Neck hroken; base partly missing. Red-brown clay; light slip. Herght 27.3 . L10. 94.1.
1262. Statuette, als No. 79. 1 Ieight 21.0. I, io. 94.1.
1263. Statuette, as No. 59; longer, triangular beard. Part
of base, lower part of r. ärm mussing; broken at middta. Light-brown slip. Heisht 25.2. L io. 941.
1264. Statuette, as Ko. 73. Red-brown clas; light-hrown slip. Height 21.5 L Io. $19+1$.
1265. Statuette, as Nio 79. Ileight 2 I.o. Lio. $9+1$
1266. Statuette. as No. 218; longer, rounded beard. Nose danaged, black border on base Heaght 21.3 L 10.94 .1 .
1267. Statuette, as No 269; wedge-shaped head. Broken ab we walst; hase chipped, lower parts of $b$ th arms mussing. Red-brown clay; hight slip. Height 25.1 I. 10. 94.1 .
1268. Statuette, as No 269 ; marked evebrows. Base partly missing. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height ig.r. L. $10.9+\mathrm{I}$
1269. Statuette, as No. 269. Red-brown clay, light ship. Herght 20.6. L io. 94.1.
1270. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. IHelght 247. L Io. 94.1
1271. Statucte, as No. 73; loncer, rounded beard. Nose damaged. Red-brown clay; light-brown slip. Height 19.0. Lio 94.r.
1272. Statuette, as Co. 79, longer, rounded, triangular beard. Red clay and slip. Broken at neck. Height 23 2. L Io. $9+1$.
1273. Statuette, as No. 79. Black border on base Broken in middle; base chipped; lower parts of arms missing. Brick-red clay: red slip. Herght 23.1. Lio. 94.r.
1274. Body of statuette, çlindrical. hollow; splayed base; vertical arms. Head mussme; damaged. Hetght 30.0. Lio. 94.1.
127.5. Statuette with cylendrical, sold body; square head; pointed beard; helmet with top bent forwards; 1 . arm holding round shield. R. arm and r. ear mossing; broken at wast and shacld; nose chipped Black burder on hase. Reddish slip. Height 247 . Lio. 94.1. I=, zontal shoulders; arms adsanced, hent upwards; concave neek; rather trapezond head; lone heard (end missing) with sertical incisions; face moulded, with full lips and cheeks; rather thin, cursed nose; elliptical, prominent eses with hids and eyebrows in relef; roughly modelled cars; hair indicated hy narrow, notched, horizontal, contiguous hands; large, cut hole on top of hedd; sword with halt hanging helow left arm in strap running over $r$. shoculder helow I. arm Both hands, and part of strap misong. Height 35.3. I, io. 94 I .
127\%. Feet, isoIncar, without modelled toes, attached to a plinth; horizontal cross-piece at the upper end. Helght 14.5. L, Io. 97.0.
1278. Statuette, as No. 269. Red-brown clay; liyht shp. Height 19.7. L 10. 94.1 .
1279. Statuette with cylindrical. solid b:ody; splayed base; vertical arms: ovond head; pinched nose, pellet ears; pointed heard: helmet with back-bent top. The head leans slightly backward No traces of colour. Reddish shp. I Hemphtio. Lio. $9+1$.
1280. Statuette with cylindrical, solid body; splayed base; both arnis alsanced; trapezord head; long, rounded beard; helmet with top bent back, made separately. Lower r. arm mssing, broken at wast; base partly chipped. Black burder on base. Reddish slip. Height 2 II. L io. 94.I.
I2Si. Body of statuette, hollow; head and arms missing. Nuch damaged. Height 240 . L io. 94.1.
1282. Statuette, as No. 73. Damaged. Height 24.2. Lio. 94.I.
1283. Statuette, as No 227 ; short, rounded beard. Broken at waist and l. arm. Height i2.4. L io. 94.I.
$12 S_{4}$ Statuette, as No. 477 ; ovord head; short, rounded beard. Nose damaged. Reddish slip. Height 22.3. Lio. 94 I .
1285. Statuette, as No. 1275 ; trapezond head; big nose; pointed heard; helmet with spike; hanging, outturned cheek-pieces; r. arm vertical; 1 . arm bent holding now missing sword hanging by a strap ofer 1. shoulder. 'Top of helmet, r. cheek-piece, end of beard, and lower I. arm missing: 1. arm broken. Redbrown slip. Height 22.8. LIO. 94.1.
1286. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; bulging breast; sloping shoulders; small, trapezoid head: thin nose; marked evehrow line; pellet ears; squarecut beard; helmet with straight, hollow spike; head and helmet in one piece. Arms missing. Height 25.5. L 10. 94.1.
1287. Statuette, as No. 155; ovord head; longer, triangular beard. Light slip. Height 1 5.2. L io. 94 I.
1288. Statuette, as No. 269; trapezoid, slightly wedge-shaped head; triangular, short, rounded beard. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Height 19.0. L io. 94.I.
1289. Statuette, as No. 1288. Broken at wast, below waist, and at neck. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Height 22.3. L 10. 94.I.

12y0. Statuette with tuhular, wheel-made body; hulging hreast and back; vertical arms of medium size; straight neck; oblong head; long, thin nose; increed mouth; chin with pointed beard; promment eves without lids; large ears with pierced holes for earrings now missing; helmet with straight, hollow spike; hair indicated by stripes in relef on sides of neck; head and helmet made in one piece; dressed in a chiton marked by a relief stripe across arms and breast. Back-hole. Neck and lower part of body hroken; part of front and a few fingers missing. Rough, red clay; white slip, partly effaced. Height 50.0. I. Io. 94 I.
1291. Statuettc with tuhular, wheel-made hody; sloping shoulders; slightly concare neck; trapezoid head; short, rounded heard; incised mouth with roughly modelled lips; pellet nose; prominent eyes; pellet ears; slopang forehead; helmet with straight spike; head and helmet in one piece; chiton indicated hy modelled sleeves, vertical arms; undigitated hands. 'lop of helmet nossing; crack at hack. Brown, gntty clay; light slip. Height +0.5. L Io. 94.1.
1292. Statuette, as No. 79; arms with undigitated hands. Lower part of body and 1. arm missing. Height 14.5. Lio. 94.1.
1293. Statuette, as No. 269; longer, triangular beard. Lower part of body and r. arm missing; neck broken. Hcight 16.4. Lio. 94.1.
1294. Statuette, as No. 79. Broken in middle; r. arm and part of base masing. Brick-red clay; light slip. Height $19.9 . \mathrm{L}$, 10. 94.1.
1295. Statuette, as No. 96. Height 19.2. L io. 94.i.
1296. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard. Brick-red claỵ; red slip. Height 22.9. L ro. 9+1.
1297. Statuette, as No. 282, but with square head; long, rounded, narrow beard. Helmet painted black; ears panted red; eyes and beard painted black; red horizontal lines over breast; black lines along shoulders; red transverse lines on arms; black border at base. Height I8.4. LIo. 94.I.
1298. Statuettc, as No. 79 ; very short beard. R. ear missing. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Height 12.5. L io. 94.1.
1299. Statuettc, as No. 70; very short beard. Heıght 203. L. 10. 94.1.
1300. Statuette, as No. 73: short, rounded beard. Redbrown clay; light-brown slip. Height 2I.I. Lio. 94.1.
1301. Statuette, as No. 79 ; very short beard. Height i8.5. LIo. 94.I.
1302. Statuette, as No. 79; very short heard. Black border at base. Brown clay; red slip. Height $16.5 . \mathrm{L} 10$. 94.1.
1303. Statuette, as No. 79. Nose damaged. Brick-red clay; red slip. Height 21.9. L Io. 94.1,
1304. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 17.5. L io. 94.1.

I 305. Statuette, as No. 1182 ; rather square head; quadruple band round head. Black border at h.ise. Light slip. Height 23.4. L Io. 94.1.
1306. Statuette, as No. 79. Nose damaged. Brıck-red clay; light slip, partly turned red. Height 23.2. L Io. 94.1.
1307. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; breast and back hulging; sloping shoulders; straight neck; trapezond head, chin with short, rounded, pointed heird; incised mouth with thin, raised edges; slightly promment eyes; plain ears; straight forehead; helmet with straight, hollow spike; helmet and head in one prece; vertical arms; undigitated hands. Brown-red clay; grey-black core; slip much effaced. Back-hole. 'Top of helmet massing. Height +4.5. If io. 94.I. 1308. Statuette with tuhular, wheel-made body; Hattened breast; slanting shoulders; thin, vertical arms; undigitated hands; concave, wide neck; cuhic head; triangular face; large, straght nose; no beard; large, disc-shaped ears wath traces of earrings. Red, coarse clay. Head and 1. arm broken. Henght 340 . I 10 . 94. I .

1309 Statuette, as No. 137; wedge-shaped head; short, triangular beard; short, straight helmet; shawl with
fringed border falling over the r. shoulder. Both arms broken. Red slip. Height ix.i. Lio. 94.i.
1310. Statuette, as No. 79. Head brohen at neck; r. arm missing. Brick-red clay; reddish slip Height 22.1. L 10. 94.1.
13If. Statuette, as No. 79. L. arm and r. ear missing. Brick-red clay. Height 22.5. L io. 94.1.
1312. Statuette, as No. 590; longer, triangular, rounded beard. Broken at neck and I arm. No traces of colour. Slip nearly effaced. Height 21.7. Lio. 94.1.
1313. Statuette, as No. 79; arms with closed, undigitated hands. Height ig.6. Lio. 9f.1.
1314 . Statuette, as No. 667; short, rounded beard; no incised mouth. Traces of colour on body; black border at base. Broken at neck and l. arm. Redbrown clay; light slip, partly turned red. Height 23.2. L ro. 94.r.
1315. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flat breast; sloping shoulders; thin arms; closed, undigitated hands with straight thumbs; wide neck; small, cubic head; triangular face; pornted beard; slightly indicated mouth; large, pointed, upturned nose; disc-shaped ears; helmet with straight spike, in one piece with head. No traces of colours. Head, body, and r. arm broken. Back-hcle. Coarse, red clay; thin, white slip. Height 39.r. Lio. 9+1.
1316. Statuette, as No. 1315; widening breast; narrow, horizontal shoulders; large, cubic head; rounded beard; incised mouth; large, pointed nose. Top of head missing; head, body, and r. arm broken. Slip effaced. Herght 42 3. Lio. 94.r.
1317. Fragment of a chariot; with one wheel, and pieces of two horses preserved. Height 21.3. Lio. 94.1.
1318. Scaraboid of red stone. On base incision of Type VII representing winged sphinx. A dot between its legs and one above ite head. Abcve the sphins a comb-shaped ornament. Length r.5. L io. 9+.i. $13 \mathrm{rg}+2+58$.

Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body (No. 1319); bulging breast; horizontal shoulders; 1.arm vertical; r. arm bent over breast; hands with fingers; concave neck; oval head (No. 2458); long, rounded beard; helmet with splayed top. Traces of red paint on lower body. Part of helmet and r. hand missing; parts of body broken; face details worn. Brown clay; red-brown slip, much effaced on upper body. Height 62.2. L ro. 94.1.
1320. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; vertical arms; hands with fingers; flat breast; sloping shoulders; almost straight neck; trapezoid, rather triangular head; rounded, triangular beard; incised, small mouth with thin, raised edges; curved, thin nose; prominent, narrow eyes; marked eyebrows; plain ears with earrings; straight forehead; on the head soft cap with band; hair indicated by strips in relief along neck; dressed in chiton with overfold; girdle indicated by horizontal incisions and folds below girdle by incised,
curved lines Back-hole. Neck, upper part of body, and 1 . arm broken; fingers of 1 hand, lower part of r. arm, and r. earring missing. Brick-red clay; black core; slip blackened and much effaced. Height 68.3. Lio. 94.r.
1321. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; bulging breast; sloping shoulders; concave neck; rectangular head; short, triangular, rounded beard; thin, incised, roughly modelled lips; thin, curved nose; prominent eyes; marked eyebrows; plain ears; stranght forehead; single band round head; hair slightly raised and plain on back of head, and indicated by stripes in relief along sides of neck. Traces of a black border at base. Back-hole. Neck, base, and upper part of body broken; 1. arm, lower part of r . arm, and part of upper body mıssing. Brick-red, gritty clay, light slip, much effaced. Herght 41.7. L io. 94.1.
1322. Statuette, as No. 1321, back of head much sloped; closed hands with fingers. Black border at base. Head, breast, both arms, and lower part of body broken; both ears, band round head, upper part of back, part of 1 . side of head missing; fingers partly missing. Height 57.8. L9-10. 94.I.
1323. Statuette, as No. 1034; oral head. Black transserse lines over breast, indicating chiton; red, broad stripe framed by black lines indicating mantle over l, shoulder. R. arm broken. Height +o.I. L9-ro. 94.I.
1324. Feet, isolinear, with modelled toes; attached to a plinth. Length 24.9. L 9-10. 94. r .
1325. Arm and hand with bent fingers. Length 21.3. L.9-10 94.I.
1326. Statuette, as No. 1279; long, rounded beard. Traces of colour. Broken neck and walst; r. arm missing. Brick-red clay; light slip, partly worn off. Height 19.2. L ro. 94.1.
1327. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard. Black hurder on base. L. arm missing. Red clay; red slip. Hercht 24.6. Lio. 94.1.
1328. Statuette, as io. 79; trapezoid head; longer, rounded beard. L. arm missing. Brick-red clay; black core. Herght 23.6. L 10. 94.I.
1329. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard. Black border on base. Brick-red clay; red slip. IIenght 16.1. Lio. 94.1.
1330. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard. Red clay and slip. Height 22.5. L 1o. 94.1.
1331. Fragments of a chariot; only plinth preserved. Length 20.0. L 10. 94.1.
1332. Statuette, as No. 73; very short beard; trapezord head. Red-brown clay̧; reddish slip. Height 14.7. L ro. 94.i.
1333. Statuette, as No. 79. Nose damaged. Red clay and slip. Height 22.6. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}: 10-11$. $9+\mathrm{I}$.
1334. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, straight-cut beard. R. arm, waist, and neck broken; beard chipped. Brickred claỵ; reddish slıp. Heaght 24.0. K-L: $10-1 \mathrm{I}$. 94. 1 .

1335．Statuette，as No．79；very short beard Both arms and waist broken；nose missing．Brick－red clay；red slip．Herght 215 K KL．10－II．94．1．
1336．Statuette，as No．79；longer，triangular beard．Height 150．K－L： $10-11$ 9＋．I．
1337．Statuette，as No． 218 ，trapezord head；short，rounded bard．Blath horder at base．Height 22．5．K－L：IO－I I． 94．I．
ェ338 Few fragments of a terracota chariot K－L：io－if．
1339．Statuette with sloghtly flattened，tubular，wheel－ made budy；wadening breast；sloping shoulders： short，thin，vertical arms；closed，undigitated hands with straght thumbs；thick，concase neck；small head；square face；large，irregular nose；short，rounded beard；disc－shaped ears whth traces of earrangs；l ear placed low down；r．ear high up；beard and eyes not indicated．No back－hole．Very rough clay； thin，white slip．Height 35．3．K－L：io－il．94．i．
1340．Statuette，as No．79．Broken at wast．Height 22.8. L．10．94．1．
1341．Statuette wath tubular，wheel－made hody；bulcing breast，somewhat sloping shoulders；slightly concave neck；rather square head，chin with short，pointed beard；prominent mouth without incision；thin pellet nose；promment eyes，plain ear；slophtly raised hair on back of head；helmet wath straght，hollow spike， arms with closed，undigitated hands．Back－hole． Top of helmet，base，and both arms broken at shoulder． Brick－red，black－red，gritty clay；light slip，partly burnt black．Height＋3．2 K－L 10．94．1．
1342．Statuette，as No．79．Height 22．7．L 10．94．1．
1343．Statuette with flattened，tubular，wheel－made kody； bulging breast；very thick，cylindrical neck；small， cubic head in one piece with the pointed helmet； disc－shaped pellet ears；large，triangular nose；irre－ gularly placed mouth；no heard indicated；very thon arms of medium size；closed，undigitated hands with straight thumhs；back－hole．White slip．Arma and body broken；part of base missing．Height 52．0． $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}$ ， 10 94．1．
1344．Statuette，as No．＋I9；oblong head；triangular，short heard；helmet with top hent forwards；hanging cheek－ pieces，arms wath closed，undigitated hands．No traces of colour．End of $r$ ．cheek－piece missing． Brick－red chas；light slip partly red．Height z2．S． K゙—L，10．94．I．
1345．Statuette，as No．79；longer，rounded beard．Height 22．2．K－L 10．9＋1．
$134^{6}$ Statuette，as No． 73 ；longer，triangular beard；hori－ zonzal shoulders；marked eyebrows．Red clay and

1347．Statuette，as No．79．R．ear，and 1．arm missing． Red－brown clay；light slip Ileight 18.5 K－L 10941.
$134^{8}$ ．Statuette，as No． 79 ；very short beard．Brick－red clay，red slip．Height 22．8．K－LI 10 9＋1．
1340 Statuctte，as No．79．Red－brown clay；reddish slip． Height 16.7 K゙ーl． 10 9＋1．

1350．Statuette，as No 79 ；very short beard；arms with closed，undigitated hands．Brick－red clay；light slip． Herght 19．2．K－L io．94．1．
1351．Statuette，as No．269．Red－brown clay；reddish slip． Height 16 I ．K－L $10.9+.1$ ．
1352．Statuette with irregularly tubular，wheel－made body； flattened breast，wide shoulders；short，sery thick neck；small，oval head，in one piece with pointed helmet；large ears with traces of earrings；large， upturned，pointed nose；small，incised mouth；square chin without beard；sery thin arms of normal length ending in two slightly bent fingers．Back－hole．No traces of colours．Coarse，red chy：thin，white slip almost entirely effaced．Base and head broken；$r$ ． hand missing．Heisht 32．6．K ro．94．r．
1353．Statuette with tubular，slightly flattened，wheel－made body；widening breast；broad shoulders；short，thin arms without hands；short，thick，cylindrical neck； cubic head；square face；upturned，pointed nose； horizontal mouth；high，disc－shaped ears；slightly marked eyes；helmet with straight spike，in one prece with head．Back－hole．＇Iraces of black colour on base．Coarse，red clay；thin，white slip．Arms broken． Height 40．8．K 10.94 .1.
1354．Head of statuette，as that of No．1321，but with rather trapezond head；band round head missing．Height 13．7．K 10．94．1．
1355．Statuette，as No．1043，short，triangular beard；helmet wath knobbed spike．Top of helmet，arms，and base broken；one finger of 1 ．arm，end of one finger of r．arm，and end of cheek－pieces missing．Height ＋97．K г（0．94．1．
1356．Fragment of statuette with cylindrical body；splayed base；upper part and head much damaged．Kir． 94．1．
1357．Statuette，as No．73；trapezoid head．Top of helmet damaged；broken at waist and l．arm．Red－brown clay；light－brown slip．Height I5．5．Kio．94．I．
135 S．Statuette，as No．73；very short beard；trapezoid head．Broken neck and r．arm．Red clay．Height 26．0．Kio．94．1．
1359．Statuette with tuhular，wheel－made hody；flattened breast；sloping shoulders，concave neck；trapezord or almost rectangular head；pointed beard；mouth indicated by shallow depression；thin，concave nose； prominent eyes；marked eyebrows；plaın ears with snall pellet earrings；straght forehead；plain，slightly raised hair on back of head，and stripes in relief along sides of neck；double band round head；vertical arms；closed，undigitated hands；dressed in girdled chiton wath folds indicated by curved incisions in front；girdle with horizontal incisions；mantle across breast and draped over both shoulders with fringed border of vertical incisions；paintings on neck． Back－hole and hole on top of head．Brown－red clay； lught slip rather effaced．Henght 33．3．K io．94．I．
1360 Statuette with cylindrical body；wide neck；sloping
shoulders; polygonal head with a hole on top; short, rounded beard; pellet mouth; pellet nose; slightly prominent eyes; plain ears; sloping forehead; double band round head; sertical arms; hands undigitated; hair indicated by a slightly rased, plain mass on back of head. Hand-made. Part of base, and part of one band round head missing. Brick-red clay; black core, light slip. Height 28.2. K io. リ4.1.
1361. Statuette, as Nio. 1307 , chin with curled beard; hair shghtly raised on back of head; eyes indicated by concentric, black crrcles. Head and base broken; one curl of beard, and part of base mising. Height 42.4. К 10.94 .1.
1362. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard; closed, undıgitated hands. R. arm broken. Red-brown clay; light-brown slip. Herght 20.7. K 1o. 94.1.
1363. Statuctte with tubular body; sloping shoulders; slightly concave neck; ovord head; short, rounded beard; incised mouth with modelled lips; thin nose with curved tip; promment eves with marked eyebrows; roughly modelled ears; sloping forehead; plain, raised hair; hands with fingers; r. arm vertical; 1. arm bent over the breast with the hand projec ting out of the mantle; helmet, modelled in front, with tall, stranght spike. The statuette is dressed in a mantle with incised border and long, modelled fringes, vertically incised; the mantle falls on the upper part of the body, over both shoulders. The helmet is painted red; and the fringes are alternately red and black. Head and hand of r. arm broken; fingers of 1 . hand missing. Brown-red, gritty clay; light slip, well preserved. Herght 75.0. K 10. 94.1.
1364. Statuette, as No. 132r; rather horizontal shoulders; pellet mouth; closed, undigitated hands; double band round soft cap; chiton vaguely indicated by pellets between body and arms. Head broken; part of band in front, and l. ear missing. Height qo.I. K ro. 94.1.
1365. Statuette, as No. 1178 . 'lop of helmet preserved; no spirals on back of helmet. Lower part of r. arm, l. shoulder, small parts of body missing. Much damaged. Herght $4^{8.3}$. L io. 94.I.
1366. Rider, as No. 922, but no pellet eyes; helmet with top bent back. Height i7.6. Lio. 94.1.
1367. Statuette, as No. 509; oval head; short, triangular beard; and closed, undigitated hands. R. arm broken; nose mussing. Height 19.2. K-l io. 94.1.
1368. Statuette, as No. 232; depressed oroid head; triangular, rounded beard; rased evebrows; pellet mouth. Top of head and base missing; neek broken. Red slip. Herght 25.6. K—L ro. 94.1.
1369. Statuette, as No. 132I; solid, eylindrical body widening upwards, flat breast; long, sloghtly conical neck; ovoid head with hole on top; thin, concave nose; pellet mouth; no eyes; double band round soft cap on head. Black harr; dress indicated indr-
rectly by red colour on naked parts of body. Neck, r. part of breast, base, and arnis broken; part of bands round head missing. Hand-made. Brown hav; greenish slip. He1ght 38.4 . Kio 941
1370. Statuette, as No. 79; very sburt beard, trapezond head. Height 193. K-L 10 . 94.1
1371. Statuette, as No. 73: long, narrow, rounded beard. Top of helmet chipped; both arms missing. Redbrown clay; red slip. Height 24.8. K-L 10. 94.1. 1372. Statuette, as No. 590; very short beard. Broken at neck and arms. Height 21.7. L 10. $9+1$.
1373. Statuette, as No 269 , longer, rounded beard. Herght 21.4. Lio. 94.I.
1374. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard Nose missing. Red clay; red slip. Height 24.5 . L 10. 94.I.
1375. Statuette, as No. 79. Herght 22.2. L 10. 94.1.
1376. Statuette, as No. 218; short, rounded beard. Black border at base. Height 15.8 . 1, 10. 94 I.
1377. Statuette, as No. 1279; long, rounded beard. Nose missing. Red-brown cliy, light slop. Herght ioz. L 10. 94.1.
${ }_{1378}$. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 23.8. Lio. 941 .
1379. Statuette, as No. 79. Red clay and slip. Height 23.4 . L 10 . 94.I.
1380. Statuette, as No. 218; orord head, longer, rounded beard; pellet mouth. Reddish clay lleight 20.1. Lio. 94.1.
1381. Statuette, as No. 79; triangular beard Brok-red clay; red slip. Height 2 I.3. L 10. 94.1.
1382. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made bods; flattened breast: horizontal shoulders: concave neck; depressed owoid head; chin with short, rounded beard, inctsed mouth; curved, thick nose; prominent eyes with rased eyebrows; sloping forehead; helmet with strausht, hollow spike, in one prece with head; vertical arms; undugitated hands without thumbs Black, hon1zontal lines on back of neek; traces of red on back of head. Face, r. arm, breast, and lower part of base broken; lower part of 1 . arm, and bise partl missing. Brown-red, partly darkened, eritty clay; hght slup, partly effaced. Height +1.2. Kio. y+.I.
13 $8_{3}$. Statuette, as No. 1029; rather straight-cut beard; head, thumbs of r and 1 . hands broken, tup of helmet, end of $r$. cheek-piece, and two fingers of $r$. hand missing. Brecis-red clay; hight slip effaced Ifeight 50.3. K 10.94 .1.
1384. Statuette, as No. 1021, pellet mouth; pointed heard; leaf-shaped eỵes with raised, almost horizontal Inds; left, undigitated hand closed; dressed in a chiton with overfold and ridged, cursed folds. Black line round neck and black line along 1. arm. Neck broken; top of $r$. ear, lid of 1 . eye, and $r$. hand missing. Height 50 3. K 10. 94-1.
$1385 \div 1530$.
Statuette (No. 13 3 号), standing with 1 foot slightly advanced; naked feet with toes ; unusually long legs;
upper body of elliptical section; Hattened and sloping breast; sloping shoulders; oval head (No. 1530), chin with pointed beard; incised mouth with roughly, modelled haps; straght nose with nostrils and theckened tip; promment eves; rided, curved eyebrows; sloping forehead; helmet wath straight spoke and hanging cheek-pieces meeting at chin; arms with undigitated hands; the 1 . arm bent, hand holding sword; r. arm also bent, hand holdme now missing object, possibly a spear. 'l'he statuette is dressed in a girdled tunic with short sleeves; a citcular sheld hangs along 1 . side, with central boss and decorated with circular and heartshaped pellets between centre and rim, imitating metal mountings. The figure stands on a base tablet. Hand-made; back-hole; leys and arms are separately put in. Head broken at neck; arms broken, l. arm at shoulder, r. arm below elbow: legs broken at top and tarsus; end of beard missing. Brown-red clay; haht shp partly effaced. Herght 53.6. Shoulder width if.5. Waist width il.z. Breast diam. 6.8. Legs to knees 17.5 . Legs to hips 27.5. Body to shoulder 38.8. Neck herght 3.5. Neck width +3 . Head height 9.0. Head length $7 .+$. Head width 6.0. Arms length 23.3. Hands length 8.2. Feet length 10.9. K 10. 9+.1.
1386. Statuette, as No. 1035; rather long neck; rounded beard. Neck and fingers of 1 . hand broken; upper part of head, and thumbs of buth hands missing. Herght +2.0. K io. 94.1.
1387. Cpper part of forearm, with a peg pierced by holes for fixing it to upper arm. Length 2+.+. K io. 9+.I.
I 388 . Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; arms holding quadruped across breast; hands with modelled fingers, head as that of No. ingi ; top of helmet missing, two fingers of 1 . arm missing; damaged. Height 29.1. K10. $9+1$.
1389. Statuette with body oval in section; flattened breast; sloping shoulders; concave neck; ovord head; chin with trimgular, rounded heard; mouth with thack lups; nose with promment, curved tip; leaf-shaped eyes with rased lids and ridged eevebrows; painted irs: roughly modelled ears; panted hair; sloping forehead; helmet with straight, closed spike and upturned cheek-pieces; sertical arms; 1. hand closed holding now missing object; r. arm vertical; isolnnear feet with modelled toes, wearing sandals with straps. The statuette is dressed in a chiton with elbow sleeres: horders of rehef strips around neck and along sides of arms. The chiton ends shghtly ahove the feet. Ears and lups are panted red; black haur, eyebrows, lids, iris, moustache, and beard; traces of black on the chiton The figure stands on a roughly square base tablet. Hand-made. 'Two perced holes on breast, and back-hole; feet and lower arms are separately put in. Head broken at neck; body broken in pieces, hase tablet repaired with gyrsum. Brown clay; light slip. Height 73.3. Shoulder width 182 .

Base width 202. Wiast wath 16 3. Breast diam 12.5. Neck height +.3. Neck width 7.1. Head height 12.6. Head length 10.8. Head width 10.9. Arms length 32.0 Hands length 9.3. Feet length i+.0. K ro. 94.1.

1390 Statuette with tubular, wheel-made hody; Hattened breast; sloping shoulders; slightly concave neck; depressed orord head; no beard; no mouth marked; stranght, promment nose wath upturned tip; prominent eyes; marked eyebrows, plan ears; sloping forehead; helmet with straight, closed spike, made in one prece with head; vertical arms with undigitated hands; sleeves of chiton indicated by strips in relief along arms. Body covered by red colour, partly effaced. Head broken at neck, thumb of 1 . hand mussing. Back-hole. Brown-red clay; light slıp. Height 43.6. K io. 94.1.
1391. Statuette, as No. 1035; rounded beard; cheek-pieces and the front piece of helmet made separately; rest of helmet in one piece with head Brown, gitty clay: light slip, partly effaced. Head, neck, and $\mathbf{r}$. thumb broken; 1. thumb missing. Hetght $49.3 . \mathrm{K}$ io. 94.I.
1392. Statuette, as No. 79. Damaged. Length 17.0. Kio. 94. I .
1393. Statuette, as No. 1039. Traces of red colour around base; black line on lower part of r. arm. Hetght $3+4$. K го. $9+$. .
1394. Statuette, as No 73; trapezoid head; very short beard. Nose missing; top of helmet chipped. Redbrown claỵ; reddish slip. Height $21 .+$. Kio. 94.1.
1395. Statuette, as No. riz-8. Nuch damaged. Top of helmet and part of body missing. Herght 54.0. K 10. 94.I.
1396. Statuette, as No. 1025. Head damaged; r. part of head partly missing. Herght +52 . K ro. 94.r.
1397. Statuette, as No. 1025. Top of helmet, part of cheekpieces, and lower arms missing. Height 46.5. K 10. 9+. I .
1398. Statuette, as No. 83 I; prominent eyes; marked eyebrow line; short, rounded beard; straight shawl. Height 22.7. Kio. 94 I .
1399. Statuette, as No. 27; trapezord head; no ears; short rounded beard. Painted eyes, eyebrows, beard, and hair, horizontal lines over breast and along shoulders; transierse lines at arms and waist. Broken waist and lower part of 1 . arm; part of band round head missing. Height i8.3. K ro. 94.1.
1 400 . Statuette, as No. 53. Broken neck. Height 18.8 . К 10. 9+.1.
1+01. Statuette with cylndrical body: splayed base; rertical arms; hands with fingers, flattened breast; slightly sloping shoulders; concave neck; rather trapezord head; triangular, rounded beard with dot incisions and encircling, incised lines; incised mouth; moustache marked by incised line; slightly concave nose with thickenng, projecting tip; pierced nostrils; oval eyes with incised lids and a dot marking the iris; eyebrows with incised duts; har falling in compact
mass on back of head; helmet made separately, with rut cheek-pleces, with top bent forwards, decorated by oblique incisions on sides. Helmet, beard, and eyes painted black; red face, vertical, black lines enclosed by red lines on body; red lines on arms. Middle of $r$. arm, neck, and helmet near base broken; top of helmet, 1. arm, and end of finger on $r$. hand missing Redbrown clay, light-brown slip. Height 29.3. K io. $9+1$.
1402. Statuette, as No. 124. Breast and both arms broken; top damaged, end of 1 . arm missing. Height 23.2. K io 9+..
1403. Statuette, as No. ro+3; long, curved nose wathout nostrils; slightly ralsed eyelids and brows. No back-hole. Neck, end of I. cheek-piece, and part of base broken. Both arms missing Brown-red clay; light slip. Height 58.2. К го. 94.1.

1404 . Statuette, as No. 1382 ; less flattened breast: slightly sloping shoulders; projecting mouth; thin, straight nose. Broken; part of head and base missing. Brightred, gritty clay; light slip, nearly effaced. Height 43.6. K io 94.1.
1405. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; somewhat bulging breast; horizontal shoulders; slightly concave neck; ovoid head; rounded beard; mncised mouth with roughly modelled lıps; straight nose; narrow, leaf-shaped eyes; marked eyebrows; plain ears; sloping forehead; helmet with bent top and upturned cheek-preces; vertical arms; dressed in plain chiton with overfold and short sleeves. Neck, top of helmet, and 1. cheek-piece broken; top of helmet, r. cheekprece, end of 1 . cheek-prece, 1. hand (except thumb), and part of nose, missing. Brown-red clay, light slip. Height 46.8. К io. 94.r.
1406. Head of No. 1389. Height 10.5. K 1o. 94. r.
1407. Statuette, as No. 1383; heimet with bant top. Arms, waist, and base broken; fingers of 1 . hand missing. Height 49.5. К го. 94.т.
1408. Statuette with cylindrical, sold body, splayed hase; sloping shoulders; vertical arms; square head; pinched nose; pellet ears; long, triangular, rounded beard; soft cap on head. Traces of red colour on cap; black hair on the back of head. Lower part of hoth arms, and r. ear missing. Brown-red clay; light slip, partly turned red. Hesght 18.9. К io. 94.1.
Ifog. Statuette, as No. 83. Broken neck; base missing. Height 19.9. K io. 94.I.
iflo. Statuette, as No. 907 . L arm, and parts of head and body missing; much danaged. Height 46.5. K 10. $9+1$.
1411. Body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; splayed hase; vertical arms with modelled fingers. Head and parts of body missing; much danaged. Hesht 34.5. K 10. 94.I.
1412. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard. Black border at base. Neck and breast broken; nose mising. Brick-red clay. Herght 24.5. K io. 94.I.

1+13. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Broken at neck; chin and part of base missing. Red-brown clay; light-brown slıp. Height 249 K 10. 94 I.
1414. Statuette, as Xo 162; oxal head with promment checks; roughly modelled noss with nostrils; incred mouth, prominent eyeballs; hair falling in compact mass on back of head. Helmet painted red, with black, encircling line round base; ears red; esebrows, moustache, heard, and har black; black line round neck, black and red transverse lines on arms, no traces of colour on body; black border at bise. Broken walst. Height 3 I .5 . K io. 9t.I.
1415. Statuette, as No. 86; beth arms bent over breast holding quadruped. Neck, 1. arm, quadruped, and base broken; r. arm and part of base missing. Height 18.3. K 10.94 .1.

1fi6. Moulded relief statuette with flat body; bare legs; isolinear feet; both arms bent upwards on bredst; statuette is dressed in girdled tunic ending below knees; overfold with side-flaps: plain girdle in rehef. Head mıssing. Red-brown clay; light slıp. I Height 15.5. K 10. 94.I.
1417. Statuette, as No 1032; both arms bent over breast holding quadruped; soft helmet with top bent back, decorated with scale-shaped incisions, arranged in parallel rows. Lower body, arms, and hand legs of animal broken; part of $r$. arm, and end of $r$ horn of anımal mıssing. Height 2r.6. Kio. 94.I.
1418. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; Hattened breast with two nupples; horizontal shoulders, concave nock; oval head; short, rounded, incised leard, wide, incised mouth with raised edges; cursed nuse with nostrils; promment eyes; rased eyebrows; sloping forchead; helmet, separatels made, with straight spoke and hangong cheek-pieces; vertucal arms, undgritated hands without thumbs. Body coloured red with hlack, vertical stripes in front and alk ne the sides, whoch indicate dress Lower part of face and body broken; r. cheek-plece and r. arm misang. Buff clay with thick, black cure; buff slip, partly effaced. Height 37.7. K io. 94.I.
1419. Statuette, as No. 269; very short beard Neck and waist broken; top of helmet chipped. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Height z1.0. K го. 94 I
1+20. Statuette, as No. 251. Height +2.0. K 10. 94. r.
1421. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flattened breast; horizontal shoulders; tall, tapering, concave neck; oblong, trapezoid head; long, rounded, square beard: incised mouth with small, marked hps; thon, concave nose; leaf-shaped eyes with lids and marked eyebrows: roughly modelled, plain ears; slightly sloping forehead; sleghtly raised, plain har on the back of head, suft helmet with top bent back decorated wath small incisions; 1. arm vertical; r. arm uplifted, with closed hand. Body and arms broken Brown day; hight slip, somewhat effaced. Height 302 Kio 94.1
1422. Sitatuette, ds No. 251. Height 42.0. K io. 94.1.
1423. Sitatuette, as No. 79 ; very short beard. R. arm missing. Red-brown cliy: light slip. Height 20.7. K io. 94.1.
I424. itatuette, as No. 79, very short beard. R. arm and wast broken; nose, end of l. arm missing; base damaged. Red-brown clav. Height 23.7. K io. 94.1. 1425. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; somewhat flattened breast; sloping shoulders; concave neck; wal. triangular head; short, thick nose; incised mouth with thin, raised edges; projecting cheeks; prominent eves; marked eyebrow line; pellet ears with a button projection mitating carrıng; slightly sloping forehead; chon with poonted beard; slightly raised, plain hair on back of head; straght helmet with straight, hollow spike; hangung cheek-pieces; vertical arms; hands with fingers. Nuch damaged. Height c. fo.o. K゙ Io. 94.I.
1426. Statuette, as No. rofo. Traces of black on beard; black line round neck; latticed, black lines on chiton and arms indicating sleeves; red, oblique band enclosed by black lines on mantle. Lower part missing; neck and body broken. Herght c. yo.o. K-L 10.94 .1 .
1427. Statuette with tubular body; splayed base; bulging hreast; sloping shoulders; vertical arms; slightly concare neck; orord head; rounded, triangular beard; full lips and cheeks; thin, prominent nose; leafshaped eyes with hids in relief; raised, slightly curved eveb:ows; sloping forehead; roughly modelled ears; helmet with missing top. The figure appears to bs dressed in a long chiton with short sleeves and a mantle thrown obliquely over body from 1. shoulder. Border of mantle marked by relief ridges. L. arm, part of I. side of body, r. hand, and top of helmet missing; much damaged. Feight 56.5 L Io. 94.I.
1428. Statuette, as No. I6y; without pellet mouth. Helmet painted red; eyes and beard black; ears red; traces of black on the body. Broken at waist and l. arm. Brown clay; light slip. Height 20.9. K-L ro. 94.1. I 429 Body of a statuette. See No. ro94. Kio. 94.i.
I430. Statuette, as No. 79; long, triangular beard. Both arms missing; top of helmet and waist broken. Brickred elay; black core; red slip. Height 24.8. L 10. 94.I.
1431. Statuctte, as No. 1035. I Ieight +1.0. K io. 94.1.
1432. Statuette, as No. 53. Base missing; neck broken. Height r8.4. K 10. 94.1.
1433. Statuette, as No. irfo, but roughly made; somewhat flattened breast; sloping forehead; undigitated, closed hands; no band round head. 'Traces of black colour on hair. Back-hole. Brick-red clay; partly black core; light slip. Nose and part of base missing. Neck and arms broken. Height 36.5. K io. 94.I. 1434. Fragment of a statuette. Body broken in pieces. Head and arms missing. Ileight 35.2. Kín. st.r. 1435. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard; earrings in the ears. Base partly missing Brick-red clay; red slip. Height ig.0. L 10. 94.i.
1436. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard; short, conical helmet. I. arm missing. Redbrown clay; light slip. Height 15.9 . L io. 94.1.
1437. Statuetie, as No. 590; short, triangular, rounded beard. Neck, buth arms, and waist broken; base partly missing. Height 22.6. Lio. 941.
$143^{8}$ Statuette, as No. 1279; square head; incised mouth; long, rounded bedrd. Broken at waist. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 19.3. L io. 94.1.
1439. Statuette, as No. 1051; helmet with hanging checkpreces with ends rolled up. Two black vertical lines along front of body. Back-hole. Head and upper part of body broken in pieces and partly missing; both arms missing. Brown-red clay; light slip. Heıght 41.5. K-L 10 . 94.1.

I440. Statuette, with tubular, slightly flattened, wheelmade body, sloping shoulders; thin arms; closed, undigitated hands with straight thumbs; thick, cylindrical neck; head with triangular face; pointed beard; very large, straight nose; large. slightly prominent eves; large, disc-shaped pellet ears; pointed helmet, in one piece with the head. Top of helmet, 1. arm, and small parts of body and base missing. Coarse, red clay; light sltp only partly preserved. Height 39.1—41.5. K-L $0 . \quad 94.1$.
1441. Statuette with cylindrical, hollow body; splayed base; verncal arms; hand without shaped fingers, bent. R. arm and head missing. Height 36.0. L 10. 94.1.
1442. Statuette, as No. 92. Traces of paint. Neck broken; part of base missing. Light slip. Height ig.0. K io. 94.1.
1443. Statuette, as No. 52. Height 20 2. K 10 . 94.1.
r444. Statuette, as No. 53. Base missing. Height i7.6. Kio. 94.r.
I445. Statuette, as No. I 307; nearly square head. Body and neck broken; lower part of $r$. arm and end of $l$. ear missing. Height 49.0. K IO. 94..
1446. Statuette, as No. 52. Broken neck and base; part of base missing. Herght 19.0. K io 94.I.
1447. Statuette, as No. 73. Height 23.1. K io. 94.r.
r44. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; bulging breast; very sloping shoulders; slightly concave neck; nearly square head; chin with short, pointed beard: incised mouth; thick, projecting nose without nostrils; eres painted black; plain pellet ears; sloping forehead; helmet with hollow, straight spike; helmet ends in spiral curls on back of head; upturned cheekpreces; vertical arms; closed, undigitated hands. L. arm, head, and base broken; head and base partly missing. Buff clay; light slip. Height 36.8. K ıo. 94.1.
1449. Statuette, as No. 1139 ; double band round head instead of helmet; closed, undigitated hands. Nose, part of breast, lower part of 1 . arm, and part of base missing; neck, upper part of body, and both arms broken. Height 47 S. K 1o. 94.1.
1450. Statuette, as No. 1360; prominent eves; marked
eyebrows; single band round hade ; no traces of colour on harr. No slip. Nose, chin, and 1. arm missung. Height 28.5. K iо. 94.1.
1451. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard; hands with modelled fingers. L. arm missing Red-brown clay; light-brown slip. Herght r7.2. K io. 94.1.
1452. Statuette, as No. 269; square head; short, rounded bard. Black border at base. Base damaged. Redbrown clay; reddish slip. Herght if.S. L io. 94.1.
1453. Statuette, as No. 30y, square head; short, straightcut beard; very wide shoulders. Hereht i9.7. Lio. 94.1.
1454. Statuette, as No. 232; square head; longer, triangular bard; soft, short leemet with closed spike; strap around 1 . shoulder, in which missing sword once was hanging. Broken below waist, at neck, and breast; r. arm and sword massing. Red slip. Height z8.r. L ro. 94.r.
1455. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, triangular beard. Broken at neck. Red clay and slip. Height 24.0 L ro. 94.r.
I 456 Statuette, as No. 269 ; longer, trangular beard. R. arm missing; neck broken. Red-brown clay; reddısh slip. Height 20.3. L 10. 94.1.
1457. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; somewhat flattened breast; thick, straght neck; square head; long, thin nose; incised mouth; pointed beard; pierced ears with earrings of clay; helmet with hollow, straight spake, in one piece with head; hair indicated by relief stripes along sades of neck; chiton indicated by relief line from arms across breast; girdle by three horizontal ridges at waist. Back-hole. Broken at breast and arms; lower part of arms missing. Rough, red clay; light-buff clay, partly effaced. Height 60.3 . K—L ro. 94.r.
1458. Statuette, as No. 124; longer, rounded beard. Height 24 r. K ro. 94.r.
1459. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. L. ear and end of 1 . arm missing. Red-brown clay; lightbrown slip. Hetght 24.7. K 10. 94.1.
1460. Statuette, as No. 73: longer, triangular beard. Top of helmet damaged. Red clay and slip. Herght 25.6. K ro. 94.I.
1461. Statuette, as No. 269; short, straight-cut beard. Height 25.2. K 10. 94.1.
1462. Statuette, as No. 73; long, triangular beard. Nose damaged. Hetght 252 . K io. 94.I.
1463. Fragment of a statuette, as No. roso. Head, lower part of both arms, and lower part of body missing. Height 27.7. K-L $10.94 . \mathrm{I}$.
${ }_{1464}$. Statuette, as No. 590. Height 21.6. Lio. 94.1.
1465. Statuette, as No. 1314; pellet mouth. Both arms broken; 1. eye missing; back of helmet damaged. Red slip. Herght 24.3. Lio. 94.1.
1466. Statuette, as No. 1o35. Arms missing. Height fo.7. Kio. 94.1.
1467. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flat breast; slightly concave neck; oval head; rounded beard;
mesed mouth with roughly shaped lips; nose straight. with nostrils; prominent eyes with painted details and evebrows; slightly sloping forchead; plan tars prowded with earrings of bronze; helmet separate in front with top bent back; upturned cheek-pieces; vertical arms; hands with fingers, dressed in a chiton with black borders painted at neck and arms; black, angular lines on breast; black girdle and black border at base; nude parts painted red; beard, eyes, and eyebrows black. Back-hole. Top of helmet, thumb and two fingers of 1 . hand, and thumb of $r$. hand masing; base broken. Height 44.8. K io. 94.1.
1468. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; bulging breast, sloping shoulders; concate neck; rather rectangular head; short baard; incised mouth; convex nose with thick end; leaf-shaped eves with raised lids and modelled eyebrows; sloping forehead; helmet with soft top bent back; hair not indicated; 1. arm vertical; r. arm bent over breast holding a bowl containng three cakes; both arms have undigitated hands whthout thumbs. 'Traces of black colour on beard; fingers of 1 . hand indicated by black lines; black lines along sides of body; two horizontal, black lines across body: black transverse line over 1. arm probably indicating chiton; black hne along the r. arm. Small holes on head and body. Lower part of body, part of 1. shoulder, middle part of 1. arm, top of helmet, part of front of helmet and checkpieces missing; body, neck, and helmet broken. Lightbrown clay; lipht-green slip. Herght 523 . K 10 94.1.
469 . Statuette, as No. 1033; undigitated hands. Neck and r. arm broken; 1. arm missing. Brown-red clay; light slip, partly burnt red. Herght 37.7. Kio 94.I.
1470. Statuette. standing wath 1. foot advanced (its ankle placed beside toes of $r$. foot); feet with modelled toes, wearing sandals with usual straps: conventionalized, tube-shaped legs; r. hip placed backwards owing to the mechancal insertion of the legs, and on that account, the body is of a pecultar shape: the lower body up to walst is more deep than wide: the upper body is of normal proportions with wide, horizontal shoulders; concave neck; rery hrgh, hut short, oval head; straight-cut, rounded beard; mouth with thack lips; prominent cheeks; curred nose; lancet-shaped eyes with raised lids and curted eyebrows; ears were hidden by now missing helmet; sloping forehead; hamr indicated in front by incised scale-pattern; the arms are bent forwards holding a now musing object. The statue is dressed in a short skirt kept up by a plan sirdle in relef round the waist: and the upper body is naked; the umbilica is marked by a hole. The statue stands on a roughly carcular tablet. It is hand-made, whout back-hole and the legs are separately attached to the body. The face is moulded. Lower part of body bruken, and partly missing, restored; arms, fingers of 1 . hand, one finger of $r$. hand, I. leg, and $r$. leg belo w knee broken, helmet
and object mussing. Brown claỵ; light, somewhat greenish slip. Height 79.5 Shoulder width 21.9. Waist width 16.5 . Breast diam. 12.1. Legs to knees 24.0 . Legs to hips 43.5. Body to shoulder 64.5. Neck helght +3 . Neck width 6.o. Head height 12.6. Head length S.o. Head wadth 7.8. Arms length 34.2. Hands length 12.2. Feet length 14.8. K 10 $9+1$.
147r. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flat breast; horizontal shoulders; concave neck; elliptical head; rounded beard; incised mouth with roughly modelled lips; narrow hook-nose; prominent eves with incised hds; plain ears standing straight out, sloping forehead; soft helmet with top bent back; vertical arms; hands with fingers; dressed in plain chiton and mantle over 1, shoulder. Head broken at neck; part of neck, beard, and front parts of ears missing. Buff-red clay; light-buff shp. Height 30.2. K 10. 94. 1.
1472. Statuette, as No. 53. Part of base missing; neck broken Slip partly turned red. Heıght i8.9. Kio. 94.1 .
1473. Statuette, as No. 1093; short, straight helmet with hangıng cheek-pleces. Traces of colour. Neck broken. Height 24.5 . K 10.94 .1 .
1474. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; somewhat bulging breast; slightly sloping shoulders; concave neck; trapezord head, no beard; incised mouth with ralsed edges; thin nose with upturned tip; promment eves; straight forehead; slightly rased, plan hair on back of head; modelled helmet with top bent forwards; hanging cheek-pieces with upturned ends. Back-hole. Neck and upper part of body broken; both arms, end of 1 . cheek-piece, part of body missing. Brown-red, hard clay; dark core; slıp much effaced Height 50.3. K 10. 94.1.
1475. Bodỵ, cylindrıcal, splayed base. Head and l. arm missing. Henght 13.3 Kio yt.1.
1476. Statuette, as No. 1279. Nose and r. arm missing; 1. part of the face damaged. Light slip. Herght is 9 . K 10. $9+1$.
$147 \%$ Statuette, as No. 407 ; head, as No. 1290, but with lone, straight helmet; both arms adsanced holding quadruped with now missing horns; hands with roughly indicated fingers. Neck and both arms broken, base partly chupped; top of helmet damaged; lower r. arm missing. Red shp. Height 19 5. K 10 94.1.
1478. Statuette, as No. 227; trapezord head. Nose, chin, and beard missing. Slip partly turned red Height 16.5. K го. 94.1.
ri79. Bronze statuette, a No. 2758, but with r. arm lifted in a position of adoration. Height g.8. К io. 94.1.
1480 statuette with tubular, whecl-made hody; breast and back bulgung; sloping shoulders; thack, straight neck; rather square head, incised mouth; prominent eses with raised eyebrows; chin with small, pointed beard, ears covered by cheek-pieces; slughtly sloping
forehead; helmet with straight, closed spike and hanging cheek-pleces; helmet made separately; relief stripes along sides of neck indicate hair; hands with fingers. Back-hole. Waist and arms broken; end of r. cheekpiece massong. Red clay; hlack core; light slip. Height 6i.z. K ro. 94.1.
1481. Statuette with concave, tubular, wheel-mads body; small, horizontal shoulders; vertical arms, undigitated hands with straight thumhs; concave neck; large, oval head; projecting chin, large, triangular nose with nostrils; oval eyes; ridged eyebrows; pellet ears placed high up; nouth with prominent lips; helmet wath stranght spike and hanging cheeh-pleces. Thick, white slip. Top of helmet broken 1 Ieight to 6 . K $10 \quad 9+1$.
1482. Head of statuette, as that of No. 79. Height 5.0. K 10.941.
1483. Statuette, as No. 269; trapezoid head; longer, triangular beard, heart-shaped upper body. 'lop of helmet missing: neck broken; base damaged. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 23.0. K 10 . 94.1.
$\mathbf{1}^{8} \mathrm{~B}_{\mathbf{+}}$. Hollow, cylindrical body ; splayed base; vertical arms; hands without shaped fingers; back-hole. Head missing. Height 23.5. K io. 94 I.
iq85. Statuette, as No. 96 ; unly traces of paint Height 19.8. K 10. 94.1.
if 86 . Statuette wath tubular, wheel-made b.de; bulging breast; flattened back; horizontal shoulders; concave neck; oral head, short, rounded beard; incised mouth; projecting thin, straight nose with nostrils; prominent eves with marked eyebrows; plain pellet ears; sloping furehead; soft helmet with bent top and band along lower edge in front; both arms holding now missing anmal on breast. Two groups of two small holes on back of shoulder. Head and body broken; r. arm and fingers of 1 . haad missing. Brick-red clay; greyblack core; light slip, effaced on upper part of body. Height +3.7. K 10. 94.1.
1 487 . Statuette, as 入o 1359 ; sery sloping shoulders; mouth incised with thin, rassed edges; no hatr alung sides of neck; arms with bracelet; hands with fincers; dressed in mantle draped over both shoukders and back. Black hair. Back-hole. Neck and upper body broken and preces missind; part of 1 . arm misong. Brown-red clay; light shp, much effaced. Height 43.2. K $10.9+1$.
1488. Statuette, as No. 907; horizontal shoulders. Head, $r$. arm fingers of 1 . hand, part of mantle and hass broken: top of helmet minssing. Height 45.2 . Kio. 94.1.
1489. Statuette, as No. 282; pointed, shurt beard. Helmet panted red with red borders; eyes and beard black; transserse red and black lines on upper part of body; parallel, wedge-shaped hnes on waist. Height a8.4. K 10. 94.1.
1490 Statuette, similar to Ňo. 1470; but isolinear fect wearing sandals without straps; helmet with soft
tup bent back and hanging cheek-pieces; hair indicated by stripe in front, below helmet; r. arm vertical; 1. arm bent; hands with fingers; the 1 . one bolding a now missing object, wheb nught have been a spear. The statuctte is dressed in a kilt ending above knees, kept up by a girdle in plain relief round the waist from which are hangung plan, vertital tassels along 1. side of body The upper body is naked, with marked umhilica. The statuctte is hand-made, without backhole; the legs are steparately attached to body. Botb arms broken at shoulder and elhows; r. cheek-piece broken; lower part of body broken and partly missing (now restored); leys broken at upper end and tarsus; 1 leg broken below knee. Red-brown and brick-red clay; greenish, light slip. Heıght 83.5. Shoulder width 22.2. Waist width 190 Breast diam. 12.2. Legs to knees 22.5. Leeps to hips 43.0 . Body to sboulder 67.7. Neck height 4.8 . Neck width 6.9. Head height 12.5. Head length 8.8. Head width 7.5. Arms Iength 31.S. Hands length ro.9. Feet length 16.7. K 10. 94.1.
1491. Statuette, as No. 1353. No black colour. Height 39.3. K io. 94.1.
1492. Statuette, as Mio. 233; oblons, rounded head; undigitated hands. Traces of colour. Most of band around head missing. Reddish slip. Height 18.7. K 10. 94.1 .
1493. Statuette, as No. 1407; rounded beard; inner edge of mantle marked. Nose, thumb of 1. hand, and parts of lower body missing; many parts of body broken. Height 50.0. K 10. 94 I.
1494. Statuette, as No. i480. Neck and base broken; r. arm and end of $r$. cheek-piece missing. Height +9.2. Kio. 94.I.
1495. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flattened breast; almost horizontal shoulders concave neck; owal head; short, rounded beard; pellet mouth; slightly concave nose with projecting tip; sightly prominent eyes with marked eyebrows; plain ears; sloping forehead; helmet, modelled in front, with bent top and upturned cheek-pieces; arms with undigitated hands holding a goat on breast; decorated wath vertical, black lines along the sides, in front, and on back; black border at base Brown-red clay; light slip, effaced on upper part of body. Height 37.0. K ro. 94.1.
1496. Statuette, as No. 53. Black beard: lines along sboulders and alone sides of body. Height i8.9. K io. 94.r.
1497. Body of statuette, hollow; oval in section; vertical arms. Head massing. Hetght +4.o. K 10 . 94.r.
1493. Statuette, as No. 218; shorter, rounded beard. Black border at base. Broken wast. Hergbt 21.7. K ro. 94.1.
1499. Statuette, as No. 53. Black beard; black lines round neck from which angular lines hang over breast; border lines on shawl; band of ladder-pattern along sboulders to elb 川s; black, vertical lines along sides of body: transverse lines at waist. Neck broken. Height 19.4. K io 94.I.
1500. Statuette, as No. 53; without colour on hedrd, b.ind of ladder-pattern around neck; band of ladder-pattern along shoulders; horizontal border lines on shawl; band of ladeler-pattern along sides of beds. Height 18.5 К 1 . 94.ı.
1501. Statuette, as No. 309. Herght 22.6. K 10 . 94.r.
1502. Statuette, as No. 227; short, triangular, rounded beard. Black border at base; traces of colour on body Light slip. Height 11.2 . K 10. 9+ 1.
1503. Statuette with tubular. wheel-made hody; concave neek tapering upwards: triangular head; triangular beard, small, incised nouth; tetrahedral nose without nostrils; prominent eyes wath ralsed eyebrows; plain cars standing straight out; slightly sloping forehead, conical helmet without cheek-pieces, in one piece with head; both arms bent over breast holdeng animal. Pierced by two small holes; one in each arm-hole. Neck, base, and lower part of body partly broken; triangular prece of back missing. Buff clay; greenish, light slip. Height 42 7. K io. 941 .
1504. Statuette, as No. 1382; much damaged. Parts missing. Height 28.0. K 10 94.1.
1505. Statuette, as No. 907; hnrizontal shoulders; plain ears; helmet with upturned check-pteces ending in a tassel on back of head; inner edge of mantle narked by a plan ridge. . .eck, r. arm, four fingers of $r$. hand, and part of fringes of mantle broken; end of r. cheek-piece, and fingers and thumb of 1 hand massing. Height 55.6. K о. 941 .
1506 Body of statuette, as that of Xio. 94 Herght 15.5. Kio. 94.I.
1507. Statuette, as No. 53. Ladder-band along sides of body; black beard. Height 18.3 K 10. 94.1.
1508. Statuette, with body as No. +2; tall, straight helmet; longer, narrow, triangular beard. Helmet and neek broken; top of helmet damaged Brown clay, hight slip. Height 29.0. Kio. 94 I .
1509. Statue with almost rectangular, flittened hody, slighty narrowed waist; convex hreast: horizontal shoulders; concave neck; owal head; short, rounded heard (painted); straight mouth with sharp-edged, parted lips; rather thin nose with curved tup; lancet-shaped eyes wuth thick eyelds and sunk-m eyeballs; thick, ridged eyebrows; sloping forehead; soft helmet with upturned cheek-preces and soft top hent back; 1. arm vertical; r . arm outstretched, isolnear feet. The statue is dressed in a chiton with short sleeves; a border in relief round neek; incised lines along sides of arms, sides of body, and lower end of chiton; grooved, vertucal lines in the midde. Beard, eyebrows, hids, and $\mathrm{or}_{1}$ are painted black; red helmet; traces of red colour on back of chiton. The statue is handmade and stands on a base tablet. Back-hole. The feet are separately put into the lower body; forearms separately attached, the chaton attached to base. Top of helmet and fower part of body broken; roth forearms missing. Brown-red, gritty clay; lught
slip, nearly effaced. Height gr.o. Shoulder width 29.0. Base width 29.0. Waist width 21.0. Breast diam. 16.5 Neck herght 6.0. Neck width ro.0. Head height ry.o. Head length r3.2. Head width 13.i. Feet length 15.0 . K io. 94.i.
1510. Statuette, as No. 907; horizontal shoulders; inner edge of mantle marked in plain relief. End of r. cheek-piece, upper part of r. arm, nose, and one fringe of himation missing; fingers of 1 . hand and waist broken. Herght 49.1. K ro. 94.r.
15II. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flat breast; horizontal shoulders; concave neck; ovoid head; short beard; incised mouth with raised edges; rather short, straight nose; slightly prominent eves; raised eyebrows, roughly modelled ears; sloping forehead; no hair; helmet with straight spike, in one prece with head; arms with undigitated hands; 1. arm vertical; r. arm bent over breast holding buck. Base partly broken; buck restored; thumb of 1 . hand, and part of r . hand missing. Brick-red, hard clay; black core: light slip, much effaced. Height 44.5. Кँ го. 94.I.
1512. Statuette, as No. 907; horizontal shoulders. Neck, 1. arm, fingers, and base broken; some fringes of humation missing. Herght 47.7 . Kio. 94.r.
1513. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; flattened breast; thin, concare neck; ovoid head; rounded beard; incised mouth; straight nose with thick tip; slightly prominent eyes with marked eyebrows; sloping forehead; helmet with hanging cheek-pieces; 1 arm vertical; r. arm uplifted in position of adoration. Neck and body broken; top of helmet, lower part of 1. arm, and fingers of r. hand missing. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 54.5. K io. 94.I.
1514. Forearm, hollow, and hand with fingers, closed; arm provided with a peg for fixing it to upper arm. Length 35.2. Lg. 94.1.
1515. Statuette, as No. 1035; large, rounded beard; shorter, straight nose; helmet modelled in front; arms with undigitated hands. R. arm and base broken; triangular part of base missing. Height 32.2. K-L $9.9+1$.
1516. Statuette, as No. 1321; straight neck; short, rounded beard; triple band round soft cap; sleeves of chiton vaguely indicated. Back-hole. Both arms missing; lower part of body broken. Brick-red clay; black core. Henght 38.7. L 9. 94.r.
1517. Statuette, as No. 1321, but with straight neck; chin with short, rounded beard; incised mouth; triple band around soft cap on head; dress indicated by sleeres on arms. Lower part of arms missing; lower part of body broken. Brick-red clay; black core. Height 38.7. Lg. 94.r.
ryid. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; slightlybulging breast; horizontal shoulders; triangular head; nose with thick tip; ancised mouth; painted eves; chin with pointed beard; straight forehead; helmet with straight, hollow spike; hanging cheek-piecse;
plan hair indicated; vertical arms; closed, undıgitated hands with thumbs. Cpper end of $r$. arm and waist broken. White slip; remains of red paint. Height 45.3. K-L 9. 94.1.
1519. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. L. arm broken; top of head and nose missing. Brick-red clay; red slip. Height 22.5. K--L 9. 94.1.
1520. Statuette, as No. 224; long, triangular, rounded beard. R. arm missing. Red clay and shp. Height 22.0. K-L 9. 94.1.
1521. Statuette, as No. 79; trapezold head; pellet mouth; pyramidal beard. Broken at waist; 1. arm missing. Height 21.5. Lg. 94.1.
1522. Statuette, as No. 79; rather horizontal shoulders; long, pointed beard; short, conical helmet. Redbrown clay; light slip, partly turned red. Height 23.3. L/9. 94.I.
1523. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; wide, flattened breast; sloping shoulders; thin arms; closed, undigitated hands with straight thumbs; thick, eylindrical neck; oval head; triangular face; large, sloghtly cursed nose; disc-shaped ears with earrings; no beard and eyes modelled. Back-hole. Base and r. arm missing; neck broken. Slip badly worn. Height +4.9-46.0. L 9. 94.1.
$152+\div 2333+2346$.
Statuette standing with 1 . foot slightly advanced; feet wearing sandals with straps; clumsily shaped, tubular legs; body of elliptical section; slightly convex, rather straight breast; sloping shoulders; oval, short head; long, rounded beard; mouth with thick lips; straight nose with narrow ridge and large nostrils; prominent cheeks; lancet-shaped eyes; marked lids; ridged eyebrow lines; sloping forehead; a small, conical helmet, made separately, with top bent back; both arms bent forwards; sword hanging below 1. arm-hole in strip slung obliquely around r . shoulder over body; hands with fingers. The statuette is dressed in a girdled tunic ending above knees, with short sleeves; border of three incised lines; plain girdle round waist. Along the $\mathbf{r}$. side are two vertical rows of fringes in relief and one row with incised fringes ending in a freely hanging tassel deccrated with incised network. The statuette is hand-made and provided with a pierced hole behind each ear; one pierced hole below the $r$. shoulder on arm, and one above the girdle on 1 . side. Helmet and legs attached separately. The feet stand on a square tablet. Helmet and body broken in pieces; neck and legs at tarsus broken; top end of helmet, fingers of both hands missing. Red-brown, brick-red clay; lightbrown slup. Height 86.2. Shoulder width 26.5. Waist width 2r.5. Breast diam. 13.6. Legs to knees 13.6. Legs to hips 43.5. Body to shoulder 68.8. Neck height 4.7. Neck width 7.0. Head height 12.0 Head length 9.0. Head width 9.5. Arms length 27.0. Feet length 15.2. K-L 9. 94.I.

1525．Statuette with tubular，wheel－made body；bulging breast；sloping shoulders；thin arms；1．arm vertical； r．arm bent over breast holdines small gioblet with crecular objects：no hands，cuncave neck；oval head bent backwards；rounded beard，incised mouth： prominent nose；mdicated nostrals；leaf－shaped eyes with heavy Inds；arched eyebrow line，sloping fore－ head；conical helmet with top bent back．Vertical black bands along sides of body：encircling bands round base．Part of helmet missing．Height 57.2 K－L 6．94．
1526．Statuette，as No．1o35；rounded，large beard；curved， long nose；modelled helmet in front； 1 ．shoulder slopanc．Neck and arms broken；top of helmet， 1 ． cheek－prece，and thumb of $r$ ．hand missing．Height 53．2．L．9．94．1．
1527．Statuette，as No．1．405；almost horizontal sboulders； oral head；plan，roughly modelled ears；sloping forehead；helmet without cheek－pieces．Heıgbt 450 ． K－L 9.94 ．
1528．Statuette with hollow，cylindrical body；splayed base． Arms，part of upper body，and most part of bead massing．Hewght 237 ．Kio．9＋ I ．
1529．Fragments of a statuetre．K 10．94．1．
1530．Head．See No．13S5．L g．94．1．
1531．Statuette with tubular，wheel－made body；sloping shoulders；slightly bulging breast；hump at baek； eoncare neck；sloping forehead；rather rectangular head；stratuht nose of medium size with lirge nostrals， large，globular eyes；marked evebrows；roughly mo－ delled ears with double carrings；tncised mouth with roughly modelled lips；rounded bearal，tall helmet with knobbed top；1．arm advaneed and up－ lifted；r．arm might have been uplifted，new mising． Traces of red colour and black lines below 1．arm． Lower part of $r$ ．arm and lower part of 1 hand missing． Brown－red gritty clay；light slip much cfficed Height 30．4．K゙ーL io．94．r．
1532．Statuette，as No． 407 ；ovoid head；very sbort beard； soft helmet with top bent back；both hands uphfted in position of adoration．Face worn，lower r．arm missing；1．arm broken．Reddish slip．Height if．6． K $9.94 . \mathrm{I}$ ．
1533．Statuette，as No．1092；short，straight belmet with hanging cheek－pieces Light slip．I leaght 2r．3．Kg． 94． 1.
1534．Statuette，as No．79．Herght 20．0．K－Li 9－ı0．94．1．
1535．Statuctte，as No．53．Bhack lines along sboulders only．R．shuuldur broken．Hemght r．o．Le．9．94．
1536．Statuette with Hattened body；almost horizontal shoulders；thick．short neck，large owal head with flattened top；stout chin with no or very sbort beard； incised mouth with roughly shiped lips；straight nose；leaf－shaped．prominent eyes wath thick，ratued evebrows，roughly modilled ears，almost stiagbt forchead：hair marked by small inctsions on top of head，band in low rehef around head，both arms
uplifted：hands with modelled fingers，isolinear feet with modelled toes＇The statuette is dressed in a chaton．inesed line around neek，bertical lines alones shoulders and along sides of body，and horizontal lanes at the base．marhane scams and borders．＇The feet are peepang out of the dress，separately attached， and resting on a base tablet．Hand－made．llead and upper bse broken；l．car，part of 1 ．sde of head， part of bak of head．part of 1 ．shoulder，lower part of 1 ．arm，part of upper $r$ ．arm，and fingers of $r$ ．hand missing．Herght 45.0 ．Shoulder wath 159. Base wadth 13 2．Breast dam．92．Nech height $3+$ Neck wadtn 63 ．Head height if．i．Head length io．o． Head wilth to 5 Arms length 31．1．L．g．gf I ．
1537．Statuette，as No．1021：nech taperme upwards； straight beard；incised mouth with thin．raised edges； projecting nose；sloping forehedd．＇Traces of paintinges in front above base，traces of a black border at base． Top of r．ear．ends of $r$ ．and 1 ．hands，part of base missing：arms broken lleight 37．2．L．9．94．i．
1539．Statuette with hollow，cylmdracal body，splaying upwards；flatened beast；hormontal shoulders； concare neck；round head；chin with hort，rounded beard：incised mouth with rourhly modelled lips； thin，eoncase prominent n 心．wathout nostrals； slaghtly prominent eyes wath ratsed brows：sery sloping forehead：plan ears，buth arms bent over breast holdiner quadruped；hand，with fingers；helmet with upturned eheeds－pheces and a strap on back of head．＇Iraces of a black hurder at base；blak lines alone sules of body；chequered band round neels and on strap．Helmet and end of both hands nuismer： body broken at shoulder：both arms broken near hand，anmad mas：ang Butf elas；well preserved slip．Hetght 39．8．L9．94．I．
1539．Statuette，as Nö 907；horizontal shoulders llewht 54．5 L9 94．1．
1540．Statuette，as No 90－；eves with eycluds，hurizontal shoulder l＇ate boben； 1 ．arm，$r$ cheek－prect and part of fingers misonar．IRed－brown clas．Herght 56．1．L． 9 9 1

1542．Stanette，as No．15ib．Parts of band mishing：trates of red and black colours on hat llewht シit 1.9 $9+1$
1543．Statuette as No．5 3 ． 0 ．Lower part of 1 ．arm and part of bind masing．Ilemat z\＆．6．I．9 9\＆ I ．
154＋．Statuette with tubular body，bulane breast．sloping shoulders：rather concial neck：trapezond heded，short beard，no mouth：thin．conver mome，no eser，plam cars：stratght forehead；three parallel bands round a soft cap on head；hair plan and shertaly rased on bach of head．llamemade，bati－hole 1 ．．arm broken Brack－red chay：blath core：lreht slop leroht 30 8．L．9－10．リ寸 1.
1545．Statuette，ds No．232．s fuale hedd，shit，rounded
beard. l . arm broken; thumb of 1 . hand missing. Brick-red clay; light slip, partls turned red. Height 215 La . $9+1$.
154). Statuette, as . . .a. 797; owal, rather square head; longer, rounded bard; promment eycballs. No traces of colour. Broken neck. Red-brown clay; red shp. letght 2r 2. I.g. 94.1
$15+7$ Satuette, as lio 269 ; nearly horizontal shoulders Neck broken; r. ear missing; top of helmet chipped lleicht ェッ7. 1.9.9+1.
154. . Statuette, as No. 269 ; shoulders less sloping; longer, rounded beard. Heirbt 22.4. Lg. 94.r.

## $15+0$ - 1995 .

Statuette with solinear feet wearng sandals without hraps: legs dumy and tube-shaped; upper body elliptical in section; straight breast; horizontal shouldery; sbort, concale neck, oral, short head; triangular, ruunded beard marked with stamped circles; straight mouth with thin lips; narrow, straight nose with nostrils; leaf-shaped eyes with prominent eyeballs; rased, arched evebrows; roughly modelled ears; slightly loping furchead; hair indicated by spiral curls; rough surface on back of head indicates a helmet (now missing); vertical, thin arms; hands with fingers. The statuette is dressed in a tunic with short sleeres and without modelled girdle. The statuette is made in two halves; the lower part hand-made provided with a collar ( $10.0: \div 6.0 \div 5.5$ ) to receive and fix the upper half. 'The upper half is wheel-made up to breast; the statuette rests on a base tablet (No. 1991). The hedd is sohd and separately attached; the eyeballs are also separately attached tos the eves. The upper half is wrthout back-hole. Helmet, r. eveball, part of base and of upper bod!, fingers of $r$. hand minsing, part of back of head and face broken. Brown clas, light slip, partly effaced Height 78.0 . Shoulder wdth 200 Wast width 15.7. Breast diam. if.r. Legs to knees 195 . Legs to hips 37.5 . Body to shoulder 65.0 . Neck heoght 28 . Neek width 7.0. Ifead height 13.5. Head length 8.3. Head width 10.8. Arms length 28.0. Flands length 8.5. Feet length 13.5. Log. 9+ 1.
1550 Cylinder of black steatite with a ridge round each end; pierced by a wade bole through the longitudinal axis. Representation: a large tree with conventionaloed houghs in the shape of volutes, at the trunk of which one horned and one unhorned buck form a heraldic scheme, their legs are horizontal; a man dressed in a short, theht dress, and without headdress performs a dance with visidly moved arms and he al turned back; a sun-disc between two crescents are placed in the space between. Length 23 . Nio.94.3.
1551. Bull statuctte, as No. 1552 Much damaged. Length 300. K-L 10. 93.1.

1552 Bull statuette with cylindrical body; backbone not marhed; sohd less taperme downwards; tanl tallong along r. hind leg; no genital organs; cylindrual hole
with rased edges on buttock; short neck with broad brisket; head with cursed, erect horns; modelled nose with incised nostrils; open, incised mouth with tongue heking 1 side: oblong, modelled eves with meised lids; ears standing straght out, two incised, horizontal lines across nose abwe nostrils. Traces of black colour on body, tanl, and leas; black, oblique lines on brisket. L. foreleg and both horns broken; end of 1 ear missing. Wheel-made body. Red, hard clay; light-greenish slip. Lengtb 24.5 K 10.93 I.
1553. Bull statuette, as No. 1552; tail falling alone 1. hind leg. Traces of black colour on body. Both horns broken; bath ears, end of r . horn, and tonsue missing. Length 23.2. K 10 . 93.1.
1554 Bull statuette with rather short and thick body; tubular legs, tapering downwards; genital organs; (igorously modelled head; owal eges with inctiod lids; brisket and har on head rendered with incisions of ornamental effect; band with attached bell hangine around neck. J'al, 1. ear, and horns missing. Length 325. К 10. 93.I.
1555. Statuette, as No. 1032; cap-shaped helmet, both arms uplifted. Breast hroken. R. arm and end of 1 . arm missing. Light slip. Herght is 4 Lg. 93.1. 1556. Bull statuette with rather short, cylindrical body; without marked back-bone; genital organs; legs tapering downwards; modelled hoofs; broad neck with wasy brisket; head with cursed, erect horns; oval, slightly prominent eyes with incised hds; modelled nose with nostrils; incised lines above nostruls; incised mouth; erect ears with incised lines; small, circular pellet disc on forehead; snakes coiling on back up to head. Neck, both horns, both forelegs, and $\mathbf{r}$. hind lest hroken; end of horns, part of snakes, and tall missing. Body, feet, and neck wheel-made. Brown clay; snmetımes grey core; light slip. Length 36.2. L. 9. 93.1.
1557. Statuette, as No. 1481. Thick, white slip. Height 37.7. L. 9. 93.1.
1558. Statuette, as No. 907; horizontal shoulders; eyes with evelids; arms with undigitated hands. R. arm and head broken; lower part of 1 . arm and part of fringed border missing; crack on 1. shoulder. Height 492. L. 9931.
1559. Statuette, as No. 957; horizontal shoulders; mantle draped over r. shoulder. Breast broken; head, fingers of 1. hand, and r. arm missing. Herght 39.3 . L 9.93 .1 . 1560. Statuette with wheel-made, hollow, cylindrical body; sloping shoulders; concave neck; "Janus" figure with two head; oval faces; chuns with rounded beards; pellet mouths; long, curved noses; sloping foreheads; single helmet with straight, closed spike and hanging cheek-pleces; vertical arms with roughly indicated fingers. Cheek-pleces massing; r. arm broken at shoulder. Brick-red clay; red polished ship, much effaced. Height 33.3. La. 43.1.
1561. Statuette, as No. 79; triangular, pointed beard. Neck,
r. arm, and waist broken; top of helmet missing. Height 22.8. L, 9. 93.1.
1562. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; almost horizontal shoulders; concave neck; I arm vertical; r. arm uplitted with clused hand; hands with modelled fingers; trangular head; short, rounded beard; mouth with thick, modelled lips; plann cars prered by holes; leaf-shaped eyes with rased lids and eyebrows; convex nose with nostrils; sloping forehead; straight, conical helmet with straight spike and upturned cheek-preces, tied at back of head with straps; dressed in a fringed mantle draped over 1. shoulder obliquely across body. Lower part of body, lower 1. arm, and top of helmet missing, body broken. Red-brown clay; lught slip, partly effaced. Herght 55.0. L9 93.1.
$1563+2026$.
Fenale figure sitting in a square arm-chair with the feet resting on a square stool; arms resting on knees and on sides of chair; ovoid head; moised mouth with raised edges; circular impression round mouth from nose to chin; concave nose with long tip; lancetshaped eves, with prominent eyeballs and incised lids; indicated eyehrow line placed high up; pellet ears; har indicated by parallel, thin incisions and tied in a projecting knot at back of head; transverse band on top of head marked by incised Ime. The figure is dressed in a chiton and a mantle draped over both shoulders and arms. At each side of the arm-chair stand sphinxes with long, cylindrical bodies; rather short legs with prominent knees on forelegs; small, upturned tall; female heads of the same shape as the sitting figure, but with plain hair; on back of each sphinx a that wing of double-curved outline; decorated with incised, hatched rectangles and squares, which might indicate teathers. On the squares and rectangles traces of black colour; upper border of wing marked by black paint. The group stands on a tablet. Ends of fingers of $r$. hand; end of 1 . arm; $r$. ear and part of 1. ear; forepart of 1 sphinx; end of tail, part of hair, and must of tablet of r . sphins; back part of tablet below stool, missing. Broken. Red-brown clay; black core; haht-brown shp. Hewht of female figure 28.0. Length of sphinxes 20.0. L9. 93.1.
1564. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body: flat breast; sloping shoulders; slightly concave neck; trapezoid head; chin with short, rounded beard; projecting cheeks; pellet mouth; rather straight nose of medium size; promment eyes with painted eyebrows; large, roughly modelled ears; somewhat slophng forchead; modelled helmet with straight spake. Eyebrows, lids, and beard panted black; naked parts as face and neck pranted red, by which the dress is indirectly indicated. Body broken; top of helmet and both hands mussing. Dark-grey clay; grey slip Height 46.2. 1, 9.93 .1 .
1565. Lower part of statuc; elliptical in section; plain base:
tapering upwards; at the upper end a collar for keepme the upper body in place; modelled sde-flaps, redecd folds of chiton in front. Height y.0. L $9.9+1$.
1566. Statuette with depressed, tubular b: dey, flattened breast, rather h.orizontal, broad shoulders, shehtly watse neck; trapezoid head; short, straght-cut beard. small, straght mouth with modilled hps, hashtly smoling expression; nose wath prominent tup and marked nostrals; leaf-shaped eves with promment eyeballs; modelled eyelids; marked eyebrows; rouyhls modelled ears with earmes; promunent cheeks, sloping forehead; plan, raised har on back of head, concal helmet, modelled in front, with bent top and upturned check-preces; vertical arms; hands with fingers The statuette is dressed an a girdled chntun with grooved folds in front; orerfold with sde-flaps and aroored folds; shawl draped ower both shoulders and falling along back. Eyes, eỵelids, irıs, and eyebrows painted black; moustache, beard, hair, and hawl painted black. traces of red colour on helmet; red colour on back of neck wath traces of black lines. The statuette $1 ; \mathrm{mos}$ delled and wheel-made and pronded with backhole. Cheek-peces of helmet, r. hand, and fingers of 1 . hand missing Brown-red chay. Heaght 850 . Shoulder wadth 30.0. Base wadth 217 Wdist width 17.4. Breast diam. 110 Neek hewht $+x$ Neck width 8.0. Head herght 11.5. Head length is + Head width in.b. Arms length 254 . Mandu length 8.5. L.9. $93 . \mathrm{I}$.
1567. Statuerte with tubular body: sloping shoulders; rather long, cylundrical neek; trapeand heall; ather long. rounded beard, incised mouth with thin, modelled hips; thin, cursed nose with nontriln; cursed, mahed eyebrows; leaf-shaped eyes with rased hds, ears with douhle earrines; strascht forchead; soft, connell helmet with top bent back and upturned chechpieces; har is marked by a rased square on back of head; sertical arms. The statuctte is drewed in a phan chiton with elhow sleeses. The har, beard, irm, evelids, exebrows are painted black, trater of red colour on face and neck; two blach tramberee line at waist indicateng girdle; black horder at hase. I.nser part of body is wheel-made and prosided woh hahhole. Broken at neck and breast; ends of two fingers of $r$. hand, ends of cheek-picecs, and carmeng of 1 ear missing Brick-red clay; black we; huht shap, Height So.3. 1.0 93.1.
1568. Statuette, as No. i307; nearly square head Ifead, breast, and 1 . arm broken; top of helmet, $r$ part of face, $r$ arm, and part of back aboue bach-hole masing Herght $\ddagger 82$. Lg. 9.3.
1569 Statuette with chlondrical bods; splayed bave: diseshaped, or al head, placed obhiquely th bods; lone. triangular, rounded beard; pinched nose, no headcovering; $r$ arm vertacal holding jue, 1 arm adianced. Hair, eyes, beard, and moustache panted black; black border at base; traces of blak and aed colour-
on body. End of 1 . arm missing. Light-brown clay; hoght shp Iteight 11.8 . I. g. 93.I.
1570. Statucite, a; No. royz; helmet whth straght, clused suke. Rud slip. Broken neck. Height 21.5. L9 93 r .
157, Statherte with evindrical body; splayed, bell-shaped bace, shertly shopres shoulders; tall, oval head, long, ruunded beard, fached nose; pellet ears no m outh indlated, without head-covering. Hair, eyehide, iris, momothe, and beard painted black; two black, crossed lines on body; framed, transterse fines on arms, blate barder at base. Hand-made. Brown clay: light slip. Helght r2.0. L9. 93 I .
1572. Sitatuctte, as No. i9, short, rounded beard Black bsder at b.lse Reddush shp. Height z2.0. L9 93.1.
1573. Statuette, as No. 232; incised mouth; eyes not modilled R . arm mising Hetght 223 . Lg. 93.1.
1574. Statuette, as No. 1035; horizontal shoulders; large, rounded beard; arms with undigitated hands. 'Traces of red colvur on the shp. Height 39.7. L 9. 93.1.
1575. Statuette with 1 ing, shighty flattened, tubalar, wheelmade body; flat, nartow shoulders; tapering neek, small, square head; long, pointed nose; triangular beard; large pellet ears wath carrings; arms of me hum length bat very thin; slightly clenched hands; helmet with straight spike in one piece with head. Back-hole. Head, base, and r arm broken; r. ear missing. Coarse, red clay; shp effaced. Height +7.6. Lg. 93.I.
1576. Statuette with tubalar, wheel-made body; bulging breast; horizontal shoulders; somewhat coneave neck; trapezind head; rather pointed baard, pellet mouth; prominent nssa; nu eyes; pellet ears; rather strayght forehead: harr plan and sliehtly raised on back of head, wertical arms; closed, undestated hand, thre parallel bands round soft cap on head. Hole on top of head. L arm, biss, and most of twi, bands round headmisiner Hatr, beard, eyebrows and a stripe in front modicating har panted black; red ears. Greenioh, grotty chay; hagh slip Henght 35.4 Lg. 93.1.
15ī. Statuette, as No. 1039; horizontal shoulders. R. chee! :piece, sple of helmet, and head broken. Brown, rough clay, light slip, nearly effaced. Height 33.2. Ly. 9.31.
15,S 13 ds of statuette, hollow, owal in section; splayed bise; vertical arms. Head missing. Height 39.8 L9. 93.1.
1579. Statuette, as No. 269; trapezond head; thiek, longer, transular beard. Broken at waist; lower part of $r$. arm mising. Red-brown clay; hght slip. Henght 210 L 9 y 1.
1580. Much damared head of statuctte. Herght 61. L 9 $93 . \mathrm{I}$.
$15 \$_{\text {i }}$ Sitatuette, as No. 218; trapezond head, long, rounded beard Blak border at base Nose damaged. Height 21.4. La. 93.r.

${ }_{15} 8_{3}$, itatuctte, as Xo. 79 , trapezond head; very short
beard. Nose missing. Red-brown chay; light slip, partly turned red. Hescht 26.5. I. 9.93 - I.
$158_{\text {; }}$. Statuette, as No. 269; helmet with splayed top; long, rounded beard. Herght 220 L 9 93.I.
15 S5. Statuette, as No. 168; triangular, long, rounded beard. Traces of colour on bode. Black border at base. Light slip. Height i93. L9. 93.1.
${ }_{15} 86$. Statuette, as No. I68; longer, triangular, rounded beard. Reddish slip. Height 19.9. L9. 93.1.
1587. Statuette, as No 79 ; longer, triangular, rounded beard. Black border at base. Base damaged. Height 27.8. L. 9. 93.1.

Is 88 . statuette with tubular body, elliptical in section; very sloping shoulders; rather long, concave neck; treangular $b$ ard; inctsed mouth; straight nose without nostrils; promment cheeks; leaf-shaped, prominent eyes: marked eyebrows; concate pellet ears; shoghtly sloping forehead; double band round soft cap or veil on head; shghtly raised, phan hair on back of head; vertical arms; closed, undigitated hands; dressed in a chiton with short sleeves, and phan mantle draped over 1. shoulder. 'Traees of black colour on hair; ohlique blaek and red strokes on lower part of body. Lower part wheel-made; upper part hand-made; hole on top of head. R. arm and lower part of body broken; small parts of lower body missing. Brown clay; light slip. Herght 67.5. L. 9. 93.1.
1589. Statuette, as No. 260; trapezoid head; thiek, long, triangular beard. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 22.4. L9. 93.1.
1590. Statuette, as No. 269; trapezoid head; longer, thiek, trangular beard. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 24.4. L9. 93.1.
1591. Statuette, as No 168; trapezoid head; long, trangular heard. Height 18.4. L 9. 93.I.
1592. Statuette, as No i65; trapezoid head; long, triangular beard. Beard damaged. Height i9.0. L 9. 93.I.
1593. Statuette, as No. 79; long, straight-eut beard. Head broken at neck Height 27.5. L 9. 93.1.
1594. Statuette, as No. 79; trapezoid head; long, triangular, rounded beard. R. arm broken. Red-brown elay; reddish slip. Height 2r.6. L g. 93 I.
1595. Statuctte, as No. 79. Height 20.3. L9. 93.1.
1596. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard; pierced ears. Red-brown elay; light-brown slip. Height 23.3 . L9. 93.I.
1597. Statuette, as No. 168; trapezord head; long, triangular beard. Reddish slip Height 17.1. L 9. 93.1.
1598. Statuette, as No. 79; pointed beard. Black border at base. Top of helmet and r. arm missing. Height 27.5. L9. 931.
1599. Statuette, as No. 168; trapezoid head. Beard missing. Reddish slip. IIcight if.6. L9. 93.I.
I 600 . Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; widening, flattened breast, arms of medum size with bent fingers and stranght thumbs; cylndrical neck; square, cubic head; large nose; small, triangular beard;
no eyes or mouth indicated; helmet with straight, hollow spike, in one prece with head; dish-shaped pellet ears placed high up. Back-hole. Base and head broken; r. arm and t:p of helmet missing. White slip. Height +3 7. Le9. 93.I.
ı6or. Cylindrical, hollow body of statuette; splayed base: vertical arms without shaped fingers, bent. Head and $\mathbf{r}$. arm missing. Height 28.0. L 9. 93.1.
1602. Statuette, as No. 1576: straight neck; triangular, rounded beard; incised mouth. 'Traces of black colour on harr. Back-hole; no hole on top of head. L. arm, part of base, and part of one band round head missing. Brown, gritty clay; light slip. Height 34.6. L 9. 93.1.
1603. Fragment of a body, only part of body preserved with 1. arm. Length of arm 14.o. L 9. 93.1.
1604. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; marked waist; widening breast; straight, thin arms; undigitated hands with straight thumbs; rery thick neck; oval head; triangular face; pointed beard; large, pointed nose; disc-shaped ears placed high up; eyes and mouth not indrcated; helmet with straight spike, in one piece with head. Baek-hole. Piece of base and helmet missing. Coarse, red clay; thin, white slip, but for the head. Height +3.8 . L 9. 93.1 .
1605. Statuette, as No. 73; trapezoid head; long, pointed beard, short, eonical helmet; rather horizontal shoulders. Red-brown elay; light-brown slip. Height 22.1. L9. 93.r.
1606. Statuette, as No. 79; trapezoid head; long, triangular beard with straight-cut edge. Black horder at base. Broken at 1 . shoulder. Height 2r.3. L 9. 93.1.
1607. Statuette, as No. 168, longer, trangular, rounded beard. Reddish slip. Height 16.0 L 9 93.r.
1608. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded heard. Black border at hase. Slip mostly turned red. Height 19.8. L9. 93.1.
1600. Statuette, as No. 73; trapezoid head: short, rounded beard. R. arm broken. Red-brown elay; light-brown slip. Height 28.8. L-9. 93.7.
1610. Statuette, as No. 221. Eyes, beard, and hair painted blaek; red helmet with black, bordering line; red ears; red hands bordered be black lines over hreast and 1. shoulder indieating himation; black, vertical lines on arms. Height $17 . z$. L. 9.931.
1611. Statuette, as No. 221. Eyes and beard panted hlack; black lines on body: transierse lines on arms; black border at base. Henght 13.9. L, 9.93 .1.
1612. Statuette, as No. 79; short, stranght-eut beard. Wast broken; 1. ear, end of 1 . arm missing. Red-brown clay. Heaght zo.3. L 9. 93.1.
1613. Statuette, as No. 79; conical head; short, conical helmet; trangular beard. Black border at base. Broken at wast; end of 1 arm missing. Red-brown clay. Ileight 20.3 1.9. 93.1.
1614. Statuctte, as No. 79; very short beard. Brick-red clay; red slip. Height 16.6. Lo. 93.x.
1615. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard. R. arm and waist broken; 1. arm missing IHerght 178. L9 93.1.
1616. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; roughly Hattened breast; tall, thick, eylmdrical neck; large head modelled in one piece with the pointed helmet; ears placed high up, straight, large nose; large, slightly marked eves; small horizontal, meised mouth; vertical arms with undigitated hands. Traces of black border at base. Back-holc. R. arm, 1. ear, and top of helmet missing. Thin, white slip, nearly effaced. Herght 46.2. L. 9. 93.1.
1617. Statuette, as No. 1616, but without back-hole. The white ship better preserved and traces of black border at base and of vertical lines on body. Broken neck and base. Helght 45.5. L9 93.1.
1618 See No. 1. L9. 93.1.
1619. Arm and hand with fingers See No. I, Length 24.7 I.9. 93.1.
1620. Cylindrical, hollow body of statuette; splayed base; vertical arms, hack-hole. Traces of colour. L. arm and head missing luch damaged. Height 290. L9. 93.1.
1621. Fragment of a statuette liead and r. arm missing. Base broken. Hetght 33.0 L 9. 93.1.
1622. Statuctte, as No. 79, very short beard Broken at waist. 1 leight 22 I. L 9. 93.1.
1623. Statuette, as No. 79, longer, triangular, rounded beard Brick-red clay; black core; light slip. Ilenght 22.8. L9. 93.1.
1624. Statuette, as No. 218, longer, rounded beard. Black border at hase. Height i8.8. L 9. 93.1.
1625. Body of a statuette. See No. 2. I. 9 93.I.
1626. Statuette, as No. 29; very short beard. 13lack horder at base. Waist broken. Height 20 3. L 9.931 .
1627. Statuette, as No. F9. Black border at hase. R. ear missing; top of helmet and end of 1 . arm damaged. Red-brown clay; red-hrown slap. Height 23.5. L 9 . 93.I.
1628. Statuette, as No. 338. Nose, lower part of face, lower part of body and of 1 arm missing. Herght 163. L9. 93.1.
1629. Statuette, as No. 79 Herght 220. L9. 931 .
1630. Statuette, as No. 79; triangular beard. R. arm missing. Brick-red elay, haght slip. Herght 23.3. L. 9 93.1.
1631. Statuette, smmiar to No. ifso. Damaged. Height 35.0. L 9. 93.1.
1632. Statuctte with cylindrical, solid hody: aplayed base; nearly horizontal shoulders; trapezond head; triangular beard: short, straight, conicul helmet; vertical arms. Traces of colours on body. Red-brown clay; light, partly reddish slip. Height 21.2 L 9.93 .1.
1633. Statuette, as No. 221. The helmet, face, nose, ears, and neck panted red; traces of black on harr; lower part of r. arm painted red; no traces of colour on eyes and beard. L. arm missing; $r$. arm and wast broken. Height 21.4. I. 9 93.I.
1634. Statuette, as No 79 with short, triangular, rounded heard. Broken wast. Height 23.0. L 9. 93.I.
1635. Budy of cylindrical statuette: splayed base: vertical arms. Head massing. Height r3.o. L.9 93.1.
16.36. Statuctte, as No. 79. Herght 23 +. L 9. 93 r.
1637. Body of statuette, cuhndrucal; splayed base; vertical arms. Head missing Height is.o. L 9. 93.1.
163 . Statuette, as No. To. Broken waist; nose and r. arm missing. Brick-red cldy; light shp, mostly turned red. Height 21.7. L9. 93.i.
1039 Statuette, as No. 221. Red helmet with black transterse lines, hair, eyes, beard painted black; red face; red arms below elbows; red himation with hlack lines round neck, aloner arms, and across elbows; girdle marked by two black transterse lines; black border at base. Height 22.3. L9. 931.
1670. Statuette, as No. 579 ; head rather trapezoid; longer, rounded beard 'Iraces of colour on helmet and beard; ends of arms panted red. Height 19.8 . L9. 93.1.
1641. Body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; vertical arms; hands with modelled fingers; seems to be dressed in chiton wath short sleeves Back-hole. Head, parts of body missing. Nuch damaged. Herght +0.0. L9. 93 I .
1642. Statuette with tubular body; flattened breast: sloping shoulders; trapezord head; short, rounded beard; incised mouth with modelled lips; straight nose with nostrils; prominent, leaf-shaped eyes, marked, painted evebrows: concave pellet ears; slightly sloping forthead; conical helmet with upturned cheek-pleces; plain, slightly raised hair on back of head; vertical arms; hands with fingers; dressed in a chiton with elbow sleeves and panted girdle around wast; ears with earrings of bronze. Face, neck, arms, tars panted red; hlack haur, baurd, moustache, eyebrows, lids, and irss; black borders on helmet and cheek-pieces: hlack line round neck; angular, black line over breast; black transserse lines around waist indicating gardle. Hand-made with exception of the base. Back-hole. Top of helmet, thumb of 1 . hand, thumb and two fingers of $r$ hand missing; part of base hroken. Brown clay; lught slip. Height 45.2. Lo. 93.1.
16+3. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; sloping shoulders; arms slightly adsanced; hands with fingers; slightly concave neck; trapezoid head; triangular, rounded beard: incised mouth; indicated lips; curved nose; leaf-shaped eyes with hids in high relief; nearly straight evebrow line; pellet ears: sloping forehead; hair falling in compact mass along back of head; conical helmet with top bent back. Back-hole; lower part of 1 . arm and fingers of $r$. hand missing. Height 42.2. L9 93.1.

16 4 . Statuette, as No. 124 , longer. rounded beard. Height 26 1. L9. 93 1.
${ }^{16}+5$ Statuette, an No. 12t. Tup of helmet damaged. I leight 24.9 1.9. 931.
1646. Statuette, as No. 419; short, rounded beard; short, straight, conical helnet with indicated border. Black border at bas:. Light slip Height 19.9. L. 9. 931.
1647. Statuette, as No. 124. Height 25.7. L9. 93.1.
i6 8 . Statuette, as No. $16+6$; long, rounded beard; traces of colour on body; black border at base. Height 2 r. 8 . L9. 93.r.
1649. Statuette, as No. 218 : Iong, straight-cut heard. Black border at base. Heaght 19.6. L. 9. 93.1.
1650. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 19.8. L 9. 93.1.
1651. Statuette, as No. 218; longer, rounded beard. Height 21.7. L9. 93.1.
1652. Statuette, as Ňo. 79; short, rounded beard. Height 26.9. L9. 93.1.
1653. Statuette, as No. 2 s 8 ; longer, rounded beard; very wide shoulders. Black border at base. Base slightly chipped at back. Height 22 2. L 9. 93.I.
1657. Statuette, as No. 79; rather oval head. Height 23.0. LS. 93.1.
1655. Statuette, as No. 79. Light slip on helmet. Height 23.0. L. 8. 94.4.
1656. Statuette, as No. 79; long, straght-cut beard, short, conical helmet. Red-hrown clay; light slip, turned red. Height i4.I. L8. 94.4.
1657. Statuette, as No. 73; longer, triangular heard. Redbrown claỵ; reddısh slıp. Heıght 13.7. L8. 944 .
1658. Statuette, as No. 1134. but with shorter, slightly concave nose; straight forehead; rounded beard; plain ears. L. arm and thumb of $r$. hand missing. Height 47.2. L 8. 94.4.
1650. Statuette, as No. 79; long, straight-cut heard. Black border at base. L. arm missing. Height 17.9 . L 8 . 94.9.

Iofo. Statuette, as No III; only traces of colour. Height 20.0. L8. 94.9.
1661. Helmet of terracotta, conical, with uplifted cheekpreces. Height 12.1 L 8.949.
1662. Fragment of legs and part of body round hips. Length 21.0. L 8. 94.9.
1663. Statuette, as No. 233, oval head; short, rounded beard. L. arm and most of band round head missing. Height 186. L. 8. 9+9.
1664. Body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; splayed base; head and both arms missing. Height 30.5. L 8. 94.9.
1665. Statuette, as No. 1360; neck of medium size; longer beard; incised mouth; large ears; soft cap on head without band round it. No traces of colour on hair. Hand-made. Brown-red clay; both arms missing. Height 29.3. L.8. 94.9.
1666. Statuette, as No. iq08; triangular beard. Base partly missing; waist hroken. Height 16.2. L8. 94.9.
1667. Fragment of a statuette with oval head of the same type as No. 1524-2333-2346; long, triangular beard; incised mouth without raised edges; curved nose with projecting tip; sharply marked root of the nose; ridged, arched eyebrows; slightly prominent eves; sloping forehead. 'The head is provided with
two pierced holes on back of head, made separately and fixed into the body $h ;$ means of a proot. Body broken in preces, but so far as preserved, wheel-made. Red-brown clay, brown slip. Herght c. 50.0. L 8. 9+9.
1668. Statuette with tall, slightly flattencd, tubular, wheelmade body; somewhat widening breast; thick, cylindrical neck; square head; trianeular face; pointed beard; horizontal mouth; disc-shaped ears; eyes not indicated; helmet with straight top, in one prece with head. Nose, top of helmet, and arms missing. Coarse, red clay. Iteight $4^{8} .+-50.4$. L 8. 94.9.
1669. Statuette, as No. $1+17 ; 1$. arm vertical; rarm bent upwards, in position of adoration. Hands and base of body missing. Height 26.7. L. 8. 94 4 .
1670. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, straight-cut beard. Head broken at neck. Herght 30.7. L 8. 94.9.
1671. Plam White IV sack-shaped jug with Hat base; cylindrical body; ancular shoulder; splaying mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 16.0 . L \&. woo.o.
1672. Fragment of a cylindrical body. Herght 15.3. L 8. 94.9.
1673. Statuette, as No. 218; trapezoid head; short, rounded beard. Waist broken; nose and base damaged; end of r . arm missing. Height 18.o. L. 8. 94.9.
1674. Statuette, as No. 218; trapezord head, long, triangular, rounded beard. Black border at base. Nose damaged. Reddish slip. Herght 17.0 L 8 9+.9.
1675. Statuette with cylindrical, solid body; splayed base; vertical arms; sloping shoulders; oval head; short, rounded beard; short, straight, conical helmet. Three encircling, black lmes round helmet; beard, harr, and eyes painted black; iris marked by a black dot; two oblique, converging, black lines from neck to base; two horizontal, black lines over breast; two transverse lines cn arms indicate end of sleeves; traces of red colour on face and body; black burder at base. Neck broken; body broken below wast. Black clay; red surface; light-brown slip. Height 18.0. L.8. 94.9.
1676. Statuette, as No. 218; longer, rounded beard. Height 21.9. L.8. 9+.9.
1677. Statuette, as No 79; oval head, no traces of colours. Height 14.3. L8. 94.9.
1678. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard Slip mostly turned red. Height 24.2. L.8. y. .9.
1679. Statuette, as No. 221; longer, rounded beard. Black and red horizontal bands round helmet; traces of black on eyes; black beard; traces of red colour on face and neck; hair unpainted. L. arm missing; t. arm broken. Heyght 21.+. 1.8. 94.9.
1680. Statuette, as No. 162, triangular, rounded beard. Vertical, black lines on helmet: encircling line round edge of helmet; eves, eychrows, beard, and hair painted black; decoration on body the same as No. 1158, but three transserse lines at elbows. Henght 21.3. LS. $9+9$
1681. Statuette, as No. iqo8; trangular, rounded beard. Neck broken; r. arm mising Reddlish clip. Height 129 L. $8.9+9$.
1682. Statuette. as No. 227; short, rounded beard Neck broken; base partly damaged. Ifeight 13.0 I. \& $9+9$.
1683. Statuette, as No 233: narrow, spindle-shaped head: short, narrow, etralght-cut bedtif two band reand head. Traces of colour. Henght 12.7 1.8. $9+9$. 1684. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Nose damaged Iterght 122 . L 8. 94.9.
1685. Statuette, as No. 79. Herght $\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{f}$. LS 949
1686. Fragment of a cylindrical bodys, hollow Head, arms. and base missing. llerght 22.3 . 1.8. 9+.3.
1687. Body of a bull statuette with short, rather cyindical body; short legs, tail, neck, 1 foreleg, and head missing. Length 80 . L $8.9 \neq 9$.
1688. Statuette, as No 509; longer, straght-cut beard. Lower part of hody missiner. Red clay; red slip.

1689. Statuette, as No. 309 ; ovoid head; somewhat bulging breast. Broken neck; r arm mising. Height 16.3 . L. 8. $9+9$.
1690. Minotaur with long, cylindrical animal's body; tal hung on $r$ hind quarter; celindrual, short legs; sndke coiling from neck down alung back; human body is cylindrical, flattened breast; two female nupplen, uplifted, short arms, orond head bent bate; two small, erect horns; roughly shaped ears, owal eyes with raised lids; ridged eyebrows, stout, projecting nose, short, sloping forchead; incined mosuth; straight-cut bard. Animal's body decorated on I. loin with conventionalized tree-ornament, on $r$. lom a star composed of three crossed Ines; hatehed, hourizontal bands along sides of body; tree-ornaments abose foreleys on chest with a gesmutrical hird un branch of trec, haman body decorated with hatched and latticed bindsalong sides; latticed lozenges in tront; fingers of hands indicated by lines: snake decorated with small strokes mitating scalce. Anmmal's body wheel-made; other parts hand-made. Hole on luwer part of human bedy and two smaller ones below, on chest of animal. Parts of Itrs and moent of nathe missing; arms, body, and legs broken. Brown clay; hught sip. Herght 452 . Lenuth 260 1. X. $9+9$.
1691. Statuette, as خo tas, oral head Beard mismer. Height 16.0. L. 8. 94.9.
16og. Statuette, as Nor -9 ; short, tidaneular, rounded beard. Reddish slip. Ileight $19+1.89+9$.
$1693+2083$
Fragment of group of rine-danctro Three figures presersed, attached to disc. 'I'wo fisules and dise No. 2083.) 'The firures are roushly shaped, with female bredsts; outstretched arms. bands round heads Part of dise, one head, and both arms of two figures missing. Diam of dise 152 . 1 leyght of figures 9.6. 1.8. $9+9$.
r694. Statuette, as No. 79 ; pointed beard. Slip mostly turned red. Hesight 22.X. L S. 94.9.
1695. Statuctte, as Nu. 73, short, rounded beard. Herght 21.2. L 8. 94.9.
1696. Statucttc, as No. 79 Height 24.5. L8. 94.9.
1697. Statuette, as No. 25r. Bise, l. and r.arm, r. ear missing; head broken at neck, nose danaged. Herght +7.i. L s. $9+9$.
1698. Statuette, as No. 79; very short heard. Height i8.6. I. S. 94.9 .
1699. Statuette, as No. 73: shurt, rounded beard. Nose damaged. Red-brown clay; hight-brown slip. Height 20.6. LS. 949.
1700. Statuette, as No 79; longer, rounded beard. Brown slip. Herght 21.3 . L \& 94.9.
i 7or. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard. Part of bise missing. Red clay and slip. Height ig.S. L 8. 94.9.
1702. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded, triangular beard. Nose massing. Herght 17.5. L 8. 94.9.
1703. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard. Brıck-red clay; red slip. Heıght i8.8. L 8. 94.9.
I704. Statuette, as No. 269; very short beard; Iong helmet. Top of helmet damaged. Red-brown clay; slip mostly turned red. Herght 13.9 . L 8. 94.9.
1705. Statuette, as No. 79; long, rounded beard. Brick-red clay, red slip. Height ri.6. L 8. 94.9.
1706. Statuette, as No. 73; short, triangular beard. Redbrown clay; light-brown slıp. Heıght 8.7. I. 8. 94.9.
1707. Statuette, as No. 232. Beard damaged. Red-brown slip. Height 21.2. L 8. 94.9.
1708. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. L. arm missing. Red-brown clay; light-brown slip. Heıght $2 \mathrm{I} 5 . \quad \mathrm{L}, 8.949$.
1709. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard. Black border at bise. Red-brown clay; red-brown slip. Heıght 2r.6. L. 8. 94.9.
1710. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, straight-cut beard. l'art of base at back missing, top of helmet damaged. Brown clay; reddish slip. Height i8.3. L 8. 94.9.
1711. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 21.1. L8. 94.9.
1712. Statuette, as No. 79. Traces of colour on body Height 22.8. L 8. 94.9.
1713. Statuctte, as No. 1600. Me1ght 43.1. L8. 949 .
1714. Statuette, as No. 232: incised mouth; vaguely indicated eyes. Both arms broken. Height 26.7. L, \& 94.9 .
1715. Chariot drawn by four horses with short, than bodies; rather short legs; thack, long neeks; narrow heads; long tails; slighty prominent eyes; plain headcover with plume bent forwards; erect ears; cheekbands attached to yoke which is land across necks and only partly preserved; front-covers decorated by strap hanging in front of neek and provided with a tassel. Body of chariot rectangular, low, and flat; open in the rear restang directly on the hase tahlet; two circular wheels with projecting hubs, divided
in two parts with a loop-shaped support in the rear. Two figures stand in the chariot; the right one is the driver, he is dressed in a stralght, pointed helmet with hanging cheek-pieces and outstretched arms; the 1 one is a warrior; he is dressed in a turban and a sword hanging in a strap around l. shoulder; arms are vertical. The group stands on a roughly rectangular buse tablet. Parts missing and broken. Hand-made Red-brown clay; light slip. Length 26.0. L 8. 94.9
17i6. Statuette with cylindrical, hollow kody; splayed base: adranced arms; disc-shaped, oval head, placed obliquely to body; incised mouth with raised edges; curved, thin nose; large, globular eyeballs; soft helmet on head with uplifted cheek-pieces. Waist broken end of both arms, and end of $r$. cheek-piece missing Hand-made. Brown clay; light slip. Height 19.2. L. 8. 94.9.
1797. Statuette, as No. 47テ; rectangular head; longer, rounded beard. Broken waist; r. arm missing. Reddish slip. Heıght 23.0. L8. 949.
I7 8 . Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Height 24.3. L 8. 94.9.
i719. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Broken neck. Brick-red clay. Herght 20.1. L 8. 94.9
1720. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Black border at base. Height 22.6. L 8. 94.9
1721. Body of a statuette, cylindrical; splayed base; vertical arms. R. arm and head missing. Height 9.5. L 8 $9+9$.
1722. Body of statuette, hollow, cylindrical; vertical arms. Head and lower part missing. Height 13.6. L 8. 94.9.
1723 Body of statuette, as that of No. 1505 . Henght 36.7 L 8. 94.9.

IT24. Statue with body almost rectangular in plan and elliptical in section; lower body wider than upper body; flattened breast; horizontal shoulders; long, concave neck; small, oval head; short, painted beard; straight mouth with thin, modelled lips; chin and cheeks rounded; straight nose with thack tıp; leafshaped eyes with raised $11 d s$; marked eyebrows; large, roughly modelled ears whth two earrings at lower part and one earring at upper part of the ear; straight forehead; plain, wig-shaped har; conical helmet wathout cheek-pieces, with a wide, open hole at top, and a plain ridge in relef round the base; thin, vertical arms with two bracelets on each upper arm; hands with modelled fingers; isolinear feet wearing sandals without strips; incised toes; a string round neck on which a brooch with a scarab is hanging. The statue is dressed in a chiton with short sleeves ending with borders in relief, and with four incised, black painted lines along shoulders to the relief border; a grdle round wast consisting of a band in relief with stranght edges; decorated with a blue upper horder from which rectangular fields divided by incised lines, alternately painted black and red, are hanging. The face, neck, and ears are painted
red; hair, eyelids, eyebrows, irss, lips, and beard painted black. The statue $1 s$ wheel-made up to the wast; the rest of the statue 15 hand-made; the arms were separately attached to the body by means of pins inserted in small holes; the statue is prosided with back-hole and a hole at top of head; moulded face. Neck, body, two fingers of 1 . hand, and fect broken; part of 1 . shoulder, breast below neck, and three fingers of 1 . hand mussing (partly restured). Brick-red clay; light slpp, partly turned red. Ifenght 91.2. Shoulder width 29.5. Base wadth 18.2. Waist width 22.7. Breast dam 11.0. Neck length 73. Neck width 7.6. Head herght \& o Head length 8.9 Head width 8.9. Arms length 3 ; 0. Hands length 10.8. Feet length 8.5. K s-9. 97.4.
1725. Statue with flattened body, elliptical in section; straight breast; horizontal shoulders; long, concale neck; oral head; face moulded and touched up; mouth with thin, modelled lips: stout nose with thick end: leaf-shaped eyes with raised hds: marked brow-lines, very large and roughly modelled ears; straisht forehead; the harr falls in a compact mass along the sides of neck and in a stripe below helmet in front; conical helmet without cheek-pleces; 1. arm sertical, r. arm bent over the breast slune in a fold of the mantle, string round neck to which a scarab is attached. The statue is dressed in a gardled cliton with short sleeves, overfold with side-flaps and ridged folds below girdle; fringed mantle thrown over 1 . shoulder and r. arm. The statue is made in trio halves, the lower part wheelmade; the upper part wheel-made up to the backhole, and provided with two prerced holes at woist; the lower part is without back-hole. End of nose damaged, part of base and part of upper body missing at back; part of the fringes broken. Brown clay, light slip, partly turned reddish. Herght ino.7. Shoulder width 27.0. Base width 23.2 Waist width 21.2 . Breast diam. i2.0. Neck height 7.0. Neck width 7.4. Head height 8.8. Head lenyth 10 5. Head wadth 9.3. Arms length 35.0. Hands length 8.1. K s-9.97.6.
1726. Head of statue, as No. 1, but with short, rounded beard; helmet in one piece with head, no cheekpieces; straight top. Nose and top of helmet missing. Height 18.0. K S. 9+.4.
1727. Statue with flat body, elliptical in section; feet wath modelled toes; marked nals, body narrowing at waist; slightly bulging breast; sloping shoulders; tall, concave neck; long, narrow, trapezod head; long beard composed of rertical, parallel stripes, whiskers marked by incisions and black paint; mouth with thick, curved, smilme lips; stranght nose with thin ridge; ears with earrings; almond-shaped exes: marked eyebrow lines; incised lids; slopmg forehead, hair falling in plam, ralsed mass on back of head; one small curl coming from under helmet in front; helmet with upturned heek-pieces, top bent back with tassels hangine along cheek-preces: isolinear
feet with straps of sandals panted black crommes out between bog toe and nevt, and sepuratine to both sides. vertical arms with small hands. 'The statue is drewed in a chiton rakhang feet. buort deesen: broad, lower border malued be wblaue muniom. panted red borders framed by blach line-s dhans the shdes, round arms, and below neck. the blackimen only presersed at neek, black patinting between bordere 1. traceable in front. black berders atong showhers. black angular lines alone neak endeng at the pamted red border of chaton: plan mantle draped ower burh shoulders and tallung down to wast. Beard and hanr panted black, red hips; lower part of helmet blak: upper part of sume red, the itatue b made in two halves, both pronded with bach-holes; hand-made; the upper part is kept in posituon he a hich collar: forearms separately put in, and were once attached by means of pegs through pierced holes; of the feet only the part coming from under the dren in mondelled; the feet rest on a small, separate base, the bach part of body is splayed and reaches the erround in order to serse as a base and a support tor the statue lland of $r$. arm. small parts of body and head resturtal in gypsum: body brohen Brown clay ; hisht shp, partly worn. Lenath 177.4 . lase wadth $4+0$. Watlot wadth 35.3. Breant dam i4 7 . Shoukler wath $+{ }^{5} 5$ 人cuk herght 8.5 Neck wath io 8 . Wead hersht is 2 Head lensth 16 s Hedd wadth is 2 Arme leneth
 $96 .+-97.3$.

## 1728 … $17+0$.

Statue standing with 1. foot adranced, feet wath sandals and plan strapo, shegtly shopmes houlders, contase neck; trapezod hedd. chin with ponnted beard endener in spiral curls; strawht mouth with sharp-edsed lips and panted moustache, consen, fother then nose; eyes with rased eyelds and panted mis. curvel, rased "yebrows; roughly modelled cean with earrings of bronze, one belows and one at tup of eat; straight forehead, hat fellinge in a compact mash on back of head, sertical arms, hands with ma delled, bent fingers: conical helmet with upturned cheehpreces and soft top bent back. 'lhe statue is drewed in a tunie with short slecees wath burders in relief along arms and round neck, tallenes bown to the hap and provited with a rounded thap in tront llemet and face panted red, beard, moutathe, ans. c!ehde and egehrows punted black. 'The statue whardmade, the feet are put in separately and attached to body, forearms were attached to upper arm by means of bors prerced through holes at upere arms. Buk-hole The figure stands on a base tablet. 'Top of helmet. 1. cheek-prece part of cath ot heard, and upper bronze carrme of 1. war misane. Redbrown and brick-ied elde. Itaht shp. Hemeht 1050 . shoulder wadth 295. Wust walth 21.7. Breast dam. 16.2 Lees to kneen 35.0 Leess to haps 56.0 .

Body to sboulder si.o. Neck herght S.o. Neck wadth 10.0. Head height is s'. Head length 14.5 . Head wadth 13.4. K S. 94.4 (No 1728); 949 (No. 1740).
1;29 Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double bredstline. Sice Appendix 11 Length I + K 8.92 .9 .
1730. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Part of base missing. Red-brown clay; black core. Height 23.5. K 8. 94.9.
1731. Statuette, as No. 477: oval head; long, triangular beard. Traces of colour. Light slip. Height 21.3. K 8. 94.9.
1732. Statuette, as No. 590. Slip turned red. Broken over breast. Height 26.5. K 8. 94.9.
1733. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Height 20.8. K 8. 94.9.
1734. Statuette with cylindrical, hollow body; somewhat splayed base; female pellet breasts; short, concave neck; oroid head: pointed chin; big, pinched nose; pellet evebrows; pellet ears; arms uplifted; upper part of arms nussing. Height r4.o. Ki 8. 94.9.
1735. Statuette, as No. 1154; more ovold head; shorter, rounded beard; triple band round head; bulging breast. Hole on neck. Height 27.0. K゙ 8 . 94.9.
1736. Statuette, as No. 79; no traces of colour. Height 22.0 K 8.94 .9.
1737. Statuette, as No. 73; long, straight-cut beard; short helmet; horizontal shoulders. L. arm missing. Redbrown clay; reddish slip. Height 17.2. K 8 . 94.9.
1738. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard; less sloping shoulders. Black border at base. Nose missing. Red-brown clay; red-brown slip. Height 17.6 . K 8. 94.9.
$1739+2345$.
Statuette with flattened body: concave sides; horizontal shoulders; short, concave neck; large, oval head (No. 2345 ), no beard; incised mouth with roughly shaped lips; slightly convex, prominent nose; sloping forehead; soft helmet with hanging cheek-pieces; 1. arm bent forwards holding ohject; r. arm vertical; isolinear feet, peeping out of the dress; dressed in chiton with sleeves ending above elbows with relief borders along l. shoulder, along sides and below; plain bandolier thrown over 1 . shoulder and below r. arm. Hand-made. Broken, and parts missing. Brown clay; light slip. Height 34.3. K8. 94.9.
1740. See No. 1728. K 8. 94.9.
1741. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; somewhat flattened breast; sloping shoulders; concave neck; oval head; long, pointed beard, mouth with sharp, protruding lips; narrow, curved nose with upturned tip, without nostrils; leaf-shaped eyes with raised, large lids and eyebrows; prominent cheeks; sloping forehead; modelled, soft helmet with large, upturned cheek-pieces and a front piece with tasselled strap, rising in front, indicating bent top of helmet, and falling down the back of head; dressed in chiton indicated by horizontal ridge across back and breast,
and fringed mantle thrown obliquely over 1 . shoulder, with every second fringe coloured black; $r$. arm vertical; 1. arm bent with closed hand which might have held a spear; hands with modelled fingers. Traces of red colour on mantle. Buff-brown, gritty clay; thick slıp. Height 38.6. K 8. 94.9.
1742. a) Chariot drawn by four horses with thick, cylindrical bodes, short, peg-shaped legs tapering downwards; outstretched tails; straight necks; narrow heads with pellet ears; eyes not marked; plan headcover with plume bent forwards; head-cover reaches down over neck forming neck-cover; strap with a tassel hanging in front. Body of chariot is rounded; divided into two halves; two high, disc-shaped wheels with projecting hubs. In the chariot a driver stands with r . arm outstretched, dressed in a short, conical helmet. Roughly square basc tablet. Hand-made Parts missing and broken. Only the driver preserved of the figures. Red-brown clay; light slip, mostly turned red. Length 23.5 . K 8. 94.9.
b) Fragment of chariot of which only the body of the chariot and two horses are preserved. The horses have narrow, cylindrical bodies; short, peg-shaped legs; slightly curved neck; miniature roughly shaped heads, without indicated mouth and eves; plain tanls; plain head-cover with erect plume on head; strap with tassels in front of neck. Red-brown clay; light slip, mostly turned red. K 8. 94.9.
1743. Statuette, as No. 25 r ; with bulging breast; tall, concare, tapering neck; incised mouth; slightly raised eyes; plain, slightly raised hair. Head broken at neck; top of helmet, end of nose, and 1 . arm missing; breast and upper part of r . arm broken. Slip is mostly effaced. Height 44.4. K 8. 94.9.
${ }_{1744}$. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard; less sloping shoulders. Brick-red clay; red slip. Height 14.7. K 8. 94.9.
1745. Statuette, as No. 338; short, straight-cut beard Reddısh slip. Height 19.9. K 8. 94.9.
1746. Statue in two halves; lower body elliptical in section, plain base; back-hole; upper body of the same type; vertical arms; sloping shoulders; almost cylnndrical neck; trapezoid head with short, rounded beard; modelled lips; full cheeks; rather short nose with nostrils; leaf-shaped eyes with lids in relief; roughly modelled ears with earrings at upper and lower parts; indicated eyebrows, rather straight and oblique; slightly sloping forehead; conical helmet; upturned cheek-pleces. Forearms are separately put in. The figure 1 d dressed in a girdled chiton with short sleeves slit up along arms; plan overfold and girdle at waist; ridged folds in front. Height 135.0 . Shoulder width 37.5. Base width 35.0. Waist width 28.0. Breast diam. 21.5. Neck height 8.0. Neck width 11.7. Head height 16.5 . Head width 15.0. Head length 16.3 . Arms length 35.0 . Hands length 12.8 . K 8 . 94.9 .
1747. Body of statuette, as No. 1505. Hecd and lower part of body missing. Height 36.0. K 8.949.
1748. Body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; vertical arms without modelled fingers; hack-hole. Lower part of 1 . arm and head missing Height $17.7 . \mathrm{K} 8.9+9$.
1749. Statuette, as No. so+3; round beard; helmet without cheek-preces, in one prece wath head; arms with undigitated hands. Base partly missine Height 39.0. K 8. 94.9.
1750. Body of statatte, cylindrical, hollow; vertical arms; horizontal shoulders. Lower part of body, arms, and head missing. Feight 25.2. K S 94.9
1751. Statuette, as No. +07; hollow body; trapezond head; long, straight-cut heard, narked eyebrow line; short, trangular, stratght helmet; both arms bent, carrying a quadruped on back of shoulders. Redbrown slip. Herght $1=8 \mathrm{~K} \delta$. $9+9$.
1752. Moulded female statuette with naked body: isolinear feet; vertical arms; oroid head; thick lips; big nose; lancet-shaped eyes; long harr parted; neck-lace round neck. Brown clay, light slip. Height 258 . K 8 . $9+9$.
1753. Statuette, as No. 233; oblong, rounded beard; undigitated hands. $R$ arm and waist broken; part of band round haad missing Height 23.5. K 8. 94.9. $1754+1988$.

Statuette, as No 233; ovond head (No. i988); short beard; roughly shaped mouth; raised, plain hair on back of head; helmet whth slightly splayed, closed spike; r. arm uplifted. Traces of colour. Neck broken; r. arm mising (traces of it on brdy.). Light slip. Height 29.1. K S 9+.9.
1755. Statuette, as No royz. Traces of colour on face; black horizontal and vertical lines on back of body and along sides; black lozenges in front. Top of helmet, beard, r. arm, lower l. arm, and part of base missing: neck broken. Light slip. Height r9.9. K §. 94.9.
1756. Statuette, as No 79; nearly horizontal shoulders; entirely vertical arms. Height 20.0. K 8.94 .9.
1757. Fragment of body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow. Height 17.0. KS. 949.
1758. Statuette, as No 79; very short beard. Broken below middle. Hewht 2.32. K゙ $8 \quad 949$.
1752. Statuette, as No. 79, very short beard. Herght 23.0. K $8.9+9$.
r-60. Statuette, as Nir. 269, marked eyebrow lines. Redbrown clay!; light slip. Herght 21.0 . K 8. 94.9.
r761. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded heard Height 22.5 K $8 \quad 9+9$
1762. Statuette, as No 232. Top of helmet and lower part of arms missing, wast and r. arm broken. Ifeight 21.0. K S. 94.9.
$1763+1845$.
Statue with uncovered legs (No. i845); isolnear feet; the legs are tubular. norrowing at the knces, with marked thha and knee, hody narrowing at waist; convex breast; slightly sloping shoulders;
concave neck; oval head with flattened top; long, rounded beard; curved nuse with thickened tip. large, roughly modelled ears placed near the exes; ears pierced hy a central hole, which might hate heen used to fasten the now misong cheek-pleces of a helmet; lancet-shaped eves with prominent evehalls and modelled lids; radged, curved eyebrows; sloping forehead; $r$ arm vertical. I. arm bent up holding a dove. 'The statue is dressed in a short, plan tunac ending at middle of thighs. The beard, moustache, and evebrows are panted black, and traces of colours on hreast, indicating the dress, are still visible. 'The legs and body are wheel-made. The upper body, which is provided with a back-hole, was probably attached to the lower part by means of pegs passed through four holes in the upper body, corresponding to four holes in the lower part. The arms are separately attached into the clay. Helmet, small parts of feet and body, fingers of $r$. hand, and thumb and fingers of 1. hand, head of dove, and end of its feet missing; the statue has been broken into many pieces. Brown clay: light slip. Height 155.5 Legs to knees +3.0. Legs to hips $8_{4}$. . Body to shoulder 125.2 . Waist wadth 228 Breast width $19 \cdot 5$. Shoulder width 35.2. Neck herght 9.0. Neck wath 96 . Head height 179. Head length 15.4. Head width if I Arms length 4 S.S. K 8. 94.9.
1764. Legs of a statue. Height +1.0 K 8.94 .9 .
${ }_{1765}$. Statuette, as No. i. $\mathrm{S}_{3}$. I. arm, finger of r. hand, lower part of 1 . cheek-piece, part of beard, and part of base nussing: neck, and $r$. arm broken. Henght 57.7. К S. 94.9.
1766. Framment of a statuette, as No. 104.3. Head and lower part of arms massing; base broken. llenght 35.7. K S. 94.9.
1767. Statue standing with 1 . foost adoanced, niked feet, rather well modelled leas with nuarked tibla and hnee, the body is almost square in section, narrowed watst; bulging breast and helly: slightly sloping shoulders; almost straght neck; trangular, rather trapezond head; pionted chon; smoling mouth with sharp-edged lıps, hooked nose; promunent cheeks. leaf-shaped eyes with promment eyeballe anct theck Inds, marked evebrows; roushly modelled ears; hatr marked hy a plan, rased surface on the back of head; straight forehedd; helmet without cheek-preces and with straght spihe. The statue is dressed in a tunic with short sleeves and a skirt with overlapping sideflaps, held by a plain hand in relef round the wonst, mdicating gordle. The statue is hand-made. 'The head and feet are separately attached to the hody. Neck, top of helmet broken, body broken into preces and partly missing, restored in gupsum; hoth legs broken at knee and tarsus: part of 1. ear, thumb of 1 hand, heel of 1 foot, two toes of 1 foos, part of $r$. foot mosing; base mostly repared in expsum. Brown clay; light and light-hrown slip. Height gi.o. Shoulder

Wadth 22s．Wast wadth 97 Breast dam．ifo． Legs to knees 2fio．Lears to hips 42.0 Body to should．r 6． 7 ．Neck hetght +9 ．Neck width 7.2. Itead herght irs Head length inir．Head wadth 0．6 Arms length 330 ．Hands length 9．5．Feet lenerth 170 К内．リ4ッ．
i－6．5 Bichrome IV jug with raised base，oval body，cylind－ rical neck：pinched rim；twin－handle from rim to shoulder．Encircling Imes and hands round neck and body three concentric circles on shoulder；ladder－ pattern on handle．Parts of mouth and hady mising． He1ght 18．2．K \＆ $9+9$
1；69．Statuette，as No．rog2；short，straght helmet with hangine check－pieces．Top of helmet and part of 1．cheek－prece missing，r．arm broken．Height 21.5 ． K8 94．9．
17,0 Sitatuette，ds No．ro40．Lower part of head，lower part of arms，and part of bise missing．Slip almost effiaced．Height 24.8 ．К 8.949 ．
1771．Head of statuette，as that of No．1025．Top of helmet missing．Herght 11 o Kं S．94．9．
1772．Body of statuette，hollow，cylindrical；horizontal shoulders Head，lower part of arms，hody，and breast missing．Remans of straps in relief below $r$ arm obliquely over body and over r．shoulder．Height 3to．K\＆ $9+9$.
1773．Budy of statuette，cylindrical，with sloping shoulders； concase neck；vertical arms；modelled fingers，the bode is apparently dressed in long chiton with short sleetes．Head，lower part of 1 ．arm，and lower part of hody masing Height 37．6．K8． 949.
$17 /+$ statuette with cylindrical，solid hody，splayed base； r．arm bent over the breast holding a now missing object：1．arm vertical；ovoid head；long，rounded beard；incised mouth with rassed edges；modelled eres with pellet eyeballs in leaf－shaped orbits；marked evebrow line；helmet with straight spike．Neck broken，end of 1 ．arm missing．Height 23．2．K 8. 94.9.

1775 Minutaur with short，cylindrical anımal＇s hody； freely hanatne tall；hollow legs tapering downwards； no genital organs；two holes on chest and one on buttock；human body eylindrical with matrked upper line；female bredsts below arms；arrns uplifted，triangul－ ar head；short heard，open mouth with roughly shaped lups；pellet ears：hort pellet nose；projecting，owal eves with ridged eyebrows；concal helmet with nose－ concer：hair plate tied up round helmet and kept together in knot on back of head；snake coiled on anmal＇s hind quarter．Wheel－made hody．Part of hair，1．arm，end of $r$ ．arm， 1 foreleg，$r$ ．hind leg， end of torl，and most of endke missing；parts broken． Red－hrown clay；black core；reddısh slip．Hescht 33.2 K 8.94 .9.

1756．Beds ut statuctte．çlindrical，hollow：vertical arms； horizontal shoulders．Lower part of body，arms，and headmisong Much damaged Hetght 28.0 K 8.979

1777．Statuette，as No．+ －8，trapezond head；longer，rounded beard；incised mouth with raised edges，indicating hps：raguely indtated eyes；marled eyebrow line； modelled nose；black border at base．＇The back is hollow．Top of helmet，ends of cheek－pieces，and huth arms missmg．Lightslip．Henght 21 －K 8．94．9．
$1,-8$ ．Fragment of statuette，cylindrical，hollow．Height 21.5. К 8．9＋．9．
r－プ．Chariot drawn bẹ four horses with very short bodies： straight necks；hogged manes：front－cover；head－ cover with plume；cheek－binds；yoke laid across necks of horses which are roked two and two；chariot is low and of a flat type attached to the horses by means of two poles In the chariot are three men，standing． The r．one in front is the driver；he has straight－cut beard and pellet ears；dressed in a pointed helmet with top bent forwards；the 1 ．one in front has a pointed beard，and pellet nose，and is dressed in a soft helmet with top bent backwards，and holds a sword hetween hody and 1 ．arm；the man standing behind the last described has pointed beard，pellet ears，and is dressed in a turban；on 1 shoulder，frag－ ment of a strap which indicates that he has been holding a sword，now missing．The group stands on a base－tablet．Parts missing and broken．Brown clay haht slip，rather effaced．Length 23．5．L 9.92 .8 ． ${ }^{178}$ 8．Chariot drawn by four horses，similar to No 1715 ； horses with pellet eyes；incised mouth；prerced nost－ r1ls；plain head－cover，hogged mane；nose－bands； cheek－bands；crossed front－bands；noses of horses joined together by cross reins．Across horses＇necks is land a yoke which is attached to the poles of chariot． Body of chariot low and flat，provided with two small， roughly modelled，disc－shaped wheels with projecting hubs．In the chariot three figures are standing；the $r$ ．one in front is the driver；both arms outstretched holdıng the reins；dressed in a soft cap with a band round head，the 1 ．one in front 1 s a warrior；dressed in a soft cap with band round head；he might have held a bow in his now missing arms；the man at back is dressed in a pointed helmet with top bent back， and holding a circular shield defending the front man．The eroup stands on a roughly rectangular base tablet．Parts missing and broken．Hand－made． Brown clay；light slip，mostly effaced．Length z3．o． 1．9．928．
$1781-798$.
Chareot drawn by four horses with short，narrow b）dtes：per－shaped legs with roughly marked hoofs； long，free hangıng tails；tall，wide necks straight in front；modelicd，open mouths；pierced nostrils：gloh－ wilar，prominent eyes；blinkers；plan head－covers： houged manes；nose－bands；cheek－hands；inner r． and 1．horses are prouded with crossed front－hands； the outer $r$ ．and 1 ．horses have single front－band； the front－band of the outer 1 ．horse decorated with a sun and crescent ornament in relief．All the four
horses are provided with front－covers and breast－ bands，which are placed rather high up on neeks． A yoke 1s latd deross necks of the horses，to this the poles are attached．Body of chariot rounded in front；rounded bottom restines on the asle and on an erect support；wheels are hieh，provided wath seven spokes and modelled，projecting hubs．In the chariot are three men，standing．Tne $r$ ．one is the drwer；outstretched arms；large，pinched nose，pellet ears；short，rounded beard；dressed in a soft helmet with top bent back and upturncel check－preces＇The 1．one is a warrior；pinched nose；pointed beard； dressed in tall，stranght helmet with knohbed top and hanging cheek－pieces；carrying circular sheld wath a central spike on his 1 sode，strap over 1．shoulder in which a now missing sword has been hanging． The thord figure is a warroor；pinched nose；pellet ears；pointed beard，dressed in helmet of the same shape as the drwer，carrying circular sheld with central spike on his 1 side； 1 hand eraspines handle of a sword．He jumps into the chariut with the hand grasping the back of the chariot，and his $r$ ．leg raised wath the $r$ ．foot resting on the chariot．Roughly rect－ angular tablet．Hand－made．Parts missing and broken Light－brown clay，light slip．Length 275. L 9.928.
1782．Chariot drawn bỵ four herses，wath crindrical b．odies， thick，peg－shaped legs；short，freely hanging talls； very narrow heads without modelled efers；incised mouths；head－cover with erect plume；head－cover jomed to neck－corer；front－cover decorated with a strap and tassel；cheek－bands．（hartor，as No． 1781，bat lower，with twis laree，circular wheels provided with painted spokes and profectung hubs It is davided into two parts separated by a low rat which ends with a loop－shaped support at the back of chariot．In the chariot are two figures，standing ＇The r．one is the driver，pinched nose；pounted benrd； dressed in conical helmet with hanging cheek－pieces， ends of cheek－pieces rolled up；outstretched arms I＇he r．figure is a warrior of the same type as the driver but cheek－pieces on helmet．At the back of the driver is a circular sheeld．Hand－made．Roughly rectangular b．se tablet，Parts missing and broken．Brown clay， when thick，with black core；light slip，nearly effaced．Lenuth 260 ．L，y．g2．S．
$\mathrm{s}_{1}-83$ ．Fragment of chariot．L9．92．8．
1784．Statuette whth concare，tubular hody；somewhat bulging breast，slaghtly concave，horizontal shoulder， concave neck；oval head，short beard，marked by ruge on chin；modelled mouth with closed lips；pro－ munent cheeks；leaf－shaped eves wath rased lids and plann iris which might hase been panted；marked efebrows；stratght furehead；large，roughly modelled ears；soft helmet with top bent back and upturned cheek－preces；both arms bent over breast，1．arm holding goot；$r$ ．arm holding goblet；unchestated hands．Face and budy painted red，lids black；irls
left white．Lower body wheel－made；surface cut wath hate wiving the imprewan of stoneworh，face probably moulded and reworled．Body and head broken mos preces Light－brown clay：hirht slip Helght 4．3．3． $1.129+$
$17 \mathrm{~S}_{5}$ ．Statuette，as Co $4 \times 5$ ：short，rounded beard Broken neck：lowor part of $r$ arm missing．Slip partls turned red Heroht 190．LiI．9＋．7

178 －Statuette，as No． 1032 ，har added to the moulded head，arms holdong quadruped on breast，helmet wath straght，closed spike．Budy，face，and beard painted red，har black；black vertical lines on helmet； hlack beraler at base llemeht $30+1.12$ 3． 4.7
$17 \$ 8$. Fragment of a statue，only preserved up to the bredst： clindrical hody，vertical arms with modelled fingers， dreseal in a chaton with short sleeves，werfold wath ridged folds and sade－flaps；plain girdle，two black bands panted around basc．Wheel－made．Back－ hole．The arms were attached by pins through pereed holes Red－brown clay，dark core；light slip Herght 63．7．L． $12.9+7$.
r－So Bull statuette with thm，short budy：tall，solid legs， forelegs with marked knees and modelled hoots； rammed hole at brisket and a small prosed hole below that，broad，curved neck wath wate brisket， ragorously modelled head，with curved hurns；ears standing stratight out；corcular，promment ey wath a central，incised dst，incisted，cursed escbrows， nose with inctsed lines round nostrils；wadely open mouth．Find of $I$ edr．I shoulder，and tall masing， parts broken．Brick－red clay；dark－brown slip．Hand－ made．Lenoth 295 L 12.94 .7.
1，90．Statuctte，as Kor．269，lonarer，triangulay beard．Tof of helmet damased Heisht 25．1．L12 4＋フ

1792．Statuette，a－No．-9, with woater，nearly hompontal shoulders．Red clas and slip．Herght wos．L．If－12． $9+7$.
 Herght 2r．＋ $1.11-12.9+7$
rフ94．Statuctte，小 No $\operatorname{No}$ Top of helmet dammed Red clay and shp．Herght 205 I．11—12 047，
1795．Statuette，as No． 70 ；wathout traces of colour llemght 29．ミ．1．11－12． $9+7$
1796．statuette woth tubakar，wheel－made buds，slopiner shoulders；concase netk，traperonid head，strasht－čut beard，wale，inesed mouth wath roughly modelled how；nose with narrow radge and cursed end，panted， almond－shoped eysi marked egebrows：roushly modelled ears；slighty rased．plam har on bach of head and sparal curls in front：sloping forehead； head cosered by a suft cap wath three bind，wertical armes．hands with fingers：dresed on d cheton woth panted，horizontal girdle of two bands and sleeves marked by panted transserse lines on amm：mantle draped wer both shoulders．Harr，cees，and beard
painted black, ears red, burder of mantle, grrdle of chiton, border of its sleeves, and nails of fingers are black. Back-hole. Brown-red clay, partly black core; hght-brown slip Height f6.8. Li2. 94.7.
1797. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made $h$ dy, hulging breast, slightly concave nich; thick, sloping shoulders; oroid head with hole on top; rounded beard of mediun size; inclsed mouth wath roughly shaped laps, straight nose of medium size, prominent eyes; marked eyebrow lines; plam ears, slightly raised, plan hair on back of head; bands round head; panted border of red dots between red lines across breast, below shoulders, indicates chiton. Back-hole. R. arm and base broken. Brick-red, gritty clay: black core. Height 400. L 12.94 .7.
${ }_{1798}$ Statuette, as No. 47\%. Top of helmet missing. Height 186. Liz. 947.
1799. Statuette, ds No. 79; very short beard. Nose missing. Red clay and slip. Height 22 8. L 12 . 94.7.
i Soo. Statuette, as No. 338. Height 27.5. L if. 94.7.
180i. Statuette, as No. 478 ; trapezond head; short, triangular beard, helmet with top bent back and upturned cheek-pieces. Traces of colour on body. Reddish slip. Height 24.3 . L II-12. 94.7 .
1802. Statuette, as No. 79; rather tall helmet. Black burder at base. Height 23.7. L 12.24 .7.
1803 itatuette, as No. 137, triangular, rounded beard, modelled eves; ratsed eyebrow lines: helmet with top bent forwards Base chipped. Height 21.7. LI2. 94.7.
1804. Statuette, as No I 125 , but with ends of cheek-pieces rolled up. Neck and $r$ arm broken; one finger of $r$. hand, two fingers of 1 . hand, and spike of helmet missing. Heicht 48.0 L L12. 94.7.
r8o5 statuette, as No. 1133; flattened breast; incised mouth with roughly modelled lips; nose with thick end and nostrils; hands with fingers: chaton with modelled sleeves. girdle, and ridged folds below girdle. Har, beard, and moustache (only traces preserved) panted black, traces of black border round base. Slip burnt shghtly red Fingers of r. hand broken; fingers of 1 . hand missing. Height 55.8 . LI2. 947 .
1806. Statuette, as No. 269; shoulders nearly horizontal, longer, sounded, narrow beard. Height 21.2. Liz. 947.
1807. Statuette, as No. 218; longer, rounded beard. Nose damaged. Height 20.7. L12. 94.7.
1808. Statuette, as No. 269; square head; very short beard. Red-brown clay: light slip. Height 23.5. L 12.94 .7 .
180 g . Statuette, as No. 478 ; trapezotd head, short, rounded beard; helmet with top bent back and upturned cheek-preces. Traces of colour. Light slip. Height 19.6. L 12 94.7.
is'io. Statuette, as No. 218, longer, rounded beard. Traces of colour on body. Red-hrown clay, light ship. Height 22.3. L 11 -12. 94.7 .

ISir. Statuette, as No. 79 ; longer, rounded beard. Slip mostly turned red Height 21.5. L 12.94 .7.
1812. Statuette, as No. 79: longer, rounded beard. Black border at base. Height 20.6. LiI. 94.7.
ISI3. Statuette, as No. 233; rectangular head. Neck broken. Herght 17.0. L 12.94 .7.
${ }_{1} \$_{14}$ Statuette, as No. 79; long, triangular, rounded beard. Shp nostly turned red. Herght zo.0. L I2. 94.7.
${ }_{1}$ Sifs $_{15}$. Statuette, as No. i8o4; slightly sloping shoulders; straught forehead; hair panted dark; bulging back; hands with modelled thumbs. L. arm broken; end of cheek-pieces missing slip much effaced. Height 57.4. L12. 94.7.
1816. Legs and feet with modelled toes attached to plinth; feet isolnnear. Height 21.2 . L 12.94 .7.
18ı7. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Height 21.7. L 12.94 .7.
1818. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard. Height 20.1. K-L 12.94 .7.
1819. Statuette, as No. 73: short. rounded beard. Redbrown clay; light slip. Height 19.0. L 12.94 .7.
iszo. Statuette, incomplete, with tubular, wheel-made body; flat breast; almost horzontal shoulders; dressed in a chiton with an incised border along the neck, shoulders, and arms; painted with angular ornaments, bordered by grey-blue stripes and rectangular, grey-blue fields, bordered by black and red lines. Lower part of body painted red; traces of red are still vishble on the arms. The statuette is wheelmade and hand-made, provided with back-hole. Head missing. $R$ hand and part of base broken. Brown-red, gritty clay; hyht ship. Height 63 4. Liz. 94.7.
1821. Statuctte with tubular body; almost horizontal shoulders; concave neck; orold head; short beard; roughly modelled, incised mouth; nose with curved, hroad tup; without nostrils; almond-shaped eyes with marked eyebrow lines; roughly modelled ears; sloping forchead; modelled helmet with broken top and upturned cheek-pieces; wig-shaped hair; vertical arms; hands with modelled fingers. On back, below neck, is a pointed projection. The statuette is dressed in a chiton with incised borders along neck, shoulders, and arms; along the sides yellow lines bordered by red lines; a red, rather effaced line along the incised border, and a red border at the base. The nude parts of the statue are panted red; the eves have been painted; now effaced. The statuette is modelled and wheel-made and provided with back-hole. Upper part of head and helmet missing; four fingers of 1. hand broken. Grey-red, gritty clay, grey slip. Height 66.7. L 12. 94.7.
1822. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Height 20.1. L. 12. 94.7.
1823. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; slightly sloping shoulders; rertical arms; undyıtated hands; concave neck; trapezord head; rounded, triangular
beard; incised mouth with rased edges; straight, rather thin nose, with nostrils; slughtly prominent eyes; indicated, curved esebrow lines, pellet ears; slightly sloping forchead, harr falling in a plan, rased mass on back of head; double band round head; back-hole and hole on top of head. Traces of red paint on face and black pant on heard Herght 40.2. L 12.94 .7
$1824-2139$.
Statuette with body (No. 2139) splaying towards base; spindle-shaped section through lower body and more cylindrical through upper body; flattened breast; horizontal shoulders; concave neck; rather trapezond head (No. i 824 ); short, rounded heard marked by spiral impressions; slightly smoling mouth with modelled lipa; convex nose with thin ridge and nostrils; prominent cheeks; prominent eyes, marhed evebrow lines; roughly modelled ears with douhle earrings; rather stratght forehead; har is visible in front below the helmet as a strip marked by circular impressions, and falling in a compact mass on back of head; soft helmet with upturned cheek-peices and top bent back. The statuette $1 s$ dressed in a chiton with short sleeves; plam overfold with sadeflaps; incised and ridged, curved folds below the plain gordle; plain mantle thrown over 1 . shoulder, passing behind, along, and below $r$ arm, crossing the breast, passing agan the 1 shoulder, and hanging down the back The beard and harr are painted black. Wheel-made up to the waist and provided with backhole, the head and the lower parts of the arms are made separately Part of base, lower part of arms, and top of helmet missing; head broken at neek, and body across watst and below same. Brown, gritty clay, hight or hight-hrown ship, nearly effaced Height 56.0 . Shoulder wicth 174 . Base width 196 . Waist width y.0. Breast diam. 6.5. Neck herght 4.0. Neck +8 Head herght 9.7. Head length 8.8. Head width 8.2. K-1, 12. 94.7.
1825. Statuette, as No. 168, vaguely modelled eves; short, triangular beard Both ears damaged, r. arm missing. He1ght 22.2. L 12 94.7.
1826. Statuette, as No. 79: lonser, rounded heard Top of helmet and nose damaged. Brick-red clay; light slip. Height 22.2 I. 12. 94.7.
1827. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded heard. Shp mostly turned red. Herght 23.3. L12. 94.7.
1828. Statuette, as So 79; longer, rounded heard. Top of helmet chipped. Light-brown slip. Heght 21.7 . L12. 947
1829. Statuette, as No. 73: short, rounded beard. Redbrown clay: reddish slıp. Height 23.5. L 12.947 .
1830. Statuette, as No 73: short, rounded beard. Find of 1 arm missing Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Hemeht 23.4. 1. 12 947
183r. Statuette, as No. 73, short, rounded beard. Red clay and slip. Hetght 23.9. 1. 12. 94.7.
1832. Statuette, as No. 79; straight-cut keard, narmo conical hedmet. Heaght 20.4. 1. 12. 947.
1833. Statuette, as No. 124. Henght 23.5. L12. 94.7.
${ }_{18} 84$. Statuette, as No. 73 ; longer. stramht-cut beard Red-brown clay, hight slip. Height 21.7. Liz 947
1835. Statuctte, an No. 79, hut of smaller type. Shp partly turned red Height 14.4 . L-MI 12 . 94.7
1836. Head. see No. 1202. K 12.947.
1837. Statuette, ds No 79, longer, rounded heard. Slip mostly turned red. Heyght 21.0 . K 12 . 94.7.
1838. Statuctte, as No. 79 Herght 20.2. К12. 347
1839. Statuette with tuhular, whel-made and hend-made body; straught breast, sloping shoulders: straught neck, rather trapezond head; chin with small beard endicated; progectune pellet mouth; straght nose of medium size, no marked eyes, plan pellet cars; hair not indicated; sloping furchead; stranght back of head: hands with fingers. $R$ car and one finger of both hands missing, top of helmet partls meseng: base and lower part of body broken. Brack-red clay: light, well preserved, slip. Height 37.7. K 12 . 14.7.
1840. Statuette with body as No. t2; roushly modelled ears; hig nose, lone, straght-cut beard; soft, short helmet with top hent back, straluht shawl. Traces of colour. Hetght 218. K 12 . 94.7.
1841. Fragment of statuette, as Nos 1571, but with fillet round head. Helght 6 6. Ii 121023 .
1842. Head of statuette with concase neck, face rather triancular woth rounded, triancular heard; metsed mouth with modelled $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{p}}$ and filtrum, short nose, turned upwards, with nostrils and broad tip, leafshaped eyes with lids in relief; arched eychrow lines, roughly modelled ears: concal helmet with upturned eheek-poeces and top hent hack; har falling in compact mass on back of head, traces of colours on ires of 1 eve. R. check-piece and thp of helmet massing. Heaght $2+$ o. Ki 12. 94.7.
1843. Fragment of a statuctte. Head misang. K 8 94.
1844. Satuette, as No. $10+3$. Traces of colour on back of head. L. arm, part of hasc, and fingers miseme; top of spike, neck, upper end of f arm, and hase broken. Height s6.0. K 8 94.9.
$18+5$ See No 1763 . K $\$$. 94.9.
1846. Lower part of statuc, as No. 1565 . Lower part misunge. Height c. so.o. K\& $9+9$
1847. Budy of statue, oxal in secteon; plam hase: slopene shoulders; concave neck; vertical arms, only upper arms preseried with pered hole- for finger forearms. Niuch damaged, hed and forearms misang. Hemht 75.0. K8. 94.9
1848. Lower part of statue, as Xo. 1565 Hemeht yo.s. Кँ $9.9+9$.
1849. Body of statuette, eylmdrical: pplayed base; wertical arms. Head massing. Herght Iq.f. Nio. 932.
1850. Bronze ewec\%er, as 入o 2.312.1. 1ength 5.2. Nio. 932.
1851. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, trangular heard; less
sloping shoulders．Black border at base．Red clay and slip Base party missing．Height 16.0 No． 930
1乌ミュ．Frasment of a head wath short，conteal helmet，made separately．Heaght 6．5．So． 930.
1853 Bull statutte with roughly modelled，narrow hody， freely hanginer tall，neck with brisket：roughly mod－ elled head woth curved horas；glohular eves wath curbed，incised lines indieating eyebrows；nose with marked ridere：prerced nostrils；incised mouth． Hand－made．İnds of horns，both ears，1．foreleg， and 1 hind leg masing．Red－brown clas：reddesh slip．Hetght I5．7．K S．94．9．
$185+$ Statuette wath tubular，wheel－made，hroad body； loner，thin．sertical arms without fingers；thek，ey－ lindrical neck：small．square head；separately modelled， conical，pointed helmet：roughly modelled ears； strashe，long nose；pointed beard；incised，horizontal mouth；no marked eyes．Back－hole．White slip． Both arms broken at upper ends，base not complete Hersht 43．1．Kiz．95．z．
1855．Statuette with tubular，wheel－made body；slightly sloping thoulders：neck narrowing upwards；ovoid， rather rectangular head，breast and back somewhat bulging：large，curved nose with nostrils；mouth not marked，promment exes；marked evebrows， chin with pointed beard；sloping forehead；plan ears； marked harr，helmet with hole on top and upturned cheek－pheces；vertical arms；hands wath moderled fincers．Helnaet and base broken：1．cheek－piece， fincers of r ．hand missing．Heaght 47．7．K 12． 942.
I 8 gh．Trwo lers of a hull statuette，almost crolindrical Lengeh 25．3．K 12．94．2．
1857 Statuette，as No．79；Ionger，rounded beard．R．arm missing．Brown slip．Heluht 22．6．Kif－12．94．2．
$18_{5} 8$. Statuette，as No． 79 ；trapezord head；nearly hori－ zontal shoulders．Height 22．0．K 1i－12． 942.
IS59 Statuette with tubular，wheel－made body；splayed base；sloping shoulders；tall，cylindrical neck；tä－ perond head；trangular，rounded heard；incised mouth with rased edges，slightly curved nose；pro－ minent exeballs；pellet ears；conical helmet；vertical arm with modelled fingers，dressod in a chiton with short slecses．Red－brown clay and shp．Lower part of left arm and two fingers of right hand missing． Broken at neck and across body．Iletght 540 Kiz． 94．2．
I 860 Statue in two halves；lower h：ody with plan hase； elliptical in section with collar at the upper end for keeping upper part of statue in place；upper body with bulging hreast，vertical arms：sloping，hroad shoulders，concare neck；small，onod head：triangular， rounded beard；incised mouth with rased lips rather thin nose，wath nostrils：tip curved upwards，leaf－ haped ese with ratied eyelids：larese，roughly shaped ears；hair falling in compact masi on back of head： two upiral curls on forchead，concal helmet with upturn－
ed cheek－pleces and top bent back．The figure is appa－ rently dressed in girdled chiton；plain overfold with sade－tlaps，plain gardle at waist．Lawer arms and top of helmet missing．Height 158．0．Shoulder walth 44．0．Base wadth 35．5．Waist wadth 33．7． Breast diam．26．5．Neek herght 75．Neck width 10．5．Head height 17 5．Head wadth 12.3 ．Head length iз．0．K I2．942．
1861．Statuette，as No．ร9；verỵ short beard Height 22.2. K 12.94 .2 ．
1862．Statuette，as No．21 S ；longer，triangular，rounded beard．Black burder at base．Top of helmet damaged． Height 24．9．K iz．94．2
1863．Statuctte，as No $3.3^{8}$ ，erect head．Herght 18.7 Ii iz． 94．2．
1864．Horse，similar to that of No 921 ．Height 14.7 ．Ki 12 ． $9+2$.
1805．Fragment of bull statuette with a narrow，short body； straıght legs．Tail，neck，and head missing．Genital organs preserved．Vertical，black bands on legs． Length 100 ． K Iz．94．2．
1866．Statue with cylindrical body；splayed base；sloping shoulders：rertical arms；fortarms attached sepa－ rately：hands with modelled fingers；concave neck； rather triangular face；rounded beard；ancised mouth with modelled lips；stranght nose woth nostrils；full cheeks；leaf－shaped eses；lids in rehef；rather straight evebrow lines；roughly modelled ears；hair falling in compact mass on buck of head；heard，moustache， and evebrows painted black；back－hole．Upper part of head，fingers of hands missing．Nuch damaged． Height gi．o．Shoulder width 32．0．Base width 24．0．Waist width 22．8．Breast dam．19．5．Neck height 5．8．Neck width 10.5 ．Head height（top missing）．Head width 13 5．Head length $15 . K$ ．Arms length 27．0．Hands length（fingers missing）．L－MI 9 ． 942 ．
1867．Statuette，as No．92；rather long，triangular，rounded beard．Hair，eyes，and beard are painted black；encircl－ ing lines on neck；lines along arms，transverse lines at waist；black border at base；black，radiating lines and encrrcling border on tympanon．Herght 19.3. M9．94．o．
1868．Statuette，as No．145；short，rounded beard．Height 214．XI9．9＋．
IS69．Statuette，as No．1508．Intact．Red－brown clay； light slip．Height 23．5．M 9．94．0．
I87o．Statuette，as No．rof；lone，pointed beard．R．side damaged．Herght 30 I．N9．94．0．
1871．Statuette，as No．S6；rather long，rounded beard； hoth arms hint over hreast holding quadruped． Ifar panted black；black lines along shoulders， arms，and sides of body；transverse lines at waist； red h：ody and face．Height 20．0．M 9．94．0．
18，2．Statuette，as No．isoß；pellet mouth；short，triangular heard．Intact．Height 229．M 9．94．0．
1873．Amulet of hlack steatite representines a frontal Silenus
mask with flat nose: large, thick lips; strıped fullbeard from ear to ear, pointed buck's ears: striped hair, small projection for suspensoon. Length 2.9. M 9. 94.0.
1874. Statuette, as No 729. Haur, beard, and eyes painted black; neck red; black lines on hands; hlack border at base. No traces of colour. Herght 22.4. M 9. 94.0. 1875. Statuette, as No. 1573. Height 23.6. N19. 9. 9. 1876. Statuette, as No. 145; short, round beard. No traces of colour. Height 20.3. 119 94.0.
1877. Statuette, as No 53. Black lines on neck; horizontal lines on shawl below neck; lines along shoulders to elbows; band of ladder-pattern at waist; black border at base. Herght ig 8. XI 9 94.0.
1878 Statuette, as No 26 ; short, triangular, rounded beard. Red-brown slip; light slıp. Height 27.5. MI $9.9+0$.
1879. Statuette, as Nio. 570: longer, pointed beard. Waist, lower body, and base broken; top of helmet, and end of 1. arm missing. Hand-made Red-brown clay; dark core; light slip. Height 25.2. M 9. 94.0.
i880. Statuette, as No. 590; wedge-shaped head; short, pointed beard. Broken neck. Reddısh slip. Heght 27.r. \ $99+0$.
1881. Statuette, as No. 124; longer, rounded beard. Reddish slip. Height $28 .+$ II 9. 9+.0.
1882. Statuette, as No. 79; without beard. R. arm and wast broken. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Height 24.0. MI $9.9+0$.
1883. Statuette, as No. 269; longer, triangular beard: upper body heart-shaped, helmet with splayed top. Height 22.6. \I 9. 94.0.
1884. Statuette, as No 73 ; short, rounded beard. Redbrown clay; reddish slıp. Height 25.2. XI 9. 94.0.
1885. Statuette, as No. 170; rather square head; short, straight-cut beard. Red helmet with black border, black eyes, eyebrows, baard, moustache, and hair; black line round neck, traces of colour on hody; black line round body slightly abore the base. Helght 20.7. MI 9. 94.0.
1886. Statuette, as No. 79; rather horizintal shoulders; short, conical helmet; longer, rounded, triangular beard. Red-brown clay; red-brown slip. Ileight 23.8. TI 9.94 .0 .
1887. Statuette, as No. 73, longer, triangular beard. Redbrown clay; reddish slip Henght 2r.s. N 9.940.
1888. Statuette, as No. 269; wedge-shaped head: upper part of body heart-shaped; longer, triangular beard. Herght 26.0. ML 9. 94.0.
1889. Statuette, as No. 73; longer, rounded beard. Henght 22.5. МІ 9. 94.0.

1890 Statuctte, as No. 269. Herght 23 1. MI 9. 94.0.
1891. Statuette, as No. 269: short, triangular beard. Base damaged. Red-brown clay; light shp. Height 244 . M 9. 94.0.
1892. Statuette, as No 218: longer, rounded beard Black horder round base. Reldish clay. Herght 22.7. M 9. 9+.0.
1893. Statuette, as No. 79. Heght 213 . M 9. 94.0.
1894. Statuette, as No. 162 , longer, trinenular heard; longer. stralght, concal helmet; heart-shaped upper hods. Red helmet with black herder, black eyes, eyebrows. and heard; red ears; hlack lines round neek, traces of red colour on breast, upper parts of arms greenhlack with black border lines towards breast, hlack vertical lencs alone lower part of arms with red transwerse lines; black transuerse lines at waist Light slip. Height 22.6. M9. 940
1895. Statuctte, as No. 260. Hught 205 . Mg. 940 .
1896. Statuette, as No. 73: short, triangular beard. Helght 22.0. М 9.94 .0.
1897. Statuctte, as No. 47\%, trapezond head. triangular. rounded heard, pellet mouth. R. arm missing. Heaght 25.0 Мо. $9+0$.
1898. Statuette, as No. 79. 1 Itight 21.6. X19 94.0.
1899. Statuette, as No. 79, no traces of colnur. Hereht 22.5. X9. 94.0.
1900. Statuctte, as No. Ty: black horder at base. Top of helmet missing. Height 23.1. XI 9 g4.0
1901. Statuette, as No. 79 : lonetr, trangular, rounded beard. Height 23.1. II 9 9+ 0 .
1902. Statuette, as No. 124, longer, triangulat beard Helght 26.3. М9 94.0
1903. Statuette, as No 218 ; longer, rounded heard, roughly shaped himation. Top of helmet damagul. Black horder at hase. Heaght 202119.94 .0
1904. Statuette, as No. 79. Heaght 19.2. M9. 94.0.
1905. Statuette, as No. 79; longer. stratght-cut beard. Heisht 19 1. MI9 9+0.
1906. Statuette, as No. 79, hlack horder at base. Redbrown clay, red-hrown slip Helght 230 . M 9.940.
1907. Statuette, as No. 73: longer, rounded beard. Brown clay; lught slip Helght 23.4. II 9 9+.0.
1908. Statuette, as No 79; rery short, rounded heard. Nose damaged. Reddesh slip. Herght $230 \quad 319.1$ y.0.
1909. Statuette, as No. 79; Inger, trangular beard Black horder at hase. Slip partly turned red-brown. 1feght 23.0 M 9.94 .0
1910. Statuette, as No. 79. No traces of collour. Itrieht 248 . МІ 9 y 0
igri. Statuette, as No. 73, short, rounded beard. Top of helmet damaged Height 251. AI9 940
1912. Statuette, as No 124; lonver, trampular, rounded beard. Heght 25.0 . 119.94 .0.
1913. Statuette, as No. 73; longer, rounded heard Hemeht 22 + VI9 $9+0$
1914 Statuette, as Xo. 79; stanght-cut beard. Blatk border at hase. Top of be lmet missing. Height 21.0 M 9 9+0.
1915 Statuctte, as No. 79; longer, rounded leard. Hemght 21.4. XI 9 94.0.
1916. Statuette as No. 5 -76: traphome head, narrow, straghtcut, long beard. r. arm iertical: 1 arm bent holdine a sword below arm-hole: arms with undgitated hands Iind of sword mmeng. Traces of colour. Laght slip Heaght 17.8. II g. 日4.c.
1917. Statuette, as No. 218; longer, rounded beard. Black border at base. Top of helmet damaged. Height 208. \9. 94.o.
1918. Statuette, as No. 145. Top of helmet damaged. Herght 18 2. M 9. 94.0.
1919. Statuette, as No. 218; longer, rounded beard. Black border at hase. Herght 21.3. M9. 94.o.
1920. Statuette, as No. 79; short, straight-cut beard. Height ig.8. \I 9. 94.o.
1921. Statuette, as No. 79: longer, straight-cut beard. Height 20.0. M 9. 94.0.
1922 Statuctte, as No. 218; longer, rounded beard; marked evebrow lines. Black border at base. Height 19.8. Mg. 94.o.
1923. Statuette, as No. 218; triangular, rounded beard. Black border at base. Herght 2x.6. M9. 94.0.
1924. Statuette, as No. 218; longer, triangular, rounded beard. Black border at base. Top of helmet damaged. Height 24.7. M 9. 94.o.
1925. Statuette, as No. 79: longer, rounded beard. Helght 22.o. M 9. 94.0.
1926. Statuette, as No. 474; wide, sloping shoulders; oval head, incised mouth; short, pointed beard. Broken neck. Brown clay; light slip. Height 22.8. M 9. 94.0.
1927. Statuette, as No. 79; short, stranght-cut beard. R. arm and beard broken. Red-brown clay; light slıp. Height 25.5. M 9. 94.0.
1928. Statuctte, as No. 79. No traces of colour. Height 2 IO. \I9. 94.0.
1929. Statuette, as Ňo. 218; longer, rounded beard. Top of helmet damaged. Black border at base. Height 22.8. X 9. 94.0.
1930. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Helght 24.6. \I 9. 94.0.
1931. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 25.6. M 9. 94.0.
1932. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, straight-cut beard. Height 21.5 . I 9.94 .0.
1933. Statuctte, as No. 79; longer, triangular beard. Red clay and slip. Height 23.5. \I 9. 94.0.
1934. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Height 22.3. MI 9. 94.o.
1935. Statuette, as No. 79. No traces of colour. Height 23.0. . I 9. 94.0.
1936. Statuette, as No. 73; longer, rounded beard. Height 23 5. М 9.94 .0.
1937. Statuctte, as No. 79. R. arm and upper part of head missing. Height 21.5. M 9. 94.0.
1938. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, triangular, rounded beard. Top of helmet missing; 1. ear, r. arm, and neck broken. Reddish slip. Height 20 7. M 9. 94.o.
1939. Statuette, as No. 137; short, rounded beard. Top of helmet broken. Height 19.9. M 9 94.0.
1940 Statuette, as No. 286 ; rounded outline of shaw 1 ; short, rounded beard. Traces of black and red vertical lines on helmet; traces of colour on head;
black and red curved lines on shawl; black transucrse lines at arms; traces of red vertical lines along sides of body; black transverse lines at wast. Broken neck; nose massing. Height 22.1. M 9. 94.0.
1941. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Redhrown clay; light slip. Height 21.8. MI 9. 94.0.
1942. Fragment of statuette, as No. 1571. No traces of colour. Height i6.5. M 9 . $9+0$.
1943. Statuette, as No. 286; rounded outline of shawHelmet painted red with black border line; red ears; black eyes, eyebrows, moustache, beard, and hair; alternating black and red, wedge-shaped lines and bands on shawl; two black transverse lines at elbows: band of blach vertical lines from shawl to base; black transverse lines at wast; black border at base. Broken neck. Height 25.9. M 9. 94.o.
1944. Statuette, as No. 867. Lower part of body missing, Height 19.5. M 9. 94.0.
1945. Statuette, as No. 79; short, straight-cut beard. Broken at waist; end of 1 . arm missing. Red-brown clay ; light slip, mostly turned red. Height 23 5. МI 9. 94.o.
1946. Statuette, as No. 269 ; short, rounded beard; longer helmet. Height 20.8. M9. 94.O.
1947. Statuette, as No. 137; short, trtangular beard; long, concave helmet. Height 23.9. MI 9. 94. o.
1948. Statuette, as No. 79. No traces of colour. Height 20.7. M 9. 94.0.
1949. Statuette, as No. 79; short, trangular, rounded beard. Nose missing; top of helmet damaged. Red clay and slip. Height 20.2. NI 9 . 94.0
1950. Statuette, as No. 269; longer, triangular, rounded beard; r. eye incised. Red-brown clay, light slip. Height 25.5. XI 9. 94.0.
1951. Statuette, as No. io92; square head; short, pointed beard; concave helmet with closed spike. Red helmet, face, and body; black evebrows, lids, iris, and beard; two black hands of ladder-pattern along sides of the body. Light slip. Height 27.2. MI 9. 94.0.
1952. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard. Slip mostly turned red. Top of helmet missing. Hetght 17.7. XI 9. 94.0.
1953. Statuette, as No. 590; longer, rounded heard. Broken at neck and waist; 1. arm and part of base missing. Height 23.I. M9. 94.o.
1954. Statuette, as No. 218 ; short, straight-cut beard. Slip partly turned red. Height 23.8 . M 9. 94.o.
1955. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, triangular beard. Light slip. Height 23.2. M9. 9+ o.
1956. Statuette, as No. 124; longer, rounded beard. No painted border at base. Height 24 o. M 9.94 .0 .
1957. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard Broken at breast and waist; cracked on face; top of helmet damaged; r. ear and r. arm missıng. Brick-red clay; light slip, mostly turned red. Hetght 231 . M 9. 94.0
1958. Statuette, as No. 79; oval head. No traces of colour. Hetght 20.3. M9. 94.0.
1959. Statuette, as No. 79; longer, rounded beard. Broken at middle and 1 . arm. R. arm missing. Helght 24.2. M9. 94.0.
1960. Statuette, as No. 282. Helmet panted red with black and green border; ears red, eyes and beard black; red lattice work on breast; black, green, and red lines on body. Height 27.9. M 9. 94.0.
1961. Statuette, as No. 269; sloping shoulders; trapezoid head. Broken at wast. Shp partly turned red. Height 23.2. M 9. 94.0.
1962. Statuette, as No. 79; short, straight-cut beard. Black border at base. Slip partly turned red-brown Height 25.2. MI 9. 94.0.
1963. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Redbrown clay, light slip. Helght 24.7. MI 9 94.0.
1964. Statuette, as No. 590. Broken at wast. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height ig.6. M 9. 94.0.
1965. Statuette, as No. 166; arms without hands. Light slip. Height 22.1. M 9. 94.0.
1966. Statuette, as No. 73; short, rounded beard. Broken at both arms and wast. Red-brown clay; reddish slip. Herght 22.8. M 9. 94.0.
1967. Statuette, as No. 79; very short beard. Height 18.8. M 9. 94.0.
1968. Statuette, as No. 79 Short helmet. Height 2 I.o. Mg. 94.0.
1969. Statuette with cylindrical body; splayed base; vertucal. concave arms with out-turned ends; trapezord head; short, soft helmet; two pellet nipples on breast. Brown clay; light-brown slip. The slip vartes from hghtbrown to white or greyish. Height 20 8. M19. 94.0.
1970. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. L. arm missing. Dark-brown clay. Height 23.2. II 9. 94.0.
1971. Fragment of a horse with narrow body; straight legs. Taul, r. hind leg, neck, and head mussing Length 10.5. M9. 940.
1972. White Painted IV jug with rased hase; oval body, short neck, tapering upwards; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round neck and body; two conventionalized tree-ornaments on shoulder; vertical lines crossed by two horizontal lines on handle. Mouth and part of body missing. Height 21.2. M 9. 94.0 .
1973. Plain White IV sack-shaped jug with flat base; almost cylindrical body; angular shoulder; short neck, splaying upwards; handle from rim to shoulder; handle missing. Height ir.7. M9. 94.0.
1974. Bichrome IV jug with base-ring; oval body; slightly convex neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around neck and body; groups of framed, transterse lines on

- handles; concentric circles on shoulder. Height 20.7. M 9. 94.0.

1975. Body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; splayed hase; female pellet breast; l. arm holding an object (probably a sword) helow arm-hole. Head and r. arm missing. Herght if.o. M9 $9+0$.
1976. Body. of statuette, cylindrical, splayed base; vertical arms. R. arm and head missing. Height 15.0. Mg. 94.0 .
1977. Body of statuette, hollow, oval in section, plain base; vertical arms. Much damaged; head missing. Height 52.0. \9. 94 o.
1978. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; slightly sloping shoulders; vertical arms; hands without modelled fingers, almost eylindrical neck, rather square head, triangular, rounded beard; mouth indicated by projection; curved nose; full cheeks; eyes slightly prominent, vaguely indicated, slightly curved evebrows; large, roughly modelled ears; slightly sloping forehead, conical helmet with upturned cheek-preces and top bent back. Traces of red coluur on helmet, ears, neck, and face; black colour on beard, eyes, and harr. Top of helmet and lower part of r . arm missing. Height 50.7. M 9. 94.0.
1979. Fragment of a statuette; hollow body, oval in section. Height c. 55.0 MIg. 94.0.
1980. Statuette, as No. 1805; more rounded beard; helmet with modelled front, nose without nostrils; no marked sleeves on chiton. Red and black lines on the upper part of chiton; black bordered overfold; folds of chiton and grodle coloured black; traces of black on eyes, eyebrows, and helmet; no traces of panted moustache; black border at base. Head and r. shoulder broken; 1. arm missing. Back-hole. Brick-red clay, light slip. Height 51.3. L-M g. 94.0.
1981. Statuette, as No. 79; trıangular heard. Black border at base. Broken at wast. Height 22.8. Mg. 940.
1982. Arm and hand of statuette Length 14.1. M9. 94.0.
1983. Head of statuette, as that of No. 1302. He1ght 7.5. M 9.94 .0 .
1984. Statuette, as No. 218; longer, rounded beard, trapezoid, rather ovotd head. Black border at hase. Top of helmet damaged; r. arm missing. Height 19.7. L9. 93.0.
1985. Statuette, as No. 79; short, rounded beard. Broken at muddle. Height zo.6. L, 9. 930.
1986. Statuette, as Ň. 73, long, triangular, rounded beard; undigitated hands, closed. Broken at neck and r . arm; top of helmet danaged. Brown clay; light slip. Height 20.9. L9. 93.0.
1987. Statuette, as No. 168, short, trangular, rounded beard. Reddish slip. Height 134 Lg. 93.0.
1988. Head. See No. 1754. L9. 93.o.
1989. Statuette, as No. 590 Height 12.2. L. 930.
1990. Disc of terracotta, probably used as base for a chariot. Broken into seven pieces; small parts missing. Diam. 26.2-26.8. L. 9. 930.
1991. Base tablet. See No. 1549. L. 9. 93.0
1992. Statuette, as No. 79; long, rounded beard. Nose and r. arm mıssing. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 21.0. N 8.952.
1993 … 2378 - 2314 .
Fragments of a chariot; whecls with eught spokes;
metal mounting round felloe indicated, drawn by | four borses with thin bodies; tall, wedge-shaped neck; narrow heads with melsed mouths; nostrils; pellet exes and ears; long talls along l. hind leg; front cover with tascle, head-coser; strap of hride. Parts of horses, drisers, and warrors missing. Length 25.5 〇8. 83.2
1993. Statuctte with celindrical, hollow, wheel-made hody; horizontal shoulders; conical head; short, triangular, rounded beard, thin, prominent nose; pellet ears; globular eycballs; rased eyebrows; r. arm bent, probably once holding object of which traces are left on body, 1 arm probably vertical; long, straight helmet. Beard, lıps, and lids painted black, helmet red I. arm, lower part of body, and r.arm missing; neck broken. Red-brown clay; light slıp. Length 27.7 N 8. 95.2.
1994. Statuette of small goat of terracotta with celindrical body; short, straight legs; wedge-shaped head; tr1angular horns. 'Two legs and part of r . hand leg missing. Length 6.5. N8. 93.2.
1995. Fragment of head wath curved nose; oval eyes; marked eyebrows; pellet ears, incised mouth; helmet made separately, lower part of head and top of helmet missing. Height 7 o. N8. 93.2.
1996. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made, flattened body; horizontal shoulders, tall, concave neek, ovord head; incised mouth with thick lips; prominent cheeks, nose missing (probably of a broad, negrond type); lancet-shaped, narrow eyes; rased eyebrows, plain ears; very sloping forehead; helmet of soft, capshaped type with top bent back; dressed in bandoleter mantle thrown over 1 . shoulder. Small hole on back of neck, and hehind ears. Lower part of hody, beard, r. arm, lower part of 1 arm, 1. ear, part of r ear, end of nose, and part of handolier on back missing; neck broken. Brown clas, lught slip. Height 21.3 - 8 932
1997. Charıot drawn hy four horses; wheels with in spokes; mounted by one driser and one warrior with sheld; helme: with cherk-preces; heads of horses with modelled eyes, ears, manes; incleed mouth and nostrils; head-covers; cheek-bands; blinkers; front-covers prowded with frenged borders and ornamented with sun and crescent ornament. Length 31.5 L io. 94.6.
1998. Framment of chariot, smmar to No. 1998 L io. 94.6

2000 ('hariot drawn by four horses with roughly erlindrical boders; legs with roughly modelled hoofs; long necks; long tants; narrow heads with erect ears; meised mouth and nostrils; plain head-cover; front-cover with tassel, plan side-cover; the horses are yoked two and two; the charmet, as that of No. 1715. In the chariot are two figures, standing. The left one 1s the driser; modefled and panted beard, panted eses, soft helmet with upturned cheek-preces. The risht one is a warroor, with r . arm uplifted; larm holding eircular sheld with central boss; pointed
helmet with red border without eheck-pleces; modelled and painted beard; panted eves; red pellet cars. The budaes of both figures are panted hlue on upper part of body; lower part red, indicating dress. Behind the warrior on $r$ outside of chariot, d quiver with arrows and a bow is attached. Front and side-cover of horses panted blue and red on yellow ground; necks blue: panted eves and blinkers. The chariot is painted red; wheels with red felloe and blue hubs; blue pantings on hack of coach hody, and at the loop-shaped support. Reins, top of $r$. hand of warrior missing. Length 20.5. L 12. 94.6
2001. Chariot drawn by four horses with roughly cylindrical bodies; narrow heads; roughly modelled eyes and ears; no mouth; rather short, broad neeks; headcover with tassel and cheek-bands; the yoke-poles secm to he connected anto one prece of twisted shape; the rems indicated by thick ropes of terracotta. The coach-body is high, of the usual type. Hand-made. Parts missing and broken. Length 25.5 . K-L 8. 94.7.
2002. Statuette, as No. 1092; short, straight helmet with hanging cheek-pieces. Arms, lower body; and part of r. check-plece mussing; body broken. Length 22 2. I. 8. 94.6.
2003. Head of statuette, as that of No. rogz. Height 9.t. L 8. 94.6.
2004. Plain White IV large, decp, open howl, curved outline; flat rim, one (probably two) handles below rim; hase and half part of bowl missing. Diam 39.5 L i2. 97.r.
2005. Plain White V jug, as No. 962. Herght 7.2 M 12. 97.1.
2006. White Painted V jug with raised hase; depressed oval body. Decoration of pendant leaf-ornanient. Broken, neck and handle missing. Height 12.2. XI 12. 97.1.
2007. Bichrome IV jug with raised base, oval body; short neck, pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Fncircling lines and bands around rim, neck, and body; detached, concentric cireles on shoulder; vertical lines crossed by group of transverse lines on handle. Height 197 M12. 97.I.
2008. White Panted IV small Jug with base-ring; globular body. Encircling lines on both sides of body, vertical row of concentrie circles in front. Neck and part of body missing Height 53 . Mi2. 97.I.
2009. Plaın White V sack-shaped jug, as No. 49. Henght 7.3 MI 12. 95.6.
2010. Head, as that of No. 1279, but with pellet mouth. Height 5.5. MI 3. 93.4.
2011. Arm, hollow, and hand with modelled fingers; a peg at upper end pierced by a hole for fixing it to upper arm. Fingers missing. Length jo.0. J 8. 96.8.
2012. Statuctte, as No. 79, short, triangular, rounded beard. L. arm and r. tar missing; head broken at neck. Brick-red clay; red ship. Length 15.3 . J 8 96.8. 2013. Fragment of a concal helmet. Height 13.0 . J 8. 968. 2014. Statuette, as No. 79; less sloping shoulders. Neck
broken; top of helmet chipped. Red clay; red slip. Height in 5. J S. 968
2015. Statuctte, ds No. 79. very short, rounded beard. Head and neck broken. Brack-red clay; light ship. Herght 20.0. J 8. 96.8.
2016. Statuette, as No. 79, very short, rounded beard. Warst and arms broken. Brick-red clay, red slip. Length 20.3. J 8. 96.8.
2017. Statuette, as No. 79, very short, rounded heard Height 20 7. J 8. 968
2018. Statuette, as No. 79. Broken at maddle. Height 24 I. J8. 96.8
2019 Statuctte, as No. I38; rectangular head; longer, rounded heard, two crossed hands in relief on breast. Face much damaged. Red-brown clay, red slip. Height 12.9. J 8. 96.8.
2020. Statuctte, as Nis 70 , horizontal shoulders, very short beard. Black border at hase. Height i4.4. J 8. 96,8 .
2021. Fragment of a head, rather trapezold; short, rounded beard, smiling mouth with modelled lips: cursed nose, almond-shaped eyes with hds in rellef; slightly: sloping forchead. Head-cover and back of head missing. Height i6.5. J 8. 168.
2022. Amulet in shape of a Bes figure of white fanence paste with yellow and hluc glaze, plerced by a transucrse hole through the top. Height 28. K 8 96.8.
2023. Nace-head of basalt with a hole hored from hoth sides; rihhed hody with ring-shaped edges around hole. Diam. 9.7. Lio. 91.4 (At altar).
2024. Gilobular head of steatite, perced hy a central hole. Length I.I. LIO. 9I.4 (At altar)
2025. Plain White IV miniature amphoriskos, as No. 1188 One handle mussing. Hetcht $7.0 \mathrm{~L} 10.91+$ (At altar).
2026. Fragments. See No 5563. L io. 91 + (At altar)
2027. Bull statuette with cylindrical body; marked hachbone, legs hollow with splayed hase, tall falling along r. hind leg: genital organs, hole on buttock; wide, cylindrical neck with marked brisket; triangular head with curved horns, modelled ears, prominent eyes, modelled nose with incised nostrils and open mouth; two snakes coiling from forelegs along neck to head. Ears and horns panted black; eyes decorated with encircled hlack dot; two crossed lines across nose; hrisket and backbone black; on forchead dotted 10 zenge with butterfly pattern; along neck bordered bands of herringbone pattern: on forelegs vertical and horizontal hnes; along sides of body bands of chess-hoard pattern framed hy parallel lines from hackbone to neck; brodd, hlack lines along backhone; traces of colour on snakes. Decoration much faded. Wheelmade hody, fuet, and neck; hand-made head, two ohlong holes on each ssde of brisket. Ends of horns. 1. ear, and parts of snakes mmons; broken in pieces Brown clay: light-greenish clay. Lenuth 26.5. I. io. 91.4 (At altur).

2028--2050.
Bull statucte wath cellendrical body, four cylindrical, hollow legs, long tall along r. hind leg; cylindrical neck with brisket, triangular head (Nis 2028) with promenent cyes. snakes in relief along both forelegs and along neck: pellet ears; tubular mouth. Part of hornu and snakes massong lught 31.5. L 10 90.1 (At altar).
2029. Bronze statuette of a male figure, standiner wath 1. leg dedanced in front of r. leg: tees indicated by incesions; calindrical, thin body, horizontal shoulders, sertucal arms wath leent hands: or al head wath sharpedged chin; broad, wade mouth: thick, rather short nose: narrow, lancet-shaped eyes with slightly curved egehrows in relief, pellet cars conered by a conncal helmet with wide, knobbed top; dressed in short chiton ending at hnecs, shit up between legs; plam girdle at watst. Height g 5 i. io. 9,2.1 (At altar). $203^{\circ}$ Sarah of white steatite, Type $A 2-B 2-$ C' 2 . Sce Appendices I and II. lengeth I.7 L. ro, 92 I (At altar).
203 F - 2361.
Minotaur with cylindrical, short animal's hody:; cshindrical legs taperme downwards; hort, fruels hanging tall: gental organ, with a short shirt above them, human body celindrical, marked nasel, female breasts below arms, thin, uphifted arms with moclelled fingers; 1 hand holding sake colling from head down neck done back of anmal; rhomboid, roughls shaped head; short beard, incised mouth; roughls shaped hps, whohular pellet esce of "fish ese" trpe and rased eyeleds, pellet cars; ridued eschrows; projecting nese, short, slopine forchead: pointed he lanct with band round tes base $P^{3}$ artls whel-made. R. arm. 1. foreleg. tall, part of snake, part of gental organs, most of shirt, parts of band round helmet. and hase of r . hind ley misone, many parts of utatuette hroken. Red-hrown clay, redurh ship. 1oungth is 5 Hewht 32.3 1. 10 go.i (At altar).
2032. Body of bull statuette with eylmdrical legs ()nly back part preserved lenarth 129 1.10 101 (At altar).
2033 Body of bull statuctte, framment as . 102032 1.ength 182. L io , (At altar)
$203+$ Bull statuette with eylindical hody: bakhone not marhed; hoilow leas with oplayed base, tanl alone 1. hand leg: no qental organs; hole on huttoch; cylindrical neek with brinket, head with curled horns; large, promment eses; pellet cars; cylindrical, long nowe, snake curlans from hase of 1 forcter up to neck. Bods and lese panted black, eses marked by hlach dot encircled bs largu areles, black hand encireline base of horns, merees anto d cursed band on nose. Wheel-made. Hole on chest lind of nose. hoorns, part of back, 1 hund lex, part of snake, and tail missing, r. foreles and budy broken laghtgreen clay and ship. I.enerth 24.0 L. io 90.1 (.At altar).
2035. Snake's head of terracotta. Height 5-7. L io. 90.1. (At altar).
2036. Bull statuette with cyindrical body; marked backbone; legs partly hollow, partly solıd, tapering downwards, no genital organs; tal along $r$ hind leg; hole on buttock; long neck tapering upwards. with bisket; narrow head with curved horns; prominent eyes with marked eyebrows: narrow, cylindrical nose with flat end, plerced by a hole. Feet and body, probably nose and neck, wheel-made; two oblong holes on each side of brisket. R. horn, end of I. horn, both ears, $r$ foreleg, and lower part of 1 . foreleg missing; broken. Brıck-red clay:; reddısh slıp. Length 39.3. L 10. 90.1 (At altar).
2037 Bull statuette with cylindrical hody; marked backbone: hole on buttock; solid, rather cylindrical legs; brisket; neck flat in front; head with curved horns; modelled ears; prominent eyes with incised iris, ancised mouth; nose with ancised nostrils. Body is wheel-made; the rest hand-made. Ends of horns, end of 1 . ear, both forelegs, and tail missing: I. hind leg broken. Brown clay: light slip. Length 20.0 . L 10. 90.1 (At altar).
2038. Bull's head and neck; cylindrical neck with brisket; trangular head with promment eves; curved horns and pellet ears. Nouth and 1. ear missing. Height 15.2. L io. 90.: (At altar).
2039. Bull statuette with cyllindrical body; hole on buttock: tall along r. hind leg; cylindrical, hollow legs; neck with marked brisket; Hat chest; head wath cursed horns; promınent eyes. Wheel-made body; handmade head and horns, two oblong holes in front. Nost of head, 5 . horn, end of 1 . ear, and r. foreleg missing. Parts hroken. Length 21.6. L, 10. 90.1 (At altar).
2040. Fragment of a bull statuette whth narrow, triangular head; curved horns; erect, plann ears; globular, prominent eves; marked eyebrows; incised mouth; piercod nostrals; licking tongue; curved neck; brisket; cylindrical legs with base-ring. Body and legs wheelmade; two narrow holes in front. $R$. horn, end of 1. horn, end of $r$. forcleg, hind part of body missing; r. foreleg broken Length 16.8. I. 10. 90.1 (At altar).
2041. Bull statuette with cylindrical body, hollow legs with splayed base; tail along 1 . hind leg; hole on buttock, rather short, eylindrical neck; head with curved horns; small pellet eyes, roughly modelled ears; long, crlindrical nose with incised, open mouth; plerced nostrils; tongue licking nostrils Wheel-made body, feet, neck, and nose; two circular holes on chest; two pierced holes below cars. End of 1 horn missing; neck and legs broken. Red-brown clay; grey core; light slip. Iength 29.5 1, 10. 90.1 (At altar)
2042. Black thlip Ill jug with base-ring: squat body; slightly concare neck, splayine upuards, pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Careless, vertical, grooved
lines on body; three encircling, grooved, horizontal lines round shoulder. Height in.6. L io. 90.1 (At altar).
$2043+2052$. Bull statuette with cyllindrical body; cylindrical, hollow legs; long tal along r. hind leg; genital organs; cyllinirical neck with brisket; triangular head (No. 2052) with prominent eves: snakes in relief along both forelegs and along neck; pellet ears. Horns, mouth, and part of snakes missing. Height 323 . L. Io. 90.I (At altar).
20.44. Minotaur with cylindrical animal's body; short legs tapering downwards; male genital organs; female breasts; arms uplifted; long neck, ovord head with neck-line sharply defined; short beard; incised mouth; stranght nose; globular, projecting eyes; pellet ears; sloping forehead; hair in plain plaits falling down the neck. Wheel-made body. Part of har, r. arm, end of 1 . arm, r. foreleg (restored), l. back leg, part of tall missing; legs and body broken. Red-brown clay: light slip. Length 22 5. Merght 24.0. L. 10 90.1 (At altar).
2045. Bull's head, simular to that of No. 2038. Height 12.2. I. 10. 90 I (At altar)
2046. Bull statuette with eylindrical body; marked backbonc: cylindical legs with tapering base; tal along r. hind leg, no genital organs; hole on buttock; cylindrical neck; triangular head with curved horns; open, cylindrical nose; short, small ears; prominent eveballs; raised eyebrows; snakes in relief coiling up forelegs and neck. Black horns. Body and nose wheel-made; head hand-made. R. horn, top of 1 . horn, part of r. ear, part of tall, and most of the snakes missing; broken neck. Brown-red clay; light slıp. length 318 . Lio. 90.I (At altar).
2047-2051.
Bull statuctte wath cylindrical body; marked backbone; hole on buttock; tall along r. hind leg; cylindrical, hollow legs with splayed base; genital organs; cursed neck with brisket; head (No. 2051) with flat front and long, curved horns; upturned, plain ears; globular, prominent eyes; raised evebrows; funnelshaped nose. Framed rectangles along sides of body filled with lattice lozenges; bands of parallel, oblique lines along legs; base of legs painted black; horns, ears, and nose black; triangle of double lines in front; eyes with black iris encircled by fringed lines suggesting coliary hair. Wheel-made body and nose; small parts of head hand-madc as horns, ears, etc.; two narrow holes on chest. Einds of horns, end of 1 . ear, and end of 1 . foreleg missing; parts broken. Red-brown clay:; light slip. Length 253 . I, io. 90.1 (At altar).
2048. Bull statuette with crlindrical body: marked backbone; cylindrical legs wath splayed base; tall along r. hind leg; genital organs modelled; hole on buttock: cylindrical neck: brisket; head with long, curved horns; modelled eveballs and lids; long, narrow, cylindrical nose. Black painted 1ris; semicircular,
fringed line suggesting ciliary hair; triangle of double lines in front, top of horns and nose panted black; band of large lattice lozenges bordered by three lines along side of body; hands of framed, parallel zigzag lines along neck and legs. Body wheel-made; head hand-made; two narrow holes on chest. End of $r$. horn, part of $r$. ear, part of neck, part of backbone, part of sides of body, 1 hind leg, and base of r.hind leg missing; broken. Grev, rather grev-brown clay: grey slip. Length 4 b.0. L Io. 90.I (At altar).
2049. Bull statuette with cylindrical body; marked backbone; projections on neek, cslindrical legs with splayed base; tall along r. hind leg, genital organs; hole on buttock; neck with brisket; trangular, rather trapezord head with curved horns; short, erect, plain ears; narrow eyeballs; raised, lozenge-shaped lids; mouth in shape of an open, circular spout, nostrils indicated by a horizontal rib in the diameter of spout and a vertical rib from the upper part of mouth to the horizontal rib; tonque licking 1 nostril. Iainted squares with central dots on body; black band along tal and baekbone; tremulous lines on sides of neck; black ears, horns, and front; black lines along legs with a black border at base; lids and eves black; black band round nose; framed latticed lozenge on forehead. Body and legs wheel-made; head handmade; two narrow holes on chest. L foreleg missing; head, neck, body, and legs broken. Brown clay; light slip. Iength 33.0. I. 10.90 .1 (At altar).
2050. See No. 2028. Lio. 90.1 (At altar).
2051. Bull's head. See No. 2047. Herght iy +I , io. 90.1 (At altar).
2052. Head of bull. See No. 2043. L 1090 I (At altar).
2053. Head of statuette, rather tripezold; narrow, rounded chin; modelled lips; nose with thick tup; leaf-shaped eyes; lids in relief; roughly shaped ears, head covered with soft cap wound by single band. Part of r. side missing. Helght i44. K 8 94.7.
2054. Statuette, as No. 227; rounded, narrow beard. R. ear mussing. Slip mostly turned red. Herght i4.7. $\begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{KII} & 94.7\end{array}$
2055. Plain White V shallow bowl with flat base; plain rmm; horizontal handle at rim. Diam 80 . I io. iol o.
2056. Plan White IV-V jug with rased base; orod body. Broken. Handle and neck missing. Height 26.0. IIO. IOI.I.
2057. Scarab of faience, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.z I iz. io0.2.
2058. Scarab of hlue paste, Type $A_{3}-4-B_{4}-C_{3-4}$. On base sphins surrounded by mearingless signs. Sec Appendices I and II. Length I.7. F io. 96.5.
2059. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{4}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. I.ength 1.5 JiI 94.8 .
2060 Scaraboid of white paste. Siee Appendices I and II. Length $0.95 \mathrm{HI2}$.943 .
2061. Scarab of white paste, 'Гype $\mathbf{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ see Appendices I and II. Length 1.3. H $12.9+3$.

2062 Scarab of green glass. See Appendices I and II. Length 1 1. Hiz. 94.3.
2063 Amulet of a Horus ere of white fatence paste with bluc glaze presersed, a hole pierced lengthwase. Length i 8. Hiz. 943 .
2064. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$. See Appendices I and II. Length I 4. I 10 94.3.
2065. Scarab of white steatite, Tipe A5-B4-C4. sec Appendeces I and II. Lenerth 1.7. H11. 94.3
2066. Searab of white paste, ' $\Gamma_{!~ p e ~} A_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Sice Appendices I and II. Length I 2. H II. 94 3
2067. Scarab of white paste, T:pe $A_{5}-B_{3}-C_{4}$ Sec Appendices I and lI. Length 1.45 . HII. 943 .
2068. Statuette, as No. 79 ; short, tramenalar, rounded beard, shorter helmet. Height 14.3. Jio. In No. 2069 2069 - 2087.

Sratue with body of elliptical section, somewhat convex breast: sloping shoulders, oroid head; short, triangular, rounded heard; short, straight mouth wath roughly shaped lips; then, straight nose, prominent eves; ridged evelbrows; roughly modelled ears; sloping forehead; hair falling down the neek in a compact mass; the helmet, which is made out of the same prece as head, is provided with straght, hollow spike; rectangular, naked feet with sandals, tied by strap passing between mreat toe and next and around ankle, from where another strap passes belus the heel; left foot advanced; thin, vertical arms with bracelets of terracotta The statue is dressed in a plain chiton with short sleeves. It is hand-made, In two halues, and rests on a base tablet, the lower part (No. 2087) has an openteng in front, 15 cm . in height, from which the feet are stickine out; the feet are separately put on the base tablet and end as open cylinders, 17 cm . high, inside the lower half; the lower half is provided with a collar. 12.5
95 intended to recense the upper part, the lower arms were separately attached by means of pees incerted In holes at the end of the upper part 'Top of helmet, fingers, and part of base mussing, base and lower body broken Brick-red, hard elas, light-brown, rather dark-grey slip. Height if3.S. Shoulder width 26.0. Base wadth 200. Warst wadth 21 \%. Broast diam. if 6. Neck heoght 6.4 Neck wadth 100. Head heaght II 7. Head kength 128 . Head wadth 12.5. Arms length fo.0. Hands length (messing). Feet length 12.0. J Io. 96.7
2070. Fragment of body of minotaur ( $:$ ), cylindradal, hollow Heght 26.0. J 10. 96.7.
2071. Head, oval in shape; pointed chin; smiling, protruding mouth with parted lips, prominent checks, big, projecting, straght nose; almond-shaped, prominent eves, rased eycbrow hnes, roughly modelled edrs; single earring at top and double spiral-shaped earrings at lower end of ear; sloping forehead; short, we-shaped hatr; soft, conocal helmet with upturned cheek-pieces and top bent hack with hanging, tasseled
strap Traces of black colour on har Hand-made Top of helmet and upper carrings missing Brown claty, black-grey core Herghr 16.2. Leneth 95. Width if S. Jio. y 6.7 .
2072. Feet Sice No. 2075. J 10 966.

2073 tatuctte with cylindricala solid hoody; splay ed base, obal head; short, rounded head; long, straight helmet with splayed top. Red-brown chay. heht slip Hewght IS 3. J-K 10. 95.4.
2074. Fragment of minotaur statuette with cylindrical body: cilindrical legs; hind leges tapering downwards; forelegs wath plan fect: human genital organs below a plain. short shart. Wheel-made hody and legs. Cpper part of human budy, parts of anımal's bods, part of 1 forelege, and end of tall missing: legs and budy broken. Brown chay, light ship. Length +32 . He!ght 39.5. J io. 967.
2075. Statue with 1 solinear feet, attached to a bese tablet. flat body, in two halves; the lower part with a collar at the upper end for keeping upper part in place, bulging breast; sloping shoulders; r. arm vertical; 1 arm bent up and hand with bent fingers probably having held a sacrificial knife; cellindrical neck: broad, trapezord head; square-cut beard, the plaits indicated by contggoous, vertical hands of ancised chevrons: somewhat protruding mouth with slightly smiling lips; nose with curved, broad tip; almondshaped eyes; eyelids in relicf; curved eyebrow lines; rather straight, broad forehead, ears wath earrangs of terracotta; har covered by a wal falling alone neck towards shoulder and kept in place by twisted band. Back-hole and hole on top of head. The figure is dressed in long chiton of which the upper border is marked by two incised lines and lower border by a broad band with incisions of oblique lines and a triangle in the muddle. Above the chiton a short mantle, thrown round both shoulders and 1 . arm, fallines along back, r. arm missing. Traces of red and black painting on beard and mantle. Height 17+0. Shoulder width 52.0 Bdse width +30 . Wiast width 34 7. Breast dram. 26.0. Neck herght 9.0 Neck wadth 13.0 . Head herght 25.0 . Head width 195. Head length zo.o. Arms length $8+0$. Hands length 23.0. Feet length 23.5. J 10-11. 96.6.

2076 Sitatuette, as No. 1408; traperond head: probahly pointed beard (now damased). Traces of colour on body. Light slip. Herght i+8. J 11966
2077. Upper part of statue. See No. 1028. J io. 96.7. 20,8. Statuctte, as No. 79; but with stranght-cut beard. Henght 22 o. I io. 96 6.
2079-2105.
Statuette with tubular hody of elliptical section, splaying downwards: straight breast; sloping shoulders: concave neek; orord head (No 2079); no beard; smiling mouth with modelled lips, stranght nose with nostrils: slighty prominent eves, marked excbrows; roughly modelled ears with double edrrongs:
sloping forchead; plain, rased harr falling down the neck, tall, conical luelmet without marked top; vertical arms: dressed an girdled chiton with short sleeves and overfold; ridged folds below grrdle: plain mantle thrown ower bredst and both shoulders. Har panted black. Whect-made up to wast; the rest hand-nude, lower part of arms missing; neck broken Brown clay, light slip, much effaced. Height 6a.o. Jio. 96.6
zoso Statucte, as No. $7^{\circ}$ No traces of colour. Top of helnct, part of base and arms missing. Height i8.4. I 10. yb.6.
2081. Statuette, as No. 218. trapezord head; short, rounded heard. L.ower part of body and lower part of arms missing: broken below wast. Red-brown clay; red slip. Height ig.o. J io. 96.6.
2082. Head. as that of No. 260) Nose, r. car, and top of helmet missing. Height 4.7. J io. 96.6.
2083. See No. 1693. J Io. 966.
2084. Statuette, as No. 251, slightly concase neck of medium size; incised mouth with rased edges; rery long, thin nose, hands with modelled fingers; raised, plain hanr on back of head. Base, r. arm, top of helmet, and ears missing. Head, neck, breast, back, upper part of 1 arm broken. Red-brown gritty clay; ship much effaced. Herght +2.5 . J 9 96.6.
2085. Bedy of a statucte with plan base, tapering at waist; sloping shoulders; back-hole, r. arm adranced; appears to be dressed in a chiton with short sleeves. Height 21.5 J y. 96.6.
2086. Forearm of terracotta, with a peg at the upper and perced by a hole for fitting it to upper arm; hand with fingers. Length 38.8 . J g. y6.6.
2087, see No. 2069. J9. 961
2088. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body: bulging breast: sloping shoulders; strabht neck; oval head; straugt-cut beard, incised mouth with roughly modelled lips; straight nose, promınent eves, marked eyebrow line; plarn, raised harr on back of head; sloping forehead; separately modelled helmet with straight spike and hanging cheek-pleces with ends rolled up; verncal arms; hands with fingers; dressed in chiton without modelled sleeves, overfold; gardle; grooved folds above sirdle. Back-hole. End of r. check-pitee, fingers of 1 . hand, thumb and two fingers of $r$. hand, and base partly mising: two fineers of 1 . hand and hase broken. Brown-red clay; hight slip, erfaced on lower part. Height 57.8. J 9. 96 1.
2089. Hand of terracotta. Length 386 . J 9. 90.I.

2090 Statuette, as No. 79. Height 224 . J 9. 96.1.
209I. Statuctte, as No. 79; long, pornted beard. Height 22.5 . J9 yb.1.
2092. Statuette, as No 477, narrow, orond head: pointed beard. L. arm missing; neek and $r$ arm broken. Red-brown clay; light slip Height 18.7. J 9. 96.i.
2093 Statuctte, as No. 1505: shorter, rounded beard; helmet with stralght spike without knob. Both arms,
lower part of body, and base missing; head broken at neck. Height 50.3 J 9. 96.1.
2094. Fragment of a horse statuette. Height 12.7. J 9. 96.1.
2095. Bull statuette, as No. 884. End of horns, r. ear, r foreleg missing. Red-brown clay; grev-black core; light slip, partly turned red. Length 128 . J g. 96.i. 2096. Body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; splayed base: hulging breast. Upper part massing. Henght ifo. J9. 96.1.
2097. Statuette, as No. 269; short, rounded, narrow beard. R. ear missing; neck, hoth arms, ard lower part broken Helght 23.4. J 9. 96.I.
2098. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded heard. Height 19.2. J 9. 96.i.
2099. Fragment of head of statuette with conical helmet Much damaged. J 9 96.I.
2100. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body of elliptical section, flat breast; trapezord head; fairly long, rounded beard; smiling mouth with modelled hps, straight nose with nostrils; prominent cheeks; prominent eyes without marked eyebrows, somewhat sloping forehead: roughly modelled ears with double earrings; helmet with modelled horder, upturned checkpieces; soft top bent back; rertical arms; dressed in a chiton with triangular opening in front and short sleeves. Back-hole. Lover part of r. arm, part of r. side at base missing; 1. cheek-piece broken. Brown-red clay; light slip. Hetght 47.7. J 9. 96.1. 2101. Minotaur with depressed cylindrical animal's body; legs tapering downwards; forelegs with plain feet; human body flattened, of concave outline; marked navel; adranced, thin arms provided with undigitated hands; trapezord head; long beard; projecting mouth; straight, prominent nose; leaf-shaped, prominent eyes; marked eyebrow line; plann, oval ears; band round head; dressed in a tunic which is vaguely marked in relief, reaching from neck to legs; two snakes conled from animal's hody up to head; two other snakes coiled from anımal's body to shoulders. Eyebrows, lids, iris, moustache panted black; mouth red; traces of black colour on hind legs. Body and legs wheel-made; arms and head hand-made. Two holes on top of head. Part of beard, part of r. hand, 1. foreleg, parts of body, parts of snake, tanl, and back of body missing (most reparted in gypsum), arms, legs, and body broken. Brown clay; black core, light slip. Height 63.9. 1 ro. On No. 2102 c .
$2102 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$.
Statue with $r$. foot advanced; rather rectangular feet with modelled toes and roughly marked nals, marked tibia and knees with semicircular incisions; tubular upper legs; tall upper body with concave sides; somewhat bulging breast; slightly sloping shoulders; concave neck; rather trapezold head; long, square beard, composed of vertical, straught stripes with circular incisıons; the beard contınues along the chins
up to hair, hair marked by a rof of eircular mpresstons helow helmet, smuling, shathe wen mouth; panted moustache, almost stranght nose with big nostrils, roughty modelled, wal cars, leaf-shaped coes with rased hds, marked, amost strasht eyebrows; sloping forehead; helmet in shape of a soft cap with upturned check-pleces and back-turncd top with tassels; vertical arms; a sword under l. arm hangeng in a strap oner 1 shoulder. The statue 1 , dressed in a tunce with short slectes anding dowe knees, a girdle round wast with tassels hanging along r. stade. The fisure stands on a square base tablet. Hand-made, in two halies; the leses separately put in and attached to the clay: the arms are separately put in and were probably attached by means of pegs in pereed holes; the upper part of body is liept in position hy a collar prereed by three holes on eath side corresponding to three holes at base of the upper part; the suord is put separately into a square hole in 1. arm-hole; two smaller holes on upper part of 1. arm for antrusion of some other equipment. Part of back missing (restored in gypsum); body and leas below knees broken. Lasht-brown clay; light-brown slip Head (2102 b), upper body (2102a), lower body ( 2102 c ). Height $17 \pi, \%$ Legs to linees $t^{*} \mathrm{o}$. Lees to haps 86.5. Body to shoulder i4t $\%$. Wast width 26.0. Shoulder width +1 5 5. Brast damm. $203^{3}$ Neck height ro.o. Neek wadth 133 . Head heregt 22.3. Head length in 5. Hade wath 18.6. Arma Iength 62.0 (to end of thumb). Hands leneth 12.2 (end of fingers missing). Fut leneth 2431 ro, J 9, I-J ıо. 90.6.
 2104. Bodse, fragment, celindrical, hollons, splatel bare Heisht 27.0. 1 10. y6.0.
2105. Sice No. 2079. 110 96.6.

2106-2103.
Statue with tubular bods, oral in section, plan hate, slughtly bulenge bredst, lopeng shoulters, vertesal arms; hands with fingers, concale neek, trapezond head, long, trapegend haurd with berncal, straght grooves: stranght mouth with sharp-ectsed hips: pamted moustache, rather short, nearly sthught nose with large nostrils; roughly modelled wirs with earrings of terracotta in the upper part of car: leaf-hapul efes with ralsed hids and painted ins, cursed, ranced evebrows: the har progects in a suluare mase on baek of head, two curls in front stichang out of hedmet. conical helmet with upturned check-peces and top bent back. The statue is dressed in a errdled chaton with short slecves with border in relief round neek and alone arms, plan owerfold with side-flaps, ridged folds below the plan grode. 1ris, heds. edroms, beard, and moustache panted black. The statue is made in two halses, both prosided wath seluare back-holes; the upper part is hept in position by means of a rased collar on lower halt: the arms are
separately put in. L.ower part of hands, upper part of 1 . ear missing; top of helmet, girdle, and some folds of chiton restored in gypsum; body broken in preces. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height i87.0. Base width 43.5. Shoulder width 49.5. Waist width 38.5. Breast dam. 25.0. Neck height 9.5. Neck width 13.8. Head height 22.0. Head length 22.0. Head width 18.6. Arms length 53.0. I 9. 96.0.
2107. Scarabord of white paste. See Appendices I and II. Length 145 . GII. 97.1.
2ro8. Scarabord of white paste. On base, some very effaced, hieroglyphic signs. See Appendices I and II. Length i.I. GII. 97.r.

2109 Scarahoid of white paste. See Appendices I and II. Length I.4. Gir. 97.I.
2110. Scarab of white paste, Type A4-B3-C4. See Appendix II. Length I 4. GiI. 97.1.
2III. Scarab of black steatite, Type $A_{3}-B 2-C_{3}$. See Appendix I. Length i.o. GiI. 97.i.
2II2. Ornamental seal of white paste in the shape of a flower. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.55. G 9. 97.I.
2II3. Scarah of white steatite, Type $A_{5}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. Elytra marked by double line. See Appendices I and II. Length i.4. GII. 97.I.

2II4. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{4}-B_{4}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.5. GiI. 97.0.
2115. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{Bi}_{1}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base, incised ibex; hefore it an olive jar. See Appendices I and II. Length i.4. Gir. 97.0.
2116. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length I.I. Gir. 97.0
2117. Amulet of white paste representing Bes, standing. Big head. Length 2.2. F9 98.2.
2118. Scarab of white steatite, Type Az-Br-C2. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.5. G12. 96.4.
2II9. Scaraboid of white paste. See Appendices I and II. Length 1 35. G 12.96 .4.
2120. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{5}-B_{4}-C_{4}$. On base, ornament of symmetrically arranged beetles and leaves. Length 1.5 . G 12. 96.4.
2121. Amulet of white farence paste in shape of a roughly made Horus eye, with a hole pierced lengthwise. Length 1.7. G12. 96.4.
2122. Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.8. Giz. 96.4.
2123. Flat scarab of blue steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. The representation consists of a cult scene. In the centre there is an altar or slaughtering table of a thick stone supported by a truncated cone built of square masonry. The altar is surmounted by four thin, curved projections which might be two parr of horns of consecration. Between them there is a bucranium. To the right of the altar stands a woman dressed in a long gown tightly girdled at wast and with very wide, half length sleeves. The dress is decorated half way down with a broad transverse border. She
is approaching the altar with both hands lifted in adoration. Between her hands she holds a little spherical object, probably an offering. Three similar balls and one oblong object are already placed round the altar. To the right sits on a large, backed chair another woman dressed in a similar way playing on a lyre with three strings. The base of the representation is a hatched segment. See Appendix II. Length I.4. F9. 98.2.
2124. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{5}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.8. Gi2. 96.4.
2125. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.z. Gir. 97.i.
2126. Large scaraboid with convex upper side. Representation of three boughs in a linear, geometrical style. Probably unfinished. Much worn in all corners. Length 1.8. G 12.96 .4
2127. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C} 4$. On base, the signs for "Strength" (wsr), "Favour" (hs) and the Horus eye. See Appendices I and Il. Length 1.4. GiI. 97.1.
2128. Scarabord of white paste. See Appendices I and II. Length I.4. Giz2. 96.4.
2129. Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{Az}_{2}-\mathrm{Bi}-\mathrm{C}_{2}$. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.5. G12. 96.4.
2130. Oval seal of white paste On upper side, lines radiating from a central ring. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.6. G 12. 96.4.

2I3I. Scarab of white steatıte, Type $A_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{2}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.6. Giz. 96.4.
2132. Rectangular bead of black steatite, veined with green-ish-yellow lines; hole through longitudinal asis. Length i.o. G12. In the sieves.
2133. Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{BI}_{\mathrm{I}}-\mathrm{C} 2$. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.O. GI2. 96.4.
2124. Fragment of body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; splayed base; overfold of chiton with side-flaps; gırdle; ridged folds below. Upper part missing. Height 38 .o. I 9.96 .9.
2135. Arm, hollow, with a peg at upper end pierced by a hole for fixing it to upper arm; hand with modelled fingers. Half of the fingers missing. Length 46.0. I 9. 96.9.
2136. Feet with modelled toes; isolinear; lower part of legs attached to a square plinth. Upper end of legs joined by a cross-piece. Height 18.0 . I 9. 96.9.
2137. Statuette, as No. 25 I; eyes and eyebrows indicated; arms in one piece with body. Height 45.0. I 9. 96.9.
2138. Body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; splayed base. Arms and head missing. Height 18.0. I 9. 96.9.
2139. Fragment of a statue. See No. i824. I 9. 96.o.
2140. Head of a statue, rather triangular; lancet-shaped eyes with eyelids in relief; roughly shaped ears; straight forehead; triple band round head. Beard, nose, part of lids, band, and top of head missing. Height 17.0 . I 9. 96.9
2141. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body, bulging
breast; short, concave neck; traperoid head; chin with long, round beard; thin, concave nose without nostrils; slightly prominent eves; marked eyehrows: straight forehead, hair falls in plain mass on back of head: helmet wath straight, hollow spike, in one prece with head; vertical arms; underitated hands. Back-hole. End of lower body, 1. arm, both ears missing; r. arm broken Brick-red clay; reddish, partly light slip. Hetght 30.0. J 9. 96.7.
2142. Statuette, as No. 79, short, triangular, rounded beard. Nose damaged. Red-brown clay; light slip. Height 27.0. J 9 96.7.
2143. Statuette, as No. 477; narrow, orold head; pointed beard. Broken at wast. Reddish slip. Height 21.5 . J 9. 96.7.
2144. Statuette, as No. 79; long, rounded beard. Height 18.8. J9. 96.7 .
2145. Arm, hollow; with peg at upper end pierced by a hole for fixing it to upper arm; hand with modelled fingers. Length 50.8. J 9 96.7.
2146 . Hand wath fingers, closed. Length 14.3. J 9. 96.7.
2147. Statuette, as No. 79; trapezold head; very short, straight-cut beard L. arm missing; r. arm and body broken. Shp partly turned red. Herght 24.5. Jio. 96.7 .
$21+8$. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded heard. Lower part of body, lower part of arms, nose, and beard missing. Brick-red clay; red slip. Height 13.2 . J 10. 96.7.
2149. Statuette, as No. 79; no traces of colour. Lower part of body and arms missing. Hersht 20.6. J 10. 967.
2150. Statuette, as No. 79. Height 15.4. Jio. 96.7.
2151. Statuette, as No. 73; trapezond head; very short heard. Red clay; slıp partly turned red. Herght 24.9. J 10. 96.7 .
2152. Statuette, as No. 79; short, triangular, rounded beard. Nose missing. Broken at walst. Height r7.3. Jio. 96.7.
2153. Statuette, as No. 79; without beard. L. arm missing. Brick-red clay; hlack core; reddish slıp. Height 16.0 . J io. 96.7.
2154 . Fragment of body, celindrical, hollow; splayed base. Henght 28.7. J ィо. 96.7.
2155. Statuette, as No. 79 ; short, triangular, rounded beard. Ears missing. Red-hrown clay; reddish slip. Height 19.9. J ıо. 96.7.
2156. Hand with modelled fingers. Thumb missing. Length 18.5. J ıо. 96.7.
2157. Fragments of a large terracotta body. J 9. 96.r.
2158. Fragment of arm, hollow; hand with modelled fingers, only thumh preserved. Length 25.0 . J 9. 961 .
2159. Arm and hand with modelled fingers; small part of hody preserved: short sleeve of chiton indicated. Length 18.o. J 9. 96.1.
2160. Body of statuette, rather bell-shaped; vertical arms; head missing. Height 12.0. J 9. 96.1.
2161. Statue with tubular, narrow lower hody; flattened,
hroader upper bodỵ; straight shoulders, concave, tall neck; rather trapezond head; stout chin; very prominent cheeks; smiling mouth with roughly modelled, protruding lips: almond-shaped, prominent eyes; ridged evebrows; sloping forchead; roughly modelled ears; hair falling on neck in plan, rabsed mass with concave sides, retl over head; vertical arms with closed hands. The statue is dressed in a chiton with sleeses ending a little above elbow. The lower part of hody is wheel-made; upper part of body and head hand-made. The statue is provided with hack-hole, and two small holes on back of neck. Top and back of head, lower part of $r$. arm, front of body, and part of lower body mossing; broken on $r$. side of face, and lower part of body. Red clay; light slip. Height 70.5. Shoulder width 27.5 . Breast dram. 13.0. Neck helght 6.3. Neck width 10.3. Head herght c. 14.0. Head width 13.7. Arms length 38.0. Hands length 15.0 . I II, 101.7.
2162. Fragment of a statuette, as No. 284; pointed, triangular beard, helmer with hanging cheek-pieces and top bent back; wig-shaped harr falling along sides of neck Brown clay; dark core; light-brown slip. Height 8.5. III. 101.7.
2163. Head of statuette, as that of No. 42, no pantings. Height 55. 111. IO1.7.
2164. Fragment of a bull statuette with streight, narrow body, neck with marked brisket; head wath curved horns; slightly prominent eyes; nose with open, incised mouth; plerced nos rils. Lower part of legs, part of hind quarters of hody, part of tall, 1 horn, end r. horn mussing; neek broken. Red-hrown clay, light slip, partly effaced. Length 13.7. I 1 I. 101.7.
2165 - 2430.
Statuette with c!lindrical, solid body; splased base; orod head; narrow; long. straloht-cut beard: big nose; r. arm bent over breast, l. arm sertical, helmet with top hent back. Traces of colour. Neck broken; light slip. Height 23.2. Hio. IOI.3
2166. Coarse shallow cooking-pot with round base; rounded outline; flattened, out-turned rim: vertical handles below rim. Diam. 13.0. H10. 973
2167. Head of statuette, as that of No II78; top of helmet bent forwards. Height 14.9 I 10.95 .9.
2168 Fragment of a minotaur statuctte. I 10. 05.9
2169 . Head of statuette, ovoid, with triangular chin; smıling, protruding lips; full cheeks; rather short, straight nose; almond-shaped, prominent eves; sloping forehead; pellet ears; har falling in rased mass of concave outline along sides of nech; head covered by helmet with knohhed top. An ohlque, narrow prece on left side missing. Height 18.5 . Head henght 11.5. Head width 8.5. Head length 8.5. G10. 102.5 .
2170. Statuette with head covered by a nask of a bull's head of the usual, triangular shape with promment eves; pellet ears. Horns, arms, and lower part of figure missing Height 19.5. G10. 101.9.
2171. Bichrome IV jus with rased base; oval hody: short, cylindrical neck, pinched rim, handle from rim to shoulder. Fincireling lines and hands around rim, neck, and hods; frieze of concentric crrcles on shoulder; framed zigzag line on handle. Height i6.9. Gif. 97.5.
2172. Noulded female hedel of the Cretion type with har falling in contiguous, transserse plats on both sides to shoulders. Black paint on harr. A peg at the lower end for fixing head into the body. Height 6.2. Gir. 97.5.
2173. Bichrome $V$ jug with raised base; oval body. Encircling lines and bands round body; three concentric carcles on shoulder, neek and handle missing. Height 157. H 12.97 .5.
2174. Sicarah of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A} 2-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$. Sice Appendices I and II. Length r.4. Fir. 98.0.
2175. Scarab of white steatite, Type Az-Bi-C2. See Appendices I and II. Length I 7. Fir. 98.0.
2176. Moulded terracotta head of Aphrodite statuette; oral head; simall, rounded chin; full lips; straight nose; deeply set eyes, semm-lunar in shape; ham parted, covered by plain diadem; earrings in ears. Height 6.0. G7. 109.7.
2177. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.5. Fir. 98.0.
2I78. Searab of white steatite. Type $\mathrm{A}_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{\mathbf{4}}-\mathrm{C}_{+}$. On base knecling man with sun-dise above his head, worshipping a eartouche containing a seroll-sign. Above 1t, a double-feather. Jength 1.65. N13. 94.7.
2r79. Searab of white steatıte, 'Гype $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C} 2$. See Appendices I and II. I.ength i.7. Fir. 98.0.
2 180. Large, on al searabord of black steatite. See Appendix II. Length 2.0. Fir. 98.0.

218r. Scarab of blue steatite, Type AI. See Appendix II. Length $1.8 . \mathrm{E}$ II. 98.2.
2182. Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$. See Appendices I and II. I,ength I.7. F12. 97.9.
$2 \mathrm{I}_{3}$. Scarab of black steatute, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incision of Type $I$, representing a wolf or dog walking to the right, with one flying bird above his back and other in front of his forelegs. One hind leg and both forelegs damaged. See Appendix II. Length 17. EII. 971.

2 I 4 . Scarab of grey steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$. On hasc incision of Type $V$ representing man standing hetween two trees. Length 1.4 . H 13. 95.3.
2185. Amulet in shape of a Bes figure of white faience paste with blue glaze. Head-dress missing. Height 1.7. H 13.95 .3 .
2186. Scarab of white paste, Type A4-B2-C4. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.3. H13. 95.3.
2187 . Sarab of srey steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{Bi}_{\mathrm{I}}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incision of 'rype $V$ representing standing man. (Rest of incision effaced) See Appendices I and II. Length $15 \mathrm{H}_{13} 353$
2i88. Lotus bud of white paste; on upper side relief lines length 2.6. J 13 . 950 .
2189. .icarab of glass paste; much damaged; representation entirely effaced. See Appendix II. Length i.5. G13. 96.9.
2190. Scarab of black steatite with the same shape and uncision as No. 2184 . Length i.4. Gr3. 96.9.
2191. Scarab of Type $A z-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$. See Appendix I. Length 1.45 . G I3. 96.9
2192. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. I ength i.4. Gis. 96.9.
2193. Scarab of black steatite, Type $A_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base meision of Type I. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.7. $\mathrm{K}^{-1} 13 \quad 948$.
2194. Small figure of Ptah-scker; farence. Height i.8. I I3. 95.2.

2195 Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{3}-B 2-C 2$. See Appendrees I and II. Length 1.7. G13. 96.9.
2196 . Hand of limestone with modelled fingers, holding an apple. Length 7.3. J 6. io6.8.
2197. Limestone head, male, of Hellenistie type; features worn off; flat eap on head. Height 9.0. I 6. ro7.2.
2198. Fragment of a swung bronze handle of a vase with flattened base plate; on the handle remains of a foot. I congth 4 ०. H 6. yo6.8.
2199. Fragment of head with smiling, protruding lips; full eheeks; almond-shaped, prominent eyes; projeeting, stranght nose with nostrils. Helght if.s. H6. 106.8.
2200. Statuette, similar to No. 155 ; bell-shaped, hollow body; orord head; soft, short helmet; on upper body horizontal, black lines; on lower body vertieal, black and red lines. Light slip. Height in.7. G6. ro4.i.
2201. Body, evplindrical; splayed base; vertical arms. Head missing. Height II.O. H7. 98.7.
2202. Body, as No. 2201. Head missıng. Heıght 17.3. H7. 987.
2203. Body', as No. 2201. Head missing. Height 12.7. H7. 987.
2204. Statuette, as No. 79. L. ear missing. Height r7.0. H7. 98.7.
2205. Fragment of a statuette, as No. 25I; rather long, pointed beard. Nose and lower part of body missing. Height 14.7. G 7. 97.7.
2206. Fragment of a bull statuette. I,ength 13.7. H 6. 102.5.
2207. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length I.3. F 13.99 .3.
2208. Searab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length 2.0. E9. 97.6.
2209. Searab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base the cartouche of Men-kheper-re (Thotmes III). See Appendices I and II. I.ength I.4. E.9.97.6.
2210. Bronze coin. Obzerse: Head of Zeus Ammon looking right. Rererse: Eagle standing on thunderbolt. Nuch worn Seems to be of the same type as No. 2277. Diam. 3.6. W゙enght 49.I. J 5. 108.4.
2211. Nicarab of white paste, Type A4-B4-C4. Double hreast-line. On base incised sphinx wearing the
crown of Lower Egypt. The sign for "Favour" and the sun-disc abose its bach. Sice Appendices I and II. Lenuth i.35. E!. 47.6.
2212. Scarab of white steatite. Tyne $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Leneth 1.6. I: 9. 97.6.
2213. Scarab of white paste, Trpe A- $-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Sec Appendices I and II. Length 1.25 . F 10 . 97.6.
2214. Suarab of white paste, Type Az-132. See Appendices $I$ and 11 . Length 1.4 L'g. 96.5.
2215 . Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A} 2-\mathrm{Br}$. On hase symmetrically arranced hieroglyphs in the moddec a beetle and surrounding it signs for "Beautş" and "Strength". See Appendices I and II. Length 1.7. E.9. 96.3.
2216. Flat, oval scaraboid of lapis lazuli with a hole through the longitudinal axis. Half of the lower part massing. The representation is much damaged and not decipherable. Length 1.6 . E 9.96 .5.
2217. Scarab of white paste, ' Ype $A_{5}-B_{4}-C_{4}$ see Appendices I and II. Lanyth I 3. E9. 965.
2218. Bronze coin. Obierse: Head in r. profile with Corinthian helmet, probahly Athena. Reacose: inde-
 2219. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base hieroglyphs, prohably the siens for "Wong of Epper and Lower Egypt". See Appendices I and II. Length 1.0. E 13. 101.5.
2220. Scaraboid of white paste See Appendix II. Length 13. D 10.97 .0
2221. Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{Cz}$. On base the heroglyphs for "King of Cpper and Lower Egypt" ( $n$ sw-t $\mathrm{b}_{j}-\mathrm{t}$ ). Beluw this is incised a beetle Hanked by two sıgns for "Truth" (maa-t), Length 1.65. D 0. 97.4.
2222. Scarab of white steatite, Type A2-B2-C2. Hatched. encircling lines marking legs. Encircling ring. See Appendices I and II. Length I 3. D 9.974 .
2223. Acarab of onyx, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.7. O 10 . 94.3 .
2224. Scarab of white paste, Type A4-C4. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.25 . Dio. ioo o.
2225. Scarab of white paste, Type A- $-C_{4}$ See Appendices I and II. Length 1.55 N7. 94 .
2226 Scarab of white paste, Type A4-B2-C $A_{4}$. Representation on base effaced; possibly a standing man with a sign for "Lafe" behind him. See Appendices I and II. Length i. 3 N゙7. 94.0.
2227. Amulet of light-hlue steatite in the shape of a very primative and geometrically taried head with wery Iong neck: square eyes; two wertical, incised lines indicating nose; small projections indicating ears and harr no mouth. A hole pereed from car to ear Length 3.2. O то. 94.7.
2228. Scarab of whte steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{Br}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Breastline and elytra marked by double hnes. On base a cartouche with the name Men-kheper-re and on elther sude a feather of "Truth" and an uracus. See Appendices I and II. Length 2.1 O 10947.
2229. Scarah of white steatite, Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{2}$ See Appendices I and II Lengeth 17 I: 8.97 .5.
2230 Scaral) of white paste, Tupe $A_{4}-C_{4}$. On base king, standing before the goddes: Sekhmet, holding papyrus sceptre. Siee Appendices I and [1 t.ength $1 .+$ O $1094 \%$.
2231. Scarah of black steatite. Tipe A2-B2-C2. Representation eff.cect. Sece Appondi. II. L.ength 1.55 . Og 95.2
2232. Bohbin-shaped bead of cornclinn with hole piereed lenythwe lempth $1.6 . O_{9} 95.2$.
2233. Scarah of white stcitite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ bee Appendices $I$ and H Length 13 . 09.952 .
2234. Scarab of white paste, 'Tipe A5- $\mathrm{B}_{4}$ - C $\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double breast-line. See Appendices I and II Lenuth I.55. O9. 95.0.
2235. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base probably a fixure of the soddes of "Truth". See Appendix I. I.eneth I. 2 I: ir. Q $\%$
2236. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II Leneth 1.3. L I 4 94.4
2237. Scarab of black steatite, 'Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Inscription on base effaced. Length 1.2 . O 9 . 952
2238. Sicarah of blue paste, 'T:pe A+- $\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ see Appendices I and II, length 1.3 . () 9 . 952
2239. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Iensth 1.45 ('ir. ge 5.
2240. Scarab of white paste. 'Type A+ sixe Appendix I. Length I 3. Cir. 995.
224i. Ohtong lead of onsx with a hoke pereed through Ionertudenal dxts. I.encth $37 \mathrm{P} 10-\mathrm{It}$. 94.8.
2242. Searab of white stectete, Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{2}$. See Appendices I and II Length id $65 \mathrm{P}^{11} 4+\delta$
2243. Sarah of greenish steatre, 'Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Incision of Trye VI, representing a minotaur figure full tace and hotding an upreght atanding loon an each arm. Deep borings frequently used. See Appendix II I.ength $15 . P_{1 i}$. 948
 breast-line. Representation of a Cyproote wild huck wath long, curved horns, walking in profike A dot behond ahote the batk kather worn. Aee Appendix II. Length 1.2. PiI 948 .
2245. a) Fragment of alobular head of white farence paste, perced by a hole in the madale.
h) Fish astragalus Diam i.o Pio. 448.

22f6. a) Bronze tweczer with capital-shaped top with attached ring and strangh pin with bent top: arms splaying towards the hent-in catch 1 .ower part of one arm and pin misang length 3.7.
b) Bronze tweezer, as No. $22 \neq 6$ a, hut ring missing. Intact. Length 30
c) Bronze tweeker, in No 22-6 b. Length 28 .
d) Straght bronze pin with bent top Length 2.8 . Pro. 9+. 6
2247 Scarab of black steatite. Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{BB}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ On base
incised representation of a man with high cap standing before a tree．Length 1．5．Pio．94．6．
2248．Fragment of an iron tweezer Pio．94．6．
2249．Amulet of steatite in shape of an oval，male head （Silenus ${ }^{2}$ ）with Hat back；pointed beard；nose marked in relief，har and beard by incisions；pierced by a transterse hole at the place of the ears．Height 2．0． P10 94．8．
2250．Scarab of black steatite，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．On base inciston of Type $V$＇，representing a man in profile wh head bent forward；vird gestures with the arms； head bent forward；ithyphallie sexual organ．See Appendis II．Length I．5．P io． 948.
2251．Bronze tweezer，as No．2276 a．Intact．Length 3．2． P10．94．8．
2252．Scarab of white steatite，Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ ．Double clytra．See Appendices I and II．Length I．3．Pio． 94.8 ．

2253．Bead of white faience paste，cylindrical，with a hole pierced in the middle．Length 0．5．Pio．94．8．
2254．Scarab of white paste，Type $A_{4}-B_{2}-C_{4}$ ．See Appendix Ii．Length 175. P io 94.8.
2255．Scarab of white paste，Type A5－B3－C4．Eletra marked by double line．See Appendices I and II． Length I．4． $\mathrm{P}^{2}$ ．98．0．
2256．Scarab of white steatite，Type A4－B $5-C_{4}$ ．Double breast－line See Appendices I and II．Iength 1.25 ． P10．94．8．
2257．Scaraboid of grey steatite．On base tho bucks with long，curved horns；bodies indicated by round dots， legs by straight lines．Rather clumsy incision．Length 1．5．Pix．94．0．
2258．Scarab of white steatite，Type $A_{5}-B_{4}-C_{4}$ ．See Appendices I and II．Length I．4．P9．96．3．
2259．Scarab of white paste，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ ．On base some meaningless signs．Length i．4．Pio．94．8．
2260．Scarab of white paste，Type $A_{4}-B_{2}-C_{4}$ ．See Appendices I and II．Length 1.25 ． P 10． 94.8 ．
2261 Scarabord of white paste．On base inscribed signs of which can be distinguished the word＂Lord＂ （nb）．The rest damaged．See Appendices I and II． Length $1.35 . \mathrm{P}$ 10．94．4．
2262．Scaraboid $n t$ grey steatite．On base incision of Type IIT．See Appendix II I ength i．o．Pio．94．4．
2263．Rectangular scarabord of light－blue steatite with flat sides．Representation of a quadruped，probably a Cyprote wild buck with curved，raised tail；lifted head and horns parallel with the back．Worn．See Appendix II．Length 1．2．P 10．94．4．
2264．Scarab of white paste，Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ ．See Appendices I and II．Length i．4．P io．94．4．
2265．Scarab of white paste，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．See Appendices I and II．Length 1．45．P io．94．4．
2266．Closed hronze lamp wath base－ring；long nozzle； horizontal mouth；flat rim；profiled top with a cir－ cular hole in the centre；loop－handle，provided with a cursed，leaf－shaped projection．At base of handle
two small，vertical projections perced by holes for hanging the lamp．Length $11.5 . \mathrm{E}_{5}$ ． 1108 ．
2267 Learab of white paste，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-4-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}-4$ ． See Appendices I and II．Length 1．35．P Io 94．4．
2268．Sicarah of glazed faitence，much damaged．Iength 1．4．P10．94．4
2269．Simall，circular rings of silyer－lead，used as har－ rings or earrings．Diam．0．9．P io．94．4．
2270 Scarab of white paste．Type A4－B3－C4．On base the signs for the uracus and the goddess of＂Truth＂ （Maat）can be seen．See Appendix I．Length I． 4 ． Pio．94．4．
2271．Scarab of blue paste Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ ．Signs on base effaced．Length i．6．P10．94．4．
2272 Scaraboid of white paste．Siec Appendices I and II． Length i．4．Pio． 944 ．
2273．Scarab of white paste，Type $A_{2}-B_{I}-C_{4}$ ．See Appendices I and II．Length i．i．Pio．94．4．
2274．Head of a female limestone sculpture with oval face； mouth not modelled；straight nose；eyes indicated by depressions；hair by incised lines．The head is crowned by a wreath and its back part is covered by a flap of a mantle falling along sides of head．Mouth and detals of eres were probably marked with colour； the border of mantle decorated with red line．Height 8．2．E5．108．0．
2275．Scarab of black steatite，Trpe $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．On base incision of Type I．See Appendix II．Length I．3． Pio．94．4．
2276．Scarab of black steat1te，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．On base incision of Type II，as No．2706．Length I．35．Pio． 944.

2277．Bron2e coin．Obrerse：Head of Zeus Ammon in $r$ ． profile．Rezerst：eagle on thunderbolt，lotus flower in front ITTO．IEM．AIOL D．AエIAEISご（Ptole－ macus Philometor）．Diam． 37 ．Weight 49．50．E 5 ． 108．1．
2278．Scarab of white steatite，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{2}$ ．See Appendix II．Length i．55．P io．94．4．
2279．Fragments of a bead of multicoloured glass．Pir． 944.

2280．Cylindrical seal of light－blue steatite with contracted waist pierced by a transverse hole．Representations are carved on both the circular sides of the seal； on one side，a lion in profile with large tail curved over the back and head turned back；on the other side，a head of a minotaur figure with a sun－dise marked by a dot between the large，erect horns and a wary snake on each side of the head．See Appendix II．Length I．3．P9． 92.5.
2281．Fragment of scarab of white paste，Type A3－B2．Signs on base effaced．Length 1．4．P9．93．0．
2282 Glohular，depressed bead of dark－green glass paste， as No． 2552 b．Diam．i．2．Pir．94．0．
2283．Bronze arrow－head with pointed end；square in sec－ tion；long tang．Length 8．8．L 6．io4．3．
22 $8_{4}$ ．Scarah of black steatite，Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$ ．On base
incisıon of Type 1. See Appendis II. Length 1.45. Pili. 940 .
2285. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length r.7. Pir. 94.0.
2286. Minature tweezer of iron with consex arms splaying downwards; top ending in a pinched lonp. Broken into two picces. I.ength 4.0. $\mathrm{P}_{1 \mathrm{I}}$. 94.0.
2287. Bronze coin. Obrerse: Head of Augustus in right profile. IMP CAESAR DIVI F ACGiC'stés. Recerse: A victor! with the palm twig in her left hand and resting on her left shoulder; a wreath in the outstretched, right hand. COS OCTAV[Q DESIG]. (Augustus; 26 B. C). Diam. 2.15. Weight 8.33. $\mathrm{H}_{4}$. 109.7 .
2288. Oblong bead of light-blue stone with white veins; convex sides; a hole through longıtudinal axis. Length 1.2. Pir. 94.0.
2289. Scarabod of paste. On base are inscribed the signs for beautiful (nfr). Length i.05. Pir. 94.0
2290. Fragment of amulet in yellow-brown clay of the god Bes. Height 3.2. P io. 93.5.
2291. Scarab of black steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base inciston of Type I. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.7. $\mathrm{P}_{9}$. 93.5 .
2202. Bronze tweezer with splaying arms; top ending in a loop through which is passed a ring with a pointed pin attached. Pin broken and not complete. Probably used for cleaning lamps. Length 4.15. P9. 93.5.
2293. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.4. P io. 93.5.
2294. Fragment of amulet in brown fatence representing sitting cat ( $=$ mj-w , emblem of the goddess Bastet). Head missing Height i.6. Q i1. 944.
2295. Roughly spherical bead of black stone with circular incrustations of black-rellow paste, pierced by a hole through centre. Diam. i 15. Q io. 94.3.
2296. Oral scaraboid of black steatite with convex upper side. The representation is carelessly carved and purely linear; possibly a man sitting or walking in r. profile holdnge a mace or a twig in his outstretched 1. hand. Length i.25. $Q$ io. 94.3.
2297. Amulet of black steatte in the shape of a bearded Silenus head; a hole throush upper end. Detals are worn out. Length 1.9. Qir. 94.4.
2298. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Lenyth I.4. Qir. 948.
2299. Scarab of black steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incision of Type II, as Non 2706. Length 1.1. Q 10. 944.
2300. Scarabord of dark-blue steatite with slightly convex upper side. On base incision of Type IV. See Appendix II. Length i.5. Q io. 9+4.
2301. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendrees I and II Length 1.5 Q io. 94.4.
2302 Scarab of white paste, Type Az Sice Appendices I and II. Length if. $Q$ io. 94.4.
2303. Scarah of white stestite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$. See Appendices 1 and $I I$. Lenyth 1.45 . Q io. 944 .
2304. Thrce fluted beads of gresinh falence, and two pierced shells. Dram. 1.1. Q 10 94.4
2305. Scarab of white patte, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base much effaced signs of which can be distinguished a Wza-t eye See Appendices I and II. Lenesth 13. Q ro. 94.4.
2306. Scarab of white paste, Type A- B2-C4. See Appendices I and II. Length I.8. QiI. 94.4.
2307. Bead of multicoloured glass, as No 2521 Length. 1.7. E4. 10, 2.
2308. Scarab of paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{Bi}_{\text {. }}$. See Appendices I and II. Length 155 . Q 10 . 935.
2309. Fragment of scarab of white paste Q ir. 93.5
2310. Scarab of green stone, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}--\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incision of Type VI. See Appendx II. Length 1.5. Q 10. 93.5 .
2311. Scarab of glazed fatence. Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Lensth I.5. Q if. 93.5.
2312. a) Bronze tweezer with capital-shaped top, spliying arms; bent-in catch. Length 3.5 . b) Pin with bent top. Length +8 . Q i1. 03.5 .
2313. Bronze fibula with are-shaped, beaded bow, stratght pin with loop-shaped spring. Length 6.4. Qio. 98.7.
2314. Horse statuette. See No. 1993. I. 6. 97.7
2315. Bull statuctte with barrel-shaped body, very short, solud legs; short tall: no genital oryans; small hole on buttock: short neck with brisket; head with curved horns; short nose with nostrils and mouth indieated by incised holes; pellet eyes: pellet eara, band round neck. Traces of black colour on 1. hind lag. Body wheel-made; head and feet hand-made. R. ear, ends of both horns, most of band round neck, r. forelecs, r. hind leg, parts of body and buttock missing; body and 1. hind leg broken. Red-brown, rather grey-red clay; light slip partly turned red, much effaced. Length 19.0. L6. 987.
2316. Statuette with trumpet-shaped, hollow body; flattened breast; female pellet breast; concave neck; square head; broad chin with rounded beard: mouth with panted lips: convex nose wath thick end: painted eyes and hads; ridged esebrows; large, plan cars, no forchead: har indicated by painted stripes hansing on head; arms uplifted; snake curline along back of figure and projectung above 1. shoulder. Black lines round upper end of arms and neck indicatine chiton, gardle of hatched trangles, framed by broad lines on back of wast (effaced in front). Wheel-made body. Hole on top of head. Upper part of buth arms missing, head hroken at neck. l.ghtht-brown clay; light slıp. Height 36.2. I.6. 98.7.
2317. Cylindrical body of bull statuette with eylindrical legs; knees marked on forelegs. Neck and head mising. Length 167 . L. 6 97.7-98.7

2318 2329 2330 2357 23(28.
Bull statutette, as No $20+6$, cllondrical body No 2352) with rased backbonc, tubular legs (2329

2339 2368). hedd (23IS) without ratsed ereltoms
İnd of nose, horns, part of snakes, part of 1 . side (restortd in erpsum) and $r$ forcleg, missing; parts broken. length 27.8. L, 6. 97.7-687.
2319 Bull statuette with short, narrou body, straght legs, freely banging tail, neck with brisket, triangular hedd; promincent cees, incised mouth; pellet cars Horns, l. ear, r hind leg. and part of l. foreleg misemer. Hetght 14.7 I 6. 977-98.7.
2320 Ninotaur with cylindrical buman and animal bodies; tad on hind quarters, laree male and female mental organs; fenale pellet hreasts, rhombord, roughly shaped head; pedlet cars and mouth; curved nose; no marked eres; radged exebrows on rudementary forehead; arms probably uplifted (now messing). Whecl-made and hand-made. Both arms and end of tall missing, parts broken. Red-brown clay: light-brown slip Ieneth 17.5. I, 6. 97.7-98.7.
2321. Bitatuette with tubular body; gental orgen as a Hermes; uphfted arms, slobular depressed head, roughly shaped; round, triangular beard, incised mouth; big, somerwhat concare nose; large, globular cyes with rased evebrows; rough ears. Both arms missing Red-brown eday; haht slip Iength 330 . J. 6. 97.7 —98.7.
2322 Bull statuette with cylindrical body, cylindrical legs, loner tal along $r$ hind kog straight, rather celindrical neck; eylindrical head; fullet ears; curved horns Top of horns and mouth misi ing. Height 25.0. L. 6. 47.7-98.7.

2323 Head of bull statutte; trapezod, ending in a tubulir nose with projecting tongue, promanent eyes; pellet ears: curved horns Top af borns inissing. Iengrth 19.0. L 6. 97.7-98.7.

2324 Arm belonging to No. 234t. Lengeth 18.9. I. 6 $97.7-48.7$.
2325 Bull statuette with cylindrical, short body; rather trangular head: priminent, lancet-shaped eyes w,th rased lids; roughly modelled nose, inclsed mouth with incised nostrils and tonguc licking l. nostril; wide brisket, bind in reliet round neck decorated with wal mountings in releff inclsed, longitudamal line. Body wheel-made; head hand-made. Horns, forelees, and hond part of loody mering. Brown clay, lught, patly red-burnt slip. Length if.r. L 6. $97.7 \cdot \cdots \mathrm{~m} .7$.
2326. Fragment of bull's body, c̣lindrical: longitudiral radge along back. Nick, head, and legs misonge. Length 27.2. $\mathrm{L}, 6$. 97.7-98.7.

## 2327 2365.

Fragment of a hull statuctte with cylindrical body (No. 2365), eslindricill leg (No. 2327). lengeth $255 . \mathrm{I}$ 6. $97.7-08.7$.
2328. Ieeg, see No. 2340. 1, 6. 197.7-987.

2329 See No 23 iS. L. 6. 97.7-98.7
2330 Fragment of a bull statuette. Iength 20.0. L 6. 97.7-087.
2331. Fragment of a throne ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$with preserved figure of a sphenx with thin, cyindrical bodri; moulded head, oval in shape; narrow, rounded chin; full, parted lips; stratght nose; semi-lunar eves with lids in relief; radged, slightly curved hrows; slightly sloping forehead; rather large ears; hair falling in a compact mass on back of head and along sades of neck; head covered by crown of Lpper Egypt. Length 15.7. 1.6.97.7-98.7.
$2332-2360$.
Statuette with tuhular, whecl-made body, rather horizontal shoulders; short, concave neck; oval bead (No. 2332), with tendences to be square; short, rounded beard; incised mouth with roughly modelled lips; somewhat curved nose without nostrils; promanent, lancet-shaped eves; tbick. raised eyebrows, roughly modelled ears; sloping forchead, helmet with closed spike and upturned cheek-pieces, both ending with a strap and thed on back of head. L. arm, most of r . arm, 1. cheek-plece missing; breast broken. Brown clay: light slip. Height 39.6. L6. $977-987$.
2333. See No. 1524. K 6. 97.7-98.7.
2334. Hand wath modelled fingers; only thumb preserved. Length 17.3 . L $6 \quad 977-987$.
2335. Head, almost square in shape, broad chin; incised mouth; stout nose with thick tip; pellet eyes; sharply defined brow lines; broad, short, slightly sloping forchead; roughly shaped ears; flat top of head with rased edge in front, indicating band. Red, coarse clay. Herght 65. I. 6. 97.7-08.7
2336. Statuette with hollow, trumpet-shaped body; triangular head, no beard; incrsed pellet mouth; pellet eyes, marked eyehrows; helmet made separately with top bent back, pierced bỵ a hole; figurine holding a lỵein his arms. Part of lyre missing; nose and r. ear damaged. Light slıp. Height if 6. L 6. 97.7-98.7.
2337. Body of statuette: cylindrical, fask-shaped. Lower part, head, and arms missing. Length 18.7. L6. $97.7-08.7$.
2338. See No. 2348. L 6. 97.7-08.7.
2330. Sce No. 2318 . I 6. 97.7-98.7.

2340-2328-2373.
Ninotaur with crlindrical anmal's body; freely hanging tail; buttock hole; legs tapering downwards; buman hody cylindrical; gental organs; above these short skirt; female breasts; r. arm uplifted holding gohlet; 1 . drm bent down holuing missing ohyect; broad, oroid head with large, globular eyes; ridged evebrows; sloping forehead; roughly shaped ears; straght, projecting nose; pellet mouth; hand round bead, plan plats of bar falling down neck; two thick, twisted plats in front falling along neck on to breast. Wheel-made, except arms and head. L.
forcleg，object in I．hand，two of hair plats on hack of head，and end of tail mussing Broken at junction between anmal＇s and human bodies，and on r．fure－ leg．Red－brown clay；light slip．Leneth 2r．3．Heaght 43．0．L．6．97．7－48．7．
234r．Small statuette of a horse belonging to a chareot， cylindrical bods，earelessly shaped legs；r．hind leg flattened；freely hangine tall，neck tapering upwards； small head with cylindrical nose with flat end，pro－ minent eyes．Hand－made．R．forcleg，most of tall， and both ears missing，broken at back．Length 124 ． 1．6．97．7－987．
2342．Statuctte，as No 1555 ．Helmet and both arms missing． Red slip Hught 151 I．6．In No． 2344.
23＋3．Terracotta leg of anmal．Iength i3．6．I，6．In No． 2344.
$23+4-2324$ ．
U＇pper part of statucttc，elliptical in section：slightly sloping shoulders； 1 arm bent forwards holding swo－d with hilt below arm－hole：onold head with short beard：incised pellet mouth，projecting，curved nose with modelled nostrils；promment cheeks；leaf－ shaped，promenent cyes with shightly rased huls； ndged exebrows，low，sloping forehead；no head－ cover；the figure is dressed in a mantle with fringed border，horizontally draped across upper body $L$ ． hand and r ．arm missing．Hewgh 31．5．1．6． 977 $-98.7$
$23+5$ Head，belongıng to No．ri739．L6．97 i－－08．7．
$234^{6}$ Arm，lower part，and hand with modelled fingers． See No．1524．Length 20．5．1．6．97．7－987．
234．Bull statuctte with flatemed body；flat lege without base；neck oval in section，with brisket，trangular head with a shallow inctsion at mouth，short cars， globular，prominent eyes；curred horns；tall along 1．hand leg，somewhat eurved．Traces of hlack on body，horns，and eyes．Hand－made．I．．foreleg and ends of hurns missing，$r$ bind leg broken．Buir clay；slip effaced．Length 20．8．1．6．977－987．
2348－2338－2366．
Bull statuette with cyhndrical body without marked backbone；tall alone 1 hind leg；legs tapering down－ wards（both hind leas No．2366；1．foreleg No．2338）， with slightly splayed hases：cylindrical neck；marked brisket，head（No．2348）with cursed horns；pellet ears；prominent eyes with modetled lids，marked jaw－line；closed，cylindrical nuse，pretced nostrils， incised，open mouth；snakes along legs corling along neck to forehead．Wheel－made，exeept hesd；two pierced holes on chest．End of both horns，part of
－snakes，r．foreleg，part of bese of 1 ．foreleg，base of r．hind leg massins：parts hroken．Red－hrown clay； slip rather eftaced．Length 24.0 I，6．97．7－98．7．
2349．Bull statucte with flat body，freely hanging teil． solid legs tapering downwards，wedea－shafed neck； no hrisket，head with curved horns．small ears：pro－ minent eyes；mas marked by ancleed dot；nose wath
perced nestrils，incred mouth Niek，hums，and cars panted black，black carcles tound ey心，two transerec lines on nowe，end of nuse blate，trace of black on tal H．nd－made linds of hoth harns， ends of both ears，both forckes，$r$ hind lag．and end

2350．Framment of a Mins，taur statuctte with eslindrical anmall＇s hods，human body flattened ia front：sental oreans；fomale breasts：roughly shaped had wath panted，rounded，short beard．pllet mouth，ghabular eves：rather thin nose；pellet eers，hair hanes in vertucal strifes on back of head and in tweted plats alinge sides of neck；conical helmet with noweconet，up－ lifted arms；r．arm hollinse goblet．Body is whel－ made．Hind part of body，furelege， 1 arm，part of r．plat of hair，and l．plat of har miseine：r．arter and neck broken．Buff clay and slip．Leneth 14.0 liemght 31．0．K－L6 677 － 98.7.
2351．Scaral）of white pasie，T！pe $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ ．Sice Appendices I and II．Length 1．4．Q 10.93 .5.
2352．searah of white paste，Trpe A3．See Appondices I and II．Length $115 . Q 10$ ． 93.5 ．
 incised fish．Other stgns indeepherable．1，eneth 1．45．Q 10． 935
2354．Bead of dark－uruen wlass，as No．2552h Dam 1．1．Q io．913
2355．Ninature bronze tweczer with splayine arms and capital－shaped top Leneth 39 L6 67.7 y 8.7
2356．Bull statuette with celindrical，hort hody，fruly hansang tail：short，sold legs，form nuels with breshet， band round neck deserated with o d mountunes in reisef and inet．ed weth lines 1.1 two holien，head
 rased exterows：metsed lids，romehls mondelled nose with increed nostrik and incied atoth What－made body：pereed hole betwaia lese and dnother below tall l．horn，end of $r$ ．hurn．：ear，and ：hand he
 9ーラー－
2357 Body of bull statuctte Suc Xio． 23.38 I．6． 97.7 －98．7．
 beat hack．Both arms masme latht lip．1luatht 167 К6．97 フーッダラ．
2359．Bull statuctte with that，short bous，freels hansmes tall，neck with breket，he．．d with cursed horns， promenent，slobular exes，nose with inceide month． Iland－made．L．horn．I are a ond of r horn，and of r．ear，cnd of 1 ．forsleg，and $r$ lind ke mosines，$r$ ． toreles ind neck hroken lache－brown clas：hath slip．Ienath i9．5．K6 97 6 －－28．7．

2361．Fragment of a minetaur statuetio，letonging to No．

2362．Statucte with cylmdrical．hollons．whe i－made bode： splayed base；femole pellet bressts，uplifitd arms；
rounded, concal head; pinched nose; marked exebrow line; pellet edrs. Lower parts of arms missing. Red-brown elay: orown slip. Iength 15.0 . $\mathbf{K} \mathbf{6}$, 97.7-987.

2363 Statuctte with tubular, whecl-made body; horizontal shoulders; short, concave neck; trapezond head; short, rounded beard; mouth wath hips panted black, pellet ears and nose; prominent eyes with traces of colour; ewehrows marked hỵ curved radges; stranght, conical helmet in one piece with head; $r$. arm vertical; 1. arm has heen bent forward. Nost parts of arms, top of helmet missing; neek broken. Brown clay; light slip. Height 35.2. K $6.97 .7-98.7$.
2364. Bull statuette, as No. 2315: black network along sides of body. Wheel-made hody; solid, hand-made feet and head. R. horn, r. hind leg, part of body missing: 1. horn broken. Red-brown, rather grey-red clay; light slip, partly turned red. Iength 19.3. K 6. 977-98.7.
2365. See No. 2327. K 6. 97.7-98.7.
2366. Sce No. 2348. K 6. 97.7-98.7.
2367. Hollow, tuhular leg of hull, tapering downwards. Length $\mathrm{r}_{5} .8$. K 6. 97.7-987.
2368. Leg of a hull statuette, belonging to No. 2318. K 6. 97.7-98.7.

2369 Human leg; thigh and calf preserved; foot missing. Helght 38.3. K 6. 97.7-98.7.
2370. Fragment of lower part of statuette, oval in section, semicircular part at base cut away, where isolnear feet wath modelled toes are placed. Height 20.0 $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}$ 6. 97.7-98.7.
237 r - 2392.
Body of hull statuette; cylindrical, rather thick hody; roughly modelled legs (r. hind lcg: No. 2371); knees and hoofs indicated; genital organs; neck wath brisket. Head and tall missing. Height 23.6. K 6. 97.7.98.7.
2372. Statuette with tuhular body; horizontal shoulders; r. arm bent forwards; 1. arm missing; tall, concare neck; square head with short chin; wide, incised mouth; straght nose; one glohular eyeball, the other eye with lids in low relief and eyeball not modelled; eyehrows in low rellef; pellet ears; sloping forehead. Herght 24.8. K 6. 97.7-98.7.
2373. Part of minotaur. See No. 2340 K 6. 97.7-98.7. 2374. Upper part of statuette with tuhular bodỵ; almost horizontal shoulders; 1. arm hent over hody with closed fingers holding an ankh-symbol; r. arm missing; thick neck; oval head with short-cut beard and moustaches indicated by small, stamped carcles; wide mouth; full lips; nose with hroad end; lancet-shaped eves with lids in relief; curved brow-line, large, roughly modelled ears; sloping forehead; conical, straight helmet with knobbed top; surface of helmet marked with contiguous notchings. L. side of face and nose damaged, r. arm and part of hody missing. Height 35.5. K-L 6. $977-98.7$.

2375 Body of statuette, cylindrical; splayed base; femalc pellet breasts; r. arm uplifted; 1. arm holding circular sheld with central boss; head, upper part of r. arme, part of sheld mıssing Height i8.0. K 6. 97.7--98.7.
2376. Human part of mmotaur statuette with cylndrical body, narrow, cylindrical arms bent over breast; pentagonal, roughly shaped face with rounded, triangular beard; parted lips; projecting, thin nose; indicated nostrils; sides of fuce sunk in; "fish-eyes" added as pellets with central dot; pellet ears; sloping, short forehead; head covered by soft cap with top bent back. Height 21.o. L 6. 97.7-98.7.
2377. Scarah of white paste, Type A4-B4-Ct. See Appendices I and II Length 1.55 Qir. 93.5.
2378. Fragment of a horse, belonging to No. 1993. N7. 94.2.
2379. Foot with modelled tocs: attached to a plinth. Length 16.3. ${ }^{-1} 7.94 .9$
2380. Bull's head, rather triangular, tubular nose; incised, hollow mouth; modelled tongue; globular eyes; pellet ears; horns and part of mouth missing. Length 7.0. N7.94.9.

238 r . Body of statuette, hollow, cylindrical; splayed base. Arms, head, and part of shoulders missing. Herght 26.5. N 7. 94.9.

2382 Statuctte, as No. 79; very short beard. Nose damaged. Height 20.5. N 7.94 .9.
2383 . Human leg; thegh and calf prescrved; foot missing. Length 38.2. \I7. 95.4.
2384. Nale head, moulded and modelled; similar to that of No. IO92 but larger; rounded chin; full lips and cheeks: shghtly curved nose with incised nostrils; narrow, leaf-shaped eyes with lids in relief; archshaped eyehrows: slightly sloping forehead; pellet ears; conical helnet with straight top and hanging check-pieces. Beard, one cheek-plece, and part of the other missing. Height 10.5 N 7 . 95.4.
2385. Statuette, simılar to N゙o. 2165-2430; square head; short, rounded beard; short, straight helmet with short, thack, stratght spike; hanging cheek-pieces with strap tud below chon; advanced arms. Forearms missing. Light slıp. Height 24.9. NI 7. 95.4. 2386. Foot with modelled toes. Iength 14.8. M 7. 95.4. 2.387 Terracotta horse with short, çlindrical body; straıght legs, tall neck with Hat front; hogged mane; narrow, cylindrical head; incised mouth and nostrils; pellet eyes; pellet ears; plain, fan-shaped head-cover Hind legs, 1. foreleg, part of tarl, and l. ear missing. Herght 13.5. MI 7. 95.4
2388. Charioteer with cylindrical body; arms advanced; square head, rounded, pointed heard; pincherl mouth; separate helmet with hanging cheek-pleces. Part of arms and top of helmet missing Height 13.6 . I 7 . 95.4.
2389. Fragment of a hody of statuette; hollow; oval in section Nuch damaged. Height 25.0. MI 7. 95.4.
2390. Fragment of a hull statuette. I.ength 27.2. \I 7. 95.4.
2391. Fragment, as Nio. ioqo Dark lines on arms and dark line round neek. Cpper part of bead, lower part of arms, base, and lower part of body missing Height 38.8. NI 6. 954.
2392. Sce No. 2371. 1.7.954.
2393. Bull statuette, as No. 1853 Ends of horns, ears, 1. foreleg, and both hind legs missing; neek broken. Hand-made. Red-brown claỵ; light slip. Length 14.2. I .7954 .
2394. Fragment of eylindrical body: splayed base. Height 10.c. L. 7.954.
2395. Bull's head, rather trangular, short nose, concave mouth perced bỵ hole; pendant tongue; circular pellet eyes; pellet ears: short, curved horns. R. horn mossing. Length 9.5. K7. 95.4.
2396. Bichrome IV globular juglet with rased base, short neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines round rmind base of neek; groups of large, concentric circles on body; groups of framed, transverse lines on handle. Height 7.1. K 7. 95.4.
2397. Plain White IV crater on low, stemmed foot; splayed base; hemispherical body; short, wide, tapering neck; flat rim; twin-handles from ram to shoulder. Half of body and one handle missing. Height 34.5. K 7 . $95 \cdot 4$.
2398. Hind part of bull statuette, c.lindrical body, cylindrical legs; long tarl along $r$ hind leg. Height 17.8 . K 7. 95.4.
2399. Statuette, as No 138; rectangular head; longer, rounded beard; no hands. R. ear, chan, beard, part of shawl missing. Height 18.6. L 7. Io4.2.
2400. Fragment of a statuette. Height $152 . \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{I} .7103 .5$.
2401. Horse, as No. 2387. Part of head, r. foreleg, hind part of body missing. Heısht 12.7. 1.7. 1027
2402. Statuette, as No 53: longer, rounded beard; stout nose. R. arm and lower part of body massing. Brown clay; light slip. Herght 14.7. L 7. 102.7.
2403. Fragment of terracotta. Length 10.5. 1-7. 104.3.
2404. Bull statuette with short, narrow body; straight legs; crlindrical neck with brisket, triangular head; incised mouth; globular eyes; pellet ears; curved horns. L. forelegs, hind legs, tal, top of horns missing. Traces of black paint on horns, cars, and eyes. Height 17.2. L, 7. IOI.8.
2.405. Forearm, hollow, hand with modelled fingers; pierced hole at upper end for fixing it to upper arm. Four fingers missing. Length 31.7. K 13.95 .9 .
2406. Bichrome IV jug with rased base; oval body; cylindrical neck; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder. Encarcling lines round neck and body; threc concentric eircles on shoulder; vertical lines crossed by parallel transterse lines on handle. Part of neck and hody missing Height if.6. K i3. 96.1.
2407. Plain White IV jug with raised base; depressed oval body; concave neck, handle from rim to shoulder. Nouth, part of neek, and handle missing. Height 14.6. K 13. 961.
2408. Statuette, as No. 815; longer, rounded leadi, pellet mouth. No pantanes. lower part of body, 1. arm, and band round head missing. Helght 10.5. J 13 . 1002
2409 Cylindrical body with splayed base. Height iz.o. Ji3. 101.1.
2410. Black-on-Red II (IV)-III (V) stemmed goblet whth short stem; whe font, almost hemispherical bowl with plam rem; two small, horizontal handles below rim. Encircling bands and lines around rim, body, and stem; parallel, vertical lines between encarcling lines below rim. Part of foot missing. Height 10.7. J $1396 \%$

24if. Plan White IV' stemmed gablet, as No 2o9, the cylindrical stent with wade foot. Parts of stem and bowl missing. Heaght ir.4. J i3. 96.9.
24i2. White Panted $V$ stemnied goblet, shape simalar to No. 24ri, but with angular shoulder. Encircling lines round rim, body, and foot. Nore than half of boul and foot missing Height 10.0. J 13. g6.9.
2413. White Panted IV stemmed goblet, as No. 24in, but without grooved lines round stem. Encarcling lines round rim, body, and stem, concentric carcles round shoulder Half of bowl missing. Height in.4. J 13. 96.9.
2414. White Panted IV-V amphora with biconieal body; short, wide, cỵlindrical neck, whed, flat rim, triple handles from rim to shoulder. Netope decoration of two or three vertical rows of concentric circles divided by vertical lines on shoulder; fricze of concentric carcles round neck; encircling lines around rim and hody; groups of encircled, transverse lines on rim; handles decorated with framed, ransverse lines and a female terracotta figure with moulded head, smalar to No. 83. Lower part of body, one handle, and part of rim missing. Height 22.0. H I3 960.
2415. White Painted IV-V' hỵiria, as No. 2416. Broken; vertical handle and upper part of neck messing. Hewht c. 40.0. С 11 . 100.4 .
2416. White Painted IV-V hudraa with base-ring; biconical body; rather narrow, cylındrical, short neck; that, outturned rim; horizontal handles on shoulder, vertical handle from neck to shoulder Plan bands; encircling wave ornament round neck, encircling lines and bands round body; detached, concentric carcles on shoulder and helly. Height 43.5. C II. 100.4.
2417. Bichrome IV juglet with raised babe; ylobular body, narrow neck with handle-ridge; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round neck; encarcling lines on both sides on body; vertical row of concentric circles in front; vertical line on handle. Nouth missing. Height 74. Kiq. 96.8.
2418. Scarab of white alahaster, Type $A_{3}-\mathrm{B} z-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Wingcases marked wath double lines. See Appendix I. Length i 6. Q 1 . 93.5.
2419. Sicarabord of white steatite. See Appendix I. Length 1.5. H I3. 95.7.
 Appendices 1 and $1 I$ Lencth 12.30 IO2.I.
 Appendices I and ill Lanth 1.4 Q 0.93 .5 .
$2+22$ Bend of dirk-green ullss paste, ds No. 2552 b . Dimm. 12 Q 1935
2+23 Sirmbond of whote pate Sue Appendices I and II Lentith 1 : Q 9 03
atat Sicurth of preen serpentine, Type A3-B2-C3 Sic Appendices 1 and II Leneth 13 . Q9 93.ふ.
2425 acirabotd ut ary teconte. On base three tret-ornaments alternateng whb iwo short, sertical lenes.

2426 , itarab of black s.teatit. Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{1}$-C' C . On base inctaten .f 'rape $V^{\prime}$. reprosenting two meen in obscene pormum l.cneth i 3 Q e 93.5.
2427. Frumment of ecarab of fatence, Type A+-B2. Sce Appendec: I and II. lenteth 11 . (O9. 93.5.
$2+23-2464$.
Statue with tubular beals, owal in section, sloping. wede shoulders, vertical arms with elosed hands; rathere itraisht neck, owod head (No 2 $2 \boldsymbol{6}_{\dot{f}}$ ); stout chin; smilance mouth with thin, roughly shaped hips; striuht reo e, promenent, almond-shaped ese; arohed E-ubrow hons: modelied ears wath round carrangs; sepane forehead: platn, rased hare on back of head, sotit, contial helmet wath pornted top. The figule is dresed in a tunte with short slecves. Lower body. and $r$. cior mowne, broken tace and neek. Wheedmade and hand-inade, provided with back-hole. Brown elas, hultt slep. Herght fe.g Warst width 13.5. Shoulder width 270 . Breast diam. II 6. Neck herght 5.6. Neek wodth 8.2. Head heweht 12.0. Head length II 2. Houd width \& 8 Arms length 38.5. Hands lengeh 5.э. 1: 4. 100.6.
$2+29$. Fragment of a hand Only four fingers preserved. l.eneth $1+. \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{E}+106.6$.
2430. Fragment of a statucte, belonging to No $2165, ~ \mathrm{~F}, 4$. 100 6.
24.31. Fragment, of a large terracota body. E4. 106.6.
2432. ('ilndrical bods: splased base; vertical arms; shawl round shoulders Head and $r$ arm mensing. Height 14.7 L + 106.6 .
2433. Body of statuette, eylindrical: solid. Helght 10.0 L +. 106.6
$243+$ Bode of statuctte, as that of No. $2+28$. Herght 70.0 E + 1060.
2435. Head of statuc, With rather trangular face; pointed chin. smilens lips, protruding, slightly curved nose with thack tip; semilunar eyes with modelled Inds, placed near the nose: roughly modelled ears with earrings: sloping forehead, head covered by sott cap decorated wath stamped circles. Part of right sode and back of head missing. Height 25-5. Head hereght iso. Head width c. is.o Head length c. 15.5 $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{E}}+106 \mathrm{~b}$.

2436 Body of statuettcowalinsectuon Height $380 . k+106.6$.
24371196.

Statue with cylirdrical, somewhat depresced body: isolinear feet with moselled tees, meuch sloping shoulders, concave neck; trapezold head, rather long, triangular leard; incleed mouth with ruaghly shaptd lups; streight nose with someorhit theckened tip and nostruls; lair-sheped cyes; raved eyelids; marked yebrow lanes, ears with double carrings; nearly stranght forehead, soft helmet wath neck-cover: uplifted check-puces and tup bont back (mussing). The statue is dressed in a grided chiton with elbow slecses, plan overfold with stde-Haps; girdle composed of two bands in rehef The statue is hand-made: the lower parts of arms were fixed to the upper arms by means of pans in picreed holes; a square excision in front where the separately made feet protrude. Ton of helneet, part of 1 . check-piece, end of leard, I. hand, end of tingers of r. hand, part of back round back-hole, and border of orerfold missing; neck and upper part of bodv broken. Ked-brown clay; light sho, partly effaced. Henght 100.0 . Shoulder width 26.5. Base wadth 22.0. Warst wadth 18.8 Breast diam I6 \%. Neck herght 5.2. Neek width 8.9. Head hewht 13.2. Head length 12.7. Head width 10.7. Arms length 345 . Feet length II 2. W 4. 106.2. ${ }^{2}+38$. Moulded statuette with narrow wast; 1. arm vertical; r. arm bent oner bieast, orond head with short, triancular, rounded beard; mouth with thick lips; big nose; lancet-shaped eyes; marked lids and eyebrows; modelledears; reil over head. The statuette is moulded, except beard and r. arm which are separately added, part between legs added too, but has fallen off, 1. e, the statuette wis female, but has been transformed into a male Hand of $r$ arm and lower part of body. missing. Red-brown clay: light slip. Height 2 I. 2. E4. 106.2.
$2+39$. Head of statue, ovod, with narrow chin; incised mouth with smuling lips. thin noee, shightly upturned; semmlunar, prominent eres with panned lids; curved, rased egebrows with verical incrsions; roughly modelled ears woth earrings; rery sloping forehead with relief button in the madil; heir falling in compact mass with concave sides on kack of head and along meles of neck: on top of hei.ed hair marked by stamped circles and toreler of vertical incisions. Height 19.5. Head herght i4.5. He:ed wadth 9.7. Head length 10.5 . E4. 1066
2440 Noulded statuette, as No. 987. Red-brown clay; light slip. Helght $27+1 \vdots 4$. Iob. 6 .
24+1. Hind part of body of bull statuette, cylindrical, with straight legs tapering downthards. Height 15.0 . I: 4 . 106.6.

2442 Head, belonging to No. 1052. 1 it. 106.6 .
24+3. Fragments of bodỵ of statue. E 4 Ion 6.
244+ Helmet of terracotta: conmeal; knobbed top; two pierced holes below top. Herght 15.0. 1: 4 . io6.6.
incision of Type VI representing man fightong lion with a sword. Length 1.7. Q9. Stray find. $244^{6}+244^{8}$.

Upper part of statuctte; tuhular hody, elliptical in section; sloping shoulders, concave neck; small, rather trangular head; narrow, pointed chn; smolong mouth with protruding, angular lips; narrow nose. tip turned up, no modelled ever: sagutly indicated evebrow lines; pellet ears with earrings; sloping forehead; hair falling in compact mass with cursed sides on hack of head and along neck; soft helmet wath top turned hack. Traces of hlack painting on helmet; part of hody missing; damaged. Height +1.7. Waist width 20.1. Shoulder width 30.7. Neck height 7.0. Neck width 5.0. Head height 8.5. Head width 8.i. Head length 8.9. E +. io6.6.
2447. Lower part of arm and hand with modelled, closed fingers. Length 16.o. E + . rob.6.
2448. Fragments of terracotta, belonging to No. 2446. E. 106.6.
2449. Fragment of body of statuette; shoulders and upper 1. arm preserved. Traces of red colour on body Height 27.5. E 4. 106.6.
2450. Fragment of head with upper part preserved; promunent eves; eycluds in relief, slightly curved brow line; roughly modelled ears with upper and lower earrings; almost straıght forehead; conical helmet with upturned cheek-pieces. Eyebrow and ins painted black. Height 22.0. E 4. 106.6.
245 I. Upper part of statuette, hollow, cylindrical. Much damaged and parts missing. Height 29.0. E4. 106.6.
2452. Fragment of forearm and hand without noodelled fingers; closed. Length 13.4 . E4. 106.6.
2453. Foot with modelled toes, attached to plinth. Length 22.0. E4. 106.6.
2454. Head, belonging to No. 1037. E 4. 106.6.
2455. Lower part of leg. Length 3 1.0. E +. to6.6.
2456. Upper part of statuctte, body oval in section; sloping shoulders; vertical arms; cylindrical neck; ovoid head, rather triangular; projecting, rounded, triangular chin; mouth with smuling, much curved lips; prominent cheeks; short nose with curved, prominent tip, slightly prominent eyes; thick, rather stranght eyebrows; sloping forehead; roughly modelled ears with earrings; hair falling in compact mass with concave sides on back of head and along sides of neck, head covered hy hemispherical helinet with spike. Back-hole. Traces of red painting on helmet, face, and body. Spike of helmet, r. arm, and lower part of 1 . arm missing. Height $\mathbf{4 . 5}$. Head helght 13.5. Head width 1o.2. Head length 10.4. $\mathrm{L}+$ io6.6. 2457. Fragment of arm, hollow: and hand with modelled fingers; hent. Fingers mising. Traces of red colour. Length if.o. E 4. 106.6.
2458. Fragment of a head, belongme to No 1319. E + . 1066.
2459. Fragment of body of bull statuctte, cyhndrical;
tubular legs with splayed base. Henght 13.0 E $\mathcal{A}$. iof 6.
2460 Lperr part of lower body of statue, hollow, owal in sectuon Hught 237 1:4 106.6.
2461. Framnent of face with semi-lunar exes, marked hds; arched brow-lire; rather thin, straght nowe with thack, sheghly cursed up; head covered bi a plan turhan Herght i9.O E. + 106.6.
2462 Head of statuette, oxod in shape; almost cilindrical neck, short, stout chin, smiline masth with protruding lips; full checks; roughty modelled ears with carrongs, short, thack nose: promanent eyes without lids; no evehrows marked; harr falling in compact mass on back of head and alone ades of neck, band around head. Wost part of band and harr missing Helght 19 7. Head heght 1 t.o. Head width 10.3 Head length 12.0. E 3. 106.6.
2463. Fragment of body of a female statuctte, 1. breast whth neple, shoulder, and part of upper arm preseried The figure was dressed in a chiton with short slewes I Iemeht 15.5 E 3 . Iof of
2464. Head, belonging to No. 2428. E 4. ro6.6.
2465. Statuctte with short, clumsy lege, isolincar fiet with modelled toss; enormous ankles; sandals indicated by straps in relicf, flat body; sluping ehouklers; neck slightle wadenne upwards; trapezond head; longe, broad, rounded beard, inesed by wertical hanes: beard on cheeks marked hy incised spirals, incised mouth: short, theck nose; nostrils marked hy four piereed holes, concave face: shehtly promment eyes with panted hds; eyebrows marked by small, sertieal incisions; forchead slopiner, head that at top; l. arm bent over the hreast with a globular projection at wrist, plain bracelet in rellef, hand holding that object, r. arm has probahly been vertical (now misang); hands with modelled fingers; relief strip with pendant round neck Red front, evelids, beard, neck, and harr; lege and body decorated with network of reel horizontal and vertical lines. Hand-made; hack-hole and hole on top of head. $R$ arm, both cars, ends of fingers of 1 . hand, band round head mossing; body: broken in many pieces. Brown chay, laght-brown slip. Height +2.2. E.4. 1066
2466. Lower part of arm and hand with modelled fingers; end of fingers missing lungth 28.0 1:3. iof 6 .
2467 . Head of statuette with almest eylindrical neek; trapezoid heid, profecting, tri. ngular chm, sminner mouth with protruding, angular lips: full cheeks, short, thick nowe, roughly moclelled ats with carrongs; almond-shaped eses (only painted), lurece ar1s: hair fallong in a compact mass wath concase sules on batek of head and alone sides of neck; turban around head. Skin panted red, beard, hair, moustache, mis, hds, evebrows black; part of dress preserved with red and back pantine on houlders. Damaged, part of turban missing. Height 222 . Heal height (top missing). Head wadth ir.o. Head length in.s. E 3 . rof.6.
2468. Lower part of arm with closed hand. Length 21.5. F: 4. Io6.6.
2469. Fragment of face with prominent eyes; only part of nose, smiling protruding lips, and pointed chin preserved Height 13.5. E4. 106.6.
2470. Fragment of face See No. 2501 E 4. 106.6.

2471 . Lower part of arm and hand with modelled fingers; closed. Length $15.5 . E_{4}$. 106.6 .
2472. Lex with part of thigh and calf preserved; hollow. Length 13.1. E +. 106.6 .
2473. Cylindrical body, as No 2432. Head missing. Height 12.9. E + . 106.6.
2474. Fragment of arm and part of body; hand wath modelled fingers; closed. Length i9.4. E 4. io6.6.
2475. R. arm and part of body; hand hent without modelled fingers. Length i7.5. E4. io6.6.
2476. Arm with hand. See No. 2501. E 4. ro6.6.

247\%. Lover part of arm and hand with modelled fingers; closed. Length 18.2 . F 4. ro6.6.
2478. Lower part of arm and hand with modelled fingers; closed. Length 20.0. F 4. 106.6.
2479. Fragment of statuette, as No. 233. Part of beard, arms, and lower part of body missing. Height in.o. F +. io6.6.
2480. Fragment of a chariot mounted by three men; only a part of the body of the charist, small part of 1 . whe 1 , and parts of the three men of which one is driver, and the two others warriors, preserved. Brown clay; light-brown slip. Height 9.2. F 4. ıo5.6.
2481. Fragment of head. See No. 2501. F 4. 106.6.
2482. Lpper part of body of statue, hollow, oval in section. Nuch damaged; back-hole. Height 60.0. F 4. 106.6.
2483. Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{2}$. See Appendices I and II. Length $1.55 . \mathrm{R} 9.94 .8$.
2484. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. Double elytra. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.5. R9. 94.8.
2485. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length I.I. $\mathrm{R}_{9}$. 94.8 .
2486. Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B}_{1}-\mathrm{C}_{2}$. See Appendices I and II. Iength 1.6. R 9. 94.8.
2487. Scarab of faience, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.6. R 9. 94.8.
2488. Scarab of faience, Type $\mathbf{A}_{4}-\mathbf{B 3}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double breast-line. Sce Appendices I and II. Length i.6. R 9. 94.8.
2489. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-C_{4}$. Signs on base effaced. Length i.4. R 9. 94.8 .
2490. Lower part of body, cylindrical, narrow; splayed base with collar at upper end for keeping upper body in place; plain side-flaps; girdle indicated hy horizontal, hlack hands. Back-hole. Damagcd; pieces of lower part missing. Height 8o.o. D 4. 106.9.
2491. Fragment of head; trangular face; pointed chin; smiling mouth with protruding lips; convex, broad nose; almond-shaped eyes with incised hids; marked eyebrow lines, sloping forchead with a circular button
in front; roughly modelled ears with double earrings; the hair falls in a raised mass with concave sidcs on back of head and along the sides of the neck. Hair painted black. Hand-made. Two pierced holes on back of head. Upper part of head and helmet missing. Buff clay; reddish core; light-greenish slıp. Height 15.0. D 4. 106.9.
2492. Fragment of face; straight nose; only mouth with protrudıng, smiling lips and projecting, triangular chin preserved. Height ii.2. D 4. io6.9.
2493. Fragment of body of statuette; only part of the back prescrved; back-hole. Height 24.0. D 4. 106.9.
2494. Body of limestone statuette; plank-shaped; sitting in pose of so-called temple boy; r. arm holding bird. Head missing. Height 13.2. D 4. iog.6.
2495. Head of statue, belonging to No. 1044. D 4 . 106.9.
2496. Part of lower arm, hollow, with double holes at upper end for fixing it to upper arm. Length 23.5. D 4 . 106.9.
2497. Bust of statue with slightly sloping shoulders; concave neck; rather trapezord head with rounded, triangular chin; smıling mouth with sharp-edged protruding lips; full chceks; almond-shaped eyes with raised eyelıds; thin, curved nose; ridged, curved eyebrows; sloping forehead; roughly modelled ears with double earrings; hair falling in a compact mass with concave sides along sides of neck; head covered by helmet. 'Top of helmet and part of back of head missing. Traces of red painting on face. Height 31.7. Head height 15.7. Head width 12.5. Head length (back of head missing). D 4 . 106.9.
2498. Statuette with cylindrical, hollow body; splayed base; vertical arms; hands without modelled fingers, closed; almost horizontal shoulders; tall, concave neck; most part of face missing; pointed, rounded chin; pellet ears with earrings; hair falling in a compact mass with concave sides along back of head. Backhole. Height 45.0. $\mathrm{D}_{4}$. ro6.9.
2499. Body of statuette, cylindrical, hollow; vertical arms; hands without modelled fingers, closed; horizontal shoulders; concare neck; hair falling in a compact mass with concave sides on back of head; head with conical helmet; face missing. Height 60.0. D4. 106.9.
2500. Arm, hollow; at the upper end pierced by hole; hand with modelled fingers. Three fingers missing. Length 46.5. D 4. 106.9.
$2501-2470-2476+2481$.
Upper part of statue with tubular body; flattened breast; horizontal shoulders; vertical arms with modelled fingers (r. arm No. 2476); oval head (Nos. 2481, 2470); short, stout, projectıng chin; smiling mouth with protruding, rather angular lips; large, semi-lunar eyes with lids in high relicf; curved eyebrow line; rather short, thin nose, somew hat upturned; very sloping forehead; roughly modelled ears with earrings; in middle of forehead button ornament;
hair falling in compact mass on back of head; traces of red paint on face; red and hlack pant on hody. Baking-holes in front and back; much damaged; top of head and part of breast missing. Height 550 . Wa1st width 22.5. Shoulder width 34.0. Neck height 5.5. Neck width ro.4. Head herght 15 o. Head width 11.8 . Head length c. 14.0. D 4.106 .9.
2502. Statuette with tubular, wheel-made body; somewhat bulging breast; slightly sloping shoulders; tall, concave neck; trapezoid head; no beard; smuling mouth with roughly modelled lips; convex nose with nostrils; promment eyes; marked eycbrows; roughly modelled ears with double earrings; sloping forehead; plain, slightly raised harr on back of head; vertical arms; hands with closed fingers; dressed in chiton marked by relief sleeves ending above the elbows. Bands of red ladder-pattern along r. side of body. Back-hole. Parts of head, middle part of r. arm, part of base and hody mussing; parts of body, arms, and head broken. Light-brown clay; light slip. Henght 70.0. D 4. 106.9.
2503. Fragment of face; one ear, part of beard preserved; ear provided with earrings. The face is panted red. Length 9.0. D 4. 106.9.
2504. Fragment of statuette with hollow body, elliptical in section; rertical arms with incised fingers; sloping shoulders; slightly concave neck; ovord head, much damaged; projecting, triangular chın; incised mouth; lancet-shaped, prominent eyes; roughly modelled ears; hair falling in plaits of in-turned spiral coils along sides of neck. Lower part of body, part of face, and top of head missing. Height 34.0. D 4. 106.9.
2505. Fragment of body of statue, hollow, oval in shape. D 4. 106.9 .
2506. a) Fragment of a statuette. Preserved parts: one arm and hand with fingers, with an upper hole for attaching it to upper arm. Length 33.0 .
b) One arm with closed hand with an upper hole for attaching it to the upper arm. Ends of fingers missing. Length 26.5 .
c) Two hands with fingers. Length 17.5 ; 15.0. D 4 . 106.9.
2507. Fragments of body of statue. D 4. 1069.
2508. Fragments of body of statue. D 4. 106.9.
2509. Scarab of white steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{Br}_{\mathrm{I}}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ See Appendices I and II. Length 1.65. R 9. 94.4.
2510. Triangular, thick bead of incrusted glass paste with rounded corners; concave sides; hole through centre. Diam. 2.2. Ril. 94.0.
2511. Scarabord of black steatite. On base incision representing recumbent animal with long horns. Length 1.4. R 9.94 o.
2512. Pyramidal pendant of steatite with slightly convex sides and a hole prerced through top. Length I.g. Rio. 97.0.
2513. Hellenistic limestone statuette, representing a draped male figure with roughly cut folds; r. knee bent;

1. arm vertical with hand holdıng folds of mantle; r. arm bent oler breast in a fold of the dress Head missing; much worn. Height 72.5. F-G3. 107.3.
2. Square hase of limestone with rectangular cavity for receriving statue. Size $58.6 \cdot 46.0$. ( 3 . 107.3.
3. Scarabord of white steatite. On base, a scorpion with six legs and two outstretched, hooked pincers; short side occupied bị a hatehed segment. See Appendix II. Length i.35. R 10 . 96.2.
4. Scarab of grey stone, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incision, representing horse with rider. The rider has a sack on his back. The drawing is rude and only the outlines of the figures are incised. Length ェ.8. R го. 962.
5. Scaraboid of grey steatite. On hase inctsion of Type III. See Appendix II. Length 1.1. R io. 96.2. 2518. Small, circular earring of hronze with spirally overlapping ends. Diam. 1.25. R io. g6.2.
6. Amulet of blue farence paste, representing the god Bes. Length 2.4. R 10.95 .3 .
7. Scarabord of white paste. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.9. R io. 95.3 .
8. Cylindrical bead of multicoloured glass paste with a wide hole pierced in the middle. Length I.4. D 6. 104.8.
9. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ See Appendices I and II. Length 1.4. K 10. 95.3 .
10. Fragment of scarab of white paste. Length 1 3. R 10. 95.3 .
11. Scarah of white paste, Tupe $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Sce Appendices I and II. Length I.I. R 10. 95.3.
12. Depressed spherical head of hlack stone, with a hole through centre. Diam. I.1. R 10, 95.3
13. Fragment of a scarabod of black steatite. (In base engraved representation of a horse ("). Length 1.0 . R10. 95.3.
252\%. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length I.4. R 10. 95.3.
14. Scarab of hlack steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{2}$ See Appendix Il. Length 1.7. R 10.937.
15. Bronze tweezer with ring-shaped top and bent-in catch. Length 3.8 . R io. 93.7.
16. Scarab of white paste. Fragmentary, R 10. 93.7.
17. Scarabord of white paste. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.15. P12. 93.0.
18. Scarabord of white paste. Sce Appendices 1 and II. Length 1.5. P12. 93.0.
19. Scarab of grey steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{Bz}-\mathrm{C} 3$. See Appendix II. Length i.3. P 12 . 93 .o.
20. Biconical spindle-whorl of greyish-black stone, with a hole prerced through centre. Length 1.65 . In the sieves.
21. Triangular bead of multicoloured glass paste, with a hole prerced in the middle. Diam. 2.o. Stray find.
22. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Leneth i.2. Pi4. 92.2.
23. Scarabord of agate. Representation worn out. Length 1.5. In the sieves.

2538 Scarab of white paste. Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Leength 1.45 A io. ioo.6.
2539. Scaraboid of ere steatite. On base incision of Type III representing a two-wheeled chariot mounted hy three men and drawn by one horse. Length 17 . P8. y3.8.
2540. Scarab of white paste, Type A4. See Appendees I and II. Length i.2. P 8. 93.8.
2541. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C} 4$. See Appendix I. Length $: 7$ P 8. 93.S.
2542. Scarabud of white paste. See Appendiees I and II. Lengrh 1.2. P8. 93.8.
2543. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C 4$. See Appendices I and II. Langth 1.5. Q 8. 947 .
254+. Scarab of white paste, 'Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Lenpth I.3. Q 8. 94.7.
2545 scarab of white paste, Type $A_{3}-\mathrm{BI}_{1}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Sce Appendices I and II. Length 2.2. Q 8. 94.7.
2546. Frasment of white facnee pendant, perced by a hole lengthwise. Broken. Length i.6. P 8. 93.8. 2547. Searab of white steatite. Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.3. Q 8946.
2548. Oval scarabord of green stone with one flat and one convex side. No representation sisible . Length i.3. Q 8.94.6. 2549. a) Bronze tweezer with Ioop-shaped top, splaying arms and bent-in catch. Length 3.6.
b) Fragment of a pin with hent top. Q8. 94.6.
2550. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. Double breast-line. On base an incised sphinx surrounded h:- luck-bringing signs as "Farour" and "Duration". See Appendiees I and II. Length 1.55. P8. 94.0.
2551. Scarabold of white paste. Incision on base eftaced. Length i.1. Q8. 95.r.
2552. a) Frasment of a bronze tweezer with hent-in catch Length 3.2.
b) Depressed bead of dark-green glass paste, with a hole pierced in the middle. Diam. i.2. Q8. 95 I. 2553. Scarab of black steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incision of Type $Y$ representing man stinding in front of some kind of animal (?). See Appendix II. Length 1.55. Q 8. 95.1.
2554 Scarab of hlack steatte, Type $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{I}}-\mathrm{BI}_{\mathrm{I}}-\mathrm{CI}$. Representation on base effaced. Length 1.4. Q8. 95.I, 2555. Searabold of white paste. On base signs arranged in three fields. In the middle the hieroglyph for "Protection". See Appendices I and II. Length 1 +. P8 939.
2556. Scarab of blue paste. Nuch damaged. Length i.5. P8. 93.9
2557 Scarab of black steatte, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base anceson of Type $I$, representing running animal with straght, lifted tal. Length 1.65. Q8. 95.I.
2558 Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ Sce Appendices I and II Length 1.5. Q8. 95 I .
2559. Scarah of whte steatite, Type A- $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double breast-line. Soe Appendices I and II I.ength 1.5 Q8. 95.1.
2560. Siarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length I 4. Q 8. 95.I.
2561 Scaraboid of red stone. On base incision of Type VII representang two birds facing each other. Behind the birds dots with pendant crosses. Above the birds comb-shaped ornament. Length 1.5. Q 8. 95.1.
2562 Searab of black steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base encision of Type I, representing a walking bull in profile. Above the back a flying bird; in front of head a dot. Sece Appendix II. Length 1.5. Q 8. 95.I.
2563 scarab of black steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Double elstra. On base incision of Type V, representing man standing in front of trees. Length i.f. Q 8 . 95.1.
2564. Searab of white steatite, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length I.8. Q 8. 95.1.
2565. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendix I. Length i,4. Q 8. 95.I.
2566. Scaraboid of white paste. See Appendices I and II. Length i.1. Q 8. 95.r.
2567. Scaraboid of blue stone. On base incision representing Hying bird; above it a sun-disc. Length i.g. Q 8 . 95 I .
2568. Amulet of blue, glazed paste in shape of a Horus eye with iris. eyelids, brows, and tear in raised relief. A hole pierced lengthwise. Length i.6. Q 8. 95.I.
2569. Fluted, spherical bead of white paste, with a hole through centre. Dian 0.8. Q 8. 95.1.
25;0. Scarab of white steatıte, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length I.6. Q 8. 95.I.
2571. Sicaral) of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base indecipherable signs. Length 1.4. Q 8. 95.1.
2572. Globular head of cornelian with hole plerced lengthwise. Diam. i.o. Q 8. 95.1.
2573. Scarabold of red stone. On hase incision of Type VII, representing fly ing bird with outstretched wings and hanging legs. Length o.8. Q 8. 95.I.
$257+$ Plan White V sack-shaped jug with flat rase; body tapering upwards; out-turned rim; handle from rim to shoulder Height 9.2. R 8. 99.0.
2575. Black Polished oval, small jug with raised, flat base; narrow neck; handle from neck to shoulder. Cpper part of neck and handle missing. Height 5.0. Q 8. 98.5.

2576 Plan White V sack-shaped jug with flat base; body taperng upwards, rim upturned; handle from rim to shoulder. Height 82 . Q 8 . 98.5.
257\%. Red Slip III (V) small jug with raised base; sackshaped body; concave neck; narrow mouth; wade, Hlat rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Height 6.9. Q8. 98.5.
2578. Red Slip III (V) small jug, as No. 2577, but with handle-ndge and Hat, swollen rim. Heght 6.4. Q 8. 98.5.
2579. Black-on-Rud III (V) small Jug with raised base; biconical body; narrow, short, concave neck; narrow
mouth; flaring, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Encireling lines round neck and hods, concentric corcles on shoulder. Handle and part of rim missing. Hetght 6.t. R 8.1001.
2580. Biconical spindle-whorl of steatite. pierced by a longitudinal hole. Length 32 R 8 g 8.5
2581. Red Slip III (V) small jug with rased hase; depressed oval body: short neck, splayng upwards; handle from rim to shoulder. Heeght 83. R 8. 978.
2582. Plan White V jug, as No. 202. Height if.2. R 8 97.8. 2583. White Panted IV small jur with base-ring; oral body, neck with handle-ridee, nerrow mourh, wide, flat rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round neck and body ; was y line helow handle-ridge; encircled, filled trianeles on rim: frieze of concentric circles on shoulder, groups of framed, transverse lines on shoulder. Parts missing. Height 9.2. R 8. 97.8.
2584. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Sce Appendices 1 and II. Length 1.2 . R 8 95.5.
2585. Bead of multicoloured glass, as Xo. 2649 b Diam. 0.7. R 8. 95.5.
2586. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{Br}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double breast-line. See Appendices I and II. Length 2.25 . S7. 99.7.
2587. Scarab of white steatite, Type $A_{-}-B=-C 4$. See Appendices I and II. Lenyth I 6. 97 . In the sieves.
2588. Piriform bead of terracotta, pietced at the narrow end by a horizontal hole. leneth 285 . S7. In the sieves.
2589. Biconical spindle-whorl of steatite, with a hole through the centre. Length i.g. S7 1997
2590. Scarab of white paste. Type $A_{4}-B_{2}-C_{4}$. Sce Appendix II. Length $13 . S 7.99 .7$.
2591. Scarab of white steatite. Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. On base a blundered writing of the name of the god Khnum. See Appendrces I and II. Length 1.4 S7. 99.7 .
2592. Roughly square scaraboid of serpentme, with rounded corners. See Appendix II Length I .35 . $\mathrm{S}_{7} 7.997$.
2593. Scarab of white steatite, Type A2-Bz. Sce Appendix II. Length i.s. R 8. 940 .
2594. Spherical, depressed head of white, inetusted glass paste; wide, central hole. Diam. 1.35. S7. 997.
2595. Scarab of chlorite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{Bz}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ See Appendx II. Length 1.5 . R 8. 94.0.
2596. Fragnent of amulet in cellow-brown clay representing the god Harpokrates. Feet and head mussing. Henght 2.8. S 7. 99.c.
2597. Scarab of white steatite, T:pe A3-4-C 3 -4. See Appendices I and II. Leneth 17 . R 8. 93.8.
2598. Fragment of scarab of whte paste. Sce Appendix I Length 1.z. S7. 990
2599. Scarab of white steatute, Type $\mathrm{A}_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Illytra marked by double line. Sice Appendices I and 11. Length i f. Q 7. Ior.
2600. Acarab of whte paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ Sce Appendice: $I$ and $1 I$. Length 13 . Q 7 . In the sueses.

2f.or . Searab of white paste see Appencix I. Leneth 18. Q7 1014.

2: 02 Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{I}_{3}-C_{4}$. Double breast-line. Sice Aprendices 1 and 11 lane:h $1 .+$ Q; 1014.
 meaningless, false, I'geptan sums. Sel Appendices 1 and II. Length i.7. $Q_{7}$. ror.4.
2604. Scarab of white paste, 'Tupe A4-132-C4. Viry effaced see Appendices I and 11. Lenerth 2.I. R 7 ror.4.
2605. Scarab of white steatite, Type A3. See Appendices I and II. Length i.6. $\mathrm{K}_{7}$. In the steses.
2606. Fragment of scarab of sreen elass paste Langth I.5. R 7. 99 1.
2607. Scarab of black paste, Type A5-B2-C'2. Rassed elytra. Signs on base effaced. Length $1.55 . \leqslant 7$. 99.r.
2608. Ring-shaped bead of bone wath comicy outhne Height 1.6. S7. 98.5 .
2609. Scarab of whte paste, 'T'spe $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Sce Appendices I and II. Leneth 1.2. K7. 1013.
2610. Scarab of white paste, 'Tope $A_{3}$. Sue Appendices I and II. L, enath i.7. K 7. ror. 3 .
26im. Spherical bead of white, incrusted class paste. Dum. $0.7 . \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{V}$, 10 I 3.
2612. a) Cylindrical head of multicoloured glass with slightly concex outline, peerced by a hole in the modulle. Heaght 1.5 .
b) Bead of multicoloured alass with rather square outline, prered by a hole in the midale Iferght i i. c) Small, cylindrical bead of white glans pater, piereed by a hole in the middle. Henght 0.5 .
d) Dise of bone, prereed by a hole in the moddec Dlam. r.s. S 6. IOI 2.
2013. Searab of white paste, Type A+- I32 - C4. On hase inciston prohably representing two crocodiles, one on top of the other Very efficect. Siee Appendin II. Lengeth 4 s 6. ror.z.
$261_{4}$. Scarab of white paste, Tipe $A_{3}-\mathrm{P} 2-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. ()n base effiaced anseription, whech can be deciphered as "things belonging to the god" (a khet-neter). Siee Appendices $I$ and II. Length 1.55 S6. 10I 2
2615 Scarab of white paste. Upper sude mach worn sice Appendices I and II Lenuth 14.56 . 101.2 .
2616. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$. Sice Appendices $I$ and II. I.ength 23 . R 7 . Ior. 3 .
2017. Searah of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{BB}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. I.enerth I \& . R 7. 101.3.
2618. Searab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{4}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Duuble breast-line. On base can be distongunshad the necised figure of Re sice Apperaliees $I$ and II. Leength 1.35. R 7. 101.3.

26 I 9. Searab of white paste Much damaged. Lensth 1.2. R 7 . ror.3.
2620. Scarabord of white paste. ()n base sighs arranged in three fields. In the modde of the upper field the
hieroglyph for Hoius flanked by meaningless signs In the centre of the madde ficld a heetle flanked by meaningless signs. Sie: Appendices I and II. Length 1.2. K 7.961.
2621. Scarab of greysh-black steatite with flat hack; four legs marhed by rough incisions. Much worn: head missing. See Appendix II. Iength i.35. I 7 . 96.I.
2622. Sicarab of white paste, Type A4-B3-C4. Double breast-line See Appendices I and II. Length 14 . Q 7. 95.0 .
2623. Amulet in the shape of a Horus eye of white faitence paste. Small traces of blue glaze still visible. Length 2 +. Q 7. 95.0
2624. Small Bes amulet of white faience paste. Head missing. Height i.8. Q7. 95.0.
2625. Pendant of white paste in shape of a bird; plerced with a hole through the head. The hole indicates the eve. Lower end of body and wings missing. No glaze left. Length 1.9. Q 7. 950.
2626. Scaraboid of grey steatite. On base mesision of Type III, representing two figures in obscene position. Iength 0.9. Q 7. IOI.3.
2627 Fragment of a hand of limestone, holding a circular object, which might be a piece of bread. Length 23.0. L. 5. III. 8.
2628. Searab of white paste, Type A4-B3-C'. Double breast-line. Elytra marked with three lines. See Appendices I and II. Length $1.65 . S 5.102 .3$.
2629. Scarab of white paste, TYpe $A_{4}-B_{2}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length 1 4. Q7. 95.0.
2630. One bead of hlue glass, and one of incrusted paste. Diam. 0.6-0.8. S 5. 102.3.
2631. Scarab of white paste. Auch damaged. See Appendices I and II. Length i.7. R 6. 101.8.
2632. Scarab of black steatite, 'Гype $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incision of $\quad$ Type $V$ representing a satyr turned to the left; right arm kept along the side; left arm lifted, playing with an obfect hanging in a string. 'The satyr has a tail and a large phallos. Above the shoulder a branch. Length 1.4. Q 7. 95.t.
2633. Scarab of white paste, Type A3. See Appendices I and II. I ength 1.2. Q 7. 95.4.
2634. Scarab of white paste, 'Type A4-B2-C'4. See Appendix I. Length 2.0. IR 6. IOI.2.
2635. Sicarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{2}-C_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length r.8. R 6. IOI 2.
2636. P'rismatic pendant of steatite, with a horizontal hole through the upper end. Length 1.55. S5. roi.7. 2637. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. See Appendix II. Length i.8. Q 6. ioo.7.
2638. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{5}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double breast-line. Elitra marked with three lines. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.6. Q 6. 100.7.

2639 Scaraboid of serpentine. Un base incision of 'Type IV representing eentaur holding a hranch in his left hand. See Appendix II. Length i.i. R 5. ioi.g.

2640 Scarab of whete paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-4-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}-4$ See Appendices 1 and II Length 1.5. R 5. IoI.9.
2641. Contcal button of bone, with shightly convex outline; hole perced in centre. IEncirching, incised line near base. Diam. i.7. S5. IOI.7.
2642 Searab of white paste, ${ }^{2}$ : pe $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Iength 1.5 . I' 6. 96.3.
2643. Fragment of anulet in sellow-brown faience representing the god Bes. Only top presersed Length 2.2. Q6. 96.9.
2644. Scarabord of white paste see Appendices I and II. Length i.t Q 6. 96.9.
2645. Scarab of white paste, Type A4-D4. Elytra marked with double linc. See Appendices I and II. Leength 1 35. R 5. 97.9
26.46. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{Br}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.4. P 6. 96.5.
2647. Sicarab of black steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incision of Type $I$, represtenting running animal with long tall curved over the back. Length 1.2. R 5. 97.9
2648. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{+}-\mathrm{Bz}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length I.4. Q 6. 96.9.
2649. a) Triangular bead of multicoloured glass paste, pierced by a hole.
b) Cilobular bead of multicoloured glass paste, pierced by a hole. Diam. 0.7. Q 6. 96.9.
2650. Coarse cup-shaped bowl with rounded base; erect rim; handle from rim to shoulder. Herght 5.o. S 6. 100.8.

265i. Plan White V sack-shaped jug with flat base, bobbinshaped body; thon, annular rim; handle from rim to shoulder, handle and part of body massing. Height 12.7. S 6 IOr. 8 .
2652. Plain White IV jug with flat base; oval body; short neek; pinched mouth; handle from rim to shoulder; part of mouth missing. Height 9.8. S 6. 97.4.
2653. Plain White $V$ open, shallow bowl with Hat base; rim curving inwards. Diam. 8.0. S 7. IoI.8.
2654. Plain White V rhẹton, funnel-shaped, with flat base; out-turned rim; a ram's protome projecting at the base. The horns, ears, and eyes of ram are modelled, and the mouth is pierece by a hole communicating with the vessel. Height i6.0. S7. ioi.i. (On the wall).
2655. Bichrome IV small jug with rased base; globular body; neck wath handle-rdge; flaring, swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder. Encircling lines round neek; large, concentric carcles on body. Height 7.I S7. 96.9.
2656. Coarse cup with flatened base; squat body; raised rim; handle from ram to shoulder. Helght 5.0. S 7.99-3.
2657. Scaraboid of green stone. Incision of Trpe VI. See Appendix II. Length I.35. T 7. 100.3.
2658 . a) Bead of hlue glass, with a hole pierced through centre.
b) Disc-shaped bead of white paste, with a hole pierced through centre Diam. 1.2. R 5. 97.0.
2659. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. Double breast-line. See Appendices I and II. Length 1.7. Q 5. 102.6.
2660. Open lamp of terracotta, saucer-shaped; flat rim; pinched wick-holder with traces of smoke. Diam. 11.9. P5. 1040.

266r. Square seal of black steatite. On one broad side, a bucranium marked by threc dots and two curved lines; on other broad side, a man walking, with one arm lifted. On the narrow sides, an encircled dot. Transverse string-hole. Length 1.3. T 5. 103.2.
2662. Scaraboid of blue glass On base, man; before him a deer with long horns. Length i.g. R 5. roix. 2663. Scarabord of grey stone. Rounded, high shape. On base incision, representing dragon with a man's head and a long, erect tall. Length $1.25 . \mathrm{R}_{5}$. ror.4.
2664. Scarab of glass paste, Type $A_{3}-B_{2}$. Base incision indecipherable. Length i.9. Q 5. 100.6.
2665. Three small beads of incrusted glass paste in blue, white, and green colours. Diam. 0.5. P 5. 103.3.
2666. Bead of rarlegated blue and yellow glass, conical in shape, of rounded outline, short shaft at top pierced by a hole. Length I.4. P 5. 103.3.
2667. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-B_{2}-C_{4}$. See Appendix II. Length i.4. R 5. 101.4.
2668. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$. See Appendix II. Length i.8. T 5. 103.2.
2669. Scarab of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}-4$. Elỵtra marked with three lines. On base incised representation of a standing man. See Appendices I and II. Length I 45 . In the sieves.
2670. Spherical bead of incrusted blue glass paste, and fragment of a larger bead of the same shape. Diam. 1.2. In the steves.

267r. Flattened, ce lindrical bead of agate, with a hole through the longitudinal axis. Length 1.25 . ' Г 6. 102.0.
2672. Bead of black stone, in the shape of a truncated conc, With a hole through centre Length 2.25. P 5. 102.4
2673. Scarab of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendix I. Length 1.7 Q 5 Ior 2.
2674. Fragment of scarab of green glass paste. Length I.4. In the sieves.
2675. Scarab of white paste. Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{3-4}$. Elytra marked with duable line. See Appendices I and II. Length i.9. T 3.100 .3 .
2676. Scarah of white paste, Type $A_{4}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and II. Length i.4. T 5 . Ioo 3.
2677. Scaraboud of glass paste. Base incision indecipherable. Length i.6. T 5 . 100.3.
2678. Scarabord of white glass paste. See Appendices I and II. Length I.55. T 5. 100.3.
2679. Scarah of white paste, Type A4-C4. See Appendices I and II. Length I.5 T 6. roo.3.
2680 Scarab of black steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}=-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ On base, incised representation of a warror in short, tight dress; topped helmet; onc arm lifted. Nuch worn. See Appendix 11. Length 1.3. P 5.968.
2681. Scarab of black steatite, Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$. On base incision, representing running animal with long tall curved over the hack. Length i.4. P 5 . 98.r.
2682. Scarab of white paste Back chipped off. See Appendix I. Length I 3. T 6. 100.3
2683. Amulet of blue paste in the shape of a recumbent monkey with large ears; promenent eyes; pierced by a horizontal hole at the waist. One side chipped. Length 215. T 6.990.
2684. Seal of multicoloured paste in shape of a narrow, truncated cone, prerced at the top by a hole; slightly convex base. Priest in long gown standing with lifted arms in front of a double pillar behind which there are two other pillars on the tops of wheh an object, resembling a bucrantum, is resting: gown of the priest girdled at "dist, provided with short, wide slewes, and richly emhroidered lower part. Length z.o. K 6. 990 .
2685. Scarah of white paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B}_{3}-\mathrm{C}_{4}$. See Appendices I and Il. Length 1.25. T 5.100 .3
2686. Scarab of gree steatite, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{Br}_{\mathrm{I}}-\mathrm{C} \mathrm{r}$. On hase incision, representine standing bird with erect wings. Length 15. T 5.1003.
2687. Scarahold of grey stone. (On base inciston of Tipe IV. See Appendix II. I.ength I.3. P5. 968
2688. Fragment of scarab of white paste. Length I.5. R 4. 102.9.
2689. Conical seal of black steatite with oval base; rounded top, purced hy a hole. Bird sittine in r. profile with long neek, head and neck turned hackwards. The carsing is very rough and clumsy. Length I.3. P 5 . 99.7.
2690. Scarabord of glass paste. Fragmentary and worn. T 5.100 .0
269r. Amulet of multicoloured glass hordered hy yellow paste, in shape of a Silenus mask with large, prominent ceres, and Hattened nose, crowned by a carcular projection for suspension Length 2.5. T 6.972.
2692. Scarab of green glass paste, Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2$. Siuns on base indectpherahle. Length 1.45. T6. 97.2. 2693. Scarab of white steatite, 'T:pe $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C} 2$. See Appendices I and II. Length 18 . T 6. 97 2.
2694. Scarah of blue glass. See Appendices I and 11. 1.ength 1.4. T5. ICO.0.
2695. Scarah of whte paste, Type $A_{3}$. Sie Appendices I and II. Leneth I.3. St. 101 +.
2696. Conical seal of white paste with oral hase and rounded top, pierced by a hole. See Appendix II. Hereht i. 8. St. Iol.t.
2697. Scarah of white paste, Type A2-B2-C3. See Appendices I and II. Length I.3. R 4. Ioz.o.
2698. scaraboid of impure serpentinc. Inciston representing human figure sitting on a backed chair with crossed legs. Behond the back of the charr is a serpent and in front is a small tree. The figure, which is dressed In a long gown, is bent over the tree and grasping it with one outstretched arm. Lengel 1.1. T 6 97.4.

2609 Seal of white stculte，in the shape of a winged goddess protecting Iforus．Iteid of goddess missing bee Appends II．Leenuth I．7．＇T 6 es．4．
2700 Sicarab of whate pate，Type A2 see Appendices I and II I e．ngth i 5 ：R 4． 102.0
2701 ficarabond of white paste．Siee Appendix II．Length 12．R 4． 1020
2，02 Button－shaped scaraboid of paste．See Appendices I and II．Dimm． $2=S 4$ IOR．4．
2703．Amulet of white falence in the shape of a Horus eye with black coloured iris．piereed by a hole length－ wisc．I．cneth 2 6．T 6．9\％．I．
2704．Scarab of white paste，Type A4－C4．See Appendices I and II Length 1.5 T 697.1 ．
270．5．Bronze fibula with headed，arch－shaped bow；spiral－ colled spring；straight pin；large，flatened catch． Length 6．3．T 5 99．4．
2；06．Natab of black steatite，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．On base inctston of＇Type II，representane scorpion or spider with three dots beside it．Lengeth i．4．T 5．09．4．
2707．Scarab of green stone，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．On base in－ etsion of 「ype VI．See Appendix II．Iength 1.7 ． ＇Т 6．98．8．
2708 Sicaraboud of glass．Worn incision．See Appendix II．Length I．i．T 6． 98.8 ．
2709 sicarah of white paste，Type A＋－C＋．On base in－ decmberable signs．Length i． 2 i 4 99．6．
2710．Sicarab of white paste，TYpe $A_{4}-C_{4}$ ．See Appendices I and II．Leneth r．s．T 6．97．I．
2711．Fragment of mon rods；square in section．I，eneth 7．5－44．Г 7.100 .3 ．
2712 Bronze tweezer，as No．2292．Length $+55 . \mathrm{T} 7.97 .0$ ．
2713．a）Arrow－head of hronze wath straght sudes；square section，long，stragbt，solut tang．I ength 9．8．N5． Surface layer
b－g）One bead of cornehan，one bead of agate； one Huted head of bluce paste；two beads of incrusted paste，four beads of plan，white paste；fragment of at seal－stonc．No．In the steves
27I4．Bronze tweezer with concave sudes；loop－shaped top； on the upper part of legs a central knob．Length 4．7．＇ I ．
275．Plan White V sack－shaped jug with flat base，bobbin－ shaped body，thort，concase neck；plan rm，handle from rim to shoulder．Height i8．7．T 6． 1005.
2716 Plan Whate Vjuc，as No 275．Parts massing．Herght $87 \mathrm{~T} 5.9)_{3}$
2717．Scarab of white paste，rype A4－B2－Ci4．Sce Aprendice I and II．Iength 1.15 T 6 1016
27i8．．icarah of white paste，Type A4－B2－C4．See Appendees I and II Lengeti i 2．＇I＇ 6.101 .6.
2719．Scarab of black steatite，Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$ ．See Appendix II．Length I．7．＇T＇6．IoI 6.
2；20 searaboud of slass signs on base malectpherable． Length 14 －T 5．ツリ．4
272x．Scaral）of rock－cristal，Type A3－－B2－C’ Wing－ cases marked with double lines（On base incision，
representing two hirds on either side of a tree．The incision is made with small dots and lines．Length 1．95．U $5 . \quad$ IOI．3．
2722 Scarab of Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．On base incision of Type VI．See Appendrx II．Length i．6．U 5．ioit．
2723 Scarab of black steatite，Type $A_{1}-B_{I}-C_{i}$ ．On base incision，representing two birds one ahove the other． Effaced．Length I 55．L゙5．IOI．3．
2724．Scarab of paste，Type $\mathrm{A}_{4}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{4}$ ．Sece Apperdices I and II．Length i．6．［5．IOI．3．
2725 Scaraboid of grey stedtite．On base roughly incised animal with long tall．Length i．9．Q 4．IO2．2．
2726．Scarab of black steatite，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．On base inciswon，representing a two－wbeeled chariot mounted by two man and drawn by a horse．Length 1.75 ． T 4． 100.5 ．
2727．Scarab of grey stentite，Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C}_{3}$ ．On base incision of Type $V$ ，representing ostrich standing with outstretehed wings．Length i．t．U＋． 98.7 ．
2728．Scarabord of grey stone．On base incision of Type IV．See Appendix II．Length I I．U＋．I02．3．
2729 Scarah of glass，Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ ．See Appendix I．Length i．6．U 5．101．0．
2730 a）（ilohular，depressed bead of dark－blue glass paste， pierced by a hole in the middle．Diam．I．5．
b）Flat，oval bead of blue－veined conglomerate． Length 1.1 ．In the sieves
2731．Fragment of iron．In the sleves．
2732．Liarabord of paste．Round shape．See Appendices I and II．Diam．ris．In the steves．
2733．Sicarab of white paste，Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}-\mathrm{B} 2$ ．See Appendices I and II．Length 1.25. In the sieves．
2734 Fragment of head of statuette．C 4．107．6．
2735．Head．See No． 1000 C 4. 107．6．
2736．Head of statue with concare neck；oroid，rather tri－ angular face wath narrow，prominent chin；mouth with smiling lips；slightly curved nose with rather thick tip；almond－shaped，promment eyes without modelled lids；arched brow line；slightly sloping forehead；roughly modelled ears whth earrings；hair fallıng in a raised mass with concave sides on back of head；head covered by soft cap．Traces of black colour on har，eyes，and neck．Height 20．5．Head height I3．0．Head width 82．Head length 8．3．C＋． 107．6．
2737．Statue with tubular body，oral in section；short， concave neck，horizontal shoulders；rertical arms； trapezold head；pointed chin；prominent，stout cheeks； almond－shaped eves；rased eyelids；radged eyebrow lines；hair falling in plats ending with in－turned sparal curls on shoulder；soft，short helmet with knobbed top．The statue is dressed in a chiton with triangular opening in front below neek and short sleeves ending abowe elbows，A hole in front，another hole at back of wast to fix the lower body；one large hack－hole． The statue is hand－made．Lower hody，r．arm， 1. hand，r．sule of body，part of head，and face messing；
 522 Wathe width 186 Brea.t duan 133 . Nich herght 5.4. Ned: widh 102 Had herght is. K Head wadth 133 C+1076
273\%. Bichrome V vide. .hallow beul with hase-ring: cursed outline; wade. flat rm. two small, horizontal handles below rim. Cnercheng lines and bands insude and outsode: trieze of conventunahated trec- urnaments on the oulside of rim Diam. 300 T 4.1003.
2739. White Panted IV small Jus, as No. 212, hut with encircling lines round rim. Hught io.i Outside the entrance. Surface laser.
$27+0$. White Panted $V$ small jues with base-ring, biconical bode; neck with handle-ruder ; narrew mouth, Haring rim; handle from neck to shoulder Encirclang lines round rim, neck, and bady, trace of concentrac arcles on shoulder; group of tansterse lin:s on handle Height 81 . Outside the entrance. Surface layer.
$27+1$ White Pantecl IV jus with base-rme, elobular beds; short, cylndrical neck, panched mouth; twan-handl. from rim to shoulder Linurchng lines and bands round rim, neck, and body; three concentric carcles on shoulder, verted hnes crossed by groups of parallel, transterse lines on handle. IIeight $28.5 . \mathrm{L}_{+}$. 080
2742. Black-on-Red III (V) shallow bowl with round, flattencl hase, curved outline, slifhtly contracted rim. Encircling black lines around ram. Diam. 9.3. L" +. $9^{8.9}$
2743. Plain White V small jug with rased base: bobbonshaped body; short neek, splaying upwards, pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder Hereht $10.7 \mathrm{R}+$. Surface layer.
2744. Red Slip III (V) small jug with flat base buconical body; short, narrow, concave neck; narrow mouth; flat, swollen ram; handle from rim to shoulder Herght 5.0. R 4. Surface layer
2745. Plain White V bowl with flat base; curved outhane: Hat rmm, parts mosing $D_{1 a m} 100$ Q 4. 102.1.
2746. Plain White III horn-shaped vase with flat base: narrow mouth with wide rim. Hetght 11.9 . O g. 405.
2747. Plain White V plate with raned baxe, wollen rim, used as a cover of a pithos, fragments of wheh were found close by D 1 um 28.0. X 14 . 40 0
2748 . Plain White $\mathrm{V}^{-}$yur, as No 265 I . Heroht 15.8 Nit 94.8.

2749 . Scarabond of arey steatite ( On baxe metmon of Type III representing ider and horse. Length r.is. T 6. y. 9.
2750. a) A Huted bead of blue glase paste.
b) A spherical bead of ancrusted, white paste.
c) Two bieonical beads of plan. white paste
(i) A small, biconical bead of comelan $0.6-0.8$. T 6 gh. 4.
2751. Scarabond of black steatite with almost carcular hase: ridge above base and Huted top siec Appendix II. tength 10 . U'6 98.7.
2752. Cilincier of steatate with enerated representations of tootoco, flanking a cential repiesentation of tanding ficure tw the left, a seated figure to the right; a bearanmen in the naddle the figures are esecuted

$=753$ Curab of white paste, 'I'pe $A_{+}-C_{4}$. On bate inanct. coated mon and beiore him anmal with lone,

2754 suaral of white paste. Surn not distingunhable.

2755. Suarab of black statite. Tipe $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base incorun of Type V. Aat A.jocadix 11. Laneth i.3. (; 12. ye.o.
275in. hearab of multicoloured glass. Damated sice Appendix II. Lensth 14 . L' 6 . 98.7 .
2757. Bronze statuette of a stag with slender body and limbs: hush nedl, simatl had crowned by two thattened horns, bent back and curved forwards. Shoulder, lonns, neck. hed. tal, and hoofs are well modelled in a verorous, conventomalized strke Incistons round eyes. Half of Ieft hind lee misang. Henght 10.7 . Length 7.2. Mio 92
2758. Bronze statuette of a malle ficure in frontal position, woth I leg and foot adanced, both arms bertical; clanched riots, ancular nose. larace eye marked exehds, promment eibrows: promounced chnn. dressed in a h hort, wirdled halt parted in front in two rounded flups and straghtly cut up at back: rest of body naked, soft concal helmetending in a flat kinob, whates alonge sides. Between the feet there is a round mounting ending in a peer, whech has serbed for fianes the statuctle on to a wooden hase lanath 92 Mio 92.5

2759 . statucte of statite of Neohthac tape, rearchentmg a seated fisure: arms marked hy short, horizuntal stumps; head in shape of a sloping slab, plereed
 yo:
 incisoin, reprenenting running horse with branchshaped tul. Sie Appendix II. Lengeth is. Xg. yos
2761. Head. rather rectangular; short, rounded beard; meined mouth wath ramed lips; thm, straght nose, shishts promment, almond-ahapel eyce, incised coched, bageely markud exchoons, stramhe forchead; roughly modelled airs with carrines; hanr phan and shehtly rased on back of head falling down on each sade of neck. plan band round head. Part of band and upper earrang of $r$. car masmes. Hole on top. Brown day: haght slep Helght 17.2. I: 3. 106.6.
 circular, excised part of lower part of body Hemght 132. 1: 3 106.6.

2-6,3. Bull's head, verourously modellad, of trapezond shape, cunced. tall horns, modellud. crect cats: qubular cyes with promment irn on dise-haped exebolls;
ridsed evebrows; flattened, stout nose with slightly eonsex radge, modelled nostrils; har indicated hy semicircular, stamped impressions. Eyes, horns, and ears panted black; between eyebrows and eye, red pant. Hand-made. Top of horns, end of $r$. ear, part of $r$. side of nose missing, horns broken at base. Brown, gritty clay, butf ship; mat pant. Length 16.0 I 9. 42 9.
2764. Ave-head of dorite; straight cutting edge; body elliptical in section; rounded, tapering top. Length 10.3. Cult-house Rock.

2765 a) Two biconical spondle-whorls of steatite. Diam 1.5 .
b) One spherical bead of terracotta. Diam. i.5. As No. 2764 .
2766. Flat, leaf-shaped arrow-head of bronze with short, straight, solid tang. Length 7.7. As No. 2764 .
2767. Fragment of a terracotta bowl, as No. 2668. As No. 2764.
2768. Coarse shallow bowl, hand-made, with flat bottom; curved outline; plain rim, slightly bent inwards. Diam. 12.2. As No. 276 .
2769. Pestle of hasalt, in shape of a truncated cone, with concave sides. Length 10.2. As No. $276+$.
2770. Base-ring hull with cylindrical body; narrow legs tapering downwards; tall with incised end hanging between legs; shors, thick neck with brishet; trangular head; curcular pellet eyes, incised; roughly modelled ears; incisions of chevrons and encircling line on head. Horns and parts of body missing (restored). Length 17.0. As No. 2764
2711. Pebble stones of vartous sizes and colours. As No. 2764.
2772. Plan White Hand-made small jug with flat base: oval body; short, cylindrical neck; handle from rim to shoulder. Handle missing. Height 7.9. As No 2764

2773 Base-ring jug with squat body, neck, handle, lower part of body missing. Height c. 9.5. As No. 2764.
2754 Plan White, partly wheel-made, stenmed goblet wath wide stem; the bowl with curved outline; wade, flat rim Height 18.7. As No. 2764.
2775. Fragments of two large Plan White pithor; hand-made. As No. 2764.
2776. Pestle of basalt, in shape of a long, truncated cone, chipped at base and top. Length 158 . As No. 2764 .
2717 a) Arrow-head of bronze with straght sides; square section; long, soltd tang. Length 9.3 .
b) Arrow-head of bronze with double-curved sides; rhombord section, stranght, solid tang. Length 6.3. c) Arrow-head of aron with straght sides; foursided; flat tang. Length 4.9 . In the sieves.
2778. Small axe-head of greenish diorite with shghtly convex cutting edge: tapering top. Length 2.8. As No. 2764.
2779 Seven biconical spindle-whorls of greyish stone, with hole through centres. Length: 2.3; 2.0; 1.95 ; 1.85; 16; 1.5. As No. 2764.
${ }_{27} 80$ Fragment of a chariot. I 9. 93.0.
${ }_{27} 81$. Fragments of a large, hand-made pithos. As No. 2764 .
2-82. Fragment of a pithos, as No 2781. As No. 2764.
2783. Fragments of pithos, smilar to No. 2781. Northern building. On rock.
2784. a) Flat, roughly oval grinding stone of basalt. Length 13.0. Southern huilding. On rock.
b) Squat, cylindrical grinding stone of basalt. Diam. 6.o. Southern buldang. On rock.
2785. Stone slab roughly rectangular, used as an offering table. Size 90 . 60. As No. 2764 .
2786. Stone slab of an irregular shape, used as an offering table. As No. 2764.
2787. Two stone slahs, similar to No. 2785. As No. 2764.

2788 Labation table of limestone, flat, roughly oval in shape. small concarities cut on the upper side. Broken in sereral pleces. Length 120.0. M8. 91.o.

## CLASSIFICATION OF FINDS

## Pottery (Pls. CLXXVII-CLXXVIII).

Numerous potsherds were found in the successive culture strata. They are classified below (Statistical list of potsherds, pp. 815 f .).

The more or less intact and numbered specimens of pottery consist of the following classes.
A. Bronze Age pottery: Base-ring, Plain White Hand-made, Plain White Wheel-made, Coarse Ware.
B. Iron Age pottery: White Painted IV-Y; Bichrome IV-V; Black-on-Rcd II (IV)III (V); Bichrome Red II (V); Black Slip III, V; Red Slip II (IV)-III (V); Black Polished; Plain White III-V; Coarse Ware.

Of the Bronze Age pottery, the Base-ring Ware is represented by No. 2773: a jug with
squat body; the Plain White Hand-made by the juglet No. 2772, with flat base; oral body; short, cylindrical neck; handle from rim to shoulder, and by the fragments of large pithoi (Nos. 2775, 2781, 2782, 2783); the Plain White Wheel-made by the stemmed goblet No. 2774, with wide stem; rounded bowl with flat, wide rim; the Coarse Ware by the shallow, hand-made bowl No. 2768.

Of the Iron Age pottery, White Painted IV is represented by a deep bowl with basering; bulging outline; contracted rim; horizontal handles below the rim (No. 954); bowl with round base and splayed, out-turned rim (No. 7o); goblet with cylindrical stem; wide foot; bowl of rounded outline; raised rim; horizontal handles below the rim (No. $24^{1} 3$ ); juglets with globular or oval body; base-ring; narrow neck with handle-ridge; flat or flaring rim; handle from neck to shoulder (Nos. 211, 212, $213,2008,2583,2739$ ); jugs with base-ring; globular body; short, cylindrical neck; pinched rim; twin-handle from rim to shoulder (Nos. 1972, 2741).

The bowl is decorated with encircling lines and concentric circles below the rim; the goblets with encircling lines; the juglets with encircling lincs; concentric circles on shoulder or vertical row of concentric circles in front; sometimes way line below the handle and ring of filled triangles on the rim; the jug with pinched rim is decorated with encircling lines and bands and concentric circles on the shoulder.

White Painted $V$ is represented by a plate with raised base and miniature horizontal handles at the rim (No. 47); a goblet with stemmed foot and bowl of angular outline (No. 2412); jugs with biconical body; neck with handle-ridge; flat rim; handle from neck to shoulder (Nos. III6, 2740); jugs with base-ring or raised base; oval or biconical body; neck splaying or tapering upwards; pinched rim where this is preserved and a handle from rim to shoulder (Nos. 581, 967, 2006); amphora with biconical body; short, wide, cỵlindrical neck; wide, flat rim; triple handles from rim to shoulder (No. 2414); hydria with basering; biconical body; short, cylindrical, narrow neck; flat, out-turned rim; horizontal handles on shoulder; rertical handle from neck to shoulder (Nos. $24^{1} 5,2+16$ ). The decoration consists of simple, encircling lines on the shoulder of the jugs and a tree-ornament or leaf-ornament in front; on the amphora encircling lines and bands; metope decoration of vertical rows of concentric circles divided by vertical lines on the shoulder; a frieze of concentric circles on the neck and moulded relief figurines on the handles; on the hydria encircling lines and bands; wavy lines on the neck; detached, concentric circles on the shoulder and belly.

Bichrome IV is represented by shallow bowls with round, flattened base and the rim curving inwards (Nos. $582,583,95 \mathrm{I}, 953$ ); bowls with round base; curved outline; raised rim; two horizontal handles below rim (Nos. 459, 952) ; juglets with raised base; globular body; narrow neck with handle-ridge; flat, swollen rim; handle from neck to shoulder (Nos. $24^{17}, 2655$ ); jugs with raised basc; globular or oval body; short or longer, cylindrical, occasionally slightly concave neck; pinched rim and handle from rim to shoulder (Nos. 1768, 1974, 2007, $2171,2396,2406$ ). The decoration of the bowls consists of a few encircling lines; sometimes almost the whole of the interior or the exterior is painted red; the juglets
are decorated with encircling lines; concentric circles on shoulder or a vertical row of concentric circles in front; the jugs with pinched rim are decorated with encircling lines and concentric circles on the shoulder.

Bichrome $V$ is represented by a bowl with raised base; square body; raised, out-turned rim; two horizontal handles on the shoulder (No.68), and a shallow bowl with base-ring; curred outline; wide, flat rim; two small horizontal handles below the rim (No. 2738); a jug with raised base and oval, sack-shaped body (No. 2173). The decoration of the bowls consists of encircling lines and bands; groups of vertical lines between these; frieze of conventionalized tree-ornaments outside the rim; the jug is decorated with encircling lines and bands and concentric circles on the shoulder.

Black-on-Red II (IV) is represented by a stemmed goblet with wide foot; almost hemispherical bowl; plain rim; small, horizontal handles below the rim (No. 2410); a jug with raised base; depressed oval body; short neek splaying upwards; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder (No. 205); handle-ridge jug (No. 64). The goblet is decorated with encircling lines and bands and groups of parallel, vertical lines below the rim; the jug is decorated with encircling lines and groups of concentric circles.

Black-on-Red III (V) is represented by a plate with raised base; wide rim, slightly downturned and pierced by suspension holes (No. 96r); a shallow bowl with flattened base; curved outline; contracted rim (No. 2742) ; a juglet with raised base; biconical body; short, concave neck; narrow ncek and mouth; flaring, swollen rim; handle from rim to shoulder (No. 2579). The plate is decorated with encircling lines and groups of transverse lines on the rim; the bowl with encircling lines; the juglet with encircling lines and concentric circles on the shoulder.

Bichrome Red II (V) is represented by a single specimen: an open bowl with raised base; curved outline; out-turned rim; horizontal handles below the rim; it is decorated with encircling lines and groups of vertical lines on the rim (No. 72).

Black Slip III is represented by a single specimen: a jug with base-ring; squat body; concare neek; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder; rough, vertical grooves on body and horizontal, incised lines around the shoulder (No. 2042).

Black Slip $V^{\top}$ is represented by a single specimen: a juglet with raised base; sack-shaped body; narrow neek with handle-ridge; out-turned, swollen rim; handle from rim to body (No.918).

Red Slip II (IV) is represented by a single specimen: a bowl with raised base; bulging outline; flat rim, pierced by suspension holes (No. 955) ; Red Slip III (Y) by a shallow bowl with raiscd basc; wide, down-turned rim, pierced by suspension holes (No. 950); jug with biconical bodÿ; rather wide, short neck splaying upwards; handle from rim to shoulder (Xo. 957) ; juglets with base-ring or flat base, usually raised; sack-shaped, occasionally oral, depressed or biconical body; narrow neck, usually with handle-ridge; occasionally short, splaying neck; swollen or flat rim; handle from neck to shoulder (Nos. $210,1003,2577,2578,258 \mathrm{I}, 2744$.)

Black Polished is represented by globular or oval juglets with basc-ring; narrow neck with handle-ridge; flat rim (Nos. 1001, 2575).

Plain White III is represented by a horn-shaped rase (No. 27+6); Plain White IV by shallow or large, deep bowls and goblets (Nes. 74, 75, 76, 209, 200+, 2+11); crater on stemmed foot ( ( $o .2397$ ); sack-shaped jugs (Ncs. 208, 1671, 1973, 2056, 2407); jugs with pinched rim (Nos. $965,968,969,970,2652$ ); amphoriskos with flat base; oval body; short, crlindrical neck, swollen rim; horizontal, erect handles on the shoulder (Nos. 1188, 2025); pithos (No. 201); Plain White V by plate (No. 27+7); bowls (Nos. 2055, 2653, 2745); rhyton (No. 2654); stemmed goblets (Nos. 78, 87); juglet (No. ${ }_{95} 8$ ); jug with round mouth (No. 65 ); jug with pinched rim (No. 27+3); sack-shaped jugs (Nos. $+5,46,49,50,67,202,203,204,206,207,956,959,962,963,964,966,1002,2005$, 2009, 2574, 2576, 2582, 2651, 2715, 2716, 2748).
The Coarse Ware is represented by bowls Nos. 2650, 2656; jugs Nos. 1004. 1008; and cooking-pot No. 2166.
Terracotta sculptures.

The majority of sculptures are made of terracotta, only a few specimens being of stone and bronze (cf. below). These sculptures are classified in the types and styles described below. The majority of the small and larger statuettes are pure idol plastic, i. e., they are not of an artistic, but only a sacred nature; not produced with artistic intentions, but oniy for religious purposes to be used as rotive offerings. It is evident that no stylistic classification of these statuettes is possible, if by style is meant an artistic norm producing an intended artistic shape: we can therefore only distinguish different types of these statuettes, but not styles. Other statuettes do not allow of a minute, stylistic analysis. This is possible only with those statuettes and statues bearing the impress of an incontestable and clearly artistic character. In the classification of the sculpture we shall start, therefore, with this third category of the sculptures.

## Style I (Pls. CLAXXIN-CACVI).

Two groups can be distinguished: one is typologically carlier and called style I A; the other is typologically later and called Style I B. Style I A is represented by Nos. 1 -- 1618 - 1619, 1082, 1137,1138 , $1144,1385-1530,1567,1726,1728$ - $17+0,17+6,1866$,


The sculptures of Style I A have a triangular head, with broad, sloping forehead and pointed chin; an almost pointed, or trapezoid beard, sometimes ending in spiral curls and usually worked in rertical grooves; painted moustaches; the cheeks are prominent; the nose is rather thin and usually curved; the eves prominent with marked lids; the eyebrows are indicated by a curved ridge rather high above the eves; the ears are roughly worked; the back of the head is straight; the hair falls down the back of head in a compact mass; occasionally a few spiral curls appear below the heimet in front. The whole expression of the face is grim, fierce, and stern; the gaze is austere and gloomy and the lips
are stiff and sullen. Details of face, as eves, moustaches, beard, hair, etc., are painted in a dark colour; the skin is sometimes rendered with red paint.

The shape of the body varies; very often it is tubular, oval in section; the arms are vertical and the feet are not indicated. The dress is rendered in a conventionalized style, with the folds of the chiton below the belt as parallel, curred ridges; the seams of the sleeves are marked by ridged edges. The figure is strictly frontal. The bodies of Nos. I + r6i8 $+1619,1385 \div 1530$, and $1288 \div 1740$ are modelled with free legs, isolinear feet, or left foot slightly advanced. The arms of Nos. 1 - $1618 \div 16$ 19 and $1728+1740$ are vertical; those of No. $1385+1530$ are advanced and bent at right angles, the left hand holding a sword. These figures are dressed in a short tunic with the seams represented by relief ridges, or in a girdled chiton with plain surface and short sleeves; in both cases the dress is rendered in the same conventionalized style as on the sculptures with tubular body. Sometimes sandals are modelled on the feet. The head of all the figures is corered by a conical helmet, which usually is soft but of rather straight outline, evidently representing a leather helmet, with upturned cheek-pieces. Only No. $1385-1530$ has a helmet of another type with straight spike.

The sculptures of Style I B are more adranced; the cheeks are less prominent; the surface is smoother; the expression sometimes (No. ${ }_{5} 566$ ) eren slightly smiling and always less fierce; in general a softening of the shapes is characteristic of this style. No. I 860 may be considered as transitory between the two groups sharing both their characteristics; Nos. 107 I and $\mathrm{I}_{5} 66$ represent the end of the series. No. 107I has a beard marked by stamped circles as sculptures of Styles II B and III, and the shape of the eyes and slightly smiling expression of No. i566 are characteristic, too, of sculptures of these styles.

The shape of the bodies and the portrayal of the dress and head-covering, etc., are the same as in Style I A. No. $2437 \div 1196$ has a rectangular excision in front for insertion of the feet.

A few sculptures classified above are of a rougher, more conventionalized type even in the modelling of the face; they show a beginning of artistic expression, and are properly transitory specimens between the pure idol plastic and the developed art sculpture (cf. above p. 777).

## Style II (Pls. CXCVII-CCIII).

The sculptures of this style, too, divide in two groups, Styles II A and B, of which the latter group is more advanced in style than the former. Style II A is represented by Nos. 1090, $1389,1470,1490,1524+2333-2346,1536,1549+1991,1667,1763+1845$, $2069 \div 2087,2324 \div 2344$, and Style II B by Nos. 1363 , $1427,2102$.

The sculptures of Style II A have a head of a more ovoid, less triangular shape than in Style I. The expression is still vigorous but not grim as in Style I; the lips are stern, but sometimes slightly smiling and less stiff; the cheeks and nose are rather prominent; the beard has lost its triangular shape and is usually rounded; sometimes its surface is marked by stamped circles. The eyes are narrower, of myrtle-leaf shape, with prominent
eve-balls; high, arehed, ridged eyebrows; roughly modelled ears; sloping forehead; more rounded occiput than in Style I; the head of some sculptures (e. g., Nos. 1470, 1490, 1549 + 1991) is very short; the helmet is of a softer, more rounded outline than in Style I.
The sculptures of Style II B are characterized by a softer form; the cheeks of No. 2102 are smoothly modelled; the mouth is smiling; the eyes are less prominent, with raised lids; the eyebrows are raised and nearly straight; the beard is almost square-cut, worked in vertical grooves, and marked with stamped circles; the hair ends in spiral curls in front, below the helmet.
The body of the sculptures of both Styles II A and B is usually modelled with free legs; the feet are sometimes isolinear, sometimes the left or right foot is advanced. The position of the arms varies: vertical; right arm advanced, or bent upwards, holding a weapon; both arms held out for carrying a votive gift, probably an animal. The whole body is rather more roughly shaped than in Style I; the legs are wheel-made, unelastic, and stiff; the arms are sometimes too short and thin.

As a rule, the figures are represented in a standing posture, only occasionally (No. 14\%0) a walking movement is attempted. This is rendered quite inorganically: the legs are placed one behind the other, vertical and parallel with each other, from the feet and to the hips.

The figures are, as a rule, dressed in a short chiton with short sleeres, sometimes with modelled belt, tassels hanging down on one side, and the seams indicated by ridges, but otherwise plain without even conventionalized folds.

Eyes, beard, hair, borders of the dress, etc., are painted in the same way as in Style I.
Some of the sculptures of this styie, too, classified above, are of the transitory class between idol plastic and art sculpture.

## Style III (Pls. CCIV-CCIX).

A typological sequence of the sculptures of this style can be distinguished as in the previous styles: Style III A representing the earlier stage and Style III B the later stage. Sculptures Nos. ro4t +2495 , $1509,1767,2021,237+$ belong to Style III A, Nos. 936 , $1028+$ 2077 , $1037 \div 2454,1724,1725,1824 \div 2139,2053$ to Style III B.

The first group shows some similarity to Style II. The head of No. ${ }_{7} 767$ is rather ovoid in shape, the cheeks and eyeballs are prominent; the whole expression of the face is vigorous and smiling at the same time as is characteristic of the first group of Style II, but the forehead is broader and the eyebrows are not so arched and high above the eves; the nose is shorter, but at the same time more prominent than in Style II: all these are features which this figure has in common with the other sculptures of Style III. The beard is not modelled but has only been indicated by paint: it has been of the short-cut type characteristic of Style III. The head is covered by a conical cap with pointed, straight top.

The shape of the body, too, is different from its formation in Style II. The figure is frontal; it is modelled with free legs, the left foot being advanced; the arms vertical; it is dressed in a short-sleeved tunic and kilt with side-folds and held together by a belt. The dress does not conceal the outline of the body. The latter is square in section, its parts being rather
carefully modelled and well accentuated with an attempt at tectonic structure - quite different from the rough and mechanical structure of the body that is typical of Style II.

Figure No. 2374 has a bedy of the conventional, tube-shaped type; the left arm is bent acress the chest and holds an ankh-sign; the short beard and moustaches are rendered by contiguous, stamped circles as in the sculptures of the later phase of this stylc (cf. below); the soft material of the conical cap is indicated by notchings.

The head of No. $1044 \div 2495$ resembles that of No. $1_{7} 67$; the beard is marked with stamped circles like that of No. 237. The body, on the other hand, is of quite a different type from that of No. 1767 , and resembles more the rendering of the body in Style III B: it is entirely corered by the dress and its form is determined by a desire to achiere an ornamental effect: the sweeping and symmetrical outline and the strictly parallel, heary, curved ridges of the folded chiton below the girdle in front, in contrast with the narrow, fine, and irregular incisions of the mantle are evidence of this. Both the calmer expression of the face, its softer treatment of surface and the refined modelling of the dress indicate that this sculpture is really a transitory type between Styles III A and B.

The sculptures of Style III B display the following features different from those of Style III A: the head is of a more rounded outline, not so angular as that of the figures described, but still the old, trapczoid shape survives in some of the sculptures. The beard is closely trimmed and marked with stamped circles; the cheeks are not so prominent, and the expression is milder; the face reflects a calm and serenity; a faint smile hovers over the lips and a dignified air marks the figures. The head is covered with a conical cap or helmet of a rounded outline, with top bent back. The body is not of the square, tectonic type, characteristic of No. 1767 but is, on the other hand, different from that of the figures in Styles I-II. It shows a tendency to flatness; it is plank-shaped, only slightly bulging over the breast and is entirely covered by the dress. This is modelled with minute care (e. g. the mantle of No. $1028+2077$ with fringed border) and the structure of the body resembles therefore that of No. $104+\div 2495$ (cf. No. $1824 \div 2139$ with it). Maturity and artistic refinement mark the sculptures of this strle.

Beside these seulptures, there is another group of Style III B which displays some features of its own (Nos. $936,1037-2454,1724,1725$ ). The body is tubular and rather clumsy, but the face shows some resemblance to thesc of Style III B; the faces, however, are cast in a mould and rctouched. No. 1509 has also a bcdy of heavier, coarser structure, but the configuration of the face is the same as in the sculptures of the more refined modelling.

All the figures of this style are represented standing in a frontal position; the feet are isolinear; the arms vertical or advanced, or the right arm is vertical and the left bent over the breast, or the right arm is lifted in a gesture of adoration.

The sculptures of Style III B, especially the faces of Ncs. 936, $1037 \div 2454,1724$, 1726, show similarity to those of Style VI, which proves that Style III was continued and developed by Style VI. It is worth noting, too, that No. 1726 has the left arm vertical and the right arm bent across the chest stuck in a fold of the mantle, a position of the arms which is typical of Style VI (ef. below).
Style IV (Pls. CCX-CCXV, 2).

Two groups can be distinguished within this style, too: Styles IV A and B. Sculptures Nos. $1010+1030,1080,1 \mathrm{I}+1,172 \%$, 821 , 2100 belong to the first group and Nos. 904 , 1796, 2071, $2072 \div 2075,2079+2105$ to the second.

The sculptures of the first group are characterized by the following distinctive features. The head is almost triangular or trapezoid; the chin is strong; the lips are pursed, almost angular, and smiling; the cheeks and nose are rather prominent; the eyes are almondshaped with lower lids straight and curved, ridged exebrows close above the eyes; the forehead is sloping; the nose and forehead are almost aligned with each other; the chin is shaven or provided with a long beard worked in rertical grooves; the hair falls along the back of the head in a compact mass with slightly concave sides and sometimes a single curl is visible below the helmet in front (No. 1727 ); the head is covered by a helmet of rounded outline or by a broad band. The body is plank-shaped and entirely covered by the dress. The figures stand in a frental pcsture with isolinear feet and vertical arms; the head of No. 1727 is turned slightly to the left. The dress has no modelled details, only an incised border at the lower end of the chiton. The modelling is rougher than in Style III and lacks the elegance and artistic refinement of that style.

The sculptures of the second group have a broader, trapezoid head; the eves are almondshaped, but broader, with curved lower lid; the beard of No. 2072 +2075 is almost rectangular, worked in vertical, incised grcoves with incisions of arrow-heads between; around the head are triple bands; the modelling of the face is softer and the expression milder, rather benerolent and sublime, displaying religious derotion. The body is plank-shaped as in the first group; the figures stand in frontal posture; sometimes (No. 2072 -- 2075) with the head turned slightly to the right. The feet, when indicated, are isolinear; arms vertical or right arm bent upwards with clcsed hand holding a weapon or tcol, possibly a sacrificial knife (土ॅo. 2072-20\%5). The dress has no modelled details, only an incised lower border of the chiton as in the first group, but has retained something of the sweeping outline characteristic of Style III.

The dress and details of the face have been painted as usual and restiges of the paint are sometimes still preserved (No. 1727).

The sculpture No. 904 has the pcsition of the arms different from the other statues of this style: the left arm is vertical and the right one is bent across the chest, stuck in a fold of the mantle. As has been already pointed out above, this position of the arm is typical of Style VI (cf. below). The face of this sculpture, on the other hand, and still more those of Nos. 2071 and $2079 \div 2105$, show a strong resemblance to those of Style VII. This proves that Style IV was continued by Style VII: the characteristic features of this style are already beginning to appear in the last stage of Style IV.

Rougher figures which can be attributed to Style IV are Nos. io8o, i821.

$$
\text { Style } V(P l . \text { CCXV, } 3,4)
$$

This style is represented by No. $906+928 \div 931$ and is characterized by an almost rectangular head; a faint smile on the thin lips; thin, straight ncse; narrow eyes of myrtleleaf shape; forehead nearly vertical; a helmet with back-cover on the head. The body is oval in section; the shoulders horizontal; the right arm is bent across the chest at right angles; the dress is plain with the mantle flung over both shoulders, leaving a triangular, open space in the middle; the beard is flat and rectangular. Angular and straight lines thus dominate this dry style, showing the beginning of formalistic art.
Style VI (Pls. CCXVI-CCXIX).

The sculptures of this style (Nos. $838,926,930,940$, $1016+2505,1049,1052+244^{2}$, 246I) form a more homogeneous group than those of Styles I-IV.

The characteristic features of the style may be summed up as follows: Head oval, with rounded and softly modelled cheeks; lips full; nose rather short with slightly concave ridge and thick tip; eyes large, semicircular with straight lower lids; thick, almost straight, "feathered" eyebrows; forehead slightly sloping without beard; hair falling in a compact, concave mass down the back of head. The head is covered either by helmets of a rounded outline or by a "turban". In some sculptures the expression of the face is calm and mild, but still somewhat strained; the face of No. $1016 \div 2505$, on the other hand, reflects a mixture of sensuality and religious devotion, while that of No. 2442 is characterized by still softer modelling and a smiling, rather effeminate expression. These latter sculptures represent the last stage of the style (VI B). Most of the figures have no beard. The beard, when it occasionally is found (No. $1016+2505$ ), is flat and rectangular as in Style V.

The figures stand in frontal pesture with isolinear feet, as far as these are preserved; the left arm is vertical and the right arm bent acress the breast, holding an animal (buck) or stuck in the folds of the mantle. The body is oral in section, sometimes rather plank-shaped, and is entirely covered by the dress. The concave outline of the body of No. $1052+2442$ with the narrowest diameter at the waist recalls the concave outlines of some of the figures of Styles III and IV. The dress consists of a short-sleeved chiton, sometimes covered by a mantle thrown over both shoulders (Nos. 1016 +2505 , $1052+$ 2442) and has no modelled details except ridged borders.

Paintings, when preserved, are used on details of the face and dress.

## Style VII (Pls. CCXX—CXXIII).

The sculptures of this style (Nos. 1099 $\div 2735,2161,2169,2428+2464,2435,2439$, $2446 \div 2448,2456,2462,2467,2469,2491,2492,2497,2501+2470+2476+248 \mathrm{I}$, 2736 , 2737) form a rather homogencous group, though, of course, individual variations occur.

The head is oroid with a strong chin, sometimes rather pointed; lips often angular with vigorous smile; nose straight, as a rule, aligned with the sloping forehead; the eyes are
almond-shaped and prominent; the eyebrows curved and ridged, occasionally "feathered"; shaven chin and lips; the hair falls in a compact mass with concare sides down the back of head to the shoulders, or with plaits along the sides of the neck and ends in in-curved spirals on the shoulders; the head is covered with a conical helmet or cap, sometimes combined with a plain frontlet.

The figures are represented in a frontal, standing posture, usually with both arms vertical along the sides of the body and with closed hands; more seldom the right arm is bent across the chest and stuck in the folds of the mantle (No. 904). The body is oval in section or tubular, with horizontal or sloping shoulders; it is covered by the dress and in the only case where the lower part of the body is preserved (No. 904), no feet are indicated. The dress consists of a chiton with short sleeves, occasionally (No. 904) covered by a mantle. The dress has no modelled details.

Painting, when preserved, is used for details of the face and the dress.
Figures of a more summary modelling, which belong to this style, are Nos. $2446+2448$ $2456,2501+2470+2476+248 \mathrm{I}$.

## Animal statuettes.

Type I (Pl. CCXXIV).
This type is represented by the bull statuette No. 2770. It is made of Base-ring Ware and is of the shape characteristic of that ware: cylindrical body; narrow, straight legs; short neck with brisket; triangular head with incised pellet eyes; roughly modelled ears; incisions on head.

Type 2 (Pl. CCXXIV).
The bull statuettes Nos. 2036, $2047+2051,2048,2049$ are of this type: the body is cylindrical, somewhat bulging with ridged backbone; the legs are tubular with splaying base; the neck is cylindrical with ridged brisket; the head is triangular or trapezoid with tubular nose; sometimes the nostrils are indicated by one vertical and one horizontal rib across the mouth, and the tongue is licking left nostril; the eyes are prominent and globular or small, oval pellets sometimes with raised lids; the ears are short and erect; the horns are curved. Details such as eyes, horns, ears, etc., are painted black with geometrical ornamentation: bands of latticed lozenges, dotted squares, probably indicating ritual cover, single lozenge-ornament on the head, etc.

## Type 3 (Pl. CCXXIV)

This type comprises Nos. 2037, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2322, 2323: the body is cylindrical but much thinner than that of Type 2; the neck is short; front and neck somewhat flattened; head with long, cylindrical "spout-nose"; sometimes the whole head is spout-shaped (No. 2322); incised mouth; pierced nostrils; tongue licking left nostril; eyes prominent or small pellets; ears short, erect; horns curved.

Type + (PI. CCXXV).
This type includes Nes. 2028 $\div 2050,2034,2038,20+3+2052,20+5,2046$, $2318-2329-2339-2357-2368,2338+2348+2366$. The body is similar to that of 'lype 2 but sometimes without marked backbone; somewhat narrower and usually with straight outline; snakes usually writhing from the head along the forelegs; eyes large, globular; narrow "spout-nose".

Type 5 (PI. CCXXV).
This type is represented by Nos. 2027 and 2763. No. 2027 is a statuette with a body similar to those of Type + , but the modelling of the head is more adranced; it is triangular in shape with modelled nose and ears and prominent, globular eyeballs. The body is painted with geometrical ornaments. The bull's head No. 2763 is of trapezoid shape and rigorously modelled: globular eves with prominent iris and disc-shaped eyeballs; eyebrows flattened; thick with slightly convex ridge; nostrils modelled; hair indicated by semicircular, stamped impressions.

## Type 6 (Pl. CCXXV).

This type is represented by Nos. 2315 and 2364 . These statuettes are roughly made, with short, thick, cylindrical bodies; short legs and necks; roughly shaped heads with modelled nostrils; pellet eyes; curved, erect horns.

Type 7 (Pls. CCXXI, CCXXYI).
The statuettes of this type comprising Nos. 788, 1853, 2164, 2319, 2347, 2349, 2359, 2393, and 2404 are characterized by a short, narrow, flattened body; narrow neck, rounded or flat, with plain or wayy brisket. The head is of a conventionalized type with roughly indicated details.

Type s' (Pl. CCXXVI).
This type comprises Nos. 88 \& , 902, 9r 4,2095 . These statuettes are all small in size; the body is straight, thin and semicircular in section. The head is similar to the roughly modelled heads of Type 7 .

Type 9 (Pl. CCXXVI).
This type is represented by one specimen only, No. 1789. The head is somewhat similar to those of the more advanced specimens of Type 10 , with open mouth and lower muzzle shortcr than the upper one. The neck is broad, with plain brisket; the body short and very narrow; the legs are rather tall; the forelegs with indicated knees and roughly model'ed hoofs.

Type io (Pl. CCXXVI).
Of this type are Nos. 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1556, 2325, and 2356. The bedy is rather short and cylindrical; the tubular legs are of medium size; the heefs are roughly modelled; the neck is short, with plain or wavy brisket. The head has a modelled nose; incised mouth; roughly modelled nostrils; oval eycs with incised lids. Scmetimes the head is of a more advanced modelling than that of Type 9 . Occasionally a band, with or without, pendant bell is modelled around neck and snakes coil from the head along back.
A few miniature figures of rams, bucks, and other animals described under their respective numbers in the Object Register are not detached statuettes but have belonged to sculptures such as Pl. CCXXXII, 5 , representing worshippers carrying votive offerings of animals. These miniature animals are all made in pure "snow-man" technique.

## Minotaur statuettes.

## Type I (Pl. CCXXVII).

The statuettes of this type (Nos. 1620, 1690, 1775, 2031 - 2361, 2044, 2320, 2376) are crude figures with cylindrical animal and human body; slort legs; sometimes both male and fcmale sexes are indicated; the arms are uplifted or bent over breast; the head is roughly shaped, pentagonal, hexagonal or oroid, with projecting nose; inciscd mouth, sometimes with raised edges; eyes projecting or of "fish-eye" type; arched cyebrows; receding forehead; sometimes snakes writhing from the head along the body.

## Type 2 (Pl. CCXXVIII).

The statuettes of this type (Nos.210r, $234^{\circ}+2328-2373,2350$ ) show a more adranced type: the animal body is cylindrical; the legs are tubular; the human legs of No. 2101 lave roughly modelled feet; the human bodies somewhat flattencd; No. $23+0 \div 2328 \div$ 2373 is dual sexed with male genitals and female breasts; the arms are uplifted or adranced; the nose and eyes are projecting; raised evebrows; receding forchead; the hair of No. $2340-2328 \div 2373$ falls in plain, contigucus plaits aleng the back of head with twisted plaits falling orer the shoulders in front; on No. 2101 snakes writhe from the head along the body.

Type 3 (PI. CCAXVIII).
This type is represented by one specimen only (No. 1122). The animal body is cylindrical and rather narrow; the human legs have roughly modelled feet; the human hody is flat; the arms are advanced; the head is similar to those of the sculpturcs of style $\mathrm{IV}^{\text {; }}$; short horns project from the head.

> Small, human idols.

A minute classification of the overwhelming mass of these statuettes, with respect paid to all the typological differences as regards the technique, shape, representation, cte., would
comprise more than fifty types. Such a classification has been made in order to see if these typological differences answered to those of a chronological character. It turned out that most of these typological differences were of no chronological significance, and I have therefore arranged the statucttes under a few leading types and described the varieties which are of non-chronological character under each leading type. I thought also that the readers who have proceeded to this point would bc in need of some encouragement and relief, so I will spare them the fifty types.

Tipe I (Pl. CCXIIX).
This type comprises a small group of statuettes which are only small spccimens of Type I of the larger statuettes. The bedy is trumpet-shaped, hollow, hand-made er wheel-made. The head is clumsily shaped, with rough face details: piominent nese, pellet eyes or very prominent eyeballs, incised mouth, scmetimes with pellet lips. The arms are usually uplifted. Alyre player, too, is represented.

## Type 2 (Pl. CCXXIX).

This type is represented by a small group, similar to Type 1 , but more advanced in type. Sometimes the head is disc-shaped.

Type 3 (Pl. CCXXIX).
The statuettes of this group, too, are few in number. The characteristic features of the group are: a tubular, wide, wheel-made body; a small, triangular head; roughly shaped nose; globular eyeballs; ridged eyebrows; arms usually bent, sometimes holding an animal; straight, tall helmet. Face details are painted. The body is of the size of the larger statuettes, but the head is always small.

Type f (Pl. CCXXIX).
The statuctes of this type are only small specimens of Type 2 of the larger statuettes. The body is wheel-made, tubular, with splayed base; usually bulging breast; rertical arms; square or trapezoid, bearded head. The nose is rather thin and of the pinched type; the eyes are sometimes indicated by prominent eyeballs; the ears are plain pellets. The head is covered by a helmet with a straight spike or a veil held around it by bands.

## Type 5 (Pls. CCXXX, CCXXXI).

This type includes the majority of the statuettes. The figures are hand-made. The clay is usually red or red-brown, and is covered by slip of the same colours. Occasionally, a lighter clay and slip occur. The body is cylindrical and solid with splayed base; sometimes the upper part of body is heart-shaped, the arms and the body being made in one piece. The head is oval, rectangular, trapczoid or wedgc-shaped, with pinched nose,
pellet ears, and usually a beard of varying shape: short or rather long, pointed, straighteut, or rounded; sometimes the cyes and mouth, tco, are indicated by added pellets, preminent surface, and incisions. The arms are usually vertieal, but sometimes other pesitions of the arms are represented: both arms are advanced, or bent upwards, or one arm is rertieal and the other bent cree the breast or uplifted in attitude of adoration. The statuettes with rertieal arms are not provided with accossctics; these with non-rictical arms are sometimes represented as flute players or as warriors, earrying swords and shields in the adraneed hands; rotive bearers earrying animals or other votive gifts in their arms. A few figures have the head uneovered. Sometimes plain bands are wound around the head keeping a reil or soft eap in place. As a rule, however, the head is covercd by a peaked cap, or pointed helmet of various shapes: short or long; soft or straight-sided; with straight, splayed, or knobbed top; or with top bent baek or forwards. Usually, the helmet is made in one piece with the head, but sometimes it its mcdelled separately and provided with cheek-pieces, upturned or drooped.

The dress is occasionally indieated plastically, e. g., the sleeves of the ehiton marked on the arms and a plain mantle or shawl draped over the shoulders. Eyts, hair, heard, and other face details are often painted in black and red, and the dress is indicated by simple geometric ornaments, e. g., the sleeves of the chiten by encircling lines around the arms, the girdle by lines around the waist, and the cpen neck by lines on the breast. The paintings on the bcay, however, cannot always be interpreted as indicating details of the dress, but are often purely ornamental.

A few specimens are of exactly the same type, but their bedy is hollow.

## Type 6 (Pls. CCXXXI, CCXXXII).

The statuettes of this type are less common than those of Type 5. They arc handmade. The clay is usually light-brown and is covered by light, buff or white slip. The body' is cylindrical and solid, usually with less splayed base than in 'Type 5. 'The head is square or trapezoid, usually tapering upwards. The face details are shaped with the same "snow-man" technique as in Type 5. Contrary to Type 5 the hair is sometimes plastically indicated. It is wig-shaped. The position of the arms is a eharacteristic feature of this type: the rariations of position are the same as in Type 5 but the "vertical" arms are oblique and entirely free from the body, forming a triangle together with the horizontal shouldcrs. The head is covered by a pointed helmet, or a veil or soft cap kept in place by bands. Contrary to Type 5 the latter head-eover seems to be commonest. The helmets are usually rather short and straight-sided; this type laeks the great variation in the shape of the helmets eharacteristic of the previous trpe. The same simplified fonms may be observed in the representation of the dress: the chiton is never indicated, but only the short mantle, or shawl, whieh, as a rule, is straight, more seldom rounded, in the outline. In gencral, consequently, Tipe 6 is of a more homogeneous and standardized form than Type 5 , and at the same time more adranced. Face details and dress are sometimes painted as in Type 5 .

Tye - (Pl. (CXXXII).
This type comprises statuettes with moulded heads. The body is hollow, with splayed base; the arms are vertical, or one arm is vertical, the other bent over breast; or both arms uplifted or bent over breast and holding a tambourine or quadruped. The heads are separately put on; the faces are moulded and touched up; details as beards and ears, ete., are added. The faces have been moulded in at least five different moulds. Mould 1: oroid face: soft, rather thick, and wide lips; nose with upturned tip; narrow, lancetshaped eves. Nould 2: face similar to No. 1 , but larger in size. Only a few faces are made in this moukd. Mould 3: rather thick, small lips; curved nose; semi-lunar eyes; wigshaped hair. Niould + : similar to Mould 3 , but larger in sizc, face more triangular, with broad torehead and narrow eves. This mould is less common than Mould 3. Mould 5: face of the Cretan type, with hair falling in contiguous, transverse plaits on both sides of neek. Only one specimen (No. 21 72 ) has been made in this mould. Face details and body are painted as in Types 5 and 6 . On some, the dress is indicatcd by plastic representation of a short shawl over both shoulders.

Moulds I and 2 represent male heads; Moulds 3-5 female; but the heads of Types 3 and + are usually superficially transformed into male ones by adding a painted beard.

Type i (Pl. CCXXXIII).
The statuettes of this type are altogether moulded, but parts are sometimes added and changed. Four different moulds can be distinguished. Mould I: male figure, with plank-staped body; isolinear feet, peeping out of the chiton; left arm vertical; right arm stuck in a told of the fringed mantle; trapczoid head; long, rounded, tapering beard with vertical incisions; thick lips; broad, thick nose; semi-lunar eyes; sloping forehead; a reil on head. Mould 2: male figure with flat body; bare legs; isolinear feet; both arms bent upwards on breast; dressed in a girdled tunic. Only one specimen, of which the head is missing, is preserved (No. 1416). Mould 3 : male figure with flat body; r. arm vertical; 1. arm bent over breast; isolinear feet; rather square head; broad chin; thick lips; thin nose ; lancet-shaped eyes; hair falling in a heavy mass on neck; cn head tall helmet with flat top; dressed in a girdled chiton. Only one specimen (No. 1060) of this type is preserved. The left arm and helmet are added separately, and the figure was originally female, of a type similar to that of Mould + , but was transformed into a male figure, with painted beard, etc. Nould $f$ : female figure with naked body; isolincar fcet; rertical arms; ovoid head; thick lips; big nose; lancet-shaped eycs; long hair, parted (No. i/52). Another specimen (No. $2+38$ ) of this type has been transformed to a male figure by adding a beard and a part between the legs which has fallen off; the right arm, too, which is bent acress body, is addecl. Details in face and dress are often painted, as usual.

Trpe 9 (Pl. CCXXXIII).
The statuettes of this type are represented by two specimens only: they have roughly modelled legs, separated by a groove; isolinear feet; trapezoid head with roughly modelled
face details; rertical arms; dress indicated; soft cap on head, or uncovered. Only two specimens (Nos. 90, III4 - III5) are represented. The type of these statuettes is eridently influenced by the larger statuettes and statues with modelled legs.

Type 10 (Pl. CCXXXIII).
This type is represented by a single statuette with tubular bociy and a helmeted head with double face (No. i560).

## Type II (Pl. CCXXXIII).

The statuettes of this type are only two in number (Ncs. So9, 2I7o) and represent a human figure wearing a bull's mask on the head.

## Type 12 (Pl. CCXXXIII).

An unique statuette, representing a female figure sitting on a throne flanked by sphinxes, is the only representative of this type (No. ${ }_{5} 63$-2026).

## Type 13 (Pl. CCXXXIII).

Three group statuettes, representing ring dancers, are of this type. The figures are made in the same technique as the statuettes of Type 5 and are attached to a base tablet (Nos. 123, 1169, 1693 -2083 ). Each of the groups consists of four figures, one group with the figures placed at the corners of the tablet, and two grcups with a central figure in the middle - presumably the musician, but missing - and three figures dancing around it. All the groups are much damaged, and parts are missing.

Type if (Pl. CCXXXIV).
This type comprises a few rider statuettes (Nes. $921,922,1366$ ) of Type 5. The horses have short, straight bedies; peg-shaped legs; tall necks; narcw heads. The riders are identical in type with the figures of Type 5 ; with their cutstretched ands they grasp the horse's neck.

Type 15 (Pls. CCXXXIV, CCXXXV).
Four-horse chariots with two or three cccupants are included in this type. The chariot is two-wheeled, some with modelled spokes. The horscs arc roughly modelled with short bodies; peg-shaped lcgs; tall recks, often with flat frcnt; parrow heads, as those of the rider statuettcs. Plumes, blinke1s, nosc-bands, cheek-bards, front-bands, breast-bands, front-covers, side-covers, yckes, poles, reirs, etc., are modelled. Of the cccupants onc is the driver and the others are warricrs, anmed with bows and shields. The body of the figures is solid ard cylindrical, and the heads as those of Type 5 cr nooulded, similar to those of Mould i of Type 7 .

Type 16.
A single specimen (No. 2176) of a moulded, Hellenistic Aphrodite head is the representative of this type.

## Large, human idols.

## Type I (Pl. CXXXVI).

The statuettes of this type have a tubular, wheel-made body; the arms are uplifted or advanced; the head is roughly shaped, with a big, projecting nose; globular eveballs; heavy, ridged eyebrows; short, very sloping forehead. There are remains of paintings on body and face. Only three specimens (Nes. 2316, 2321, 2372) are represented.

## Type 2 (Pl. CXXXVI).

This type includes statuettes with tubular, wheel-made body; splayed base; vertical arms; trapezoid or rather triangular head; pinched, rather thin nose; incised mouth; chinbeard; pellet ears. Usually, no other face details are modelled, but sometimes the eyes are indicated by prominent balls. The head is corered by a helmet with straight top, usually made in one piece with the head, or by a veil or soft cap held by bands wound around the head. Details of face were painted but the paintings have usually gone.

## Type 3 (Pl. CXXXVII).

The statuettes of this type are similar to these of the preceding one, but more adranced. The arms are vertical, or one arm is vertical, the other bent, or uplifted in attitude of adoration; or both arms are bent and hold a quadruped or some cther object. The hands are either undigitated, or modelled with fingers. The head is of the same shape as in Type 2, but the face details are rendered more carefully, scmetimes with a decided tendency to stylistic expression, shoxving connection with the sculptures of Style I: there is a gradual transition from the statuettes of this type to the sculptures of Style I. The head is covered by a reil or soft cap held by bands, or a helmet which is usually modelled separately, with upturned or hanging cheek-pieces. On some statuettes, the dress, too, is indicated: a chiton with short sleeves, scmetimes girdled with overfold and ridged folds below the plain girdle. Face details and dress are often painted in black and red. As a rule, the statuettes are made of a red or red-brown clay, and are covered by slip of the same colours. A very few statuettes of this type have modelled feet.

## Type + (Pl. CXXXYIII).

The statuettes of this type differ from those of the preceding type by many characteristic features. The body is tubular and wheel-made; the arms are vertical, or one arm is vertical and the other advanced or bent over the body; or one arm is vertical and the other uplifted in attitude of adoration; or both arms are bent over the body. The hands are undigitated, or have modelled fingers. The head is ovoid with long, rounded beard;
roughly shaped mouth with thick lips; prominent, usually leng, curved nose with thick tip; prominent, leaf-shaped eves, cccasionally with raised lids; ridged, arched (rehrows; very sloping forehead. The statuettes of this type show a stylistic connection with the seulptures of Style II, in the same way as there is a relation between the statuettes of Type 3 and the sculpturcs of Style I. The head is covered by a helmet usually with straight spike and hanging or upturned cheek-pieces. In the representation of the dress a characteristic feature is the mantle with fringed berder. Painting secms to be less used than in Type 3, and only a few traces of colours are found. The statuettes are as a rule, made of lightbrown clay, and are covered by light slip. A few statuettes of this type, teo, have modelled feet.
Stoue sculptures.

The stone sculptures include four styles.
Style I (Pl. CCXXXIX).

This is represented by the torso No. 1o63: The body is a rectangular block without modelled feet; the left arm is bent below the breast, the right is vertical; both arns are attached to the body.

## Style II (Pl. CCXXXIX).

Two sculptures of this style were found (Nes. 1095, 1228). Both figurcs are standing with the left foot adranced and rertical ams attached to the bedy; the shape of the body is the same with prominent chest and contracted at the waist, hut No. 1095 is dressed in a short chiton, leaving the legs free, while the long chiton of No. 1228 covers the whole body. The face is negroid; the eyes of No. 1095 are modelled, while the se of No. 1228 are only indicated by carscd depressions. The face of No. 1095 is of a scfter modelling than that of No. 1228, and the whole figure of this latter sculpture is cearser and less worked than No. 1095.
Style III (Pl. CCXL).

This style is represented by a few Hellenistic sculptures of a crude, conventionalized shape (Nos. 2197, 2274, 2494), which may be characterized as a survival of the plankshaped, conventionalized sculptures of the late Cypı-Classic period (Sec Vol. III).
Style IV (Pl. CCXL).

Only one specimen (No. 2513 ) can be assigned to this style, which is a representative of the full-bodied sculpture of the C!pro-Hellenistic II period, identical with Style II of the sculptures from the temple of Aphrodite and Isis in Soli (cf. Corolla archaologica, Acta Instituti Romani Regni Sueciae II, pp. 179 ff.; Vol. III of this publication).

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\text { Bron } \approx e \text { sculptures. (Pl. CCNL). }
$$

Four bronze statuettes were found: Nos. 1479, 2029, 2757, 2758. All the statuettes are cast and solid.

No. 2757 is a statuette of a stag, with slender body and limbs; long neck; small head crowned by two flattened, curred horns. It is modelled in a conventionalized style but with naturalistic details. The other statuettes represent male figures standing with left foot advanced; arms verical with clenched fists, or the right arm uplifted. The body is thin and cylindrical; the shoulders are horizontal; the head is oroid and the chin is strong; the nose is thick and prominent; the eves are oblong and narrow with marked lids and eyebrows; the forehead is sloping. The statuettes are dressed in a girdled, short chiton, on the head is a flat-topped cap (tiara) sometines with rolutes at upper and lower end, influenced by the Egyptian crown. The bronze statuettes are similar to such from Syria and Anatolia, and they are very likely imported (cf. Vol. IV).
Iron (Pl. CCNLI).

Only a few objects of iron were found.

> Arrow-head.

1. Leaf-shaped arrow-head; with midrib and straight tang (Nos. 54, 71).
2. Four-sided arrow-head; with straight sides; pointed end; straight tang (No. 2777 c).
Tweezer.

Only one specimen (No. 2286) is well preserved; it has convex arms splaying downwards and top ending in a pinched loop; fragment (No. 2248) of similar.

$$
\mathrm{R} \text { od. }
$$

Fragments of rod, square in section (No. 27II).

$$
\text { Bron } \approx \text { e (Pl. CCXLI) }
$$

Apart from the sculptures which are classified above, the bronze objects consist of the following classes and types.
Arrow-head.

1. Leaf-shaped arrow-head, flat; straight tang (No. 2766).
2. Four-sided arrow-head; straight sides; pointed end; straight tang (Nos. 2283, 2713 a, 2777a).
3. Double-curved arrow-head, square in section; pointed end; straight tang (No. 2777 b).
Twe ezer.
I. Tweezer with arms tapering slightly upwards; plain loop with attached pin with bent top (No. 2712).
4. Tweezer with arms tapering upwards; bent-in catch; top of oval shape with central knob and small loop (No. 2714).
5. Tweezer with arms tapering upwards; usually bent-in catch; moulded top in shape of a capital, usually with attached ring and pin with bent top (Nos. 1850, 2246, 2251, 2292, 2312, 2355, 2529, 2549, 2552 a).

## Fibula.

Only one type is represented: arch-shaped bow with small beads; spiral spring; flat catch; straight pin (Nos. 2313, 2705).

## Earring.

1. Circular earring with overlapping ends (No. 2518).
2. Crescent-shaped earring (No. 48).

> Lamp.

Only one specimen was found of the type described in the Obj. Register (No. 2266).
Handle.
Handle of a bronze jug (No. 2198).
Silver-lead (Pl. CCXLI).

R ing.
Small, circular rings, used as earrings or hair-rings (No. 2269).

Terracotta (Pl. CCNLI). Spindle-whorl.
Spindle-whorl, globular, with hole pierced in the centre (No. 2,65 b).

> Pendant.

Piriform pendant, with pierced hole through the top (No. 2588).

## Lamp.

1. Open, saucer-shaped lamp with flat rim and pinched wick-holder (Nos. 20, 960, IIo2, 1103, 2660).
2. Open lamp, similar to Type 1 , but with a long shaft-handle (Nos. 923,945 ).
Faience (Pl. CCNLI).

The paste is usually white in colour, occasionally brown-coloured (No. 2294) or grey (No. 2304), and covered with blue glaze, which sometimes is preserved.
Bead.
I. Globular bead, pierced by a central hole; sometimes with incrustations (Nos. 2245, $2630 \mathrm{~b}, 2713 \mathrm{e}, \mathrm{f}, 2750 \mathrm{~b}$ ).
2. Biconical bead, pierced by a central hele (No. 2750 c ).
3. Cylindrical bead, pierced by a longitudinal hole (No. 2253).
4. Disc-shaped bead, pierced by a central hole (No. 2658 b).
5. Globular or globular depressed bead with fluted body, pierced by a central hole (Nos. 2304, 2569, 2713d).
Pendant.

The pendants were, as a rule, used as amulets and pierced by suspension holes. The following types are represented.

1. Pendant in shape of a lotus bud (No. 2188).
2. Pendant in shape of a bird (No. 2625).
3. Pendant in shape of a monkey (No. 2683).
4. Pendant in shape of a cat, with the emblem of the goddess Bastet (No. 2294).
5. Pendant in shape of a Horus eve (Ncs. 2063, 2568, 2623, 2703).
6. Pendant representing the Horus child (No. 2596).
7. Pendant representing a Bes figure (Nos. 2022, $2117,2185,2290,2519,2624$ ).
8. Pendant representing figure of Ptah-seker (No. 2194).

## Glass (PI. CCXLII).

The glass is white (No. 2612 c); blue (Nos. $2630 \mathrm{a}, 2658 \mathrm{a}, 2730 \mathrm{a}, 2750 \mathrm{a}$ ); dark-green (Nos.2282, 2354, 2422, 2552 b); variegated, blue and yellow (No. 2666), with incrustations in white, blue, green, and dark colours (Nos. 2510, 2594, 261r, 2665, 2670); multicoloured (Nos. 2307, 2521, 2535, 2585, 2612 a, b, 2649 a, b, 269 1).

> Bead.
I. Globular or globular depressed bead, pierced by a central hole (Nos. 2282, 2307, 2354, $2422,252 \mathrm{I}, 2552 \mathrm{~b}, 2585,2594,261 \mathrm{I}, 2630 \mathrm{a}, 2649 \mathrm{~b}, 2658 \mathrm{a}, 2665,267 \mathrm{o}, 273 \mathrm{a}$ ).
2. Rounded square bead, pierced by a longitudinal hole (No. 2612 b ).
3. Cylindrical bead, pierced by a longitudinal hole (Nos. $2612 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{c}$ ).
4. Triangular bead, with rounded corners and slightly concave sides, pierced by a central hole (Nos. 2510, 2535, 2649 a).
5. Globular depressed bead with fluted body, pierced by a central hole (No. 2750 a).

Pendant.

1. Vase-shaped pendant with a suspension hole at the top (No. 2666).
2. Pendant in shape of a Silenus mask (No. 2691).

> Stone (Pls. CCXLII, CCXLIII).

Axe-head.
I. Roundish axe-head of basalt; with narrow, rounded top; almost straight cutting edge (No. 2764).
2. Flat axe-head of diorite; with narrowing top; slightly convex cutting edge (No. 2778).

> Mace-head.

Only one specimen was found (No. 2023). This is deprcssed in shape, with ribbed body and relief rings around the edges of the central hole.
Grinder and pestle.
r. Flat, roughly oval grinding stone of basalt (No. $278+\mathrm{a}$ ).
2. Squat, cylindrical grinding stone of basalt (No. 2784 b).
3. Pestle of basalt in shape of a truncated cone, long or shorter (Nos. 2769, 2776).
Spindle-whorl.

Biconical spindle-whorl of steatite, sometimes decorated with incised circles (Nos. 2534, 2580, 2589, $2765 \mathrm{a}, 2779$ ).
B e ad.

1. Globular or globular depressed bead of basalt or steatite, pierced by a central hole; occasionally decorated with incrustations of dark-yellow paste (Nos. 2024, 2295, 2525).
2. Bobbin-shaped bead of light-blue stone with reins; pierced by a longitudinal hole (No. 2288).
3. Square bead of black steatite, with green-yellow veins; pierced by a longitudinal hole (Nos. 2132, 2730 b ).
4. Bead of basalt in the shape of a truncated cone, pierced by a hole at the top (No. 2672); probably a spindle-whorl.
Pendant and amulet.
5. Pyramidal pendant of steatite with slightly convex sides, pierced by a hole at the top (No. 2512).
6. Prismatic pendant of steatite, pierced by a hole at the top (No. 2636).
7. Pendant of steatite, in the shape of a Neolithic idol, representing a seated figure; pierced by a suspension hole on the head (No. 2759).
8. Pendant of steatite, in the shape of roughly carved head (No. 2227).
9. Pendant of steatite, in the shape of a Silenus head (Nos. 1873, 2249, 2297).
Vase.

The vases are made of limestone. Only the bowl (No. 69) is a real vessel. The jug (No. 1179 ) and the amphoriskos (No. 436) are solid.
B owl.

Shallow bowl with wide, flat shaft-handle, decorated with incisions (No. 69).
Jug.

Oval jug with raised, flat base; short neck; pinched rim; handle from rim to shoulder (No. II79).

Amphoriskos.
Depressed globular amphoriskos with base-ring; concave, wide neck; ring-shaped rim; handles from rim to shoulder (No. 436).
Cultobject.

Oval stone of basalt, used as cult object (No. 938).
Offering tables.
These are of the types described in the Obj. Register (Nos. 2785, 2786, 2787, 2788).

Semi-precious stones (Pl. CCXLIII).
A few beads of agate (Nos. 2713c, 2671), comelian (Nos. 2232, 2572, 2713 b) and onyx (No. 2241) were found. The beads are of four different types.

1. Globular or globular depressed bead, pierced by a central hole (Nos. $257^{2}, 2713$ b, c).
2. Biconical bead, pierced by a central hole (No. 2750 d).
3. Bobbin-shaped bead, pierced by longitudinal hole (Nos. 2232, 2241).
4. Cylindrical bead, pierced by a longitudinal hole (No. 2671).

Bone (Pl. CCXLIII).
Bead.
I. Ring-shaped bcad of rounded cutline (No. 2608).
2. Conical button, slightly convex, pierced by a central hole (No. 2641).
3. Disc-shaped bead, pierced by a central hole (No. 2612 d ).
'inds of Squares K-L 6


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Chariots in Squares 1.9-11
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B

Finds of Room V



Finds of Square D 4
Glyptics (Pls. CCXLIII- CCLIH).

The following classes of glypties are represented: seal-stomes, culinders, ecarabs, scaraboids.
 (Nos. 2684, 2696) ; dome-shaped (No. 2689) ; ( dindrical with incisel, eneireling line around the middle (No. 22So); four-sided (No. 2661); that, syuere, with three loops on the top (No. III9); oval and flower-shaped (Nos. 2112, 2130); in the shape of a winged godeless protecting Ilorus (No. 2699 ). . Ill are piered by a hole for suspersion.

The seals can be classified in four :itrlistic groups:

1. Fine, linear strye; geometrical and figural desigrs (Nis. 1119, 2661).
2. Rough, conventionalized style; geometrical designs and stylaced, figural representations (Nos. 2684, 2689, 2696).
3. Archaic style (No. 2280).
4. Egyptian style (Nos. 2112, 2130, 2699).

The cylinders are of steatite; they are pierced by a longitudinal hole (Nos. 1550, 2752). They are decorated with representations in a hear style.

The scarabs and scaraboids are classified and interpreted in Appendiees I-III.

## Coins (Pl. CCALIII).

Only four coins were found (Nos. 2210, 2218, 227, 22S\%). They are all of bronze. No. 2277 can be attributed to Ptolemacus Philemeter and, prohably, No. 2210, too'. No. 2287 is an Augustus coin ${ }^{2}$. No. 2218 is so much worn that it canoot be identified with certainty.

The objects were found under various stratigraphic conditions. The majority were found in undisturbed culture strata, but a certain momber in waste heaps or deposits, and filling layers.

It was shown in the deseription of the layers that the culture strata were often associated with raste accumulation (cf. Scetions IV, VI, VII, VIII, XII, XIV, XV). These heaps or deposits of waste contained nothing but ashes, animal bones, and potsherds and, naturally, represent remains of sacrificial waste and hroken ex cotos. Only in two cases sculptures were found in such waste deposits: in the rubbish heap on the theor of Period 4, in Squares K--L: 6--7, and in the sacrificial fillings around the altar (cf. Section XVII).

A filling layer with pieces of broken seuptures serving as substructure for the floor of Period 7 was found in Squares $C-F: 3-4$, as shown hy Section I.

The objects of Period I were all found on the rock, or in Stratum 12, at the levels given in the Object Register.

The majority of the objcets were discovered in the central cult-house. In Room V, close


Fig. 273. Ajia Irini. Libation pithos in situ and deposit of ex cotos in the E. comer of Room V in the rackground.


Fig. 2-7. Ajia Irini. Deposit of $e x$ zotos in the E. corner of Ruom $V$
by Wall i8, there was found a stone slab (No. 2785 ), $0.90: 0.60 \mathrm{~m}$. . placed on a levelled support composed of small river-stones, so that it has the shape of a low table. The surface of the slab was dark and glossy. It is apparently an offering table. On the floor, close by the table, was found the stone axe-head No. 2764 . Between the hearth and the table there was a deposit of pestles (Nos. 2769, 2776), a pottery bowl of Coarse Ware (No. 2768), spindle-whorls of stone (Nos. 2765, 2779), a bronze arrow-head (No. 2766) and fragments of two large pithoi of terracotta (No. 2-75).

Another deposit was found in the S . E. corner of the room: a central group of small pebbles of rarying sizes, red and white in colour (No. 2771), was encircled by four objects consisting of a terracotta bull of Base-ring Ware (No. 2770), a Base-ring jug (No. 2773),


Fig. 275. Aya Irini. The libation table of Period 2 in sthe.


Fig. 276. Ajia Irini. 'The altar with the cult object $m$ situ.


IHg. 278. Ajia Irini. Gencral vicw of the sculptures around the altar, from the North




Fig. 280. Ajia Irini. View of the central part of the sculptures around the altar.
a miniature jug of Plain White Hand-made Ware (No. 2772) and a stemmed bowl of Plain White Ware, partly wheel-made (No. 2774). Finally, along the back wall, there were fragments of a pithos (No. 2781), similar to No. 2775 and a stone slab (No. 2\%86) of a more irregular shape than the one mentioned above; it was without a dark-coloured, glossy surface and rested direct on the rock floor.

In Room VI many fragments of large pithoi (No. 2782) were found along the walls of the room in the culture earth. By the east wall were two stone slabs (No. 2787 ), similar in shape to No. 2785 , but of a smaller size. 'They rested direct on the rock floor.

The most important finds in the excavated part of the southern building, in addition to fragments of pithoi (No. $27{ }_{2}$ 3) and other vases, are some grinders (No. $27{ }_{7} 8_{4}$ ), indicating that the house was probably used as a repository for cult requisites.

In the northern building there were no other finds than fragments of pithoi and other vases, indicating that the building was used as a storehouse.

The majority of the objects of Period 2 were not found in situ.
Of the objects of Period 2, on the other hand, only the libation table No. 2788, which


Fig. 2Sr. Ajia Irini. Sculptures in Squares $K-\mathrm{L}$. 10.
was found close by the altar, the glass bead No. 2521 , potsherds and fragments of bull statuettes of terracotta were found in the strata of this period. One of these terracotta fragments, however, fitted to the bull statuette No. 2047-2051 (Type 2), found at the level of 90.1. in the lower sacrificial filling around the altar (Layer 3 of Section XVII). It was shown above (cf. p. 663) that this filling was placed there at the beginning of Period 3. It may thus be concluded that a part of the votive objects were transported on this occasion from their original place around the altar of Period 2 and deposited as foundation offerings on the erection of the new altar. These deposited objects thus belong to Period 2.

It is finally to be observed that a few fragments of finds which must be assigned to Period 2 were found intrusively in other find-spots, e. g., of the bull statuette No. 2028-2050, one part (No. 2050) was found in the lower foundation deposit at the altar, but another part (No. 2028) was found in the upper foundation deposit of Period 3 (see below). Evidently, the lower foundation deposit was somewhat disturbed when the upper sacrificial pit of Period 3 was dug, and this fragment thus happened to be mixed with the finds of the upper foundation deposit. Furthermore, of the minotaur statuette No. 203I-2361 one part (No. 2031) was found in the lower foundation deposit by the altar, while the other part (No. 2361) was found on the floor of Period 4 in Squares K-L: 6-7. How this is to be explained will be shown below.

The objects of Period 3 were found in three different find-spots. Some were found in the culture stratum of that period. Others were found at the level 9I.4-92.I in the upper foundation deposit around the altar (Layer 4 of Section XVII). It was shown above, p.


Fig. 2Nz. Apa Irini. Detail of sculptures in sumares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{I}, 10$.


Fig. 283. Ajia lrini. Sculptures in Squares K-L II, with most of the smaller statuettes remored.

663 , that this deposit is contemporary with the end of Period 3 and the objects found there are to be interpreted as votive offerings deposed at the foundation of the new temenos of Period + . These objects thus date from the end of Period 3. Finally, some objects which must be assigned to that period were found in Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}: 6-7$ on the floor of Period 4. The objects found there were not in situ as were all the other objects on the floor, or in the culture stratum of that period, but they have been thrown there, apparently in a broken state, forming an accumulation of waste ex rotos. Among this waste there are naturally objects dating from Period 4. An examination of the sculptures in question shows, however, that a certain number are similar in type to some of the sculptures found in the lower foundation deposit on the one hand and, on the other are unrepresented among the scuptures found in situ on the floor of Period 4. This is the case with Type i of the small and large, human idols, and Types 3 and + of the animal statuettes. As a matter of fact, ' Yypes 3 and + of the animal statuettes are found only in the lower foundation deposit and on the waste-hceap in Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}: 6-7$. The similarity of Type I of the larger human figures to some of the sculptures found in the lower foundation deposit becomes evident by comparing the head of No. 2372 from the waste-heap with that of No. $20+4$ from the lower foundation deposit. It is further to be observed that most of the minotaur statuettes of Type I were found either in the lower foundation deposit or on the waste-heap in Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}: 6-7$; only Nos. 1690 and 1775 were found approximately in situ on the floor of Period 4 . How is this to be explained: It is easy to say that old types have survived but this explanation cannot be correct in this case. Stratigraphy, like all methods, is one which must be used with discretion. I hope that this work shows that I attach the greatest value to the stratigraphie method which is the only one by which modern field archaeology can obtain reliable results, but even a valuable method can be misused if applied mechanically.


Fig. 284. Ajia Irini. Detall of sculptures in square Kio.

 Square K 10


Fig. 286. Aja Irini. Detanl of seulptures m square L g.


Hig. 2S-. . ajia irmi. Ietail of somptures in square Lin.


Fig. 28S. Ajra Irini. Detail of sculptures in Square Lif.


Fig. 2S9. Ajia Irini. Detail of sculptures in Squares L 9-io.

Let us return to this special case. If we apply a mechanical, stratigraphic interpretation and consider all the finds on the waste-heap and the floor of Period 4 as belonging to that period, there are indications that we have been misled. First of all: Where are the objects of Period 3? In the culture strata of this period only the scarabs Nos. 1729, 2769, the amulet No. 2759 and the bull's head No. 2763 were found. These four finds, together with the few objects Nos. 2023-2027, 2029, 2030 in the upper foundation deposit at the altar, cannot be all the remains of the ex cotos of Period 3. Where are the others? It is easy to say that they are lost. We are, however, happy enough to be able to recover some of them.

The corpus delicti in this research work is the statuctte No. $1563+2026$. The main part of the statuette was found on the floor of Period 4 , but a wing of the sphinxes


Fig. 2yo. Djia Irini. Detail of sculptures in square L if.


Fig. 291. Ajia Irini. Sculptures in Square K $\mathbf{I}$ o.


Fig. 292. Ajia Irini. Sculptures in Squares K 8-9.
of this statuette was found in the upper foundation deposit of Period 3 by the altar. This is a proof that some objects on the floor of Period 4 are contemporary with those buried in the upper foundation deposit. It is thus exident that some objects of Period 3 are lying on the floor of Period 4 , i. e., the ex rotos of Period 3 were removed to the floor of Period 4 at the beginning of that period, in the same way as the ex rotos of Period 2 were buried in the lower foundation deposit at the beginning of Period 3. A few objects, however, were buried in the upper foundation deposit (Nos. 2023-202-, 2029, 2030) and among these objects was the broken wing (No. 2026) of the statuette No. 1563. Those statuettes of Period 3 which were subsequently damaged, were thrown on the waste-heap in Squares K—L: 6-7 where they became mingled with waste statuettes of Period 4 . Some of the statuettes, however, among which was No. 1563 , remained on the floor of Period 4 until the end of that era. In this way it is explained why some of the sculptures on the floor of Period 4 and on the waste-heap are earlier in type than the majority of the sculptures found on the same floor, and show stylistic connection with the seulptures in the foundation deposits by the altar. At the same time, this explains how one part of the minotaur sta-


Fig. 293. Ajia Irmı. Sculptures in Squares K 8-9.
thette No. 2031 - 2361 was found in the foundation deposit of Period 2 by the altar, while the other part was found on the waste-heap in Squares K-L: 6-- (cf. above). As we have seen, the earth of this foundation deposit was somewhat disturbed by the digging of the upper foundation pit, which was excavated at the end of Period 3 and the beginning of Period +. Evidently, a part of this minotaur statuette (No. 2361) was then shovelled up on to the foor of Period + together with the earth, and was subsequently thrown away on the waste-heap together with the other broken statuettes found there. We thus see that, in this case too, stratigraphy has proved to be the reliable method, although it would be misleading to use it mechanically. As in criminal cases it is often a scrap of evidence - in this case the fragment No. 2026 - that leads to the right solution.

The majority of the objects of Periods +-6 were found in situ, on the floors or in the culture strata of their respective periods. The sculptures were found almost in their original position, arranged in concentric semicircles around the altar in such a way that the smallest statuettes were placed nearest the altar, the larger statuettes and small statues behind these, and the life-size statues farther back and forming the background of the mass of sculptures. The position of the sculptures had, of course, been affected by the action of the water streams that flooded the temenos in each of these periods (cf. pp. 673 ff .): some sculptures had tumbled down and were somewhat removed from their original position, this being especially the case with the seulptures in the background and the wings which had to bear the first brunt of the attack of the water. 'The mass of smaller sculptures in the eentre had also been crowded together more than they were originally, but, on the other hand, the original, close grouping of the sculptures saved them from being entirely

dispersed by the action of the water. Leaning against each other they formed a barrier, which resisted the floods of water. Thus, in the main, the sculptures were found approximately in their original position.

As shown by the stratigraphical analysis, the successive, allurial layers of Periods 5-6 were not removed, but the sculptures of these periods were placed on the successively raised levals. This affords an excellent means of distinguishing the sculptures of Periods $4-6$ stratigraphically and they are, accordingly, assigned to their respective periods by means of their different levels.

Some of the sculptures of Period + were found on a level above the floor, where the other sculptures of that period were found. This level did not extend all over the area where the sculptures were found and there were no indications that it represents an actual floor-level: it seems that it marks a partial heightening of the floor on account of accumulated earth in parts of the temenos. It must, then, be supposed that this level represents a later phase of Period + .

The non-sculptural objects of Periods $f-6$ were found in small groups here and there within the temenos, mainly along the west and north temencs walls. Possibly these small objects of iron and bronze, faience and glass beads, scarabs, etc. Were hung up on the hurdlefence of the temenos enclosure and on the wooden posts of the shelter along the temenos wall.

The majority of the ex cotos were found in the way described above. The cult object itself, the oral stone No. 938 , was found clese by the altar whence it had tumbled down.

It has been shown that the majority of the sculptures of Periods +-6 were found approximately in situ. Thare is one exception from this. In Syuares C-FF: $-\neq$ there was found a stratum of broken sculptures used as a substructure for the floor of the cult chapel of Period 7. It is thus evident that the buiders of this chapel extracted some sculptures from the mass of them in the earlier sanctuary ruined at that time and used them for the purpose mentioned. It may be assumed that the seulptures nearest at hand, i. e., those on the highest


Fig. 296. Ajia Irini. Sculptures in Squares I-J:9-10.


Fig. 297. Ajia Irini. Sculptures in the substructure stratum of Squares D-E: 3 .
level, were the object of this plundering and so it seems a priori most probable that the majority of the sculptures found in this substructure belong to Period 6, but, on the other hand, sculptures of Periods $4-5$, too, may be represented there as well (ct. below, Relative Chronology).

It was shown in the description of the layers that a layer of white lime-earth covered the sculptures around the altar (Layer 3 B). This layer, as shown by the stratification (cf. Section IV), is contemporary with the floor of Period 7. It is thus erident that the people who extracted some of the sculptures to serve as a substructure for the floor of the sanctuary of Period 7 levelled the place by means of this layer of lime-earth.

The objects of Period 7 were all found in the culture stratum of that period.

## RELATIVE CHRONOLOGY

The finds will now be assigned to their respective periods on the basis of their levels and other conditions of finds, as stated in detail in the previous pages. The finds in the culture strata are thus assigned to respective periods on the basis of their levels. The finds in the lower foundation deposit by the altar are assigned to Period 2, and those in the upper foundation deposit to Period 3, as given in the Conditions of finds. As regards the chrono$\operatorname{logy}$ of the finds on the waste-heap in Squares $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{L}: 6-7$, it has been shown above that this is a more intricate matter to settle. A mechanical interpretation of the stratigraphic conditions will certainly be misleading. It was shown that there are indications that a part of the sculptures found in this waste-heap and on the floor of Period 4 belongs to the stock of ex cotos of Period 3 which, at the beginning of Period 4, were transferred to the floor of Period + . In order to distinguish these transferred sculptures of Period 3 from the majority of sculptures of Period 4 , found on the same floor, we are thus referred to
typological criteria; and, accordingly, I have entered in the diagram of Period 3 those of the sculptures in question which have no stylistic connection with the other sculptures of Period 4, i. e., Type 1 of the small and large, human idols, Types 3 and 4 of the animal statuettes and Type I of the minotaur statuettes.

A few words must be added as regards the attribution to Period 5 and 6 of the minor objects found within the area N. of Section VII. These objects, like all the others, have been attributed to the periods in question on the evidence of their levels, but, as shown by the stratigraphical description above, p. 658, the level between the strata of Periods 5 and 6 is largely blotted out within this area by the alluvium of the flood of Layer 4. It is therefore possible that some of the objects have floated about and were removed from their original levels. An indication, however, that the original levels are generally preserved is given by the fact that the objects were found at distinct, continuous levels and no objects were found in the earth between. As no sculptures of importance were found within this area and the minor objects in question, on the whole, are of the same types within Periods 5 and 6 any possible mistake in their attribution to one of thesc periods is of no chronological importance.

It should be noted that of a few sculptures (Nos. $1693+2083,2069+2087$ ) which were found in a broken state, some parts were found on the level of Period + (Nos. 1693 and 2069) while other parts (Nos. 2083 and 2087) were found on the level of Period 5. In the case of No. $2069+2087$ this fact seems to be best explained by assuming that the head of the sculpture (No. 2087) was broken off in the time of Period 5 and then naturally dropped on to the level of that period. As regards the ring dancers' group No. $1693+$ 2083, an explanation is more hazardous. It may, however, be suggested that a part of the broken group (No. 2083) happened to be extracted from its original place when the floor of Period 5 was levelled on top of the flood layer of Period 4. In any case, these occasional, stratigraphic peculiarities cannot affect the generally strict evidence of the stratification.

There remains the chronology of the sculptures found in the substructure stratum of the floor of Period 7. It has been pointed out in the Condition of finds that it is, a priori, most probable that the majority of the sculptures found in this substructure belong to Period 6, but that sculptures of Pericds $4-5$, too, may be represented there. Of these sculptures, I have therefore assigned those types which are unrepresented among the sculptures of Periods $4-5$, i. e., sculptures of Style VII, to Period 6, by the same method of elimination mentioned above.

The sculptures which thus are dated on typological evidence are put in brackets in the diagrams.

Finally, it is to be obsersed that fragments are entered in the diagrams only if their style or type can be determined with certainty, and that only the total number of the small statuettes, not each single specimen, are registered. This was necessary for practical reasons, on account of the great mass of small statuettes of some of their types.

In accordance with these principles, the finds are assigned to their respective periods, as shown by the following diagrams:



By the aid of these diamams the chromanan sumance of the different types of objects 1s edsily distingushahte.

Bronze der potery is characteristio on Prat 1 . The postery clases represented are: Base-rines Ilain White Hand-made, Ilan! Wiate Whecl-made, and Coarse Ware.
 found, and in Period 3 one specimen on P1, Wh Wh 111 and another of Plain White IV.




 types of pottor! are represented: Whate Pasma and Bathrome IV V. Black-on-Red II (IV) III (S), Bichrome Ral II N゙っRu! hla IHIN: Blach Polishod, Plain White



 these of 'rype IV hate decredsed, so that the de ath specimens of Type $V$ and only 4 specimens of Type IV .




| Type 1 | Type 2 | Type 3 | T!p. + |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Period 4 |  |  |  |
| Perrox ; | $\underbrace{\substack{-3 \\-3}}_{10+1,208+21+1}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1031.8051 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Perrod 6 | ${ }^{8}+$ | ${ }^{3+}{ }^{\text {908 }}$ - ${ }_{-2}$ | \%o: |
| Period ${ }_{\text {4 }}$-6. |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Uncertain } \\ & \text { period } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{-1}$ |  |  |



Objects of terracotta, faience, glass, stone, bone, ani gliptle:


The chronological sequence of the different steles of the terracotta scuptures shows that all the sculptures of Style 1 , both Class A and B, betone to Period $f$. (If the sculptures of Style II, these of Class $A$ are only found in Period + , white those of Cldse B, represented by the statue No. 2102, continue in Period; This is an indication that the sealptures of Class $B$ found in Period + belones to the latter part of that period.

The sculptures of Styles $I I I$ and IV show approximately the same distrhution and mas therefore be considered to be approximately contemporary. Scuptures of Class it of these styles occur already in Period + but continue in Period 5 , which indicatces that the sculptures of Period + belong to the latter part of that period. The majority of the seulptures of Class B belong to Period 5 ; only two sculptures of style 1 ll and one sculpture of Style IV can be assigned to Period $f$ and one sculpture of stak IN to Period 6. This shows that the sculptures of Class B belonging to Period + shouhd be assisned to the very end of the period; the stries reached their zenith in Period 5 , and style IV continued until the beginning of Period 6. As only one sculpture of Stsle N , Clase B, heloness to Period $f$, and this class, on the other hand, contimes until the bewimine of Period 6 , where no sculptures of Style III are represented, it seems to he indicated that style IV, though on the whole contemporary with Style III, is of a slightly later date than the latter.

Of Style $V$ only one sculpture is represented, and that belones to Period 5 .
The sculptures of Style VI do not appear before Period 5 and continue in Period 6 . An equal number of sculptures is represented in both these periods, which indicates that the zenith of the style fell within the latter part of Period 5 and the carls part of Pericd 0 .

Sculptures of Style VII are characteristic of Period 6. All the sculptures found in situ belong to that period. In accordance with the principle mentioned athose, p.sis, I hate therefore assigned those sculptures, which were not found in situ, to the same perioth. It is of course possible that some of these seulptures belone to the end of period s. hut unth a sculpture of this style is found in a stratum contemporar! with that of Pervied $s$, it is as a matter of principle more correct to assign them to Period 6.

Of the four bronze statuettes, No. 2029, which typologicalls is the carlient, betomes w Period 3, while the others date from Period 4 .

Of the stone sculptures, the single specimen of style 1 was found in a stratum of leriod 6, but this type of sculpture, though continuing in Puriod 6, scems to be puite as carl! as those of Style II which belong to Period fand may have hecn removed from the stratum of Period f. As only one specimen of style I was fomed, it is not possible to determine its chronological sequence.

The stone sculptures of Styles $H I$ and IV belons to Period - .
Let us now examine the chronological sequence of the animal and minotaur statucttes. Of the animal statucttes. Type 1 is characteristic of Period 1: Type 2 occurs in Period 2 :
 Types 6-10 are found in Period 4 and occasionally in the subsequent periods. 'lype i of the minotaur statuettes is represented alread 10 Period 2: P!pes 2 and 3 are found in Period 4 , and a single specimen of 'lype 2 dates from Period 5.

If we examine the chronological sequence of the small, human idols of terracota, we find that the statuettes of Type 1 and the seated figure of Type 12 date from Period 3. Types 2,3 , 10, 13, it occur only in Period + , but so very few of them were found that it cannot be determined if they are restricted to that period alone. The bulk of the statuettes of Types 4 and $I_{5}$ belong to Period 4 : of Type 4 there is only one specimen found in Period 5 and of Type 15 one specimen dates from Period 5 and another from Period $4-6$. We have seen that Type + of the small statuettes is only a small size variety of Type 2 of the large statuettes. Their diagram shows the bulk of them to belong to Period 4 , and only a few specimens are found in Periods 5 and 6 . This fact corroborates the chronological sequence of Type + of the small statuettes, and we are therefore justified inferring that statuettes of Type + went almost out of fashion after Period 4 , and were only sporadically used in the subsequent periods. The same holds good for Type 15 (the chariot statuettes). The remaining types of small statuettes, Types $5-9$ are represented from Period 4 to Period 6 and Type in in Period 6. Types 8, 9, and in are few in number; Types 6 and 7 are rather frequent, and Type 5 is commonest of all. There is, however, a remarkable decrease in the number of the statuettes of Types 5 and 7 after Period 4 , while the contrary is the case with the statuettes of Type 6: in Period 4 there are 1352 specimens of Type 5 and only 15 of Type 6, while the latter are in majority in Period 6, where there are 58 specimens of Type 6 as against 41 of Type 5 . We are thus justified to consider Type 5 as the paramount type in Period 4 and Type 6 as characteristic of Period 6. Type 16, finally, is represented by a single specimen in Period 7 .

We now proceed to the chronological sequence of the large, human idols, and find that statuettes of Type I are characteristic of Period 3. while the other types, i. e., Types $2^{2-4}$, are represented from Period 4 to Pericd 6. After Period 4 , however, there is a noticeable decrease in number of these types. The explanation of this phenomenon seems to be that after Period $\&$ the larger statuettes were usually so much influenced by the styles of the contemporary art sculptures, that we are able to determine their stylistic character, and, as a matter of fact, it turns out that many of the sculptures assigned above to the different styles of art sculpture are figures of the size of the large idols.

The chronological sequence of the objects of iron, bronze, terracotta, faience, glass, stone, and bone is generally less conspicuous on account cf the small number of specimens of each type. It may be summed up as follows. Objects of iron are not represented in Period 1. Bronze arrow-heads of Type 1, spindle-whorls of terracotta, axe-heads, and grinders of stone, on the other hand, are characteristic of this period. Lamps and coins of bronze do not appear before Period 7. All the other types of the different classes of objects in question are either represented in Periods 4,5 , and 6 , or occur sporadically- in one or two of these periods. The same holds good for the seals and cylinders. The scarabs begin to appear in Period 3 and are very numerous in Periods 4,5 , and 6.

## ABSOLLTE CHRONOLOGY

Finally, we have to assign absolute dates to each period. The dating material is afforded herc, as everywhere else, by the pottery. Besides the rases found in the different strata and registered in the diagrams if each period, numerous potsherds from the same strata have been examined for the putpose of corroborating the chronological evidence. A classification of these potsherds in a statistical list is given below. It is to be observed that potsherds from Period I are not included in this list, as they consisted almost entirely of Plain White Ware, which, in its fragmentary state, as explained above, p. 619, can only occasionally be reliably determined. Noreover, the date of Period 1 is indisputably fixed by the rases found in the stratum of that period (see Diagram of pottery). On the other hand, the three rases found in the strata of Periods $2-3$ (see Diagram) do not, in themselves, form conclusive, chronological eridence, and so the supplementary evidence of the potsherds is wanted. Periods -6 are well dated by the intact rases found in the strata of these periods (see Diagram) but the potsherds serve as additional, dating evidence.

In the statistical list of potsherds given below the square, level or stratum of each series are indicated.




bilui：the flows of $P_{\text {L }}$ White Pantad 1－II．．．．．．6
mi．．$f$ White Panted III ． 11
（Persmas）Black－on－Red I（III）．． 3
Biack Shp I－II ．．．و
Black ilip III ． 1
Red silp I（IH）．3
Stratum＂
Syuare Of
Whate Pranted III ．3
White Panted IV ． 5

Stiatum
Perıed 4

（Perrod + ）

Stratum＂
（Perood 4）

Stratum 9
（Period 4

Strutum 0
（1＇crucd＋）

Stratum 5
（1eriud 6）
sthatum 5
（Periond 6）

Sl，ciam 5
（Perood 6）

Buchrome［V ．．．．．．．． 2
Black－on－Rul I（III）． 2
Black－on－Red II（IV）．．． 6
Black－on－Red III（V）．．． 3
Hyuare（）$\quad$ ．
Whate Pantad III ．．．．I
White Panted IV．．． 1
Bachrome IV ．．．＋
Black－on－Re：1I（IV）．． 2
Square（）＂．
Whate Painted III ．．．． 3
White Pantad IV ．．．．． 6
Bachrome If ．．．． 2
Buchrome V ．．．． 2
Black－on－Red 11（1V）．．It
Square $R+$
White Panted Ill ． 2
White Panted IV ．．．If
White 1＇anted 「．．．
Bichrome IV ．．． 2
Black－on－Red I（III）．．I
Black－on－Rat II（IV）． 3
Red Slip 111 （V）．．．i
（irey Polished ．．．．．I
Aquare R 5 ．
White Panted IV．．． 7
White Panted $\mathrm{T}^{\circ}$ ．I
Bichrome IV ．．． 3
Bichronie V ．．． 2
Black－on－Red II（IV）．． 2
Cite！Polished ．． 2
Syuare $R$
White Panted IV ．．．I2
White Panted $\mathrm{V}^{\circ}$ ． 2
Bichrome IV ．．． 5
Ked shp If－II（IV゚－V）．．．I
Square $0+$
White Painted IV ．．．． 7
Whate Panted V ．．．I
Bichrome IV ．．． 2
Bichrome V．．．．．．．．．+
Squarto
Whate Panted IV．．．．． 2
White Panted V＇．．．．．．．． 8
＂lonian＂Ware ．．．．．3
$\rightarrow$ 勺uare（）
White P＇anted IV ．．． 5
White Painted V．．．．．．．． 12
Bichrome IV ．．．．．．．．．．I
Bichrome IV－ $\mathrm{V}^{-}$．． 1
＂Ioman＂Ware ．． 2

On the basis of the vases of pottery found in the respective culture strata, as shown by the diagrams, and the supplementary evidence of the stratificed series of potsherds registered above, we are now able to assign absolute dates to the periods.

Period I is characterized by pottery typical of Late Cypriote III: Bese-riry, Plain White Wheel-made, and Plain White Hand-made. The Base-ring jug (No. 2\%73) is, late in t!pe, and the Plain White specimens are of the types represented in Late Cypriote III. Period I thus dates from Late Cypriote III.

The potsherds of Period 2 consist altogether of Iron Age wares. 'The majority are of Types I-II: White Painted I-II and Black Slip I-II. A considerable number of sherds, however, are of Type III: White Painted and Bichrome III, Black-on-Red I (III) and Red Slip I (III). The number of sherds of Type III increases in the upper part of the stratum of Period 2: in the debris just below the floor of Period 3 the sherds of 'Iype III are in majority. On the other hand, a homogeneous stratum, containing only of sherds of Types I-II, was found in Square O 12 : this stratum consisted of waste material thrown out on the encircling earth-wall (Wall $\ddagger \mathrm{I}$ ) of the temenos of Period 2 and evidently represents the remains of a clearing away of accumulated sacrificial waste. As only potsherds of Types I-II, but none of Type III, were represented in this stratum, it seems evident that the clearing away took place before Cypro-Geometric III, i. e., Period 2 began in Cypro-Geometric I-II, most probably already in Cypro-Geometric I. True, no layer or deposit, containing only pottery of Type I, has been found, but, on the other hand, there is no evidence of a long time having elapsed between the end of Period $I$ and the beginning of Period 2. On the contrary, the fact that the Late Cypriote III sanctuary was purposely covered at the beginning of Period 2 with a thick laver of red earth resting immediately on the debris of the sanctuary indicates that the temenos of Period 2 succeeded the Bronze Age sanctuary without a long, intermediate period. Furthermore, the finds of Period 2 are few, and the culture stratum is rather thin. The cult was thus poor and on a small scale during this period. In consequence of this, the culture earth aecumulated slowly and a considerable time is represented by a thin accumulation of culture earth. Remains from different times were, thercfore, easily mingled and this would explain why no culture earth or deposit containing only pottcry of 'Type I, i. e., representing CyproGeometric I, could be observed. If the evidence, therefore, is in favour of the supposition that Period 2 began already in Cypro-Geometric I, the potsherds of Type III found on the altar and in considerable quantities in the filling below the floor of Period 3, show that the period lasted until about the middle of Cypro-Geometric III.

Within Period 3, two sub-pcriods may be distinguished: Periods 3 A and B. Period 3 A is represented by the potsherds collected from about $10-20 \mathrm{~cm}$. below the floor of Period 4, i. e., in the earth immediately above the original floor of Period 3; Period 3 l by the potsherds collected from about $0-10 \mathrm{~cm}$. below the floor of Period + , i. e., in the earth on the successively raised floor-lcrel of Period 3. In Period $3 A$, the potsherds consist of a majority of Type III, a few specimens of Types I-II and stray sherds of Type IV. In Period 3 B there are only stray sherds of Type II, a decreased majority of 'lype III,
and an increased number of Type IV. The stray sherds of Type IV in the earth of Period 3 A and the stray sherds of Type II in the earth of Period 3 B show that these lower and upper parts of the stratum of Pericd 3 are, for the same reasons as explained abore, not stratigraphically pure, but the decrease of the earlicr pottery types and the increase of the later specimens in the upper part of the stratum is significant. The ecmbination of pottery types characteristic of this upper part of the stratum, i. e., a misture of Types III and IV, is typical of the early part of Cypro-Archaic $I$, and we are thus justified in assigning the beginning of Pericd 3 to about the middle of Cypro-Geometric III, and its close to about the middle of Cypro-Archaie I.

Period 4 is represented by stray specimers of 'Type III, a majority of Type IV and a few specimens of Type $V$. These latter show that the pericd lasted until the beginning of Cypro-Archaic II. Consequently, the period covered the time from the middle of CyproArchaic I to the beginning of Cypro-Archaic II.

Period 5 is represented by a great number of vases of Type IV and a majority of Type V. This combination of pottery types assigns the end of the period to about the middle of Cypro-Archaic II. Thus the period covered the time from shortly after the beginning of Cypro-Archaic II to about the middle of that epoch.

Period 6 is represented by a few specimens of Type IV and a majority of Type V, assigning this period to the later part of Cyprc-Archaic II. It is to be cbserved, however, that the latest phase of Cypro-Archaic II is not represented. This is proved by the small quantity of Types IV and the fact that, among the pottery, the latest specimens of Types $V$ are unrepresented. A comparison with the tomb-groups of Marion from Cypro-Archaic II B will make this clear.

The latest stage of Cypro-Archaic II B, represented by e. g. Tombs 26, 50, 66 (Pls. XLVI, LX, LXXI) has not been reached by the Ajia Irini pottery of Period 6. As the end of Cypro-Archaic II may be assigned to c. 475 B.C. (see Vol. IV), we are thus justified in assigning the end of Period 6 to $510-500$ B.C. This date is further supported by the pottery finds in the filling outside Wall 3 in Idalion (cf. pp. 624 ff .). This filling may be assigned to about 500 B.C. and, as shown by the Statistical list of pottery, p. 624, contained approximately the same ccmbination of pottery types as those represented in Period 6 at Ajia Irini.

Finally, we have to consider the dating evidence of the scarabs.
Scarabs are sometimes used by classical archaeologists for dating purposes in a way that does not seem to be safe, because a single scarab found in a tomb or a stratum of a settlement is very often considered to afford a safe dating for the tomb or stratum which are assigned to the same time as the scarab. The scarabs found in Ajia Irini - and the same holds good for those found in Idalion and Amathus, too, - show the great peril of such a method of dating. The dates of these scarabs given by Prof. Newberry and Dr. Pieper in Appendices I and II prove that scarabs from the Hyksos pericd and the XVIIIth Dyn. down to the XXVIth Dyn. were found in the same laver in Ajia Irini. The scarabs from the XXVIth Dyn. are naturally decisive from a chronological point of view. Supposing,
however, that by chance only one or two scarabs, e. g., from the Hykses period, had been found in this same layer one can easily see that it would be wrong to assign the period represented by this layer to the Hyksos period. Both the solid material of many scarabs and their use as seals and amulets make them long-lived, and it is therefore no wonder if earlier and later scarabs are found in the same laver. On the other hand, such extremities as Hyksos and XVIlth Dyn. scarabs found in the same layer as scarabs from the XXVIth Dyn. cannot be explained by the assumption that the former scarabs have been in use for one millenium when they were brought as ex rotos in the Ajia Irini temenos. Various explanations may be put forward. It scems probable that the scarabs in question were found occasionally, or by treasurc-hunters, centuries after their fabrication and then put on the market again. Be that as it may: the fact is that only the find of a number of scarabs sufficient to evade a selection pointing in a wrong direction, can be considered as a safe means of dating. From this point of view, the great number of scarabs found in Ajia Irini must be considered as sufficient and the latest specimens found in every layer must be considered as a reliable dating material for the laver in question. If this be admitted, it must still be borne in mind that the scarabs can very often be dated only within a large space of time, except those bearing the name of a king, if they can be proved to be from his time and not later imitations. Scarabs admitting such an exact date are almost entirely missing among these of the Ajia Irini specimens which are the latest and therefore of decisive chronological value, $i$. e., those of the XXVIth Dyn. Among these, only one scarab (No. 27 I 8 ) bears the name of a king of that Dynasty (Psamtek I, cf. Appendix I, No. 27I8). The chronological value of the scarabs lies, therefore, mainly in the fact that they give a terminus post quem: the period represented by a stratum with datable scarabs cannot be earlier than the scarabs in questicn. Such a fixed point is, however, of a great chronological value: the minute chronology can then be cobtained by the stratigraphic series of pottery.

If we examine the scarabs from this chronological point of view we find that no scarabs were found in a stratum earlier than Period 3, and only three scarabs belong to that period. These, however, afford an excellent terminus post qutm. No. 2030 can be assigned to the Aethiopian period and both Nos. I 729 and 2760 date from about 700 B.C. (see Appendix II), which assigns Pericd 3 to the 7 th century B.C. As Pericd 3 on the exidence of the pottery covers the later part of Cypro-Geometric III and the early part of Cypro-Archaic I, this dating is entirely in accordance with that of the pottery (see Vol. IV).

The majority of the scarabs belongs to Pericds 4 and 5 , and a considerable number to Period 6. The latest scarabs - and therefore decisive from a chronological point of view - found in the strata of these periods belong to the SXVIth Dyn. It is therefore evident that Period 4 must be dated later than the beginning of the XXVIth Dyn., i. e., later than 663 B.C. On the evidence of the pottery, Period + covers the later part of Cypro-Archaic I, and the beginning of Cypro-Archaic II, as shown above. The dating evidence of the scarabs is consequently entirely in accordance with that of the pottery in this case, too (see Vol. IV).

There remains the chronology of Period 7. The finds of this period are undoubtly Hellenistic, but they are few in number and most of them insignificant; it is therefore difficult to fix the exact limits within the Mellenistic period. It is rory much to be regretted that only a very few, undatable potsherds wore found. We thus have to recourse to the other finds. Two decipherable bronze coins, one (No. 227\%) assignable to Ptolemaeus Philometor and the othcr (No. 2287) to Augustus ( 26 B. C.) would indicate a date of the first century B. C. (cf. Obj. Register). The strle of the sculpture No. 2513 is in accordance with this date, because it is a representative of Strle II of the sculpture from the temple of Aphrodite in Soli and this style can be assigned to the first century B. C. ${ }^{3}$ The bronze lamp (No. 2266) may be assigned to the end of the third or beginning of the sccond centuries B. C. and does, therefore, not contradict this dating as, on account of its material, it may have been in use for a long time when deposited among the ex cotos in the sanctuary. Only the style of the sculptures Nos. 2197, 2274, 2494 seems to be incompatible with the dating suggested on the evidence of the stylistic development of the sculpturcs found in Soli, because sculptures of this style are only represented among those of Style I in Soli and they can be assigned to about 200 B . C. ${ }^{4}$ We have therefore to reckon with two possibilities. Either the cult of the Ajia Irini sanctuary of Period 7 began already before $200 \mathrm{~B} . \mathrm{C}$. and lasted for more than one century with a sporadic offering of a small number of $e x$ zotos, or we have to admit that the evidence of the stylistic development of sculpture has no absolute bearing upon the whole of Cyprus, but in remote and rustic districts, such as Ajia Irini was during this period, the old sculptural technique survired some time after it was abandoned in the more central districts. Be that as it mar; the fact is that at least the lower chronological limit for Period 7 of the Ajia Irini sanctuary can be fixed to the later part of the first century B. C.

## SUMIMIARI

The cult in the sanctuary at Aija Irini began in the last period of the Bronze Age, in Late Cypriote III, and lasted until the last quarter of Cypro-Archaic II, with a poor revival in the first century B. C., after about 400 years of oblivion*.

In Late Cypriote III the sanctuary consisted of a complex of rectangular houses with walls built of mud-brick on solid stone foundations of rubble. The houses are built in isolated blocks along the sides of a large, open court. The western and northern houses seem to have served as living rooms for the priest and store rooms. The central and southern houses served cult purposes, the central building being the cult-house proper. It consists of two rooms separated by an angular wall. In these rooms all the cult requisites were found: offering tables of stone slabs, large pithoi, jugs, bowls, a cult-axe of stone, pestles and grirders, spindle-whorls of stone, a bronze arrow-head, a terracotta bull, and

[^16] postulates a comparson with sumbar cult places and finds in (yprus and other countres, and this will be given in a in Ana Irini his silreadv been published br Mr Ep Sionvist tres, a description of the historice development of the cult
 obtaned by the recult of the excavation will he given, toyether with a the cult Here only a summary of the facts

a group of pebbles of various shapes and colours. The cult thus shows a close resemblance to that of Idalion in Late Cypriote III (cf. above pp. 593 ff .). This cult is a typical agrarian cult with the worship of deities protecting the creps and cattle, filling the store-rooms with corn, wine, olives, honey, and other regetables. To these deitics products of this kind were offered: the olive stones found in Idalion are remains of olives offered; the grinders and pestles found both in Idalion and A,ia Irini point in the same direction. The jugs and bowls are evidently libation vases, and the pithoi rcceptacles for libations. The spindle-whorls, the arrow-head, and the terracotta bull are other votive offerings. The cult object itself was not found (cf. pp. 797 ff.). The terracotta bull cannot be the cult object as shown by the condition of finds in Idalion where five terracotta bulls werc found. As pointed out by Sjöqvist the cult object must be a single specimen, and the close resemblance of the Ajia Irini cult to that of Idalion makes it necessary to interpret the single terracotta bull in Ajia Irini in the same way as the five bulls in Idalion, i. e., as a votive offering. The bull statuette among the $c x$ rotos seems to indicatc that the deity was conceived in the shape of a bull in the religious ideas of the worshippers and this is entirely in accordance with the character of the cult as a fertility cult: the idea of the bull as a representative of the power of fertility is widely spread.

As there are no traces of the cult-ohject, two explanations are possible: it has been destroyed or removed. As has been shown above, p. 809 , the cult-object in the later temenos was an oval stone. It has already been suggestad by Sjöqvist that this stone was originally the cult-object in the Late Cypriote III cult-chapel and that it was removed succesively to the subsequent sanctuaries. I find this suggestion rery plausible in view of the obvious continuity of the cult. The Late Cypriote III sanctuary was not destroyed at the beginning of the Iron Age but intentionally covered with a thick layer of sterile, red earth, as made clear above by the stratification ( p .67 I ). This preservation of the earlier sanctuary, which proves the piety towards the earlier cult entertained by the later worshippers makes it probable that the sacred cult-object was preserved, teo, and used by them. As has been shown (pp. 803 ff .) such a removal of the sacred objects and their transfer from an carlier to a later sanctuary happened more than once in the subsequent periods: I am thinking here of the removal of some of the bull statuettes from the temenos of Period 2 to the altar of Period 3 and from the temenos of Period 3 to that of Period 4 (cf. below). Such a preservation of an old cult-object and its transfer to subsequent sanctuaries is a natural and common practice of which there is ample and well-known cridence.

It is equally well known that the idea of stones being the abode of the power of fertility is widely spread. The use of a stone as a cult-object is, therefore, in this case in accordance with the general character of the cult. That at the same time this power of fertility in the religious ideas of the worshippers might be conceived in the shape of a bull, as a representative of this power, is easily understood.

As mentioned above, the Late Cypriote III sanctuary was covered by a thick layer of sterile, red earth, and on top of the same the new sanctuary was crected. This was of quite another type. Instead of the closed and roofed-in house-chapel, with the adjoining houses
forming a rectangular and geomutrically planned complex, there is now an open temenos of an irregular, oval shape, surrounded by a periboles wall of red carth. A low altar was built in the temencs and close by a libation table for fluid offerings was placed.

The majority of the ex rotos consists of terracotta bulls which originally were placed around the altar. This was covered with a layer of ash, carbonized matter, and animal boncs. Waste material of the same kind was found in the bothroi of Squares $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N}_{13}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O}:$ 10-12, indicating that the remains of the sacrifices were removed from the altar and buried there.

From this we may infer that the cult remained a cult of fertility and the deity was still conceived in the shape of a bull. Apart from the change of the type of sanctuary there is also a change of the rite. In the Late Cypriote sanctuary only blccdless sacrifices were performed while the remains of animal bones among the sacrificial waste in the Geometric temencs gives evidence of sacrifices of animals in the cult.

This Geometric temenos lasted to the middle of Cypro-Gcometric III, at which time the temencs was subject to new but not very radical arrangements. The old temenos area remained the same as before; the periboles wall of earth was only heightened, and the earlier altar replaced by a new altar in the shape of a rectangular pillar. The old ex atos of terracotta bulls were removed from the earlicr altar and placed in a deposit around the new altar. Other waste material from the sacrifices was buried in bothroi or thrown on waste-heaps, and the central part of the temencs covered with a laver of white earth, corresponding to the covering of the remains of the Late Cypriote III sanctuary with red earth in the beginning of the Cypro-Geometric pericd.

The majority of the ex cotos deposed in this new temenos consists of three classes of statuettes: animal statuettes, minotaur statuettes, and human figures. Besides, a few other objects: pottery, scarabs, a bead, an amulet, and a stone mace-head were found among the ex rotos. Some of the animals are of the same type as in the carlier temenos, others are of slightly modified types. Some of the bulls and minotaurs have snakes writhing along the neck and back. The snake as an animal of fertility appears here in connection with the bull.

The minotaurs are composed of a bull's body and a human torso and head. They are represented as adorants naturally of the deity worshipped, and are therefore to be interpreted as representatives of the swarm of nature daemons which are reduced to the position as attendants on the single god, when such a god was created out of the mass of daemons.

This indicates that the strictly theriomorphous conception of the deity had been substituted by an anthropomorphic idea of the same.

The human figures are, as a rule, represented as adorants too. They are the first figures of the worshippers themselves who in the subsequent periods developed into the great art sculpture of Cypro-Archaic I and II. Both in cult and art the anthromorphic idea begins to appear. The great majority armed figures among the votive sculptures, the chariot statuettes, etc., indicate that the god was a god of war as well as a god of fertility: he had developed to a theos sosopolis.

The rites seem to have remained the same as in the earlier temenos as far as evidence goes. Remains of waste material from the sacrifices consisting of ash, carbonized matter,
and animal bones mixed witl: poisherds were found in different places within the temenos, as shown by the description of the stratification.

This temenos was in use until about the middle of Cypro-Arehaic I and thus covers the end of the Geometric and beginning of the Arehaic perieds, when a new temencs was planned on top of it. The eontinuity of the cult is clearly shown by the fact that some of the ex cotos were removed to the level of the new temenos, while others were buried in the upper sacrificial filling around the altar above the earlier deposit. This new temenos inaugurates the great period of the Ajia Irini sanctuary. It lasted from the middle of Cypro-Archaic I to the beginning of Cypro-Arehaic II. The same altar as in the period bofore was still in use, but the temencs was widened and attained a size of about fo.0 $30.0 . \mathrm{m}$. A new periboles wall of rubble, covered with a hurdle-fence, was built around the temenos thus enlarged. The entrance was either in the $N$. E. corner, where it opened in the subsequent temencs, or pessibly in the N.W. corner of the temenos. In its south part an enclosure of two small, rectangular rooms was erected. This seems to have been an enclosure for sacted trees which is ir dicated by an analysis of the structure of the building, the compesitic of the carth found within it and a comparison with Minoan parallels which must have been such enclosurcs (ef. p. 672).

The cult was performed according to the inherited scheme, and remains of the sacrifices were accumulated in different places within the temenos, especially in the N.W. part, on top of the carlicr sacrificial remains at this place in the temencs of Puriod 3, as shown by the stratigraphic description. Details in the cult are raturally unknown, but from finds of some figures with a bull's mask on their heads we may infer that the pricsts used to wear such a mask when performing some of the ritual ceremonies, and the finds of a great number of figurines with tamburines and flutes seem to indicate that music on these instruments played also a part of these ceremonies.

The bull's mask as part of the ritual dress shows that the old theriomorphous symbols survived in the cult, though the god was now most probably conceived in an anthropomorphic form. We do not know his name, as no inseriptions were found. The ex zotos, on the other hand, give evidence of the new development. Nost of them consist of terracotta sculptures. These were arranged in concentric semicircles around the altar in such a way that the smalkest statuettes were placed nearest the altar, the larger statucttes and small statues behind these, and the life-size statues further back and forming the hackground of the mass of sculptures. From a religious point of riew these seulptures are only ex rotos commemorating an offering made to the god. Very often the figures carry a buck, some other quadruped, or objects of other kinds in their hands. From an artistic point of riew the sculptures divide into two main classes: idol plastic and art sculptures. Sculptures of the former class are only sacred ohjects, purely votive offerings, without any artistic intentions; the sculptures of the latter class are cx cotos which at the same time are products of art, marked by a distinet style. The different styles of these sculptures and their stratigraphic attribution to the strata of the suecessively raised levels of the sanetuary have been studied in detail above, pp. Fit fit

Apart from the sculptures, the ex cotos consisted of objects of other kinds, first and foremost scarabs, and minor objects of iron, bronze, faience, glass, stone, and bone. These were found mainly on the floor of shelters erected along the $W$. and $N$. peribolos walls. Remains of animal bones, shells, and periwinkles found on the same floor may be interpreted as remains of ritual meals. It is then possible that the scarabs and the other minor objects were hung in these shelters in commemoration of the meals.

In the beginning of Cypro-Archaic II the temenos was inundated by a flood which covered it with an allurial layer of sand and gravel. The floor of the new temenos was levelled on top of this alluvium, and new peribolos walls were built on top of the earlier ones, or slightly outside the same, and a new entrancc with a staircase of well dressed blocks was opened in the N.E. corner of the temenos. Nothing else was changed, either in architecture, or in cult. The sculptures, which had not tumbled down altogether, covered by the alluvial sand, were left in their original position, so that their bases were below the new floor-level, on which new sculptures and other ex cotos were placed.

Another flood inundated this temenos at about the middle of Cypro-Archaic II, but did not cause much damage. Part of the tree-enclosure, howercr, was destroyed and repaired, and the floor of the last and fifth of the Archaic temene was placed on top of the alluvial layers of the flood. The cult remained the same. The cult object, the oval stone No. 938 , which probably had been used as such from the beginning, was found close to the altar from which it had tumbled down.

New rotive sculptures were deposed on the raised level of the temenos and the earlier sculptures, as before, were left in their original position, so that the small statuettes standing on the floor of the Cypro-Archaic I temenos must have been entirely corered by the allurium and the larger sculptures almost entirely, or up to the breast, or waist, dependent on their height.

At the begirning of the final phase of Cypro-Archaic II, $510-500 \mathrm{~B} . \mathrm{C} .$, a third flood inundated the temenos. This flood was the severest of all, and after this destruction the temenos was abandoned, and the place was not occupied until the ist century B. C. when a poor revival of the cult took place. The surface was levelled, some of the broken sculptures were used as substructure for the floor of the new shrine then erected, and the central area around the altar was covered with a thick layer of lime-earth.

The shrine was built between the earlier temenos wall and the enclosure. It is rectangular in shape, and was probably hypaethral.

The cult was very poor and no remains of sacrifices or traces of an altar were left. $E x$ zotos of a few insignificant specimens of a crude and rustic sculpture, a bronze lamp, coins, etc., are the only finds.

When this poor aftermath decayed, as it secms, at the beginning of our era, oblivion descended over the place; sand and soil accumulated; it turned gradually into a field and remained such until one day, in November, 1929, Papa Prokopios made the discovery that he grew his corn on top of terracotta sculptures.
E. G.

## AMATHUS

## TOMB +

1. Scarab of steatite, fincly cut back with loops for ring. On base meaningless signs in rude work. Encircling line.
2. Searab of blue paste. On base, incised lotus flowers. Style of Middle XVIIIth Dỵn., but from material probably SXVIth Dyn.
3. Scarab of steatite, glazed. On base, incision representing 12 lotus flowers emerging from one side of the scarab.
4. Scarab of blue paste. On base, incision representing five lotus flowers, emerging from one side of the scarab.
ro. Scarab of steatite, glazed. On base, incision representing a horse with running man before it. Over its back a cartouche with the name Men-kheper-re (I'hutmes III). Nos. 8-Io might well be of the date of Thutmes III but the blue paste scarabs (Nos. 6 and 0) look as if they belonged to the XXVIth Dyn.
5. Oval-shaped seal of steatite, glazed. On base, two scroll signs on either side of an indecipherable sign. Niddle XVIIIth Dyn.
6. Scarab of steatite, glazed, with fincly cut back. On base, a cartouche with meaningless hieroglyphs surrounded by signs for "Health" (waz), Horus, and Horus-eve. Probably Middle NVIIIth Dy̧n. Copy of a IIyksos scarab, for the wings have the trianmulat mark upon them.

## TOMB 5

9. Oral plaque of steatite, white in colour. On base. cartouche with the name Men-kheper-re. Under it, indecipherable sign. This may well be Thutmes III (cf. No. io).
ıo. Scarab of steatite, glazed. White, whth rounded bati. On base, incised signs of which can be deciphered two signs for the crown of Lower Eerypt. Date: Thutmes III (cf. also No. 9).
10. Scarab of steatite, glazed. On base, incision of lying animal and over it a sign for "Beautiful" and pullar-sign.
11. Scarab of blue-glazed faience. Lion. On base, indecipherable siuns.
12. Scarab of whate steatate, glazed. On base, senseless hieroglyphs. Probably XIXth—XXth Iṣn.

TOMB 7
48. Scarab. On base, incision representing the qoddess of Truth and the uracus. I'osnbly Ramesonde.
r66. Scarab. On base, incision representing stameling man with outstretched arm before an uraeus. Such scarabs are very common and range from the Ramesode Period onwards.
184. Scarab. On base. heroglyphic inscription with the blundered name of Amon. Rest senseless. Ramessade or later.
185. Scarab. On base. a cartouche with the name of Men-kheper-re. Over 1t, a Hying bird (talcon:) with outstretched wongs. Such searabu are very common in Eerypt; most of them date from the reign of 'Thutmes III (he reigned $5+$ years), but some clate from the Ramesside Perrod and later timen.
$25 k$. Scarab. On base, inciown representong a kneeling man shooting a lion wath bow and arow. Ramesside Perrod.

## Tomb 8

1. Sicarab wibluc pate. On base. mased figure of the soddess of 'Truth (Mant) and uracus
2. Sacarab of steatite. On base, incesed cartouche with the name Nem-kheper-re (I'hutmes 111); on one sde of at. a fierure of the eroddess of 'liruth 'Thutmes III Period.
4 $\%$. Scarab of steatite, glazed, chipped. On base, inscraptoon: "llorus liviner eternally" (Her anhb zet).
143 Searab of steatate, bluce mlaged. (on base. representation of two anmals, one on the top of the other. The uppermost has its tal bent over its body, the lower one has an outstretched tail. Probably XIX-XXth Dyn

## тозib 9

6 Suatab, On bise incision representing sphins wath the sum, for " (;al" (neter) and "Fawor" (hes) Prob.hty X Klolth Dỹn.

63 Suarab. (on base, intwion representener an ichneumon and ab se it a sun-disc and a pellar-sign (mon). Such searabs are common in Egypt and date from the Sate Perus ct New-erre, Searahs. XLI. 26).
fot. ficat.ab. On bise incised erocudile and beneath meaningless haroglyphe Possibly Ramesside from the howli, but may be siate.
$6_{5}$ tarah. On base, incised hird and antelope. Abore the back of the antelope the suens for " Gud" (neter) and"Beaut! " (neferw). Such seals are known m Egypt frome the SVIIIth Din onwards.
$6,-$. Sarabset in a hronze funda. (On base, incision in two field, In the upper field, sphons wath uproght wings. In the lower feld, the goddess bekhmet recenving a seppref from the bing. Behond hmm, a man. Fine, deep blue paste sate Pernd
iso sicarab. On base, some meaningless heroglyphs. Appears to be of the Salte Period.
15母. Guab On bise, incison representing running antmas with uplifted tal From Ramesside Period onwards.

> TOMIB II
7.3 Sarab of stéatite, alazed. On base, meaninaless heroclyph.

76 seal, conc-shaped, of blue paste. On base. incision represintine walhing man wearing a high beaddress (On both sides of the man, scorfons watb upturned tials.

## Tomb I'

I\%. Fatence seaf of pale blue glaze On base, the prenomen of Amenophas III, Den-matat-re From style certain1!̣ later. XIXth Dẹn.?

## TUNIB 22

4. Rectangular plaque On top, a figure offlorusion hase, hlundeled matription gomer the name of Amen-re. Rameside Perkd or later

## TUMB 23

15. Scarab On base, a cartouche with meaningless signs flanked by Wyat ewe on exther mde.
16. This scarab bears the prenomen of Thutmes III. Such scarab, are very common in Egrpt; most of them date from the reign of that monarch, bat some date from the Ramesside Period and later times.
17. Scarab. Un top, a sphins, below it, the blundered name of Amen-re. Ramesside.
7s. Comical seal On hase, an ibes. Possihly as late as the Itolemanc Period.

## MARION

## томв $8:$

25. Sicarab of steatite, set in silver ring with funda. Finely cut back ()n bane a fisure (male) kneeling holdinar m both hand a sistrum ( $:$ ) ; hefore ham an ercet uraeu XIXth Dèn. or later.
26. ()all placque set in sher funda and riner. On bise, some heroclyphuc wana of which can be destineruished a j-siun and an a-sign.

27 Searah of steatite, set in silver ring Finely cut back. On base, the susns for "wn" (hlundered name of Cnasi) and underneath, the sumn for "as" (my) and a flying bird (khen). (There is a smmar scarah in Bologne Museum, No. 264r. See Newberrỵ, Scarabs, pl. SL, -, The alate is pussably the SVIIIth Dẹn.; see Sewberry, Timons' Culloctum, pl XII 3I).

## IDALION

524 sicar.uh of steatite Ilat back On base, a sphins and b-tore it a umen for "Lite" anl.h. Abote the neth of the sphins, some meanmeses hierogitphe.
Sis samal) of steatite, Glazed, gone whate. Side and back
chipped On hase, heroclyphs in two rows. In the upper row, a scroli-sign in cartoucbe, Hanled bya featber of 'Truth on erther ade In the lower row is a sun-beetle with a featber of Trutb on ether side of a sun-ship

## AJIA IRINI

250 .icarab) of statite, glazed On base, the cartouche of Nen-kheper-re Below it some meaningless siens
1oou. Aarab. On base. heroslyphic signs. Appears to be of the fiste Perosd.
roff Scarab. (On bave, a winged eniffin Ramesside Period or later.
 Cioth standine, hoddang papyru-sceptre; heroglsphe an the field

1147 Oal plaque of fatence. On base, meaningless signs. 2030. Scarab of stedtite, slazed, white On base, cartouche witb tbe name of Men-kheper-re, flanked by feathers of Xaat.
2057. Searab of farnce (on base, sphinx lying on neh--Ion. before it, a teather of 'louth.
2056 Scarab on bise, uhinx weating the erown of bower Esxpt, below, meananglesssigns Probably Sate Period. 2059. Scarab it king kneeling; bolding out a small figure
of Mad, goddess of Truth, to an Vraeus serpent Behind the king is a figure of selihmet standing. Possibly Ramesside.
2060. Scarab of fatence, slazed Irridescent.

2ofi. Sarab of fatence, chipped On bace, cartouche with the name of Men-kheper-re, abose it, lying sphanx and beride it, a hanes hneetuner.
2062. Scarab On base, an oval contanners a seroll--ten and surmounted by two ostrich teathers. on the left a male figure with sun-dise on head Probably X゙XVIth Den
2064. Sicarab of steatite. On base, cartouche with the name of Men-kheper-re, Hlanked by usate, absee a double feather. Probably Ramesorde Perwd
2065. Scarab On base, an wal contaning herocelyphs reading Kheper-re with above and below a nefer-sign flanked by urael Ramessacte or later.
2066. Sicrarab of steatite, glazed. On base, indecipherable signs.
2067. Scarab. On base, hreroglyphic siuns semmetrually arranged. Ramesside or later.
2107. Oval plaque. On base, a standing figure of sekhmet with another figure (:) in front of her. Salte Perw, d
2108 Oal plaque of faience, white. Indeciphcrable.
2109. Ural plaque. Un base, a figure of the guddess Maat with uraeus in front of her. Sate Perud.
$21 \times 1$. Scarab of laps lazuli. Indecrerable.
2112. An ornamental seal with se re, "Son of Re", engraved on the base. Such scarabs are common in Egypt from the Ramesside Pericd onwards (cf. Newberry, Scarabs, pl. XLI, y).
2113 Siarab. On base, blundered inseription giving the name of Amen-re. Possibly Ramesside
21 I . Scarab of steatite, glazed. On base, the name of Ien-kheper-re with the addituon setep n re (chosen by Re). Chipped.
2II5. Scarab, On base, ibex with heroulsphs in the field. Ramesside Perica onwards
21r6. Scarab of steatite (i), glazed. On b.ise, crucodrle, above it, a sun-disc and a pillar-sign (1wn). SXVIth Desn. Cf. Newberry, Tiwins Colluthun, pl 22.
2117. Amulet. figure of Bes. Farence.
2118. Scarab of steatite. White. On base, mensed sun-dise, sign for Truth and a Wat-tye
2r19. Oval seal. Base engraved with sacred eve Prubably Sate Period.
2122. Scarab. On base, a vertical column of heroglephe with ostrich feathers in the ficld. Probabl: Kamesside Pericd.
2124. Scarab, fincly cut. On batse, kneelmer fisure, uracus, and sacred eve. Probably Ramessade Perrod.
2125. Scarab of fatence, sellowsh. On base, an uatus, a seated king, and the sign for "Beauty" (nefer).
2127. Scarab. (On base, hieroglyphic signs of doutbtul meanmeg Prohably Siate Pernod.
2128. Onal phaque of facnce. On base, heroglyphic signs of which ean be deciphered the formula "Ihe betoved of Ra" (merj $n$ re).
 me. Probably Kamu-ade
 herowsyphe
 Ramessude P'ertud wnwards



2174 . Sarab On bale - eroll pattern hanhed by otah feathere, abose a waneed doe lot carthe than the Kamesside Pericad
2575. Siarab of faience Whate. On hame adata, ven for Theber, Back plan
$2 \pi-$ searab of steatite, ulazed. On base, neated hang wearmeg double crown, before ham a whe Will wit bath
2179 scarab. On bane, an oral contanne hecoslyphe reading Men-mat l!re with urder on either sude and a hheper flanked by breds with outupred wing Nor earler than the Ramessade Perwd.
 Probalbly Ramerside Patid.
2186. Sicarab of fatence. Gone white (brohen) (on base, hang kneding wearnes the crown at Lperi lisept. betore an altar; bhand ham, a fisure (sthomet') standing, holding a papsers seeptre. NIXth 1 Syn
2187. Suarab, tex mech destrosed to date.
 feathers Prubable maddle NVIIth IS! n.
 and the sisn for "Life".
2193. Scarab. (In base, horse and bush Ramenale Pericd or later.
2194. Small figure of Dtah-heleer. l'atence
2195. Scarab. On basc, a eacelle ( $=$ ) with burh and ortach feather Prohall! a early ds the Xlllth I) an
2207 bearab of fatence. Whate (on base ham hnechene. wearing crown of L'pper Esept and holding usen of "Truth", in fromt, an wates, behand ham, tandine figutes of tekhmet
2208. Sicarab. On bise hereslephic sims i common

2209 Siadab of fantace (on bate, catomethe with the name of Men-kheper-re.
221 . Searab on bise, flams with hermetsphe iern in the field Probably XXYIth 1 ?n
2212. Siarab of steatite, ghazed Whate ( $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{n}}$ base seatad figure of a fatom-hedded deats holdins weptoc, behind him a cartouthe. Probahl: Thutme, III
2213. Aarab Too much destrosed to date.

2214 Starah of fulence. White On bate, wome meannerico hernelyph
2215 ticarab, On base, heroglephes mametrially aranced. Ramenade Pemod.
 th fead Date uncertann.

glyphs, probably the signs tor "King of Cpper and Lower Egypt" (nsw-t bj-t).
2222. Scarab of steatite, glazed, gone white. On base, the signs for "Beauty" (neferw), "Truth" (maat), and "Son of Re" (se re). Probably XXVIth Dỵn. (cf. Petrie, Naukratis I. NXXVIl. 83).
2223. Scarab of onys'. On base, a winged sphens with sistrum before it.
2224 . Scarab. On base, hieroglyphs for "Bcautiful" and the sun-dise between two theper signs. Possihly as early as the Ramesside Period.
2225 . Scarab of faience. Finely cut back. On base, cartouche with the name of Xen-kheper-re, on either side an uraeus, below, a beetle flanked by two winged goddesses.
2226. Scarab. Too much destroyed to date.
2228. Scarab. On base the prenomen of Thutmes III, (if. Amathus. T. 7, No. 185.
2329. Scarab of steatte, glazed. On base, sphinx with erect wings and crowned by double feather. In front, the tree of life. XXV1th Din. or later.
2230 . Scarab. On base, the qoddess Sekhmet (i) standing before an altar. Saite Period.
2233. Scarab. On base, heroglyphic instription reading "Khensuweser", the name of a deity. Probably Ramesside Period.
2234. Scarab. On base, heroglyphic sıgns of doubtful meaning. Probably Ramesside.
2235. Scarab of fatence, glazed; gone white.
2236. Scarab of steatite, glazed. On base, falcon, sign for "Palace", and doubtful sign.
2238. Scarab of faience. White. On basc, apparently a seated figure of a king wearing the crown of Cpper Esypt, behind him doubtful signs.
2239. Scarab. On base, the prenomen of Thutmes III. Cf. Amathus T. 7, No. $1 \mathrm{~S}_{5}$.
2240. Scarab of faience, broken. On hase, figure of a hing; behind him, Sekhmet holding sceptre.
2242. Scarab. On base, an oval with scroll-sign within, and uraeus on right side. Probahly XXVIth Drn.
2252. Scarab. On base, an ichneumon with heroglyphic sugns; such searabs are common in Egypt and date from the Saite period (cf. Newberry, Scarabs, XLI. 26).
2255. Scarab. On base, inscription reading "Ptah erving life'. Possibly Ramesside I'eriod.
225th. Scarab of steatite, glazed, white. On basc, sphinx with a sun-disc over it and beneath it a Horus-falcon and the groddess of Truth (\%).
2258. Scarab On base, the god Harpocrates upon a boat. Sute Perrod or later
2260. Scarab of faience. ()n base, to the right, a feather of Truth; to the left, an uracus. Chipped.
226i. Oal plaque with hacroglephs on base. Probably Sute lernod.
2264. Scarab of faience. White. On base, standing figure of sekhmet holding seeptre. Before her is written "Late" (anl.h). XXVIth Den.'
2265. Scarab. On bacc, inscription probably reading lihet
nefer neb "all good thungs" (cf. Newberry, Scarab;, XL, 4). Such scarabs are common in Egypt and date from the NVIIIth to the XXXth Dyn.
2267 . Scarab. Base engraved with a device of duubtful meaning. Perhaps Ramesside date from the style of the back.
2270. Scarab of fatence, glazed; gone white.
2272. Oval plaque of farence; white, chipped. On base, apparently the cartouche of Men-kheper-re in centre.
2273. Scarab. On base, hieroglyphs symmetrically arranged. This is a typical scarab of the Hyksos Period or carly SVIIIth Dyn.
$22 \mathrm{~S}_{5}$. Scarah of faience. On base, an uraeus, the goddess of Truth, and the name of Men-kheper-re, without cartouche (?).
2291. Scarab. On base, horse, cobra, and bush. Ramesside Period or later.
2293. Scarab of faience; chipped. On base, two figures kneeling on etther side of an offering-table with two vases on it.
2298 . Scarab of faience. On base, a sun-disc and a feather of Truth are to be distinguished.
2301. Scarab. On base, lenceling figure of a king with blundered name of Amen-re behind hum. Saite Period.
2302. Scarab of fatence. On base, the signs for "Beauty" (neferw) and the uraeus.
2303. Scarab. On base, figure of the god Bes. Possibly Ramesside.
2305. Scarab. On base, hieroglyphic signs much defaced. Probably Saite Period.
2306. Scarab of faience. On base, the signs for "King of "pper and Lower Egypt" on a rippled line.
2308. Scarab. On base, at the top a sphinx; below, hieroglyphs; broken. Probably Ramesside.
2309. Scarab of faience, glazed; gone white (broken).

2311 . Scarab of faience, glazed. On base, cartouche with indecipherable hieroglyphic signs on left.
235r. Scarab of falence. On base, a misunderstood winged sun-disc over a sign for "gold". On either side, a sign for "Life" (ankh).
2352. Scarab. On base, probably Kha-ka-re, the prenomen of a Sehekhotep King of the Second Intermediate Period (cf. Newberry, Scarabs, X, 14).
2377. Sicarab of faience. On base, the blundered name of Amon can be distinguished.
2418. Scarab. On base, ibex roughly engraved. It might be Ramesside or later.
2419. Scarab. On base, winged griffin wearing the double crown of Esypt. Probably KXV1th Dyn.
2420 . Scarab of steatite, glazed. On base, crocodile and beneath it a wine jar.
2421. Scarab of steatite, glazed. On base reads "under the protectoon of Khonsu in Thebes". XNth to XXVIth Byn. Similar scarah XiXth Dỵn. in Newberry, Timins' Collecticor, pl. X111, 1.
2423. Otal plaque. A king adoning the goddess sekhmet. Saite Period.
2424. Scarab. On base, the ankh-hien surrounded by two urate (lumpy scarab).
2427. Scarab of falence (broken)
2483. Scarab of steatite. On bsat, the roddes of T'ruth (maat); in front of her, unacus
2484. Scarab. On base, heroctephic wen for "hins of "Pper and Lower Eeypt" such warab, are common from the Ramesside Perwd onwards (ef licwberrs, Scarabs, XLI, 25).
2485. Scarab of statite, whazed. On bane, luen weddu. Selhmet before a feather of Truth and san-disc
2486. Scarab. On base, prenomen of a sebohhotep King of the Second Intermediate Period (ef. Newberrs: Scarabs, X, 12).
2487. Scarab of faience. On base, a king wearing crown holding up two bound captures.
2488. Scarab of faience. Whitc. On base. sphinx wath a crown on its head. Over it, winged uraeus and in front of it a sign for "Fayour" (hes). SlXth Dyn.
2509. Scarab. On base, heroglyphic signs. Probably XVIIIth Ḑ̧n.
2520. Oral plaque. Ivory(:). Indecipherable
2522. Scarab. On vase, name of Cnis, a king of the Fifth Dynasty, but certainly not carher than the XXVIth Dyn. (cf. Newberry, Scarabs, IX, 6).
2524. Scarab of faience. On base, two signs for "Bcauty" (neferw) and two beetle sisns.
2527. Scarab. On base, a king standing before the goddess Sekhmet. Saite Perıod.
2530. Scarab of fatence (broken).
2531. An oval scal with figure of a bull. Saite Period.
2532. Oval plaque. On basc, a king kneehng and making an offering; behund him is a figure of the goddess Sekhmet standing. Abore is a winged disc tiute Period.
2536. Scarab of faience. On base, sun-ship, sailing on the water.
2538. Scarab. On basc, an ichneumon with herodyphic signs (cf. Ajia Irini, No. 2252).
2540. Scarab (broken). On base, heroglyphic signs. Appears to be of the Salte Period
2541. Scarab of faience; chipped. On bace. figure of a hong standing before Sekhmet who holds secptre.
2542. Oval plaque of faience. Indecipherable.
2543. Scarab. On base, blundered inseription namine Amon Ramesside or later.
2544. Scarab. On base a seated figure of Re; behind hmm a cobra and before hum a ncfer-sign. Sate Period.
2545. Scarab of steatite. On base, cartouche of Alen-kheperre flanked by feathers of Truth and uraei. Below, luck-bringing hicroglyphs.
2547. Scarab of steatite. On base, luck-brinemer siens, as "Honour" (imhh), "Lafe" (anhh), and the sun WeHt cut.
2550. Scarab. On base, a sphins with heroglyphic sugns in the field. Probably XXIlth Dyn.
2555. Seal. It may be as carly as Ramesside tomes hut the

Sinenetrival douma on it dice found as late as the Sitte Perumd
$255^{5}$ hearab On bence, a king haldeng a poperus woptre; behind him an uratus. Sate Perisd.
2559 Scarab. On bate, a hene knewhes and mating an offerme. Behnd him stands the wodlens Sehhmet Rat messide or later.
2560. Scarab of steatite. Whte; coarse cutting On bave. itcumbent sphina, helow some indeuplectoble sume.
 ing. Similar scarabs are known from the kamomble Penod onwards (af. Newberry, Sualds. Xi, 7)
2565. Searab of fatence, white. On buse can be ditinerushed two sims for "Beauty".
2566. Ohal plaque. On base can be read Opersecr of the city". XXVlth IMy.
2570. sicarab of steatite: slazed; white. On base, wingud sun-disc ower the cartouche of Men-kbeper-tc. Underneath, the sign for "as" ( mj ) and a flying bird (khen). Prenomen of Thutmes HI but posebbl! XLXth 1) in.
$25 \%$. Scarab of farence wath traces of blue glazing On base, a standing sphinx.
2586. Sicarab of fatence. On base, a wanged gritfin standmy
258.. Scarab. On basc, human figure with uraeus in front sucb scarabs are very common and range from the Ramesside Pernod onuards.
2591 Sicarab. On bace. hieroglyphie signs Appars to be of the Sartc Perrod.
2597. Scarab of steatite, ylazed. (In base, inseription in four rows: Beatatul, lord of the two lands, Men-khener-re, chosen by Re.
2598. Scarab of faience. glazed, gone white (broken).
2599. Scarab. On base, heroglyphic macrption wheng the name of Amen-re with nefer ankh Pounhly early XVIIth Dyn.
2600. Scarab. On base, becoglyphe himis. Appears to be of the saite Permd.
2for. Scarab of faience. On hase, a aphome wearing atefcrown. Over its back a falcon
2602. Scarab. On hase, a wingul figure of a moddet Probably Sate Periocl
2603. Sicarab of faience, white. On base, meanmelesa, false, Eyyptian signs.
2604 Suarab of faience. On bace, probably the name of Neb-matat-re (Amenophis 14I).
2605. Scarab of steatite, glazed. (In bate, the blundered name of Thutmes 111 on one she; on the wther s:de some indeupherable urns
2fog. Scarab of faience. On hase can be read the signs for "Truth" (mat) and the sun-dise.
2610. Surab. On base, a sphunx wearine double (rown of Frypt sate Perosd
2614. Sicarab. On base, hernelyphic signc. Posubly Ramesside Perod but mas be liter
2615. Scarah of faience; white. On base, sun-dise and below that, a crocodile.
2616. Scarab of faience; brown. On base, falcon, feathers of Maat and ankh-sign (reversed).
2617. Scarab of faience. On base, bearded sphinx with Atef-crown.
2618. Scarab. Too much destroyed to date.
2619. Scarab of faience; gone white (broken).
2620. Seal. It may be as early as Ramesside times but the symmetrical designs on them are found as late as the Saite Period.
2622. Scarab. On base, a figure of the goddess Maat with urael on either side of her. Saite Period.
2628. Scarab. On base a winged figure of the goddess Sekhmet. Ramesside Period or later.
2629. Scarab of farence; chipped. On base, a sphinx; in front, a libation vase. XIXth Dyn.
2631. Scarab of faience; gone white. On base, in centre a figure of a deity (:) standing and holding sceptre.
2633. Scarab. Too much destroyed to date.

2634 . Scarab of faience; gone white. On base, cartouche.
2635. Scarab. On base, cartouche of Men-ka-re, with two uraei on right. This may be of the XXVIth D.in., certainly not earlier.
2638. Scarab. On base, the prenomen of Thutmes III. Cf. Amathus, T. 7, No. ${ }_{1} S_{5}$.
2640. Scarab of farence; glazed; gone white; chipped.
2642. Scarab of faience. On base (chipped), some meaningless signs.
2647. Oval plaque. On base, a king (?) seated before Sekhmet; abore is a sphinx. Saite Period.
2645. Scarab. On base can probably be read khet nefer neb "all good things" (cf. Newberry, Scarabs, XL, 千). C'f. Ajia Irini No. 2265.
2646. Scarab of faience. On base, the cartouche of Men-kheper-re, on either side flanked by winged goddess, probably Neftys.
2648. Scarab of farence. On base, meaningless signs.
2659. Scarab of faience. On base, a winged sphinx wearing atef-crown, with figure of Maat seated in front of it and a (blundered) uraeus over hind quarters. Probably XIXth Dỵn. See No. 2693.
2669. Scarab. On base, hieroglyphic signs. Appears to be of the Saite Period.
2673. Scarab of faience. On base, to the left a seated deity:
2675. Scarab. On base, a winged griffin. Ramesside Period or later.
2676 scarab of faience. On base, uraeus, sun-disc, and a seated god.
2678. Oral seal, not Egyptian
2679. Scarab. On base, figure of the goddess Maat; before her were heroglyphs but they are too much decayed to decipher. Sate Period
2682. Scarab of fasence. Back broken off. On base, the name of Men-kheper-re, Alanked by an uraeus on either side
2685. Scarab. On base hieroglyphic signs. Appears to be of the Saite Period.
2693. Scarab of steatite, glazed. Finely cut back. On base, sphinx wearing atef-crown with urael, before it is a figure of Maat and over its hind quarters a winged uraeus. Probably XIXth Dyn. (cf. Newberry, Timuns' Collectun, Pl. XVI, 13. If).
2694. Scarab of blue glass

2695 . Scarab of faience. On base, the name of Amon-re.
2697. Scarab. On base, human figure with uraeus in front. Such scarabs are very common and range from the Ramesside Period onwards.
2698. Scarab. Indecipherable.
2699. Seal. A wenged firurc holding bcfore it a figure of the child Horus. On base, a winged griffin and lion (:). XXVIth Dyn.
2700. Scarab. On base, heroglyphic signs. Appears to be of the Sate Period.
2702. Circular seal with griffin cut on base. Saite Period.
2704. Seal. It may be as early as Ramesside Period but the symmetrical designs on it are found as late as the saite Period.
2710. Scarab of faience, glazed; gone white (broken). On base, sign for "Lower Egypt" to the right.
2717. Scarab. On base, hieroglyphic signs. Probably Saite Period.
2718. Scarab of faience; white. On base, the cartouche of Wah-1b-re (Psamtek I). XXVIth Dỵn.
2724. Scarab of farence; glazed A man wearing crown standing and attacking rampart lion.
2729 Scarab of farencc; glazed, gone white.
2732. A circular seal with two lines down centre. On base, a beetle Hanked by two sun-discs. Probably saite Perind.
2733. Scarab. On base, a horse. Possibly Sate Period.

2754 Scarab of farence, ylazed: gone white. On base, the blundered name of Amon-re.

Percy E. Neitberry

## $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { A } & \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{D} & \mathrm{I} & \mathrm{X} & \mathrm{I}\end{array}$

## EINLEITUNG

Nach den Ausführungen des Ausgräbers hängen die ersten Funde mit Funden in Kilikien (Die Antike, IX, S. 265) zusammen. Dazu könnte stimmen, dass die ersten Button Seals, die in Aegypten auftauchen, soweit wir heute feststellen, aus Kleinasien zu stammen scheinen. (Bissing). In Kleinasien haben sich Siegel dieser Form bis in nachhittitische Zeit erhalten. (S. die letzten Ausgrabungen in Boghazköi). Ein „Leitfossil" ist der ,"Palmzweig", der sich in Ägypten (Hyksoszeit), Syrien, gelegentlich auch in Boghazköi findet. Ein weiteres Merkmal ist das Durcheinanderwerfen der Figuren ohne planmässige Anordnung wie in Ägypten.

Eine weitere Veränderung erfolgte durch die griechische Kolonisation. Unter diesem Einfluss entwickelt sich Cypern zur kulturellen Selbstständigkeit. Damit scheint endlich das Problem der angeblich phönikischen Silberschalen gelöst, sie sind, wie Zahn schon lange gemeint hat, kyprisch-griechisch. Die Funde in Ninive deuten auf den Zusammenhang mit Nordsyrien. In der Eisenzeit sind zwei Provinzen zu unterscheiden.

Das kann auch für die Skarabäen stimmen. Von den Stücken sind einige dem Hyksoskreis zuzurechnen oder stammen aus dem Neuen Reich, während die Mehrzahl griechisch unter saitischem Einfluss sind. Es ist schwer, durch Einzeltypen so etwas zu belegen, zumal da eine Sammlung der Skarabäen nicht ägyptischer Fundorte noch immer aussteht.

Wenn der Ausgrabungsleiter in seinem Vorbericht sagt (op. cit. S. 276), dass assyrischer Einfluss in Ajia Irini nicht festzustellen ist, dagegen vieles an die syrische Kunst erinnert, dass sich aber direkt nordsyrische Plastik ebenfalls nicht nachweisen lasse, dass die Uebereinstimmungen beider Epochen tiefer liegen, so gibt das den längst - wie ich offen bekennen will - vergeblich gesuchten Schlüssel zur cyprischen Glyptik. Auch direkt ägyptischer Einfluss ist kaum festzustellen, ebensowenig sind phönikische Kunstwerke gefunden. ,,Die ägyptisierende Plastik ist, als Kunstsprache betrachtet, kyprisch, ihr ägyptisierender Stil weist jedoch auf phönikischen Einfluss hin, der ägyptisch-phönikische Stilzüge mit sich führte". Das gilt mutatis mutandis auch für die Glyptik. Verhältnismässig früh sind: A.I. 2517 (Cesnola-Stern, S. 80), dies aber nur aus stilistischen Gründen, ferner A. I. Nr. 2595 (ägypt. Anklänge, jedenfalls Spätzeit, nach der Art wie die Zeichen verteilt
sind); A. I. Nr. 2483 (Naehahmung eines Ramessidenskarabäus); A. I. Nr. 250 (Naehahmung XX-XXII Dy̧n. aber nicht ägyptiseh, so setzt man den hes-Krug nieht); kein Stück klingt an Naukratis an; A.I. Nr. 2254 sieht naukratitiseh aus, aber wieder ist von direkt naukratitisehem nicht die Rede; A. I. Nr. 2693 klingt an spätägyptisches an, wieder ohne es zu sein (die Häufung und Zusammendrängung der Zeiehen ist griechiseh, aber nicht ägyptiseh); A.I. Nr. 2.42I könnte ägypt. sein, doch stört das in viel kleinerer Form naehträglieh eingravierte sa (Sehutz), das in den grammatisehen Zusammenhang nieht hineinpasst.

Ein eigenartiges Stück ist der Skar. Nr. 2722 von Ajia Irini. Er stellt einen liegenden Löwen dar mit stark geneigtem Kopf und geradezu spieleriseh gekrünmtem Sehweif. Es ist nicht leieht, Parallelen zu finden. Die starke Beugung des Kopfes lässt auf ein rerwundetes Tier sehliessen. Ob die Striehe, die auf der Photografie erkennbar sind, Pfeile bedeuten sollen, ist ohne Augenschein des Originals nicht zu entseheiden. Ist die Annahme riehtig, so kann man dieses Stüek allerdings nicht früher ansetzen als die bekannten Darstellungen verwundeter Löwen in Ninive I (s. am besten Weber, Assyrische Plastik, Tafel 42-45). Denn die Darstellung verwundeter Löwen ist m . W. vor der Plastik des assyrischen Grossreiches nicht nachzuweisen. (Wreszinski, Löwenjagd im alten Ägypten, S. 20). Das Stück aus Ajia Irini (verwundete Löwen kommen auch ohne Pfeile in der griechischen Kunst vor, Furtwängler A. G. LXVI, 2; Lippold, Gemmen des Altertums und der Neuzeit, T. 86, 9) lässt den Sinn des Vorgangs schwerlich recht verstehen, wie der Schweif beweist; auf den assyrischen Darstellungen ist die Sache anders, so dass man eine direkte Entlehnung nicht annehmen kann.

## AMATHES

## GR.IB 7

Nr. 48. s. A. . Nr. 2109.
Nr. 166. s. A.I. Nr. 2587.
Nr. I84. s. A.I. Nr. 2113 .
Nr. I85. s. A.I. Nr. 2228
Nr. 258. s A.I. Nr 2103.

## Grab 9

Nr. 6.s.A.I. Ńr 2211.
Nr. 63 s. A I. Nr. 2252.
Nr. 64. s. A. I. Nr. 2252.
Nr. 65 zeigt tone Maus statt des Katers, auf der Ruckseite statt der Antilope enoen Vogel. Die bergefugten Huroglyphen zeigen, dass dic Stucke (auch die vorhergchenden Nr.) als Amulette vertitndet worden; den naheren Simn zu erraten, est hei dem einstweilen fehlenden literamelen Anhalt unmorilich.
Nr. 67. s. A.I. Nr. 2039.
Nr. 150 s. A. I Nr. 1000
Nr. 15 S . S. A I Nir. 2195

GRAB 22
Ni. 4. Rechteckiges Pláttchen 1 m Stıl der Äthiopenzent (S. 7 Jahrh. v. Chr.) Rohe Arbeit Vorderseate: Stehender Horus. Cinterserte Aus Amon-Re misoberstandene Gruppe.

Nir 15 gehort dem Sule nath noch ins fruhe Neue Reich, wenn nicht in de Hyksoszeit; seit dem Veuen Reach, vereinzelt schon fruher, werden We Hicrogleplen micht bloss durch Umriss whedergeben, sondern dic Zwischenfläche ausgehoben. Die Cnterseite zeigt einen vollig massatenen Konursnamen, whe er in der Hyksoszent, namentlich 1 m (iebiete von Palästina und Sy̧ren, mocht selten ist. Rechts und links oben am Konigsring 2 Zetchen:,,grun, frisch", am Rande 2 Urien, darunter 2 ag. Augen. Unten erne missratene gethugelte Sonnenscherbe Der Skarabäus steht nicht äryptisch. ther ssrisch aus.
Nr. $76.3 . A .1$ Vr. $222 \%$
\1. $7 \%$ - A. 1 Nr 2058
Vr. $7^{8}$ - 1. I. Nr. 2415.

## ID．ALION

Nir．I．Der Seclenvogel ist zweifellos dareestellt，we er in fruhgricchisch－archascher Zeat haufig 1st， fruheriechisch her nur in dem linne genommen． cstliche Mittelmeerl．ultur vor 600 v ．Chr Fine darekte Parallele habe ach nicht auftrebben kunnen． Der Untersatz，auf dem der Vogel steht，findet sich auf skarabaen aus Ays Iran wheder．（Siche A．I．Nr．1014）Diese Art，tine Fläche durch ein gebrochenes Band auszufullen，wa ceht kyprisch Dic Sitte，Skarabaen aus Amethyst herzustellen，findet sich in Agypten seit dem Mittleren Reich：（sie 1st fur dese Zeit dort sugar charakteristisch）ther an une so ferne Zeit ist bei dem kiprischen stuck slbitver－ standhch nocht $z u$ denken．Auch das Vicue Reich（bis etwa 1000 $v$（hr）seherdet aus． Anklanee finde ach in den Hogarthechen Funden aus Ephesus（Exc．T．SXI，4）Duch bezicht sich das nur auf den（jesamtendruck，der Skara－ baus hat weder siebelflugel noeh litasonper－ rucke，wie tes nach Poulsen fur das 7 ．Jahrhundert an der kleinasiatischen Kuste typisch sein soll． Also ich wurde sagen etwa um 700 V Chr．mat deni notigen Speltaum nach oben und nach unten．
Nir．74．Skarabäus mat dem Vornamen Amenophis III， doch ist das Re （die Sonne）oben fortgelassen． Skarabaen diests l゙onigs sind in der ganzen borderasiatisch－griechischen Welt verbreitet，kems der mir bekannten Exemplare scheint eine un－ agyptische Nachbildung，auch das vorlicgende micht，doch ist das oben fehlende Re auffallend
Vr 524．Sphinx，davor ean sehr schmales in die I änce gezogenes Lebenszichen，uber den Rueken der Sphinx sinnlose Herugls phen
Nr． 731 Dunkler Stein，Kopf von hellerer Farbe als Brust und Hinterleib．Enterseite：Vorname Konig Sethos I．im Kontgoring，davor Zelchen der Naat（Feder），dahenter zemlich grosse Dar－ stellung des agyptischen Lzat－Auges，unter thm die beiden Zeichen fur men．Alle Zetchen， die hinzugetuge sind，grben hanen Sinn Das Stuck ist die unigeptische Xireh．mmuner enes missverstandenen Vorbildes．


 lenks zuer İdern，Zenben der Webhrhest，unten ornamentale Darstelhung des somnenaholies．is
 der Mitte der sonnerkaftr，am心ehtn Withrheits－ federn buter itul der XIS D：narie shome echt wesptroche trlest
Nir． 1150 ．Sidrabaus der Satemふit mitt dim Nimmen do Frbatuers der zateten Paramide Chephran．Die Namen der P！ramdentatiatuer werden in dieser Zast，der letzten nationder Lnabhamenthat，mat Vorlabe auf tiarabaen Eevetzt：wewhalb，int nirgends uberliefert；die Dyendstie der l＇smame－ twhe almont besunders wrn das Alte Rewh math． velletaht als Radion ween die litastorber－ schaft，die nach dem（ilauben der Zeit danalls noch keine Macht eschalst laut．
Nr． $1+13$ Sharabaomel aus der I ladfte des ensten Jahr－ tausends duf der Untersate wrunglache Wie－ derholung des Nimens Anoon－ke，der seet dem Nicuen Rexh der hatigete Dame dut Shator－ baten ist
Nr．i434 Skarabaus won deuthch embemmeshos Arlost

 Peitsche，ob der hmere Mann itwis in der Hand halt，tot nebht \％u erkennen．Von derin 111


 von Alda lrini 1148 ．
Sr． 1474 ．Sharalbate mit Phananornamont，olon und unten je alrex Paps russtengel bon topuch atsptoxher Form．Bea dem lenken titened hat der dibeiter das Vorbide masserstanden und umbin Liau daraus Eximatht．
Nö．I 5 20．Skarabaus mat Darstellung cince 1 oomen in der Art des Neuen Reaches
Nr 1524 Sishr sehlechter sharabaus mit Darntellume（mine İregers in hurzem，choonisebem Rexls：wemen 1st ntcht zu erkennen，

## AJIA IRINI

Nr．250．Skarabius．Untersete＇Thutmoss III me Ko－ nıgsring，darunter Krokodil，dahinter ，eehr－ wurdiger Xlann＂mit Kopfsehmuck．Äthopen－ rett（ 87 Jdhrhundert）
Nr．1009 1009，2540，2591，2600，2669，2685，2700，Amathus， Grab 9，Nir．150．Samtheh Skarabaen satischer Zoit（ 76 Jahrh $\because$ ．Chr $)$ Charakteristisch duc emfache Ausfuhtums der Oberseite，nur 2669 macht eane fuenahme，2－00 crinnert an Skara－
baten mat dem Namen Psmmetach（Newberry， ＇re．XXXVl），Weatere Berapmele Qubbell 1．1905 --06 ，a．U．S． 331.
Nr 1014 Skarabaus，Conterieate Damon am Kinalatif sehema：auf dem loopf，der am Protil dareestellt 1st，sehemt un（iewerh zu slement if unten em Polmamerg．Gestalten 1 m hinchathehemat hom－ men auf wis Skarabaen warar sor，（ wh habe m A $Z$ ，Bd．60，193．$\therefore .65$ ，em solches ituck
veroffentlicht, sind aber da ausserst selten. Lin ahnliches Wesen aber stehend Contenau, Gisptrque Siso-Hittite, Pl. SXXIV, Nr. 237
Nr. 1064. Ziemlich grosser Skarabäus. Unterseite: Greif 1 n naukratitischen Stil.
Nr. 1af, Skarahaus. Unterseate: Hirsch. Im spat babylonischen Stil. I. Jahrt. V. Chr.
Nr. Ifi8. ifi8, 2554, 2621, 2701, samtlieh nichts zu erkennen. 262 x erinnert in der Technik auffallend an die fruhen Skarabaen. Zuischen A. R. und II. R.

Vr. IIzo. Rundes Plattehen, Unterseite: Antılope, auf derem Kucken ean Falke. Auf keinen Fall agyptisch. Datierung mir unmoglich.
Nr. 1145 . Orales Plattchen. In der Mitte anscheinend Falke, sonst nichts zu erkennen. Nicht zu datheren.
Nr. Ir47. Kleiner Skarabäus. Unterseite: sinnlose Zeichen, soweat $z u$ erkennen, erhaben ausgefuhrt, nicht engeschnitten, we solche namentlich bel den äthiopischen Ausgrabungen (8. Jahrh. v. Chr.) velfach aufgetreten sind, (fruher hatte man sie fur kretisch gehalten).
Nr. If 4 . Rennwagen mit 3 Insassen. Der Stil erınnert an die Durstellungen auf kyprischen Vasen Helbig, Homer. Epos 2. Aut. S. 136, Fig. 29. C'ber drese Art, die nicht agyptisch ist, s. das Schlusskapitel von Wreszınski, Lówenjagden im alten Ägypten.
Nr. 1550. Siegeleylindeı: Schematische Darstellung des Lebensbaumes (:) daneben ein Mann, den tinen Arm erhoben, den anderen gesenkt. Das Siegel hat mit den bekannten babylonischen nichts zu tun, es gehort in den Kreis der nordsyrischen Gilyptik. In semem ofter erwähnten Werke uber syrische Glyptak, T. XXXIX, XXXVI, gibt Contenau Stucke, die zwar keine dircken Parallelen bueten, aber doch nut unserem eine gewisse Ähnliehkeit haben. Ein C'berblick uber die Stucke Nr. $236-245$ zeigt, dass es sich heer nur um den , "Lebensbaum" handeln kann, und dort, wenn man Nr. 243 (namentlich den zweiten ,Baum") ansleht, wird man durch die rechlich rohe Ausfuhrung auf dem Stegel von Alıa Irini nucht uberrascht. Die Zeit ist die spatchetitische (Sendschırly-Karchemisch). Etwa 1000 v. Chr.
Nr. 1729. Eine Ferdrehung des äg. Namens Amenophıs vermengt ahnliche Hicroglyphen, die der Steinschneider nicht lesen kann. Ende des 8. oder an den Anfang des 7. Jahth. v. Chr.
Nir. 2030. Skarabäus, Unterseite Ein Konigsname $1 m$ Konıgsring, gemeint ist Men-eheper-re (Thutmosis III) doch hat der Steinschneider das letzte Zerehen des Namens (den Käfer) nicht verstanden und dureh ein sinnloses Zeichen ersetzt Neben dem Konigsring 2 Maat-Federn. Das

Stuck ist nicht āgyptische Arbert; dass Namen aryptischer Pharaonen als Amulette galten, und auch anderswo von Einheimischen hergestellt wurden, haben schon dit Funde Lavards in Ninise eccerest. Das ituck lehnt stoh an an eine 'Technsk, de m Geegensatz zu fruher von dem Cntergrund der Flache moglichst viel zum Vorschen kommen läbst, es durfte in dee Äthiopenzett gehoren ( 8 Jahrh. V. Chr.).
Nr. 2057. Skarabaus, Enterseite Sphonx auf dem NibZeichen, davor due Wahrheitfeder.
Nr. 2058. 2058, 2308, Amathus, (irab 23, Nr. 77. Hkarabaen oben mit Sphinx, darunter meist sinnlose Inschrift. An aner durch die Fundumstände gesicherten Datierung fehlt es bisher. Der 'Typus kommt schon in der XV'llI. Dynastie Vor, (Maketgrab von Kahun, Newherry, Scarabs, T. NXIX). Dre schlechte und sinnlose Ausfuhrung weisen die genannten skarabaen in die spatzert, $s$ das zum folgenden Stuck bemerkte. Unter der sophens erkennt nan in Amathus, Grab 23, Nr. 77 Amon-Re, doch weiss der Glyptiser nicht, was er aut sem Stuck setzte. Iine sichere Datierung der Skarahaen lässt sich, soweat mir bekannt, z. Z noch nicht geben, nach der Almnlachkest mat den vorher besprochenen Stucken wurde wh ste ohne weitures in dre Saitenzeit ( 76 . Jahrh $v$. Chr.) setzen. In allgenvinen 1 st $z u$ bemerken, dass fur die betr Graber nicht dee ag. Funde de Datterung ergehen konnen.
Nr, 2059. 2059, 2107, 2230, 2423, 2527, 2532, 2558, 2559, 2644, Amathus, Grab 9, Mr. 67. Gotterskarabaen der Spatzeit (erste Halfte des ersten Jahrtausends $v$. Chr. Sie sind typisch fur das späte Neue Reich, also vorsaitisch (Berspiele, Newberry, 'F'. XLI, Mhte; sehr viele in der Berliner sammlung). In der Nitte oder an der Seite der Kontg; 2059, 2532, 2559, 2558 der Konig in knteender Stellung. Unter den Gottinnen erschent hier regelmasstg (mit Ausnahme von 2230 und 2258) de lowenkopfige Gottin Sachmet (fruher Sechmet gelesen). 2230 dafur Scepter, 2258 Uraen.
Nr. 2060. Ovales Plattchen. Niehts zu erkennen.
Nr 2061. 2061, 2186, 2609, 2615, 2710. 2615 und 2609: Einzelne Zeıchen we Re, Maat (Wahrheitsfeder) lassen sich erkennen, fon den folgenden 2186 und 2710 im ersten ein hockender Konig und das Zerchen fur Nordland, weiter Nr 206r, sicht man oben eine Sphinx, darunter Men-cheper-re (Thutmosis IH) davor den hoekenden Konig. Das ubrige enstweilen nieht zu erkennen. (Die Skarahäen Nr. 2057, 2427, 2302, $2238,2192,2260,2604,2598,2668,2631,2207$, 2293, 2311, 2285, 2615, 2609, 2186, 2710, 2061 durften aeg. Herkunft sein).

Mr. 2062. Skarabaus von ganzlich unagypteseher Arbeit, $1 m$ Stil ahnlich spaten Stucken der Berliner Sammlung: Betender mit Sonnenscherbe (1) uuf dem Kopfe, vor sich eine fipirale (s Nir. 22+2) 1 m Ring, mit Sonne und 2 Wahrheitsfedern. Oberseite zeigt den Stil des Neuen Retches.
Nr. 2064. Skarabaus, Unterseite: Im Kongering von Cradenband umechen, Konig Thutmosis III, das Stuck ist etwa XIX Dynastie ( 1300 v. Chr.).
Nr. 2065. 2065 und 2179 wurde man nach dem Aussehen der Oberserte allin noch ms Neue Ruch setzen, die Unterseite zeigt de $W$ iviterentuicklung des oben besprochenen Typus Auch dese Stucke werden der Satenzelt angehoren. Sie haben den Namen Mencheperre his zur Ünkenntlichkeit entstellt.
Nrr. 2066. Kleiner Skarabäus, Cnterseite, soweit zu erkennen. Hockender Kong, Anbetender Konis, Gottin mit ausgebreiteten Flugeln. Wahrscheinlich Nachahmung eines sattrschen Skarabäus (7.6. Jahrh. ๒. Chr.).

Nr. 2067. Skarabaus nach einem Yorbild der Spatzeit (Obersette Stil der XVIII. Denastic) Oben 2 Crien, darunter 2 Atfen. Missserstandene Nachahmung eines Vorbildes der Ramessidenzert.
Nr. 2107. s. Nr. 2059
Mr. 2108. 2108, 2214. 2108: Ovales Plattchen, auf der Unterseate mehrere Hicroglyphen, von denen nur elne Crausschlange zu erkennen. Spatzent, vorsaltisch (rooo--800 r. Chr.) 22 If Skarabäus, auf der Cnterscite sinnlose Heroglyphen. Genaue Daticrung unmoghch.
Nir. 2109 2109, 2124, 2301, 2544, 2622, 2679, Amathus, Grah 7, Mr. $4^{8}$ : Stucke im Ramessidenstil (vor 1000 r. (hr.), daran andert nichts. dass 2301 eane Oberseite im Stil des Dittleren Reaches hat. Dargestellt die Wahcheitegotton $\$ Iatat C̈her ihr die Sonnenscherhe, neben thr Craen hel $25+4$ noch ein Zeichen ,,schon", 2124 mit eigenartiger Oberseite, due aber in dueser Zeit nucht selten vorkommt; der Sonnengott, for sich Urảus und Auge (Amulett aegen den bosen Bhek). 2301, Amon, wor ihm ein anderer unerkennbarer Gutt, hinter thm Inschrift Amon-Re.
Nr. 2 T10 Skarabäus im Stıl des Neuen Relches gut ausgefuhrt, Untersette: Ungeschickt ausgefuhrtes Ornament, nach Aluster des de ..Spiralenkreuze". Nach den Langsseiten zwei leidlich auscefuhrte Darstellungen des alg Lotus. Nach den Schmalseiten zu wollte der Stemschnerder an jeder Seite 2 Streffen anbringen, du in 2 Spiralen (richtiger Kremen) endigen und den Zwischenraum durch das hinemgestellte satZerchen ausfullen Das int mom nur an der emen seite selungen, in der anderen hitte er fur dus sa-Zelehen kemen Platz mehr.

Nr. 2112 2112, 2127, 2484, 2564 Skarabnen satischer Zeit 176 . Jahrh. $v$. (hr) der letete entapricht ganz den haufigen Lnas-skarolhaien der Zo.t (s. Newberry IN, 6). $24^{8}+$ due nicht seltenc Titulatur des Koness von ober- und linteragypten (auch auf Sharabien hafig). 2112 Schow (Gott der Luft), Sohn des Re, 2127 Zeichen der Augenbraue in der spitzeit haufig, doch wohl Amulett gesen den boien Blick, duf demselhen Stuck Zerchen fur woser ...itark", und Zerehen des Kiruges (oben bereits "wederholt erwahnt).
Mr. 2113 2113.2543. Amathus, (irah) 7 , Nr is 4 (ik, irdbaen der Spatzelt, richtiger wohl unaryptische Nachahmungen. Eine Lesung ist unmorlith, der stemsehneider hat nucht gewust, Was er emgravierte (Das ist bel Skarabaen deeser Art allerdings auch in Ägypten de Regel). Man erkennt heer nur, dass in allen 3 thetuen der Name Amon-Re vorkimmt oder richtiger workommen sollte. Fin durch Funde gesichertes Stuck dieser Art kann wh nucht beibringen. Zu den fein stulsterten skaraladen der Spatzeit stimmen she micht, ste mussen dem stile nath alter sein. Da ste anderersets von dem wohlbekannten Ramessidenstil (wohl uberlegte Anordnung und tadello e Ausfuhrune der Figuren) abwerchen, so waten auch diese Stucke in die Zait zwischen spatem Neuen Reach und der Satenzeat, die war allgemen als de Athopenzent bequehnen. ( 8 7. Jarhl $\because$. Chr.) zu setgen Duch bereits erwahnten von Griffith in Salam malten Retch bon Meroe gefundenen stacke, due ematermaseen steher datiert sind, zelgen ahnlechen situl, wenn auch direlte fintsprechunden fehlen
Nr. 2114. Skarabaus, Untersente: Kungename. Men-cheperre, (Thutmomis 111) auserwahlt won Re (dem hennengott). Dese Zusat\% zum Tronnimen des Fonigs erschemen berelts bel lebzeiten des Kongs, so auf den beruhmen Obelisken in Karnak, doch wechsetn ace da haufig, in der XIX Dynastie (wie Rimees Il) worden we konstant. Unoer stuck achort thlatisch in de spatere Ramemadenzeit. Der grosste aller l'haraonen eracheint wahrend der ganzen dapptischen (ieschachte so hiufig auf Sliaraluden, so dass deren Zahl mehr betragt, dle due Zahl amtheher anderen homeswiatribaen zusammen.
Nor. 2155. 2115, 2131, 248, 2531. Durstchlungen ron Antilopen aus der Zent des alteren neuen Retehes melstens zwelhornig. 2115 nur an Horn (Auf gen ue zoobogische beetimmune diarf man her nucht sehen, dee Verfertiger haben schwerlech an eane qenatie Wiederyabe gedatht). Diese Jagelticere treten in Äerpten wuf ikarahaen nucht wor der Flysomzeit auf, nach der XVIII Denastic ferschwinden sue. 2131 zengt unter
den buebehtiebenen Iteroglyphen das ,Patm-
 und fur die Kunst der Berevolker Vorderasiens charakternetseh ist 2115 zelgt auf der Oberseite die ghate Darstelluns fohne senauere Ausfuhrung fon Brust und Flugeln, we es dee Ilskoonzit kemocechnet) wugeren die bereats alusqearbeiteten Berne zergen, dass es sich um ein stuck des Neuen Rewhes handeln wird. Dre Jardelastellunsen rerschwinden in der Ramessidenzeit (1300-1100 v. (ihr.) finden dber eqne Furtsetzung in $\operatorname{sir}$ en, unter klemalitischem lintuss, de syro-chentischen siegel zugen die Tiere hảufie (Contenau, Glyptique Syro-Hittite, T. AXSIIf fl).
Nr. 210 Kilemer Sharabaus, Unterseate: Sonnc, Krokolil, und Zeichen fur Palast (s. Nr. 2236). Agyptischer Lisprung unwahrscheinhch. Jedenfalls Sateraeit ( 76 Jahrh, V. Chr.).
Nr. 2118 . Wohl in Skarabaenform, lasst sich nicht deutlich erkennen. Statt der Beane Perlenstab, Unterstuse: Lanks ein auf dic Sente gestelltes Auge davor in richtiger Stellung Wahrheitsfeder und Sunne. Schwerlich agyptische Arbeit.
Nr 2119. 2154, 2182, 2305, 3 Stucke, ausschliesslich oder hauptsachlich mit Darstellung des Auges auf der Unterseate (Amulette gegen den bosen Bleck) $\operatorname{Nr} 2 I 8 z$ zeligt uher dem Auge 5 mal das ,,Schilfblatt" (Zeichen fur j) wit sich ahnliches, aber nicht gletches findet Petree, Amulets $1+10$, Lanzonte, Dizionatio mitolngico III, Tafel C(LL, 12. Her hat man wohl an un Messer zu dentien, wie es in der spaten Toten-(Amduat) I, it ratur \%ambich hafig ist, gewns von apotropascher Wirkung. Alle 3 Stucke sehen vorsattisch aus (ich kann nur sagen: erste Halfte des 1 Jahrtausends $r$. (hr).
Nr. 2122. 2122, 2215, sind Darstellungen, die sich aus den ()rnamenten des IIttleren Reaches entwackelt habon, 2215 ist nach der Ohersete auch noch im Mittleren Reich entstanden, aber das andere Stuck 2122 1st satisch s. Quibell, a. a. O. S. 33 . Das ist en Zeichen (was wir auch sonst hemerkent, dass in der spitzeit alte Ornamente wiecker aubleben Doch wusste der Arbeiter nicht mehr, was er auf das Stuck setzen sollte. + mal e-n Zeichen, das aus o .,gross" entstanden int, darunter $f$ mal das Zeichen, fur $n$. Das Stuck ist schwerlich agyptisch. Nach Vorbildern der Hêboszeit ist heer etwas zu Stande arkommen, dewen sinn nemand mehr serstand.
Ni. 2123 Sistrabaus. Viellercht das eigenartigste stuck dit wanzan Siammlunes. Vor anem opfertisch. (dide woll es gewiss sem) mat emem ITornerAutaitz, (daruber can Bucranium) sat\%t eine (istalt, doch wohl eine Presterin mit einer

Lade Auf der anderen Seite eine den Oberkorper zuruckbegende Tanzerin. Fine vollstandige Parallele hierzu ist mir unbekannt, von den mir bekannten stucken vergletche ich am ersten die Tanzeeme auf der silberschale aus Dali bu: Cesnola-Stern, Cypern, 'T. IX. Der dortegt Altar, um den die 'I'anzectemonic wor sich geht, eronnert in manchen an den Altar auf den Skarabaus. nur muss man sich das Ganze in den altorentalischen Zeichenstil ubersetzt denken. Weniger passt dazu die Kultscene auf dem berubmen kretischen Sarkophay von Hagia Triada Bossert, AltKreta, 2 Aufl. Abb. 71-77. Der Stil erinnert auch hier auffallig an die nord. syrische Kunst. Von Ägypten keine Spur. I. Halfte des i. Jahrtausends i. Chr.
Nr. 2124. s. Nr 2 roo.
Nr. 2125. Skarabaus, Lntersente: 3 Zeachen. ,.Schon" Hockender Gott $o$. a, Urausochange. Stamme wohl aus der Spatzalt ( $1000-800$ r. Chr.).
Nir. 2127. s. Nr. 2112.
Nr 2128 Runde Platte 1 m Stı äthiopiseher Zeit ( 87 . Jahrh. $\vee$. (hr.) mit sinnlosen Hieroglyphen.
シr. 2120. 2129, 2509. Skarabaen 1 ml Stil des Mittleren Reaches (hues twia 17 . Jahrla. v. Chr) mut zum Teil vollig missberstandenen Heroglyphen, namentlich das zuelte stuck (2120) sieht nach sroscher Herkunft aus. Stueke whe 2509 hat man lange genue fur den Namen eines der AntefKonige des IIttleren Reiches gehalten, es sind Anulette derselben $Z$ at (oder etwas spater).
Nr. 2130 . Trapeztorimiges Plättchen. Cnterseite. 4 sinnlose Hicrosusphen. Zuchen fur stadt (Verwechslung mit dem Sonnenzeichen), Zeichen fur mr ,"leben", missratenes Auge, zum Ornament gewordenes sistrum. Nicht zu datieren.
Nr. 2131 s. Nr. 2125.
Nr. 2133. Kleıner Sharabaus saitischer Zeit (76. Jahrh. s. Chr.) Enterseite: \& Zerchen: schon, Wahrheit, Sohn des Re.
Nr. 2174. 2174, 2191, 2267. Sharabaien etwa athopischer Zeit (87. Jahrh. 5 . (Chr.). Zu 2267 eme Parallele in der Berliner Sammlung. In 2IリI zeigt sich Whe schon wederholt unter cyprischen Skarabien die Spirale als Mittelpunkt her vie in $217+$ zwaschen 2 , Wahrheits"-Federn. Bea letzterem emige Ornamente daruber, so die rollig missverstandene gell Sunnenseherbe, anderes nicht crkennbar. (Fundberıcht fur Skarabäen athonpascher Zeit in den Oxforder Annals of Archaerlogy Vol. X, Nr. 3t, 'Tafel $+2-5+$ ).
Nr. 2175. Skarabius in auffallend altertumhehem Stil, Untersente: Eıne Crausschlange mıt der unteräg. Krone auf dem Kopf, ror thr das Zachen fur Theben Man frast rich, ob nelat eine Verwechslune mit dem ahnlich aussehenden Zeichen fur ,sthon" vormegt. Das stuck durfte unter den
zu Agta Irent qufundenen Shar，baden der alteste sem，seaner Technik halber．Wahrend weti dem Niuen Reach nteht nur die Cmrisse der Zevchen grathert werden，wondern cerer diswishen stehende Grund ，usgehoben wrd，und auf desem stuck nur due Limrisse engraikert．Der skirahaus kann spatestens fruhe XVIll．Dynistie sun，etwat 1550 y Chr．\ielleqcht fallt er noch in die Hyk－ shezelt．Also an stuck aus der Fulle von Skara－ batn，de an den anderen Ausgribungotaten zaemlich hautig．in Ajra Irımı aber nur ganz vereinzelt auftrcten．
Nrr．217ク，Sharabaus，Unteremtic Hockender konm mit Doppelhrone，Vor ahni Krus．Gute Arbeit fruh－ ramussidscher Zutt（1200 r．（hr．）．
Nr． 2179 s．Ňr 2065,
Nr． 2180 OYaler Stein：Mann mat leter，vor hm ．．Kerub＂，． Das Alotiv muchte wh fur ausgesprochen k！prisch anvehen，ech kenne of wentestens aus Vorderasien nicht，allerdines ist meme Kenntnes auf ausserageptuschem Gebrete un\％ureschend Weber in semem Buche uber worderasatisehe Stegel erwahnt derartiges uberhaupt nicht．
Nr．218＇s．Roh searbeiteter Sikarabaus（ietlugelter Greaf． den Kopf in die Hohe wendend，daruber Wipfel eines Baumes．
Nr．2182．s．Nr． 21 ify，
Nr． 2183 Sharabäus aus dunkem Stem，Unterseme Hund． Nr，2186．s．206r．
Nr．2187 2187，2208，2213，2224，2226，2261，2614， 2618. 2633，2717 Dic U－ntersetion sund dermassen zerstort，dass man hochstens noch emige Zeichen crkennen kann（Lraus，，，schon＂，，honne＂）Der Stil，for allem due Dreitalune，（on Zewehen senkrecht，zwel wagerecht）macht ihre Ansetz－ ung in saitische Zeit（ 76 J．hrh，$V$（Chr．）scher． Nur Nr， 2208 ist deuthch ，．．̈chon＂，Wahrheit， Uraus，Nach dem ganzen Aussehen gehort dueses Stuck nuch der Ramessudenzert an （spatestens um 1000 r ．Chr．）．
Ni 2189．2189，2220，2231，2708，samtlich nichts zu er－ kennen．
Nr，2192．Guter Skarabius des Neuen Retches（ctwa Ramessidenzett），Untersette；Mehrcre Hero－ ghyphen，erlicmubar Gestalt des Sonnengotes Re und Lebenszetchen．Dee Art，we dhe Figuren 1 m R．rum zusammengedrangt sind，spricht gerade nicht datur，diss or dyeptisch ist，
Nr．2193．2193．2291，2733，Amathus，（irab 7．Nr 258 Der Verfertiger hat schwerhch qewusst，was er machen wolle， 2291 sucher en Pierd，dwor Baun，daruber Lraus Amathus，Grab 7，Nr 258 ，Pferd（ $\%$ ）den Kopf zuruckwerfend，duhnter Bogernochutace daruber ．，Palmzuage＂und Pacib 27.33 ist zweifillon satisch，ermenernd in he Stuche aus 入aukratis（；0 Jahrh．v．Chr．）． Dic 3 mideren stucke sind sthlstisch fruher

Nan muste nothr Mitalad halon，um hat du
 festzustellen
$\therefore 219+2194,2351,252+2629,2642$ fut dan hadrathoun 14t but we nehth fur erkennen．Aut $252+$ 14t an Zeachen fur ．．schon＂．2nfz achemt an shatium
 zosthen，dhe Konasazethen und des \％uchen nuth ．．Gold＂，das rerelnamsig cintach als Pullstuch
 stehenden Frug， $210+$ ist eane Patahenfigur Patakios ist eone verkruppelte awergartige Fiom des Schoptererotten $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$ t．h won Themphis
Nr 2195. Amathus，（irab y，Nir 158 ，Amathus，（rab 23. Nr．-8, ，bensolche Jdgddarstellunien we Nr 2155．2131，2418，2531，Amathur，（iral）is，Nr． 65．Die Tiere nehmen werschedenta Fomen an， Amathus，（Grah 23 ．Nr．Fimt unem Horn， 2195 mut zwel，Amathus，Grab ソ，Nr 158 zu anem Hunde seworden Hinter den Tharen Zwage（s．oben）arn deuthehsten 2 Ios Amathus． Grab 23, Nr，-8 hat e one komsehe Form，du zwar in Ägepten auch vorkommt，aber fur Kłen－ asoen besunders chorrakteristisch ist．
－$r$ r．2207．Shar，baus，duf dessen L＇ntersete muhere Zuhen， zu erkennen eine hockende Ahat（W，ahrhemts－ gotun）．
Nr， 2208 S 人r 2187．
Šr． 2209 Skstrab，us satischer Zeit，zu erkennen fur on Kicnegrong mit Nimen＇Thutmosts $1 h 1$
Nr 2211，221I，2419，2550，2610，Amathu，（irab）9，$\ \mathrm{Ir}$ $6+$ Skarabaen，en rundes Phatthen mit aner Sphinx，wor oder uber stoh an Krup wior en－ dere Symbole（Rans，（Gottenatehon）Du func und zerhche Ausfuhrung ist tur dic Antenzeit $1 / \mathrm{n}$ ．
 Stuck；Petrec，Nakratı I，25，6\＆Dur kitur， dor dee sponde fur den Tonen bedelten wad， findet such belfach aul sharabatil do Nimen Reaches，eine Reline fon lisumplatern in der Berliner Sammlung． $\operatorname{lin}$（ow，be den＇Iut－anch－ Amun and cmase shambruge dmar form wefunden．
Nr．2212，Skarabaus，Lintersette Gott Horlus stand mit scepter，daruber getl somicmatheile，hanter dem Haupte Komestans，（in dem nur div Zerchen fur ．，Gott＂erkennbar）dibheter Whehrheitstuder． Das Stuck it hyprothe Arbort，is cramert in kypriche sulberschaten（Cemohs－Stern，TV 1.51 ） mit den zuadmmengadruckion Praportonem derp－ tischer（icstalten．
人r．2213．s．Nr 2187.
Nr 2214．s Nr． $210 \%$
Nr 2215 －Nr． 2122
Mr 221\％．2215 und 2234 ：mnlose Inechuftem nach Vor bildern des Nieuen Reache，（due Vorbilder deser stucke durfon Rameondanaat sem）But 223t
denkt man an die Neujahrsskarabaen (Newberry, Scarabs NXXX, 1 -3).
Nr. 2219. Kleiner Skarabaus, , naukratitischer" Arbeit. Unterseite: siowert zu erkennen, das Konigszetchen (nısut bjtg) Spatzert
Nir. 2220.s Nr. 2189.
Nr. 2222. Skarabaus saitischer Zeit. Untersente: 3 Zeichen [Feder, zu lesen Schow (Iuft) oder Maat (Wiahrheatsgottin!. Ob im Ganzen ein Sinn steckt, ist zwelfelhaft.
Nr. 2223. Skarabaus aus dunklem Stein, Unterseite: Sphinx, davor Lebenszerchen. Kyprisch-grrechische Arbeit.
Nir. 2224. s. Nr. 2187.
Nr. 2225. Skarabáus, L'nterserte: Oben Kongsname (unleserlich) im Rine zwischen 2 Urden. Darunter 2 geflugelte Gottınen, dazwischen ein Kafer. Späte Zeit, wahrschemilich sattisch. (76. Jahrh. r. Chr.).

Nr. 2226.s. Nir. 2187.
Nr. 2228. 2228, 2638, Amathus, Grab 7, Mr. 185, Amathus, Grab 23, Nr. 76. Be1 allen 4 Skarabaen findet steh der Name Men-cheper-re (Thutmosis III) im Ring, aber ohme den ublichen Titel, ..der Gute Gott', der bei zweifellos aus der Zeit der XVIII. Dỵnastie stammenden Stucken gewohnlich nicht fehlt, (die t'bersicht bei Ninberry, Searabs T. XXVIII) falls nucht ein besonderer Zusatz da tst. Auch diese Skarabäen werden aus saitischer Zeit stammen, (76. Jahrh. $\because$ Chr ), en ahnlaches Stuck bei Quibell a. a. O. S. 33. Nach Plutarch, de Iside et Osiride Cap. V, waren diese Skarabäen Amulette äg. Krieger, das wird tichtig sein, dann rersteht man am ehesten, dass gerade diese Stucke so leicht ins Ausland gegangen sind. Die Symbole, die sich auf den Skarabaen finden, sind: Amathus, Grab 7, Nr. 185: Falke (:) mit ausgebreteten Flugeln; Amathus, Grab 23, Mr. 76: Geflugelte Sonnenscherbe, 2638: Sonne mit Uräen, 2228: 2 Federn, 2 Uräen; alle lassen erkennen, dass die Stucke samt und sonders später sind, als des Konigs Lehenszeit, sein Name findet sich bis in die griechische Zeit auf Siegeln; das ag. Volk hat seinen grossten Pharao nicht vergessen.
Nir 2229. Skarabaus, L'ntersette: Sphinx vor Lebensbaum. (s. Cesnola-Stern, Cypern, T. 8o, Nr. 13), aus dem „Schatz von Curium". Das durfte in die sog. ,archaische Periode" gehoren.
Nr. 2230. s. Nr. 2059.
Nr. 2231. s. Nr. 2189
Nr. 2233. Eines der in der ägyptischen Spatzert haufigen Stucke mit dem Namen des thebanischen Gotes Chonsu, doch statt des gewohnlichen , Chonsu in 'Theben' (s. Newberry, scarabs KXXIX, f) hier cine sinnlese In chrift.

Nr. 2234. s. Nr. 2217.

Nr. 2236. Skarabäus, Linterseite. Oben der Falke, (Horus) darunter das Zeichen fur ,Palast". Was das neben dem Falken eansequetochte Zeichen (als ob es nachtriglich hinzugcfugt ware) sein soll, lasst such nucht erkennen. Ȧhnlache Stucke kommen in der agy ptischen Spatzelt (auch die Satenzelt gehort dazu), also etwa $1000-600$ $\because$. Chr, vor, ein Berhner Skarabaus (Nr. $3^{8}+3$ ) 1st dazu zu rechnen. Was sie bedeuten, ist bisher nicht heraus zubringen gewesen.
Nir. 2238 Skarabaus, die Untersete nicht zu erkennen. Lınks scheint das Zeichen fur s. t. ,,Sitz" zu stchen.

Nr. 2239 sikarabäus, Unterscite: Gotthert (musste die Nilgottheit sun, 1st aber schr schlecht ausgefuhrt) enn Kionesschild haltend mut dem Namen Thutmosis IIl, hinter ihr de Zeichen, schon" und ,.Leben". Ein sucher datertes Exemplar dieses nicht seltenen 'Typus kenne ich nicht, nach den stil (sowert aus der Zerchnung geschloosen werden lainn) gehort das Stuck cbenfatls in die Saitenzert.
Nr. 22+2. Eigenartiger Skarabius. Datieren kann teh nicht wetter als Neues Reich, gefunden in einem Stralum des 6. Jh. Ganz auffallend ist, dass statt des Kionigsnamens eine Sipirale in den Ring gesetzt tst. Ahnniches ist mir unhekannt, doch kenne ıch, dass die Spırale als Ersatz fur den Träus, das Symbol des Konigtums gesetzt wird. (Newberry, Scarabs XXIII, 35). Die Spırale ist seit dem fruhen Mittleren Reieh auf skarabäen ubernommen, und zwar, wie zuletzt Bohlau ausgefuhrt hat, vom Agaschen Meere her, weiter aus dem Donaugebiet. Die alte, u. a. auch von Montelus s. Z. vertretene Theorie, diss die spirale aus Ägypten stammen muss, ist damit hinfallig geworden und wurde heute gewiss von Montelius selbst nucht mehr aufrecht erhalten werden. Da de Skarahaen Amulette sind, (erst in zweiter Limic Siegel), mussen die Agypter cinen besonderen, uns versehlossenen Sinn in die Spirale hinengelegt oder von ihren Nachbarn empfangen haben. Hierzu passt durchaus, dass die Spirale in unserm Skarabaus sogar im Kongsring erscheint. Die modernen Phantasten, due hinter der spirale Gott weiss welchen tiefen Sinn suchen, mochte 1 ch aber grundsatzlich unberueksichtigt lassen.
Nr. 2243. Skarabaus, Unterselte: 3 Fabeldamonen, der mittelste anscheinend mat Stier, die berden andeten mit Lowen- [oder Pferde (i)] kopf, Parallelen mır unbekannt. Aan denkt natürlich an dee kretisch-mykenisehen Inselgemmen. Doch ist mir etwas Entsprechendes auch dort nicht bekannt. Datierung mir unmoglich.
Nr. 22+4 Skarabaus. Vierfussiges Taer, wohl ein Greif, Kopf auf der Abbildung nicht erkennbar.

Nr. 2250. Skarabaus, schlicht ausgearbettet, dee Bene so undeutlich, dass eine wenauere Bestimmung danach (dre wurde sich sonst gelen lassen) unmoghch 1st. Unterseite: Bartiger Mann, vom Unterleib breitet sich nach vorn em Flugel aus. Einen weiten Flugel sche ach nicht. Čber dem Kopf durch Strich mit ihm verbunden unbestimmbarer Geqenstand, ebenso achent fom Kopf etwas den Rucken herunterzuhangen. Ähnliches kenne wh nucht, agyptisch ist das Stuck auf keinen Fall.
Mr 2252. 2252, 2538, Amathus, Grah 9, Mr, 64, Skarahäen sattischer Zeit ( 76 Jahrh. Y Chr.) ahnlicho Stucke Leiden, Mon, of the Godsdienst roge. Das dargestellte Tier ist auf den ersten 3 Stucken schwer zu bestimmen, vorgesehwelt hat dem Verfertiger wohl ein Krokodil, das Tier des Gottes sobk, das sich in deser Zeit haufis findet, Berspicle in Quihells Auggrabuneen in Saqqara. Auf dem 4, Skarabaus (Amathus, Grab 9, Mr. 64) ist das Krokodel deuthich zu erkennen.

Nr. 2254, Skarabius, Lnterselte` GeHugelter (ireif.
Nor. 2255 2255, 2555, 2620, 2704, \& Skarabaen satischer Zeit ( 76 . Jahrh. :. (hr) . Die Datierung ergiht such mit allor Deuthechkeit aus der feinen zeerlichen Ausfuhrung (jedesmal dreitelle, mittlerer Tell durch 2 oder a Querstriche abgeteilt), In der Mitte gluckbringende Zerchen meist ohne Sinn und Verstand angeordnet, 2255 : von vorn und hinten Ramses zu lesen, $270+$ unleserhich, 2620. in der Shite Kafer, rechts und links sinnlose Striche, rechts Ptah, der Giott ron Aemphis.
Nr. 2256. Skarabaus, Unterseite: Oben Sphinx, darunter der Falke (Horus) und de Wahrheitsottin Natat. Dieser skarabaentep mit der Sphinx oben ist zwar bereats in der NYIII. Dynastie unter Thutmosis III zu belegen (Borspicle mat stcherer Daticrune: Néwherry, Scarahs T. XXI「III, 27 und 31, XXIN, 25 aus dem in de XVIII. Denastie zu daticrenden Makctgrab in Kahun), behauptet sich aher wahrend des ganzen Neuen Reiches (Berspiele aus der Äthopenzert: Newberry, T, NXXYil, zy, T. XXXVII, ir). Das gegenwartige stuck muss in de spatzeit (ca rooo--700 $\because$. Chr) gesetzt werden; de Zusammenstellung ist aussergewohnlich.
Nr. 2258 . Konge im Sonnenschiff sitzend (statt des Sonnengottes) for ham und hinter thm 2 Bluten. Nissrerstandene scene des Sonnengottes im Schiff (ausserordentlich haufig, y. B. Erman, Äg Rehymon. 3 Autl. S. is, Ahb. 6)
Nr. 2260. Klemer Akarabaus, Unterseite: mehts zu erkennen.
Nr. 226r. s. Nir. 2187.
Nr 2262. Owaler Stein, Untersecte 3 Sichenvogel (i)
Nr. 2263. Viereckiges Plattchen. Auf der Unterselte:

Rohe, \& T . zerstorte Darstellunt emes Vierfunlers (Rindes i). Nicht zu dateren.
Nor. 226, Skarabaus s.lltischer Zeit, nut Siphinx, Zerchen fur n und Lebenszeichen auf der Unterseite. 17 6. Jahrh. v (hr.).
Nr 2265 Marabadus, Unterseite: ..Alle guten Dinge". Fin Sugenswunsch, der auf den Skatahaen saltbecher Zeat sehr haufig vorlomme, ahnlache Stucke auch in Quibell, Ausgrabungen in Saqqara.
Nr 2267. s. Nr. 2174.
Nör. 2272 22;2, 2542 . Runde Plattchen, Untrseite nichts zu erkennen.
Nr. 2273 sikarabaus des Xittleten Reaches (etwa 1817. Jahrh. :. Chr.). Gluckhringende Hicrorlyphen, wie sie fur dic erste Blutezeat der Skarabaen kennzetchnend ist. Oben 2 nal ."Geben", in der Mitte .,grun". Darunter das Lechensectechen zwischen 2 ,,schon".
Nr. 2275 Skaral)aus, sehr schlecht auspefuhrt: Unterscite: Pferd, daruber lirts. Zum Kirese vel das oben mehrfach ausuefuhrte uber den naukratitischen Stil (700600 1. Chr.).
Nör. 2278 . Ornament aus of in einander efeflochtenen tichlangen. dem à Zerchen fur sa ,"tchutz". Das Zeichen erseleme berets auf den Sharabaien des Mittleren Reiches, tritt spater ruruck, ohne femals ganz zu verschwinden, es erschant noch auf den Abraxissemmen des 3. Jahrhunderts n . Chr und duf den greechisch-awptisehen Zauberpapsri. Auch diesen Situek ist nucht agyptisch, verrat nur die Verbreitune des ayeptischen Zauberaeichems
Nr. 22 io Rundes siceel, in der Ahtte emperogen, when und unten 2 sicqelbider. Links Lowe mit autuesperrtem Rachen, den Kopf zuruckwendend, rechts Sterkopf mit menschlachen Zuren, an den Hathorkopf cronnernd, won 2 fichlangen umseden Die relgrose Bedeutung des Symhols ist mir unbekannt, is sucht am chesten nordstrach aun Daticrung mer unmorlich.
Nr. 2284. Skarabaus, Cntersente: Lowe. Der hohe Rucken des K.afers passt nocht uerade rum aseptischen Lisprung Der Lowe erocheint auf aupptischen skarabaen 1 n der llyksoszert, bleabt dann im Formensehatz des Neuen Regchs. Dee Ausfuhrung der Zetchnung auf deesem stem sieht nocht errade nach darptecher llerkunft aus. (i Halfte der 1. Jahrt. $\because$. (hr.)
Nr. $22852285,2311,2 \%$. Z. unlesbare ikarabaen.
Nr 2291 s. Nr. 2193.
Nr. 2293. Skarahas. Unterserte 'Tege, die Gattin Amenoph1: 111.
Mr. 2296. Ovaler dunkler Sten, Unterceite: Stehender Thann
 fur j) 7 u erkennen. Nicht zu datieren.

Nor 2300 O, iler Sitcon, Unterselte Zu beiden Selten alnes Baumes ein Mann mut anem Kopfputz, der "we due .. Wease Krone" von Oberagypten aussucht und ant hockender Affe. An deesen interessanten stuck last such ene Vermischung weler quak fremuler Typea feststellen. Der Äsyptische Typ stellt 2 Affen um enc Palme dar, en hautiger Typ, ion dem jede grossere Sammluzg Fxemplare beatze. Der corderasatisehe Typ stellt 2 bald dimonisehe, hald menschlache Weeen un den "Lebenbaum" dar Zearlich lisst such das situck etwa in die Zeit von roos r . Chr ab datieren.
Nr. 2.301. S. Nr 210:)
Nr. 2302 Skarabius, auf der L'nterselte stehen, sowent die Photosraphee erkennen lasst, zwischen 2 Fullstucken dee Cráusschlange und das Zeichen fur nfr ..ichon": sehr hautiger Typus der Ramessidenzest (1300-1000 r. (hr) und spater.
Ar 2303 Skarabaus mut Darstellung des Gottes Bes, wohl Spätzett. L'ber ihn s. ausser der unzulanglichen Dissertation von Ballod uber die dg. Zwerggottern, die wertiolle thhandlung von Sprezelberg in den ägyptolog. Mittelungen Nunchen 1925 , Nr. III (uber die Pataken).
Nr. 2305 a. Nr. 2 If (9.
Nr. 230h. Skarabaus, Unterserte: Das Zeichen fur .. Koniz won (Ober- und Cnteragypten" auf ener, Wasserlinue" steht nucht ägyptisch aus.
Nr. 2308. s. Mr. 2058.
Nir 23ro. Skarabaus, Untersete Hirschkuh, sheh dem trinkenden Kalbehen zuwendend.
Nr 2311 s $\operatorname{Nr} 2285$.
Nr 235 I . s Mr 2104 .
Nr. 2352. Skarabaus saitischer Zeit mir dem alten Numen Cha-kil-re, dem Tronnmen sesestrıs HII, so viel wir wasen, des grossten Konigs des Mittleren Rewhs. Dieses Zuruckgreifen auf due grossen Konge der Vergangenheit ist fur die Satenzeit (76. Jahrh. V. Chr.) charakterisusch, besonders hiufig sind de grossen Namen der Pyranudenzeit, aher auch spatere erscheinen nicht stlem. Sicher datiert sind derartige Stucke durch dee Auscrahuncen Quinells in Siaçara
Nr. $237 /$ Skarabaus, Untersente Sowert zu crkennen: Name cines Ramesuden (um 1200 v . Chr.).
Nor. 2420 . Klemer sikarabaus saltischer Zeit (76. Jahrh. \&. Chr.) Entersecte 1irokodh und (quer darunterleesend) Weinkrug. Die Skarabàen mit Winkrug (wohl Ersatz fur ene Totenspende) erechernen sete dem Niuen Reich dee Skarabaten nat Kirokodil etwas spater, diese sind Amulitte wegen Frankheiten o a
Nre 242 t Skarabaius won sehr guter Arbert, Unterseite. In Schrift Chinvu (the hanscher Gott) in Theben Daxwnehen spater engesetzt das Zotchen: sa, ., Amulctt", ..'ichutz". Ditse Stucke von oft sehr
feiner Aufuhrung and ime spaten Äespten ziemich haufig, grossere summlungen haben stets Berspule Auffallend 1st hier. dass der Charahter al, Amulctt, der fa whehon selbsteerständlach 1st, dureh ein nachtraghich eingefugtes Zeichen sa $=$...schutz" (won auffillend khenem Format) noch extra hervorgehuben ward
Nr 2423 s. Nr. 2059.
Nr $24^{2}+$ Slarabaus aus dunklem Sitem, Enterselte• Das anch (Lebenszeachen), daran haneend 2 Urausschlangen Das Lechenazechen, ans der haufigsten argptschen Symbole, crscheint auch haufig auf skarabuen, wenn auch nucht so zahlewch, we man erwarten muchte (Due eronse Berliner Samanlung hat keen halbes Dutzend, wo das 1,ebensZachen die llauptsache ist) Fur de Form. dass 2 Lraea daran gehanst sind, habe wh momentan kene Parallele zur Hand, doch fallt das Stuck aus dem aewohnten melht herau; Eine Datierung ist her allerdings nur so weit moxich, dass man sagen kann N゙eus Reach
Nr. 2427 Skarahaus, die Ünterswite zum grossen Tell weggebrochen, zu erkennen nur ein Kafer. Das Stuck schent dem stale nach nowh der XVIII, Denastie anzugehoren.
Nr. $2 \not \$_{3}$. Skarabaus, L゙nterselte Nachahmung tines Ramessidennamens, aryptriche Arbent ramessdischer Zelt (etwa um 1100 v. Chr.).
Nr. $248+\mathrm{S}$. $\operatorname{Nr} 2 \mathrm{If} 2$
Mr $248_{5}$. Skarahaus, Cnterselte Die lewenhopfige Gottin sachmet, bor he Wahrheitsfeder und sonne. Tin Sinn ist necht herauszulenen Zat Spates Neues Reich, genauere Datierung mangels zettlich bestmmenter Fundstucke unmoglieh.
Nr. 2486. Fin Stuck, d.s ganz und gar aus dem Rahmen heraus fallt, ein Skarabaus, der canz zweifellos aus dem linde des Wittleren Reichs stanme (is. Jahthundert $\because$. Chr) Die Behandlung der Obersette und der Linterseite lassen daran auch nucht den gerinesten Zweifel. Von einem Spiralenkranz umgeben, erscheint der Nume ennes der Sobekhotep-Kiunige, Chatnefur-re, der im spaten ت̈uspten besonders angesehen sem muss, dee judischen Apolugetun nennen ihn Chenefres, und Skarabaen der Spitzelt mit senem Namen haben stch aller Orten gefunden, Nach den ausserst kummerluhen Nachrichten, due wir haben, war er der mächtigste Herrscher der Xill Dynastic Weshalb er in der Spatzeit etnen solchen Ruf hat, ist unbekannt.
Nr. 2487 Skarabaus, Unterserte: Ägyptischer Konir mit der ()berageptrochen Kironc (an he Lrausschlange) a Gefangenc haltend Die Art, wie dee Gefangenen gehalten werden, lasst auf unagyptischen Ursprung dess Stuckes schliensen.
Nr 2488. Skarabaus, ,naukratıtischer" Arbert (76, Jahrh.
r．Chr．）．（＇nterseite，Aplans mit Kironc，daruber＇No． 2545 ge flugelter C＇raus．
Nir． 2509 s．Nr． $212 y$
Nr． 2515 Runder Stem，aul der Vintersette eon Wesen， dass an einen Skorpioz erinnert，noeht deutheh zu crkennein．Kern desptibcher stul．
Nr．2517．In der Mitte enn roh gezeichneter Baum，unter 1 hm rechts und links 2 mur unbestummbare There Unter dem Baum sit gewass das oorder－ asiatische sismbol des Lebensbaumes zu ver－ stchen．（Weber，d．a．O Texst，S，i18，eine dort lehhafte gewunschte Entersuchung uber doc Entwacklung dicses simbols sit m．Wh noch nucht erschienen）Das Schema emanert an ein aggyptisches，auf skarahaen und runden Flaschen nicht selten duftretendes Mhotur，das mom Noun Reich ziemilich unvermittelt erscheint In der Mitte oin Palmbaum，darunter 2 oder + Affen． Hier sind es aber keme Affen Datherung：Erste Halfte des I．Jahrtausend F ，Chr．
Ar．2520．Rundes Plattehen，nuehts zu erkennen．
Nr．2522．Gut gearbeiteter Skarabäus mit dem Namen des letzten Konigs der 5，Dinastic Linas（greech． Onnos），des Erbauers der ersten Pyramde mit Inschriften．Gerade deser Konay crscheint auf Sk saltieclecr Zeit ausserordentlich hufies，meistens sind die Stucke tadellos ausefuhrt．Warum gerade duser Kiung so belubt war．entzieht stch uncerer Fennents Dic Literatur der Spitzeit erwihnt den Konig nucht．Vielleicht hatte er bereits inn Neuen Reveh besonderes Ansehen， en Sikarabaius der sig．Petrie stammt aus deser Zeit．
Nr 2524．s．Nr 2104 ．
入ir．2527．s．Mr． 2059
Nr 2528．Skaraldau，du＊dunklem Siten，auf der Chater－ seite wahrscheinlich en Lowe．
Nr． 2531 s．Nr． 2115
Nr． 2532 ：Nr．20s！
Nr．2533．Sich umwendender Hirsch，syrasche Technik． Der Harsch wist an in allen Berglandern Vorder－ aitens bis zum Kakkasus hin haufiy dargestelltes Ther und erecheint in der nordos rischen Glypuk dusserordentlich oft．Was de Datierung anbe－ trifft，so halte wh gegen fruhere Cimutungen den Visuch Hogarths，derglewhen steme nog－ lichst weit ins 2．Jahrtausend hinaufzurucken， fur berechtigt，sicherheit int mi Wh noch nicht zu erteichen
Nr．2536．Klener Skarabaus sastischer Zeit（ 76 Jahrh． $\checkmark$（hr．）Das Somnonchuff des Somensottes auf dem Waser（Himmelsozean）．
入r． $253^{8}$ ：\r． 2252.
Mr．2540．N．Mr． 1004.
Mr．2542．s． $\mathrm{Nr}_{2272}$
Nr． 2543 ㅇ． $\operatorname{Mr} 2113$.
Nr．2544．s．Nr． 2109.

Skarabaus．U＇nterseite Oben in dor Mitte 1111 Koniguring Thutmess III．rechts und link 2 Wahrheitsfedern und 2 Lidusochlangen．War－ untur unter dem Sitrich une kuhe wo Zeichen ．，schutz＂，．．schon＂u．a＂lypiches stuck der Äthopenzest（s Johrh．）Chr）
Nr．2547．Sharabaus spatur oder sehon suthecher Zeit Entersute Allerhand Zachen，．．Wurde，Letben， sonne＂，u s w．zusammengentelt ithwerlach ag．Arbeit．
Nr 2550，s．Mr 2211.
Nor．$z_{553}$ Skarabaus，Unterseate Mann nellen aufrecht stehendem Tier．
Nr 2554 s Nr． 11 K．
Nr．2555．s．Nr． 2255
Nr 2557．Skarabaus au dunklem Stem，Unternate lau－ fendes Pferd（シ）
Nr 2558 s Nr． 2059.
Nr 2559．s．Nr． 2059.
－ir． 2560 ．Skarahaus，Lntersette：Oben Sphens，darunter 2 auf der Photographe melit erhennbare Zeachen （rechts ein Krug ：），Sowicl nach der Photo－ graphe zu schen，．，naukisititsche＂Arbeit（76． Jdhrh．：Chr）
Sr．2502．Skarabäus，Untersette Darstellung cines stieres， daruber unbertimmbare Zuchen．
Nr．2564．s．Nr． 2112
Nr 2566．Ovales Plattchen．Auf der Cnterscite zu er－ kennen 3 Zewchen，und sonnce，davor wohl m， alles engeritzt．Nicht zu dateren．
Nr 2570．Skarabius，Enterseate：Oben klenne honnen－ sclatibe mat Uraen（ohne Flugel）darunter Name Thutmosis $\operatorname{IIL} \mathrm{mm}$ Kongesinge，darunter 2 Zachen． mj（we）und der toerel matt anfivarts gerichteten beden Flugeln，das Zetchen fur hn；Clbersetz－ ung des Ganzen buher nowh nicht gegluckt． Der Typus ist in der Spatzert haufig（Beispocle
 buher manuels Fundangalten noch nicht moge－ hich，eewiss spatzeit（ $1000-00$－（hr）．
No 25\＄t Klemer skarabius satischer Zeit（76 Jahrh．

Nr． $258 \%$ ，Skelrabaus，Untersite，Lowenerenf，Nichtakep－ theche Arbert
Nr 2587． 2587,2697 ，Amathus，（irab 7，Mr．166．Mann mut ausgestrecktem Arm，（solite wohl hetende Haltung sein）davor Crailas（die 2 Striche in 260 a sollen wohl chenfalls amen Uraus worstellen）． Der Typus at nachuclisich in der Hyknoszeit entstanden．in Palästona finden sich derartige Stucke hatufis．Doch werst die Ausfuhrung in ene spatere Zeit，jedenfalls wrsatisch．Amathus． （Grab）－Nr rofe musste nach der Form des Ruckens，der Cimrahmune der Flugel，der Her－ worhebung der schultern durch dreacckige Zerch－
 werden Dagegen 1st mur namentlich boi 2697
die agyptisehe Herkunft fraglich. Die Bedeutung dieser Stucke (Mann und Schlange) ist noch immer unerklist, nur ihr Amulettcharakter ist sıcher.
Nir. 2590 Skarabaus, anscheinend von guter Arbert, Unterseite: Hockender Greff.
Nr 2591. s. Mr. 1009.
Nr. 2592. Runder Stein: Mann im Knielaufschema, einen geftugelten Damon bekämpfend.
Nr. 2593. Skarabaus, wohl naukrattisch, Untersete: Unbestimmbares Tier: Hase ? Antilope ? dahinter mehrere Striche.
Mr 2595. Skarabaus, aus dunklem, anscheinend hartem Stem. Darauf eme Darstellung, die sich an das ag. Zeichen Amente fur Westen anlehnt, dasselbe aber durchaus umbildet. Statt der einen oder 2 Stangen, die das Gauzeichen bei den Ägyptern tragt, sind her 3 Stangen, und statt der einen Feder, die ror dem Falken 1st, her 2. Liber dem Tier ein unerkennbares Zeichen (Halbmond): Der eigenartıge Stul, der den grossten Teil der Flache freilässt, ist in Ägypten erst denkbar etwa in der Äthiophenzeit, (8. Jahrhundert v. ('hr.) und fruher ist an eine Entstehung unseres Stuckes unter keinen Umständen zu denken.
Nr. 2597. Schlecht gearbeiteter Skarabäus der Athiopenzeit (etwa 8. Jahrhundert r. Chr.). Auf der Unterserte ein + -zeilige Inschrift: Konig Thutmossis II ron Amon (dessen Zeichen sehr schlecht geschrieben sind) auserwahlt.
Nr. 2598. Weder Form noch Zetchen zu erkennen.
Nr. 2599. Skarabäus des Neuen Reıches. Da der Verfertuger ein Zerchen ( mn oder t ) weggelassen hat, weiss man nicht, ob Amon oder Aton (die Sonnengottheit der Amarnazeit) beabsichtigt war, beides ist moglich. Das Yorbild 1st späte XYIII. Dynastie (Amarnazert).
Nr. 2600.s. Nr. roog.
$\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r}}$ 2602. Skarabäus, Unterseite, Gottheit mit U'räusschlange am Haupte und mit ausgebreiteten Flugeln, Stil: Neues Reach.
Nr. 2603. Skarabaus, sieht naukratitisch aus (aber nur die Oberseite). Unterseite: Typische Fälschung, wenn dic Fundumstände sicher sind, schon aus dem Altertum.
Ňr. 260. . Skarabaius. Obwohl undeutlich zu erkennen, doch sıcher Nib-Maat-Re, der Vorname Amenophis III (um 1400 r. Chr.). Von Thutmosis HII (Men-cheper-re) abgesehen, ist kein Konigsname auf Skarabäen so häufig wie dreser. Aber im Gegensatz zu semem grossen Vorganger scheinen alle gefundenen Skarabaien (auch in Griechenland hat man dergleychen) gleichzeitig zu sein. Es ist das nicht verwunderlich, da wir wissen, dass deser Pharao - Sultan mussten wir eigentlich sagen - seine Skarabaen we
kein anderer Konig im grossten Massenvertrieb hat herstellen lassen. Der Skarabaius kann fur die Datierung der Stelle, wo er gefunden, wichttg sein.
Nr. 2605. Skarabaus, Unterseite: Nachgeahmte Inschrift Thutmosis III, von einem, der nicht agyptisch konnte. Wurde mor das Stuck $1 m$ Handel angehoten, wurde ich es sofort als Falschung zuruckwersen. Sind die Fundumstände sicher, so ist das Stuck ein interessanter Beweis dafur, dass die Skarabien bereits im Altertum ebenso gefalscht wurden we heute.
Nr. 2609. s. Nr. 2061.
Nr. 2610. s. Nr. 2211.
Nr. 2613. 2613, 2756, Skarabjen, sowcit zu erkennen, naukratitische Arbert. Unterseite nichts zu erkennen.
Nr. 2614. s. Nr. 2187.
Nr. 26r5. s. Nr. 2061.
Nr. 2616. Skarabaus, Unterseite (schr schlechte Arbeit). Zu erkennen: Falke, vor 1 hm eine verkehrt gestellte Mat-Feder, uber ihm Lebenszeichen in verkehrter Haltung. Lnagyptische Arbeit.
Nr. 2617. Skarabaus, Unterseite: Sphinx mut der Atefkrone (Krone mat 3 schilfbuscheln) dahinter unbestimmhare Zeichen. Das Stuck sieht nicht ägyptisch aus. Zeit: spät, aber vorsaitısch (87. Jahrhundert).
Nr. 26i8. s. Nr. 2187.
Nir. 2620. s. Nr. 2255.
Nr. 2621. s. Nr. 1118 .
Nr. 2622. s. Nr. 2109.
Nr. 2628. Skarabäus, Unterseite. Lowenkopfige Göttin Sechmet (heute Sachmet) gelesen, daruber 3 Kugeln, die letzteren zeigen, dass wir keine rem agyptische Arbeit vor uns haben. Am Rumpf Flügel, dahinter Lebenszerchen. Die Zeit kann ich nicht genauer bestımmen als erste Halfte des ersten vorchristlichen Jahrtausends.
Nr. 2629. s. Nr. 2194.
Nr. 2631. 263I, 2668, Skarabäen anscheinend ohne Inschrift.
Nr. 2633. s. Nr. 2187.
Nr. 2635. Skarabaus, Unterselte: Men-ka-re, (Mykerinos), Erbauer der dritten Pyramide, darunter allerhand schwer definierbare Zeichen. Aus derselben Zeit wie die vor. Nr. Der Kónig erscheint selt der Äthıopenzeit (87. Jahrh.) auf Skarabäen ziemlich häufig, in der Spatzeit hatte man, wie die Erzählungen Herodots zeigen, gerade seine Zeit vollig vergessen.
Nr. 2637. Skarabäus, Unterseite: Aufrecht stehender Mann, in der Rechten Stab, reehts und links 2 Federn (Hiernglyphe fur Wahrheit). Die Darstellungen der Wahrheitsgottin und der Wahrheitsfeder sind auf äg. Skarabàen sehr haufig, (der von mir angefertngte Katalog der Berlıner Sammlung
zahlt eine ganze Reahe Numnern) aber die Zusammenstellung, we sic hier steht, ist nicht agyptisch. Sie erinntert von weitem an Skarabaen der Spátzeat (1000-600 r. Chr.).
Nr. 2638. s. Nr. 2228.
Nr. 2639. Runder Stem, die Unterseite stellt, soweat ich sehen kann, einen Kentauren dar, der in der einen Hand emen Palmzweig halt. Das Stuck ist, wenn meine Auslegune richtig, schr interessant. Figuren von Kentauren kummen auch in der vorderasiatischen Glyptik vor, em schones Stuck hei Weber, Altorientalische Siegelbilder Nr. 330, dazu Text. S. 92. Dass die Kentauren der griechischen Mythologie in Griechenland, speziell in Thessalien zu Hause sind, bezwerfelt wohl niemand. Aber de Form mag so wie bei anderen Sagengestalten, (Sphinx, Gorgo, Sirene) rom Orient entlehnt, oder wenigstens beeinflusst sem. Der Ǩentaur kommt auch bereits in der mykenischen Kunst vor, s. Milchhofer, Anfange S. 75 ff .
Nr. 2640. Skarabäus, Untersente: Oben dee Sonne, wie in alterer Zeit vielfach ublich, durch 2 konzentrische Kreise geschrıeben, darunter links Cräusschlange, rechts Zeachen fur mn und drea Wasserlimen. Das Ganze 1st sinnlos, das Stuck ist keine ägỵtische Arbert.
Nr. 2642. s. Nr. 2194.
Mr. 2644. s. Nr. 2059.
Nr. 2645. Skarabäus mit der gleıchen Inschrıft we Nr. $2265^{\circ}$
Nr. 2646. Skarabaus der Spatzeit, Unterseite: In der Mitte Konigsring; Thutmosis III umrahmt von 2 geflugelten Göttinen.
N゙r. 2648. skarabaus athiopıscher Zeit (87. Jahrhundert) mit sinnlosen Hieroglyphen.
Nr. 2657. Runder Stein: GeHugelter Danon mit Fischschwanz von uberraschender Feinheit der Ausfuhrung [Eine Art geflugeltes Seepferd (:)]. Ahnliches kenne ich nicht, we später das Scepferd auf griechischen Genmen aussieht, s. Furtwängler, A. G. IXIV, i4). Vgl. ferner die Genımen bei Weacker, Seelenvogel, S. 18 , Fig. 12, S. 99, Fig. 28.
Nr. 2659. Skarabaus, Unterse1te: Geflugelte Sphins, davor die Wahtheitsgottın, dahınter ein haufiges unerklartes Zeichen, das seit dem Mittleren Reich auf Skarabäen vorkommt. Die getuugelte Sphinx ist auf rein agyptischen Denkmalern selten ( s . Rueder im Sphinx-Artıkel bei Roschers Myth. Lexakon) kommt aber vor. Der Skarabaius ist XX. Dynastic (etwa 1000 r. Chr.).

Nr. 2667. Skarahaius, Unterseite: Hund, enen anderen bespringend (\%).
Nr. 2668. s. Nr 263 s.
Nr. 2669 s. Nr. Ioog.
Nr. 2675. Zemlich grosser Skarabaus, Linterseite: Sphinx in naukratitischen Stıl.

Nr. 2676. Skarabaus der Spatzeit, nach-ramessidısich Unterscite. Uraus und hockende (iottergestalt.
Nr. 2678. Orales Plattchen, Unterseate: Stchender Mann, rechts und links unhlare Zewhen. Erinnert in der Ausfuhrung an dae Patakendarstellungen satischer Zeit, wie sie in der Berliner Sammlung vurhanden sind.
Nr. 2679. s. Nr. 2109.
Nr. 2680. Skarabaus aus dunklem Stem, zu erkenners: Darstellung emer männlichen (iottheit etwa im Stalc des ehetitischen 'Teschuh, davor stand wohl auch noch etwas, das auf der Platte nutht zu sehen ist.
Nr. 2685 . s. Nr. 1009.
Nr. 2687. Ovales Plattchen, Unterseite: Geflugelter Greif, zwischen den Beinen ein Fireis. Der lirels ist ein häufiges Zeıchen, das den Fieren der naukratitischen Skarabaen (saltische Periode) 76. Jahrh. v. Chr. zugefugt wird, doch stımmt die ganze Haltung und Zetchnung des Tieres nicht recht zu deser Art. Auch haben die naukratitıschen Skarabäen den Kireis nucht zwischen den Bemen des Teres, sundern obe: rechts. Jedenfalls aber ward man dieses stuck etwa in die XXVI äg. Dỵnastie setzen mussen.
Nr. 2693. Skarabaus, Unterseste (Zevhen auffallend zusammengedrängt): Legender Lowe, daruber geflugelte Crausschlange, die Sonne zwischen den Flugeln haltend. Zeit: Spates Neues Rerch (etwa rooo v. Chr.).
Nr. 2694. Skarabaus, Unterserte: Nichts zu erkennen. Sind due vielen zarton stroche zufallige Firatzer:
Nr. 2695. Skarabäus, Cnterseite: Name des Amon Re in ausserordentlich schlechter Ausfuhrung. Das Stuck ist aber agyptosche Arbeit. Dese Skarabatn sind Massenartikel, die an schkechter Ausfuhrung das ausserste letsten.
Nr. 2696 . Siegel, unten Pferd mit aufrecht gestelltem Schwanz, erinnert an serische Arbent. s. Contenau, Gloptique Syro-Hittite, Pl. Xlllli, Nr. 322. Eine genauere Bestimmung der syrisionen Vorbilder ist zur Zeit noch unmoglich, solanue de Ausgrabungen von Boghaztion und Alischar nicht in extenso vorlegen. Fruhestens linde des 2 Jahrtausends.
Nr. 2697. s. Mr. 2587.
Nr. 2699 Ficines Amulet in Form einer ge fugelten Gottheit Horus beschutzend. Cntersette: GeHugelter und ungeflugelter loure. Erinnert schon an griechisthe Gemmen: s. die Ahbildungen bel lippold, Gemmen des Altertums und der Neuzert, T. 82 ff.
Nr. 2700. s. Nr. 1009.
Nr. 2701. s. Nr. 1118.
Nr. 2702. Rundes Plattehen, Enterselte: An Stelle dus bisherigen Jagdtiers em Greif, die Zerehen daneben unklar.

Mr. 2704. s. Mr. 2255.
Nr 2707 Sharabaus aus duaklem stem, Enterseite 2 aufrecht stehende Lowen, Daruber Halbmond und Sonne. łerptisch ist eliese wappenartige Zusammenstellung zweier emander gegenuberstehenden Lowen heinestalls, ob sie sich vorderastatisch belegen lisst, weiss ich nicht, die normale Darstellung zueler Lowen seht dort anders aus s. Weber, Altorientalısche Siegelbılder Nr. 558 und 56 r . Fur de Darstellung Halbnond-Sionne vgl. ebendort Nr. 487 , das nach semem Stal auch in den nordsyrisehen Kress quhort. Zeitlich mochte rh das stuck moglichst spat setzen. schon in die persisch-griechische Zeit, s. merne Bemerkungen zu 2722. Der Kopf des Lowen ist huer nicht so gekrummt we dort, aber de Schwanzbildune ist ahnlich.
Nr. 2708. s. Nr. 2189.
Nr. 2710. s. Nr. 2061.
Nr. 2717. s. \r 2187.
Nr 2718. Sharabaus , naukratatascher' Arbeit (76. Jahrhundert $v$. (hr.). Auf der Unterscite anscheinend der Konigsring emes Psammetich, genaues nicht zu crkennen.
Nr. 2719 Skarabaus aus dunklem Stenn, Unterseite: Sitzende Gostheit. Vor sich cine hohe Ähre, also Fruchtbarkeits-Gottheit. Der Stıl crinnert weniger an die agyptischen als an die griechischen Sharabaen, etwa die ber Gabricis Grabungen in C'uma zusammenmitkorinthischen Vasengefundenen Stene. Die Scene komnt auf äg. Skirabacn nicht vor. Parallelen sind mir unbekannt.
Nr. 2722. Skaabaus, Lntersete: Hockender Lowe, merkwurdig $f_{c}$ in ausgefuhrt. Der liopf des Lowen 1st stark gene1gt, der Schweif ist geradezu spielerisch gekrunmot. Die Neıgung des Kopfes lässt auf ein verwundetes Tier schliessen. ob die Striche, die duf der Photographie erkennbar sind, Pfeile hedeuten, sist nicht zu entscheiden (In der griechischen (;lyptik kommen ubrigens auch verwundete Lowen ohne Andeutung von Pfeilen vor, Furtwangler, A. $G$ LXVI, $2=$ Lippold, (iemmen des Altertums und der Neuzeit, $T, 86,9)$. Ist dese Annahme von cinem verwundeten Lowen richtig, so kann man dieses stuck nicht gut fruher ansetzen, als die bekannten Darstellungen firwundeter Lowen aus dem Palste Ascurbanepals. Denn ror dem Assyrischen Girossreach ist dergl meanes Wissens nicht nachzuweisen. (Abbildungen dm bequemsten bei Weber, Asstrische I'lastik, 'I'. +2 - +5 , s. ferner Wreszanski, Lowenjagd im Alten Ägypten, S. 20).

Jedenfalls hat der fiteinschnebder den simn des Ganzen nucht oder nur ungenugend verstanden, val de Darstellung des schwerfes bew hom und in Ninive (s. die Abb. ber Weber, a, a. O. Das Stuck vell. Zartisch. I, Lappold, Gemmen $S_{\neq 4}$
Mr. 2724. Skarabaus, Untersute: Mann gegen eanen anspringenden Iowen kimpfenc. Der Lose est nur trotz allen Bedenken am wahrschemlichsten. Dass es bei dieser Art Darstellung oft nocht Ieacht ist, die 'Irere zu unterscheiden. dafur marg die Abbildungsmehteahl in Wresemskis LowerJugden m Alten J̈espten (Xlorgenland Heft 231 zum Beweise dienen.
Vr. 2727. Skarabaus aus dunklem Stem, Unterseite. Darstellung emes Rephers, die Beine versehentlich unter den rechten Flugel geraten. Aber wohl agyptische Arbert
Nr. 2728. Runder Sitein Mann auf ennem Sessel sitzend, argend etwas nicht zu erliennendes vor hm. Am ersten noeh an syrache 'İpen ermnernd.
Nr. 2732. Rundes Plattchen, de Untersette in 2 Halblerense getellt, darauf ein Kafer zwaschen 2 Sonnenzeichen. Diese Stucke sind charakteristisch fur die Ithropenzest ( 87 Jahrh. V. Chr.) s. Griffith Berseht uber de athopsehen Grabungen von Sanam.
Nr. 2733, s. Nr. 2193.
Nr. 275I. Skarabaond von unklarer Form: Untersette: Mann (mit auffallend langen Beinen) zwischen 2 "Hylisoszweigen" Letzteres Ornament erschent zum ersten Nal auf Skarahaen der Hyksosze1t, jede grossere Sammlung hat eine Fulle von Berspelen. Wias es 1st, ist vorlaufig noch unklar. Vergleacht man das von Contenau a. a. O. zusammengestelle . Naterial, (T. XXXII) ff. so denkt man an den Lchensbaum der vorderasiatischen Kunst, doch ist das ennstweulen alles noch traglich. Dass es unter Cmständen ein heiliger Bauni 1st, geht aus 2 in siamaria und Sichem erfundenen Stucken herror. Der Stıl erınnert an die nordsyrischen Stucke, von denen Contenau a. a. O. reiches Material bringt.
Nr. 2753. Skarabaus, Untersoate scheusslache Nachahmung der Amon-Re-Skarahaen. Nicht zu datieren.
Nr. 2755. Skarabaus. U'nterseite: GeHugelter Grelf, darunter Kires. S. das oben zu Nr. 2687 uber den Stil bemerkte.
Nr. 2756. s. Nr 2613
Nr. 2760. Darstellung cines Pferdes. Bestimmen kinn ich das engentumliche Ciebilde uber dem Pferde nicht. Etwa um 700 v. Chr. mit den notigen Spiclraum nach oben und nach unten.

## ZUSAMMIENFASSCN゙G

Unter den Skarabacn von Ajia Irini sind einige, die zweifelles ägyptische Arbeit sind, in erster Linie ein Skarabäus Amenophis III. Nr. 26o4. Das würde den Ausführungen ron Gjerstad in seinem kurzen Ausgrabungsbericht (cp. cit. S. 266) durchaus nicht widersprechen. So weit ich beurteilen kann, wird dort mit vollem Rccht ausgeführt: , Die cyprischen Kunstgegenstände wurden von den ausländischen verdrängt, und so kommt cs, dass die ausländischen Tongefasse, Gołdschmuck und andere Kunstgegenstände bisweilen in der C"berzahl sind." Dass die Skarabäen Amenophis III und seiner Frau, die nachweislich in alle Welt versandt wurden, sich auch auf Cypern finden, darf nicht Wunder nehmen.

Indessen die überwältigende Mehrzahl der Funde stammt aus der Pericde, die die Ausgräher als die frühe Eisenzeit bezeichnen. Dass sich hier eine ganze Reihe echi ggyptischer Stücke gefunden haben, zeigt die Einzelbesprechung, besonderes braucht nicht aufgefuihrt zu werden. Aber dass sie nicht einfach aus Ẍgypten kamen, sondern mit anderen Stücken aus Vorderasien, dass sie also Impcrt, wenigstens zum Teil sein dürften, zeigt die Einzelbesprechung ebonfalls. S. Stite lff. Es stimmt alles auch zu den Ausfuhrungen des Leiters der Ausgrabungen, dass direkte Parallelen zu nordsyrischen Stieken sich kaum nachweisen lassen. Die Funde der nachsten Jahre mögen nach allem, was man bis jetzt erlebt hat, eine erhebliche Korrektur der eben aufgestellten These bringen; im Ganzen wird es richtig sein, dass die Kyprier aus den der Fremde entstammenden Vorbildern selbständige Werke schufen, Nr. irq8, Mr. 2639, Nr. 2728, Nr. 2133 und sonst.

Die Stücke gehen hinab bis in die persisch-griechische Zeit, so die Löwendarstellungen Nr. 2754, Nr. 2704 (S. übrigens dazu die Gemme bei Lippold, Gemmen des Altertums und der Neuzeit. T. $8_{+}$, Nr. 4 ). Nanche Stücke, wie bei der Einzelbeschreibung angegeben ist, dürften griechische Gemmen sein. So zeigt sich hier, wie ich meine, genau dem sonstigen Ausgrabungsbefund entsprechend, dass Cypern zwar eine ganze Reihe fremder Vorbilder empfing, aber im Ganzen selbständig gearbeitet hat.

## TYPOLOGY OF SCARABS

Besides the scarabs, there are many scaraboids with round or oval base and with plain upper side among the material found by the Swedish Cyprus Expedition. The scarabs are both of Egyptian and non-Egyptian origin, and can be classified into several formtypes. Thus the legs are more or less carefully worked, the wing-cases are marked in different ways, and the heads show distinct variations. The characteristics of the different types are mainly localized to the legs, wing-cases, and head. In order to facilitate the descriptions in the Object Registers the scarabs have been classified in accordance with the different shapes of legs, heads, and wing-cases. The shape of the legs is indicated by the letter $A$, that of the wing-cases by $B$, and the head by $C . *$ Within these main groups the variations are indicated by figures in accordance with the following diagram:
Legs marked by one horizontal line. Wing-cases not marked.

Most of the scarabs have carefully worked legs (Type A 4 ), the wing-cases are marked by means of breast-line, elytra-line, and contour (Type $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ ), and the head is separated from the clypeus only at the sides (Type $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ ). These scarabs are accordingly charactcrized as being of Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. Legs mcticulously worked in relief ( $A_{4}$ or $A_{5}$ ) occur without exception together with heads of ' ${ }_{y}$ pe $C_{4}$, i. e., with the head separated from the clypeus only at the sides; furthermore, this form of the head occurs only in connection with legs of Type $A_{4}$ or $A_{5}$. These types of heads and legs are combined with wing-cases of Types $B_{2}-B_{3}-B_{4}$. On scarabs with sketched legs $\left(B_{3}\right)$ the head very often is scparated from the clypeus, which in such cases is always provided with six projections $\left(\mathrm{C}_{3}\right)$; but sometimes Type $B_{3}$ occurs in conncction with $C_{2}$, i. e., where head and clypeus form a triangle. Both these types always have the wing-cases separated by one central line ( B 2 ). - On scarabs with legs indicated by two horizontal lines ( A 2 ), the wing-cases, as a rule, are marked by breast-line and elytra-linc only ( $\mathrm{B}_{2}$ ) and in such cases always in connection with Type C2 of the head, i. e., head and clypeus forming a triangle. There arc, however, a few specimens of scarabs with legs of Type $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ on which wing-cases are absent.

Within the material here concerned it is impossible, as a rule, to pick out certain formtypes which are combined with certain types of representation on the basc. This holds good especially in respect of the Egyptian scarabs. Nost of these are of Ramesside or Saite origin. Neither of these two groups is characterized by a certain typc of scarabs. In both these groups, scarabs with sketchcd legs and carefully worked legs, striated or not, are present; wing-cases are sometimes marked with triangles, contour, breast-linc and elytraline sometimes with contour, breast-line and elytra-line, and sometimes with breast-lincand elytra-line cnly; the elytra-line can be single, double, or triple. In form there does not exist any difference between Ramesside and Saite types. In the relatively late period from which most of these scarabs date many shapes occured, which mostly had developed during previous periods and which were still in use. As the scarabs concerned almost exclusively can be ascribed to Ramesside or later periods, and only few specimens date from earlier periods, the material does not supply any information as to the time when these types developed. Thus we do not get the many suggestions as to the dating of the scarabs from their form-types as one would cxpect with so much material, most of it collected from only onc locality.

In some cases, however, the types of representation evidently arc combined with the form-types. There is a relatively large group of Ramesside scarabs ( 15 specimens) with the same representation on the base: a king in an upright or kneeling posture, with goddesses or gods behind and in front of him (A. I. Nos. 2059, 2067, 2186, 2226, 2230, 2234, 2235, 2238, 2239, 230r, 2305, 2527, 2558, 2559, 2709). Of these specimens thirteen arc of the samc material, i. c., glazed, white paste and of cractly the samc size. They arc all of identical type, viz. Type $A_{4}-B_{3}-C_{4}$. Further, they are all provided with a sharply angular, double breast-line which - with the exception of one Saite scarab (A. I. 2211) - is found in this group exclusively. It seems probable that we here have a closed group of scarabs originating from the same workshop tradition, possibly of pure Ramesside origin.

Nos. $2059,2067,2186,2226,2230,2239,2558,2559$ were found in the same layer, dating from Period $4 ;$ Ncs. 2234, 2235, 2238, 2301, 2305, 2527, 2709 were found in a laver dating from Period 5.

There are furthermore some scarabs (A. I. Ncs. 213I and 2195) with a type of representation which, according to Dr. Pieper, does not occur after the XVIIIth Dyy. These scarabs have on their base representations of an antelope with a tree ornament above its back. They are of exactly the same size, shape, and material: Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$ and with a somewhat curved breast-line; the material is white steatite. The two scarabs mentioned are identical with the scarabs A. I. Nos. 2182 and 2221 as regards shape, material, and size. Their type of inscription has been determined as Saite: on No. 2221, sign for the king of Upper and Lower Egypt, and signs for Truth and Scarab; on No. 2182, a wzat-eye with a row of j-signs above the eve. The specimens might be Saite copies of scarabs from the XVIIIth Dy̌n., but on account of the great resemblance one is rather inclined to think that these, too, date from the XVIIIth Dỹ., and that their type of inscription developed already in that period. Nos. 2221 and 2195 were found in the same layer, dating from Period 4 ; and Nos. 2131 and 2192 in the superimposed layer dating from Period 5.

There is a scarab from the Middle Empire (A. I. No. $22 \% 3$ ) whose shape is characteristic of that period and on which wing-cases not are marked, but it has a minutely worked-out head.

With the exception of these ferr early scarabs and the Ramesside group with double, angular breast-line, there are no Egyptian scarabs which, as regards shape, are combined with any certain type of representation.

The non-Egyptian scarabs show quite another conformity. These form at least $30 \%$ of the whole material. The majority of them are scaraboids or scarabs of Type $A_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. Apart from these, there is a number belonging to various types. The maiority of the nonEgyptian scarabs (about 85 specimens) are made of dark steatite (black, grey, or dark-red). These materials are exclusicely found among the non-Egyptian scarabs of Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$ and scaraboids, and was not used for the Esptian scarabs.

As regards their origin and dating nothing can be determined; but it is possible to distinguish certain well-defined groups of types which, on account of conformity in respect of shape, material, and type of representation, seem to originate from the same work-shop or work-shop tradition. We thus obtain seven groups of types which can be characterized as follows.
I. (A. I. Ncs. 2183, 2193, 2275, 2284, 2291, 2557, 2562, 2647).

Scarabs of black steatite of Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base, representations of running animals carved in rather uncouth technique evidently with rough tools. The animals are in all cases turned in the same direction, the head facing right on the scarab. The legs are somewhat bent, indicating movement. The animals are provided with long tails, sometimes bent orer the back (A. I. Nos. 228 , $26+7$ ), sometimes hanging straight down (A. I. Nos. $2183,2193,2291,2562,2275,2557$ ). In the latter case there is always an ornament (a snake, a trec, or a sun-disc) above the back of the animal. The inscription on these scarabs is
always surrounded by an encircling line. With the exception of No. 2275 from Period 5 they are all found in a layer dating from Period 4 .
II. (A. I. Nos. 2276, 2299, 2706).

Scarabs of black steatite of Type $\mathrm{A}_{3}-\mathrm{B}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{3}$. On base, representations of a seorpion with three pairs of outstretched legs and two tentacles. Behind the seorpion are three small dots placed so as to form a triangle and surrounded by a circle. These scarabs were all found in the same layer dating from Period 5 .
III. (A. I. Nos. If 20 , IIf8, 2262, 2425, 2517, 2539, 2626, 2749).

Scaraboids of light-grey stone. On base, incisions made in a very minute and careful technique with small, fine, sharp lines and minute dots. 'The representations usually consist of bearded men whose bodies are marked with dots and their extremities with lines. The ornaments on these scaraboids are always surrounded by an encircling line. Nos. II 20 and 2262 were found in a layer dating from Period + ; the rest in a layer from Period 5 .
IV. (A. I. Nos. 2300, 2592, 2639, 2687, 2;28).

Scaraboids of greyish-black stone; very high body. On base, careless incisions made with such clumsy tools that the representations hardly are recognizable. The scaraboids were found in layers dating from Period 4 : No. 2687; from Period 5: Nos. 2300, 2592; from Period 6: No. 2728.
V. (A. I. Nos. $2184,2187,2190,2250,2426,2553,2563,2632,2727,2755$ ).

Scarabs of greyish-black stone of 'Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$. On base, representations of one or two human figures and one or two trees worked in a rough, careless technique. The most characteristic feature is that the human figures are drawn with small, transverse lines across the bodies. No. 2727 shows the same technique with incised, transverse lines but bears a representation of a bird instead of the human figure. The scarabs were found in a layer dating from Period 4 , with the exception of Nos. 2250 and 2255 , found in the superimposed Jayer dating from Period 5 .
VI. (A. I. Nos. $1117,2243,2310,24+5,2657,2707,2722$ ).

Scarabs of green stone of Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$. On base, incisions in a very minute technique with rounded, gentle lines. The representations are animals. Both technically and iconographically these scarabs show a resemblance to Mẹcenaean gems. The incisions are surrounded by an encircling line. With the exception of Nos. inif and 2310, found in a layer from Period 5 , these scarabs belong to Period $\downarrow$.
VII. (A. I. Nos. 1318, 2561, 2573).

Scaraboids of dark-red stone. On base, representations in a minute, carcful technique with fine lines and dots or holes made with a drill. The representations consist of birds in various attitudes, encircled by a line. They were all found in a laver of Period + .

It is thus possible to distinguish groups of scarabs which, on account of similarities as regards shape, material, and representation are closely related, and which most likely date from the same time and have the same origin. This holds good for the searabs and scaraboids of dark stone.

There are, however, a good many non-Egyptian scarabs made of faience or white steatite
which are not of uniform type. Their inscriptions are either entirely non-Egyptian or misinterpreted copies of Egyptian inscriptions. The shapes within this group vary. There exist copies of the styles of the Middle Empire and Hyksos period, as well as of Types previously recognized as Ramesside.

As regards Aija Irini, the scarabs are comparatively equally distributed between layers dating from Periods 4 and 5 . A comparatively small number was found in layers of Period 6. In both Periods 4 and 5, scarabs occur dating from so greatly various periods as the Niddle Empire, Ramesside, and Saite periods. By reason of these circumstances one ought to be chary in using scarabs as objects of dating for other finds. It must be remembered that scarabs can only be used for the chronology to afford a terminus post quem.

In summing up the results we find that legs, wing-cases, and head are the parts of the scarabs most suitable for a classification, being applicable to all scarabs. In some cases a certain form-type is combined with a certain type of representation. This was noted especially on scarabs from the Middle and New Empires and some Ramesside specimens. As a rule, however, the Egyptian and Egyptianized specimens show that the same form-type has been used for scarabs from different epochs. Sometimes various form-types have been used during the same period, with the same type of representation. The non-Egyptian scarabs, too, have been classified after their form-type. But, as there are fewer variations among these, they have been arranged in rarious groups of types according to their material and type of representation. These groups might have originated from the same work-shop or work-shop tradition. As regards the material investigated, scarabs of dark stone (red, grey, or black) are all of non-Egyptian origin and without exception of Type $A_{3}-B_{2}-C_{3}$, or scaraboids. - The fact that scarabs from the most different epochs have been found in the same layers shows that their main use as objects for dating, too, lies in the fact that they give a terminus post quem.

## TYPES OF BLACK GLAZED AND RED FIGURED W゙ARES

## BOWL

Type A. Without handles.

1. Small, shallow bowl with base-ring; rounded outline; incurved, plain rim.
2. Small, shallow bowl with base-ring; rounded outline; inturned, moulded rim.
3. Shallow bowl with thick, swollen base-ring; rounded outline; incurred rim. Thick ware.
4. Shallow bowl with thin, wide base-ring; concase, splaying sides; moulded, thick rim.
5. Disc-shaped bowl with wide base-ring; moulded rim.
6. Shallow bowl with high base-ring; rounded outline; flat rim.
7. Shallow bowl, usually with moulded rim; rounded outline; flat, moulded rim.
8. Shallow bowl with base-ring; rounded outline with encircling, moulded lines; slightly swollen, moulded rim.
9. Small, shallow bowl with high, straight base-ring; curved outline; slightly swollen rim. Thin ware.
10. Shallow bowl with high, straight base-ring, similar to Type A 9, but wider and with rather angular outline.
ir. Bowl-shaped stand with base-ring; concave sides; flattened rim.

Type B. With one handle.
I. Shallow bowl with low base-ring; rounded outline; flat rim; horizontal handle at rim.
2. Shallow bowl with plain or moulded, high base-ring; rounded outline; plain rim; horizontal handle at rim.
3. Shallow bowl with low base-ring; curved outline; out-turned rim; horizontal handle at rim.
4. Deep bowl with low base-ring; depressed body; concave neck; out-turned rim; rertical handle from rim to shoulder.

Type C. With two handles.
I. Bowl, rather deep with base-ring; somewhat depressed body; rounded outline; plain rim; horizontal handles at rim. Thin ware.
2. Shallow, wide bowl with splaying base-ring; rounded outline; plain rim; moulded ridge inside bottom; horizontal handles, curved upwards, below rim.
3. Shallow, wide howl with plain, straight base-ring; rounded outline; plain rim; horizontal handles, eurved upwards, below rim.
4. Shallow, wide bowl with plain or splaying hase-ring; rounded outline; moulded ridge below rim; slightly out-turned rim; horizontal handles, curved upwards, below rim.
5. Deep bowl with high, moulded base-ring; swollen lower body; concave sides; wide, out-turned, swollen rim; horizontal handles, curved upwards, from lower body.
6. Deep bowl with base-ring; rounded outline: plain rim; horizontal handles at rim.
7. Deep, pear-shaped bowl with base-ring; slightly splaying rim; horizontal handles at rim.
8. Bowl, rather deep with high, concave base-ring; somewhat depressed body; plain rim; horizontal, straight handles at rim.
9. Bowl, rather deep with moulded base-ring; rounded outline; plain rim; moulded ridge below rim inside; horizontal handles, curved upwards, below rim.
ı. Bowl, rather deep with rather high, moulded base-ring; rounded outline; moulded lines below rim; thick, out-turned rim; horizontal handles, curred upwards, below rim.

## KILIE

Type r. Wide kylix with rather high stem; splaying base; curved outline; splaying rim; horizontal handles, curved upwards, below rim.
Type 2. Wide, rather deep kylix with short, cylindrical stem; flat base; rounded outline; moulded ridge below rim; slightly out-turned rim; horizontal handles, curved upwards, below rim.
Type 3. Wide kylix with short, concave stem; wide, flat, moulded base; rounded outline; moulded ridge below rim; plain rim; horizontal handles, curved upwards, below rim.
Ty゙pe +. Wide, shallow kylix with short, concave stem; splayed base; rounded outline; plain rim; horizontal handles below rim missing on the single specimen representing this type.

## LEKYTHOS

Type A.
I. Lekythos with cylindrical body, tapering towards the raised, flat base; sharply defined, sloping shoulder; concave neck; slightly double-cursed funnel-mouth; rertical loophandle on shoulder.
2. Lekythos, similar to '「ỵ-pe AI, but with moulded base; more tapering body ; horizontal shoulder.
3. Lekythos with flat, raised base; rather funnel-shaped, tapering body ; sharply defined, horizontal shoulder; concave neck; rather low funnel-mouth of rounded outline; horizontal loop-handle on shoulder.

Type B.
r. Oval lekythos with base-ring; narrow, concave neck; funnel-mouth with softly curved outline; handle from neck to shoulder.
2. Depressed oral lekythos with base-ring; concave neck; concave, splayed funnel-mouth; handle from neck to shoulder.
3. Lekythos, as Type B 2, but funnel-mouth with rather double-curved outline.
4. Lekythos, as Type B 2, but with straight, splayed funnel-mouth.
5. Lekythos, as Type B 2, but with rather cylindrical body, and shorter, splayed, straight funnel-mouth.

GUTTL゙・
Type i. Flat guttus with flat, raised base; convex top; concave neck; splaying rim; basket-handle from neck across body.
Type 2. Guttus with base-ring; rather high, bowl-shaped body: filling-hole on top; concave neck; splaying rim; basket-handle from rim across body.
Type 3. Flat guttus with flat, raised base; convex top; filling-hole with strainer; concave neck; splayed rim; rertical, moulded loop-handle at right angles with outlet.
Type 子. Guttus, similar to Type 2, but without filling-hole, with swollen base-ring; sharply defined shoulder-line; twin basket-handle.
Type 5. Guttus, similar to Type 3. but with high, splayed base-ring; sharply defined shoulder.
Type 6. Ring-shaped guttus with flat, raised base; concave neek; splayed rim; haskethandle from rim across body.

$$
\text { E. } \text { G. }
$$

## INSCRIPTIONS (Figs. 298, 299)

## MIRION

I. Tomb I, No. I.
' $E \pi i{ }^{\prime} \quad \Lambda[9][\mu[1]$
d[í]rou s.suinat.

- J.peariou.

Stamped on the handles of the amphora. Cf. MI P Nilsson, Tim'tes amphorute, de Lindes, Copenhague, 1909, pp. 35\%, 365.
2. Tomb I4, No. 28.

Various seratchings of which the letter A can be distinguished.
3. Tomb 22, No. 33.
stamped on one handle of the amphora.
4. Tomb 26, No. 13.

The inscription reads from left to right, which is the rule in the Paphian inscriptions from the beginning and was used in late inscriptions from other places, too, due to intluence from (ireck writing (cf. f. H. S. XI, p. 77), wion as a name is known epıgraphically, too (Pape-Benseler, Warterhuth d. ghtech. Elgenmamen, p. r600). Wé: $(1$, nom. Li: $n$; with digamma preserved (cf. Hoffmann, Die grechischen Dialekte, I, p. 13I). The sign used for co is found in the Salamınan alphabet (see Collıtz-Bechtel, Sammlung griech. Dualekten ciriften, I, Alphabetic table).
5. 'Tomb 27, No. 5.
$p i \quad \omega_{t-}$.
The initial sylluble of a name.
6. Tomb 30, No. 3.

The letter " stamped on one handle of the amphora.
7. Tomb 40 B , No. 13.


8. Tomb 40 B, No. 15.

As No 7 .
9. Tomb 4i, No. 6.

The initial K .
10. 「 Tomb 4 I , No. 7 .

As No. 9.
Ir. Tomb 4.I, No. II.
Rise; old-atte crthography. Refers to the figure of Persephone
12. Tomb 4I, No. 20.
ro ' $/ r^{\prime}$ - or me. $1 / \mathrm{F}$.
The intial syllahle of a name Both readings are possible, depending on which part of the sign is considered to be the top. It seems most likely that it is a sugn form Cf. Nu. 1\%.
13. Tomb 43, No. 5.
$n i$ \}
The initial syllable of a name.
14. Tomb 43, No. 6.

As No. 13.
15. Tomb 43, Ňo. 10. ne- \عThe initial syllable of a name.
16. Tomb 43, No. 35.
ti ta ko Tirúnes.
The grafito is written as a monogram: it is, as usually, inscrihed on the hottom of the bowl, and is to be read from left to right by turning the how in that direction so that the slgn for $k o$, which is upside down in relation to the signs $t$ and $t a$, is seen in the proper directuon. The name fitirns is known from Herodotos. IX. 73.
17. Tomb 43, No. 38. me ${ }^{\text {He- }}$
The mittal syllable of a name. This reading seems most likely, but if turned upside down it may be a carelessly written sign for ro. Cf. No. 12.
18. Tomb 47, No. 43.
$l e^{-} l_{\varepsilon}^{-}$
The intial syllable of a name.
19. Tomb 52, No. 7.

The inscription reads from right to left. As seen from many of the other inscriptions the graffit on the vases very often do not supply complete names. Sometimes only the inttal letter or a syllable is represented. In this case the name is written more fully so that there can be no doubt about its identity.
20. Tomb 52, No. 8.

"Intended for the funeral of Stasagoras." The inscription reads from right to left. The name of stagagoras is one syllable shorter than on No. 7 of the same tomh. Terfi, dat without nota, which is often dropped in the later inscriptions at the end of a sentence (cf. Mester, Die griectisct, en Lialkkte, II, p. 239). The word illustrates the beginning influence of the Attic dalect in the 4 th century B. C.
21. Tomb 52, No. 12.
 Stasagoras, the name which occurs on the other two inscrihed sases from this tomh (Nin 19 and 20).
22. Tomb 57, No. 10.
ti Tt-
The intial syllable of a name.
23. Tomb 59, No. 13.
$s a \cdot k o$ У(unc, [ro??].
The inscription is probably to be read, as suggested, from rusht to left, and gies the two first sylables of a name,

24. 'Tomb 59, No. It.
ti. mo la or Tumicu).
The inseription reads from left to right. Digamma is drupped. The sige for $o$ is carclests writen, the lines of the lower angle of the sign being protracted into a cross.
25. Tomb 59, No. 19.
pa.! ! $a^{-}$
The intial syllalse of a name.
26. Tomb 60, No. i8.

The Greek letter 11.


Fig. 298. Inscriptions Nus. 1 -3.
${ }_{3} 8$



39
$+11$

$$
\left\{_{n j}^{w}\right. \text { no }
$$

$$
\text { 以必分 } E
$$

$1:$
$t$

Fig．299．Inscriptions Nos 3 ． 4

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { q }
\end{aligned}
$$

27. Tomb 60, No. 19.

As No. 26.
28. Tomb 60, No. 33.
.Greek letters.
29. Tomb 60, No. 34. As No 26.
30. Tomb 60, No. 37.

Greek letters. Apart from the stamped specimens, Greek letters occur only on vases from Tombs 13, 41, and 60, which are from the end of the $5^{\text {th }}$ or the th $^{\text {th }}$ century B C (cf. the chrnnolngy of these tombs).
3r. Tomb 73, No. 26.
The sign is probably an owner's mark or some other mark of a non-alphahetic kind. It may, however, he considered as a monogrammatic writung of the two syllables $l e$, read vertically. This would indicate that the jar contaned wine from the asland of Leros, but this interpretation seems to me rather far fetched.
32. Tomb 74, No. 3.

An incised cross and the syllables sa $u$ こr $r$-being the first two syllalles of a name. The signs are to be read from right to left.
33. Tomb 80, No. ${ }^{7} 7$.
ro. 'Po-
The first syllable of a name.
34. Tomb 8i B, No. 2.

The old-Phoencian numeral signs for 23. The sign for 20 is somewhat curssely writen hut restmhles closely the old-Phoenician type. As the numeral sign for 3 in the old-Phoencian script is usually written III it is possible that the last stroke does not helong to the numcral signs which in that case would he 22 , but the first alternative stems more likely.*
35. Tomb 84, No. 23.
$s a^{\circ} \Sigma_{\text {c }}$
The first sỵllable of a name.
36. Tomb 96, No. 6. $o^{-}$' 1 ) The first syllable of a name.
37. Tomb 98, No. 5.
 The inscription is to be read from left to right. Dis sor hetween the two words. Pyrrhns, the name of the father, was apparently an immigrant who wanted to demonstrate his lovaltey to his new country by grving the name of "Cyprus' friend" to his son. The name is represented as "hígratom, too, (Nluster, up. cit, p. 154; Plutarchos, Solon, 26; Herodotos, $\mathrm{V}, \mathrm{II}^{2}$ ), and fem. Tiowiter (Collitz-Bechtel, op, ut. p i8). The father's name occurs here without the article. In the Cypriote inscriptions it occurs both with and without article (cf. Nos. 38,40 : Hoffmann, op. cit. p. 295).
38. Tomb 53. Inscribed stele of limestone.

The inscription is to be read from right to left. Both the father and the son have names compounded with zraunas the first link. Such compounds are not uncommon. Kypragoras is known from another inscription on a gold ring (Collıtz-Bechtel, op, cit. p. 36); Kyprophilos (Aarıon, Tomb 98, No. 5); Kyprokratıs (Colltz-Bechtel, op. cit. p. 18); Kypromedon (F. H. S. XI, p 68). Compsunds with \%row- in the second link are common, too. Ki Toonik $\varepsilon ;=0 ;$, wuth digamma preserved.
39. Tomb 77. Inscribed stele of limestone. pi lo ke ne se .... ro se . lo se. Thio
The inscription is to be read from right to left in its latter part, the signs are nuch worn and can only be partly identified with any certanty. Wine; ex: is not known from Cyprus but other compounds with wine as the first link are represented (Nester, op. cit. p. 314: cf. above. No. 37). Outside Cyprus, the name Philogenes is common (Pape-Benseler, op. cit. p. 1624).

* This information is gren by Professor H. S. Nybery, to whoni I am greatly indebted for his assistance.

40. Tomb 86. Inscribed stele of limestone.

The inscription is to be read from right to left A few of the signs are worn and rather difficult to didentify. Espe-
 by literary endence (Pape-Benseler, op, out. p rist). That an Ioman-Attic form is used for a proper noun alleadyat this early period (later part of $C_{y}$ pro-Archaic $I$, is not surprising the names of the immugrants wire naturallywritten in the way they were spoken. Ihios nccurs in the Cypriote dalect besides Ifei, AMestar, op, ut p. itr, Hoffmann, op, ut. pp 136,195 ). As apposition, If.i. (Itis) occurs both with and without the artucle, 11ke the farther's
 of. (tt. p. 246).

## IDALION

41. Idalion, No. 268.

 Cypriote inscriptions from Abydos (Hoffmann, op cit. p. 90). The inscription is to be read from right to left.
42. Idalion, No. 733.

II $s i=\leq t-11$.
Two shekels.
43. Idalion, No. 1285. $p a \cdot \Pi \alpha-$
The first syllable of a name.
E. G.

## AMATMLS

<br>2 foumal of Helleme Stulats. LIII. London 1933. p. 25<br><br>  p. $29+$<br><br> p. 35 sq.

## styLI.

 Adolpho dedicata (- Actu instituth Remam ReッM Snectue. II. I and 1932, pp isg ff

## W.ARION

f Drodorus, Xill, 3,3
2 Hill, G. I'., Catalogue of the Geak coms of Cyprus in the But. Mas., London igot, p. LVIl f.
3 Oberhummer in Pauls-Wissona, Real-Emcyklupade d. Class. Altertamsaiss, II, p. iz-8 (Arsinue), XIV, p. isoz (Marion)

+ Hogurth, D. G , Deilu Cipru, London iSSg, pp. 105 ff .
Oberhummer in Pault-Wissowa, wp, at. XIV, p. 180z (Narion)
s Ohnefalsch-Richter, N1., Kypros, the Blbel und Homer, Berlin i8)3. pp. 500 ff . Pl. CLXVII
6 Ohnefalsch-Richter, up. cit., p. 508
7 Ilermann, P., Das Guberfeld ion Martom, 79th Winckelmannsfeste Programm, Berlin iss

 ccNVIII, CCXIX



## IDALION

I A Catalugue of the Ciphus Mustam, OXford is99, p. 3 .
2 Ohnefalsch-Richter. op cit, pp. 17 ff ; p. 353; pp. 408 ff ; plan of the temenos, Pl. V'iI; pictures of the same, Pls All. LXI. LJIl. As regards the reconstructive pictures of the temenos with the finds in situ, published on Pl. LXI, the curious principles of reconstruction adopted by Ohnefalsch-Rachtur (rip. at p foo) are to be obsersed The large statues are reconstructed from the types of the minor statues and statuettes, and some of the statues face the reader whle they were onented in another way: illustrations of the finds, Pls. X1II, XLI fi.
3 Lane. Transactums of the Rualal Soc. of Literat., London 18 - S . pp. 30 ff : Colonna-Ceccald, Monuments antuqus de Chypre. Parıs 1882, pp. 29 ff, Ohnefalsch-Riehter, op at. p if: Pl Vill

5 Hill, op at., Pl 「…..
6 Hill, op. at. Pl. 1V, 7 ff
7 Hill, op. ctt. Pl. VII, if ff
8 Hill, op. ati., Pl. XII, 6 fi
9 Anson. L... Numsmata zracta, II, London 1911-1916, p. 70, No. 753

II I Inll, ap. at, p. $6_{5}$, Pl. XII, 22, 23 .
12 Sioronos, up. AT, II, p. 6s, Pl. XVII, ;
13 Svoronos, op cit, II, p. 57, No 363, Pl. XI. 9
${ }_{14}$ Goodacre, H., The bronze comage of the Late Roman Empore, London 1922, p. +4, No. 57 .... . . . . .
15 This con is simar to those published by Ilill, op cit., p CVIII, Pl XII, 9 , io The letter $\operatorname{MI}$ on the ldalon specimen indicates its attritution to Menelaus (cf Hill, up, at , pp. CXIII f; Pl. XXIV, 23, 24)...... . ..
16 Ohnetalsch-Richter, oif. at , Pl. III
7 Ohnefalsch-Ruthter, loc. ut.
is Collite-Bechtel, Sammlums $d$ griech. Dualektmschntten, I, pp. 26 ff $\qquad$
Sjoquist, E, Dic Kultgeschuclte eines cyphischen Temenos in Archw fur Religionswissenschaft XXX, 1932, pp. 315 t. 0 Ohnefalsch-Rishter, op. ctt., P. 10
1 Ohncfalsch-Richter, on. att. Pp. it f
2 Corp. Inse Sem I, No. 95 , Ohnefalsch-Richter, op. cat., p. 229

## AIJA IRINI

I Storonos, ip. cit., II , p. 230
2 H 11 , op. Ct., p. 73, No. 1, P1. XIV, I; Cohen, H., Descriptu-n Ihstonque des minnates frappees shus lempure romain, I, Parıs 1880, p. 167, No. S29. . ....... ........
3 Westholm, A., Sculptures trom the temple-site at Soh-Holades in Corolla archaerlogica Principu Hereditamo Resni Suecuae


+ Westholm lier. cit.

Find



[^0]:    * I am greatly indeptcd to Dr. B. Thordeman, Stockholm for his courtesy having discussed the construction of the armour with $\mathrm{me}^{4}$.

[^1]:    1. Scarab of white steatite. On base, meaningless signs in rude work. Encircling line. See Appendix I. Length r.8. + 34 .
    2. Square bead of blue faience pierced through the longitudinal axis. Thin piece of gold leaf found close by. Length o.8. +34 .
    3. Fragment of golden myrtle leaf. +40 .
    4. Thick, small fibula of bronze with high narrow bow with three beads. Spiral and pin missing. Length 3.2. +43 .
    5. Bronze fibula, as No. 4, but thinner and with four beads. Spiral and pin missing. Length $3.2 .+43$.
    6. Scarab of blue paste. On base, incised lotus flowers. Encircling line. See Appendix I. Length $1.5 .+40$. 7. Fragment of blue fatence bead. Diam. o.7. +40.
[^2]:    on lower part of body, metopes with crosed lines and lattice-lozences alternating with vertical ladder-pattern; transberse lones on rim. One handle missing. Ifeqht $6.7 .-38$
    4. Rectangular seat of paste (see Appendrece 1 11). Length $2.2 \quad-\quad 35$
    5. White Panted I amphoriskos with foot:-lughty depressed body: wade, concase neck with out-turned rim; two vertical handles from ran to shoulder. Encorchng bands and wavy bamb on bods and neek. ()ne handle missing. Height $125 \cdot$. +0
    6. Shallow bronze bowl with flat rim. The buttom damaged. Damm if7. i-45

[^3]:    FINDS (GROLP: PL. XXXVIII, I; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

    ## 1) romos

    1 Coaine wal jur wath hat base; cylindrical, wide neck, handle from rim to sboulder. Height 270 . Flonr.
    2. Blach-on-Red II (IV) bowl witb round outline; that, rased base, horizontal handles Encircling bands around rim, bul!, base and molde; black handles. Dam 1o.6. Flour.
    3 Bichrome IV oual amphora with base-ring: cylindrical neck, flat rim; vertical twin-handles on shoulder. Enbrelins lines around neck. shoulder, and belly: black handles, detached concentric eircles on shoulder. Deworation rather worn. Height 22.7. Floor.
    4. Black-on-Red II (IV) bowl with round outlne, Hat, rased base, horizontal handle, in-turned rm Encarchner lines around rim, sporal circle mside bottona. Dam. 12.2. On No. 3 .
    5. Black-on-Red II (IV) otal amphornskos with flat, raised basc, short, mplayed neck: borizontal hanclies on belly. Enurcling lines around rim. shoulder, and body, black handles, frieze of concentric carcles on shoulder. Height if.o. Floor.
    6. Plain White FV onal jua with flat base. Rem, neck. and handle missing Ifeight $c$ 100. Floor.
    -ide-thamber

    1. Bichrome IV owal amphora with base-ring: horizontal handle, on belly. Ram and neck mossing Encireling lines around neck, shoulder, and belly; frieze of concentric circles hetween handles. Decoration much worn Herght 20.4 Floor.
    2 I'lan White IV glohular, depressed hydra with Easering, cylindrical neck; horizontal, erect handles on belly. Rim and vertical handle missmes. Hegbt 17.8 . Floor.
    3 Buhrome Red I (IV) shallow bowl with narrow baserins, narrow, that rime honzontal handle below rim. Eneircling line around rim; concentric circles inside britom: ladiler-pattern on rim; white supplementary colour ori rim and in centre. Dam. ir.g. Floor
    2. Pichrome Red I (IV) bowl, ds Nio. 3. Diam. 12.3. Floor.
    3. Coarse oval jug with flat base; cylindrical neck; ridge helowneck: handle from rimtoshoulder. I Feıght r2.2. Floor.
    4. Blatkon-ked III (V) breonical ampboriskos witb flat. raised base: cylinclrical neck; small, flat rim; bandles from rom to shoulder. Encirchone lines and bands around rim. neck, and belly; , ertical stokes along handle witb crom-lince between, detached concentric eircles on shoukler. Iferght 139 . Floor.
    5. Bichrome Red II (V) wal ampboriskos witb Hat, rased base, alindrical neck, Hit, wollen rims, dusun-turned, handles trom ram to shoulder. Enurchas Ines and
    band, around rim, neck, and belly: transerse black and white strokes on ram; concentric carcles around neck and sboulder. Height II.3. Floor.
    6. Plain White IV oval jug, shape as No. 5, but wathout ridge below neck Height iz 5. Floor.
    7. Black-on-Red III (V) oval, depressed amphorishos witb Hat, raised base; cylindrical neck; fiat, swollen rim, down-turned; handles from rom to shoulder. Encarching bands and lines around rim, neck, and belly; transterne strokes on handles: concentric carcles around nect and shoulder. Height II 2. Floor.
    io Bichrome $\mathrm{IV}-\mathrm{V}$ ovoid amphoriskos with hase-ring: tall, nartow, çlindrical neck; swollen inm, erect, horim zontal handles between shoulder and helly. Entircling lines around rim, neck, shoulder, and bellỵ; bands of ladder-pattern around neck; fricze of concentric circles around belly. Itemht i3.6. I'loor.

    ## Chamber

    I. Black-on-Red II (IV) oval amphoriskos with flat hase; cylindrical neck; small, Hat rum, handles from rim to shoulder Encirclins lines around rim, neck, and belly; roughly rippled line on neck; black handles; concentric coreles around shoulder. Height 12.8 . - 70 .
    2. Black-on-Red Il (IV) amphorishos, shope as No. I Eneircling lines around rim, neck, and belly; transwerse lines across hancle; detached concentric circles around neck and shoulder. Hermht 13.0 - 82
    3. Black-on-Red II (IV) shallow buwl with base-inge, rounded outline: flat, up-turned rmm; horizontal wary handle on rim. Concentric carcles inside buttom. Dram. 240 . - $88^{\circ}$.
    4. Black-on-Red II (IV) shallow, conacal plate with flat, raised bıse; flat rim, sloping inwards; horizontal wavy handle on rim. Concentric circles inside buttom. Diam. 20.7. — 72.
    5. Black-on-Red I1I (V) shoghtly biconceal amphoriskos whe flat, raised bane, splayed neck; flat rm; angular handles from rim to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands around rim, neck, and belly; black handles. Heieht $95 .-78$.
    6. Black-on-Red II (IV) amphoriskos, as No. i. Height 11.\%. — $\quad 8$.

    7 Black-on-Red II (IV) amphormhos, shape as No. 1 ; decoration as $\operatorname{Vio} 2$ Ifersht $11.7 .-\mathrm{S} 2$.
    S Black-on-Red II (IV) plate with tlat, raised base: flat rim, sloping inwards, horizontal wasy handle remaming on 1 mm . Entarcling lines and bands around rim, body, and base; black hamdle, encireling lines inomde Dam 11.0. $8_{5}$

[^4]:    1. Plan White VI owal, sack-shaped jur wath depressed oval body, small base-dise; concase nech; splayng rimi handle from rim to shoulder. Height 9.z. Floor.
[^5]:    FINDS (GROUP: PL. XLJII, I; TYPE: L. OF PL. II)

    Dromos
    I 'I'erracotta statuette, female, with cylindrical body; arms horizontally bent over breast with hands above the prominent pellet breasts; rather square head; prominent nose; pellet ears and mouth; hair falling in two side-plaits from ears to shoulders; band around head. Eyes, rris, eyebrows, ears, plaits, band around head, arms,
    and body painted black; mouth red. Base missing. The statuette has probably belonged to a dancing group. Height ix.4.
    2. Terracotta statuette, female, as No. I, but with red ears. Lower part of body missing. Probably part of the same dancing group as No. i. Height 9.o.

[^6]:    r. Plain White V゙II conical amphora with long, knobbed base; angular shoulder; high, cylindrical neck; small. swollen rim; angular, vertical handles from neck to shoulder. Height 82.5. Floor.
    2. Plain White VI or VII shallow, conical bowl with flat bottom; in-turned rim. Diam. 12.5. Above No. 1.
    3. Plain White VII bobbin-shaped amphora with knobbed tase; neck and handles, as … i. Height 61.5. Floor.
    4. Plain White VII sack-shaped jug with cylindrical body; flat base; short neck; out-turned rim. Height 10.8 . Floor.
    5. Plain White VII deep, conical bowl with flat bottom; rounded outline; flat base; flat, out-turned rim. Herght 15.8. Floor.
    6. Fragment of thin, straight iron knife with one cutting edge. Length ir.S. Floor.
    7. Plain White VII amphora, ds No. I, but with wider belly. Height 71.5. Floor.
    8. Wide, shallow bowl of bronze with rounded bottom: rounded outline; flattened rim. Diam. $3^{6.3}$ Floor.
    9. Red Figured guttus, Type 3. Roughly drawn palmettes round body. Diam. 9.3. Inside No. ıo.

[^7]:    I. Plan White VI -Yil oval amphora whth base-ring; sloping shoulder; tall, splaying neck, swollen rim; horizontal handles on shoulder. Height $4^{\$ 2} 2$. Floor.
    2. Plain White open, saucer-shaped lamp wath pinched wek-holder; flaring rim; flat bottom. Diam. $10 . S$ Floor
    3 Plain Whate VI shghtly bohbon-shaped amphora with pointed hase, short base-knob; slightly concave neck; swollen rim; handles from neck to shoulder. Heught 55 o. Floor.
    +. Plan White V1 sack-shaped jug with Hat base; short, concave neck; splaying rim; handles from rim to houlder. Hersht 3 3.8. Floor.
    5. Red Figured guttus, Type 1. On one side, a running does huntine a hare placed on the other side, behond the hare a fluwer. The dog's ribs and the hare's fur are marked Dram 10.6. Fleor.

[^8]:    3. Platu Whate VI sack-shaped jus "ath bacedhe, tapering upwards; splaying rim; handle from rum to shoulder. Height iq.0. Insude No. 4.
    4. Red she If (Th) shailow. wiule bowl wht flat, ansed base; cursed outlone: splange rim pueced by two -trinsholes Dam. is.o. Fluor
    5. Plain Whate VI oal jug with small, hat, rased base, short, concase neck: handle from rom to shoulder. Rum partly missing. Height 15.2 . Floor.
    6. Red shy If (VI) shallow bowl with flat, 1,15ed bane cursed outhe, splaying rim Dhom. 120. Fhomr
[^9]:    Dromos
    I. Plan White Vill osoid amplaora wath base-ring; tall, splaying neck; swollen rim; hormontal handles on shoulder. Iteight 5I.7. In the filling.
    2. Bichrome V"II oval jug with cursed base, ridge below neck; concave neck; "metal-hnobbed" tw in-handle from neck to shoulder; damaged figurine seated on shoulder, opposite the handle. Network pattern with duts covering the neck; garlands of dote on shoulder; wy spidy below shoulder; encircling lines round b.ody and base;

[^10]:    FINDS (GROLPS: PLS. LXIX, IXX, I, 2 ; TYPES: L. OF PL. II)

[^11]:     wwollen belly, cursed wast. flat houlder; no neck; rased rim, vertical kop-handles below shoulder. Herght $4^{8} 5$

[^12]:    2. White Panted $V$ oral jug with small base-disc; narrow, short, taperines neck; small, panched mouth; handle from ram to shoulder. Encircling lines and bands round
[^13]:    

[^14]:    * This stone is characterized by it stratified schintone structure, wheh makes w opht easoly into habo and blocks It is a very soft and cosbly destroyed buildine-stone

[^15]:    * The sub-periods $6 A$ and $B$ are not considered in respect to non-ceramic objects in this summary; for this, see diagrams.

[^16]:    *The full discision of the character of the cult cannot be given in this excalvatuon report Such an interpretation

